

ADVANCED PHOTONIX INC

Form 10-Q

November 09, 2005

Table of Contents

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended September 25, 2005
OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
Commission file number 1-11056
ADVANCED PHOTONIX, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

33-0325826
(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

1240 Avenida Acaso
Camarillo, California 93012
(Address of principal executive offices)
(805) 987-0146
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No
As of November 7, 2005, there were 18,707,924 shares of Class A Common Stock, \$.001 par value, and 31,691 shares of Class B Common Stock, \$.001 par value outstanding.

ADVANCED PHOTONIX, INC.
INDEX

	PAGE
<u>PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION</u>	
<u>Item 1. Financial Statements (Condensed)</u>	
<u>Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at September 25, 2005 and March 27, 2005.</u>	3 - 4
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three month and six month periods ended September 25, 2005 and September 26, 2004.</u>	5

6 - 7

<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three month periods and the six month periods ended September 25, 2005 and September 26, 2004.</u>	
<u>Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements</u>	8 - 24
<u>Item 2. Management Discussion and Analysis</u>	25 - 28
<u>Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u>	29
<u>Item 4. Controls and Procedures</u>	29-30
<u>PART II OTHER INFORMATION</u>	
<u>Item 6. Exhibits</u>	31
<u>Signatures</u>	32
<u>Certificate of Chief Executive Officer to Section 302</u>	
<u>Certificate of Chief Financial Officer to Section 302</u>	
<u>Certificate pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350</u>	
<u>Certificate pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350</u>	

Table of Contents**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

**ADVANCED PHOTONIX, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

	September 25, 2005	March 27, 2005
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,008,000	\$ 2,757,000
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$56,000 and \$24,000 for September 25, 2005 and March 27, 2005, respectively.	3,499,000	2,610,000
Note receivable from Picometrix		4,228,000
Inventory, net	4,422,000	3,644,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	727,000	563,000
Deferred tax asset, current portion	644,000	644,000
 Total current assets	 11,300,000	 14,446,000
 Equipment and leasehold improvements, at cost	 7,732,000	 5,118,000
Accumulated depreciation	(4,083,000)	(3,719,000)
 Equipment and leasehold improvements, net	 3,649,000	 1,399,000
 Goodwill, net of accumulated amortization of 353,000 for September 25, 2005 and March 27, 2005.	 2,421,000	 2,421,000
Intangibles, net of accumulated amortization of 742,000 and 181,000 for September 25, 2005 and March 27, 2005, respectively	13,907,000	481,000
Patents, net of accumulated amortization of 77,000 and 13,000 for September 25, 2005 and March 27, 2005, respectively	77,000	13,000
Deposits and other assets	658,000	490,000
Deferred income taxes	4,105,000	4,105,000
 Total other assets	 24,817,000	 8,909,000
 Total assets	 \$ 36,117,000	 \$ 23,355,000

Table of Contents

**ADVANCED PHOTONIX, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

	September 25, 2005	March 27, 2005
Liabilities and shareholders equity		
Current liabilities		
Line of credit	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000
Accounts payable:	1,164,000	1,053,000
Compensation and related withholdings	718,000	529,000
Customer deposits	31,000	
Deferred income	376,000	271,000
Other accrued expenses	670,000	321,000
Current portion of Long-term debt, related party	500,000	
Current portion of long-term debt	968,000	11,000
Total current liabilities	5,427,000	3,185,000
Long-term debt, less current portion	4,552,000	4,861,000
Long-term debt, less current portion related party	2,401,000	
Total liabilities	12,380,000	8,046,000
Commitments and Contingencies:		
Class A Redeemable Convertible Preferred Stock, \$.001 par value; 780,000 shares authorized; 2004 and 2005 40,000 shares issued and outstanding; liquidation preference \$25,000	32,000	32,000
Shareholders equity:		
Preferred stock , \$.001 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized; 780,000 shares designated Class A redeemable convertible; 2005 and 2004 no shares issued and outstanding		
Class A common stock, \$.001 par value, 50,000,000 authorized September 25, 2005 17,515,981 shares issued and outstanding, March 27, 2005 13,512,631 shares issued and outstanding	18,000	13,000
Class B common stock, \$.001 par value; 4,420,113 shares authorized; 2005 and 2004 31,691 issued and outstanding		
Additional paid-in capital	37,386,000	27,995,000
Accumulated deficit	(13,699,000)	(12,731,000)

Total shareholders' equity	23,737,000	15,309,000
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 36,117,000	\$ 23,355,000

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

4

Table of Contents

ADVANCED PHOTONIX, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Three month periods ended		Six month periods ended	
	September 25, 2005	September 26, 2004	September 25, 2005	September 26, 2004
Revenue	\$ 5,193,000	\$ 3,709,000	\$ 10,271,000	\$ 6,962,000
Cost of products sold	3,077,000	2,451,000	5,999,000	4,407,000
Gross profit	2,116,000	1,258,000	4,272,000	2,555,000
Research and development expenses	802,000	37,000	1,247,000	79,000
Sales and marketing expenses	506,000	328,000	829,000	611,000
General and administrative expenses	1,456,000	654,000	2,809,000	1,272,000
Total Operating Expenses	2,764,000	1,019,000	4,885,000	1,962,000
Income (loss) from operations	(648,000)	239,000	(613,000)	593,000
Other income (expense):				
Interest income	5,000	7,000	14,000	12,000
Interest expense	(140,000)	(1,000)	(262,000)	(6,000)
Interest expense, related party	(51,000)		(100,000)	
Other		15,000	(7,000)	9,000
Net income (loss)	(\$834,000)	\$ 260,000	(\$968,000)	\$ 608,000
Basic Earnings Per Share	(\$0.05)	\$ 0.02	(\$0.06)	\$ 0.05
Diluted Earnings Per Share	(\$0.05)	\$ 0.02	(\$0.06)	\$ 0.04
Weighted average shares outstanding	16,919,000	13,431,000	16,919,000	13,431,000
Weighted average diluted shares outstanding	19,450,000	14,228,600	19,450,000	14,228,600

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

ADVANCED PHOTONIX, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the six month periods ended	September 25, 2005	September 26, 2004
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income (loss)	\$ (968,000)	\$ 608,000
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation	364,000	181,000
Amortization intangibles/patents	593,000	39,000
Amortization prepaid finance expense	120,000	
Disposal of assets		20,000
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	176,000	(166,000)
Inventories	(30,000)	(503,000)
Prepaid expenses & other current assets	(98,000)	(102,000)
Other assets	81,000	16,000
Accounts payable	(154,000)	188,000
Accrued expenses and other	(533,000)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(449,000)	281,000
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Capital expenditures	(155,000)	(71,000)
Patent expenditures	(66,000)	
Cash paid for Picotronix, Inc. acquisition	(3,500,000)	
Cash acquired through acquisition of Picotronix, Inc.	678,000	
Cash paid for acquisition related costs	(936,000)	
Net cash (used in) operating activities	(3,979,000)	(71,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Repayment of line of credit		(900,000)
Proceeds from bank term loan	2,700,000	
Payment of notes payable	(512,000)	
Proceeds from exercise of warrants	303,000	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	164,000	1,000
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	3,679,000	(899,000)
Net decrease in cash	(749,000)	(689,000)
Cash at beginning of year	2,757,000	1,299,000
Cash at end of quarter	\$ 2,008,000	\$ 610,000

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information

Cash paid for income taxes	\$		\$
Cash paid for interest	\$	203,877	\$

Non cash financing activities

During the Q2 2006 senior convertible note holders exercised their options to convert debt into the following number shares of the Company's common stock:

Holder 1	1,287,303 shares @ 1.9393 per share	\$	2,496,467
Holder 2	257,825 shares @ 1.9393 per share		500,000
Holder 3	257,825 shares @ 1.9393 per share		500,000
Total	1,802,953	\$	3,496,467

6

Table of Contents**Supplemental disclosure of non cash operating, investing and financing activities:**

Picometrix acquisition	May 2, 2005
Assets acquired	\$ 19,404,000
Liabilities assumed	(2,406,000)
Net assets acquired	16,998,000
Cash paid	(3,500,000)
Broker fees & other direct costs	(936,000)
	12,562,000
Non-cash investing activities	
Common stock issued	(5,433,000)
Note payable related party	(2,901,000)
Picometrix note retired	(4,228,000)
Net balance	\$
	See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

7

Table of Contents

ADVANCED PHOTONIX, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
September 25, 2005

Basis of Presentation

General Advanced Photonix, Inc. (the Company), was incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware in June 1988. The Company is engaged in the development and manufacture of optoelectronic devices and value-added sub-systems and systems. The Company serves a variety of global Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEMs), including telecommunication, military/aerospace, industrial sensing, medical and homeland security. The Company supports the customer from the initial concept and design phase of the product, through testing to full-scale production. The company has three manufacturing facilities; located in Camarillo, CA, Dodgeville, WI and Ann Arbor, MI.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Advanced Photonix, Inc. (the Company) and the Company's wholly owned subsidiaries, Silicon Sensors Inc. (SSI), Texas Optoelectronics, Inc. (TOI), Photonic Detectors, Inc. (PDI) and Picometrix, LLC (Picometrix). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. All significant inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of normal and recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position and the results of operations for the periods presented have been included. Operating results for the three month period and the six month period ended September 25, 2005 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending March 26, 2006. For further information, refer to the financial statements and notes thereto included in the Advanced Photonix, Inc. Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 27, 2005.

Acquisition

In May 2005, the Company completed its previously disclosed acquisition of Picotronix, Inc. through the merger of Picotronix, Inc. (doing business as and referred to herein as Picometrix), a Michigan corporation, with and into Michigan Acquisition Sub, LLC (Newco), a Delaware limited liability company and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, pursuant to an Agreement and Plan of Merger dated March 8, 2005 by and among the Company, Newco, Picometrix and Robin Risser and Steven Williamson, the stockholders of Picometrix. Immediately following the effective time of the merger, the name of Newco was changed to Picometrix, LLC. Pursuant to the merger between Picometrix and the Company, the Company paid consideration of approximately \$17 million in the form of \$3.5 million in cash, four-year API promissory notes in the aggregate principal amount of approximately \$2.9 million (the API Notes), \$5.4 million in API Class A Common Stock (2,575,000 shares valued at \$2.11 per share), a loan in the amount of approximately \$4.2 million to Picometrix (the API Loan) which was forgiven and the proceeds of which were used to prepay existing long-term indebtedness of Picometrix to a third party, and broker fees and other transaction costs directly related to the acquisition of approximately \$900,000. The API Notes are payable in four annual installments with the first being a payment of \$500,000, the second being a payment of \$550,000, the third being a payment of \$900,000 and the fourth being a payment of \$950,500. The API Notes bear an interest rate of prime plus 1.0% and are secured by all of the intellectual property of Picometrix. API has the option of prepaying the API Notes without penalty. Immediately following the effective time of the transaction, the API Loan was contributed to the capital of Picometrix, LLC. In connection with the transaction, the Company recorded approximately \$14 million in intangible assets (including customer list, non-compete agreement, trademarks, R & D contracts, and technology/patents) and will amortize these finite life intangible assets over their various estimated useful lives up to 15 years.

Table of Contents

A summary of the Picotronic assets and liabilities acquired at fair value is as follows:

Assets acquired

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 678,000
Accounts receivable	1,065,000
Inventories	748,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	98,000
Net fixed assets	2,458,000
Customer list	178,000
Non compete agreement	122,000
Trademarks	2,128,000
R&D contracts	1,294,000
Technology/patents	10,265,000
Deposits and other assets	370,000
 Total assets acquired	 \$ 19,404,000

Liabilities assumed

Accounts payable	\$ (265,000)
Capital lease payable	(89,000)
Other accrued expenses	(874,000)
Notes payable	(877,000)
Deferred revenue and deposits	(301,000)
 Total liabilities assumed	 (2,406,000)
 Net assets acquired	 \$ 16,998,000

**SUMMARY COMBINED COMPANY UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

The combined company unaudited pro forma consolidated statements of operations give effect to the purchase of Picometrix as if the transaction had occurred on March 28, 2004. The combined company unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated statements of operations do not purport to represent what the results of operations actually would have been if the purchase had occurred as of such date, or what such results will be for any future periods. The combined company unaudited pro forma consolidated statements of operations are derived from the historical financial statements of API and Picometrix and the assumptions and adjustments described in the accompanying notes. The pro forma adjustments are based on preliminary estimates and assumptions that API and Picometrix believe are reasonable under the circumstances. The combined company unaudited pro forma financial information should be read in conjunction with the historical financial statements and the accompanying notes thereto of API and Picometrix. The combined company unaudited pro forma consolidated statements of operations do not reflect any cost savings or other economic efficiencies which will result from the purchase.

Table of Contents

ADVANCED PHOTONIX, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET
MARCH 27, 2005

	3/27/2005	3/31/2005			
	API	PICO	ADJUSTMENTS	NOTE	PROFORMA
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,503,000	\$ 1,222,303	(\$4,291,471)	3	(\$1,566,168)
			2,700,000	6	2,700,000
			1,254,000	8	1,254,000
Restricted cash	1,254,000		(1,254,000)	8	
Repurchase of Class A common Stock Options			(509,545)	9	(509,545)
Total cash and cash equivalents	2,757,000	1,222,303	(2,101,016)		1,878,287
Accounts receivable, net	2,610,000	988,506			3,598,506
Note receivable from Picometrix, Inc.	4,228,000		(4,228,000)	7	
Inventory	3,644,000	723,233			4,367,233
Deferred tax asset, current portion	644,000				644,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	563,000	122,204			685,204
Total Current Assets	14,446,000	3,056,246	(6,329,016)		11,173,230
Fixed assets, net of depreciation	1,399,000	1,872,799	595,163	2	3,866,962
OTHER ASSETS					
Deferred tax assets, net	4,105,000				4,105,000
Goodwill, net	2,421,000				2,421,000
Intangible assets	494,000	467,142	12,486,926	2	13,448,068
Prepaid capital finance expenses, net	315,000				315,000
Security deposits and other assets	175,000	370,226			545,226

Total Other Assets	7,510,000	837,368	12,486,926	20,834,294
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 23,355,000	\$ 5,766,413	\$6,753,073	\$ 35,874,486
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 2,185,000	\$ 703,584		\$ 2,888,584
Income taxes payable		16,725		16,725
		10		

Table of Contents

	3/27/2005	3/31/2005			
	API	PICO	ADJUSTMENTS	NOTE	PROFORMA
Deferred revenue					
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 4,349,681	\$ (3,328,000)	6,7	\$ 2,021,681
Total Current Liabilities	3,185,000	5,069,990	(3,328,000)		4,926,990
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES					
Long-term debt	4,859,000	1,153,291			6,012,291
			2,900,500	4	2,900,500
			1,800,000	6	1,800,000
Capital lease payable	2,000				2,000
Total Long-Term Liabilities	4,861,000	1,153,291	4,700,500		10,714,791
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES					
Class A redeemable convertible preferred stock	32,000				32,000
Total Commitments and Contingencies	32,000				32,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 8,078,000	\$ 6,223,281	\$ 1,372,500		\$ 15,673,781
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY					
Common stock	13,000	22,440	(22,440)	1	13,000
			2,575	5	2,575
Additional paid-in capital	27,995,000		5,430,675	5	33,425,675
Accumulated deficit	(12,731,000)	(479,308)	479,308	1	(12,731,000)
Option repurchase			(509,545)		(509,545)
Total Shareholders Equity	15,277,000	(456,868)	5,380,573		20,200,705

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY	\$ 23,355,000	\$ 5,766,413	\$ 6,753,073	\$ 35,874,486
--	---------------	--------------	--------------	---------------

SEE NOTES TO PRO FORMA CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

NOTES:

- 1) Eliminates the items on Picometrix historical financial statements.
- 2) Reflects preliminary allocation of purchase price to tangible and intangible assets.
- 3) Represents the cash portion of the purchase price.

Table of Contents

- 4) Reflects the impact of issuance of \$2,900,500 aggregate principal amount of promissory notes issued to finance the acquisition of Picometrix, (the API notes), payable to the Picometrix stockholders.
- 5) Reflects API stock issued as part of the purchase price.
- 6) Reflects incurrence of a term loan by API for \$2,700,000 to finance purchase of Picometrix.
- 7) Reflects loan from API to Picometrix that was forgiven as part of the agreement and plan of merger and current portion of SBBT loan.
- 8) Reclassification of restricted cash on API balance sheet.
- 9) Repurchase of Class A

common Stock
Options.

12

Table of Contents

ADVANCED PHOTONIX, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 27, 2005

	API Historical	PICOMETRIX Historical	ADJUSTMENTS	NOTE	PROFORMA
REVENUES					
Revenues	\$ 14,803,000	\$ 7,473,404			\$ 22,276,404
COST OF SALES	10,071,000	2,311,104	62619	8	12,444,723
GROSS PROFIT (LOSS)	4,732,000	5,162,300	(62,619)		9,831,681
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Research and development expense	146,000	2,574,997	399,376	8	3,120,373
Selling, General and administrative expense	3,920,000	1,703,389	47,550	8	5,670,939
Depreciation			119,033	1	119,033
Amortization			1,186,017	2	1,186,017
Total Operating Expenses	4,066,000	4,278,386	1,751,976		10,096,362
INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS	666,000	883,914	(1,814,595)		(264,681)
OTHER (INCOME) EXPENSE					
Interest income	(43,000)	(6,990)			(49,990)
Interest expense	154,000	304,784	167,752	3	626,536
			(392,771)	4	(392,771)
			62,045	5	62,045
Other, net	35,000	42,040	(1,950,000)	7	(1,872,960)
Total Other (Income) Expense	146,000	339,834	(2,112,974)		(1,627,140)
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	520,000	544,080	298,379		1,362,459
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES					
Provision for income taxes current	18,000	5,889		6	23,889
Provision for income taxes deferred	(4,752,000)	(349,979)			(5,101,979)
Total Provision For Income Taxes	(4,734,000)	(344,090)			(5,078,090)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 5,254,000	\$ 888,170	\$ 298,379		\$ 6,440,549

1) Reflects the projected impact of depreciation

on write-up of assets.

- 2) Reflects the projected impact of amortization of acquired intangible assets of \$3,588,616 over 15 year s useful life and \$9,467,764 over 10 year s useful life.
- 3) Reflects the impact of interest expense from \$2,900,500 aggregate principal amount of the API notes. The interest rate used was the average prime rate plus 1% per quarter (4/1/04 3/27/05) multiplied by the number of days in each quarter.
- 4) Reflects the reversal of Interest paid to Coherent and DPC1 with respect to the repayment of the loan.
- 5) Reflects the impact of interest expense from \$2,700,000 aggregate principal amount of the API notes. The

interest rate used was the average prime rate plus 1% per quarter (4/1/04 9/30/04) multiplied by 5 the number of days in each quarter.

- 6) No income tax benefit is assumed due to uncertainties surrounding the ultimate realizability of net operating losses.
- 7) Reflects gain on forgiveness of debt on DPC1.
- 8) Repurchase of class A stock options.

Table of Contents

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Cash and Cash Equivalents: The Company considers all highly liquid investments, with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash equivalents.

Concentration of Credit Risk: Financial instruments, which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk, consist principally of cash equivalents and trade accounts receivable. The Company places its temporary cash investments in certificates of deposit in excess of FDIC insurance limits, principally at a regional bank. At September 25, 2005 substantially all cash and cash equivalents were on deposit at five financial institutions, with these institutions having FDIC or SIPC insurance less than the amounts on deposit.

At September 25, 2005, no single customer accounted for more than 10 % of our total accounts receivable.

At September 25, 2005, no single customer accounted for more than 10 % of Consolidated Revenue.

The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers and normally does not require collateral to support accounts receivable.

The Company does not apply interest charges to past due accounts receivable.

Shipping and Handling Costs: The Company's policy is to classify shipping and handling costs as a component of Costs of Goods Sold in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

Net Income (Loss) Per Share: Net income (loss) per share is calculated in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 128, Earnings per Share (SFAS 128). Accordingly, basic net income (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares outstanding for the period. Such weighted average shares were approximately 16,919,000 at September 25, 2005 and 13,431,000 at September 26, 2004. The pro-forma impact of Statement 128 on the calculation of earnings per share is as follows:

Table of Contents

	Six Months Ended September 25, 2005	Six Months Ended September 26, 2004
BASIC		
Weighted average shares outstanding	16,919,000	13,431,000
Net income (loss)	(968,000)	608,000
Basic income per share	(\$0.06)	\$0.05
	Six Months Ended September 25, 2005	Six Months Ended September 26, 2004
DILUTED		
Weighted average shares outstanding	16,919,000	13,431,000
Net effect of dilutive stock options and warrants based on the treasury stock method using average market price	1,283,000	796,000
Net effect of shares issuable pursuant to terms of convertible note, based on the if converted method	1,248,000	
Total shares	19,450,000	14,227,000
Net income (Loss) adjusted for interest expense on convertible note	(823,000)	608,000
Diluted earnings per share	anti-dilutive	\$0.04
Average market price of common stock	\$3.19	\$2.17
Ending Market price of common stock	\$3.11	\$1.80

The following stock options granted to Company employees, directors, and former owners were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share in the financial statements because they were anti-dilutive for the periods reported:

Six Months Ended September 25, 2005	Six Months Ended September 26, 2004		
No. of Shares	Exercise Price Per Share	No. of Shares Underlying Options	Exercise Price Per Share
Underlying Options			
1,000	3.0940	27,700	2.5000
350,000	3.1875	1,000	3.0940
50,000	5.3440	350,000	3.1875
		50,000	5.3440
401,000		428,700	

Table of Contents**Inventory**

Inventories, which include material, labor and manufacturing overhead, are stated at standard cost (which approximates the first-in, first-out method) or market.

Inventories consisted of the following:

	September 25, 2005	March 27, 2005
Raw Material	\$ 4,081,000	\$ 3,129,000
Work-in-process	1,212,000	1,245,000
Finished Goods	330,000	302,000
Total inventories	5,623,000	4,676,000
Less inventory reserves	(1,201,000)	(1,032,000)
Inventories, net	\$ 4,422,000	\$ 3,644,000

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consisted of the following:

	September 25, 2005	March 27, 2005
Trade receivables, net	\$ 3,193,000	\$ 2,555,000
Unbilled receivables (represents certain contracts that are not billed until month end)	306,000	55,000
Total	\$ 3,499,000	\$ 2,610,000

Application of Critical Accounting Policies

Application of our accounting policies requires management to make judgments and estimates about the amounts reflected in the financial statements. Management uses historical experience and all available information to make these estimates and judgments, although differing amounts could be reported if there are changes in the assumptions and estimates. Estimates are used for, but not limited to, the accounting for the allowance for doubtful accounts, inventory allowances, restructuring costs, impairment costs, depreciation and amortization, Sales discounts and returns, warranty costs, taxes and contingencies. Management has identified the following accounting policies as critical to an understanding of our financial statements and/or as areas most dependent on management's judgment and estimates.

Revenue Recognition

In accordance with Staff Accounting Bulletin No 104, we recognize revenue from the sale of products when the products are shipped to the customer. Revenues from the sale of services consist of non-recurring engineering charges, which are recognized when the services have been rendered. One of the subsidiaries will accrue for revenues (progress billings) to government agencies for those months when the required billing date falls after the financial closing date.

An unbilled receivable is recorded and then reversed when the actual charges are invoiced. Historically, sales returns have amounted to less than 1% of net income and all Revenues are recorded net of returns and discounts.

Table of Contents***Impairment of Long-Lived Assets***

We continually review the recoverability of the carrying value of long-lived assets using the methodology prescribed in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) 144, Accounting for the Impairment and Disposal of Long-Lived Assets. We also review long-lived assets and the related intangible assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of such assets may not be recoverable. Upon such an occurrence, recoverability of these assets is determined by comparing the forecasted undiscounted net cash flows to which the assets relate, to the carrying amount. If the asset is determined to be unable to recover its carrying value, then intangible assets, if any, are written down first, followed by the other long-lived assets to fair value. Fair value is determined based on discounted cash flows, appraised values or management's estimates, depending on the nature of the assets.

Deferred Tax Asset Valuation Allowance

We record a deferred tax asset in jurisdictions where we generate a loss for income tax purposes. For all years prior to fiscal 2005, due to our history of operating losses, we had recorded a full valuation allowance against these deferred tax assets in accordance with SFAS 109, Accounting for Income Taxes, because, in management's judgment, the deferred tax assets would not be realized in the foreseeable future. In fiscal years 2004 and 2005, the Company returned to a position of profitability. Based on our profit history in FY 2005 and on anticipated future profits resulting from the Company's acquisition and merger with Picometrix, Inc. in May 2005, we reversed a portion of the valuation allowance for the year ended March 27, 2005, because, in our estimation, we believe that at least 50% of the deferred tax assets will be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences become deductible, and no assurance can be given that the Company will, in fact, generate future taxable income in amounts sufficient to fully realize the asset. We have considered the scheduled reversal of deferred tax liabilities, projected future taxable income and tax planning strategies in making our assessment. The deferred tax assets are evaluated annually and the valuation allowance may be adjusted again in the future years if it is determined that any additional portion of the assets will or will not be realized.

Inventories

Our inventories are stated at standard cost (which approximates the first-in, first-out method) or market. Slow moving and obsolete inventories are analyzed quarterly. To calculate a reserve for obsolescence, we begin with a review of our slow moving inventory. Any inventory which has not moved within the past 24 months is reserved for at 100% of book value; inventory which has not moved within the past 12 months is reserved for at 40%. The percentages applied to the reserve calculation are based on historical usage analyses. In addition, any residual inventory which is customer specific and remaining on hand at the time of contract completion is reserved for at the standard unit cost. The complete list of slow moving and obsolete inventory is then reviewed by the production, engineering and/or purchasing departments to identify items that can be utilized in the near future. These items are then excluded from the analysis and the remaining amount of slow-moving and obsolete inventory is then reserved for. Additionally, non-cancelable open purchase orders for parts we are obligated to purchase where demand has been reduced may be reserved. Reserves for open purchase orders where the market price is lower than the purchase order price are also established. If a product which had previously been reserved for is subsequently sold, the amount of reserve specific to that item is then reversed.

Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Allowance for Doubtful Accounts is established by analyzing each account that has a balance over 90 days past due. Each account is individually assigned a probability of collection. The total amount determined to be uncollectible in the 90-days-past-due category is then reserved fully. The percentage of this reserve to the 90-days-past-due total is then established as a guideline and applied to the rest of the non-current accounts receivable balance where appropriate. When other circumstances suggest that a receivable may not be collectible, it is immediately reserved for, even if the receivable is not yet in the 90-days-past-due category.

Table of Contents**Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets**

In accordance with SFAS No. 142, *Goodwill and other Intangible Assets* (SFAS 142), goodwill and intangibles with indefinite lives are subject to periodic impairment testing but are not amortized, and intangibles with definite lives are separately classified and are amortized. SFAS 142 requires testing goodwill for impairment on an annual basis and on an interim basis if an event occurs or circumstance change that may reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying value. We performed our most recent impairment testing at the end of fiscal 2005, and concluded that there was no impairment losses related to goodwill.

Intangible assets that have definite lives consist of the following (in thousands):

	Weighted Average Lives	Sept. 25, 2005			March 27, 2005		
		Carrying Value	Accumulated Amortization	Intangibles Net	Carrying Value	Accumulated Amortization	Intangibles Net
Non-Compete agreement	15	\$ 347	\$ 228	\$ 119	\$ 150	\$ 150	\$ 0
Customer list	15	812	100	712	512	31	481
Trademarks	15	2,128	55	2,073			
R&D contracts	15	1,294	34	1,260			
Technology	10	10,395	452	9,943	64	51	13
Total Intangibles		\$ 14,976	\$ 869	\$ 14,107	\$ 726	\$ 232	\$ 494

Amortization expense for the six months ended September 25, 2005 was approximately \$593,000.

Balances for September 25, 2005 reflect the reclassification of intangibles from current asset accounts to intangible accounts for Non Compete agreement of \$75K and Customer list of 122K

At September 25, 2005, estimated future amortization expense is as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year	Amortization Expense
Balance of 2005	\$ 702
2006	1,404
2007	1,404
2008	1,378
2009	1,275
2010	1,275
2011 & thereafter	6,669
Total	\$ 14,107

Table of Contents**Stock Based Compensation**

The Company has four stock option plans: The 1990 Incentive Stock Option and Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan, the 1991 Directors Stock Option Plan (The Directors Plan), the 1997 Employee Stock Option Plan and the 2000 Stock Option Plan. The company measures compensation for these plans under APB Opinion No. 25. No compensation cost has been recognized as all options were granted at the fair market value or greater than fair market value of the underlying stock at the date of grant. Had compensation expense for these plans been determined consistent with SFAS No. 123, the Company's net income (loss) and net income (loss) per share would be as follows:

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	Sept. 25, 2005	Sept.26, 2004	Sept. 25, 2005	Sept.26, 2004
Net (loss) earnings as reported	(\$834,000)	\$ 260,000	(\$968,000)	\$ 608,000
Deduct: Stock based employee compensation expense determined under the fair value-based method for all awards, net of related tax effects	(106,000)		(153,000)	
Pro forma net (loss) earnings	(\$940,000)	\$ 260,000	(\$1,121,000)	\$ 608,000
(Loss) earnings per common share				
As reported	(\$0.05)	\$ 0.02	(\$0.06)	\$0.05
Pro forma	(\$0.06)	\$ 0.02	(\$0.07)	\$0.05
Diluted (loss) earnings per share				
As reported	(\$0.04)	\$ 0.02	(\$0.05)	\$0.04
Pro forma	(\$0.05)	\$ 0.02	(\$0.06)	\$0.04
Shares Basic	16,919,000	13,431,000	16,919,000	13,431,000
Shares Diluted	19,450,000	14,228,600	19,450,000	14,228,600

The fair value of each option grant is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions used for grants in 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively: risk-free interest rates of, 4%, 5% and 9%, expected volatility of 1% and 5% expected lives of 10 years in all periods. No dividends were assumed in the calculations.

The Company's various stock option plans provide for the granting of non-qualified and incentive stock options to purchase up to 3,700,000 shares of common stock for periods not to exceed 10 years. Options typically vest at the rate of 25% per year over four years, except for options granted under the Directors Plan, which typically vest at the rate of 50% per year over two years. Under these plans, the option exercise price equals the stock's market price on the date of grant. Options may be granted to employees, officers, directors and consultants. The Company has also granted options, under similar terms as above, under no specific shareholder approved plan.

Table of Contents

Stock option transactions for September 25, 2005 and June 26, 2005.

	Shares (000)	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding, March 27, 2005	2,355	\$ 1.47
Granted	616	\$ 2.19
Exercised	(30)	\$ 0.80
Expired		
Outstanding, June 26, 2005	2,941	\$ 1.63
Exercisable, June 26, 2005	1,897	\$ 1.49
Outstanding, June 26, 2005	2,941	\$ 1.63
Granted	215	\$ 2.36
Exercised	(136)	\$ 0.88
Expired		
Outstanding, September 25, 2005	3,020	\$ 1.71
Exercisable, September 25, 2005	1,813	\$ 1.52

Line of Credit/Term Debt

The Company maintains a revolving line of credit with a regional bank which provides for borrowings up to \$3,000,000, based on 80% of the Company's eligible accounts receivable and 40% of the Company's eligible inventory, subject to certain limitations as defined by the agreement. At September 25, 2005, the outstanding balance on the line was \$1,000,000. The line is secured by all business assets of the Company. As most recently amended, repayment is interest only monthly, with principal due at maturity date on November 3, 2006. Interest is computed at the Wall Street Journal Prime plus 1/2% with a floor of 6.5%. The prime interest rate was 6.25% at September 25, 2005. In May 2005, the Company borrowed \$2,700,000 from a regional bank. The loan is guaranteed by all of the Company's subsidiaries. Repayment is principal of \$75,000 per month, plus interest, until maturity on May 2, 2008. Interest is computed at the Wall Street Journal Prime plus 1% with a ceiling of 7.75% and a floor of 6%. The prime interest rate was 6.25% at September 25, 2005.

In October 2004, the Company entered into a definitive agreement for the private placement to four institutional investors of \$5 million aggregate principal amount of its senior convertible notes. The original Securities Purchase Agreement was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 12, 2004. The notes are convertible at the option of the holder under certain circumstances into shares of the Company's Class A Common Stock at an initial conversion price of \$1.9393 per share. The notes pay interest at an annual rate of prime plus 1% and shall not be less than 6.5% at any time and will mature on October 12, 2007. In addition, the investors in the private placement subordinated their principal and interest payments on the Notes to the Permitted Bank Debt (as such term is defined in

the letters of agreement) and (ii) their liens on the Company's assets to any lien granted by the Company as security for the Permitted Bank Debt .

Table of Contents

In connection with the transaction, the Company issued to the investors five-year warrants to purchase 850,822 shares of the Company's Class A Common Stock at an exercise price of \$1.78 per share, subject to adjustment. The Company has registered the shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the notes and upon exercise of the warrants for resale under the Securities Act of 1933. The investors have the option for a period of one year following effectiveness of the registration statement (April 6, 2005) to acquire an additional \$5 million aggregate principal amount of the notes with an initial conversion price of \$2.1156 per share and five-year warrants to purchase an additional 850,822 shares of Company's Class A Common Stock at \$1.78 per share.

In accordance with APB 14, the Company has recorded a discount to the note of \$141,000 to account for the fair value associated with the note's detachable warrants. Upon any exercise of the conversion feature, the notes will then be converted from debt to equity. A copy of the original agreement and all related documents were filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 12, 2004 on Form 8-K, and the foregoing summary is qualified in its entirety by reference thereto.

During Q2 06, \$3,496,467 of the senior convertible notes were converted into 1,802,953 shares of the Company's Class A Common Stock at \$1.9393 per share. The investors exercised their option and provided an additional \$1,000,000 of senior convertible notes in September, 2005 that can be converted into 472,678 shares at 2.1156 per share and received warrants to purchase 170,164 shares of Class A Common Stock at \$1.78 per share (see "Subsequent Events" note). At the end of Q2 06, the outstanding senior convertible notes totaled \$2,503,503 that can be converted into 1,247,975 shares of Class A Common Stock and their were outstanding detachable warrants to purchase 850,822 shares of Class A Common Stock at \$1.78 per share.

Notes payable to Related Parties

In May 2005, the Company issued its four-year promissory notes in the aggregate principal amount of approximately \$2.9 million (the "API Notes") to the former stockholders of Picometrix. Both of the former stockholders of Picometrix are now Company employees. One former owner is now the Company's Chief Financial Officer. The API Notes are payable in four annual installments with the first being a payment of \$500,000, the second being a payment of \$550,000, the third being a payment of \$900,000 and the fourth being a payment of \$950,500. The API Notes bear an interest rate of prime plus 1.0% and are secured by all of the intellectual property of Picometrix. The Company has the option of prepaying the API Notes without penalty.

Table of Contents**SCHEDULE OF NOTES PAYABLE****Schedule of remaining payments**

	Balance						FY 2011 & Beyond
	9/25/2005	FY 2006	FY 2007	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010	
Current							
Revolving loan	1,000,000	1,000,000					
Note payable obligations-related party	500,000		500,000				
Current portion long term debt	968,000	501,000	467,000				
Total Current	2,468,000	1,501,000	967,000				
Long-Term							
Note payable obligations	751,000		1,000	250,000	250,000	250,000	
Term loan	1,425,000		450,000	900,000	75,000		
Convertible notes	2,362,000			1,362,000	1,000,000		
Capital lease obligations	14,000		14,000				
Long-term debt less current portion	4,552,000		465,000	2,512,000	1,325,000	250,000	
Long-term debt, less current portion related party	2,401,000			550,000	900,000	951,000	
Total Long-Term	6,953,000		465,000	3,062,000	2,225,000	1,201,000	
Total	9,421,000	1,501,000	1,432,000	3,062,000	2,225,000	1,201,000	

Segment Information

The Company operates in a single business segment, which is to provide optoelectronic solutions to the OEM manufacturers in the telecommunication, military/aerospace, medical, industrial and homeland security markets.

Table of Contents***Shareholders Equity Transactions***

During the second quarter of fiscal 2006 the convertible note holders converted \$3,496,467, aggregate principal amount of the convertible notes outstanding for 1,802,953 shares of the Company's Class A Common Stock valued at approximately \$1.93 per share. The Company received no cash as a result of the conversion. API stock option holders exercised their rights to purchase 135,500 shares of Class A Common Stock at approximately \$.88 per share resulting in cash to the Company of approximately \$119,000.

The company issued 2,575,000 shares of Class A Common Stock valued at \$2.11 per share or approximately \$5,433,000 to the Picometrix shareholders as part of the payment for the acquisition of Picometrix in the first quarter of fiscal 2006. .

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Standard (SFAS) No. 153, *Exchanges of Non-monetary assets – an amendment of APB Opinion No. 29* . This Statement amends APB Opinion 29 to eliminate the exception for non-monetary exchanges of similar productive assets and replaces it with a general exception for exchanges of non-monetary assets that do not have commercial substance. A non-monetary exchange has commercial substance if the future cash flows of the entity are expected to change significantly as a result of the exchange. We adopted this pronouncement on July 1, 2005 and we anticipate that this pronouncement will not have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 123R, *Share Based Payment* . This Statement is a revision of FASB Statement No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation* . This Statement supersedes APB Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees* and its related implementation guidance. This Statement establishes standards for the accounting for transactions in which an entity exchanges its equity instruments for goods or services. It also addresses transactions in which an entity incurs liabilities in exchange for goods or services that are based on the fair value of the entity's equity instruments or that may be settled by the issuance of those equity instruments. The Statement focuses primarily on accounting for transactions in which an entity obtains employee services in share-based payment transactions. This Statement does not change the accounting guidance for share-based payment transactions with parties other than employees provided in Statement 123 as originally issued and EITF Issue No. 96-18, *Accounting for Equity Instruments That Are Issued to Other Than Employees for Acquiring, or in Conjunction with Selling, Goods or Services*. This Statement does not address the accounting for employee share ownership plans, which are subject to AICPA Statement of Position 93-6, *Employers' Accounting for Employee Stock Ownership Plans* . The Securities and Exchange Commission has delayed the adoption requirement of SFAS No. 123-R until January 1, 2006. We expect to adopt SFAS No. 123-R on March 27, 2006 as required. We anticipate that adoption of this Standard may have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements as the Company has utilized and plans to continue to utilize stock options to compensate employees and members of the Board of Directors.

In May 2005 the FASB issued SFAS 154 *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections* . This Statement replaces APB Opinion No. 20, *Accounting Changes* , and FASB Statement No. 3, *Reporting Accounting Changes in Interim Financial Statements* , and changes the requirements for the accounting for and reporting of a change in accounting principle and also corrections of error in previously issued financial statements. This Statement harmonizes US accounting standards with existing international accounting standards by requiring companies to report voluntary changes in accounting principles via a retrospective application, unless impracticable. Also, the reporting of an error correction involves adjustments to previously issued financial statements similar to those generally applicable to reporting an accounting change retrospectively. This pronouncement is effective for accounting changes and corrections of errors made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005

Table of Contents

Subsequent Events

On September 29, 2005, the Company, through its wholly owned subsidiary, Picometrix, LLC, entered into a loan agreement with the Michigan Economic Development Corporation which provided for borrowings up to \$1,200,000 and the Company borrowed \$600,000 of this amount. The note is unsecured. Interest accrues for the first 24 months, then interest only is paid monthly on the principal plus accrued interest for months 25 through 36, then the repayment of principal plus interest is amortized over the next 36 months until maturity in September, 2011. Interest is 7%. In November, 2006 the convertible note holders converted an additional \$1,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the convertible notes outstanding for 472,678 shares of the Company's Class A Common Stock valued at approximately \$2.11 per share. The Company received no cash as a result of the conversion.

Table of Contents**Item 2. Management Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**
Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based on our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires us to make judgments and estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from such estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Application of Critical Accounting Policies

Application of our accounting policies requires management to make certain judgments and estimates about the amounts reflected in the financial statements. Management uses historical experience and all available information to make these estimates and judgments, although differing amounts could be reported if there are changes in the assumptions and estimates. Estimates are used for, but not limited to, the accounting for the allowance for doubtful accounts, inventory allowances, impairment costs, depreciation and amortization, warranty costs, taxes and contingencies. Management has identified the following accounting policies as critical to an understanding of our financial statements and/or as areas most dependent on management's judgment and estimates.

Revenue Recognition

In accordance with Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 104, we recognize revenue from the sale of products when the products are shipped to the customer. Revenues from the sale of services consist of non-recurring engineering charges, which are recognized when the services have been rendered. Historically, sales returns have amounted to less than 1% of net income and all sales are recorded net of sales returns and discounts.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

We continually review the recoverability of the carrying value of long-lived assets using the methodology prescribed in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) 144, Accounting for the Impairment and Disposal of Long-Lived Assets. We also review long-lived assets and the related intangible assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of such assets may not be recoverable. Upon such an occurrence, recoverability of these assets is determined by comparing the forecasted undiscounted net cash flows to which the assets relate, to the carrying amount. If the asset is determined to be unable to recover its carrying value, then intangible assets, if any, are written down first, followed by the other long-lived assets to fair value. Fair value is determined based on discounted cash flows, appraised values or management's estimates, depending on the nature of the assets.

Deferred Tax Asset Valuation Allowance

We record a deferred tax asset in jurisdictions where we generate a loss for income tax purposes. For all years prior to fiscal 2005, due to our history of operating losses, we had recorded a full valuation allowance against these deferred tax assets in accordance with SFAS 109, Accounting for Income Taxes, because, in management's judgment, the deferred tax assets would not be realized in the foreseeable future. In fiscal years 2004 and 2005, the Company returned to a position of continued profitability. Based on recent profit history and on anticipated future profits resulting from the Company's acquisition and merger with Picometrix, Inc. in May 2005, we reversed a portion of the valuation allowance for the year ended March 27, 2005, because, in our estimation, we believe that at least 50% of the deferred tax assets will be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences become deductible, and no assurance can be given that the Company will, in fact, generate future taxable income in amounts sufficient to fully realize the asset. We have considered the scheduled reversal of deferred tax liabilities, projected future taxable income and tax planning strategies in making our assessment. The

Table of Contents

deferred tax assets are evaluated annually and the valuation allowance may be adjusted again in the future years if it is determined that any additional portion of the assets will or will not be realized.

Inventories

Our inventories are stated at standard cost (which approximates the first-in, first-out method) or market. Slow moving and obsolete inventories are analyzed quarterly. To calculate a reserve for obsolescence, we begin with a review of our slow moving inventory. Any inventory which has not moved within the past 24 months is reserved for at 100% of book value; inventory which has not moved within the past 12 months is reserved for at 40%. The percentages applied to the reserve calculation are based on historical usage analyses. In addition, any residual inventory which is customer specific and remaining on hand at the time of contract completion is reserved for at the standard unit cost. The complete list of slow moving and obsolete inventory is then reviewed by the production, engineering and/or purchasing departments to identify items that can be utilized in the near future. These items are then excluded from the analysis and the remaining amount of slow-moving and obsolete inventory is then reserved for. Additionally, non-cancelable open purchase orders for parts we are obligated to purchase where demand has been reduced may be reserved. Reserves for open purchase orders where the market price is lower than the purchase order price are also established. If a product which had previously been reserved for is subsequently sold, the amount of reserve specific to that item is then reversed.

Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Allowance for Doubtful Accounts is established by analyzing each account that has a balance over 90 days past due. Each account is individually assigned a probability of collection. The total amount determined to be uncollectible in the 90-days-past-due category is then reserved fully. The percentage of this reserve to the 90-days-past-due total is then established as a guideline and applied to the rest of the non-current accounts receivable balance where appropriate. When other circumstances suggest that a receivable may not be collectible, it is immediately reserved for, even if the receivable is not yet in the 90-days-past-due category.

Results of Operations

Revenues by market consisted of the following

	Three months ended				Six months ended			
	Sept. 25, 2005	%	Sept. 26, 2004	%	Sept. 25, 2005	%	Sept. 26, 2004	%
Revenues								
Telecommunications	\$920,000	18%	\$18,000	0%	\$1,425,000	14%	\$32,000	0%
Industrial		39%		48%		41%		46%
Sensing/NDT	2,049,000		1,789,000		4,212,000		3,176,000	
Military/Aerospace	1,225,000	24%	1,348,000	36%	2,439,000	24%	2,664,000	38%
Medical	446,000	9%	554,000	15%	1,144,000	11%	1,090,000	16%
Homeland Security	553,000	11%			1,051,000	10%		
Total	\$5,193,000	100%	\$3,709,000	100%	\$10,271,000	100%	\$6,962,000	100%

Revenues - Revenue for the second quarter of fiscal year 2006 (Q2 06) and the six month period (YTD 06) ended September 25, 2005 were \$5,193,000 and \$10,271,000, respectively. The second quarter revenue increased by \$1,484,000 or 40% over revenue of \$3,709,000 for the second quarter of fiscal year 2005 (Q2 05). The Company recorded increases in three of its principal markets during Q2 06 (and four during YTD 06) with the most significant revenue increases coming from the telecommunications, industrial sensing and homeland security markets. Revenue for the second quarter to the industrial sensing markets rose to \$2,049,000 in Q2 06, an increase of \$260,000 or 15% over the prior year due to the additional revenue from the recent acquisitions. The acquisition of Picometrix provide the Company entry into the homeland security market and significantly extended its reach in the telecommunication markets. Revenue to the homeland security and telecommunication markets rose to \$553,000 and \$920,000 in Q2 06, respectively, as compared to an aggregate of zero and \$18,000, respectively, in the comparable prior year period. Revenue in the

Table of Contents

medical market was \$446,000 in Q2 06, a decrease of \$108,000 or 19% over the prior year period due primarily to fluctuations in customer delivery schedules. Military/Aerospace revenues decreased \$123,000 or 9% in Q2 06 compared to the same period in the prior year due to fluctuations in customer delivery schedules. The Company continues to expect consolidated revenue to increase in fiscal 2006 as compared to fiscal 2005; the quarter-to-quarter comparisons can vary significantly for both revenue and market analyses due to fluctuations in customer delivery and production schedules which are beyond the control of the Company. Management believes that the decreases in revenue to the Medical and Military/Aerospace markets in Q2 06 were primarily attributable to the above factors and do not reflect a general decline in the level of demand for the Company's products.

Revenues for the six month YTD period to the industrial sensing markets are \$4,212,000, an increase of \$1,036,000 or 32.6% over the prior year period due to the additional revenue from recent acquisitions. Year to date revenue in the homeland security and telecommunication segments are \$1,051,000 and \$1,425,000, respectively, as compared to an aggregate of zero and \$32,000, respectively, in the comparable prior year period. Year to date revenue in the medical market is \$1,144,000, an increase of \$54,000 or 5% over the prior year period. Military/Aerospace revenues decreased \$225,000 YTD 06 compared to the same period in the prior year due to push outs of customer shipment request dates. Based upon delays in new product introductions, customer new product adoption rates, and fluctuations in customer delivery and production schedules which are beyond the control of the Company, management projects revenue growth of 65% for fiscal year 2006 over consolidated revenue for fiscal 2005,

Gross Profit Gross profit increased by \$858,000 or 68%, to \$2,116,000 in Q2 06, from \$1,258,000 for the comparable prior-year period. The increase was attributable to the acquisition of Picometrix. Gross profit, expressed as a percentage of revenues, increased in Q2 06, to 40.7% from 33.9% in the comparable prior-year period. The increase in gross profit as a percentage of revenues, or gross margin, in Q2 06, over the prior-year period, was primarily attributable to the acquisition of Picometrix, whose products carry higher gross margins. Gross margins were negatively impacted in the California and Wisconsin facilities due to product mix and volume reductions attributable to delays in customer request dates for product delivery.

Gross profit for the first six months was \$4,272,000 or 41.6% of revenue, as compared to \$2,555,000 or 36.7% for the prior year, an increase of \$1,717,000. The increase is attributable to the reasons listed above.

Research and Development Research and development (R&D) expenses include research related to new product development and product enhancement expenditures. R&D expenses increased by \$765,000 to \$802,000 in Q2 06, as compared to Q2 05. The increase in R&D costs is the result of the Company's business acquisitions and other new R&D initiatives. R&D expenses for any given quarter are directly reflective of the specific projects currently underway and the costs incurred during that period. During the remainder of the fiscal year, we expect to see R&D spending increase over Q2 06 (\$800,000) but remain approximately the same as a percentage of revenue based on projected revenue and project trends. However, R&D costs can vary, depending on the level of activity associated with customer-requested development contracts or new product development projects, much of which is out of the Company's control.

Year to date R&D expenses were \$1,247,000, an increase of \$1,168,000 from the same prior year period as a direct result of the Company's acquisitions.

Sales and Marketing expenses Sales and marketing expenses increased by \$178,000, or 54% to \$506,000 in Q2 06 as compared to Q2 05. The Company believes that current marketing and sales expenses are indicative of what can be expected for the remainder of the fiscal year. Year to date revenue and marketing expenses were \$829,000, an increase of \$218,000 over the comparable prior year period due primarily to the sales and marketing expenses associated with the acquisition of Picometrix.

General and Administrative General and administrative (G & A) expenses increased by \$802,000 to \$1,456,000 in Q2 06, as compared to Q2 05 primarily as a result of the added administrative expenses of the Picometrix acquisition. Expressed as a percentage of net revenue, general and administrative

Table of Contents

expenses represented 28% in Q2 06 as compared to 18% in Q2 05. The majority of general and administrative expenses are fixed rather than variable, including the amortization of patents/intangibles and financing expenses relating to the Picometrix acquisition of \$ 438,000. We expect that actual G&A expenditures will remain relatively stable for the remainder of the current fiscal year and, as revenues increase, G & A expenses will decline as a percentage of revenue.

G&A expenses were \$2,809,000 for the six month period ended September 25, 2005, an increase of \$1,537,000 over the same prior year period, primarily as a result of the added administrative expenses of the Picometrix acquisition. G&A expense increase for the first six months included amortization expense of \$713,000 from patent/intangible amortization of \$593,000 and prepaid finance expense of \$120,000 primarily related to the Picometrix acquisition.

Income from Operations For the Q2 06, loss from operations was (\$648,000) as compared to income from operations of \$239,000 for the comparable prior-year period, a reduction of \$887,000. The decrease is attributable to the factors mentioned above, an increase in R&D spending of \$635,000 and the increase in SG&A spending of \$718,000, which is primarily attributable to the recent acquisitions. Year to date Income from operations was a loss of (\$613,000) compared to a profit of \$593,000 for the same prior year period, a decrease of \$1,206,000. The decrease is attributable to higher operating expenses offset partially by higher gross profit, both attributable to the Picometrix acquisition.

Interest Income For Q2 06, interest income earned was \$5,000, compared to \$7,000 for comparable prior year period. The decrease in Interest Income was derived from lower income earning deposits. September year-to-date interest income was \$14,000 compared to \$12,000 for the same six month prior year period. The Company earns interest income on various investment vehicles, including money market accounts. The interest rate earned on these accounts amounted to approximately 2.96% on interest earning deposits.

Interest Expense - For Q2 06, interest expense was \$191,000 compared to \$1,000 for the comparable prior-year period. The increase is due to expenses associated with the Company's business acquisitions, the outstanding convertible notes, the new term loan and the Company's secured line of credit. Year to date interest was \$362,000 as compared to \$6,000 for the same six month prior year period. The Company's short term and long term debt interest rate is primarily tied to the prime rate. The secured line of credit interest rate is prime plus 1/2 %, the term loan interest rate is prime plus 1% with a ceiling of 7 3/4 %, the convertible notes and the API Note to related parties is prime plus 1%. The prime interest rate at the end of Q2 06 was 6.25 %.

Net Income (Loss) For the reasons outlined above, The Company reported net loss of (\$834,000) or (\$0.05) per share for Q2 06 as compared to net income of \$ 260,000 or \$0.02 per share in Q2 05. Net loss for the year is (\$968,000) or (\$0.06) per share as compared to net income of \$ 608,000 or \$0.05 per share for the first six months of FY 2005.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At September 25, 2005, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$2,000,000, an increase of \$500,000 from \$1,500,000 as of June 26, 2005. The Company believes that current cash levels combined with our revolving line of credit will be sufficient for our 2006 fiscal year.

The Company maintains a revolving line of credit with a regional bank which provides for borrowings up to \$3,000,000, based on 80% of the Company's eligible accounts receivable and 40% of the Company's eligible inventory, subject to certain limitations as defined by the agreement. At September, 2005, the outstanding balance on the line was \$1,000,000. The line is secured by all business assets of the Company. As most recently amended, repayment is interest only monthly, with principal due at maturity date on November 3, 2006. Interest is computed at the Wall Street Journal Prime plus 1/2% with a floor of 6.5%. The prime interest rate was 6.25% at September 25, 2005.

In May 2005, the Company borrowed \$2,700,000 from a regional bank. The loan is guaranteed by all of the Company's subsidiaries. Repayment is principal of \$75,000 per month, plus interest, until maturity on May 2, 2008. Interest is computed at the Wall Street Journal Prime plus 1% with a ceiling of 7.75% and a floor of 6%.

Table of Contents

During Q2 06, \$3,496,467 of the senior convertible notes was converted into 1,802,953 shares of the Company's Class A Common Stock at \$1.9393 per share. The investors exercised their option and provided an additional \$1,000,000 of senior convertible notes in September, 2005 that can be converted into 472,678 shares at 2.1156 per share and received warrants to purchase 170,164 shares of Class A Common Stock at \$1.78 per share (see "Subsequent Events" note). At the end of Q2 06, the outstanding senior convertible notes totaled \$2,503,503 that can be converted into 1,247,975 shares of Class A Common Stock and there were outstanding detachable warrants to purchase 850,822 shares of Class A Common Stock at \$1.78 per share.

Net cash used in operating activities was \$449,000 for the six months ended September 25, 2005. The decrease in cash from operating activities was primarily attributable to a decrease in the Company's accounts payable and accrued expenses, which was partially offset by a decrease in accounts receivable.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$3,979,000 for the six months ended September 25, 2005. The amount primarily consisted of cash paid for the acquisition of Picometrix and related expenses, net of cash acquired. Capital expenditure activity for the year accounted for \$155,000 of the cash used, and patent expenditures were \$66,000 for the year.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$3,679,000 for the six months ended September 25, 2005. This primarily reflects the \$2,700,000 cash proceeds from the term loan relating to the Picometrix acquisition reduced by five months of loan repayment of \$375,000, \$1,000,000 of cash proceeds from convertible notes and \$303,000 of cash paid for warrants to purchase the Company's Class A Common Stock. Payments of \$113,000 were made during the first six months to equipment vendors to adhere to unsecured financing arrangements. Three of the convertible note holders converted \$3,496,000 of notes into 1,802,953 shares of the Company's Class A common stock. Employees exercised stock options for approximately \$164,000.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

At September 25, 2005, all of our interest rate exposure is linked to the prime rate, subject to certain limitations. As such, we are at risk to the extent of changes in the prime rate and do not believe that moderate changes in the prime rate will materially affect our operating results or financial condition. The interest rate risk is hedged by an interest rate cap of 7.75% on the term loan of \$2,700,000 relating to the purchase of Picometrix.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officers (the "Certifying Officers") are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures for the Company. The Certifying Officers have designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information is made known to them, particularly during the period in which this report was prepared. The Certifying Officers have evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report and believe that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective based on the required evaluation. During the past eight months the Company's Camarillo location has had turnover in two key accounting positions. In addition, in the Company's recently consummated and previously reported acquisition of Picometrix, Inc., API gained three additional accounting personnel in our Ann Arbor location. In view of these two events, API management plans to reconfigure our Corporate and Camarillo accounting and disclosure controls and also transfer certain accounting and external reporting functions to our Ann Arbor office. We will continue to review and assess future needs and responsibilities in all locations and may make future changes. We believe that these changes may have a material effect on our internal controls and Procedures.

Table of Contents**FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS**

The information contained herein includes forward looking statements that are based on assumptions that management believes to be reasonable but are subject to inherent uncertainties and risks including, but not limited to, risks associated with the integration of newly acquired businesses, unforeseen technological obstacles which may prevent or slow the development and/or manufacture of new products, limited (or slower than anticipated) customer acceptance of new products which have been and are being developed by the Company, the availability of other competing technologies and a decline in the general demand for optoelectronic products.

Part II OTHER INFORMATION**Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders**

The Company's Annual Stockholders Meeting was held on August 26, 2005. The following were considered and approved at the meeting by a majority of the shareholders eligible to vote in person or by proxy. The voting results for are listed below.

1. Election of Directors. The following persons were elected or re-elected to the Company's Board of Directors to serve until the next Annual Meeting of Stockholders and until their respective successors have been duly elected and qualified.

	VOTES FOR	VOTES WITHHELD
Richard D. Kurtz	15,006,005	231,751
Robin Risser	14,996,060	272,246
Paul D. Ludwig	15,007,638	230,668
Lance Brewer	15,015,405	225,901
M. Scott Farese	14,957,130	281,176
Ward Harper	15,003,875	234,431
Donald Pastor	15,004,705	233,601
Stephen P. Soltwedel	15,002,705	235,601

Table of Contents

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

Exhibit

No.

- 31.1 Certificate of the Registrant's Chairman, Chief Executive Officer, and Director pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 31.2 Certificate of the Registrant's Chief Financial Officer, and Secretary pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.1 Certificate pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.2 Certificate pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Table of Contents

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Advanced Photonix, Inc.

(Registrant)

Date: November 8, 2005

/s/ Richard Kurtz

Richard Kurtz
Chairman, Chief Executive Officer
and Director

/s/ Robin Risser

Robin Risser
Chief Financial Officer

32

Table of Contents

Exhibit Index

Exhibit No.	Description
31.1	Certificate of the Registrant's Chairman, Chief Executive Officer, and Director pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certificate of the Registrant's Chief Financial Officer, and Secretary pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certificate pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certificate pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002