

Propell Corporation.  
Form 10-K  
April 16, 2012

**UNITED STATES**

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

**Washington, DC 20549**

**Form 10-K**

**ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF  
1934**

**For Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2011**

**000-53488**

Commission file number

**PROPELL CORPORATION**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware	26-1856569
(State or other jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
incorporation or organization)	

**305 San Anselmo Avenue, Suite 300**

**San Anselmo, CA 94960**

(Address of principal executive offices)

**(415) 747-8775**

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(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Common Stock None  
(Title of Class) (Name of each exchange on which registered)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12 (g) of the Act: Common Stock, \$0.001 par value

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.  
Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 of Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of the Registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every interactive data file required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (section 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

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Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).  
Yes  No

The aggregate market value of the voting stock of the Company held by non-affiliates as of June 30, 2011 was approximately \$2,688,844 based on the price at which the common stock was last sold prior to such date.

The Registrant has 26,051,069 shares of common stock outstanding as of April 9, 2012.

**PROPELL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**FORM 10-K**

**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011**

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## **PART I**

### **CAUTIONARY STATEMENT RELATING TO THE SAFE HARBOR PROVISIONS OF THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995**

This Annual Report on Form 10-K and the information incorporated by reference includes “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. We intend those forward looking-statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements. All statements regarding our expected financial position and operating results, our business strategy, our financing plans and the outcome of any contingencies are forward-looking statements. Any such forward-looking statements are based on current expectations, estimates, and projections about our industry and our business. Words such as “anticipates,” “expects,” “intends,” “plans,” “believes,” “seeks,” “estimates,” or variations of those words and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those stated in or implied by any forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, governmental regulations, ability to raise capital, ability to retain customers, dependence upon certain customers, reduction in orders from customers, competitive product offerings and pricing actions, the availability and pricing of key raw materials, dependence on key members of management, and economic and political conditions in the United States and abroad.

#### **Item 1. Business**

##### **Our Company**

We are a Delaware company primarily engaged in the on-demand e-commerce line of business. We enable turnkey e-commerce web sites for education, military and media partners under the registered trademark PropellShops® in which we sell apparel and other merchandise branded with the organization’s logo or other artwork, providing all necessary technology, on-demand manufacturing, marketing and fulfillment services at no risk or cost to its partners, and share resulting revenue with the partners.

Our primary target markets are K-12 schools, universities, military, independent musicians, nonprofits and businesses, for whom the company provides a wide selection of options for customized apparel, uniforms, and other merchandise. Most products are created “on demand,” meaning they are manufactured as ordered, so there is no finished inventory required. While we work with some independent groups and individuals, our business model is based upon the formation of strategic partnerships with key targeted companies involved in each of our target markets in order to obtain access to a large number of customers.

The PropellShops system permits partners with little or no technical or graphic expertise to quickly become “Store Owners” and have online shops displaying a wide variety of personalized apparel and other merchandise featuring the school or organization’s brand or other artwork. The Store Owner then publicizes the shop to its potential customers, and Propell does all manufacturing, billing, customer support and shipping.

Since Propell does not charge a set-up fee for e-commerce shops, and merchandise is only manufactured when ordered, the PropellShops system eliminates almost all risk or investment for Store Owners. They carry no inventory, and Propell handles all fulfillment. Further, Propell’s on-demand system also eliminates minimum order quantities and long lead times. Propell collects all revenue and then distributes a share of every sale to the Store Owner.

Our principal offices are located at 305 San Anselmo Avenue, Suite 300, San Anselmo, CA 94960. Our telephone number is (415) 747-8775. Our fiscal year end is December 31.

Propell Corporation is a Delaware corporation originally formed on January 29, 2008 as CA Photo Acquisition Corp. On April 10, 2008 Crystal Magic, Inc. (“CMI”), a Florida Corporation, merged with an acquisition subsidiary of Propell’s, which was formed solely for the purpose of the merger of CMI with and into Propell. As part of this transaction, the Company issued an aggregate of 5,400,000 shares to the former shareholders of CMI.

On May 6, 2008, the Company acquired both Mountain Capital, LLC (d/b/a Arrow Media Solutions) (“AMS”) and Auleron 2005, LLC (d/b/a Auleron Technologies) (“AUL”) and made each a wholly owned subsidiary. A total of 2,094,864 shares of the Company’s common stock were issued to the members of Mountain Capital, LLC and a total of 136,088 shares of the Company’s common stock were issued to the members of AUL.

The mergers were completed in order to form a consolidated enterprise with subsidiaries that each have experience in complementary parts of the imaging and personalized products industries, and to expand their capabilities both online and at retail.

In mid-2009, Management decided to concentrate its efforts and assets on its e-commerce and laser etching businesses. Shortly thereafter, AUL and AMS began to wind down operations. In January 2010, AUL was dissolved. In late 2009, AMS assigned its warranty responsibilities and its inventory to a third party and ceased operations. We dissolved AMS in late 2010.

In early 2010, management decided to concentrate on its e-commerce business. This led to closing CMI's operations in June 2010. In September 2010, CMI's assets were foreclosed upon by its largest creditor and these assets were liquidated.

In December 2011, the Company laid off most of its employees and substantially reduced the working hours of the remaining employees. It also ceased virtually all marketing and out bound sales activities. The Company continues to fulfill new orders.

The Company is actively seeking additional financing and is also exploring selling all or part of its business.

### **Market size/opportunity**

We were created to acquire and aggregate customers and leverage significant growth trends and opportunities in the promotional products and digital photo industries. As we have evolved as a company, and in response to market conditions, we now focus on offering personalized merchandise via custom web sites, primarily K-12 schools, universities, military, independent musicians, nonprofits and businesses.

Our particular focus on the school market is driven by the size of the market and our belief that this category is underserved by current providers of our type of on-demand merchandise. There are over 130,000 K-12 schools in the U.S., according to the U.S. Department of Education National Center for Education Statistics' most recent report, as well as more than 6,000 post-secondary schools. While most schools already offer school gear purchased in quantity, we believe each of these institutions is a candidate for our type of on-demand merchandise service, since unlike traditional apparel and merchandise printing methods, it requires no upfront investment in inventory, and can be personalized with no minimum quantities.

Our management team has extensive experience in technology, customer acquisition, ecommerce and retail – with particular focus in the online, kiosk and photo merchandise category, as well as the promotional products market. We believe this experience is highly applicable to our target markets for personalized merchandise.



We present here various statistics and other industry information that are generally available to the public or to members of industry trade associations. With respect to the Photo Marketing Association (“PMA”), we paid to be a member of that association at the time we received this information, and received that association’s statistics as all members do. We did not fund nor were we otherwise affiliated with any of the studies that are the basis for these statistics and other industry information.

While no industry statistics are available on the size of the relatively recent market for on-demand merchandise for schools and our other target categories, the “custom products/gifts” category – defined by the Photo Marketing Association) as “personalized calendars, photo books, posters, t-shirts, mugs mouse pads, photo CDs and DVDs ordered at retail or at online stores” – grew from \$250 million in 2004 to an estimated \$1.3 billion in 2009, according to the PMA research division, including photo cards, photo books, and other personalized merchandise. We believe these trends are applicable to our target markets. More recently, industry research company Infotrends forecast, in its U.S. Consumer Photo Merchandise Forecast for 2009 – 2014 , that the category will reach \$2.2 billion by 2014.

The online marketplace for image-based products actually spans several categories, primarily those of photo sharing web sites and image merchandise sites. Our management team has relevant experience in both. Photo sharing web sites, such as Shutterfly, Kodak Gallery and Snapfish, are designed for consumers and are optimized for sharing and printing photos, and creating photo merchandise from those images. Social networks, including Flickr, Myspace, and Facebook, have extensive photo capabilities integrated into their functionality. Image merchandise sites, such as Zazzle, Cafepress and Threadless, allow artists, consumers and small businesses to create their own custom web stores featuring selected images that can be reproduced on a broad variety of merchandise. Our operations most closely resemble this category, although we focus on different target customers.

By offering personalized merchandise, we also compete in the promotional products category, also known as the advertising specialty category. Promotional products, which include any products used to promote a product, service or company program, including textiles and other personalized products, constituted a \$16.5 billion category in 2010, according to the most recent research available from the Promotional Products Association International (PPAI), an industry trade association.

We see significant opportunity given that approximately half of distributors in the promotional products category are small businesses (defined as those under \$2.5 million), and less than 17% of industry revenues are generated from online sales methods, according to the most recent data available from PPAI.

## **Our Strategy**

### **Overview**

We believe that our PropellShops e-commerce and on-demand manufacturing capabilities, infrastructure and marketing, along with a strategy of focusing on markets currently underserved by other providers, will permit us to grow in each of our target markets. We also believe the low or zero cost of setting up a PropellShop will continue to attract new accounts, especially those such as schools and nonprofits, that may have limited funds and staff resources to invest in and manage such purchases.

### **How we address the competitive opportunity**

Our PropellShops service permits artists, consumers and businesses to quickly create an online store for merchandise featuring their images, with our company or its manufacturing partners performing all fulfillment, manufacturing, shipping and billing. This system provides a special web site at which a customer — whether a business, group, or individual — can design and set up a web store featuring their own logos, photos or other artwork. That web store can then be linked to, or embedded into, the customer's own web site. We then operate that store for the customer, taking orders, manufacturing and shipping product and paying a share of the revenue to the customer.

Additionally, our management has experience in retail fulfillment. One of our founders previously created PhotoTLC, a photo merchandise company serving major retail customers including Walgreens, Wal-Mart, CVS, Rite Aid and Meijer stores.

### **Our product and service offerings**

With PropellShops, we offer a turnkey e-commerce web site permitting our partners to offer personalized or custom merchandise featuring their logo or other artwork. PropellShops permits a partner – whether a school, nonprofit, rock band or business – to create a complete web store, potentially with 100s of items of personalized merchandise. The

partner sets the prices, and we create and host the store, arrange for the products to be manufactured on demand and shipped from one or more of our contract facilities, collect the revenues, and send the partner a check for the profits. We currently have stores with hundreds of K-12 schools, as well as universities, nonprofits, musicians and businesses, as well as offering military products through the Navy Exchange Command (Nexcom) and independent shops.

In addition to the e-commerce and fulfillment services described above, we also provide design and marketing support for most partners, including assistance with setting up appropriate shops, and marketing materials for their use in reaching their target audience, including brochures, flyers and emails.

Our PropellShops operation, including its transmission of digital images over the Internet, is subject to regulation by the U.S. Postal Service, the Federal Trade Commission and various states, local, and private consumer protection and other regulatory authorities. In general, these regulations govern privacy, the manner in which orders may be solicited, the form and content of advertisements, information which must be provided to prospective customers, the time within which orders must be filled, obligations to customers if orders are not shipped within a specified period of time, and the time within which refunds must be paid if the ordered merchandise is unavailable or returned. Congress has enacted legislation to specifically regulate online commerce and communications and has addressed such issues as the transmission of certain materials to children, intellectual property protection, and taxation. Other legislation could result in additional regulation or prohibition of the transmission of certain types of content over the Internet. This regulation could limit the type of business we pursue or increase the costs to ensure compliance.

### **Channels**

We deliver our products and services through a diverse set of online partners, including K-12 schools, universities, newspapers, musical groups, military through the Navy Exchange Command and small and large businesses. We believe having several sales channels will maximize sales potential while minimizing the risk that any underperforming channel will jeopardize the overall business.

## **Competition**

Competition in online photo and merchandise space takes several forms. Photo sharing web sites are designed for consumers and are optimized for sharing and printing photos, and creating photo merchandise from those images. Competitors include Kodak Gallery, Shutterfly, Snapfish, Photobucket, Webshots, and social networking sites such as Facebook, as well as the web sites of photo retailers such as Walgreens, Wal-Mart and CVS.

More closely, we compete with image merchandise sites that allow artists, consumers and small businesses to create their own custom web stores featuring selected images. Competitors include Zazzle, Cafepress and Threadless, as well as school merchandise e-commerce sites such as Prep Sportswear. In the school market, there is also fragmented completion from local screen printers and similar suppliers with “brick and mortar” shops and long-standing relationships with schools.

After analyzing existing online players in the photo merchandise category, we believe we identified a significant underserved opportunity to partner with key business partners to provide an “on demand” service that most closely competes with the image merchandise companies such as Zazzle and Cafepress, but has what we believe are advantages in selecting underserved markets, as well as product quality, pricing, ease of setup and turnaround times. In particular, Zazzle and Cafepress focus on the artist and small-group market, while we believe a large, underserved market exists in partnering with a broader range of customers, particularly schools, nonprofits, military media companies, as well as corporate and special interest partners.

In the product area, we compete in each category by carrying a mix of products that are tailored to a given market. For instance, in the school market, we poll our customers and use other forms of market research to identify product trends that particularly appeal to students, segmented by age group, and seek to innovate with offerings not available from our competitors. In working with the military market, we carry products specific to the demographic, branch of service, location, and even individual military unit – again seeking to offer products or designs unavailable from competitors.

Similarly, we customize our service offerings – in particular our web design, as well as the marketing campaigns and email blasts we provide to our “store owner” partners – so that they match the needs of the market we are focusing on. For instance, when working with political organizations, we customize the web service to fulfill regulatory requirements related to political fund raising. When working with the military, we integrate payment methods unique to our military partner. When working with schools, we provide marketing emails, posters and other materials that target the particular needs of that audience.

While we do not compete primarily on price, we attempt to be very competitive in revenue sharing with our partners, and try to offer higher margins to our “store owner” partners than competitors. We also permit our store owners more flexibility in setting the retail pricing than competing companies do. For instance, we permit a fund raising organization to set as high a price as they like on any given item, while competitors set certain limits. Thus, we are set up so that if a store owner wishes, for fundraising purposes, to set the price of a simple T-shirt at \$100 on the basis of it being both a collectible item, and a fundraising contribution, he or she can do so. We then collect the larger amount on their behalf, and pay the store owner the difference between the amount collected and our posted wholesale price. Our competition often limits the top price that can be charged.

### **Intellectual property**

Our PropellShops web services were created using our own technology, as well as proprietary enhancements to open source software tools. We have created a variety of artwork and other materials used in communicating, promoting and marketing our products and services. We have been issued registered trademarks for Propell®, PropellShops® as well as our logo artwork.

### **Insurance**

We have insurance for general commercial liability with the Zurich Group in an amount of \$2 million. We have worker’s compensation insurance with The Hartford in an amount equal to 100% of our payroll for the current year. We have products and completed operations insurance in the aggregate amount of \$2 million.

### **Operations**

The Company has its headquarters in the San Francisco Bay Area, and an operations contractor in Connecticut.

The San Francisco area office is primarily focused on all corporate matters and PropellShops, including overseeing of software development, sales, marketing strategic partnerships and business development.

We use third party manufacturers to make, customize and ship our products.

### **Item 1A. Risk factors**

You should carefully consider the following risk factors and other information included in this Annual Report. The risks and uncertainties described below are not the only ones we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also impair our business operations. If any of the following risk factors occur, our business, financial condition, operating results and cash flows could be materially adversely affected.

### **Available information**

We file annual, quarterly, and current reports, proxy statements, and other information with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. You may read and copy any document we file at the SEC's public reference room at 100 F Street, NE, Washington, D.C. 20549.

You may call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for information on the public reference room. The SEC maintains a website that contains annual, quarterly, and current reports, proxy statements, and other information that issuers (including Propell) file electronically with the SEC. The SEC's website is [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov).

Our website is [www.propellshops.com](http://www.propellshops.com) .. It provides a link to the SEC's website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov) that provides, free of charge, our annual reports on Form 10-K; quarterly reports on Form 10-Q; current reports on Form 8-K; and any amendments to those reports and forms. We will voluntarily provide electronic or paper copies of our filings free of charge upon request.

### **RISKS RELATED TO OUR COMPANY**

An investment in our securities is highly speculative and involves a high degree of risk. Therefore, in evaluating us and our business you should carefully consider the risks set forth below, which are only a few of the risks associated with investing in our common stock. You should be in a position to risk the loss of your entire investment.

***Because we are entering into new business lines that are unproven, it is difficult to predict if we will generate material revenues or be profitable.***

Until recently, our business has been substantially dependent upon our ability to generate revenue from our subsurface etched photo crystal products. We only recently began focusing the majority of our efforts on our e-commerce web sites. Because our new business model is unproven, we may not generate material revenues from such businesses. It is too early to predict whether consumers will accept, and continue to use on a regular basis, the products generated from these new business lines since we have had very limited recent operating history in our new business lines nor significant revenues or earnings derived from such business lines. Therefore, our ability to generate revenue is uncertain and there can be no assurance that we will be able to generate significant revenue or be profitable.

***Our business is difficult to evaluate because we are currently engaging in a new line of business and have very limited operating history and limited information.***

The Company is currently expanding its operations and engaging in a new business line. There is a risk that we will be unable to successfully operate this new line of business or be able to successfully integrate it with our current management and structure. Our estimates of capital, personnel and equipment required for our new line of business are based on the experience of management and businesses they are familiar with. Our management has limited direct experience in our new lines of business.

***We may not be able to continue as a going concern.***

Our consolidated audited financial statements, report a 2011 loss from continuing operations of \$(1,374,047) and a net loss of \$(1,374,047). The opinion of our independent registered accounting firm on our audited financial statements as of and for the period ended December 31, 2011 for Propell was qualified subject to substantial doubt as to our ability to continue as a going concern. See "Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm" and the notes to our Financial Statements.

In December 2011, the Company laid off most of its employees and substantially reduced the working hours of the remaining employees. It also ceased virtually all marketing and outbound sales activities. The Company continues to fulfill new orders.

***We may not be profitable.***

We expect to incur operating losses for the foreseeable future. For the years ending December 31, 2011 and 2010, we had net revenues of \$204,796 and \$100,352, respectively from our continuing e-commerce business. For the years ending December 31, 2011 and 2010, we sustained a net loss of \$1,374,047 and \$1,670,449, respectively. Our ability to become profitable depends on our ability to have successful operations and generate and sustain sales, while maintaining reasonable expense levels, all of which are uncertain in light of our limited operating history in our current line of business.

***We may not be able to continue to fulfill orders if we do not receive additional financing.***

Our ability to continue to fulfill customer orders and expand our business is dependent upon us raising additional funding in the near term. Due to limited capital and related staff reductions, we have reduced our outbound sales and marketing activities until such time that more working capital can be secured or is generated from sales growth. We continue to accept and ship orders placed on our ecommerce web sites from existing customers, and from new customers who use our online tools to set up their own shops. However, our lack of cash makes it difficult for us to purchase necessary products or retain employees.

***We are currently in default under two of our notes.***

Two of our notes issued to a related party one in the principal amount of \$100,000 and the other in the remaining principal amount of \$50,000 were due February 10, 2012 and December 15, 2011. Should the holder of any note demand payment and we are unable to renegotiate the terms of the note, the note holder could declare the note in default and take legal action against us. Our ability to continue to operate is dependent upon our ability to raise additional funds to repay the notes secured by our assets or to renegotiate the terms of the notes.

***We have several notes that are due in 2012 and 2013, and we will need additional capital to repay these loans and may not be able to obtain it.***

As of April 1, 2012, we have notes in the aggregate principal amount of \$1,848,413 outstanding. Of such amount, notes in the principal amount of \$150,000 are past due, and the balance of the notes are due in 2012. We do not have the funds to repay these loans. We will need to raise additional funds in order to repay these loans. We cannot assure you that additional financing will be available if needed on terms favorable to us.



*Certain of our notes contain features that could have a dilutive effect to our investors.*

If the price of our common stock drops, one of our lenders will be entitled to reduce the price at which it converts its notes to shares of our common stock and therefore will be entitled to receive more shares than anticipated. On October 23, 2011, we issued to Tripod Group, LLC (“Tripod”) convertible redeemable promissory notes in the principal amounts of (i) \$150,000 (the “150,000 Note”) and (ii) \$50,000 (the “50,000 Note”, and together with the \$150,000 Note, the “Notes”). The principal amount of the Notes is convertible at any time after April 23, 2012, at the option of Tripod, at a conversion price, subject to adjustment as set forth in the Notes, equal to 65% of the lowest closing bid price of the Company’s common stock on the five (5) trading days preceding the notice of conversion (including the day upon which a notice of conversion is received by the Company). The conversion price may also be adjusted downward if, within three (3) business days of receipt of a notice of conversion, the Company’s common stock has a closing bid price which is five percent (5%) or lower than the price set forth in the notice of conversion. Any reduction in the conversion price as set forth above will result in us issuing a greater number of shares of common stock than anticipated, which will have the effect of diluting the shares of common stock of our investors. In addition in August, September and December 2011 and March 2012, we borrowed \$53,000, \$32,500, \$32,500 and \$32,500 from one lender, which notes are convertible into our common stock at a price equal to 65% of lowest closing bid price of the Company’s common stock on the five (5) trading days preceding the conversion.

*We may not be able to retain existing customers or acquire new customers.*

Our future revenues and profitability depends in large part on our ability and to retain our current relationships with our customers, including eChalk and the Army Air Force Exchange and individual schools, universities, nonprofits and businesses, and attract new customers for our e-commerce websites. Our relationships with these customers depend on our satisfactorily performing our contracted services. If we do not successfully retain our current customers, or market successfully against competitors, our business, financial condition and operating results could be harmed.

***Our future plans and operations are dependent on our raising additional capital.***

To date, we have not generated enough revenue from operations to pay all of our expenses. During the year ended December 31, 2011 we received \$308,000 in proceeds from the sale of our convertible notes and \$362,188 from the sale of notes and advances from a related party. During the year ended December 31, 2010 we raised \$863,000 from financing activities. We have used money raised in prior financings to pay some of our costs. We do not believe that our existing resources will be sufficient to allow us to implement our anticipated plan of operations or meet our future anticipated cash flow requirements.

***The loss of key personnel and an inability to attract and retain additional personnel could affect our ability to successfully grow our business. We have laid off all employees (effective 12/15/11) except for Mr. Bernstein and Mr. Wallace. Mr. Bernstein has agreed to temporarily defer salary (although the compensation owed under his contract is being accrued), while Mr. Wallace and our lead software engineer are working on an as-needed basis with hourly compensation.***

We are highly dependent upon the continued service and performance of our senior management team and key technical, marketing and production personnel and contractors, some of whom have formed critical relationships with the companies with whom we have contracts. The loss of these key employees or contractors, several of whom who are "at will" and may terminate employment relationship with us at any time, may significantly delay or prevent the achievement of our business objectives. Our current financial position makes it more difficult for us to retain employees due to the limited amount we have available for compensation.

We believe that our future success will also depend in part on our and their continued ability to identify, hire, train and motivate qualified personnel. We and they face intense competition for qualified individuals from numerous technology, marketing, financial services, manufacturing and e-commerce companies. We may not be able to attract and retain suitably qualified individuals who are capable of meeting our growing operational and managerial requirements, or we may be required to pay increased compensation in order to do so. Our failure to attract and retain qualified personnel could impair our ability to implement our business plan.

***We rely on key vendors and suppliers.***

Our ability to sustain satisfactory levels of sales is dependent in part upon the ability of our suppliers and vendors to properly perform their function. We have no significant long-term purchase contracts or agreements to ensure continued supply, pricing or access to raw materials and equipment used in our business. While we believe that alternate sources of third-party providers are available, it is possible that our vendors might not be able to continue to meet our requirements for services or supplies, or purchase services or supplies in sufficient quantities or on terms as

favorable to us as those currently available. The failure of our suppliers to supply our raw materials on a timely basis or at satisfactory prices could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition. Also, changing to an alternate vendor or supplier may cause delays, reduced quality or other problems.

*We may be adversely affected by actions of competitors.*

The market for e-commerce products is highly competitive and still emerging. Many of our competitors have substantially greater financial, technical and other resources than we have. We face competition in personalized products from other direct marketers, online companies, and competitors in other distribution channels, including much larger companies. Many of our competitors offer similar products and services. Our ability to compete effectively depends on our ability to differentiate our services by offering innovative services and products and exemplary customer service. Although we believe we are a leader in developing and marketing innovative personalized services and products, competitors can and do provide similar services and products. There can be no assurance we will continue to compete effectively through development of innovative services and products or the provision of exemplary customer service and experience or that we will respond appropriately to industry trends or to activities of competitors.

*We experience fluctuations in quarterly results.*

Our quarterly operating results will fluctuate for many reasons, including:

- Seasonality of consumer gift purchases.
- Changes in consumer spending patterns,
- The mix of products we sell,
- Promotional activities we conduct,
- Price increases by our suppliers,
- Our introduction of new products,
- Our research and development activities,
- Our competitors' actions,
- Fluctuations in the direct-to-consumer market,
- Changes in usage of online commerce,
- Changes in the promotional products industry,
- General economic influences and conditions.

As a result of the above conditions, our operating results for any period do not necessarily indicate the results that can be expected for any future period. Our operating results in a future period may be below the expectations of public market analysts and investors, which may cause the price of our common stock to decline.



***We have no independent audit committee. Our full board of directors functions as our audit committee and is composed of three directors, one of whom is not considered independent. This may hinder our board of directors' effectiveness in fulfilling the functions of the audit committee.***

Currently, we have no separate audit committee. Our full Board of Directors functions as our audit committee and is comprised of three directors, one of whom is not considered to be "independent" in accordance with the requirements of Rule 10A-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. An independent audit committee plays a crucial role in the corporate governance process, assessing the Company's processes relating to its risks and control environment, overseeing financial reporting, and evaluating internal and independent audit processes. The lack of an independent audit committee may prevent the board of directors from being independent from management in its judgments and decisions and its ability to pursue the committee's responsibilities without undue influence. We may have difficulty attracting and retaining directors with the requisite qualifications. If we are unable to attract and retain qualified, independent directors, the management of our business could be compromised.

***Our board of directors, which consists of three directors, acts as our compensation committee, which presents the risk that compensation and benefits paid to these executive officers who are board members and other officers may not be commensurate with our financial performance.***

A compensation committee consisting of independent directors is a safeguard against self-dealing by company executives. Our board of directors acts as the compensation committee and determines the compensation and benefits of our executive officers, administers our employee stock and benefit plans, and reviews policies relating to the compensation and benefits of our employees. Although all board members have fiduciary obligations in connection with compensation matters, our lack of an independent compensation committee presents the risk that our executive officers on the board may have influence over their personal compensation and benefits levels that may not be commensurate with our financial performance.

***Governmental regulation could limit our business opportunities and increase costs.***

Our operations, including our transmission of digital images over the Internet, are subject to regulation by the U.S. Postal Service, the Federal Trade Commission and various states, local, and private consumer protection and other regulatory authorities. In general, these regulations govern privacy, the manner in which orders may be solicited, the form and content of advertisements, information which must be provided to prospective customers, the time within which orders must be filled, obligations to customers if orders are not shipped within a specified period of time, and the time within which refunds must be paid if the ordered merchandise is unavailable or returned. Congress has enacted legislation to specifically regulate online commerce and communications and has addressed such issues as the transmission of certain materials to children, intellectual property protection, and taxation. We believe that we are in compliance with applicable statutes and regulations, however, should such statutes and regulations be amended or interpreted more stringently, we may be unable to remain in compliance and may incur penalties and fines for

noncompliance. Other legislation could result in additional regulation or prohibition of the transmission of certain types of content over the Internet. If such legislation were deemed to apply to our business, it could limit the type of business that we could pursue or increase the costs to ensure compliance.

***Trading on the OTC Bulletin Board may be sporadic because it is not a stock exchange, and stockholders may have difficulty reselling their shares.***

Trading in stock quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board is often thin and characterized by wide fluctuations in trading prices, due to many factors that may have little to do with the our operations or business prospects. Moreover, the OTC Bulletin Board is not a stock exchange, and trading of securities on the OTC Bulletin Board is often more sporadic than the trading of securities listed on a quotation system like NASDAQ or a stock exchange like NYSE. Accordingly, you may have difficulty reselling any of the shares you purchase from the selling stockholders.

***Some of our existing stockholders can exert control over us and may not make decisions that are in the best interests of all stockholders.***

As of March 30, 2012, officers, directors, and stockholders holding more than 5% of our outstanding shares collectively controlled approximately 31.3% of our outstanding common stock, without taking into account shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of any convertible securities. As a result, these stockholders, if they act together, would be able to exert a significant degree of influence over our management and affairs and over matters requiring stockholder approval, including the election of directors and approval of significant corporate transactions. Accordingly, this concentration of ownership may harm the market price of our shares by delaying or preventing a change in control of us, even if a change is in the best interests of our other stockholders. In addition, the interests of this concentration of ownership may not always coincide with the interests of other stockholders, and accordingly, they could cause us to enter into transactions or agreements that we would not otherwise consider.

***Under certain circumstances a claim could be made that we will be responsible for the payment of certain of Crystal Magic's debts.***

There is a risk that we could be a party to certain litigation involving payments owed by our Crystal Magic, Inc. subsidiary to the US Small Business Loans (the "SBA") and the Orlando National Bank ("Bank") in the amount of approximately \$839,000. Crystal Magic ceased operations in June 2010. In September 2010, the Bank foreclosed on the assets of Crystal Magic and sold these assets at auction; however the sale proceeds were not adequate to satisfy the outstanding remaining debt. In an agreement with Steven and Vicki Rhodes, guarantors of the Crystal Magic SBA debt, we agreed to assume the payment for these loans in the event of the bankruptcy of Crystal Magic and the demand of the SBA or the Orlando National Bank of payment under Mr. Rhodes' guarantee. To date, Crystal Magic has not filed for bankruptcy and so the condition for our obligation has not been met, and even if met we believe that such agreement is unenforceable. Mr. Rhodes has placed 2,000,000 shares of our stock, owned by him, in escrow to be used by us in our discretion at any time after April 8, 2010, to pay the amounts owed by Crystal Magic under these loans. However, there can be no assurance that the shares held in escrow will have sufficient value to satisfy such debt. If Mr. Rhodes were to try to enforce the provisions of the agreement we would vigorously defend our position; however no assurance can be given that we will be successful in our defense.

***We cannot guarantee that an active trading market will develop for our common stock.***

There currently is not an active public market for our Common Stock and there can be no assurance that a regular trading market for our Common Stock will ever develop or that, if developed, it will be sustained. Therefore, purchasers of our Common Stock should have a long-term investment intent and should recognize that it may be difficult to sell the shares, notwithstanding the fact that they are not restricted securities. We cannot predict the extent to which a trading market will develop or how liquid a market might become.

***There may be future dilution of our common stock.***

If we sell additional equity or convertible debt securities, those sales could result in additional dilution to our stockholders.

***We have incurred operating losses in the past and may not be able to sustain profitability in the future. Recent accounting changes may make it more difficult for us to sustain profitability.***

We have experienced operating losses. If we are unable to produce our products and provide our services at commercially reasonable costs, if revenues decline or if our expenses exceed our expectations, we may not be able to sustain or increase profitability on a quarterly or annual basis. Also, we are a publicly traded company, and are therefore subject to the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, which requires that our internal controls and procedures comply with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. We expect compliance to be costly and it could impact our results of operations in future periods. In addition, the Financial Accounting Standards Board now requires us to follow Statement No. 123, "Share Based Payment," (FASB ASC Topic 718-10). Under this rule, companies must calculate and record in their statement of operations the cost of equity instruments, such as stock options or restricted stock, awarded to employees for services. We expect that we will use stock options to attract, incentivize and retain our employees and will therefore incur the resulting stock-based compensation expense. This will continue to adversely affect our operating results in future periods.

***Interruptions to our information technology systems, personalized-product production processes or customer service operations could damage our reputation and brand and substantially harm our business and results of operations.***

The satisfactory performance, reliability and availability of our information technology systems, personalized-product production processes and customer service operations are critical to our reputation, and our ability to attract and retain customers and maintain adequate customer satisfaction. Any interruptions that result in reduced order fulfillment performance or customer service could result in negative publicity, damage our reputation and brand and cause our business and results of operations to suffer.

Our business interruption insurance policies do not address all potential causes of business interruptions that we may experience, and any proceeds we may receive from these policies in the event of a business interruption may not fully compensate us for the revenues we may lose.

***We may have difficulty managing our growth and expanding our operations successfully.***

Our under-capitalization has resulted in our not being able to build our business and infrastructure as quickly as we would like. Our limited capital has placed, and will continue to place, a strain on our and their administrative and operational infrastructure. Our ability to manage our operations and growth will require us to continue to refine our operational, financial and management controls, human resource policies and reporting systems.

If we are unable to manage future expansion, we may not be able to implement improvements to our controls, policies and systems in an efficient or timely manner and may discover deficiencies in existing systems and controls. Our ability to provide high-quality products, service and customer support could be compromised, which would damage our reputation and brand and substantially harm our and their business and results of operations.





***Competitive pricing pressures may harm our business and results of operations.***

Demand for our products and services is sensitive to price. Many external factors, including our production and personnel costs and our competitors' pricing and marketing strategies, can significantly impact our pricing strategies. If we fail to meet our customers' price expectations, we or they could lose customers, which would harm our and their business and results of operations.

***Maintaining and improving our financial controls and the requirements of being a public company may strain our resources, divert management's attention and affect our ability to attract and retain qualified board members.***

As a public company, we are subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and the rules and regulations of an exchange or the OTC-Bulletin Board. The requirements of these rules and regulations will likely continue to increase our legal, accounting and financial compliance costs, make some activities more difficult, time-consuming or costly and may also place undue strain on our personnel, systems and resources.

The Sarbanes-Oxley Act requires, among other things, that we maintain effective disclosure controls and procedures and effective internal control over financial reporting. Significant resources and management oversight are required to design, document, test, implement and monitor internal control over relevant processes and to, remediate any deficiencies. As a result, management's attention may be diverted from other business concerns, which could harm our business, financial condition and results of operations. These efforts also involve substantial accounting related costs.

***Our stock price may be volatile or may decline regardless of our operating performance.***

The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly in response to numerous factors, many of which are beyond our control, including:

- price and volume fluctuations in the overall stock market;
- changes in operating performance and stock market valuations of other technology companies generally, or those in our industry in particular;
- the public's response to our press releases or other public announcements, including our filings with the SEC;
- announcements by us or our competitors of significant technical innovations, acquisitions, strategic partnerships, joint ventures or capital commitments;
- introduction of technologies or product enhancements that reduce the need for our products;

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- market conditions or trends in our industry or the economy as a whole;
- the loss of key personnel;
- lawsuits threatened or filed against us;
- future sales of our common stock by our executive officers, directors and significant stockholders; and
- other events or factors, including those resulting from war, incidents of terrorism or responses to these events.

*We may issue preferred stock with greater rights than our common stock.*

Our Certificate of Incorporation authorizes the Board of Directors to issue up to 10 million shares of preferred stock, par value \$.001 per share. The preferred stock may be issued in one or more series, the terms of which may be determined by the Board of Directors at the time of issuance without further action by stockholders, and may include voting rights (including the right to vote as a series on particular matters), preferences as to dividends and liquidation, conversion and redemption rights and sinking fund provisions. Any preferred stock that is issued may rank ahead of our common stock, in terms of dividends, liquidation rights and voting rights that could adversely affect the voting power or other rights of the holders of our common stock. In the event of such an issuance, the preferred stock could be utilized, under certain circumstances, as a method of discouraging, delaying or preventing a change of control of our company. Any delay or prevention of a change of control transaction or changes in our board of directors or management could deter potential acquirers or prevent the completion of a transaction in which our stockholders could require substantial premium over the then current market price per share. No preferred stock is currently outstanding and we have no current plans to issue any preferred stock. However, the issuance of any such preferred stock could materially adversely affect the rights of holders of our common stock, and therefore could reduce the value of the common stock and deprive shareholders of the right to sell their shares at a premium over prevailing market prices.

#### **Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments**

None.

#### **Item 2. Properties**

We currently lease offices in Northern California. Our office is in San Anselmo and consists of approximately 1,050 square feet. Our landlord, also a shareholder of the Company, currently provides the space on a rent deferred basis. We believe if we lost our lease at these premises, we could promptly relocate within 30 days.

#### **Item 3. Legal Proceedings.**

There are no material legal proceedings that are pending or have been threatened against us of which management is aware.

**Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosure**

Not Applicable

**PART II**

**Item 5. Market for the Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.**

**Price Range of Common Stock**

Our common stock trades on the OTC Bulletin board since April 23, 2010 under the symbol PROP.BB. Prior to that date, there was no active market for our common stock. The following table sets forth the high and low sale prices for our common stock for the periods indicated.

	High	Low
Fiscal Year 2011		
First Quarter	\$.32	\$.19
Second Quarter	\$.19	\$.11
Third Quarter	\$.18	\$.08
Fourth Quarter	\$.13	\$.05
Fiscal Year 2010		
Second Quarter	\$0.25	\$0.15
Third Quarter	\$0.30	\$0.21
Fourth Quarter	\$0.25	\$0.25

The last reported sale price of our common stock on the OTC Bulletin board on April 13, 2012, was \$.02 per share. As of April 13, 2012, there were approximately 81 holders of record of our common stock.

We have not paid any cash dividends on our common stock to date, and we have no intention of paying cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Whether we declare and pay dividends is determined by our board of directors at their discretion, subject to certain limitations imposed under Delaware corporate law. The timing, amount and form of dividends, if any, will depend on, among other things, our results of operations, financial condition, cash requirements and other factors deemed relevant by our board of directors.

### **Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities; Uses of Proceeds from Registered Securities**

From February 2011 through August 2011, the Company borrowed an aggregate of \$250,000 under a one year unsecured notes from a shareholder. Interest accrues on the note at the rate of 12% per annum. The notes have no financial covenants. The securities were offered and sold in reliance on the exemption from registration under Section 4(2) of the Act. The offering was not conducted in connection with a public offering, and no public solicitation or advertisement was made or relied upon by the individual in connection with the offering.

On May 1, 2011, the Company issued 500,000 shares of common stock to Undiscovered Equities pursuant to an Investor Relations Consulting Agreement dated May 1, 2011. The Investor Relations Consulting Agreement is for a term of six months (unless earlier terminated) commencing May 4, 2011, and provides for the Company's issuance of 500,000 shares of restricted common stock and 100,000 warrants with an exercise price of \$0.25 per share which expire on May 4, 2014. The Company recorded \$20,284 in compensation expense for the six months ended June 30, 2011. The shares of Company common stock are restricted securities, and may not be sold, transferred or otherwise disposed without registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act"), or an exemption thereunder. The securities were offered and sold in reliance on the exemption from registration under Section 4(2) of the Act. The offering was not conducted in connection with a public offering, and no public solicitation or advertisement was made or relied upon by the individual in connection with the offering.

In June 2011, the Company entered into an Agreement whereby an investor purchased \$50,000 of the debt due by the Company to a shareholder. The Company subsequently renegotiated the terms of this note by reducing the interest rate to 6% per annum payable in Company stock; extending the due date to June 23, 2012; and adding a conversion feature whereby the holder may convert the note to shares in Propell at a price equal to 65% of the lowest closing bid price for any of the five trading days before the date of conversion. Through December 31, 2011, the Holder exercised his right to convert \$42,275 of the Note for 710,470 shares. The common stock issued upon conversion of the note was issued in reliance on Section 3(a)(9) of the Securities Act of 1933.

In June 2011, the Company borrowed \$40,000 under a one year unsecured note from Prolific Group, LLC. Interest accrues on the note at the rate of 6% per annum. The note was convertible by the holder into common stock of the Company any time after December 7, 2011. The conversion price would be 65 percent of the average of the lowest three trading prices of the Company's common stock during the ten trading days immediately preceding the conversion. The note has no financial covenants. The securities were offered and sold in reliance on the exemption

from registration under Section 4(2) of the Act. The offering was not conducted in connection with a public offering, and no public solicitation or advertisement was made or relied upon by the individual in connection with the offering.

The Company issued 500,000 shares of common stock to Blue Wave Advisors pursuant to an investor relations consulting agreement dated July 25, 2011. The Investor Relations Agreement is for a term of six months commencing July 25, 2011 (unless earlier terminated), and provides for the Company's issuance of 500,000 shares of restricted common stock. The shares of Company common stock are restricted securities, and may not be sold, transferred or otherwise disposed without registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act"), or an exemption thereunder. The securities were offered and sold in reliance on the exemption from registration under Section 4(2) of the Act. The offering was not conducted in connection with a public offering, and no public solicitation or advertisement was made or relied upon by the individual in connection with the offering.

On August 6, 2011, the Company entered into a convertible promissory note with a third party to borrow \$53,000. Interest accrues on the note at the rate of 8% per annum, is due in nine months and has no financial covenants. The note is convertible by the holder into common stock of the Company any time after six months until maturity. The conversion price would be 65 percent of the average of the lowest three trading prices of the Company's common stock during the ten trading days immediately preceding the conversion. The notes are restricted securities, and may not be sold, transferred or otherwise disposed without registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act"), or an exemption thereunder. The securities were offered and sold in reliance on the exemption from registration under Section 4(2) of the Act and Regulation D promulgated under the Act. The offering was not conducted in connection with a public offering, and no public solicitation or advertisement was made or relied upon by the individual in connection with the offering.

On August 8, 2011, the Company issued 728,493 shares of the Company's common stock in connection with the conversion of \$58,279 of debt and accrued interest. The shares were exchanged with existing security holders and no remuneration or commission was paid in reliance on Section 3(a)(9) of the Securities Act of 1933.

The Company issued 500,000 shares of common stock to Strategic IR pursuant to an investor relations consulting agreement dated August 23, 2011. The Investor Relations Agreement is for a term of twelve months commencing August 23, 2011 (unless earlier terminated), and provides for the Company's issuance of 500,000 shares of restricted common stock and 100,000 warrants with an exercise price of \$0.25 per share which expire on August 23, 2014. The shares of Company common stock are restricted securities, and may not be sold, transferred or otherwise disposed without registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act"), or an exemption thereunder. The securities were offered and sold in reliance on the exemption from registration under Section 4(2) of the Act. The offering was not conducted in connection with a public offering, and no public solicitation or advertisement was made or relied upon by the individual in connection with the offering.

On September 12, 2011, the Company entered into a convertible promissory note with a third party to borrow \$32,500. Interest accrues on the note at the rate of 8% per annum, is due in nine months and has no financial covenants. The note is convertible by the holder into common stock of the Company any time after six months until maturity. The conversion price would be 65 percent of the average of the lowest three trading prices of the Company's common stock during the ten trading days immediately preceding the conversion.. The securities were offered and sold in reliance on the exemption from registration under Section 4(2) of the Act. The offering was not conducted in connection with a public offering, and no public solicitation or advertisement was made or relied upon by the individual in connection with the offering.

During the year ended December 31, 2011, the Company granted 4,640,000 options to employees and consultants having a fair value of \$193,401, based upon the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The securities were offered and sold in reliance on the exemption from registration under Section 4(2) of the Act. The offering was not conducted in connection with a public offering, and no public solicitation or advertisement was made or relied upon by the individual in connection with the offering.

On October 23, 2011, the Company issued to Tripod Group, LLC ("Tripod") convertible redeemable promissory notes in the principal amounts of: (i) \$150,000 (the "\$150,000 Note ") and (ii) \$50,000 (the "\$50,000 Note", and together with the \$50,000 Note, the "Notes"). The \$150,000 Note and the \$50,000 Note, together with all accrued interest, are due and payable on October 23, 2013 and October 23, 2012, respectively, and bear interest at a rate of 6% per annum, payable in shares of the Company's common stock. The principal amount of the Notes is convertible at any time after April 23, 2012, at the option of Tripod, at a conversion price, subject to adjustment as set forth in the Notes, equal to 65% of the lowest closing bid price of the Company's common stock on the five trading days preceding the notice of conversion (including the day upon which a notice of conversion is received by the Company). The conversion price may also be adjusted downward if, within three business days of receipt of a notice of conversion, the Company's common stock has a closing bid price which is five percent (5%) or lower than the price set forth in the notice of conversion. The Company shall have the right, at any time, to redeem the Notes in whole and pay to Tripod 125% of



the then unpaid principal amount of the Notes. The securities were offered and sold in reliance on the exemption from registration under Section 4(2) of the Act. The offering was not conducted in connection with a public offering, and no public solicitation or advertisement was made or relied upon by the individual in connection with the offering

On October 23, 2011, the Company entered into a Share Issuance Agreement with Tripod (the "Share Issuance Agreement") pursuant to which the Company issued 100,000 shares of common stock (the "Shares") to Tripod to be held in escrow and released as follows: (i) 33,333 of the Shares will be released to Tripod if the Company elects to disallow the conversion of \$50,000 in principal of the \$150,000 Note; (ii) 33,333 of the Shares will be released to Tripod if the Company elects to disallow the conversion of the second \$50,000 in principal of the \$150,000 Note; and (iii) the final 33,334 of the Shares will be released to Tripod if the Company elects to disallow the conversion of the final \$50,000 of the \$150,000 Note, in each case such \$50,000 in principal of the \$150,000 Note to be cancelled along with an offsetting \$50,000 of the Tripod Note. The securities were offered and sold in reliance on the exemption from registration under Section 4(2) of the Act. The offering was not conducted in connection with a public offering, and no public solicitation or advertisement was made or relied upon by the individual in connection with the offering

During the year ended December 31, 2011, the Company issued 215,000 to two individuals for services rendered. The securities were offered and sold in reliance on the exemption from registration under Section 4(2) of the Act. The offering was not conducted in connection with a public offering, and no public solicitation or advertisement was made or relied upon by the individual in connection with the offering.

In December 2011, the Company entered into a convertible promissory note with a third party to borrow \$32,500. Interest accrues on the note at the rate of 8% per annum, is due in nine months and has no financial covenants. The note is convertible by the holder into common stock of the Company any time after six months until maturity. The conversion price would be 65 percent of the average of the lowest three trading prices of the Company's common stock during the ten trading days immediately preceding the conversion. The notes are restricted securities, and may not be sold, transferred or otherwise disposed without registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act"), or an exemption thereunder. The securities were offered and sold in reliance on the exemption from registration under Section 4(2) of the Act. The offering was not conducted in connection with a public offering, and no public solicitation or advertisement was made or relied upon by the individual in connection with the offering

In March 2012, the Company entered into a convertible promissory note with a third party to borrow \$32,500. Interest accrues on the note at the rate of 8% per annum, is due on December 12, 2012. The note is convertible by the holder into common stock of the Company any time after six months until maturity. The conversion price would be 65 percent of the average of the lowest three trading prices of the Company's common stock during the ten trading days immediately preceding the conversion. The notes are restricted securities, and may not be sold, transferred or otherwise disposed without registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act"), or an exemption thereunder. The securities were offered and sold in reliance on the exemption from registration under Section 4(2) of the Act. The offering was not conducted in connection with a public offering, and no public solicitation or advertisement was made or relied upon by the individual in connection with the offering

### Securities Authorized For Issuance under Equity Compensation Plans

#### PROPELL CORPORATION 2008 STOCK OPTION PLAN

Our board of directors adopted the Propell Corporation 2008 Stock Option Plan (the "Plan") in April 2008 to promote our long-term growth and profitability by (i) providing our key directors, officers and employees with incentives to improve stockholder value and contribute to our growth and financial success and (ii) enable us to attract, retain and reward the best available persons for positions of substantial responsibility. A total of 5,000,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock have been reserved for issuance upon exercise of options granted pursuant to the Plan. The Plan allows the Company to grant options to employees, officers and directors of the Company and its subsidiaries; provided that only employees of the Company and its subsidiaries may receive incentive stock options under the Plan. The Company has granted a total of 4,844,000 options as of March 30, 2012. Set forth below is detail with respect to issuances under the Plan.

Plan category	Number of securities issued under equity compensation	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options	Number of securities remaining available for
---------------	---	--	--

	plan	future issuance under equity compensation plans
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders		
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	4,844,000	2,656,000
Total	4,844,000	2,656,000

**Item 6. Selected Financial Data**

This item is omitted as not required for smaller reporting companies.

**Item 7. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

The following Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (“MD&A”) is intended to help the reader understand our results of operations and financial condition.

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our consolidated financial statement as of December 31, 2011 and 2010 which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of any contingent liabilities at the financial statement date and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. On an on-going basis we review our estimates and assumptions. Our estimates are based on our historical experience and other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results are likely to differ from those estimates under different assumptions or conditions. Our critical accounting policies, the policies we believe are most important to the presentation of our financial statements and require the most difficult, subjective and complex judgments are outlined below in “Critical Accounting Policies.”

## FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements made in this report may constitute “forward-looking statements *on our current expectations and projections about future events.*” These forward-looking statements involve known or unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance, or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. *In some cases you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as “may,” “should,” “potential,” “continue,” “expects,” “anticipates,” “intends,” “plans,” “believes,” “estimates,”* and similar expressions. These statements are based on our current beliefs, expectations, and assumptions and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. These forward-looking statements are made as of the date of this report, and we assume no obligation to update these forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise, other than as required by law. In light of these assumptions, risks, and uncertainties, the forward-looking events discussed in this report might not occur and actual results and events may vary significantly from those discussed in the forward-looking statements.

## Company Overview

Propell Corporation is a Delaware corporation originally formed on January 29, 2008 as CA Photo Acquisition Corp. On April 10, 2008 Crystal Magic, Inc. (“CMI”), a Florida corporation, merged with an acquisition subsidiary of Propell’s, which was formed solely for the purpose of the merger of CMI with and into Propell. As part of this transaction, the Company issued an aggregate of 5,400,000 shares to the former shareholders of CMI.

On May 6, 2008, the Company acquired both Mountain Capital, LLC (d/b/a Arrow Media Solutions) (“AMS”) and Auleron 2005, LLC (d/b/a Auleron Technologies) (“AUL”) and made each a wholly owned subsidiary. A total of 2,094,864 shares of the Company’s common stock were issued to the members of AMS and a total of 136,088 shares of the Company’s common stock were issued to the members of AUL.

The mergers were completed in order to form a consolidated enterprise with subsidiaries that each have experience in complementary parts of the imaging and personalized products industries, and to expand their capabilities both online and at retail.

In mid-2009, Management decided to concentrate its efforts and assets on its e-commerce business. Shortly thereafter, AUL and AMS began to wind down operations. In January 2010, AUL was dissolved. In late 2009, AMS assigned its warranty responsibilities and its inventory to a third party and ceased operations. We dissolved AMS in late 2010. In furthering this decision to concentrate on e-commerce, we closed CMI’s operations in July 2010. In September 2010,

CMI's assets were foreclosed upon by its largest creditor and these assets were liquidated.

In December 2011, the Company laid off most of its employees and substantially reduced the working hours of the remaining employees. It also ceased virtually all marketing and out bound sales activities. The Company continues to fulfill new orders.

## **OUR PLAN OF OPERATIONS**

### *Our Company*

We are a Delaware corporation providing e-commerce and fulfillment for image-based personalized products and services via custom websites for schools, nonprofits, media companies and other organizations. Through our proprietary online system, we allow partners to create "instant" e-commerce web sites (marketed as PropellShops®). This system provides a special web site at which a customer — whether a business, group, or individual — can design and set up a web store featuring their own logos, photos or other artwork. That web store can then be embedded into, or linked from, the customer's own web site. We then operate that store for the customer, taking orders, manufacturing and shipping product and paying a share of our revenue to the customer.

All of our current operations are conducted through Propell. We ceased operations of CMI in 2010 due to poor performance and insufficient capital. In 2009 we also ceased doing business through our AMS subsidiary. We assigned inventory and our warranty responsibilities and interaction with customers to a third party. We dissolved AMS in late 2010. Our third subsidiary, Auleron 2005, LLC, discontinued its operations in 2008; in November 2009, the decision was made to liquidate Auleron since it had no operations and management determined its resources were better focused on its Internet business. Auleron was formally liquidated in January 2010. Prior to our formation in January 2008, each subsidiary was independently owned.

Our current customers include eChalk, the Los Angeles Times, the Navy Exchange Command, and numerous K-12 schools and universities, through e-commerce web sites. In addition, our management has a long track record of delivering a variety of consumer and photo products, services and logistics to partners, including Wal-Mart, Walgreens, CVS and Rite-Aid.

Our principal offices are located at 305 San Anselmo Avenue, Suite 300, San Anselmo, CA 94960. Our telephone number is (415) 747-8775. Our fiscal year end is December 31.

### **Critical Accounting Policies**

Management believes that the critical accounting policies and estimates discussed below involve the most complex management judgments due to the sensitivity of the methods and assumptions necessary in determining the related asset, liability, revenue and expense amounts. Specific risks associated with these critical accounting policies are discussed throughout this MD&A, where such policies have a material effect on reported and expected financial results. For a detailed discussion of the application of these and other accounting policies, refer to the individual Notes to the Financial Statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011.

### ***Revenue Recognition***

The Company recognizes revenues when products are shipped or services are delivered to customers, pricing is fixed or determinable, and collection is reasonably assured. Net revenues include product sales net of returns and allowances.

### ***Use of estimates***

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements. Estimates are based on historical experience, management expectations for future performance, and other assumptions as appropriate. Key areas affected by estimates include the assessment of the recoverability of long-lived assets, which is based on such factors as estimated future cash flows. We re-evaluate estimates on an ongoing basis; therefore, actual results may vary from those estimates.

### ***Fair Values of Financial Instruments***

The carrying values of cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses approximate the fair values of these instruments due to their short-term nature. The carrying amount for borrowings under the financing agreement approximates fair value because of the variable market interest rates charged for these borrowings. We adopted FASB ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements & Disclosures*, for financial assets and financial liabilities in the first quarter of fiscal 2009, which did not have an impact on our financial statements.

### ***Concentration of Credit Risk***

Financial instruments, which potentially subject us to concentrations of credit risk, consist of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. We place our cash with high quality financial institutions and at times may exceed the FDIC insurance limit. We extend credit based on an evaluation of the customer's financial condition, generally without collateral. Exposure to losses on receivables is principally dependent on each customer's financial condition. We monitor our exposure for credit losses and maintain allowances for anticipated losses, as required.

### **Recently Issued Accounting Standards**

For a discussion of the adoption and potential impacts of recently issued accounting standards, refer to the "Recent Accounting Pronouncements" section of Note 1, "Reorganization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies," in the Notes to Financial Statements.

### **Our Plan of Operations**

Our current operations involve sales and operations from PropellShops. The operations of Auleron 2005, LLC were dissolved in January 2010. We determined the net fair market value of the assets and liabilities of Auleron 2005, LLC at December 31, 2009, LLC to be immaterial to our consolidated financial statements. The operations of Crystal Magic were closed in June 2010. In September 2010, Orlando National bank foreclosed on the assets of Crystal

Magic and sold them at auction.



Our PropellShops system offers organizations a turnkey e-commerce web site permitting our partners to offer personalized or custom merchandise featuring their logo or other artwork. PropellShops permits a partner – whether a school, nonprofit, rock band or business – to create a complete web store, potentially with 100s of items of personalized merchandise. The partner sets the prices, and we create and host the store, arrange for the products to be manufactured on demand and shipped from one or more of our contract facilities, collect the revenues, and send the partner a check for the profits. We currently have stores with hundreds of K-12 schools, as well as universities, nonprofits, musicians and businesses, as well as offering military products through the Navy Exchange Command.

In addition to the e-commerce and fulfillment services described above, we also provide design and marketing support for most partners, including assistance with setting up appropriate shops, and marketing materials for their use in reaching their target audience, including brochures, flyers and emails.

We believe the PropellShops service opens up substantial new opportunities and channels by providing web sites with the opportunity to easily integrate a personalized merchandise online store with their own site with little effort or cost. Strategic outsource partners perform the fulfillment, manufacturing and shipping of these product(s). The PropellShops product is a key part of our strategy for 2011 and beyond.

Our ability to continue to execute on our plan of operations is contingent on our ability to raise additional capital to expand our Internet initiatives and marketing. Our ability to continue to fulfill customer orders and expand our business is dependent upon us raising additional funding in the near term. Due to limited capital and related staff reductions, we have reduced our outbound sales and marketing activities until such time that more working capital can be secured or is generated from sales growth. We continue to accept and ship orders placed on our ecommerce web sites from existing customers, and from new customers who use our online tools to set up their own shops. However, our lack of cash makes it difficult for us to purchase necessary products and retain employees. We do not have sufficient capital to last the next quarter; however it is our intent to raise significant additional capital through the sale of securities. The Company continues to seek new equity and/or debt. We will try to accomplish this through discussions with previous investors as well as seeking new financial or strategic investors.

**Results of Operations 2011****Year ended December 31, 2011 compared to year ended December 31, 2010.**

The following table sets forth our results of operations, excluding discontinued operations, for the years ended December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 in absolute dollars and as a percentage of revenue. It also details the changes from the prior fiscal year in absolute dollars and in percentages. We have reported the results of operations of businesses we discontinued in 2010 [and 2011] as discontinued operations for both the year ended December 31, 2011 and the year ended December 31, 2010. See “Discontinued Operations.”

(In Thousands)	Fiscal Year ended December 31,							
	2011	% of Revenue		2010	% of Revenue		Change from 2010	
							Variance	%
Net revenues	\$204,796			\$100,352			\$104,444	104 %
Product cost	138,874	68 %		71,877	72 %		66,997	93 %
Gross profit	65,922	32 %		28,475	28 %		37,447	132 %
Operating expenses	1,474,039	719 %		1,604,626	1,604 %		(130,587 )	(8 )%
Operating loss	(1,408,177)	687 %		(1,576,151)	1,576 %		(167,974 )	(11 )%
Interest and other income, net	34,070	17 %		15	0 %		34,065	N/M
Loss from continuing operations	(1,374,047)	677 %		(1,576,136)	1,576 %		(202,089 )	(13 )%
Loss from discontinued operations	0			(94,313 )	94 %		94,313	N/M
Net loss	\$(1,374,047)	677 %		\$(1,670,449)	1,670 %		\$296,402	(18 )%

N/M – not meaningful

## **Continuing Operations**

### **Net Revenues**

PropellShops revenue increased by \$104,444 to \$204,796 or 104%; however unless we receive financing we will not be able to continue this upward revenue trend.

### **Gross Profit**

Gross profit increased from \$28,475 or 28% of revenue in 2010 to a profit of \$65,922 or 32% of revenue. We believe that gross margins improved as volume increased.

### **Operating Expenses**

Operating expenses decreased from 2010 to 2011 by \$130,587 or 11%, partially due to our reduction in staff resulting from our financial position.

## **Discontinued Operations**

At the end of the fiscal year we had no operating subsidiaries. Crystal Magic (CMI), which operated our laser etching business, ceased operations in June 2010. CMI generated revenues of \$165,000 for the year ended December 31, 2010, down from \$1,009,000 in 2009. Revenues have been included in discontinued operations. Revenues in 2010 came principally from the sale of customized laser etched products at the Disney World Theme Park. Until September 2009, we also sold laser etched products to corporate clients for gifting.

In 2010, CMI generated gross profit of \$129,000 or 78% of revenue during the year. Operating expenses in 2010 of \$217,000 consisted primarily of salaries and consulting fees (\$162,000 or 80% of total operating costs) to maintain personnel in the theme park and management of the operations.

## **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

To date, our primary sources of cash have been funds raised from the sale of our securities, issuance of convertible and non-convertible debt

We have incurred an accumulated deficit of \$5,933,698 through December 31, 2011. We have incurred negative cash flow from operations since we started our business. We have spent, and expect to continue to spend, substantial amounts in connection with implementing our business strategy, including our planned product development effort. Based on our current plans, we believe that our cash will not be sufficient to enable us to meet our planned operating needs in the next quarter. Our ability to continue to fulfill customer orders and expand our business is dependent upon us raising additional funding in the near term. Due to limited capital and related staff reductions, we have reduced our outbound sales and marketing activities until such time that more working capital can be secured or is generated from sales growth. We continue to accept and ship orders placed on our ecommerce web sites from existing customers, and from new customers who use our online tools to set up their own shops. However, our lack of cash makes it difficult for us to purchase necessary products and retain employees.

As of April 1, 2012, we have notes, net of debt discount, in the aggregate principal amount of \$1,800,136 outstanding. Of such amount, notes in the principal amount of \$150,000 are past due, and the balance of the notes are due in 2012. We do not have the funds to repay these loans. We will need to raise additional funds in order to repay these loans. We cannot assure you that additional financing will be available if needed on terms favorable to us.

### **Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2011 - Cash Flow Activity**

During 2011, the Company borrowed a total of \$308,000 through the issuance of convertible notes. These Notes all mature within twelve months, carry interest rates of between six and eight percent per annum and allow the lenders to convert these notes into equity at a 45% discount from the average price they sell the shares. In addition, the Company borrowed \$362,188 from one shareholder through a series on short-term notes and advances. These notes carry an interest rate of 10% per annum. None of the convertible or non-convertible notes has any financial covenants.

## Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2010 - Cash Flow Activity

During 2010, the Company borrowed \$660,000 under a convertible note. As of December 31, 2010, the Company had borrowed a total of \$1,067,500 (excluding accrued interest) under this convertible note. On July 22, 2010, the convertible note holder notified the Company that it would exercise its right to convert to equity at the closing of the next round of financing. In February 2011, the due date on the convertible note was extended to August 31, 2011, and the total amount available to be borrowed was increased to \$2,000,000. Availability and draw downs are subject to lender approval in his sole discretion. The material terms of this Agreement are:

15% per annum interest

Secured by all the assets of Propell Corporation

Note may be converted into common stock of the Company at the lower of \$0.27 per share or a 25% discount to the first round of financing following the date of the credit facility (September 3, 2009).

The lender has the right to rescind the conversion to equity in the case where the amount of new equity raised is less than \$1.5 million.

There are no financial or other material covenants in this Agreement.

In June 2010, the Company borrowed \$100,000 under a one year unsecured note from a shareholder. Interest accrues on the note at the rate of 8% per annum. The note has no financial covenants. In December 2010, the shareholder lent us an additional \$100,000 under similar terms with a due date of December 15, 2011 and interest accruing at 10%. In February 2011, the shareholder lent us an additional \$100,000. This note is due February 10, 2012, accrues interest at the rate of 12% per annum and has no financial covenants.

The Company's Crystal Magic (CMI) subsidiary owes approximately \$839,000 to the U.S. Small Business Loans (the "SBA") and the Orlando National Bank (together, "Lenders"). In June 2010, CMI ceased operations. The Lenders foreclosed and seized all Company assets and held an auction and liquidated such assets. The Lenders have acknowledged they have no rights directly against Propell and have told us they plan to seek repayment from Mr. Steven Rhodes, a former owner of CMI and who had personally guaranteed the loans. Previously, we had entered into an agreement with Steve Rhodes, whereby we agreed to assume the payment for these loans in the event of the bankruptcy of Crystal Magic and the demand of the SBA or the Orlando National Bank of payment under Mr. Rhodes' guarantee. Mr. Rhodes placed 2,000,000 shares of our stock, owned by him, in escrow to be used by us in our discretion at any time after April 8, 2010, to pay the amounts owed by Crystal Magic under these loans. To date,

Crystal Magic has not filed for bankruptcy and so the condition for our obligation has not been met, and even if met we believe that such agreement is unenforceable. However, there can be no assurance that the shares held in escrow will have sufficient value to satisfy such debt or that Mr. Rhodes won't seek reimbursement from the Company, to the extent he makes any payments to the Lenders. If Mr. Rhodes were to try to enforce the provisions of the agreement we would vigorously defend our position; however no assurance can be given that we will be successful in our defense.

The actual amount of funds we will need to operate is subject to many factors, some of which are beyond our control. We have based our estimate on assumptions that may prove to be wrong. We may need to obtain additional funds sooner or in greater amounts than we currently anticipate. Potential sources of financing include strategic relationships, public or private sales of our shares or debt and other sources. We may seek to access the public or private equity markets when conditions are favorable due to our long-term capital requirements. We do not have any firmly committed sources of financing at this time, and it is uncertain whether additional funding will be available when we need it on terms that will be acceptable to us, or at all. If we raise funds by selling additional shares of common stock or other securities convertible into common stock, the ownership interest of our existing stockholders will be diluted. If we are not able to obtain financing when needed, we may be unable to carry out our business plan. As a result, we may have to significantly limit our operations and our business, financial condition and results of operations would be materially harmed.

#### **Off Balance Sheet Arrangements**

There are no off balance sheet arrangements.

#### **Item 9. Changes and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure**

There have been no disagreements on any matter of accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosure, or auditing scope or procedure with our independent auditors for the period ended December 31, 2011.

## **Item 9A. Controls and Procedures**

### *Disclosure Controls and Procedures*

The Company has adopted and maintains disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the reports filed under the Exchange Act, such as this Form 10-K, is collected, recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company's disclosure controls and procedures are also designed to ensure that such information is accumulated and communicated to management to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. As required under Exchange Act Rule 13a-15, the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, has conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, the Company's CEO concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that the Company files or submits under the Exchange Act, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Company's CEO, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. The Company's CEO has concluded, that as of the date of the filing of this Annual Report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective and that all material weaknesses and significant deficiencies have been completely remediated due to the retention of an additional bookkeeper and a consultant who are integrally involved in the preparation of the financial statements and all disclosure.

### *Changes in Internal Control*

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act) that occurred during our fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2011 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

### *Internal Controls*

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rule 13(a)-15. Internal control over financial reporting refers to the process designed by, or under the supervision of, our Chief Executive Officer who is also our Chief Financial Officer, and effected by our Board of Directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and includes those policies and procedures that:

- Pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of our assets;
- Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that our receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorization of our management and directors; and
- Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisitions, use or disposition of our assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Internal control over financial reporting cannot provide absolute assurance of achieving financial reporting objectives because of its inherent limitations. It is a process that involves human diligence and compliance and is subject to lapses in judgment and breakdowns resulting from human failures. It also can be circumvented by collusion or improper management override.

Because of such limitations, there is a risk that material misstatements may not be prevented or detected on a timely basis by internal control over financial reporting. However, these inherent limitations are known features of the financial reporting process. Therefore, it is possible to design into the process certain safeguards to reduce, though not eliminate, this risk.

Management has used the framework set forth in the report entitled *Internal Control – Integrated Framework* published by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission, known as COSO, to evaluate the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. Based upon this assessment, management has concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011.



This Annual report on Form 10-K does not include an attestation report of our registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to attestation by our registered public accounting firm pursuant to temporary rules of the Securities Exchange Commission that permit us to provide only management's report in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our quarter ended December 31, 2011 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

**Item 9B. Other Information**

Not applicable.

## PART III

### Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

The directors, officers and key employees of the Company are as follows:

Name	Age	Position
Edward L. Bernstein	60	Chief Executive Officer/President/Chairman of the Board
Mark Kalow (1)	58	Secretary, Director
James Fuller	70	Director

(1) On January 19, 2012, we received written notice of the resignation of James Wallace as Vice President and Secretary, effective as of January 19, 2012. Mr. Kalow assumed the role of Secretary to fill the vacant position.

The business experience, principal occupations and employment of each of the above persons during at least the last five years are set forth below.

#### *Edward L. Bernstein*

Mr. Bernstein has been our Chief Executive Officer and President since we were organized in January 2008. Mr. Bernstein has a 25-year track record in founding, financing and growing consumer technology and entertainment companies. He has raised over \$75 million in private capital working with a variety of venture capital and strategic investors. During 2007 and until February 2008, Mr. Bernstein was a consultant to Creekside LLC, a consulting firm to early stage technology companies. From 2002 through 2006, Mr. Bernstein served as President and CEO of PhotoTLC, Inc., providing online and in-store digital photo services and gifts for the largest retailers in the United States. Prior to his work with PhotoTLC, beginning in 1999, Mr. Bernstein served as the Chief Executive Officer of Photopoint.com, one of the pioneering digital photo sharing sites. Mr. Bernstein also serves on the Board of Directors of Akeena Solar, Inc., a publicly traded solar products designer and manufacturer. Mr. Bernstein received his Bachelor of Arts from the University of Hartford and is a graduate of Stanford University's Executive Program.

Mr. Bernstein brings to the Board significant executive leadership and operational experience. Mr. Bernstein's prior business experience, especially his experience in the on line industry, gives him a broad and extensive understanding of our operations and our industry. His prior service on the board of other public companies has provided him with a strong corporate governance expertise and an understanding of the proper role and function of the Board. Due to his business background, he has a broad understanding of the operational, financial and strategic issues facing public companies.

***Mark Kalow***

Mr. Kalow was appointed as a director on April 9, 2009. Mr. Kalow is a Managing Director at Soquel Group, a consulting firm specializing in Intellectual Property and Business Development; he also serves on the board of directors of LSF Network, an e-marketing services company, Reischling Press, Inc., a digital printing company, Pure Depth, Inc., a display technology licensing company and The Tannery Arts Center in Santa Cruz, California. . Mr. Kalow has also served on the Board of Photoworks, Inc. from 2004 until 2008. From October 1999 to September 2003, Mr. Kalow served as a Managing Director for the Venture Capital Division of Trans Cosmos USA, a Japanese IT services company and strategic investor in U.S. rich media, CRM and e-marketing companies. From September 1993 to July 1998, Mr. Kalow was Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer of Live Picture Inc. (LPI), a digital imaging software company which he co-founded. He was Chief Executive Officer of LPI from November 1998 through June 1999. Mr. Kalow holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Management from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology and a Masters in Business Administration with a concentration in financial management from the University of Chicago. He attended Director's College at Stanford Law School, June 2006.

Mr. Kalow brings a strong business background to Propell, having worked in similar businesses for many years. Mr. Kalow brings to the Board significant strategic, business and financial experience related to the business and financial issues facing our company. His financial management and legal background provides him with a broad understanding of the financial and legal issues facing Propell, the financial markets and the financing opportunities available to Propell. His prior service on the board of other public companies has provided him with a strong corporate governance expertise and an understanding of the proper role and function of the Board.

***James Fuller***

Mr. Fuller was named to Propell's Board of Directors on October 14, 2011. Mr. Fuller provides extensive financial experience to the board, with more than three decades in key roles in major financial, educational and regulatory organizations, including overseeing the consulting practice for the Investment Industries Division of SRI International and serving as Senior Vice President of the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) from 1976 to 1981, where he was responsible for corporate development, marketing, corporate listing and regulation oversight, research and public affairs.

In 1981, he was named by President Ronald Reagan to the Board of Directors of the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC), where he served until 1987. He was Senior Vice President of Marketing for Charles Schwab and Company from 1981 to 1985. Subsequently, he held key roles as President of Bull & Bear Group, a mutual fund/discount brokerage company in New York, as Senior Vice President and Director of Bridge Information Systems and founder and head of Morgan Fuller Capital Group, a registered broker/dealer based in San Francisco, CA.

In 2007 and 2008, Mr. Fuller was owner of Northcoast Financial brokerage. Later in 2008, he became a partner in the private equity firm Baytree Capital, where he oversees the West Coast operations and their interests in the Far East including China.

He is past chairman of the board of Pacific Research Institute, and is a member of the board of the International Institute of Education. He is an elected member and vice chairman for finance of the San Francisco Republican Central Committee and is a member of the Pacific Council for International Policy, Commonwealth Club, and past member of the Committee of Foreign Relations. He served on the Board of Trustees of the University of California, Santa Cruz for 12 years. He received his MBA in Finance from California State University and his Bachelor of Science in Marketing and Political Science from San Jose State University.

Mr. Fuller extensive experience in finance as well as sales and marketing provides him with a broad understanding of the operational, financial and strategic issues facing public companies.

***Employees***

At December 31, 2011 we had no full-time employees.

***Directors' Term of Office***

Directors will hold office until the next annual meeting of stockholders and the election and qualification of their successors. Officers are elected annually by our board of directors and serve at the discretion of the board of directors.

**Director Independence**

Our director, Edward L. Bernstein, is not independent because of his position as an executive officer of our company and Mark Kalow and James Fuller have been determined to qualify as independent members of our Board of Directors.

### ***Audit Committee and Audit Committee Financial Expert***

Our board of directors acts as our audit committee. Mark Kalow and Jim Fuller is are “audit committee financial experts,” as that term is defined in Item 407(d) of Regulation S-K promulgated under the Securities Act.

Upon evaluating our internal controls, our board of directors determined that our internal controls are adequate to insure that financial information is recorded, processed, summarized and reported in a timely and accurate manner in accordance with applicable rules and regulations of the SEC.

### **Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance**

Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act 1934 requires our directors and executive officers, and persons who own more than 10% of a registered class of our equity securities, to file with the SEC initial reports of ownership and reports of changes in ownership of our common stock and other equity securities of Broadcaster. Officers, directors and greater than 10% shareholders are required by the SEC regulations to furnish us with copies of all Section 16(a) forms they file. These filings are publicly available on the SEC’s website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov) . Based solely on our review of the copies of such forms received by us and our review of the SEC’s website, we believe that during fiscal year ended December 31, 2011, all filing requirements applicable to our officers, directors and greater than 10% percent beneficial owners were complied with, except that Edward Bernstein and Mark Kalow each Filed one Form 4 after it was due and James Fuller failed to file a Form 3 in a timely manner when he was appointed as a director.

### **Code of Ethics**

We have established and maintain a Code of Ethics which is applicable to all employees, officers, and directors. Our policy is designed to deter wrongdoing and to promote honest and ethical conduct and compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. It also communicates our expectations of our employees and helps enable us to provide accurate and timely disclosure in our filings with the SEC and other public communications. In addition, the policy incorporates guidelines pertaining to topics such as environmental compliance, health and safety compliance; diversity and non-discrimination; vendor relations, employee privacy; and business continuity.

We will provide any person without charge, upon written or oral request to our corporate headquarters, a copy of our Code of Ethics.

**Item 11. Executive Compensation**

The following table discloses the compensation that was paid to our executive officers in the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010.

Name and Principal Position	Fiscal Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	Stock Awards (\$)	Option Awards (\$)(1)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$)	Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$)	Totals (\$)
Edward L. Bernstein, CEO(2,3,6)	2011	90,417	35,000		123,076	0	0	31,989	280,482
	2010	46,458	35,000	0	0	0	0	19,522	100,980
Paul Scapatici, EVP (3,4,7)	2011	44,917	35,000	0	0	0	0	1,303	79,220
	2010	46,458	35,000	0	11,351	0	0	3,054	95,863
James Wallace, VP (3,5,8)	2011	44,917	35,000	0	0	0	0	1,532	79,449
	2010	46,458	35,000	0	11,351	0	0	0	92,809

(1) The amounts in this column represent the aggregate grant date fair values of the stock option awards granted to the executive in fiscal year ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively in accordance with stock compensation accounting. See Note 11(B) of the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements contained herein, for a discussion of all assumptions made by us in determining the valuation of equity awards.

(2) Represents value of stock paid in lieu of severance.

(3) In 2010, Messrs. Bernstein, Scapatici and Wallace each deferred \$3,542 in salary.

(4) On January 9, 2012, we received written notice of the resignation of Paul Scapatici as Vice President, effective as of January 9, 2012.

(5) On January 19, 2012, we received written notice of the resignation of James Wallace as Vice President and Secretary, effective as of January 19, 2012. Mr. Kalow assumed the role of Secretary to fill the vacant position.

(6) At December 31, 2011, Mr. Bernstein is due \$35,625 in deferred salaries and bonuses.

(7) At December 31, 2011, Mr. Scapatici is due \$7,084 in deferred salary.

(8) At December 31, 2011 Mr. Wallace is due \$7,084 in deferred salary.

**Outstanding Equity awards at Fiscal Year-End**

The following table sets forth information relating to equity awards outstanding at the end of Fiscal 2011 for each Named Executive Officer.

Name	Grant Date	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options Exercisable	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options Unexercisable	Option Exercise Price (\$/share)	Option Expiration Date
Edward L. Bernstein	6/19/09	100,000	83,333	16,667	.27	6/15/09
	6/30/11	1,500,000	666,667	833,333	.17	6/30/10
Paul Scapatichi	5/6/08	125,000	125,000	0	.50	5/6/18
	6/16/09	150,000	125,000	25,000	.25	6/16/19
	10/12/10	100,000	100,000	0	.25	10/12/10
James Wallace	5/6/08	125,000	125,000	0	.50	5/6/18
	6/16/09	125,000	104,167	20,833	.25	6/16/19
	10/12/10	100,000	100,000	0	.25	10/12/10

**Option Exercises**

The following table sets forth certain information relating to the exercise of stock options and the vesting of stock awards during Fiscal 2011 for each named Executive officer.

Name	Number of Shares Acquired on Exercise (number)	Value Realized on Exercise (\$)
Edward Bernstein	-	-
Paul Scapatichi	-	-
James Wallace	-	-

**DIRECTOR COMPENSATION**



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The following table sets forth certain information concerning the compensation paid or earned by the Directors who were not Named Executive Officers for services rendered in all capacities during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011.

Name	Fees earned or paid in cash (\$)	Stock Awards (\$)	Option Awards (1)	Non-equity incentive plan (\$)	Nonqualified deferred compensation earnings (\$)	All other compensation (\$)	Total (\$)
Mark Kalow (2)	0	0	21,578	0	0	0	
James Graham (3)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
James Fuller (4)	0	0	12,396	0	0	0	12,396

(1) The amounts in this column represent the aggregate grant date fair values of the stock option awards granted to the executive in fiscal year ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively in accordance with stock compensation accounting. See Note 11(B) of the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements contained herein, for a discussion of all assumptions made by us in determining the valuation of equity awards.

(2) On January 19, 2012, we received written notice of the resignation of James Wallace as Vice President and Secretary, effective as of January 19, 2012. Mr. Kalow assumed the role of Secretary to fill the vacant position.

(3) On February 18, 2011, we received written notice of the resignation letter from Jamie Graham, dated February 6, 2011, stating that Mr. Graham was resigning from our board of directors, effective immediately, in order to pursue other interests of potential interest to the Company.

- (4) On October 14, 2011, Mr. Fuller was appointed to the Board of Directors.

### *Employment Agreements*

On June 30, 2011, Propell Corporation (“Propell”) and Edward L. Bernstein, Chief Executive Officer and President of Propell, entered into a new Employment Agreement between Propell and Mr. Bernstein dated June 30, 2011. The Employment Agreement is for a term of three years commencing on June 30, 2011 and provides that Mr. Bernstein will receive a salary of \$175,000 per annum together with a bonus based upon achieving performance goals as set from time to time by the Board (which minimum bonus for the first twelve months of the agreement shall be \$10,000 per quarter). In addition, Mr. Bernstein was granted as of June 30, 2011 an option to purchase 1,500,000 share of common stock of Propell at the fair market value of the stock on June 30, 2011, of which 500,000 shares are exercisable immediately and the remaining 1,000,000 shares vest 1/36 th per month for the remaining 36 months of the agreement. The agreement can be terminated early (a) upon Mr. Bernstein ’ s death or disability (b) by Propell for “cause” (as defined in the agreement) (c) by Mr. Bernstein for “good reason” (as defined in the agreement) or (d) termination for other reasons. In the event of (a) a change of control of more than 50% of the ownership of Propell and Mr. Bernstein is terminated from his employment not for cause or he terminates his employment for ‘ good reason” (b) Propell terminates Mr. Bernstein ’ s employment without cause or (c) Mr. Bernstein terminates his employment for “good reason” then Propell agreed to (i) pay Mr. Bernstein any accrued salary, bonus, vacation pay (ii) to pay Mr. Bernstein his salary and his pro rated guaranteed bonus for an additional 6 months (iii) accelerate his unvested options for one year ( and in the case of a change of control under clause (a) of this sentence, full acceleration) and grant a one year exercise period for such accelerated options or previously vested options and (iii) continue to pay for all benefits he currently receives under all plans for an additional year.

The Employment Agreements also contain additional provisions which are customary for executive employment agreements of this type. These include confidentiality, non-compete and non-solicitation provisions.

The foregoing description of the Employment Agreement does not purport to be complete, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the complete text of the employment agreement, a copy of which is attached as an exhibit to this Current Report on Form 8-K.

We entered into three-year employment agreements on May 6, 2008, which were amended effective December 21, 2008 with Paul Scapatici and James Wallace.

The amended agreement with Mr. Scapatici provides for a \$50,000 annual base salary plus a \$35,000 annual draw against commissions with severance of either six months at the \$125,000 level as originally agreed to or one month’s lump sum plus an additional 208,333 shares of company stock if he is terminated for reasons other than Cause, or if Mr. Scapatici terminates for Good Reason, all as defined in the employment agreement. The agreement also provides

for a one time grant of 125,000 stock options to purchase 125,000 shares at \$.50 per share with vesting over three years.

The amended agreement with Mr. Wallace provides for a \$50,000 annual base salary plus a \$35,000 annual draw against commissions with severance of either six months at the \$125,000 level as originally agreed to or one month's lump sum plus an additional 208,333 shares of company stock if he is terminated for reasons other than Cause, or if Mr. Wallace terminates for Good Reason, all as defined in the employment agreement. The agreement also provides for a one time grant of 125,000 stock options to purchase 125,000 shares at \$.50 per share with vesting over three years.

We terminated our employment agreements with Mr. Rhodes and Mr. Wolf and have reached a severance settlement with Mr. Wolf. No settlement has been reached with Mr. Rhodes.

#### **Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters**

The following table indicates how many shares of our common stock were beneficially owned as of April 9, 2012, by (1) each person known by us to be the owner of more than 5% of our outstanding shares of common stock, (2) our directors, (3) our executive officers, and (4) our directors and executive officers as a group. In general, "beneficial ownership" includes those shares a director or executive officer has sole or shared power to vote or transfer (whether or not owned directly) and rights to acquire common stock through the exercise of stock options or warrants that are exercisable currently or become exercisable within 60 days. Except as indicated otherwise, the person's name in the table below have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares shown as beneficially owned by them. We based our calculation of the percentage owned on 26,051,069 shares outstanding on April 9, 2012.

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The address of each of the directors and executive officers listed below is c/o Propell Corporation, 305 San Anselmo Avenue, Suite 300, San Anselmo, CA 94960.

Name	Number of Shares Beneficially Owned	Percent of Class
Edward L. Bernstein	1,738,806	(1) 6.4 %
James Graham	4,465,906	(2) 16.3 %
Mark Kalow	398,648	(3) 1.5 %
Joseph W. and Patricia G. Abrams Family Trust	1,255,200	(4) 8.4 %
Mara Gateway Associates LP	3,245,953	(5) 12.2 %
James Fuller	52,500	.2 %
All officers and directors as a group (3 persons)	2,189,954	8.0 %

Mr. Bernstein received 650,000 shares upon conversion of a convertible promissory note. Mr. Bernstein also (1) received 74,411 shares as a result of his investment of \$20,091 in our 2009 rights offering and an additional 111,617 warrants exercisable within 60 days. Mr. Bernstein has 902,778 options exercisable within 60 days.

Mr. Graham received 1,325,166 shares in exchange for membership interests he owned in Mountain Capital, LLC and Auleron 2005, LLC in the merger of those entities with us. Mr. Graham also received 370,370 shares as a (2) result of his \$100,000 investment in our 2009 rights offering, an additional 925,925 shares as a result of our most recent offering and an additional 1,944,445 warrants exercisable within 60 days. Mr. Graham resides at Sturges, WI, Barbados.

Mr. Kalow received 125,000 shares upon conversion of a convertible promissory note. Mr. Kalow also received (3) 7,459 shares as a result of his investment of \$2,014 in our 2009 rights offering and an additional 111,617 warrants exercisable within 60 days. Mr. Kalow has 252,500 options exercisable within 60 days.

537,625 shares were received upon conversion of our first convertible promissory note, plus an additional 500,000 shares were received upon the conversion of our second promissory note and 679,400 shares as a result of an (4) investment in our rights offering and an additional 1,019,100 warrants exercisable within 60 days. Mr. Abrams also purchased 950,000 shares in a private transaction. Joseph W. and Patricia G. Abrams Family Trust have offices at 131 Laurel Grove, Kentfield, CA 94904.

Mara Gateway Associates received 2,500,000 shares upon conversion of a convertible note and 298,381 shares as a (5) result of an investment in our most recent rights offering and an additional 447,572 warrants exercisable within 60 days. Mara's offices are at 11832 Sunrise Drive NE, Bainsbridge Island, WA 98110.

The applicable percentage of ownership for each beneficial owner is based on 26,051,069 shares of Common Stock outstanding as of April 9, 2011. In calculating the number of Shares beneficially owned by a stockholder and the (6) percentage of ownership of that stockholder, shares of Common Stock issuable upon the exercise of options or warrants, or the conversion of other securities held by that stockholder, that are exercisable within 60 days, are deemed outstanding for that holder; however, such shares are not deemed outstanding for computing the percentage ownership of any other stockholder.

### Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

None of our directors and executive officers nor any person who beneficially owns, directly or indirectly, shares equaling more than 5% of our common stock, nor any members of the immediate family (including spouse, parents, children, siblings, and in-laws) of any of the foregoing persons, has any material interest, direct or indirect, in any transaction that we have entered into since our incorporation or any proposed transaction.

**Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services**

The following is a summary of the fees billed to the Company by its independent registered public accounting firm for professional services rendered for the fiscal years 2011 and 2010:

Service	Fiscal 2011	Fiscal 2010
Audit Fees	\$ 25,725	\$ 18,645
Audit-related Fees	-	-
Tax Fees	-	-
All Other Fees	-	-
	\$ 25,725	\$ 18,645

**PART IV**

**Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules**

The financial statements listed in the Index to Consolidated Financial Statements are filed as part of this Annual (a) Report. All financial statement schedules have been included in the Consolidated Financial Statements or Notes thereto.

<b>No.</b>	<b>Description</b>
2.1	Agreement and Plan of Reorganization between the Registrant, Crystal Magic, Inc. and Crystal Acquisition Corporation (1)
2.2	Agreement and Plan of Reorganization between the Registrant, Mountain Capital, LLC, Auleron 2005, LLC, Arrow Acquisition Corporation and Auleron 2005 Acquisition Corporation (1)
2.3	Exhibit and Plan of Reorganization dated June 14, 2010 between the Registrant, Designbyhumans.com (“DBH”) the DBH shareholders and DBH Acquisition Corporation (4)
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation (1)
3.2	Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation (1)
3.3	By-Laws (1)
4.1	2008 Stock Option Plan (1)
4.2	Form of 3% Convertible Promissory Note (1)
4.3	Option Agreement between Steven M. Rhodes, Crystal Magic, Inc. and the Registrant (1)
4.4	Amendment to Promissory Note between Registrant and Lanai Investments, LLC (2)
4.5	Amendment to Promissory Note between Registrant and Loco Lobo, LLC (2)
4.6	Secured Promissory Note dated September 9, 2009 and Amendments(3)
4.7	Security Agreement dated September 3, 2009 between Registrant and Remington Partners, Inc.(3)
4.8	Promissory Note dated June 23, 2010 between Registrant and Joseph W. Abrams.(5)
4.9	Promissory Note dated December 15, 2010 between Registrant and Joseph W. Abrams.(5)
4.10	Promissory Note dated February 15, 2011 between Registrant and Joseph W. Abrams.(5)
4.11	6% Convertible Redeemable Note Due June 7, 2012(7)
4.12	6% Convertible Redeemable Note Due June 23, 2012(7)
4.13	Convertible Promissory Note, Issue Date August 3, 2011(7)
4.14	6% Convertible Redeemable Note Due October 2013(8)
4.15	6% Convertible Redeemable Note Due October 2012(8)
4.16	Tripod Note Due October 2012(8)
4.17	6% Convertible Redeemable Note Due September 5, 2012(9)
4.18	8% Convertible Redeemable Note Due December 5, 2012(9)
10.1	Patent License Agreement between Crystal Magic, Inc. and Laser Design International, LLC dated May 6, 2007 (1)
10.2	Crystal Magic, Inc. SBA Disaster Loan Control No. 9TFL-00512 dated December 19, 2001 (1)
10.3	Crystal Magic, Inc. SBA Loan No. PLP 399-356-4007 dated October 5, 2000 (1)
10.4	Crystal Magic, Inc. SBA Loan No. PLP 399-236-4004 dated October 4, 2000 (1)
10.5	Crystal Magic, Inc. SBA Loan No. PLP 309-109-4009 dated July 29, 1999 (1)
10.6	Operating Agreement between Crystal Magic, Inc. and Cashman Enterprises, Inc dated September 7, 2001. (1)

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- 10.7 Employment agreement between the Registrant and John Wolf (1)
- 10.8 Employment agreement between the Registrant and Jim Wallace (1)
- 10.9 Employment agreement between the Registrant and Paul Scapatici (1)
- 10.10 Employment agreement between the Registrant and Lane Follriott (1)
- 10.11 Employment agreement between the Registrant and Edward L. Bernstein (1)
- 10.12 Employment agreement between the Registrant and Steven M. Rhodes (1)
- 10.13 Form of Lock-up Agreement (1)
- 10.14 Indemnification Agreement between the Registrant and Steven M. Rhodes and Vicki L. Rhodes (1)
- 10.15 Amendment to Employment Agreement between the Registrant and John Wolf (2)
- 10.16 Amendment to Employment Agreement between the Registrant and Jim Wallace (2)
- 10.17 Amendment to Employment Agreement between the Registrant and Paul Scapatici (2)
- 10.18 Amendment to Employment Agreement between the Registrant and Lane Follriott (2)
- 10.19 Amendment to Employment Agreement between the Registrant and Edward L. Bernstein (2)
- 10.20 Amendment to Employment Agreement between the Registrant and Steven M. Rhodes (2)
- 10.21 Release, Termination and Restructuring Agreement between Registrant and Steven M. Rhodes dated April 8, 2009 (2)
- 10.22 Employment Agreement between Propell and Edward L. Bernstein dated June 30, 2011.(6)
- 10.23 Consulting Agreement dated July 25, 2011(7)
- 10.24 Agreement to Exchange Note for Stock(7)
- 10.25 Consulting Agreement dated May 1, 2011(7)
- 10.26 Share Issuance Agreement dated October 23, 2011(8)
- 14.1 Code of Ethics (2)

- 21.1 List of Subsidiaries of the Registrant (1)
- 23.1 Consent of Silberstein Ungar, PLLC (9)
- 31.1 Certification of our Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.(9)
- 31.2 Certification of our Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.(9)
- 32.1 Certification of our Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.(9)
- 32.2 Certification of our Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.(9)

- (1) Incorporated herein by reference to the Company's registration statement on Form S-1, as amended filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 13, 2008
- (2) Incorporated herein by reference to the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, as amended filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 31, 2009
- (3) Incorporated herein by reference to the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, as amended Filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 31, 2010
- (4) Incorporated herein by reference to the Company's current report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 21, 2010
- (5) Incorporated by reference to the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the Year Ended December 31, 2010, as amended filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 31, 2011
- (6) Incorporated herein by reference to the Company's current report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 5, 2011
- (7) Incorporated by reference to the Company's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the Quarter ended June 30, 2011, as amended filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 15, 2011.
- (8) Incorporated herein by reference to the Company's current report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 4, 2011

(9)

Filed herewith



**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned.

**PROPELL CORPORATION**

By: /s/ Edward Bernstein  
Edward Bernstein

President, Chief Executive Officer

and Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Executive Officer and

Principal Financial Officer)

Date: April 16, 2012

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1934, this report has been signed by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Date: April 16, 2012 By: /s/ Edward Bernstein  
Edward Bernstein

President, Chief  
Executive Officer

and Chief Financial  
Officer and

Director

(Principal Executive  
Officer and

Principal Accounting  
Officer)

Date: April 16, 2012 By:/s/ Mark Kalow  
Mark Kalow

Director

Date: April 16, 2012 By:/s/ James Fuller  
James Fuller

Director

**PROPELL CORPORATION**

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**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

To the Board of Directors

Propell Corporation

Greenbrae, California

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Propell Corporation, a Delaware Corporation, as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' deficit, and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company has determined that it is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Propell Corporation as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, and the results of its consolidated operations and cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that Propell Corporation will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 13 to the financial statements, the Company has incurred losses from operations, has negative working capital, and is in need of additional capital to grow its operations so that it can become profitable. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans with regard to these matters are described in Note 13. The accompanying consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

/s/ Silberstein Ungar, PLLC

Silberstein Ungar, PLLC

Bingham Farms, Michigan

April 12, 2012

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**Propell Corporation and Subsidiaries****Consolidated Balance Sheets****As of December 31, 2011 and 2010**

<u>Assets</u>	2011	2010
Current Assets		
Cash	\$5,242	\$56,639
Accounts receivable (net of allowances)	718	4,590
Prepaid expenses	27,266	5,053
Due from others	591	1,360
Inventory	0	521
Deposits - current	1,849	1,499
Assets from discontinued operations	-	-
Total Current Assets	35,666	69,662
Property and Equipment, net	3,582	1,772
Other Assets		
Intangible assets, net	0	0
Website URL, net	2,400	4,000
Website assets, net	0	0
Total Other Assets	2,400	4,000
Total Assets	\$41,648	\$75,434
Liabilities and Stockholders' Deficit		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$290,678	\$185,758
Accrued liabilities	80,191	34,124
Accrued interest	340,760	138,879
Notes payable and advances – related parties	415,188	203,000
Convertible notes payable, net of debt discount	1,384,948	1,067,500
Derivative liability	57,925	0
Liabilities from discontinued operations	1,221,008	1,221,008
Total Liabilities	3,790,698	2,850,269
Stockholders' Deficit		
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized, 25,911,539 and 22,757,575 shares issued and outstanding	25,911	22,757
Additional paid-in capital	2,158,737	1,762,059
Accumulated deficit	(5,933,698)	(4,559,651)

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Total Stockholders' Deficit	(3,749,050)	(2,774,835)
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Deficit	\$41,648	\$75,434

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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**Propell Corporation and Subsidiaries****Consolidated Statements of Operations****For the Years Ended December 31, 2011 and 2010**

	2011		2010
Net Revenues	\$ 204,796		\$ 100,352
Cost of Goods Sold	138,874		71,877
Gross Profit (Loss)	65,922		28,475
Operating Expenses	1,474,039		1,604,626
Loss from Operations	(1,408,117 )		(1,576,151 )
Other Income	34,070		15
Loss from Continuing Operations	(1,374,047 )		(1,576,136 )
Loss from Discontinued Operations	0		(94,313 )
Loss before Provision for Income Taxes	(1,374,047 )		(1,670,449 )
Provision for Income Taxes	0		0
Net Loss	\$ (1,374,047 )		\$ (1,670,449 )
Net Loss Per Share - Basic and Diluted	\$ (0.06 )		\$ (0.07 )
Weighted Average Number of Shares Outstanding - Basic	24,085,741		22,661,137



and Diluted

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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**Propell Corporation and Subsidiaries****Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Deficit****As of December 31, 2011**

	Common Stock		Additional	Accumulated	Total
	Shares	Amount	Paid-in Capital	Deficit	Stockholders' Deficit
Balance, December 31, 2009	22,482,575	\$22,482	\$1,694,614	\$(2,889,202 )	\$(1,172,106 )
Shares issued in connection with services rendered	275,000	275	43,725		44,000
Recognition of stock based compensation in connection with stock option grants			23,720		23,720
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2010				(1,670,449 )	(1,670,449 )
Balance, December 31, 2010	22,757,575	22,757	1,762,059	(4,559,651 )	(2,774,835 )
Shares issued in connection with services rendered	1,715,000	1,715	204,785		206,500
Shares issued in connection with conversion from debt to equity	1,438,964	1,439	99,115		100,554
Recognition of stock based compensation in connection with stock option grants			92,778		92,778
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2011				(1,374,047 )	(1,374,047 )
Balance, December 31, 2011	25,911,539	\$25,911	\$2,158,737	\$(5,933,698 )	\$(3,749,050 )

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

**Propell Corporation and Subsidiaries****Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows****For the Years Ended December 31, 2011 and 2010**

<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2010</b>
Net loss for the year	\$(1,374,047)	\$(1,670,449)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	2,028	2,371
Amortization expense	1,600	101,840
Amortization of debt discount	43,718	0
Change in fair value of derivative liability	(34,070 )	0
Bad debt expense	4,485	0
Stock options issued for services	92,778	23,720
Common stock expensed for services	180,861	44,000
Write-off of assets from discontinued operations	0	101,610
Write-off of website development	0	303,357
Changes in Assets and Liabilities		
Accounts receivable	(613 )	(4,304 )
Due from others	769	(241 )
Inventory	521	(521 )
Prepaid expenses	3,426	(466 )
Accounts payable	104,920	61,460
Accrued expenses	46,067	33,254
Accrued interest	210,160	125,917
Cash Used in Operating Activities from Continuing Operations	(717,397 )	(878,452 )
Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities from Discontinued Operations	0	(22,809 )
<b>NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(717,397 )</b>	<b>(901,261 )</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Website development	0	0
Security deposits	(350 )	0
Purchase of property and equipment	(3,838 )	(584 )
Net Cash Used In Investing Activities from Continuing Operations	(4,188 )	(584 )
Net Cash Used In Investing Activities from Discontinued Operations	0	0
<b>NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(4,188 )</b>	<b>(584 )</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Issuance of common stock	0	0
Proceeds from convertible note – related parties	308,000	660,000
Proceeds from notes payable and advances – related party	362,188	203,000
Cash Provided By Financing Activities from Continuing Operations	670,188	863,000
Cash Provided By (Used in) Financing Activities from Discontinued Operations	0	0
<b>NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>670,188</b>	<b>863,000</b>

NET DECREASE IN CASH	(51,397 )	(38,845 )
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	56,639	95,484
CASH AT YEAR END	\$5,242	\$56,639
NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Convertible notes and interest converted into common stock	\$100,554	\$0
Common stock issued for services and classified as prepaid expense at December 31, 2011	\$25,639	\$0
Notes payable amended or assigned and reclassified as convertible notes payable	\$150,000	\$0

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

## **Propell Corporation and Subsidiaries**

### **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### **December 31, 2011 and 2010**

### **Note 1 Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### **(A) Description of the Business**

Propell Corporation, a Delaware corporation (“Propell” or the “Company”) is an e-commerce and fulfillment provider of image-based personalized products and services.

#### **(B) Principles of Consolidation**

All significant inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

#### **(C) Use of Estimates**

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Such estimates and assumptions impact, among others, the following: the amount allocated to goodwill and other intangible assets, the estimated useful lives for amortizable intangible assets and property, plant and equipment, the fair value of warrants and stock options granted for services or compensation, estimates of the probability and potential magnitude of contingent liabilities and the valuation allowance for deferred tax assets due to continuing operating losses.

Making estimates requires management to exercise significant judgment. It is at least reasonably possible that the estimate of the effect of a condition, situation or set of circumstances that existed at the date of the consolidated financial statements, which management considered in formulating its estimate could change in the near term due to one or more future confirming events. Accordingly, the actual results could differ significantly from our estimates.

#### **(D) Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts**

Accounts receivable are reported at realizable value, net of allowances for doubtful accounts, which is estimated and recorded in the period the related revenue is recorded. The Company has a standardized approach to estimate and review the collectability of its receivables based on a number of factors, including the period they have been

outstanding. Historical collection and payer reimbursement experience is an integral part of the estimation process related to allowances for doubtful accounts. In addition, the Company regularly assesses the state of its billing operations in order to identify issues, which may impact the collectability of these receivables or reserve estimates. Revisions to the allowance for doubtful accounts estimates are recorded as an adjustment to bad debt expense. Receivables deemed uncollectible are charged against the allowance for doubtful accounts at the time such receivables are written-off. Recoveries of receivables previously written-off are recorded as credits to the allowance for doubtful accounts. There were no recoveries during the year ended December 31, 2011. Bad debt expense was \$4,485 for the year ended December 31, 2011.

#### **(E) Revenue Recognition**

The Company records revenue when all of the following have occurred: (1) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, (2) the service is completed without further obligation, (3) the sales price to the customer is fixed or determinable, and (4) collectability is reasonably assured.

#### **(F) Risks and Uncertainties**

The Company's operations will be subject to significant risk and uncertainties including financial, operational, regulatory and other risks associated, including the potential risk of business failure. The recent global economic crisis has caused a general tightening in the credit markets, lower levels of liquidity, increases in the rates of default and bankruptcy, and extreme volatility in credit, equity and fixed income markets. These conditions not only limit our access to capital, but also make it difficult for our customers, our vendors and us to accurately forecast and plan future business activities.

**Propell Corporation and Subsidiaries**

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

**December 31, 2011 and 2010**

**Note 1 Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

**(G) Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time of purchase to be cash equivalents. At December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively, the Company had no cash equivalents.

The Company minimizes credit risk associated with cash by periodically evaluating the credit quality of its primary financial institution. The balance at times may exceed federally insured limits. At December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the balance did not exceed the federally insured limit.

**(H) Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment is stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Items of property and equipment with costs greater than \$1,000 are capitalized and depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives, as follows:

Description	Estimated Useful Life
Office equipment and furniture	2 to 5 years
Leasehold improvements and fixtures	Lesser of estimated useful life or life of lease

**(I) Inventory**

Inventory is stated at cost using the FIFO (first in, first out) method. During the year ending 2010, the Company wrote down inventory at its CMI subsidiary that it deemed unsellable in the amounts of \$51,342, which is reflected in the restated Statement of Operations in loss from discontinued operations.

**(J) Fixed and intangible Assets**

Fixed and intangible assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to future undiscounted net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If such assets are considered impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. The Company took an impairment charge on fixed assets of \$6,372 during the year ended December 31, 2010. This charge is reflected in the statement of operations in loss from discontinued operations. The Company took an impairment charge of \$303,357 for its website asset in the year ended December 31, 2010.

**(K) Net Loss per Share**

Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing the net income (loss) for the period by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) less preferred dividends by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding including the effect of share equivalents. The Company's share equivalents consist of 4,844,000 stock options and 4,600,434 warrants. Since the Company reported a net loss for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 respectively, all common stock equivalents would be anti-dilutive; as such there is no separate computation for diluted earnings per share.

**(L) Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

The carrying amounts of the Company's short-term financial instruments, including accounts receivable, prepaid expenses, due from others, inventory, deposits, accounts payable, accrued liabilities, accrued interest, notes payable and advances – related parties and convertible notes payable approximate fair value due to the relatively short period to maturity for these instruments.



## **Propell Corporation and Subsidiaries**

### **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### **December 31, 2011 and 2010**

#### **Note 1 Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

##### **(M) Share-Based Payment Arrangements**

Generally, all forms of share-based payments, including stock option grants, restricted stock grants and stock appreciation rights are measured at their fair value on the awards' grant date, based on the estimated number of awards that are ultimately expected to vest. Share-based compensation awards issued to non-employees for services rendered are recorded at either the fair value of the services rendered or the fair value of the share-based payment, whichever is more readily determinable. The expense resulting from share-based payments is recorded in operating expenses in the consolidated statement of operations.

##### **(N) Income Taxes**

Income taxes are computed using the asset and liability method. Under the asset and liability method, deferred income tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities and are measured using the currently enacted tax rates and laws. A valuation allowance is provided for the amount of deferred tax assets that, based on available evidence, are not expected to be realized. It is the Company's policy to classify interest and penalties on income taxes as interest expense or penalties expense. As of December 31, 2011, there have been no interest or penalties incurred on income taxes.

##### **(O) Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In January 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued updated guidance to amend the disclosure requirements related to recurring and nonrecurring fair value measurements. This update requires new disclosures on significant transfers of assets and liabilities between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy (including the reasons for these transfers) and the reasons for any transfers in or out of Level 3. This update also requires a reconciliation of recurring Level 3 measurements about purchases, sales, issuances and settlements on a gross basis. In addition to these new disclosure requirements, this update clarifies certain existing disclosure requirements. For example, this update clarifies that reporting entities are required to provide fair value measurement disclosures for each class of assets and liabilities rather than each major category of assets and liabilities. This update also clarifies the requirement for entities to disclose information about both the valuation techniques and inputs used in estimating Level 2 and Level 3 fair value measurements. This update will become effective for the interim and annual reporting period beginning January 1, 2010, except for the requirement to provide the Level 3 activity of purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements on a gross basis, which will become effective for the interim and annual

reporting period beginning January 1, 2011. We will not be required to provide the amended disclosures for any previous periods presented for comparative purposes. Other than requiring additional disclosures, adoption of this update will not have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

In December 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-28, Intangibles - Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): When to Perform Step 2 of the Goodwill Impairment Test for Reporting Units with Zero or Negative Carrying Amounts (ASU 2010-28). ASU 2010-28 modifies Step 1 of the goodwill impairment test so that for those reporting units with zero or negative carrying amounts, an entity is required to perform Step 2 of the goodwill impairment test if it is more likely than not based on an assessment of qualitative indicators that a goodwill impairment exists. In determining whether it is more likely than not that goodwill impairment exists, an entity should consider whether there are any adverse qualitative factors indicating that an impairment may exist. ASU 2010-28 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2010. Early adoption is not permitted. We do not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

## **Propell Corporation and Subsidiaries**

### **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### **December 31, 2011 and 2010**

#### **Note 1 Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

In June 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-05, Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Presentation of Comprehensive Income. ASU No. 2011-05 requires that all non-owner changes in stockholders' equity be presented either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements, eliminating the option to present other comprehensive income in the statement of changes in equity. Under either choice, items that are reclassified from other comprehensive income to net income are required to be presented on the face of the financial statements where the components of net income and the components of other comprehensive income are presented. ASU 2011-05 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011. We do not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In September 2011, the FASB issued an amendment to Topic 350, Intangibles—Goodwill and Other, which simplifies how entities test goodwill for impairment. Previous guidance under Topic 350 required an entity to test goodwill for impairment using a two-step process on at least an annual basis. First, the fair value of a reporting unit was calculated and compared to its carrying amount, including goodwill. Second, if the fair value of a reporting unit was less than its carrying amount, the amount of impairment loss, if any, was required to be measured. Under the amendments in this update, an entity has the option to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether the existence of events or circumstances leads the entity to determine that it is more likely than not that its fair value is less than its carrying amount. If after assessing the totality of events or circumstances, an entity determines that it is not more likely than not that the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, then the two-step impairment test is unnecessary. If the entity concludes otherwise, then it is required to test goodwill for impairment under the two-step process as described under paragraphs 350-20-35-4 and 350-20-35-9 under Topic 350. The amendments are effective for annual and interim goodwill impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011 and early adoption is permitted. We do not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

#### **Note 2 Reclassifications**

As a result of the exit from Crystal Magic's laser etching business in June 2010 and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the CMI business operations have been reclassified to discontinued operations in our Consolidated Balance Sheets, our Consolidated Statements of Operations and our Consolidated Statements of Cash

Flows. Amounts for the prior periods have been reclassified to conform to this presentation.

**Note 3 Prepaid Expenses**

Prepaid expenses consisted of the following at December 31,

	2011	2010
Prepaid insurance	\$1,627	\$5,053
Prepaid investor relations	25,639	0
Prepaid expenses	\$27,266	\$5,053

**Propell Corporation and Subsidiaries**

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

**December 31, 2011 and 2010**

**Note 4 Property and Equipment**

Property and Equipment consisted of the following at December 31, 2011 and 2010:

	2011	2010
Furniture and fixtures	\$500	\$500
Computer and equipment	7,744	4,486
Total cost	8,824	4,986
Less: accumulated depreciation	(5,242)	(3,214)
Property and equipment, net	\$3,582	\$1,772

Depreciation expense was \$2,028 and \$2,371 for the periods ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

**Note 5 Website Assets**

In 2009, the Company substantially completed development on its primary website and capitalized the expenses incurred from programming in the amount of \$501,202. In 2009, the Company began amortizing these costs over five years. At December 31, 2010 management determined that the website asset was fully impaired and wrote off the remaining balance of \$303,357. The rationale for the impairment was:

1. During the year, the Company had numerous acquisition discussions. In each case, no deal was formalized due to the Company's lack of working capital.

2. In October 2010, final negotiations with a previously disclosed potential merger candidate ceased specifically due to the delay in fund raising on our part. Such merger would have brought a significant new customer base and driven new customers to the website; and

At December 31, 2010 discussions regarding a significant new source for equity were not progressing satisfactorily. 3. While the Company continued to receive short-term debt financing from a shareholder, without a significant influx in working capital, significant revenue growth could not be assured.

**Note 6 Accrued Liabilities**

At December 31, 2011 and 2010 accrued expenses consisted of the following:

	2011	2010
Payroll	\$70,782	\$27,167
Taxes	165	632
Other	9,244	6,325
Total accrued expenses	\$80,191	\$34,124

**Propell Corporation and Subsidiaries****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements****December 31, 2011 and 2010****Note 7 Notes and Convertible Notes Payable – Related Parties**

Convertible notes payable	Principal amount
15% convertible notes payable to Remington Partners, due August 31, 2012	\$ 1,167,500
6% convertible note to Tripod Group, LLC, due June 23, 2012	7,725
6% convertible note to Prolific Group LLC, due June 7, 2012	40,000
8% convertible note to Asher Enterprises, Inc., due May 7, 2012	53,000
8% convertible note to Asher Enterprises, Inc., due June 12, 2012	32,500
6% convertible note to Tripod Group, LLC, due August 24, 2012	50,000
6% convertible note to Tripod Group, LLC, due October 23, 2012	50,000
8% convertible note to Asher Enterprises, Inc., due September 5, 2012	32,500
Total convertible notes payable	\$ 1,433,225

In 2009 and 2010 the Company borrowed \$1,067,500 under the terms of a convertible note payable with Remington Partners. During the twelve months ended December 31, 2011 the Company borrowed an additional \$100,000 under the same note. Initially this note was convertible into shares of the Company's common stock at the lenders option at the lower of \$0.27 per share or a twenty-five percent (25%) discount from the next issuance of common stock by the Company. The original note was due on February 28, 2010. In March 2010, the note was amended to change the due date to June 30, 2010 and the maximum amount of the Note was increased to \$1 Million. In July, 2010, the Note-holder notified the Company of its intention to convert the Note, upon the Company completing a financing of at least \$1.5 million. In February 2011, the Note was amended to increase the maximum amount to \$2.0 million, to change the due date to August 31, 2011 and to allow the Company the option to convert the Note once it has raised \$500,000 in new equity. In October 2011, the note was again amended to change the due date to August 31, 2012. All other terms remained the same.

In June 2011, a lender sold \$50,000 of a \$100,000 unsecured note to Tripod Group, LLC (see notes payable, below). The Company subsequently renegotiated the terms of this note by reducing the interest rate to 6% per annum payable in Company stock; extending the due date to June 23, 2012; and adding a conversion feature whereby the holder may convert the note to shares in the Company at a price equal to 65% of the lowest closing bid price for any of the five trading days before the date of conversion. Through December 31, 2011, the Holder had exercised his right to convert \$42,275 of the Note for 710,470 shares.

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In August 2011, a lender sold \$50,000 of a \$100,000 unsecured note to Tripod Group, LLC (see notes payable, below). The Company subsequently renegotiated the terms of this note by reducing the interest rate to 6% per annum payable in Company stock; changing the due date to August 24, 2012; and adding a conversion feature whereby after December 7, 2011 the holder may convert the note to shares in the Company at a price equal to 65% of the lowest closing bid price for any of the five trading days before the date of conversion. Through December 31, 2011, the Holder had not exercised his right to convert any of the Note.

In June 2011, the Company borrowed \$40,000 under a one year unsecured note with Prolific Group, LLC. Interest accrues on the note at the rate of 6% per annum payable in common stock of the Company. This note is convertible by the holder into common stock of the Company any time after December 7, 2011 at a price equal to 65% of the lowest closing bid price for any of the five trading days before the date of conversion.

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## **Propell Corporation and Subsidiaries**

### **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### **December 31, 2011 and 2010**

#### **Note 7 Notes and Convertible Notes Payable – Related Parties (continued)**

In August, September and December 2011, the Company borrowed \$53,000, \$32,500, and \$32,500 respectively, from Asher Enterprises, Inc. All three notes accrue interest at the rate of 8% per annum. They are due on May 12, 2012, June 12, 2012, and September 5, 2012 respectively. These notes are convertible by the holder after 180 days at 65% of the average of the lowest five closing bid prices in the ten trading day period before the conversion. The note has no financial covenants.

On October 23, 2011, the “Company, issued to Tripod Group, LLC (“Tripod”) convertible redeemable promissory notes in the principal amounts of: (i) \$150,000 (the “\$150,000 Note”) and (ii) \$50,000 (the “\$50,000 Note”); the \$150,000 Note and the \$50,000 Note being collectively referred to as the “Notes”. The \$150,000 Note and the \$50,000 Note, together with all accrued interest, are due and payable on October 23, 2013 and October 23, 2012, respectively, and bear interest at a rate of 6% per annum, payable in shares of the Company’s common stock. The principal amount of the Notes is convertible at any time after April 23, 2012, at the option of Tripod, at a conversion price), subject to adjustment as set forth in the Notes, equal to 65% of the lowest closing bid price of the Company’s common stock on the five trading days preceding the notice of conversion (including the day upon which a notice of conversion is received by the Company. The conversion price may also be adjusted downward if, within three business days of receipt of a notice of conversion the common stock has a closing bid price which is five percent (5%) or lower than the price set forth in the notice of conversion. The Company shall have the right, at any time, to redeem the Notes in whole and pay to Tripod 125% of the then unpaid principal amount of the Notes.

In connection with the issuance of the \$150,000 Note, the Company issued to Tripod a note in the principal amount of \$150,000 (the “Tripod Note”) that bears interest at a rate of 6% per annum and matures: (i) \$50,000 on the earlier of: (x) August 23, 2012 or (y) the date that the first \$50,000 is converted under the \$150,000 Note, unless we do not meet the current information requirements under Rule 144 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in which case the \$50,000 shall be due on October 23, 2012 instead; (ii) \$50,000 on the earlier of: (x) September 23, 2012 or (y) the date that the second \$50,000 is converted under the \$150,000 Note, unless we do not meet the current information requirements under Rule 144 in which case the \$50,000 shall be due on October 23, 2012 instead; and \$50,000 on the earlier of: (x) October 23, 2012 or (y) the date that the second \$50,000 is converted under the \$150,000 Note. The note is secured by four promissory notes of a third party issued to Tripod with a value of \$10,000 left unconverted and promissory notes of such third party issued to Tripod in the aggregate principal amounts of \$190,000.

On October 23, 2011, the Company entered into a Share Issuance Agreement with Tripod (the “Share Issuance Agreement”) pursuant to which the Company issued 100,000 shares of common stock (the “Shares”) to Tripod to be held in escrow and released as follows: (i) 33,333 of the Shares will be released to Tripod if the Company elects to disallow the conversion of \$50,000 in principal of the \$150,000 Note; (ii) 33,333 of the Shares will be released to Tripod if the Company elects to disallow the conversion of the second \$50,000 in principal of the \$150,000 Note; and (iii) the final 33,334 of the Shares will be released to Tripod if the Company elects to disallow the conversion of the final \$50,000 of the \$150,000 Note, in each case such \$50,000 in principal of the \$150,000 Note to be cancelled along with an offsetting \$50,000 of the Tripod Note.

**Propell Corporation and Subsidiaries****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements****December 31, 2011 and 2010****Note 7 Notes and Convertible Notes Payable – Related Parties (continued)**

Notes payable	Principal amount
10 % note to Joseph Abrams due December 15, 2011	50,000
12 % note to Joseph Abrams due February 10, 2012	100,000
10% note to Joseph Abrams due May 20, 2012	25,000
10% note to Joseph Abrams due June 13, 2012	40,000
10% note to Joseph Abrams due July 7, 2012	35,000
10% note to Joseph Abrams due July 27, 2012	20,000
10% note to Joseph Abrams due August 31, 2012	30,000
Advances from Mr. Abrams – non-interest bearing	112,188
Loan from shareholder – non-interest bearing	3,000
Total notes payable and accrued interest	\$415,188

In June 2010, the Company borrowed \$100,000 under a one year unsecured note from a shareholder. Interest accrued on the note at the rate of 8% per annum. In June 2011, the shareholder sold his interest in \$50,000 of this note to Tripod Group LLC. On August 8, 2011, Mr. Abrams agreed to convert the remaining \$50,000 on the June 2010 Note and the accrued interest of \$8,279.45 into 728,493 shares of the Company's common stock (\$0.08 per share).

In December 2010, Mr. Abrams loaned the Company an additional \$100,000 under similar terms, except that the interest rate on this note is 12% per annum, with a due date of December 15, 2011. On February 10, 2011, the shareholder lent us an additional \$100,000 which is due February 10, 2012. This loan accrues interest at the rate of 12% per annum and has no financial covenants. In August 2011, the shareholder sold his interest in \$50,000 of this note to Tripod Group LLC.

During the period May 2011 through August 2011, Mr. Abrams loaned the Company an additional \$150,000 in a series of unsecured one year notes all with the same terms. In addition to terms described in the table above, these notes have no financial covenants. In October through December 2011, Mr. Abrams advanced the Company \$112,188 on which the Company is accruing interest at the rate of 10% per annum.

**Note 8 Notes Payable – Discontinued Operations**

The Company’s Crystal Magic subsidiary has four (4) notes all of which are either guaranteed or funded by the United States Small Business Administration (SBA). At December 31, 2011, the notes total an aggregate of approximately \$838,542. Crystal Magic is in default on all of these notes. In September 2010, the bank managing the loans for the SBA seized substantially all of the assets of CMI and subsequently sold these assets.

**Note 9 Other Income**

At December 31, 2011 and 2010 other income consisted of the following:

	2011	2010
Interest income	\$0	\$ 15
Change in the fair value of derivative liability	34,070	0
Net other income	\$(34,070)	\$ 15

**Propell Corporation and Subsidiaries**

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

**December 31, 2011 and 2010**

**Note 10 Stockholders' Equity**

**(A) Common Stock Issuances of Issuer**

**For the Year ended December 31, 2011**

On May 1, 2011, the Company issued 500,000 shares of common stock to Undiscovered Equities pursuant to an investor relations consulting agreement dated May 1, 2011. The Investor Relations Agreement is for a term of six months commencing May 4, 2011 (unless earlier terminated), and provides for the Company's issuance of 500,000 shares of restricted common stock and 100,000 warrants with an exercise price of \$0.25 per share which expire on May 4, 2014. The Company recorded \$60,000 in expense for the year ended December 31, 2011.

During the year ended December 31, 2011, the Company issued 710,471 shares of common stock in conjunction with the conversion of \$42,275 from a convertible note.

The Company issued 500,000 shares of common stock to Blue Wave Advisors pursuant to an investor relations consulting agreement dated July 25, 2011. The Investor Relations Agreement is for a term of six months commencing July 25, 2011 (unless earlier terminated), and provides for the Company's issuance of 500,000 shares of restricted common stock. The Company recorded \$56,694 in expense for the year ended December 31, 2011.

The Company issued 500,000 shares of common stock to Strategic IR pursuant to an investor relations consulting agreement dated August 23, 2011. The Investor Relations Agreement is for a term of twelve months commencing August 23, 2011 (unless earlier terminated), and provides for the Company's issuance of 500,000 shares of restricted common stock and 100,000 warrants with an exercise price of \$0.25 per share which expire on August 23, 2014. The Company recorded \$42,667 in expense for the year ended December 31, 2011

On August 8, 2011, the Company issued 728,493 shares of the Company's common stock in connection with the conversion of \$58,279 of debt and accrued interest. The Company took a charge of \$43,718 as debt conversion expense.

During the year ended December 31, 2011, the Company issued 215,000 shares to two individuals in connection with services rendered. The shares were valued at \$21,500.

**For the Year ended December 31, 2010**

During the year ended December 31, 2010, the Company issued 275,000 shares of common stock for services rendered, having a fair value of \$44,000.

**(B) Stock Option Plan**

In 2008 the Company's Board of Directors approved the Company's 2008 Stock Option Plan (the "Stock Plan") for the issuance of up to five (5) million shares of common stock to be granted through incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, dividend equivalent rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units and other stock-based awards to officers, other employees, directors and consultants of the Company and its subsidiaries. The exercise price of stock options under the Stock Plan is determined by the Board of Directors, and may be equal to or greater than the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the date the option is granted. Options become exercisable over various periods from the date of grant, and generally expire ten years after the grant date. At December 31, 2011 and 2010, there were 4,844,000 and 1,974,000 options issued and outstanding, respectively, under the Stock Plan.

**Propell Corporation and Subsidiaries**

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

**December 31, 2011 and 2010**

**Note 10 Stockholders' Equity (continued)**

In the event of termination, the Company will cease to recognize compensation expense. There is no deferred compensation recorded upon initial grant date, instead, the fair value of the share-based payment is recognized ratably over the stated vesting period.

The Company has applied fair value accounting for all share based payment awards since inception. The fair value of each option or warrant granted is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The Black-Scholes assumptions used in the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 are as follows:

	2011	2010
Exercise price	\$0.10 - \$0.25	\$0.15 - \$0.27
Expected dividends	0%	0%
Expected volatility	51.9%	51.9%
Risk free interest rate	0.16% to 2.315%	1.14% to 1.77%
Expected life of option	5-7 years	5-7 years
Expected forfeitures	0%	0%

The Company has applied fair value accounting for all share based payment awards since inception. The fair value of each option or warrant granted is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. There is no deferred compensation recorded upon initial grant date, instead, for employees, the fair value of the share-based payment is recognized ratably over the stated vesting period. For consultants, the fair value is recognized as expense immediately. The Company has recorded an expense of \$92,778 in year ended December 31, 2011, in operating expenses.

The vesting provisions for these agreements have various terms as follows:

- Annually, over one, two or three years
- Monthly, over six months to one year
- Annually, with monthly vesting after the first year, over a total of three or four years

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· Immediately, upon grant

	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Balance, December 31, 2009	1,499,000	\$0.40		
Granted	675,000	0.25		
Exercised	0	0		
Forfeited	(200,000 )	0.43		
Balance, December 31, 2010	1,974,000	0.37	8.03	
Granted	4,640,000	0.12		
Exercised	0	0		
Forfeited	(1,770,000)	0.33		
Balance, December 31, 2011 - Outstanding	4,844,000	0.15	9.12	\$0
Balance, December 31, 2011 - Exercisable	1,625,667	0.20	8.84	\$0

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**Propell Corporation and Subsidiaries****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements****December 31, 2011 and 2010****Note 10 Stockholders' Equity (continued)**

The options outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2011 are as follows:

Exercise Price	Options Outstanding			Options Exercisable		
	Number outstanding	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number Exercisable	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life
\$0.27	324,000	7.46 years	\$0.27	282,333	\$0.27	7.46 years
\$0.50	125,000	6.35 years	\$0.50	125,000	\$0.50	6.35 years
\$0.25	100,000	8.79 years	\$0.25	100,000	\$0.25	8.79 years
\$0.10	2,770,000	9.24 years	\$0.10	447,500	\$0.10	9.43 years
\$0.17	1,525,000	9.49 years	\$0.10	670,834	\$0.17	9.49 years
	4,844,000	8.06 years	\$0.37	1,625,667	\$0.40	8.06 years

Included in options outstanding are 1,750,000 options which vest based on performance. It is unlikely that the optionees will generate the required sales volume for any of these options to vest.

The options outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2110 are as follows:

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Options Outstanding			Options Exercisable			
Exercise Price	Number outstanding	Weighted	Weighted	Number Exercisable	Weighted	Weighted
		Average Remaining Contractual Life				Average Exercise Price
\$0.27	599,000	8.31 years	\$0.27	224,000	\$0.27	8.46 years
\$0.50	875,000	7.31 years	\$0.50	583,333	\$0.50	7.31 years
\$0.25	500,000	9.79 years	\$0.25	200,000	\$0.25	9.79 years
	1,974,000	8.06 years	\$0.37	1,007,333	\$0.40	8.06 years

The following is a summary of the Company's non-vested stock options at December 31, 2011:

	Non-vested stock options	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Non-vested – December 31, 2010	966,667	\$ 0.33
Granted	4,640,000	\$ 0.12
Vested/Exercised	(1,310,000)	\$ 0.09
Forfeited/Cancelled	(1,078,334)	\$ 0.17
Non-vested – December 31, 2011	3,218,333	\$ 0.12
Weighted average remaining period for vesting	1.68 years	

**Propell Corporation and Subsidiaries**

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

**December 31, 2011 and 2010**

**Note 11 Commitments**

The Company rents office space from a related party on a month-to-month basis for \$1,500 per month. Beginning January 1, 2011, the related party agreed to defer the monthly rent payment. It also rents a small operations office space on a month-to-month basis for \$250 per month.

**Note 12 Income Taxes**

There was no income tax expense for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 due to the Company's net losses.

The Company's tax expense differs from the "expected" tax expense for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, (computed by applying the Federal Corporate tax rate of 34% to loss before taxes), as follows:

	2011	2010
Computed "expected" tax expense (benefit) - Federal	\$(466,816)	\$(535,866)
Valuation allowance	466,816	535,866
Provision for income taxes	\$0	\$0

At December 31, 2011, the Company has a net operating loss carry-forward of approximately \$2,042,000 available to offset future taxable income expiring through 2031. Utilization of these net operating losses may be limited due to potential ownership changes under Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code.

The valuation allowance at December 31, 2011 was approximately \$466,816. In assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred income tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred income tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences become deductible. Management considers the scheduled reversal of deferred income tax liabilities, projected future taxable income, and tax planning

strategies in making this assessment. Based on consideration of these items, Management has determined that enough uncertainty exists relative to the realization of the deferred income tax asset balances to warrant the application of a full valuation allowance as of December 31, 2011.

**Note 13 Going Concern**

The Company has negative working capital, has incurred operating losses since inception, and its operating activities to date have required financing from outside institutions and related parties. The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the company will continue as a going concern. The Company will continue to need outside financing to support its internal growth.

Management continues to seek funding to pursue its business plans.

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**Propell Corporation and Subsidiaries**

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

**December 31, 2011 and 2010**

**Note 14 Subsequent Events**

In February 2012, Mr. Abrams advanced the Company an additional \$20,000. The advances bear 10% interest and are due on demand.

In March 2012, the Company borrowed \$32,500 from Asher Enterprises, Inc. The note accrues interest at the rate of 8% per annum. The note is due on December 12, 2012. This note is convertible by the holder after 180 days at 65% of the average of the lowest five closing bid prices in the ten trading day period before the conversion. The note has no financial covenants.

In accordance with ASC 855-10, the Company has analyzed its operations subsequent to December 31, 2011 to the date these financial statements were issued, and has determined that it does not have any material subsequent events to disclose in these financial statements other than the items discussed above.