SJW CORP Form 10-Q August 06, 2014

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10.0

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)

OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2014

Commission file number 1-8966

SJW Corp.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

California 77-0066628
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

110 West Taylor Street, San Jose, CA 95110 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

408-279-7800

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past

90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "non-accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (check one)

Large accelerated filer o Accelerated filer x Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

As of July 25, 2014, there were 20,218,534 shares of the registrant's Common Stock outstanding.

#### PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SJW Corp. and Subsidiaries CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

	Three months ended June 30,					
	2014		2013	2014		2013
OPERATING REVENUE	\$70,356		74,230	\$124,952		124,369
OPERATING EXPENSE:						
Production Expenses:						
Purchased water	11,942		18,314	21,672		28,433
Power	2,623		1,777	4,112		2,662
Groundwater extraction charges	15,516		9,525	24,964		14,115
Other production expenses	3,001		2,882	5,863		5,595
Total production expenses	33,082		32,498	56,611		50,805
Administrative and general	9,510		10,085	18,960		21,579
Maintenance	3,573		3,433	6,847		6,633
Property taxes and other non-income taxes	2,575		2,534	5,379		5,083
Depreciation and amortization	9,495		8,743	18,980		17,559
Total operating expense	58,235		57,293	106,777		101,659
OPERATING INCOME	12,121		16,937	18,175		22,710
OTHER (EXPENSE) INCOME:						
Interest on long-term debt	(4,553	)	(4,678	(9,095	)	(9,323)
Mortgage and other interest expense	(401	)	(278	(729	)	(655)
Gain on sale of California Water Service Group stock	2,017		_	2,017		
Gain on sale of real estate investment	273			273		1,063
Dividend income	42		61	105		123
Other, net	439		589	659		960
Income before income taxes	9,938		12,631	11,405		14,878
Provision for income taxes	3,092		5,191	3,653		6,121
NET INCOME	6,846		7,440	7,752		8,757
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:						
Unrealized income (loss) on investment	41		(89	239		265
Reclassification adjustment for gain realized on sale of	(1.171	`		(1.171	`	
investments	(1,171	)	_	(1,171	)	_
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$5,716		7,351	\$6,820		9,022
EARNINGS PER SHARE				•		•
Basic	\$0.34		0.37	\$0.38		0.45
Diluted	\$0.34		0.37	\$0.38		0.45
DIVIDENDS PER SHARE	\$0.19		0.18	\$0.38		0.37
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING	·					
Basic	20,214,349		20,072,703	20,204,655		19,384,855
Diluted	20,398,002		20,266,480	20,391,692		19,581,515
See Accompanying Notes to Unaudited Condensed Con						, ,

### SJW Corp. and Subsidiaries CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
ASSETS		
Utility plant:		
Land	\$10,844	10,418
Depreciable plant and equipment	1,301,143	1,254,586
Construction in progress	36,817	30,846
Intangible assets	19,149	18,341
	1,367,953	1,314,191
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	433,841	415,453
-	934,112	898,738
Real estate investments	73,794	78,477
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	10,807	10,658
-	62,987	67,819
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	6,023	2,299
Accounts receivable:		
Customers, net of allowances for uncollectible accounts	17,157	14,496
Income tax	_	1,661
Other	850	476
Accrued unbilled utility revenue	19,646	17,556
Materials and supplies	1,113	1,045
Prepaid expenses	2,218	2,119
	47,007	39,652
OTHER ASSETS:		
Investment in California Water Service Group	6,271	8,885
Unamortized debt issuance, broker and reacquisition costs	5,438	5,176
Regulatory assets, net	84,831	83,543
Other	6,376	6,173
	102,916	103,777
	\$1,147,022	1,109,986

See Accompanying Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

# SJW Corp. and Subsidiaries CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

	June 30,	December 31,
	2014	2013
CAPITALIZATION AND LIABILITIES		
CAPITALIZATION:		
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock, \$0.521 par value; authorized 36,000,000 shares; issued and	*	
outstanding 20,218,534 shares on June 30, 2014 and 20,169,211 on	\$10,531	10,505
December 31, 2013		
Additional paid-in capital	64,178	63,017
Retained earnings	244,377	244,266
Accumulated other comprehensive income	2,454	3,387
Total shareholders' equity	321,540	321,175
Long-term debt, less current portion	334,684	334,997
	656,224	656,172
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Line of credit	52,000	22,400
Current portion of long-term debt	569	554
Accrued groundwater extraction charges and purchased water	10,606	7,116
Purchased power	1,292	665
Accounts payable	12,589	12,587
Accrued interest	5,368	5,369
Accrued property taxes and other non-income taxes	774	1,618
Accrued payroll	3,105	3,198
Income tax payable	170	_
Other current liabilities	5,584	5,688
Other edition indefinites	92,057	59,195
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	140,071	140,736
UNAMORTIZED INVESTMENT TAX CREDITS	1,345	1,375
ADVANCES FOR CONSTRUCTION	71,008	70,043
CONTRIBUTIONS IN AID OF CONSTRUCTION	134,909	132,260
DEFERRED REVENUE	1,312	1,213
	•	·
POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS OTHER NONCHREENT LIABILITIES	44,663	43,496
OTHER NONCURRENT LIABILITIES  COMMITMENTS AND CONTINCENCIES	5,433	5,496
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES	<u>—</u>	
	\$1,147,022	1,109,986

See Accompanying Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

### SJW Corp. and Subsidiaries CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) (in thousands)

(iii tiiousaiius)		
		s ended June 30,
ODED A TINIC A CONTURNED	2014	2013
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	¢7.750	0.757
Net income	\$7,752	8,757
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	10.773	10.220
Depreciation and amortization	19,772	18,338
Deferred income taxes	404	4,200
Share-based compensation	451	589
Gain on sale of real estate investment	(273	) (1,063
Gain on sale of California Water Service Group stock	(2,017	) —
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	(5.105	\
Accounts receivable and accrued unbilled utility revenue	(5,125	) (11,711 )
Accounts payable, purchased power and other current liabilities	489	2,266
Accrued groundwater extraction charges and purchased water	3,490	5,319
Tax receivable and accrued taxes	1,228	(144)
Other current asset and liabilities related to balancing and memorandum accounts	(188	) —
Postretirement benefits	1,167	3,398
Regulatory asset related to balancing and memorandum accounts	(1,107	) (1,811 )
Other changes, net	(1,024	) (1,099 )
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	25,019	27,039
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Additions to utility plant:		
Company-funded	(48,155	) (35,684
Contributions in aid of construction	(4,482	) (4,631 )
Additions to real estate investments		(3,453)
Payments for business/asset acquisition and water rights	(807	) (1,569
Cost to retire utility plant, net of salvage	(575	) (1,170
Proceeds from sale of real estate investment	4,281	8,831
Proceeds from sale of California Water Service Group stock	3,056	_
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(46,682	) (37,676 )
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Borrowings from line of credit	35,000	13,300
Repayments of line of credit	(5,400	) (28,600
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(298	) (5,150
Dividends paid	(7,579	) (7,086
Issuance of common stock, net of issuance costs	_	35,894
Exercise of stock options and similar instruments	484	366
Tax benefits realized from share options exercised	309	95
Receipts of advances and contributions in aid of construction	3,941	4,348
Refunds of advances for construction	(1,070	) (1,047
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	25,387	12,120
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	3,724	1,483
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	2,299	2,522
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$6,023	4,005
Cash paid during the period for:	ψ 0,0 <b>2</b> 5	1,000
cash paid during the period for.		

Interest	\$10,551	10,487	
Income taxes	1,900	1,260	
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash activities:			
Increase in accrued payables for construction costs capitalized	(452	) 6,560	
Utility property installed by developers	3,242	(112	)
Increase in real estate investments due to accrued tenant improvements	11	583	
Accrued intangible assets and other charges related to water supply project in Texas		2,218	

See Accompanying Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

SJW CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2014

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

#### Note 1. General

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments (consisting only of normal, recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods.

The unaudited interim financial information has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") and in accordance with the instructions for Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). The Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in SJW Corp.'s 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K should be read with the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Water sales are seasonal in nature and influenced by weather conditions. The timing of precipitation and climatic conditions can cause seasonal water consumption by customers to vary significantly. Due to the seasonal nature of the water business, the operating results for interim periods are not indicative of the operating results for a 12-month period. Revenue is generally higher in the warm, dry summer months when water usage and sales are greater, and lower in the winter months when cooler temperatures and increased rainfall curtail water usage and sales. Our service area in California is in the midst of a record drought. In response to this, Governor Edmund G. Brown Jr, proclaimed a State of Emergency and directed state officials to take necessary actions to prepare for drought conditions. The Santa Clara Valley Water District ("SCVWD"), San Jose Water Company's water wholesaler, has set a target of a 20% reduction for water use in 2014 in accordance with its adopted water shortage contingency plan and recommended that its retail water and municipal customers implement mandatory measures to meet the target. Effective March 31, 2014, San Jose Water Company received approval from the California Public Utilities Commission ("CPUC") for a Mandatory Conservation Revenue Adjustment Memorandum Account ("MCRAMA") to track any revenue shortfall and a Mandatory Conservation Memorandum Account ("MCMA") to track operational and administrative costs associated with the implementation of the 20% conservation goal. San Jose Water Company will record the impact of the MCRAMA and MCMA regulatory accounts once probability of recovery can be determined and collection can be assured within 24 months of the year-end the revenue is recorded. For further discussion, please see Note 11.

Basic earnings per share is calculated using income available to common shareholders, divided by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is calculated using income available to common shareholders divided by the weighted average number of shares of common stock including both shares outstanding and shares potentially issuable in connection with stock options, deferred restricted common stock awards under SJW Corp.'s Long-Term Incentive Plan (as amended, the "Incentive Plan") and shares potentially issuable under the Employee Stock Purchase Plan ("ESPP"). For the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, 680 and 799 anti-dilutive restricted common stock units were excluded from the dilutive earnings per share calculation, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, 1,129 and 1,145 anti-dilutive restricted common stock units were excluded from the dilutive earnings per share calculation, respectively.

A portion of depreciation expense is allocated to administrative and general expense. For the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the amounts allocated to administrative and general expense were \$396 and \$395, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the amounts allocated to administrative and general expense were \$792 and \$779, respectively.

#### Note 2. Equity Plans

SJW Corp. accounts for share-based compensation based on the grant date fair value of the awards issued to employees in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standard Codification (ASC) Topic 718 - "Compensation - Stock Compensation," which requires the measurement and recognition of

compensation expense based on the estimated fair value for all share-based payment awards.

The Incentive Plan allows SJW Corp. to provide employees, non-employee board members or the board of directors of any parent or subsidiary, consultants, and other independent advisors who provide services to the company or any parent or subsidiary the opportunity to acquire an equity interest in SJW Corp. The types of awards included in the Incentive Plan are restricted stock awards, restricted stock units, performance shares, or other share-based awards. As of June 30, 2014, the remaining shares available for issuance under the Incentive Plan were 1,110,805, and 309,516 shares were issuable upon the exercise of outstanding options, restricted stock units, and deferred restricted stock units. In addition, shares are issued to employees under the ESPP. SJW Corp. also had a Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan ("DRSPP") which allowed

#### SJW CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued) JUNE 30, 2014

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

eligible participants to buy shares and reinvest cash dividends in SJW Corp. common stock. The DRSPP was terminated effective as of April 14, 2014.

The compensation costs charged to income are recognized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period. A summary of compensation costs charged to income, proceeds from the exercise of stock options and similar instruments, and the tax benefit realized from stock options and similar instruments exercised, that were recorded to additional paid-in capital and common stock, by award type, are presented below for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Adjustments to additional paid-in capital and common stock for:				
Compensation costs charged to income:				
ESPP	<b>\$</b> —	_	\$72	58
Restricted stock and deferred restricted stock	207	242	379	531
Total compensation costs charged to income	\$207	242	\$451	589
Excess tax benefits realized from share options exercised and stock				
issuance:				
Stock options	<b>\$</b> —		\$59	
Restricted stock and deferred restricted stock	251	65	250	95
Total excess tax benefits realized from share options exercised and stock	Φ <b>051</b>	<i>(5</i>	¢200	05
issuance	\$251	65	\$309	95
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options and similar instruments:				
Stock options	<b>\$</b> —		\$44	
DRSPP	8	21	34	38
ESPP	_	_	406	328
Total proceeds from the exercise of stock options and similar instruments	\$8	21	\$484	366
Stock Options				

No options were granted during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

As of June 30, 2014, there were no unrecognized compensation costs related to stock options.

Stock, Restricted Stock and Deferred Restricted Stock

On January 2, 2014, restricted stock units covering an aggregate of 21,790 shares of common stock of SJW Corp. were granted to certain executives of SJW Corp. and its subsidiaries. The units vest in three equal successive installments upon completion of each year of service with no dividend equivalent rights. Share-based compensation expense based on a grant date fair value of \$26.80 per unit is being recognized over the service period beginning in 2014.

On January 31, 2014, restricted stock units covering an aggregate of 3,845 shares of common stock of SJW Corp. were granted to an executive of SJW Corp. and its subsidiaries. The units vest in three equal successive installments upon completion of each year of service with no dividend equivalent rights. Share-based compensation expense based on a grant date fair value of \$26.39 per unit is being recognized over the service period beginning in 2014. On April 30, 2014, restricted stock units covering an aggregate of 9,002 shares of common stock of SJW Corp. were granted to the non-employee board members of SJW Corp. The units vest upon continuous board service through the day immediately preceding the date of the next annual shareholder meeting with no dividend equivalent rights. Share-based compensation expense based on grant date fair value of \$26.48 per unit is being recognized over the service period beginning in 2014.

As of June 30, 2014, the total unrecognized compensation costs related to restricted and deferred restricted stock plans amounted to \$1,163. This cost is expected to be recognized over a remaining weighted-average period of 1.22 years. Dividend Equivalent Rights

Under the Incentive Plan, certain holders of options, restricted stock, and deferred restricted stock awards may have the right to receive dividend equivalent rights ("DERs") each time a dividend is paid on common stock after the grant date. Stock compensation on DERs is recognized as a liability and recorded against retained earnings on the date dividends are issued. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, \$29 and \$62, respectively, related to DERs was recorded against retained

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#### SJW CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued) JUNE 30, 2014

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

earnings and was accrued as a liability. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, \$31 and \$65, respectively, related to DERs was recorded against retained earnings and was accrued as a liability.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

The ESPP allows eligible employees to purchase shares of SJW Corp.'s common stock at 85% of the fair value of shares on the purchase date. Under the ESPP, employees can designate up to a maximum of 10% of their base compensation for the purchase of shares of common stock, subject to certain restrictions. A total of 270,400 shares of common stock have been reserved for issuance under the ESPP.

After considering estimated employee terminations or withdrawals from the plan before the purchase date, SJW Corp.'s recorded expenses were \$39 and \$75 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively, and \$37 and \$58 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively, related to the ESPP.

The total unrecognized compensation costs related to the semi-annual offering period that ends July 31, 2014 for the ESPP is approximately \$13. This cost is expected to be recognized during the third quarter of 2014.

On April 30, 2014, SJW Corp.'s shareholders approved the 2014 Employee Stock Purchase Plan ("2014 ESPP"). Under the 2014 ESPP, 400,000 shares of SJW Corp.'s common stock were reserved for issuance. The remaining available shares for issuance from the predecessor ESPP will not be transferred to the 2014 ESPP. The first offering period for the 2014 ESPP commenced on August 1, 2014.

Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan

SJW Corp. adopted the DRSPP effective April 19, 2011. The DRSPP offered shareholders the ability to reinvest cash dividends in SJW Corp. common stock and also purchase additional shares of SJW Corp. common stock. A total of 3,000,000 shares of common stock were reserved for issuance under the DRSPP. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, 276 and 1,151 shares, respectively, have been issued under the DRSPP. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, 825 and 1,444 shares, respectively, have been issued under the DRSPP.

SJW Corp. terminated the DRSPP effective as of April 14, 2014. On April 16, 2014, SJW Corp. filed a Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the registration statement on Form S-3 (file no. 333-172048) with the SEC to deregister the 2,993,744 remaining shares of SJW Corp.'s common stock that were available for issuance under the DRSPP at the time of its termination.

#### Note 3. Real Estate Investments

The major components of real estate investments as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 are as follows:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2014	2013
Land	\$17,297	18,892
Buildings and improvements	56,168	59,256
Intangibles	329	329
Subtotal	73,794	78,477
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	10,807	10,658
Total	\$62,987	67,819

Depreciation and amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated life of the respective assets, ranging from 5 to 39 years.

On June 30, 2014, SJW Land Company sold its retail building located in El Paso, Texas for \$4,450. SJW Corp. recognized a pre-tax gain on the sale of real estate investment of \$273, after selling expenses of \$169.

On February 1, 2013, SJW Land Company sold its warehouse building located in Windsor, Connecticut for \$9,200. The Company recognized a pre-tax gain on the sale of real estate investment of \$1,063, after selling expenses of \$369.

#### SJW CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued) JUNE 30, 2014

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

#### Note 4. Income Taxes

SJW Corp. accounts for income taxes using the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Measurement of the deferred tax assets and liabilities is at enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in the period that includes the enactment date.

In the second quarter of 2014, SJW Corp. recorded \$880 in State of California enterprise zone sales and use taxes credits related to tax years 2008 through 2012.

#### Note 5. Defined Benefit Plan

San Jose Water Company sponsors a noncontributory defined benefit pension plan for its eligible employees. Employees hired before March 31, 2008 are entitled to receive retirement benefits using a formula based on the employee's three highest years of compensation (whether or not consecutive). For employees hired on or after March 31, 2008, benefits are determined using a cash balance formula based upon compensation credits and interest credits for each employee. Officers hired before March 31, 2008 are eligible to receive additional retirement benefits under the Executive Supplemental Retirement Plan, and officers hired on or after March 31, 2008 are eligible to receive additional retirement benefits under the Cash Balance Executive Supplemental Retirement Plan. Both plans are non-qualified plans in which only officers and other designated members of management may participate. The Company also provides health care and life insurance benefits for retired employees under the San Jose Water Company Social Welfare Plan. The components of net periodic benefit costs for San Jose Water Company's pension plan, its Executive Supplemental Retirement Plan and Social Welfare Plan for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

	Three mon	Three months ended June 30,		ended June 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Service cost	\$1,051	1,239	\$2,111	2,478	
Interest cost	1,652	1,475	3,303	2,950	
Other cost	625	1,208	1,256	2,416	
Expected return on assets	(1,674	) (1,380	) (3,341	) (2,760	)
	\$1,654	2,542	\$3,329	5,084	

# SJW CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued) JUNE 30, 2014

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

The following tables summarize the fair values of plan assets by major categories as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

2000me 01 0 1, 2010.		Fair Value Measurements at June 30, 2014					
			Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets	Significant Observable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs		
Asset Category	Benchmark	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)		
Cash and cash equivalents Actively Managed (a):		\$6,337	\$6,337	\$	\$		
All Cap Equity	Russell 3000 Value Russell 1000, Russell	2,618	2,592	26	_		
U.S. Large Cap Equity	1000 Growth, Russell 1000 Value Russell Mid Cap, Russell	35,699	35,699	_	_		
U.S. Mid Cap Equity	Mid Cap Growth, Russell Mid Cap Value Russell 2000, Russell	5,783	5,783	_	_		
U.S. Small Cap Equity	2000 Growth, Russell 2000 Value	3,219	3,219	_	_		
Non-U.S. Large Cap Equity	MSCI EAFE	5,112	5,112				
REIT	NAREIT - Equity REIT'S	4,616	_	4,616	_		
Fixed Income (b)	(b)	35,907	_	35,907	_		
Total		\$99,291	\$58,742	\$40,549	<b>\$</b> —		

The Plan has a current target allocation of 55% invested in a diversified array of equity securities to provide long-term capital appreciation and 45% invested in a diversified array of fixed income securities to provide preservation of capital plus generation of income.

(a) Actively managed portfolio of securities with the goal to exceed the stated benchmark performance.

<sup>(</sup>b) Actively managed portfolio of fixed income securities with the goal to exceed the Barclays 1-5 Year Government/Credit, Barclays Intermediate Government/Credit, and Merrill Lynch Preferred Stock Fixed Rate.

		Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2013				
			Quoted			
			Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets	Significant Observable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs	
Asset Category	Benchmark	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
Cash and cash equivalents Actively Managed (a):		\$9,127	\$9,127	<b>\$</b> —	\$—	
All Cap Equity	Russell 3000 Vaue	283	266	17	_	

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	Russell 1000, Russell				
U.S. Large Cap Equity	1000 Growth, Russell	32,286	32,286	_	_
	1000 Value				
	Russell Mid Cap, Russell				
U.S. Mid Cap Equity	Mid Cap Growth, Russell	5,551	5,551	_	
	Mid Cap Value				
	Russell 2000, Russell				
U.S. Small Cap Equity	2000 Growth, Russell	3,236	3,236	_	_
	2000 Value				
Non-U.S. Large Cap Equity	MSCI EAFE	5,066	5,066	_	_
REIT	NAREIT - Equity	3,913		3,913	
KEH	REIT'S	3,913	_	3,913	_
Fixed Income (b)	(b)	35,891		35,891	
Total		\$95,353	\$55,532	\$39,821	<b>\$</b> —

The Plan has a current target allocation of 55% invested in a diversified array of equity securities to provide long-term capital appreciation and 45% invested in a diversified array of fixed income securities to provide preservation of capital plus generation of income.

<sup>(</sup>a) Actively managed portfolio of securities with the goal to exceed the stated benchmark performance.

Actively managed portfolio of fixed income securities with the goal to exceed the Barclays 1-5 Year Government/Credit, Barclays Intermediate Government/Credit, and Merrill Lynch Preferred Stock Fixed Rate.

# SJW CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued) JUNE 30, 2014

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

In 2014, San Jose Water Company expects to make required and discretionary cash contributions of up to \$5,946 to the pension plans and Social Welfare Plan. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, \$1,819 has been contributed to the pension plans and Social Welfare Plan.

#### Note 6. Segment and Nonregulated Business Reporting

SJW Corp. is a holding company with four subsidiaries: (i) San Jose Water Company, a water utility which operates both regulated and nonregulated businesses, (ii) SJW Land Company and its consolidated variable interest entity, 444 West Santa Clara Street, L.P., which operate commercial building rentals, (iii) SJWTX, Inc. which is doing business as Canyon Lake Water Service Company, a regulated water utility located in Canyon Lake, Texas, and its consolidated nonregulated variable interest entity, Acequia Water Supply Corporation, and (iv) Texas Water Alliance Limited, a nonregulated water utility operation which is undertaking activities that are necessary to develop a water supply project in Texas. In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 280 – "Segment Reporting," SJW Corp. has determined that it has two reportable business segments. The first segment is that of providing water utility and utility-related services to its customers through SJW Corp.'s subsidiaries, San Jose Water Company, Canyon Lake Water Service Company, and Texas Water Alliance Limited, together referred to as "Water Utility Services." The second segment is property management and investment activity conducted by SJW Land Company, referred to as "Real Estate Services." SJW Corp.'s reportable segments have been determined based on information used by the chief operating decision maker. SJW Corp.'s chief operating decision maker is its Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"). The CEO reviews financial information presented on a consolidated basis that is accompanied by disaggregated information about operating revenue, net income and total assets, by subsidiaries.

The tables below set forth information relating to SJW Corp.'s reportable segments and distribution of regulated and nonregulated business activities within the reportable segments. Certain allocated assets, revenue and expenses have been included in the reportable segment amounts. Other business activity of SJW Corp. not included in the reportable segments is included in the "All Other" category.

For Three Months Ended June 30, 2014

For Three Months Ended June 30, 2014						
Water Utility	Services	Real Estate Services	All Other*	SJW Corp.		
Regulated	Non regulated	Non regulated	Non regulated	Regulated	Non regulated	Total
\$66,967	1,553	1,836	_	66,967	3,389	70,356
55,642	1,216	1,055	322	55,642	2,593	58,235
11,325	337	781	(322)	11,325	796	12,121
5,591	132	380	743	5,591	1,255	6,846
8,989	90	416	_	8,989	506	9,495
4,139	_	262	553	4,139	815	4,954
2,208	117	273	494	2,208	884	3,092
\$1,053,145	17,487	66,300	10,090	1,053,145	93,877	1,147,022
	Water Utility Regulated \$66,967 55,642 11,325 5,591 8,989 4,139 2,208	Water Utility       Services         Regulated       Non regulated         \$66,967       1,553         55,642       1,216         11,325       337         5,591       132         8,989       90         4,139       —         2,208       117	Water Utility Services       Real Estate Services         Regulated       Non regulated regulated       Non regulated         \$66,967       1,553       1,836         55,642       1,216       1,055         11,325       337       781         5,591       132       380         8,989       90       416         4,139       —       262         2,208       117       273	Real Estate Services         All Other*           Regulated         Non regulated regulated         Non regulated         regulated         regulated         regulated         regulated         regulated         1,836         —         322         1,325         337         781         (322         )         5,591         132         380         743         8,989         90         416         —         4,139         —         262         553           2,208         117         273         494	Real Estate Services         All Other*         SJW Corp.           Regulated         Non regulated regulated         Non regulated         Regulated regulated         Regulated           \$66,967         1,553         1,836         —         66,967           55,642         1,216         1,055         322         55,642           11,325         337         781         (322         ) 11,325           5,591         132         380         743         5,591           8,989         90         416         —         8,989           4,139         —         262         553         4,139           2,208         117         273         494         2,208	Water Utility Services         Real Estate Services         All Other*         SJW Corp.           Regulated \$66,967         Non regulated regulated \$1,216         Regulated regulated regulated regulated \$2,593         Non regulated regulated regulated \$3,389           55,642         1,216         1,055         322         55,642         2,593           11,325         337         781         (322         ) 11,325         796           5,591         132         380         743         5,591         1,255           8,989         90         416         8,989         506           4,139         262         553         4,139         815           2,208         117         273         494         2,208         884

# SJW CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued) JUNE 30, 2014

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

	For Three Months Ended June 30, 2013  Real Estate  Real Estate									
	Water Utility		Services	All Other*	SJW Corp.					
	Regulated	Non regulated	Non regulated	Non regulated	Regulated	Non regulated	Total			
Operating revenue Operating expense Operating income (loss)	\$71,457 54,960 16,497	1,579 1,353 226	1,194 748 446		71,457 54,960 16,497	2,773 2,333 440	74,230 57,293 16,937			
Net income (loss) Depreciation and amortization	7,686 8,264	108 92	33 387	(387 )	7,686 8,264	(246 ) 479	7,440 8,743			
Senior note, mortgage and other interest expense	4,146	_	265	545	4,146	810	4,956			
Income tax expense (benefit) in net income	5,379	57	47	(292)	5,379	(188)	5,191			
Assets	\$1,034,842 For Six Mon	16,596 ths Ended Ju	71,300 ne 30, 2014	7,727	1,034,842	95,623	1,130,465			
	Water Utility		Real Estate Services All Other*		SJW Corp.					
	Regulated	Non regulated	Non regulated	Non regulated	Regulated	Non regulated	Total			
Operating revenue Operating expense Operating income (loss)	\$118,593 102,105 16,488	2,781 2,088 693	3,578 2,077 1,501		118,593 102,105 16,488	6,359 4,672 1,687	124,952 106,777 18,175			
Net income (loss)	6,494	283	584	391	6,494	1,258	7,752			
Depreciation and amortization	17,966	180	834	_	17,966	1,014	18,980			
Senior note, mortgage and other interest expense	8,220	_	499	1,105	8,220	1,604	9,824			
Income tax expense (benefit) in net income	2,760	241	426	226	2,760	893	3,653			
Assets	\$1,053,145 For Six Mon	17,487 ths Ended Ju	66,300 ne 30, 2013	10,090	1,053,145	93,877	1,147,022			
	Water Utility	Services	Real Estate Services	All Other*	SJW Corp.					
	Regulated	Non regulated	Non regulated	Non regulated	Regulated	Non regulated	Total			
Operating revenue Operating expense Operating income (loss) Net income (loss)	\$119,255 96,585 22,670 9,286	2,665 3,035 (370 ) (400 )	2,449 1,558 891 669	- 481 (481 ) (798 )	119,255 96,585 22,670 9,286	5,114 5,074 40 (529 )	124,369 101,659 22,710 8,757			
Depreciation and amortization	16,586	180	793	_	16,586	973	17,559			
	8,298	_	585	1,095	8,298	1,680	9,978			

Senior note, mortgage and other interest expense

income tax expense	6,301	(87	) 507	(600	) 6,301	(180	) 6.121
(benefit) in net income	0,301	(67	) 307	(000)	) 0,301	(100	) 0,121
Assets	\$1,034,842	16,596	71,300	7,727	1,034,842	95,623	1,130,465

<sup>\*</sup> The "All Other" category includes the accounts of SJW Corp. on a stand-alone basis.

#### Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities and Bank Borrowings

SJW Corp.'s contractual obligations and commitments include senior notes, mortgages and other obligations. San Jose Water Company, a subsidiary of SJW Corp., has received advance deposit payments from its customers on certain construction projects. Refunds of the advance deposit payments constitute an obligation of San Jose Water Company solely.

#### SJW CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued) JUNE 30, 2014

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

On January 24, 2014, San Jose Water Company entered into a note agreement with John Hancock Life Insurance Company (U.S.A.) and its affiliate (the "Purchaser"), pursuant to which San Jose Water Company agreed to sell an aggregate principal amount of \$50,000 of its 5.14% senior note, Series L to the Purchaser. The senior note is an unsecured obligation of San Jose Water Company, due on the date that is the 30th anniversary of the issuance of the senior note. Interest is payable semi-annually in arrears on March 1 and September 1 of each year, commencing March 1, 2015. The closing of the transaction is subject to customary conditions and is expected to occur on August 7, 2014.

On June 23, 2014, San Jose Water Company and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association ("Wells Fargo") amended their credit agreement dated as of March 1, 2012, to increase the maximum principal amount available for borrowing from \$75,000 to \$85,000, and to extend the maturity date to September 1, 2016.

On June 23, 2014, SJW Corp., SJW Land Company and Wells Fargo amended their credit agreement dated as of March 1, 2012, to extend the maturity date to September 1, 2016.

#### Note 8. Fair Value Measurement

The following instruments are not measured at fair value on the SJW Corp.'s condensed consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2014, but require disclosure of their fair values: cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The estimated fair value of such instruments as of June 30, 2014 approximates their carrying value as reported on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The fair value of such financial instruments are determined using the income approach based on the present value of estimated future cash flows. There have been no changes in our valuation technique during the three months ended June 30, 2014. The fair value of these instruments would be categorized as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy, with the exception of cash and cash equivalents, which would be categorized as Level 1. The fair value of pension plan assets is discussed in Note 5.

The fair value of SJW Corp.'s long-term debt was approximately \$406,000 and \$395,684 as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, and was determined using a discounted cash flow analysis, based on the current rates for similar financial instruments of the same duration and creditworthiness of the Company. The book value of the long-term debt was \$335,253 and \$335,551 as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. The fair value of long-term debt would be categorized as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

The following table summarizes the fair value of the SJW Co June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:		•	nia Water Se	rvice Group as of
	Fair Value	Measurements	at June 30, 2	2014
	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Assets:				
Investment in California Water Service Group	\$6,271	6,271	_	_
	Fair Value	Measurements Quoted Prices in	Significant	r 31, 2013 Significant Unobservable

	T 1	Active Markets for Identical Assets	Inputs	Inputs
	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Assets: Investment in California Water Service Group	\$8,885	8,885	_	_
13				

#### SJW CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued) JUNE 30, 2014

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

#### Note 9. Balancing and Memorandum Account Recovery Procedures

For California, the CPUC has established a balancing account mechanism for the purpose of tracking the under-collection or over-collection associated with expense changes and the revenue authorized by the CPUC to offset those expense changes. San Jose Water Company also maintains memorandum accounts to track revenue impacts due to catastrophic events, unforeseen water quality expenses related to new federal and state water quality standards, energy efficiency, cost of capital, any revenue requirement impact of the Tax Relief, Unemployment Insurance Reauthorization, and Job Creation Act of 2010, and other approved activities or as directed by the CPUC. As of June 30, 2014, the total balance in San Jose Water Company's balancing and memorandum accounts combined, including interest, was a net under-collection of \$9,336.

Balancing and memorandum accounts are recognized in revenue by San Jose Water Company when it is probable that future recovery of previously incurred costs or future refunds that are to be credited to customers will occur through the ratemaking process. In addition, in the case of special revenue programs such as the MCRAMA, collection of the account balance must occur within 24 months of the end of the year the revenue is recorded. In assessing the probability criteria for balancing and memorandum accounts between general rate cases, San Jose Water Company considers evidence that may exist prior to CPUC authorization that would satisfy FASB ASC Topic 980 - "Regulated Operations," subtopic 340-25 recognition criteria. Such evidence may include regulatory rules and decisions, past practices, and other facts and circumstances that would indicate that recovery or refund is probable. When such evidence provides sufficient support for balance recognition, the balances are recorded in the Company's financial statements.

San Jose Water Company met the recognition requirements for certain of its balancing and memorandum accounts and certain amounts subject to balancing and memorandum accounts and increased revenue and regulatory assets totaling \$1,518 and \$1,107 during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively, and recorded revenue and regulatory assets totaling \$1,674 and \$3,559 during the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively. All balancing accounts and memorandum-type accounts not included for recovery or refund in the current general rate case will be reviewed by the CPUC in San Jose Water Company's next general rate case or at the time an individual account reaches a threshold of 2% of authorized revenue, whichever occurs first.

#### Note 10. Legal Proceedings

SJW Corp. is subject to ordinary routine litigation incidental to its business. There are no pending legal proceedings to which SJW Corp. or any of its subsidiaries is a party, or to which any of its properties is the subject, that are expected to have a material effect on SJW Corp.'s business, financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

#### Note 11. Regulatory Rate Filings

On January 3, 2012, San Jose Water Company filed a general rate case application requesting rate increases of \$47,394, or 21.51% in 2013, \$12,963, or 4.87% in 2014, and \$34,797, or 12.59% in 2015. Parties to the proceeding filed open briefs on July 20, 2012 and reply briefs on August 7, 2012. On September 26, 2012, San Jose Water Company filed a motion for interim rate relief so that if a decision was not reached by the end of 2012, San Jose Water Company would be allowed to adopt interim rates, effective January 1, 2013, until a decision is adopted. To date, a final decision has not been adopted and interim rates are currently in effect. Interim rates were set equal to fiscal year-end 2012 rates. Differences between interim rates and approved rates are tracked in a memorandum account and will be submitted for recovery or refund. On July 11, 2014, the CPUC issued a proposed decision in this application. The proposed decision recommends rate increases of \$22,063, or 9.79% in 2013, \$11,579, or 4.72% in 2014 and \$15,356, or 6.02% in 2015. A proposed decision is only a recommendation from the assigned Administrative Law Judge and is not necessarily indicative of what will be adopted in the final decision. San Jose

Water Company is currently reviewing the proposed decision and comments were due July 31, 2014. The earliest the proposed decision can be voted on by the CPUC is August 14, 2014. A final decision on this application is expected in the third quarter of 2014.

On February 28, 2014, San Jose Water Company submitted Advice Letter No. 456. In this advice letter, San Jose Water Company notified the CPUC that San Jose Water Company was implementing conservation Tariff Rule 14.1. The CPUC's Rule 14.1 provides voluntary conservation measures for customers, focusing primarily on outdoor water use which accounts for 50% of a typical customer's water usage. In addition, San Jose Water Company requested the implementation of a MCMA to track all operational and administrative costs associated with the implementation of Rule 14.1 and implementation of a MCRAMA to track any revenue shortfall associated with the implementation of the 20% conservation goal. The advice letter was approved on March 21, 2014 and the Rule 14.1 voluntary conservation measures, the MCMA, and MCRAMA all went into effect on March

SJW CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
JUNE 30, 2014
(in thousands, except share and per share data)

31, 2014. San Jose Water Company will record the impact of the MCRAMA and MCMA regulatory accounts once probability of recovery can be determined and collection can be assured within 24 months of the year-end the revenue is recorded.

On May 23, 2014, San Jose Water Company filed Advice Letter No. 461 seeking authorization to increase revenue by \$9,400, or approximately 3.6% to offset increases to SCVWD groundwater production charges and treated water charges. The CPUC authorized this increase, and the increase became effective on July 1, 2014.

On October 3, 2013, CLWSC filed a rate case with the TCEQ. The filing contained a request for an average system-wide rate increase of 23.1%, or \$2,400. With the exception of customers served within the City of Bulverde, the new rates became effective on December 2, 2013. Subsequently, effective March 1, 2014, a rate settlement agreement was reached with the City of Bulverde with rate increases being phased-in over a 28-month period. Prior to approval by the TCEQ, the new rates are subject to adjustment and refund for customers outside the City of Bulverde. A preliminary hearing in the matter for customers outside the City of Bulverde was completed on July 22, 2014, at which time an Administrative Law Judge allowed additional time until September 12, 2014 for the involved parties to attempt to reach a settlement. CLWSC has recognized the average 23.1% increase in accordance with ASC Topic 980 which provides guidance when a regulated entity is permitted to bill requested rate increases before the regulator has ruled on the request. If information becomes available that indicates it is probable that any of the average 23.1% rate increase will need to be refunded and the amount of refund can be reasonably estimated, a loss contingency shall be accrued. CLWSC has determined at this time that it is not probable that any of the rate increase will need to be

refunded. Management does not anticipate that the final TCEQ decision will materially affect SJW Corp.'s financial

# Note 12. Sale of California Water Service Group Stock

position, results of operations or cash flows.

On June 30, 2014, SJW Corp. sold 125,969 shares of California Water Service Group for \$3,056, before fees of \$10. SJW Corp. recognized a gain on the sale of the stock of approximately \$2,017, tax expense of approximately \$822, for a net gain of \$1,195. The unrealized holding gain associated with the shares sold, that was reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income was \$1,171 and was based on the fair value of the stock as of March 31, 2014. As of June 30, 2014, SJW Corp. held 259,151 shares of California Water Service Group. The company classifies its investment in California Water Service Group as available for sale. The stock is carried at the quoted market price with the changes in unrealized gain or loss reported, net of tax, as a component of other comprehensive income.

#### Note 13. Subsequent Events

On July 30, 2014, SJW Corp. and the Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer of SJW Corp., entered into an amendment (the "Amendment") to the amended and restated employment agreement (the "Employment Agreement"). Pursuant to such Amendment, (i) the employment term under the Employment Agreement was extended to December 31, 2017, and (ii) the annual base salary was increased for each of the 2015, 2016 and 2017 calendar years. The Amendment also provides for the grant of certain service-based and performance-based restricted stock unit awards under SJW Corps.'s Long-Term Incentive Plan.

# ITEM MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except where otherwise noted and per share amounts)

The information in this Item 2 should be read in conjunction with the financial information and the notes thereto included in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q and the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and the related "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" contained in SJW Corp.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

This report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws relating to future events and future results of SJW Corp. and its subsidiaries that are based on current expectations, estimates, forecasts, and projections about SJW Corp. and its subsidiaries and the industries in which SJW Corp. and its subsidiaries operate and the beliefs and assumptions of the management of SJW Corp. Such forward-looking statements are identified by words including "expect," "estimate," "anticipate," "intends," "seeks," "plans," "projects," "may," "should," "wil variation of such words, and similar expressions. These forward-looking statements are only predictions and are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Therefore, actual results may differ materially and adversely from those expressed in any forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to, those discussed in this report and our most recent Form 10-K filed with the SEC under the item entitled "Risk Factors," and in other reports SJW Corp. files with the SEC, specifically the most recent reports on Form 10-Q and Form 8-K, each as it may be amended from time to time. SJW Corp. undertakes no obligation to update or revise the information contained in this report, including the forward-looking statements, to reflect any event or circumstance that may arise after the date of this report.

#### General:

SJW Corp. is a holding company with four subsidiaries: San Jose Water Company, SJW Land Company, SJWTX, Inc., and Texas Water Alliance Limited.

San Jose Water Company, a wholly owned subsidiary of SJW Corp., is a public utility in the business of providing water service to approximately 228,000 connections that serve a population of approximately one million people in an area comprising approximately 138 square miles in the metropolitan San Jose, California area.

The principal business of San Jose Water Company consists of the production, purchase, storage, purification, distribution, wholesale and retail sale of water. San Jose Water Company provides water service to customers in portions of the cities of San Jose and Cupertino and in the cities of Campbell, Monte Sereno, Saratoga and the Town of Los Gatos, and adjacent unincorporated territories, all in the County of Santa Clara in the State of California. San Jose Water Company distributes water to customers in accordance with accepted water utility methods which include pumping from storage and gravity feed from high elevation reservoirs. San Jose Water Company also provides non-tariffed services under agreements with municipalities and other utilities. These non-tariffed services include water system operations, maintenance agreements and antenna leases.

San Jose Water Company has utility property including land held in fee, impounding reservoirs, diversion facilities, wells, distribution storage, and all water facilities, equipment, office buildings and other property necessary to supply its customers. Under Section 851 of the California Public Utilities Code, properties currently used and useful in providing utilities services cannot be disposed of unless CPUC approval is obtained.

San Jose Water Company also has approximately 700 acres of nonutility property which has been identified as no longer used and useful in providing utility services. The majority of the properties are located in the hillside area adjacent to San Jose Water Company's various watershed properties.

SJW Land Company, a wholly owned subsidiary of SJW Corp., owned the following real properties during the year-to-date period ended June 30, 2014:

				% for Six Months Ended June 30, 2014 of SJW Land Company			
Description	Location	Acreage	Square Footage	Revenue		Expense	
2 Commercial buildings	San Jose, California	2	28,000	10	%	10	%
Retail building *	El Paso, Texas	2	14,000	4	%	2	%
Warehouse building	Phoenix, Arizona	11	176,000	12	%	9	%
Warehouse building	Knoxville, Tennessee	30	361,500	32	%	28	%
Commercial building	Knoxville, Tennessee	15	135,000	42	%	51	%
Undeveloped land	Knoxville, Tennessee	10	N/A	N/A		N/A	
Undeveloped land	San Jose, California	5	N/A	N/A		N/A	

<sup>\*</sup>On June 30, 2014, SJW Land Company closed the sale of its Texas retail building. Revenue and expense amounts are through the sale closing date. Expense amount excludes the gain on sale of property.

SJW Land Company owns a 70% limited partnership interest in 444 West Santa Clara Street, L.P. One of the California properties is owned by such partnership. The limited partnership has been determined to be a variable interest entity within the scope of FASB ASC Topic 810 – "Consolidation" with SJW Land Company as the primary beneficiary, and as a result, it has been consolidated with SJW Land Company.

SJWTX, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of SJW Corp., doing business as Canyon Lake Water Service Company ("CLWSC"), is a public utility in the business of providing water service to approximately 11,000 connections that serve approximately 36,000 people. CLWSC's service area comprises more than 240 square miles in western Comal County and southern Blanco County in the growing region between San Antonio and Austin, Texas. SJWTX, Inc. has a 25% interest in Acequia Water Supply Corporation ("Acequia"). The water supply corporation has been determined to be a variable interest entity within the scope of ASC Topic 810 with SJWTX, Inc. as the primary beneficiary. As a result, Acequia has been consolidated with SJWTX, Inc.

Texas Water Alliance Limited ("TWA"), a wholly owned subsidiary of SJW Corp., is undertaking activities that are necessary to develop a water supply project in Texas. In connection with the project, TWA applied for groundwater production and transportation permits to meet the future water needs in the Canyon Lake Water Service Company's service area and to the central Texas hill country communities and utilities adjacent to this area. In January 2013, TWA's permits were approved unanimously by the groundwater district in Gonzales County. The permits were subsequently received in March 2013.

Business Strategy for Water Utility Services:

SJW Corp. focuses its business initiatives in three strategic areas:

- (1) Regional regulated water utility operations;
- (2) Regional nonregulated water utility related services provided in accordance with the guidelines established by the CPUC in California and the TCEQ in Texas;
- (3) Out-of-region water and utility related services.

As part of its pursuit of the above three strategic areas, the Company considers from time to time opportunities to acquire businesses and assets. However, SJW Corp. cannot be certain it will be successful in identifying and consummating any strategic business acquisitions relating to such opportunities. In addition, any transaction will involve numerous risks, including the possibility of incurring more costs than benefits derived from the acquisition, the assumption of certain known and unknown liabilities related to the acquired assets, the diversion of management's attention from day-to-day operations of the business, the potential for a negative impact on SJW Corp.'s financial position and operating results, entering markets in which SJW Corp. has no or limited direct prior experience and the

potential loss of key employees of any acquired company. SJW Corp. cannot be certain that any transaction will be successful or that it will not materially harm its operating results or financial condition.

#### Real Estate Services:

SJW Corp.'s real estate investment activity is conducted through SJW Land Company. SJW Land Company owns undeveloped land and owns and operates a portfolio of commercial buildings in the states of California, Arizona and Tennessee. SJW Land Company also owns a limited partnership interest in 444 West Santa Clara Street, L.P. The partnership owns a commercial building in San Jose, California. SJW Land Company manages its acquired income producing and other properties until such time a determination is made to reinvest proceeds from sale of such properties. SJW Land Company's real estate investments diversify SJW Corp.'s asset base.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies:**

SJW Corp. has identified the accounting policies delineated below as the policies critical to its business operations and the understanding of the results of operations. The preparation of consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and revenues and expenses during the reporting period. SJW Corp. bases its estimates on historical experience and other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. SJW Corp.'s critical accounting policies are as follows:

#### Revenue Recognition

SJW Corp. recognizes its regulated and nonregulated revenue when services have been rendered, in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 605 – "Revenue Recognition."

Metered revenue of Water Utility Services includes billing to customers based on meter readings plus an estimate of water used between the customers' last meter reading and the end of the accounting period. Water Utility Services read the majority of its customers' meters on a bi-monthly basis and records its revenue based on its meter reading results. Unbilled revenue from the last meter reading date to the end of the accounting period is estimated based on the most recent usage patterns, production records and the effective tariff rates. Actual results could differ from those estimates, which may result in an adjustment to operating revenue in the period which the revision to Water Utility Services' estimates is determined. San Jose Water Company also recognizes balancing and memorandum accounts in its revenue when it is probable that future recovery of previously incurred costs or future refunds that are to be credited to customers will occur through the ratemaking process.

Revenues also include a surcharge collected from regulated customers that is paid to the CPUC. This surcharge is recorded both in operating revenues and administrative and general expenses. For the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the surcharge was \$833 and \$917, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the surcharge was \$1,616 and \$1,632, respectively.

SJW Corp. recognizes its nonregulated revenue based on the nature of the nonregulated business activities. Revenue from San Jose Water Company's nonregulated utility operations, maintenance agreements or antenna leases are recognized when services have been rendered. Revenue from SJW Land Company properties is generally recognized ratably over the term of the leases.

#### Balancing and Memorandum Accounts

The purpose of a balancing account is to track the under-collection or over-collection associated with expense changes and the revenue authorized by the CPUC to offset those expense changes. Pursuant to Section 792.5 of the California Public Utilities Code, a balancing account must be maintained for expense items for which revenue offsets have been authorized.

Balancing accounts are currently being maintained for the following items: purchased water, purchased power, groundwater extraction charges, and pensions. The amount in the water production balancing accounts varies with the seasonality of the water utility business such that, during the summer months when the demand for water is at its peak, the accounts tend to reflect an under-collection, while during the winter months when demand for water is relatively lower, the accounts tend to reflect an over-collection. The pension balancing account is intended to capture the difference between actual pension expense and the amount approved in rates by the CPUC.

The Company also maintains memorandum accounts to track revenue impacts due to catastrophic events, certain unforeseen water quality expenses related to new federal and state water quality standards, energy efficiency, cost of

capital, any revenue requirement impact of the Tax Relief, Unemployment Insurance Reauthorization, and Job Creation Act of 2010, and other approved activities or as directed by the CPUC.

Balancing and memorandum accounts are recognized in revenue by San Jose Water Company when it is probable that future recovery of previously incurred costs or future refunds that are to be credited to customers will occur through the ratemaking process. In addition, in the case of special revenue programs such as the MCRAMA, collection of the account balance must occur within 24 months of the end of the year the revenue is recorded. In assessing the probability criteria for balancing and memorandum accounts between rate cases, the Company considers evidence that may exist prior to CPUC authorization that

would satisfy ASC Topic 980, subtopic 340-25 recognition criteria. Such evidence may include regulatory rules and decisions, past practices, and other facts and circumstances that would indicate that recovery or refund is probable. When such evidence provides sufficient support for balance recognition, the balances are recorded in the Company's financial statements.

It is typical for the CPUC to incorporate any over-collected and/or under-collected balances in balancing or memorandum accounts into customer rates at the time rate decisions are made as part of the Company's general rate case proceedings by assessing temporary surcredits and/or surcharges. In the case where the Company's balancing or memorandum-type accounts that have been authorized by the CPUC reach certain thresholds or have termination dates, the Company can request the CPUC to recognize the amounts in customer rates prior to the next regular general rate case proceeding by filing an advice letter.

#### Recognition of Regulatory Assets and Liabilities

Generally accepted accounting principles for water utilities include the recognition of regulatory assets and liabilities as permitted by ASC Topic 980. In accordance with ASC Topic 980, Water Utility Services, to the extent applicable, records deferred costs and credits on the balance sheet as regulatory assets and liabilities when it is probable that these costs and credits will be recognized in the ratemaking process in a period different from when the costs and credits are incurred. Accounting for such costs and credits is based on management's judgment and prior historical ratemaking practices, and it occurs when management determines that it is probable that these costs and credits will be recognized in the future revenue of Water Utility Services through the ratemaking process. The regulatory assets and liabilities recorded by Water Utility Services, in particular, San Jose Water Company, primarily relate to the recognition of deferred income taxes for ratemaking versus tax accounting purposes, balancing and memorandum accounts, postretirement pension benefits, medical costs, accrued benefits for vacation and asset retirement obligations that have not been passed through in rates. The Company adjusts the related asset and liabilities for these items through its regulatory asset and liability accounts at year-end, except for certain postretirement benefit costs and balancing and memorandum accounts which are adjusted monthly. The disallowance of any asset in future ratemaking, including deferred regulatory assets, would require San Jose Water Company to immediately recognize the impact of the costs for financial reporting purposes. No disallowances were recognized during the year-to-date period ended June 30, 2014 or during the year ended December 31, 2013.

#### Pension Plan Accounting

San Jose Water Company offers a Pension Plan, Executive Supplemental Retirement Plan, Cash Balance Executive Supplemental Retirement Plan and certain postretirement benefits other than pensions to employees retiring with a minimum level of service. Accounting for pensions and other postretirement benefits requires assumptions about the discount rate applied to expected benefit obligations, expected return on plan assets, the rate of future compensation increases expected to be received by the employees, mortality, turnover, and medical costs. Plan assets are marked to market at each reporting date.

#### **Income Taxes**

SJW Corp. estimates its federal and state income taxes as part of the process of preparing consolidated financial statements. The process involves estimating the actual current tax exposure together with assessing temporary differences resulting from different treatment of items for tax and accounting purposes, including the evaluation of the treatment acceptable in the water utility industry and regulatory environment. These differences result in deferred tax assets and liabilities, which are included on the balance sheet. If actual results, due to changes in the regulatory treatment, or significant changes in tax-related estimates or assumptions or changes in law, differ materially from these estimates, the provision for income taxes will be materially impacted.

#### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements:**

In May 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2014-09 which supersedes most of the current revenue recognition requirements, including most industry-specific guidance. The updated standard will become effective for us in the first quarter of fiscal 2017 and permits the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. Early adoption is not permitted. Management is currently evaluating the effect that the new standard will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

#### Results of Operations:

Water sales are seasonal in nature and influenced by weather conditions. The timing of precipitation and climatic conditions can cause seasonal water consumption by customers to vary significantly. Due to the seasonal nature of the water business, the operating results for interim periods are not indicative of the operating results for a 12-month period. Revenue is generally higher in the warm, dry summer months when water usage and sales are greater and lower in the winter months when cooler temperatures and increased rainfall curtail water usage and sales. Our service area in California is in the midst of a record drought. In response to this, Governor Edmund G. Brown Jr. proclaimed a State of Emergency and directed state officials to

take necessary actions to prepare for drought conditions. The SCVWD, our water wholesaler, has set a target of a 20% reduction for water use in 2014 in accordance with its adopted water shortage contingency plan and recommended that its retail water and municipal customers implement mandatory measures to meet the target. Effective March 31, 2014, San Jose Water Company received approval from the CPUC for a Mandatory Conservation Revenue Adjustment Memorandum Account to track any revenue shortfall and a Mandatory Conservation Memorandum Account to track operational and administrative costs associated with the implementation of the 20% conservation goal. Overview

SJW Corp.'s consolidated net income for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was \$6,846, a decrease of \$594 or approximately 8%, from \$7,440 for the same period in 2013. The decrease in net income was primarily due to reduced operating revenue as a result of decreased water usage from conservation efforts during the recent drought. The impact of the decrease of operating revenue on net income was partially offset by a gain on the sale of California Water Service Group stock as well as recognition of a State of California enterprise zone sales and use tax credit. SJW Corp.'s consolidated net income for the six months ended June 30, 2014 was \$7,752, a decrease of \$1,005 or approximately 11%, from \$8,757 for the same period in 2013. The decrease in net income was primarily due to an increase in groundwater extraction charges and related power costs due to the reduced availability of surface water as a result of the recent drought, partially offset by administrative and general expense cost savings, a gain on the sale of California Water Service Group stock, and recognition of a State of California enterprise zone sales and use tax credit. Operating Revenue

	Operating Revenue by Segment						
	Three mon	nths ended Jun	e 30, Six months	ended June	30,		
	2014	2013	2014	2013			
Water Utility Services	\$68,520	73,036	\$121,374	121,920	i		
Real Estate Services	1,836	1,194	3,578	2,449			
	\$70,356	74,230	\$124,952	124,369	1		
The change in consolidated operating revenues was du	e to the follow	ving factors:					
	Three mont		Six months e	nded			
	June 30,		June 30,				
	2014 vs. 20	13	2014 vs. 201	3			
	Increase/(de	crease)					
Water Utility Services:	·						
Consumption changes	\$(8,032	) (11	)%\$(4,751	) (4	)%		
New customers increase	463	1	% 770	<del></del>	%		
Rate increases	2,265	3	% 4,945	4	%		
Balancing and memorandum accounts	(155	) —	% (2,452	) (2	)%		
Texas general rate case refund	943	1	% 943	1	%		
Real Estate Services	642	1	% 1,128	1	%		
	\$(3,874	) (5	)%\$583		%		
Operating Expense							
	Operating	Expense by So	egment				
	Three mon	nths ended Jun	e 30, Six months	ended June	30,		
	2014	2013	2014	2013			
Water Utility Services	\$56,858	56,313	\$104,193	99,620			
Real Estate Services	1,055	748	2,077	1,558			
All Other	322	232	507	481			
	\$58,235	57,293	\$106,777	101,659	ł		

The change in consolidated operating expenses was due to the following factors:

	June 30, 2014 vs.	onths ended 2013 (decrease)	Six months of June 30, 2013 vs. 201 Increase/(de		
Water production expenses:					
Change in surface water use	\$778	1	% \$3,442	3	%
Change in usage and new customers	(2,866	) (5	)%(1,922	) (1	)%
Purchased water and groundwater extraction charge and energy price increase	2,672	5	% 4,286	4	%
Total water production expenses	584	1	% 5,806	6	%
Administrative and general	(575	) (1	)%(2,619	) (2	)%
Maintenance	140	1	% 214		%
Property taxes and other non-income taxes	41	_	% 296		%
Depreciation and amortization	752	1	% 1,421	1	%
-	\$942	2	% \$5,118	5	%

#### Sources of Water Supply

San Jose Water Company's water supply consists of groundwater from wells, surface water from watershed run-off and diversion, reclaimed water, and imported water purchased from the SCVWD under the terms of a master contract with SCVWD expiring in 2051. Surface water is the least expensive source of water. Changes and variations in quantities from each of these sources affect the overall mix of the water supply, thereby affecting the cost of the water supply. In addition, the water rate for purchased water and the groundwater extraction charge may be increased by the SCVWD at any time. If an increase occurs, then San Jose Water Company would file an advice letter with the CPUC seeking authorization to increase revenues to offset the cost increase.

CLWSC's water supply consists of groundwater from wells and purchased raw water from the Guadalupe-Blanco River Authority ("GBRA"). CLWSC has long-term agreements with the GBRA, which expire in 2040, 2044 and 2050. The agreements, which are take-or-pay contracts, provide CLWSC with an aggregate of 6,700 acre-feet of water per year from Canyon Lake and other sources at prices that may be adjusted periodically by GBRA.

The following table presents the change in sources of water supply, in million gallons, for Water Utility Services:

	Three mon June 30,	ths ended	Increase/	% ( 'h		Six months ended June 30,		Increase/		% Change	
	2014	2013	(decrease)			2014	2013	(decreas	se)		C
Purchased water	4,826	8,334	(3,508)	(25	)%	8,837	12,897	(4,060	)	(18	)%
Groundwater	7,578	5,109	2,469	18	%	12,239	7,623	4,616		21	%
Surface water	55	403	(348)	(3	)%	92	1,637	(1,545	)	(7	)%
Reclaimed water	207	229	(22)		%	282	265	17			%
	12,666	14,075	(1,409)	(10	)%	21,450	22,422	(972	)	(4	)%

The changes in the source of supply mix were consistent with the changes in the water production expenses. Unaccounted-for water on a 12-month-to-date basis for June 30, 2014 and 2013 approximated 6.9% and 5.5%, respectively, as a percentage of total production. The unaccounted-for water estimate is based on the results of past experience, the trend and efforts in reducing Water Utility Services' unaccounted-for water through main replacements and lost water reduction programs.

#### Water production expenses

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same periods in 2013, the increase in water production expenses was primarily attributable to a decrease in the use of available surface water supply and higher per unit costs for purchased water, groundwater extraction and energy charges. These increases were offset by a decrease in customer water usage. Effective July 2013, SCVWD increased the unit price of purchased water by approximately 8% and the groundwater extraction charge by approximately 9%. The Company has been notified by the SCVWD that the unit price of purchased water and the groundwater extraction charge has increased 9% and 10%,

respectively, effective July 1, 2014.

Other Operating Expenses

Operating expenses, excluding water production expenses, increased \$358 for the three months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same period in 2013. The increase was primarily attributable to an increase of \$752 in depreciation expense due to

increases in utility plant, \$140 increase in maintenance expenses, and an increase of \$41 in property taxes and other non-income taxes as a result of increased utility plant. This increase was offset by a \$575 decrease in administrative and general expenses due to payments incurred in the prior year relating to our Texas water supply project and a decrease in pension expense due to an increasing discount rate coupled with an increase in return on pension plan assets.

Operating expenses, excluding water production expenses, decreased \$688 for the for the six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same period in 2013. The decrease was primarily attributable to a \$2,619 decrease in administrative and general expenses due to payments incurred in the prior year relating to our Texas water supply project, a decrease in pension expense due to an increasing discount rate coupled with an increase in return on pension plan assets and lower recycled water retrofit program expenses. This decrease was offset by an increase of \$1,421 in depreciation expense and \$296 in property taxes and other non-income taxes as a result of increased utility plant, and an increase of \$214 in maintenance expenses.

#### Other (Expense) Income

For the three months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same period in 2013, the change in other (expense) income was primarily due to a \$2,017 pre-tax gain from the sale of California Water Service Group stock and a \$273 pre-tax gain from the sale of our Texas real estate property. No similar sales occurred in 2013. For the six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same period in 2013, the change in other (expense) income was primarily due to a \$2,017 pre-tax gain from the sale of California Water Service Group stock, partially offset by a decrease in the pre-tax gain from the sale of our Texas real estate property compared to the pre-tax gain recorded in the prior year on the sale of our Connecticut property.

#### **Provision for Income Taxes**

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same periods in 2013, income tax expense decreased \$2,099 and \$2,468, respectively, as a result of lower pre-tax income and the recognition of \$880 in California State enterprise zone sales and use tax credits related to tax years 2008 through 2012. The effective consolidated income tax rates were 31% and 41% for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and 32% and 41% for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

On September 13, 2013, the Department of Treasury and the Internal Revenue Service issued final tangible property regulations under provisions that generally are intended to simplify, clarify and make more administrable the 2011 temporary and proposed tangible property regulations. These regulations broadly apply to amounts to acquire, produce or improve tangible property, as well as dispositions of such property and determination of whether those amounts can be deducted or capitalized as part of the asset. The final regulations generally are effective for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2014. Certain provisions of the final regulations provide management with an annual election to follow the book policy for capitalization. Management is currently evaluating whether to pursue such elections and their impact on the financial statements.

#### Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The change in other comprehensive income (loss) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same periods in 2013 was due to a change in market value and sale of the Company's investment in California Water Service Group stock.

#### Water Supply

On July 1, 2014, SCVWD's 10 reservoirs were approximately 47% full with 78,979 acre-feet of water in storage. As reported by SCVWD, the rainfall was approximately 46% of the seasonal average for the rainfall season that commenced on July 1, 2013. As of June 30, 2014, San Jose Water Company's Lake Elsman contained 847 acre-feet of water, of which approximately 233 acre-feet can be utilized. In addition, the rainfall at San Jose Water Company's Lake Elsman was measured at 18.14 inches for the rainfall season that commenced on July 1, 2013 and ended on June 30, 2014, which is approximately 40% of the five-year average. Local surface water is a less costly source of water than groundwater or purchased water and its availability significantly impacts San Jose Water Company's results of operations. San Jose Water Company will utilize additional water from its portfolio of groundwater supplies in 2014, and believes that its various potable water sources will be sufficient to meet customer demand through the remainder of 2014.

In response to the driest year (2013) in recorded California state history, on January 17, 2014, Governor Edmund G. Brown Jr. proclaimed a State of Emergency and directed state officials to take necessary actions to prepare for drought conditions. On February 25, 2014, the SCVWD set a target of a 20% reduction in water use for 2014 in accordance with its adopted water shortage contingency plan and recommended that its retail water and municipal customers implement mandatory measures to meet the target. San Jose Water Company is actively coordinating with the SCVWD to meet the recommended reduction in water use. Effective March 1, 2014, the SCVWD reduced all treated water deliveries to 80% of monthly contract allocations through December 31, 2014. On March 31, 2014, San Jose Water Company received CPUC authorization to implement water conservation rules as defined in Tariff Rule 14.1. Rule 14.1 focuses primarily on outdoor water use which accounts for 50% of a typical customer's water usage. For the months of April and May, San Jose Water Company's regulated water usage was down

16% and 9%, respectively, compared to the same two months in 2013. SJW Corp. and San Jose Water Company, provide additional information on their web sites relating to ongoing water conservation measures taken or to be taken in response to the historical drought conditions in California, including information on customer water usage. The web sites are accessible at www.sjwater.com and www.sjwcorp.com. The Company intends to update the web sites as appropriate during the period in which the water shortage contingency plan of SCVWD remains in effect. CLWSC's water supply consists of groundwater from wells and purchased and treated raw water from the GBRA. CLWSC has long-term agreements with the GBRA, which expire in 2040, 2044 and 2050. The agreements, which are take-or-pay contracts, provide CLWSC with an aggregate of 6,700 acre-feet of water per year from Canyon Lake and other sources at prices that may be adjusted periodically by GBRA.

Regulation and Rates

Almost all of the operating revenue of San Jose Water Company results from the sale of water at rates authorized by the CPUC. The CPUC sets rates that are intended to provide revenue sufficient to recover operating expenses and the opportunity to achieve a specified return on common equity. The timing of rate decisions could have an impact on the results of operations.

On January 3, 2012, San Jose Water Company filed a general rate case application requesting rate increases of \$47,394, or 21.51% in 2013, \$12,963, or 4.87% in 2014, and \$34,797, or 12.59% in 2015. Parties to the proceeding filed open briefs on July 20, 2012 and reply briefs on August 7, 2012. On September 26, 2012, San Jose Water Company filed a motion for interim rate relief so that if a decision was not reached by the end of 2012, San Jose Water Company would be allowed to adopt interim rates, effective January 1, 2013, until a decision is adopted. To date a final decision has not been adopted and interim rates are currently in effect. Interim rates were set equal to fiscal year-end 2012 rates. Differences between interim rates and approved rates are tracked in a memorandum account and will be submitted for recovery or refund. On July 11, 2014, the CPUC issued a proposed decision in this application. The proposed decision recommends rate increases of \$22,063, or 9.79% in 2013, \$11,579, or 4.72% in 2014, and \$15,356, or 6.02% in 2015. A proposed decision is only a recommendation from the assigned Administrative Law Judge, is subject to comments from the public, and is not necessarily indicative of what will be adopted in the final decision. San Jose Water Company is currently reviewing the proposed decision and comments were due July 31, 2014. The earliest the proposed decision can be voted on by the CPUC is August 14, 2014. A final decision on this application is expected in the third quarter of 2014.

On February 28, 2014, San Jose Water Company submitted Advice Letter No. 456. In this advice letter, San Jose Water Company notified the CPUC that San Jose Water Company was implementing conservation Tariff Rule 14.1. The CPUC's Rule 14.1 provides voluntary conservation measures for customers, focusing primarily on outdoor water use which accounts for 50% of a typical customer's water usage. In addition, San Jose Water Company requested the implementation of a MCMA to track all operational and administrative costs associated with the implementation of Rule 14.1 and implementation of a MCRAMA to track any revenue shortfall associated with the implementation of the 20% conservation goal. The advice letter was approved on March 21, 2014 and the Rule 14.1 voluntary conservation measures, the MCMA, and MCRAMA all went into effect on March 31, 2014. San Jose Water Company will record the impact of the MCRAMA and MCMA regulatory accounts once probability of recovery can be determined and collection can be assured within 24 months of the year-end the revenue is recorded. On March 17, 2014, San Jose Water Company filed Advice Letter No. 457. In Advice Letter No. 457, San Jose Water Company requested authorization for a rate base offset for improvements to the Montevina Water Treatment Plant. In Decision 13-07-028, the CPUC authorized San Jose Water Company to file annual advice letters to include in rate base properly recorded costs of the Montevina Water Treatment Plant upgrade project. This filing was the first such advice letter. San Jose Water Company will file similar annual advice letters until the project is completed. The current advice letter filing requests authorization for a revenue increase of approximately \$123. This would result in an increase to rates of 0.05%. The CPUC authorized this increase, and the increase became effective on July 28, 2014. On May 23, 2014, San Jose Water Company filed Advice Letter No. 461 seeking authorization to increase revenue by \$9,400, or approximately 3.6% to offset increases to SCVWD groundwater production charges and treated water charges. The CPUC authorized this increase, and the increase became effective on July 1, 2014.

CLWSC is subject to regulation by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality ("TCEQ"). The TCEQ authorizes rate increases after the filing of an Application for a Rate/Tariff Change. Rate cases may be filed as they become necessary, provided there is no current rate case outstanding. Further, rate cases may not be filed more frequently than once every 12 months.

On August 27, 2010, CLWSC filed a rate case with the TCEQ. The filing contained a request for an immediate increase in revenue of 38% and a total increase of 71%. The new rates (38%) became effective on October 27, 2010. On August 21, 2013, the TCEQ issued a decision in the case that supported a rate base of \$38,000, a return on equity of 10.88%, and a 33% increase in revenue requirement. Since the rates authorized by the TCEQ are less than the interim rates, this resulted in a customer

refund of approximately \$1,000 for rate over-collections during the period of interim rates. In accordance with the TCEQ decision, the refund may be made over the same number of months that the customer paid the interim rates, or 33 months. This amount has been recorded as a regulatory liability and reduction of revenue during the year ended December 31, 2013. In November 2013, CLWSC filed an appeal of the TCEQ decision with the District Court of Travis County alleging certain errors in the final decision. The appeal is currently pending before the District Court. On October 3, 2013, CLWSC filed a rate case with the TCEQ. The filing contained a request for an average system-wide rate increase of 23.1%, or \$2,400. With the exception of customers served within the City of Bulverde, the new rates became effective on December 2, 2013. Subsequently, effective March 1, 2014, a rate settlement agreement was reached with the City of Bulverde with rate increases being phased-in over a 28-month period. Prior to approval by the TCEO, the new rates are subject to adjustment and refund for customers outside the City of Bulverde. A preliminary hearing in the matter for customers outside the City of Bulverde was completed on July 22, 2014, at which time an Administrative Law Judge allowed additional time until September 12, 2014 for the involved parties to attempt to reach a settlement. The Company has recognized the average 23.1% increase in accordance with ASC Topic 980 which provides guidance when a regulated entity is permitted to bill requested rate increases before the regulator has ruled on the request. If information becomes available that indicates it is probable that any of the average 23.1% rate increase will need to be refunded and the amount of refund can be reasonably estimated, a loss contingency shall be accrued. CLWSC has determined at this time that it is not probable that any of the rate increase will need to be refunded. Management does not anticipate that the final TCEQ decision will materially affect the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

#### Liquidity:

Cash Flow from Operating Activities

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, SJW Corp. generated cash flows from operations of approximately \$25,000, compared to \$27,000 for the same period in 2013. Cash flow from operations is primarily generated by net income from revenue producing activities, adjusted for non-cash expenses for depreciation and amortization, deferred income taxes, gains on the sale of assets, and changes in working capital items. Cash flow from operations decreased by approximately \$2,000. This decrease was caused by a combination of the following factors: (1) net income adjusted for non-cash items and gains from asset activity decreased \$4,700, (2) payments of amounts previously invoiced and accruals related to groundwater extraction charges and purchased water decreased by \$3,600, (3) collections of previously billed and accrued receivables, including the regulatory liability recorded in other current liabilities, increased by \$6,400, and (4) general working capital and postretirement benefit changes caused a \$100 decrease.

As of June 30, 2014, Water Utility Services' write-offs for uncollectible accounts represent less than 1% of its total revenue, unchanged from June 30, 2013. Management believes it will continue to collect its accounts receivable balances at its historical collection rate.

Cash Flow from Investing Activities

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, SJW Corp. used approximately \$48,200 of cash for company-funded capital expenditures, \$4,500 for developer-funded capital expenditures, and \$800 for acquisitions. These uses were offset by cash proceeds of \$4,300 from the sale of SJW Land Company's real estate investment in Texas and \$3,100 from the sale of California Water Service Group stock.

Water Utility Services' budgeted capital expenditures for 2014, exclusive of capital expenditures financed by customer contributions and advances, are \$88,600. As of June 30, 2014, approximately \$48,200 or 54% of the \$88,600 has been spent.

Water Utility Services' capital expenditures are incurred in connection with normal upgrading and expansion of existing facilities and to comply with environmental regulations. Over the next five years, Water Utility Services expects to incur approximately \$527,000 in capital expenditures, which includes replacement of pipes and mains, and maintaining water systems. This amount is subject to CPUC and TCEQ approval. Included in this amount is \$60,500 relating to upgrades to San Jose Water Company's 40-year old Montevina Water Treatment Plant. Capital expenditures have the effect of increasing utility plant on which Water Utility Services earns a return. Water Utility

Services actual capital expenditures may vary from their projections due to changes in the expected demand for services, weather patterns, actions by governmental agencies, and general economic conditions. Total additions to utility plant normally exceed Company-financed additions as a result of new facilities construction funded with advances from developers and contributions in aid of construction.

A substantial portion of San Jose Water Company's distribution system was constructed during the period from 1945 to 1980. Expenditure levels for renewal and modernization of this part of the system will grow at an increasing rate as these components reach the end of their useful lives. In most cases, replacement cost will significantly exceed the original installation cost of the retired assets due to increases in the costs of goods and services and increased regulation.

#### Cash Flow from Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2014 increased by approximately \$13,000 from the same period in the prior year, primarily as a result of an increase in net borrowings on the line of credit and long-term borrowings offset by the issuance of common stock in the prior year.

#### Sources of Capital:

San Jose Water Company's ability to finance future construction programs and sustain dividend payments depends on its ability to maintain or increase internally generated funds and attract external financing. The level of future earnings and the related cash flow from operations is dependent, in large part, upon the timing and outcome of regulatory proceedings.

San Jose Water Company's financing activity is designed to achieve a capital structure consistent with regulatory guidelines of approximately 49% debt and 51% equity. As of June 30, 2014, San Jose Water Company's funded debt and equity were approximately 45% and 55%, respectively.

Funding for San Jose Water Company's future capital expenditure program is expected to be provided primarily through internally-generated funds, the issuance of new long-term debt, the issuance of equity or the sale of all or part of our investment in California Water Service Group, all of which will be consistent with the regulator's guidelines. On January 24, 2014, San Jose Water Company entered into a note agreement (the "Note Agreement") with John Hancock Life Insurance Company (U.S.A.) and its affiliate (the "Purchaser"), pursuant to which San Jose Water Company agreed to sell an aggregate principal amount of \$50,000 of its 5.14% senior note, Series L (the "Notes") to the Purchaser. The senior note is an unsecured obligation of San Jose Water Company and is due on the date that is the 30th anniversary of the issuance of the senior note. Interest is payable semi-annually in arrears on March 1 and September 1 of each year. The Note Agreement contains customary representations and warranties. The Company has agreed to customary affirmative and negative covenants for as long as the Notes are outstanding, including, subject to certain exceptions and qualifications, among other things, limitation on indebtedness based on a specified debt to capitalization ratio and a net income to interest charge ratio. The Notes are subject to customary events of default, the occurrence of which may result in all of the Notes then outstanding becoming immediately due and payable. The consummation of the transaction contemplated under the Note Agreement is subject to customary closing conditions, including the execution and delivery of the Notes. The closing of the transaction is subject to customary conditions and is expected to occur on August 7, 2014.

SJW Corp.'s unsecured senior note agreement has terms and conditions that restrict SJW Corp. from issuing additional funded debt if: (1) the funded consolidated debt would exceed 66-2/3% of total capitalization, and (2) the minimum net worth of SJW Corp. becomes less than \$175,000 plus 30% of Water Utility Services cumulative net income, since June 30, 2011. As of June 30, 2014, SJW Corp. was not restricted from issuing future indebtedness as a result of these terms and conditions.

San Jose Water Company's unsecured senior note agreements generally have terms and conditions that restrict San Jose Water Company from issuing additional funded debt if: (1) the funded debt would exceed 66-2/3% of total capitalization, and (2) net income available for interest charges for the trailing 12-calendar-month period would be less than 175% of interest charges. As of June 30, 2014, San Jose Water Company's funded debt was 45% of total capitalization and the net income available for interest charges was 288% of interest charges. As of June 30, 2014, San Jose Water Company was not restricted from issuing future indebtedness as a result of these terms and conditions. San Jose Water Company's loan agreement with the California Pollution Control Financing Authority contains affirmative and negative covenants customary for a loan agreement relating to revenue bonds, including, among other things, complying with certain disclosure obligations and covenants relating to the tax exempt status of the interest on the bonds and limitations and prohibitions relating to the transfer of the projects funded by the loan proceeds and the assignment of the loan agreement. As of June 30, 2014, San Jose Water Company was in compliance with all such covenants.

SJWTX, Inc.'s unsecured senior note agreement has terms and conditions that restrict SJWTX, Inc. from issuing additional funded debt if: (1) the funded debt would exceed 66-2/3% of total capitalization, and (2) net income available for interest charges for the trailing 12-calendar-month period would be less than 175% of interest

charges. In addition, SJW Corp. is a guarantor of SJWTX, Inc.'s senior note which has terms and conditions that restrict SJW Corp. from issuing additional funded debt if: (1) the funded consolidated debt would exceed 66-2/3% of total capitalization, and (2) the minimum net worth of SJW Corp. becomes less than \$125,000 plus 30% of Water Utility Services cumulative net income, since December 31, 2005. As of June 30, 2014, SJWTX, Inc. and SJW Corp. were not restricted from issuing future indebtedness as a result of these terms and conditions.

As of June 30, 2014, SJW Corp. and its subsidiaries had unsecured bank lines of credit, allowing aggregate short-term borrowings of up to \$100,000, of which \$15,000 was available to SJW Corp. and SJW Land Company under a single line of credit and \$85,000 was available to San Jose Water Company under another line of credit. \$3,000 under the San Jose Water Company line of credit is set aside in the form of letters of credit for its Safe Drinking Water State Revolving Fund loans. At

June 30, 2014, SJW Corp. and its subsidiaries had available unused short-term bank lines of credit of \$44,800. These lines of credit bear interest at variable rates. They will expire on September 1, 2016. The cost of borrowing on SJW Corp.'s short-term credit facilities averaged 1.1% as of June 30, 2014. SJW Corp., on a consolidated basis, has the following affirmative covenants on its unsecured bank line of credit: (1) the funded debt cannot exceed 66-2/3% of total capitalization, and (2) net income available for interest charges for the trailing 12-calendar-month period cannot be less than 175% of interest charges. As of June 30, 2014, SJW Corp.'s funded debt was 51% of total capitalization and the net income available for interest charges was 267% of interest charges. As of June 30, 2014, SJW Corp. was in compliance with all covenants. San Jose Water Company's unsecured bank line of credit has the following affirmative covenants: (1) the funded debt cannot exceed 66-2/3% of total capitalization, and (2) net income available for interest charges for the trailing 12-calendar-month period cannot be less than 175% of interest charges. As of June 30, 2014, San Jose Water Company was in compliance with all covenants.

#### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

SJW Corp. is subject to market risks in the normal course of business, including changes in interest rates, pension plan asset values, and equity prices. The exposure to changes in interest rates can result from the issuance of debt and short-term funds obtained through the Company's variable rate lines of credit. San Jose Water Company sponsors a noncontributory pension plan for its employees. Pension costs and the funded status of the plan are affected by a number of factors including the discount rate and investment returns on plan assets. SJW Corp. also owned 259,151 shares of common stock of California Water Service Group as of June 30, 2014, which is listed on the New York Stock Exchange, and is therefore exposed to the risk of fluctuations and changes in equity prices.

SJW Corp. has no derivative financial instruments, financial instruments with significant off-balance sheet risks, or financial instruments with concentrations of credit risk.

#### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

SJW Corp.'s management, with the participation of its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of SJW Corp.'s disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the "Exchange Act"), as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that SJW Corp.'s disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report have been designed and are functioning effectively to provide reasonable assurance that the information required to be disclosed by SJW Corp. in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. SJW Corp. believes that a control system, no matter how well designed and operated, cannot provide absolute assurance that the objectives of the control system are met, and no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within a company have been detected.

There has been no change in internal control over financial reporting during the second fiscal quarter of 2014 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the internal controls over financial reporting of SJW Corp.

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

SJW Corp. is subject to ordinary routine litigation incidental to its business. There are no pending legal proceedings to which SJW Corp. or any of its subsidiaries is a party, or to which any of its properties is the subject, that are expected to have a material effect on SJW Corp.'s business, financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in the "Risk Factors" in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, and our other public filings, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. There have been no material changes from risk factors previously disclosed in "Risk Factors" in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

#### ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

On July 30, 2014, the Board of Directors of SJW Corp. declared the regular quarterly dividend of \$0.1875 per share of common stock. The dividend will be paid on September 2, 2014 to shareholders of record as of the close of business on August 11, 2014.

#### ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

See Exhibit Index located immediately following the Signatures of this document, which is incorporated herein by reference as required to be filed by Item 601 of Regulation S-K for the quarter ended June 30, 2014.

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

SJW CORP.

DATE: August 6, 2014 By: /s/ JAMES P. LYNCH

James P. Lynch

Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

(Principal financial officer)

## EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description
10.1	Second Amendment to Credit Agreement dated as of June 23, 2014 between San Jose Water Company and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, and Revolving Line of Credit Note dated June 23, 2014. Incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K filed on June 25, 2014.
10.2	Third Amendment to Credit Agreement dated as of August 1, 2014 between San Jose Water Company and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association. (1)
10.3	Second Amendment to Credit Agreement dated as of June 23, 2014 between SJW Corp., SJW Land Company and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, and Revolving Line of Credit Note dated June 23, 2014. Incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.2 to Form 8-K filed on June 25, 2014.
10.4	Third Amendment to Credit Agreement dated as of August 1, 2014 between SJW Corp., SJW Land Company and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association. (1)
31.1	Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) by Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer. (1)
31.2	Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) by Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer. (1)
32.1	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 by Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. (1)
32.2	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 by Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. (1)
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

<sup>(1)</sup> Filed currently herewith.