

CHINA NORTH EAST PETROLEUM HOLDINGS LTD  
Form 10QSB  
May 15, 2006

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB

**QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2006**

**TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 for the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_**

Commission file number 0-49846

**CHINA NORTH EAST PETROLEUM HOLDINGS LIMITED**

(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

Nevada

(State of other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

20337 Rimview Place, Walnut, California 91789

(Address of principal executive offices)

(909) 468-2840

(Issuer's telephone number)

87-0638750

(IRS Employer identification No.)

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.  
Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

Number of shares of common stock outstanding as of March 31, 2006: 18,524,080

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format: Yes  No

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**PART I**

**Item 1 Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

**CHINA NORTH EAST PETROLEUM HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet**  
*At March 31, 2006 (Unaudited)*

**ASSETS**

|  |    |           |
|--|----|-----------|
| <b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>  |    |           |
| Cash and cash equivalents  | \$ | 1,380     |
| Accounts receivable - due by a non-operating interest owner  |    | 767,672   |
| Other receivables and prepaid expenses   |    | 24,708    |
| Total Current Assets   |    | 793,760   |
| <b>OIL AND GAS PROPERTIES, NET</b>   |    | 4,561,998 |
| <b>FIXED ASSETS, NET</b>   |    | 206,718   |
| <b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>  | \$ | 5,562,476 |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY</b>   |    |           |
| <b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>   |    |           |
| Accounts payable   | \$ | 455,494   |
| Other payables and accrued liabilities   |    | 240,488   |
| Due to a stockholder   |    | 1,054,456 |
| Due to related parties   |    | 1,530,718 |
| Notes payable  |    | 375,000   |
| Other loans payable  |    | 25,000    |
| Income tax payable   |    | 711,597   |
| Total Current Liabilities  |    | 4,392,753 |
| <b>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</b>   |    |           |
| -  |    |           |
| <b>STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY</b>   |    |           |
| Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 50,000,000 shares authorized,<br>18,524,080 shares issued and outstanding |    | 18,524    |
| Additional paid-in capital   |    | 1,530,979 |
| Retained (deficits) earnings   |    |           |
| Unappropriated   |    | (374,274) |
| Appropriated   |    | 106,668   |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss   |    | (112,174) |
| Total Stockholders Equity  |    | 1,169,723 |
| <b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY</b>   | \$ | 5,562,476 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements

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## CHINA NORTH EAST PETROLEUM HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

### Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss

*For the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005 (Unaudited)*

|                      | March 31, 2006 | Restated<br>(Note 11)<br>March 31, 2005 |
|----------------------|----------------|---|
| <b>NET SALES</b>     | \$ 435,117     | \$ 351,113                              |
| <b>COST OF SALES</b> |                |   |
| Production costs     | 24,201         | 7,652                                   |
| Management fee       | 8,702          | 6,913                                   |
| Resource tax         | 2,730          | 2,083                                   |

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|   |                     |                  |
|---|---------------------|------------------|
| Depreciation - oil and gas properties                           | 30,114              | 31,608           |
| Gain on disposal of oil and gas properties                      | -                   | (1,455)          |
| Total Cost of Sales   | 65,747              | 46,801           |
| <b>GROSS PROFIT</b>   | <b>369,370</b>      | <b>304,312</b>   |
| <b>OPERATING EXPENSES</b>                                       |                     |                  |
| General and administrative expenses                             | 20,055              | 37,514           |
| Professional fees   | 30,773              | 3,500            |
| Consulting fee  | -                   | 948,000          |
| Depreciation - fixed assets                                     | 9,116               | 7,677            |
| Total Operating Expenses  | 59,944              | 996,691          |
| <b>INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS</b>                            | <b>309,426</b>      | <b>(692,379)</b> |
| <b>OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)</b>                                   |                     |                  |
| Other expenses  | (34)                | -                |
| Other income  | -                   | 1                |
| Interest expenses   | (52,089)            | (34,442)         |
| Interest income   | -                   | 8                |
| Total Other Expenses, net                                       | (52,123)            | (34,433)         |
| <b>INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS BEFORE TAXES</b>               | <b>257,303</b>      | <b>(726,812)</b> |
| <b>INCOME TAX EXPENSE</b>                                       | <b>102,816</b>      | <b>79,106</b>    |
| <b>NET INCOME (LOSS)</b>  | <b>\$ 154,487\$</b> | <b>(805,918)</b> |
| <b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS</b>                                 |                     |                  |
| Foreign currency translation loss                               | (28,275)            | -                |
| <b>COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)</b>                              | <b>\$ 126,212\$</b> | <b>(805,918)</b> |
| <b>Net income (loss) per share-basic and diluted</b>            | <b>\$ 0.01</b>      | <b>\$ (0.04)</b> |
| Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period |                     |                  |
| basic and diluted   | 18,346,302          | 18,687,580       |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements

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**CHINA NORTH EAST PETROLEUM HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

***For the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005 (Unaudited)***

|   | 2006       | Restated<br>(Note 11)<br>2005 |
|---|------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>                 |            |                               |
| Net income (loss)   | \$ 154,487 | \$ (805,918)                  |
| Adjusted to reconcile net income to cash (used in) provided |            |                               |
| by operating activities:                                    |            |                               |
| Depreciation of oil and gas properties                      | 30,114     | 31,608                        |
| Depreciation of fixed assets                                | 9,116      | 7,677                         |
| Stocks issued for services                                  | 27,773     | 948,000                       |
| Imputed interest expenses                                   | 38,770     | 34,442                        |
| Gain on disposal of oil and gas properties                  | -          | (1,455)                       |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities                 |            |                               |

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|   |           |           |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| (Increase) decrease in:   |           |           |
| Accounts receivable from a non-operating interest owner         | (417,095) | -         |
| Other receivables and prepaid expenses                          | 19,908    | 335       |
| Increase (decrease) in:   |           |           |
| Accounts payable  | (108,283) | (2,238)   |
| Other payables and accrued liabilities                          | (24,425)  | (14,146)  |
| Income tax payable  | 108,097   | 79,106    |
| Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities             | (161,538) | 277,411   |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>                     |           |           |
| Proceeds on disposal of oil and gas properties                  | -         | 182,005   |
| Purchase of oil and gas properties                              | (45,984)  | -         |
| Purchase of fixed assets  | (5,012)   | -         |
| Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities             | (50,996)  | 182,005   |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>                     |           |           |
| Increase in notes payable                                       | 3,253     | -         |
| Decrease in other loans payable                                 | (18,371)  | -         |
| Increase (decrease) in due to a director and a stockholder      | 15,890    | (182,005) |
| Increase in due to related parties                              | 234,956   | -         |
| Decrease in due to a non-operating interest owner               | -         | (275,263) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities             | 235,728   | (457,268) |
| <b>EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE ON CASH</b>                          | (28,275)  | -         |
| <b>NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>     | (5,081)   | 2,148     |
| <b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD</b>         | 6,461     | 787       |
| <b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD</b>               | \$ 1,380  | \$ 2,935  |
| <b><u>SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:</u></b> |           |           |
| Cash paid during the period for:                                |           |           |
| Interest expenses   | \$ 13,319 | \$ -      |

**SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NON-CASH OPERATING ACTIVITIES:**

During 2006, the Company issued 250,000 shares of common stock valued at \$87,500 for legal services.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements

CHINA NORTH EAST PETROLEUM HOLDINGS LIMITED

AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF MARCH 31, 2006

(UNAUDITED)

**NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

In the opinion of management, the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments consisting only of normal recurring accruals considered necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position at March 31, 2006, the results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, and cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005. The results for the three months ended March 31, 2006 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the entire fiscal year ending December 31, 2006.

These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual report on Form 10-KSB as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

**NOTE 2 ORGANIZATION**

China North East Petroleum Holdings Limited ( North East Petroleum ) is a US listed company which was incorporated in Nevada on August 20, 1999 under the name of Draco Holding Corporation ( Draco ). Draco was authorized to issue 20,000,000 shares of common stock of \$0.001 par value.

Hong Xiang Petroleum Group Limited ( Hong Xiang Petroleum Group ) was incorporated in the British Virgin Islands ( BVI ) on August 28, 2003 as an investment holding company.

On December 5, 2003, Song Yuan City Hong Xiang Petroleum Technical Services Co., Ltd. ( Hong Xiang Technical ) was incorporated in the People's Republic of China ( PRC ) as a limited liability company with a registered capital of \$484,000. Hong Xiang Technical provides technical advisory services to oil and gas exploration companies in the PRC.

During 2004, Hong Xiang Petroleum Group acquired a 100% ownership of Hong Xiang Technical.

During 2004, Hong Xiang Technical acquired a 100% interest in Song Yuan City Yu Qiao Qianan Hong Xiang Oil and Gas Development Co., Ltd. ( Hong Xiang Oil Development ), a limited liability company incorporated on April 1, 2003 in the PRC with a registered capital of \$604,800. Hong Xiang Oil Development is engaged in the exploration and production of crude oil in Jilin Oil Region, the PRC.

On March 29, 2004, Draco executed a Plan of Exchange ( the Agreement ) with all the stockholders of Hong Xiang Petroleum Group to exchange 18,700,000 shares of common stock of Draco for 100% of the outstanding shares of Hong Xiang Petroleum Group.

The Agreement was consummated on April 30, 2004. As a result of the Agreement, the exchange of shares with Hong Xiang Petroleum Group have been accounted for as a reverse acquisition under the purchase method of accounting since the stockholders of Hong Xiang Petroleum Group obtained control of the consolidated entity ( North East Petroleum ). Accordingly, the merger of North East Petroleum and Hong Xiang Petroleum Group has been recorded as a recapitalization by Hong Xiang Petroleum Group, with Hong Xiang Petroleum Group being treated as the continuing entity. The financial statements have been prepared as if the reorganization had occurred retroactively.

Accordingly, the financial statements include the following:

- a) The balance sheet consists of the net assets of the acquirer at historical cost and the net assets of the acquiree at historical cost; and
- b) The statements of operations include the operations of the acquirer for the years presented and the operations of the acquiree from the date of the merger.

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**CHINA NORTH EAST PETROLEUM HOLDINGS LIMITED**

**AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**AS OF MARCH 31, 2006**

**(UNAUDITED)**

**NOTE 2 ORGANIZATION (CONTINUED)**

On June 28, 2004, the Articles of Incorporation of Draco were amended to change its name to China North East Petroleum Holdings Limited and to increase its authorized shares of common stock from 20,000,000 to 50,000,000.

North East Petroleum, Hong Xiang Petroleum Group, Hong Xiang Technical and Hong Xiang Oil Development are hereafter referred to as ( the Company ).

**NOTE 3 PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION**

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for 2006 and 2005 include the financial statements of North East Petroleum and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Hong Xiang Petroleum Group, Hong Xiang Technical and Hong Xiang Oil Development. All significant inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

**NOTE 4 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE DUE BY A NON-OPERATING INTEREST OWNER**

Pursuant to the terms of the Contract, all payments by the Sub-Owner for sales of the Company's crude oil are paid to the non-operating interest owner, who forwards the payment to the Company after deducting its management fee. As of March 31, 2006, the non-operating interest owner owed the Company \$767,672 in payments that it has yet to forward to the Company. On April 12, 2006, the Company and the non-operating interest owner entered into a settlement agreement pursuant to which the non-operating interest owner agreed to pay to the Company all amounts that the non-operating interest owner owes to the Company by May 30, 2006. In the event that the non-operating interest owner breaches its agreement, a related party has guaranteed the non-operating interest owner's payment.

No allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded as of March 31, 2006 as the debt owed by the non-operating interest owner is guaranteed by a related party.

**NOTE 5 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

- a) As of March 31, 2006, the Company owed a stockholder \$1,054,456 for short-term advances. Imputed interest is charged at 6% per annum on the amount due.
- b) As of March 31, 2006, the Company owed a related party \$1,297,802 for short-term advances. Imputed interest is charged at 6% per annum on the amount due. The related party also guarantees the debts owed by a non-operating interest owner to the Company.
- c) As of March 31, 2006, the Company owed two related companies \$232,916 for short-term advances. Imputed interest is charged at 6% per annum on the amounts due.
- d) Total interest expenses payable to a director, a stockholder and related parties amounted to \$38,770 and \$34,442 for the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005 respectively.
- e) The Company paid a stockholder \$3,000 for leased office spaces for the three months ended March 31, 2006.

**CHINA NORTH EAST PETROLEUM HOLDINGS LIMITED**

**AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**AS OF MARCH 31, 2006**

**(UNAUDITED)**

**NOTE 6 NOTES PAYABLE**

Notes payable consists of the following:

|   | March 31,<br>2006<br>(Unaudited) |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Note payable to a bank, interest rate of 10.44%<br>per annum, guaranteed by a related company,<br>due January 2006 and extended to January 2007 | \$ 125,000                       |
| Note payable to a bank, interest rate of 11.16%<br>per annum, secured by a property owned<br>by a stockholder, due July 2006                    | 250,000<br>\$ 375,000            |

Interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2006 was \$10,238.

**NOTE 7 OTHER LOANS PAYABLE**

This represents short-term loans advanced by third parties to the Company in October 2005. Interest is charged at 3.6% per annum.

Interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2006 was \$3,081.

**NOTE 8 STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY**

Stock issued for services

During March 6, 2006, the Company issued 250,000 shares of common stock for legal services. The stock was valued at the closing price on the date of grant of \$0.35 per share, yielding an aggregate value of \$87,500. The Company recognized expense of \$27,773 during the quarter and applied the balance of \$59,727 against accrued liabilities.

**NOTE 9 CONCENTRATIONS AND RISKS**

During the first quarter of 2006, 100% of the Company's assets were located in China and 100% of the Company's revenues were derived from a company located in China.

**NOTE 10 SUBSEQUENT EVENT**

On May 5, 2006, the Company entered into an agreement (the Agreement) with a third party for the drilling of twenty wells in the Company's Qian'an Oil Field Zone 112 for \$2,350,000. The Company shall pay to the third party an amount of \$37,500 for the drilling of each well prior to commencement, with the remaining balance to be paid in equal monthly installments over twelve months upon completion. Unless extended by mutual agreement, this drilling project shall be completed before December 31, 2006.

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**CHINA NORTH EAST PETROLEUM HOLDINGS LIMITED**

**AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**AS OF MARCH 31, 2006**

**(UNAUDITED)**

**NOTE 11 RESTATEMENT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

On March 24, 2006, the Company's Board of Directors determined that its proved oil and gas reserves for the periods prior to September 30, 2005 were materially overstated as a result of reliance on reserve estimates that did not comply with the Securities and Exchange Commission's Industry Guide 2 and with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Management of the Company recently revised its estimates of proved oil and gas reserves based on the Estimated Net Reserves and Income Data Report dated March 29, 2006 prepared by R.A. Lenser and Associates, Inc., an energy consulting firm, for the 2003 to 2005 fiscal years. Management believes that the new reserve estimates have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Commission's Industry Guide 2 and with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Restatement of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2005 (2005 first quarter Financial Statements) is necessary because the reserve estimates, resulted in inappropriate characterization of other results in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet at March 31, 2005 and Consolidated Statement of Operations and Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2005 including, without limitation, depreciation of oil and gas properties. As a result, the net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2005 was understated by \$15,911. The oil and gas properties at March 31, 2005 were overstated by \$23,747 and income tax payable at March 31, 2005 was overstated by \$7,836. Accordingly, the Company has restated its previously issued 2005 first quarter Financial Statements to give effect to the new reserve estimates.

Statement of Operations

March 31,  
2005

March 31,  
2005

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|  | (As Previously<br>Reported) | (As Restated) |
|--|-----------------------------|---------------|
| Net sales  | \$ 351,113                  | \$ 351,113    |
| Cost of sales  | (24,509)                    | (48,256)      |
| Gross profit   | 326,604                     | 302,857       |
| Operating expenses   | (996,691)                   | (996,691)     |
| Loss from operations   | (670,087)                   | (693,834)     |
| Other (expenses) income  | (32,978)                    | (32,978)      |
| Loss before taxes  | (703,065)                   | (726,812)     |
| Income tax expenses  | (86,942)                    | (79,106)      |
| Net loss   | (790,007)                   | (805,918)     |
| Net loss per share-basic and diluted   | \$ (0.04)                   | \$ (0.04)     |
| Weighted average number of shares outstanding<br>during the period-basic and diluted | 18,687,580                  | 18,687,580    |

|  | March 31,<br>2005<br>(As Previously<br>Reported) | March 31,<br>2005<br>(As Restated) |
|--|--|------------------------------------|
| Balance sheet                                |  |                                    |
| Current assets                               | \$ 25,655  | \$ 25,655                          |
| Oil and gas properties and fixed assets, net | 4,851,046  | 4,827,299                          |
| Total assets                                 | 4,876,701  | 4,852,954                          |
| Liabilities                                  | 3,976,045  | 3,968,209                          |
| Stockholders' equity                         |  |                                    |
| Common stock                                 | 18,274   | 18,274                             |
| Additional paid-in capital                   | 1,301,185  | 1,301,185                          |
| Retained deficits                            | (418,803)  | (434,714)                          |
|  | 900,656  | 884,745                            |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity   | \$ 4,876,701                                     | \$ 4,852,954                       |

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**ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.**

The following discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this report. This discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Forward-looking statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historic or current facts. They use words such as anticipate, estimate, project, intend, plan, believe and other words and terms of similar meaning in connection with any discussion of future operating or financial performance. In particular, these include statements relating to:

Our expectation of continued growth in the demand for our oil;

Our expectation that we will continue to have adequate liquidity from cash flows from operations;

A variety of market, operational, geologic, permitting, labor and weather related factors; and

The other risks and uncertainties which are described below under **RISK FACTORS**, including, but not limited to, the following:

Unanticipated conditions may cause profitability to fluctuate.

Decreases in purchases of oil by our customer will adversely affect our revenues.

**Overview**

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We are engaged in the extraction and production of crude oil in Jilin Province, People's Republic of China, through Song Yuan City Hong Xiang Petroleum Services Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Hong Xiang organized and existing under the laws of the People's Republic of China. The oil field is designated Jilin Qian'an Oil Field Zone 112 ( Qian'an 112 ), located approximately 9 kilometers southwest of Qian'an City with a total exploration area of 20.7 square kilometers. Pursuant to a 20-year exclusive Cooperative Exploration Contract (the Exploration Contract ) among PetroChina Group, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the People's Republic of China ( PetroChina ), Song Yuan City Yu Qiao Oil and Gas Exploration Limited Corp., a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the People's Republic of China ( Yu Qiao ) and the Company, we have the right to explore, develop (including well logging, drill-stem testing and core sampling) and pump oil at Qian'an 112. Pursuant to the Exploration Contract, PetroChina is entitled to 20% of our output in the first ten years and 40% of our output thereafter until the end of the Exploration Contract; and Yu Qiao is entitled to 2% of our output as a management fee for managing the process of oil production. The Company sells all of its current oil production to PetroChina.

In connection with the Exploration Contract, Yu Qiao advanced the Company 28,001,602 RMB (approximately \$3,452,725) for equipment and materials to develop the Company's initial 20 wells (the Advance ). The Company and Yu Qiao agreed that until the Advance was repaid in full, 100% of the Company's revenues from the sale of crude oil to PetroChina would be retained by Yu Qiao. As of September 30, 2005, the Company repaid the Advance in full.

In addition, pursuant to the terms of the Exploration Contract, all payments by PetroChina for sales of the Company's crude oil are paid to Yu Qiao, who forwards the payment to the Company after deduction of its management fee. As of March 31, 2006, Yu Qiao owed the Company 6,141,378 RMB (approximately \$767,672) in payments that it has yet to forward to the Company. On April 12, 2006, the Company and Yu Qiao entered into a settlement agreement pursuant to which Yu Qiao agreed to pay to the Company all amounts that Yu Qiao currently owes to the Company by May 30, 2006. In the event that Yu Qiao breaches its agreement, a related party has guaranteed Yu Qiao's payment.

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In addition, the Company is currently negotiating with PetroChina to have all payments for crude oil sales delivered directly to the Company. The Company expects this agreement to be effective by the end of the third quarter. However, until such time as this agreement is effective, all payments by PetroChina will continue to be paid directly to Yu Qiao. Yu Qiao has represented to the Company that it will forward to the Company its portion of these payments monthly.

As a result of the terms of the Exploration Contract and Yu Qiao's failure to forward payments to the Company, the Company has lacked liquidity. As a result the Company has been forced to defer oil well maintenance, which reduced the Company's oil production in 2005 by approximately 30% over production levels in 2004.

The Company's reduced production has been offset by higher crude oil prices. The Company is paid the FOB price on the first day of each month established by the Singapore crude oil spot market. Prices in 2005 averaged 3,400 RMB per ton or approximately \$61.00 per barrel, which represents an increase of 146% over 2004.

Our cost of net revenues consists of cost of labor, well service and repair, location maintenance, power and fuel, transportation, oil and gas disposal fees, costs related to underpit operations and production related general and administrative costs.

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of salaries and related expenses for executive, finance, accounting, information technology, facilities and human resources personnel, recruiting expenses, professional fees and costs associated with expanding our information systems.

### Results of Operations

**Three Months Ended March 31, 2006 Compared To Three Months Ended March 31, 2005**

Revenues. Revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2006 increased by 24% from \$351,113 for the three months ended March 31, 2005 to \$435,117 for the three months ended March 31, 2006. The increase in revenues resulted from higher crude oil prices. The average selling price of crude oil for the first quarter of 2006 is 3,514.67 RMB, in comparison to the same period of 2005 when the price was 2,499.33 RMB.

Cost of sales. Cost of sales increased by 40% from \$46,801 for the three months ended March 31, 2005 to \$65,747 for the three months ended March 31, 2006. The increase in cost of sales resulted primarily from extra oil and gas disposal fee and sales management fee charged by PetroChina.

Operating Expenses. Operating expenses decreased for \$936,747 as of the three months ended March 31, 2006 from \$996,691 for the three months ended March 31, 2005 to \$59,944 for the three months ended March 31, 2006 primarily as a result of elimination of consulting fees.

**LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES**

As of March 31, 2006, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$1,380, other current assets of \$793,760 and current liabilities of approximately \$4.4 million. As a result of the Company's agreement with Yu Qiao, 100% of the Company's revenues from the sale of oil to PetroChina has been paid to Yu Qiao. As of March 31, 2006, however, the Company has repaid in full this obligation. To date, the Company has financed its operations primarily from borrowings from the Company's certain related parties and a stockholder. As of March 31, 2006, the Company owed approximately \$2.6 million to these individuals.

In addition, on July 15, 2005 and September 22, 2005 the Company secured two bank loans in the amounts of \$250,000 and \$125,000, respectively. These loans are due and payable in full on July 15, 2006 and January 22, 2007, respectively. The Company's primary use of cash has been the repayment of outstanding obligations to Yu Qiao. With Yu Qiao paid off at the end of the third quarter of 2005, the Company's cash flows are expected to improve.

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As a result of the Company's lack of liquidity to date, the Company has deferred oil well repair and maintenance, which has had a negative impact on the Company's oil production and revenues. As the Company's cash flows improve, the Company is expected to use a significant portion of its cash for costs and expenses necessary to maintain continued operations. In addition, the Company expects to use internally generated net cash provided by operation activities to construct new wells at Qian'an 112.

In order to develop additional wells, the Company may also consider a number of different financing opportunities. Adequate funds may not be available on terms acceptable to us. If additional funds are raised through the issuance of equity securities, dilution to existing stockholders may result. If funding is insufficient at any time in the future, we may be unable to develop additional oil wells, take advantage of other business opportunities or respond to competitive pressures, any of which could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

The Company has no outstanding commitments for capital expenditures. The Company does not currently have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

**Recent Events**

On July 15, 2005 and September 22, 2005 the Company entered into two Loan Agreements with Songyuan City Wulan Da Jie Cheng Shi Xin Yong She, a financial institution, pursuant to which the Company borrowed \$250,000 and \$125,000, respectively. These loans are due and payable on July 15, 2006 and January 22, 2007, respectively. The loan due July 15, 2006 is secured by property owned by the Company's president Wang, Hongjun.

**RISK FACTORS**

Our business is subject to certain risks, and we want you to review these risks while you are evaluating our business and our historical results. Please keep in mind that any of the following risks discussed below and elsewhere in this Annual Report could materially and adversely affect us, our operating results, our financial condition and our projections and beliefs as to our future performance. As such, our results could differ materially from those projected in our forward-looking statements. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or those we currently deem to be immaterial may also materially and adversely affect our business.

## **RISKS RELATED TO OUR BUSINESS**

### **We Currently Lack Liquidity**

As of March 31, 2006, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$1,380, other current assets of \$793,760 and current liabilities of approximately \$4.4 million, including approximately \$400,000 in outstanding loans. As a result of our agreement with Yu Qiao, to date, all of our revenues have been paid to Yu Qiao and we have obtained operating capital through borrowing transactions. In addition, pursuant to the terms of our oil exploration contract, all payments by PetroChina for crude oil are paid to Yu Qiao, who forwards the payment to the Company after deduction of its management fee. Yu Qiao has failed to forward payments to the Company on a timely basis and as of March 31, 2006 owed the Company approximately US\$767,672. If Yu Qiao continues to withhold payment or fails to deliver future payments on a timely basis, the Company's liquidity will continue to be materially negatively impacted. As a result, we may need to raise additional working capital to continue to fund operations in the short term. There is no assurance that we will be able to raise additional working capital at all or on terms favorable to our stockholders or us. If we are unable to raise additional working capital, we will need to reduce our costs, which may require us to reduce operations, personnel and overhead, which would have an adverse effect on our business.

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### **We May Need To Raise Substantial Additional Capital, Which May Result In Substantial Dilution To Existing Stockholders.**

In order to fully develop and exploit the Company's oil reserves and to execute on our business plan, the Company may need substantial additional capital. The Company is currently considering possible sources of this additional capital, including raising capital through the issuance of debt or equity securities. There can be no assurance that we will be able to raise sufficient additional capital at all or on terms favorable to our stockholders or us. If we issue equity securities in order to raise additional capital in the amounts currently contemplated, the stockholders will experience immediate and substantial dilution in their ownership percentage of the combined company. In addition, to raise the capital we need, we may need to issue additional shares at a discount to the current market price. If the terms of such financing are unfavorable to us or our stockholders, the stockholders may experience substantial dilution in the net tangible book value of their stock. In addition, any new equity securities may have rights, preferences or privileges senior to those of existing holders of common stock. If we cannot raise funds on acceptable terms, we may not be able to fully develop or exploit our existing oil reserves, take advantage of future opportunities or respond to competitive pressures or unanticipated requirements all of which could have a material adverse effect on us.

### **Fluctuation in Crude Oil Prices**

Our revenues are subject to the prevailing worldwide price for crude oil and spot prices. Prices received for oil and gas production have been and remain volatile and unpredictable. If oil prices decline significantly, even if only for a short period of time, the Company's revenues and cash flows would be materially adversely affected.

### **Fluctuations in Production; Profitability**

In order to maximize production, our drilling operations require constant maintenance. Due to our lack of liquidity, the Company has been forced to defer maintenance, which has had a negative impact on the Company's oil production. In addition, our oil drilling and pumping operations are inherently subject to changing conditions that can affect levels of production and production costs for varying lengths of time and can result in decreases in our profitability. In addition, weather conditions, equipment replacement or repair, fires, variations in thickness of the drilling layer and other geological conditions can be expected in the future to have, a significant impact on our operating results. We have experienced disruption of oil production due to deferred maintenance, which has adversely affected our revenues. If we continue to be unable to meet the maintenance requirements due to lack of liquidity or otherwise, prolonged disruption of production could result, which would result in a decrease in our revenues and profitability. Other factors affecting the production and sale of our oil that could result in decreases in our profitability include:

- changes in laws or regulations, including permitting requirements;
- litigation;
- work stoppages or other labor difficulties;
- labor shortages;
- changes in oil market and general economic conditions.

### **Environmental and Regulatory Factors**

The oil drilling industry in China to date has not been subject to the type and scope of regulation seen in Europe and the United States. However, the possibility exists that new legislation or regulations may be adopted or that the enforcement of existing laws could become more stringent, either of which may have a significant impact on our mining operations or our customers' ability to use oil and may require us or our customers to significantly change operations or to incur substantial costs. We believe that our operations in China are in compliance with China's applicable legal and regulatory requirements. However, there can be no assurance that China's central or local governments will not impose new, stricter regulations or interpretations of existing regulations that would require additional expenditures.

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### **Reserve Degradation and Depletion**

Our profitability depends substantially on our ability to exploit our oil reserves at competitive costs. Replacement reserves may not be available when required or, if available, may not be capable of being drilled at costs comparable to those characteristics of the depleting oil field. We may in the future acquire oil reserves from third parties. We may not be able to accurately assess the geological characteristics of any reserves that we acquire, which may adversely affect our profitability and financial condition. Exhaustion of reserves at Qian'an 112 and at oil fields that we may acquire in the future can also have an adverse effect on operating results that is disproportionate to the percentage of overall production represented by such mines.

### **Reserves Title; Leasehold Interests**

Our proved reserves are estimates. Any material inaccuracies in our reserve estimates or assumptions underlying our reserve estimates could cause the quantities and net present value of our reserves to be overstated or understated.

There are numerous uncertainties inherent in estimating quantities of proved reserves, including many factors beyond our control that could cause the quantities and net present value of our reserves to be overstated. The reserve information included or incorporated by reference in this report represents estimates prepared by our internal engineers and examined by independent petroleum consultants. Estimation of reserves is not an exact science. Estimates of economically recoverable oil and natural gas reserves and of future net cash flows necessarily depend upon a number of variable factors and assumptions, any of which may cause these estimates to vary considerably from actual results, such as:

historical production from an area compared with production from similar producing areas;  
assumed effects of regulation by governmental agencies;  
assumptions concerning future oil and natural gas prices, future operating costs and capital expenditures; and  
estimates of future severance and excise taxes, workover and remedial costs.

Estimates of reserves based on risk of recovery and estimates of expected future net cash flows prepared or audited by different engineers, or by the same engineers at different times, may vary substantially. Actual production, revenues and expenditures with respect to our reserves will likely vary from estimates, and the variance may be material. The net present values referred to in this report should not be construed as the current market value of the estimated oil reserves attributable to our properties. In accordance with SEC requirements, the estimated discounted net cash flows from proved reserves are generally based on prices and costs as of the date of the estimate, whereas actual future prices and costs may be materially higher or lower.

### **Acquisitions**

We are seeking to expand our operations and oil reserves in the regions in which we operate through acquisitions of businesses and assets, including leases of oil reserves. Acquisition transactions involve inherent risks, such as:

uncertainties in assessing the value, strengths, weaknesses, contingent and other liabilities and potential profitability of acquisition or other transaction candidates;

the potential loss of key personnel of an acquired business;

the ability to achieve identified operating and financial synergies anticipated to result from an acquisition or other transaction;

problems that could arise from the integration of the acquired business;

unanticipated changes in business, industry or general economic conditions that affect the assumptions underlying the acquisition or other transaction rationale; and

unexpected development costs, that adversely affect our profitability.

Any one or more of these factors could cause us not to realize the benefits anticipated to result from the acquisition of businesses or assets.

#### **RISKS RELATED TO DOING BUSINESS IN CHINA**

**Our operations are primarily located in China and may be adversely affected by changes in the policies of the Chinese government.**

The political environment in the PRC may adversely affect the Company's business operations. The PRC has operated as a socialist state since 1949 and is controlled by the Communist Party of China. In recent years, however, the government has introduced reforms aimed at creating a socialist market economy and policies have been implemented to allow business enterprises greater autonomy in their operations. Changes in the political leadership of the PRC may have a significant effect on laws and policies related to the current economic reforms program, other policies affecting business and the general political, economic and social environment in the PRC, including the introduction of measures to control inflation, changes in the rate or method of taxation, the imposition of additional restrictions on currency conversion and remittances abroad, and foreign investment. These effects could substantially impair the Company's business, profits or prospects in China. Moreover, economic reforms and growth in the PRC have been more successful in certain provinces than in others, and the continuation or increases of such disparities could affect the political or social stability of the PRC.

**The Chinese government exerts substantial influence over the manner in which the company must conduct its business activities.**

The PRC only recently has permitted greater provincial and local economic autonomy and private economic activities. The government of the PRC has exercised and continues to exercise substantial control over virtually every sector of the Chinese economy through regulation and state ownership. Accordingly, government actions in the future, including any decision not to continue to support recent economic reforms and to return to a more centrally planned economy or regional or local variations in the implementation of economic policies, could have a significant effect on economic conditions in the PRC or particular regions thereof, and could require the Company to divest the interests it then holds in Chinese properties or joint ventures. Any such developments could have a material adverse effect on the business, operations, financial condition and prospects of the Company.

**Future inflation in China may inhibit economic activity and adversely affect the Company's operations.**

In recent years, the Chinese economy has experienced periods of rapid expansion and within which some years with high rates of inflation and deflation, which have led to the adoption by the PRC government, from time to time, of various corrective measures designed to restrict the availability of credit or regulate growth and contain inflation. While inflation has moderated since 1995, high inflation may in the future cause the PRC government to impose controls on credit and/or prices, or to take other action, which could inhibit economic activity in China, and thereby adversely affect the Company's business operations and prospects in the PRC.

**We may be restricted from freely converting the Renminbi to other currencies in a timely manner.**

The Renminbi is not a freely convertible currency at present. The Company receives all of its revenue in Renminbi, which may need to be converted to other currencies, primarily U.S. dollars, and remitted outside of the PRC. Effective July 1, 1996, foreign currency "current account" transactions by foreign investment enterprises, including Sino-foreign joint ventures, are no longer subject to the approval of State Administration of Foreign Exchange ("SAFE," formerly, "State Administration of Exchange Control"), but need only a ministerial review, according to the Administration of the Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Provisions promulgated in 1996 (the "FX regulations"). "Current account" items include international commercial transactions, which occur on a regular basis, such as those relating to

trade and provision of services. Distributions to joint venture parties also are considered a "current account transaction."

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Other non-current account items, known as capital account items, remain subject to SAFE approval. Under current regulations, the Company can obtain foreign currency in exchange for Renminbi from swap centers authorized by the government. The Company does not anticipate problems in obtaining foreign currency to satisfy its requirements; however, there is no assurance that foreign currency shortages or changes in currency exchange laws and regulations by the Chinese government will not restrict the Company from freely converting Renminbi in a timely manner. If such shortages or change in laws and regulations occur, the Company may accept Renminbi, which can be held or re-invested in other projects.

**Future fluctuation in the value of the Renminbi may negatively affect the Company's ability to convert its return on operations to U.S. dollars in a profitable manner and its sales globally.**

Until 1994, the Renminbi experienced a gradual but significant devaluation against most major currencies, including U.S. dollars, and there was a significant devaluation of the Renminbi on January 1, 1994 in connection with the replacement of the dual exchange rate system with a unified managed floating rate foreign exchange system. Since 1994, the value of the Renminbi relative to the U.S. Dollar has remained stable and has appreciated slightly against the U.S. dollar. Countries, including the U.S., have argued that the Renminbi is artificially undervalued due to China's current monetary policies and have pressured China to allow the Renminbi to float freely in world markets.

**We may be unable to enforce our rights due to policies regarding the regulation of foreign investments in China.**

The PRC's legal system is a civil law system based on written statutes in which decided legal cases have little value as precedents, unlike the common law system prevalent in the United States. The PRC does not have a well-developed, consolidated body of laws governing foreign investment enterprises. As a result, the administration of laws and regulations by government agencies may be subject to considerable discretion and variation, and may be subject to influence by external forces unrelated to the legal merits of a particular matter. China's regulations and policies with respect to foreign investments are evolving. Definitive regulations and policies with respect to such matters as the permissible percentage of foreign investment and permissible rates of equity returns have not yet been published. Statements regarding these evolving policies have been conflicting and any such policies, as administered, are likely to be subject to broad interpretation and discretion and to be modified, perhaps on a case-by-case basis. The uncertainties regarding such regulations and policies present risks that the Company will not be able to achieve its business objectives. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to enforce any legal rights it may have under its contracts or otherwise.

**Risks from the recent outbreak of severe acute respiratory syndrome in various parts of mainland China, Hong Kong and elsewhere.**

Since early 2003, Mainland China, Hong Kong and certain other countries, largely in Asia, have been experiencing an outbreak of a new and highly contagious form of atypical pneumonia, now known as severe acute respiratory syndrome, or SARS. This outbreak has resulted in significant disruption to the lifestyles of the affected population and business and economic activity generally in the affected areas. Areas in Mainland China that have been affected include areas where the Company has business and management operations. Although the outbreak is

now generally under control in China, the Company cannot predict at this time whether the situation may again deteriorate or the extent of its effect on the Company's business and operations. The Company cannot assure that this outbreak, particularly if the situation worsens, will not significantly reduce the Company's hotel and travel related revenues, disrupt the Company's staffing or otherwise generally disrupt the Company's operations, result in higher operating expenses, severely restrict the level of economic activity generally, or otherwise adversely affect products, services and usage levels of the Company's services in affected areas, all of which may result in a material adverse effect on the Company's business and prospects.

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## **RISKS RELATED TO CORPORATE AND STOCK MATTERS**

### **Our Authorized Preferred Stock Exposes Stockholders To Certain Risks.**

Our Articles of Incorporation authorizes the issuance of up to 50,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$.001 per share. To date, no shares of preferred stock have been issued. The authorized preferred stock constitutes what is commonly referred to as "blank check" preferred stock. This type of preferred stock allows the Board of Directors to divide the preferred stock into series, to designate each series, to fix and determine separately for each series any one or more relative rights and preferences and to issue shares of any series without further stockholder approval. Preferred stock authorized in series allows our Board of Directors to hinder or discourage an attempt to gain control of us by a merger, tender offer at a control premium price, proxy contest or otherwise. Consequently, the preferred stock could entrench our management. In addition, the market price of our common stock could be materially and adversely affected by the existence of the preferred stock.

### **Our Common Stock Has A Limited And Volatile Trading History.**

Our common stock trades in the United States on the Over-the-Counter Electronic Bulletin Board (OTCBB). The number of shares traded daily has been extremely limited and the prices at which the Company's common stock has traded have fluctuated fairly widely.

### **The Trading Price Of Our Common Stock Entails Additional Regulatory Requirements, Which May Negatively Affect Such Trading Price.**

The trading price of our common stock has frequently traded below \$1.00 per share. During the period(s) that our stock trades below this price level, trading in our common stock is subject to the requirements of certain rules promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These rules require additional disclosure by broker dealers in connection with any trades generally involving any non-NASDAQ equity security that has a market price of less than \$5.00 per share, subject to certain exceptions. Such rules require the delivery, before any "penny stock" transaction, of a disclosure schedule explaining the penny stock market and the risks associated therewith, and impose various sales practice requirements on broker dealers who sell penny stocks to persons other than established customers and accredited investors (generally institutions). For these types of transactions, the broker-dealer must determine the suitability of the penny stock for the purchaser and receive the purchaser's written consent to the transaction before sale. The additional burdens imposed upon broker dealers by such requirements may discourage broker-dealers from effecting transactions in our common stock affected. As a consequence, the market liquidity of the Company's common stock could be

severely limited by these regulatory requirements.

### **Stockholders Should Have No Expectation Of Any Dividends.**

The holders of our common stock are entitled to receive dividends when, as and if declared by the board of directors out of funds legally available therefore. To date, we have not declared nor paid any cash dividends. The board of directors does not intend to declare any dividends in the foreseeable future, but instead intends to retain all earnings, if any, for use in our business operations.

### **Item 3. Controls And Procedures**

As of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company conducted an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of its President and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act).

In connection with the completion of its audit of, and the issuance of its report on the financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2005, Jimmy Cheung & Co., Certified Public Accountants, identified deficiencies in the Company's internal controls related to expense recognition and disclosure control

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deficiencies related to transactions involving issuances of the Company's stock. The adjustment to expense and the footnote disclosure deficiencies were detected in the audit process and have been appropriately recorded and disclosed in Form 10-KSB.

On March 24, 2006, the Company's Board of Directors determined that its proved oil and gas reserve for the period prior to September 30, 2005 were materially overstated as a result of reliance on reserve estimates that did not comply with the Securities and Exchange Commission's Industry Guide 2 and with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Management of the Company recently revised its estimates of proved oil and gas reserves based on the Estimated Net Reserves and Income Data Report dated March 29, 2006 prepared by R.A. Lenser and Associates, Inc., an energy consulting firm, for the 2003 to 2005 fiscal years. Management believes that the new reserve estimates have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Commission's Industry Guide 2 and with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Restatement of the unaudited condensed consolidated Financial Statements for the three months ended March 31, 2005 (2005 first quarter Financial Statements) is necessary because the reserve estimates, resulted in inappropriate characterization of other results in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet at March 31, 2005 and Consolidated Statement of Operations and Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2005 including, without limitation, depreciation of oil and gas properties. As a result, the net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2005 was understated by \$15,911. The oil and gas properties at March 31, 2005 were overstated by \$23,747 and income tax payable at March 31, 2005 was overstated by \$7,836. Accordingly, the Company has restated its previously issued 2005 first quarter Financial Statements to give effect to new reserve estimates.

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Based upon the foregoing, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were not effective.

The Company is in the process of improving its internal controls in an effort to remediate these deficiencies through improved supervision, education and training of our management and accounting staff. Additional effort is needed to fully remedy these deficiencies and the Company is continuing its efforts to improve and strengthen its control processes and procedures. The Company's management and directors will continue to work with the Company's auditors and other outside advisors to ensure that its controls and procedures are adequate and effective.

There were no changes in internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended March 31, 2006, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

### **PART II - OTHER INFORMATION**

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None.

#### ITEM 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

#### ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

#### ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None.

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#### ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Pursuant to the terms of the Exploration Contract, all payments by PetroChina for sales of the Company's crude oil are paid to Yu Qiao, who forwards the payment to the Company after deduction of its management fee. As of March 31, 2006, Yu Qiao owed the Company 6,141,378 RMB (approximately \$767,672) in payments that it has yet to forward to the Company. On April 12, 2006, the Company and Yu Qiao entered into a settlement agreement pursuant to which Yu Qiao agreed to pay to the Company all amounts that Yu Qiao currently owes to the Company by May 30, 2006. In the event that Yu Qiao breaches its agreement, a related party has guaranteed Yu Qiao's payment.

In addition, the Company is currently negotiating with PetroChina to have all payments for crude oil sales delivered directly to the Company. The Company expects this agreement to be effective by the end of the third quarter. However, until such time as this agreement is effective, all

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payments by PetroChina will continue to be paid directly to Yu Qiao. Yu Qiao has represented to the Company that it will forward to the Company its portion of these payments monthly.

### ITEM 6. EXHIBITS and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) The following exhibits are filed herewith:

31.1 Certifications pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

31.2 Certifications pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

32.1 Certifications pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

32.2 Certifications pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

On February 1, 2006, the board of directors of China North East Petroleum Holdings, Ltd. ( the Company ), appointed Zhang Yang as the Chief Financial Officer and Principle Accounting Officer and Chao Jiang as the Corporate Secretary of the Company, effective February 1, 2006.

On March 24, 2006, the Board of Directors of China North East Petroleum Holding Limited (the Company ) determined that the Company should restate its financial statements and other financial information for its fiscal years ended December 31, 2003 and December 31, 2004 (the 2003 and 2004 Financial Statements ). The Company determined that it materially overstated its proved oil and gas reserves for the 2003 and 2004 fiscal years as a result of reliance on reserve estimates that did not comply with the Securities and Exchange Commission's Industry Guide 2 and with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Management of the Company recently revised its estimates of proved oil and gas reserves based on the Estimated Net Reserves and Income Data Report prepared by R.A. Lenser and Associates, Inc., an energy consulting firm, for the 2003 - 2005 fiscal years. Management believes that the new reserve estimates have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Commission's Industry Guide 2 and with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Restatement of the 2003 and 2004 Financial Statements is necessary because the reserve estimates, which are outlined in detail in the Supplemental Oil and Gas Disclosures (unaudited) note to the financial statements, also resulted in inappropriate characterization of other results in the Company's balance sheets and statements of income and cash flows of and for the years ended December 31, 2003 and December 31, 2004, including, without limitation, depreciation and amortization

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of oil and gas properties and reserve amounts. Accordingly, the previously issued 2003 and 2004 Financial Statements should no longer be relied upon. The Company intends to file an amendment to its Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2004, in order to restate its 2003 and 2004 Financial Statements to give effect to the new reserve estimates as soon as practicable.

The Board of Directors and senior management of the Company have discussed the matters disclosed in this report with the Company's independent registered public accounting firm.

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**SIGNATURES**

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

CHINA NORTH EAST PETROLEUM HOLDINGS LTD.

(Registrant)

Date: May 12 , 2006

By: /s/ Zhang Yang  
Chief Financial Officer

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