AMERICAN HOME MORTGAGE INVESTMENT CORP Form 424B5 June 30, 2004

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PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

(to prospectus dated January 12, 2004)

American Home Mortgage Investment Corp. 1,400,000 Shares

9.75% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock Liquidation Preference \$25.00 Per Share

We are offering 1,400,000 shares of our 9.75% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, par value \$0.01 per share, which we sometimes refer to in this prospectus supplement as the Series A Preferred Stock. We will pay cumulative dividends on the Series A Preferred Stock, when, as and if declared by our Board of Directors, from the date of original issuance in the amount of \$2.4375 per share each year, which is equivalent to 9.75% of the \$25.00 liquidation preference per share. Dividends on the Series A Preferred Stock will be payable quarterly in arrears, beginning on November 1, 2004, which is the next business day after October 31, 2004. Holders of shares of the Series A Preferred Stock generally will have no voting rights, but will have limited voting rights if we fail to pay dividends for six or more quarters (whether or not consecutive) and in certain other events.

We may not redeem the Series A Preferred Stock before July 7, 2009, except in limited circumstances to preserve our status as a real estate investment trust. On or after July 7, 2009, we may, at our option, redeem the Series A Preferred Stock, in whole or in part, at any time and from time to time, for cash at a price of \$25.00 per share, plus accumulated and unpaid dividends, if any, to the date of redemption. Any partial redemption will be on a pro rata basis, by lot or by any other equitable manner that we determine. The Series A Preferred Stock has no stated maturity date and we are not required to redeem the Series A Preferred Stock. The Series A Preferred Stock is not convertible into any of our property or other securities.

We are organized and conduct our operations to qualify as a real estate investment trust for federal income tax purposes. To assist us in complying with certain federal income tax requirements applicable to real estate investment trusts, our charter contains certain restrictions relating to the ownership and transfer of our stock, including ownership limits of 6.5% of all of the outstanding shares of our common stock or our common stock together with our preferred stock of any class or series, and 9.8% of the outstanding shares of the Series A Preferred Stock. See Description of Series A Preferred Stock in this prospectus supplement and Description of Capital Stock Restrictions on Ownership and Transfer in the accompanying prospectus for a discussion of these restrictions.

We have granted an option to the underwriters to purchase from us up to 210,000 additional shares of our Series A Preferred Stock within 30 days following the date of this prospectus supplement to cover over-allotments, if any.

No market currently exists for our Series A Preferred Stock. Our Series A Preferred Stock has been approved for listing on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol AHM PrA, subject to official notice of issuance. Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol AHM.

Investing in our Series A Preferred Stock involves risks. See Risk Factors beginning on page S-12 of this prospectus supplement and page 7 of the accompanying prospectus to read about some of the risks you should consider before buying shares of our Series A Preferred Stock.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	Per Share	Total
Public offering price	\$ 25.00	\$35,000,000
Underwriting discounts and commissions	\$ 0.7875	\$ 1,102,500

Proceeds, before expenses, to us

\$24.2125

\$33,897,500

We expect that the Series A Preferred Stock will be ready for delivery to purchasers in book-entry form through the Depository Trust Company on or about July 7, 2004.

Citigroup

Stifel, Nicolaus & Company
Incorporated
Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc.
Friedman Billings Ramsey
Lehman Brothers

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The date of this prospectus supplement is June 29, 2004.

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You should rely only on the information contained in or incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. We have not, and the underwriters have not, authorized any other person to provide you with additional or different information. If anyone provides you with additional, different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are not, and the underwriters are not, making an offer to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted. The information in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus is current only as of the date such information is presented. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since such dates.

The information in this prospectus supplement updates information in the accompanying prospectus and, to the extent it is inconsistent with the information in the accompanying prospectus, replaces such information.

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ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

This document contains two parts. The first part is this prospectus supplement, which describes the specific terms of the Series A Preferred Stock we are offering and certain other matters relating to us. The second part, the accompanying prospectus, gives more general information about securities we may offer from time to time, some of which does not apply to the Series A Preferred Stock. You should read this entire prospectus supplement, as well as the accompanying prospectus, and the documents incorporated by reference that are described under Where You Can Find More Information in each of this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus.

To the extent any inconsistency or conflict exists between the information included in this prospectus supplement and the information included in the accompanying prospectus, the information included or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement updates and supersedes the information in the accompanying prospectus. This prospectus supplement incorporates by reference important business and financial information about us that is not included in or delivered with this prospectus supplement.

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WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information required by the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or Exchange Act, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC. You may read and copy any of these filed documents at the SEC s public reference room located at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the SEC s public reference room. Our SEC filings are also available to the public from the SEC s website at http://www.sec.gov. Copies of these reports, proxy statements and other information can also be inspected at the offices of the New York Stock Exchange, 20 Broad Street, New York, New York 10005.

Our website is http://www.americanhm.com. We make available free of charge on our website, via a link to a third party website, our Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, proxy statements and Forms 3, 4 and 5 filed on behalf of directors and executive officers and any amendments to such reports filed or furnished pursuant to the Exchange Act as soon as reasonably practicable after such material is electronically filed with, or furnished to, the SEC. Unless specifically incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus, information contained on our website is not, and should not be interpreted to be, part of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

This prospectus supplement is part of a registration statement and does not contain all of the information included in the registration statement. Whenever a reference is made in this prospectus supplement to any contract or other document of ours, you should refer to the exhibits that are a part of the registration statement or the prospectus supplement for a copy of the referenced contract or document. Statements contained in this prospectus supplement concerning the provisions of any documents are necessarily summaries of those documents, and each statement is qualified in its entirety by reference to the copy of the document filed with the SEC.

The SEC allows us to incorporate by reference into this prospectus supplement information that we file with the SEC in other documents. This means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to other documents filed separately with the SEC. The information that we incorporate by reference is considered to be part of this prospectus supplement, and information that we file later with the SEC will automatically update and supersede the information contained in this prospectus supplement.

In addition to the documents listed under Where You Can Find More Information in the accompanying prospectus, the following documents filed with the SEC pursuant to the Exchange Act are incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement:

Our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003 (File No. 001-31916), including those portions incorporated by reference therein of our Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A filed with the SEC on April 29, 2004;

Our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2004 (File No. 001-31916); and

The Current Reports on Form 8-K dated January 12, 2004, January 29, 2004, February 12, 2004, April 28, 2004 and June 21, 2004 (File No. 001-31916).

The description of the Series A Preferred Stock included in our Registration Statement on Form 8-A filed with the SEC on June 30, 2004.

All documents that we will file with the SEC under the provisions of Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act after the date of this prospectus supplement and prior to the termination of any offering of securities under this prospectus supplement shall be deemed to be incorporated by reference and to be a part of this prospectus supplement from the date such documents are filed.

We will provide to you, without charge, a copy of any or all documents incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement except the exhibits to those documents (unless they are specifically incorporated by reference in those documents). You may request copies by writing or telephoning: Alan B. Horn, Esq., Secretary, American Home Mortgage Investment Corp., 520 Broadhollow Road, Melville, New York 11747, telephone number (516) 949-3900.

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CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contain certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws. These statements may be made directly in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus, or may be made a part of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus by reference to other documents filed with the SEC by us or our predecessor companies, American Home Mortgage Holdings, Inc. and Apex Mortgage Capital, Inc.

Some of the forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking words. When used in our documents or in any oral presentation, statements which are not historical in nature, including the words anticipate, may, estimate, should, seek, expect, intend, and similar words, or the negatives of those words, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. They also include statements containing a projection of revenues, earnings (loss), capital expenditures, dividends, capital structure or other financial terms. Certain statements regarding the following particularly are forward-looking in nature:

plan,

our business strategy;

future performance, developments, market forecasts or projected dividends;

projected acquisitions or joint ventures; and

projected capital expenditures.

It is important to note that the description of our business in general, and our securities holdings in particular, is a statement about our operations today. It is not meant to be construed as an investment policy, and the types of assets we hold, the amount of leverage we use, the liabilities we incur and other characteristics of our assets and liabilities are subject to re-evaluation and change without notice.

The forward-looking statements in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus are based on our management s beliefs, assumptions and expectations of our future economic performance, taking into account the information currently available to it. These statements are not statements of historical fact. Forward-looking statements are subject to a number of factors, risks and uncertainties, some of which are not currently known to us, that may cause our actual results, performance or financial condition to be materially different from the expectations of future results, performance or financial position. These factors include, without limitation:

our limited operating history with respect to our portfolio strategy;

our need for a significant amount of cash to operate our business;

risks associated with the use of leverage;

disruptions in the market for repurchase facilities;

failure to match the interest rates on our borrowings with the interest rates on the mortgage-backed securities we hold;

failure to maintain our status as a real estate investment trust;

changes in federal and state tax laws affecting real estate investment trusts;

general economic, political, market, financial or legal conditions; and

the other factors referenced in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, including, without limitation, under the Risk Factors sections in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, under Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations in this prospectus supplement and under Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of Our Status as a REIT in the accompanying prospectus.

In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, the forward-looking events discussed in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus might not occur, and we qualify any and all of our forward-looking statements entirely by these cautionary factors. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus or as of the date of any document incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, as applicable. Such forward-looking statements are inherently uncertain, and you must recognize that actual results may differ from expectations. We are not under any obligation, and we expressly disclaim any obligation, to update or alter any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

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SUMMARY

The following is a summary of selected information contained elsewhere in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus or incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. Before making an investment decision, you should read this summary together with the more detailed information set forth in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference, including the Risk Factors sections beginning on page S-12 of this prospectus supplement and page 7 of the accompanying prospectus and in the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus, the section entitled Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations beginning on page S-31 of this prospectus supplement, the section entitled Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of Our Status as a REIT beginning on page 39 of the accompanying prospectus, and the consolidated financial statements and the notes to these consolidated financial statements appearing in the documents incorporated by reference. Unless otherwise indicated, the information contained in this prospectus supplement assumes that the underwriters will not exercise their option to purchase up to 210,000 additional shares of Series A Preferred Stock to cover over-allotments, if any.

In this prospectus supplement, unless the context indicates otherwise, references to the Company, we, our and us refer to the activities and the assets and liabilities of American Home Mortgage Investment Corp., including our subsidiaries, American Home Mortgage Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation, which is sometimes referred to in this prospectus supplement as AHM Holdings, American Home Mortgage Corp., a New York corporation, Columbia National, Incorporated, a Maryland corporation, and American Home Mortgage Acceptance, Inc., a Maryland corporation. References in this prospectus supplement to AHM Investment refer solely to American Home Mortgage Investment Corp. AHM Investment was formed in order to combine the businesses of AHM Holdings and Apex Mortgage Capital, Inc., which is sometimes referred to in this prospectus supplement as Apex, and to reorganize those businesses into a real estate investment trust, or REIT, with a taxable mortgage origination subsidiary. The business combination of AHM Holdings and Apex was completed on December 3, 2003. The historical financial information presented in this prospectus supplement generally reflects the financial results of AHM Holdings prior to the formation of AHM Investment and the merger with Apex. See Our Company Company History on page S-5 of this prospectus supplement.

Our Company

We are in the business of investing in mortgage-backed securities resulting from the securitization of prime-quality residential mortgage loans that we originate and service. Self-originating the loans underlying our securities allows us to invest in those securities at a lower cost than acquiring similar assets in the capital markets, and therefore is expected to enhance the return we earn on those securities. Our business strategy is to securitize most of the adjustable-rate mortgage, or ARM, loans that we originate, to hold substantially all of the securities resulting from these securitizations, to service those loans underlying our securities and to sell the fixed-rate mortgage loans that we originate. Generally, loans we originate are high-credit-quality prime loans that are either eligible for sale to Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac, or are jumbo loans for borrowers with higher FICO credit scores, typically 680 or above. We will elect in our tax return for the year ended December 31, 2003 to be treated as a REIT, and we expect to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes from our date of incorporation. Consequently, the net interest income we earn on the securities we hold generally will not be subject to federal income tax to the extent we distribute those earnings to stockholders.

We originate loans through our mortgage banking operation, which originated approximately \$21.7 billion in aggregate principal amount of loans in 2003 and which was recently ranked as the nation s 21 largest residential mortgage lender. We offer a broad array of home mortgage products through an extensive nationwide network of retail loan production offices as well as through our wholesale and Internet mortgage lending operations. We currently operate 245 loan production offices in 37 states and make loans throughout all 50 states. Our mortgage banking operation also services the loans underlying the securities

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we retain for investment as well as certain of the loans we sell to third-party purchasers. The aggregate principal amount of loans we serviced was approximately \$9.0 billion as of March 31, 2004.

We seek to generate attractive, long-term investment returns from the mortgage-backed securities that we hold. We believe that our return is enhanced as the result of our ability to self-originate the mortgage loans underlying these securities, which results in a lower acquisition cost of the securities, and not from anticipating market forces, such as the direction of interest rates. We seek to limit our exposure to fluctuating interest rates by attempting to match the duration of our liabilities with the duration of our mortgage loan holdings. We also seek to reduce risk by holding primarily securities backed by ARM loans with investment characteristics that are less sensitive to changes in interest rates and that are easier to match-fund than fixed-rate loans.

We hold our mortgage-backed securities directly or in our qualified REIT subsidiary, or QRS, while part of our origination business and all of our servicing business are housed in our taxable REIT subsidiaries, or TRSs. The net interest income that we earn on our mortgage-backed securities that are held through our QRS generally will constitute REIT taxable income, and we are required by federal tax laws to distribute at least 90% of such income to our stockholders. We generally will not be subject to federal income tax on such income to the extent that such income is distributed. By contrast, income that we earn on activities we conduct in our TRSs, including sourcing, selling and servicing mortgage loans, will be subject to federal and state corporate income tax. However, we are generally able to retain any after-tax income generated by our TRSs, and, as a result, may increase our consolidated capital and thereby grow our business through retained earnings. In addition, we may dividend all or a portion of our after-tax TRS earnings to our stockholders, subject to REIT qualifying limitations. See Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations and Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of Our Status as a REIT in the accompanying prospectus.

Mortgage-Backed Securities Holdings

Our current portfolio strategy, which is subject to change at any time without advance notice to our stockholders and which we expect may change from time to time, is to use our equity capital and borrowed funds to invest in mortgage-backed securities resulting from the securitization of loans we originate, thereby producing net interest income. Accordingly, we expect net interest income from our securities to be the largest component of our earnings in the future. We believe that the cost advantage we obtain from self-originating loans and holding such loans in securitized form in the REIT or our QRS is primarily the result of two economic factors. First, through self-origination, we avoid the intermediation costs associated with purchasing mortgage assets in the capital markets. Second, the interest income we generate in the REIT or our QRS will not be subject to tax, whereas, had we sold our loans in the capital markets, we would have been subject to tax on the gain on sale of loans. We expect that our strategy and the use of borrowings to produce the mortgage-backed securities we hold will produce an attractive return for our stockholders. As of May 31, 2004, we held approximately \$7.0 billion of mortgage-backed securities and mortgage loans awaiting securitization, substantially all of which were backed by or were ARM loans, and of which approximately 41% were backed by or were loans we originated and approximately 59% were mortgage-backed securities purchased in the capital markets. During the remainder of 2004, we expect the percentage of securities we hold that are backed by self-originated loans to increase until this type of security constitutes substantially all of our portfolio.

We seek to avoid many of the risks typically associated with companies that purchase mortgage-backed securities in the capital markets. For example, we attempt to closely match the duration of our assets with the duration of our liabilities. We also structure our liabilities to mitigate potential negative effects of changes in the relationship between short- and longer-term interest rates. We purchase credit enhancements from Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac to mitigate potential losses from borrower defaults. Consequently, the securities we hold typically are either obligations of Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac or are rated AAA by Standard & Poor s. Finally, substantially all of our securities are backed by ARM loans. Because we are focused on holding ARM loans rather than fixed-rate loans, we believe we will be less adversely affected by prepayments due to falling interest rates or a reduction in our net interest income due to rising interest rates.

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We generally borrow a substantial portion of the funds required to invest in our mortgage-backed securities, and will seek to maintain an overall debt-to-equity ratio ranging from 8:1 to 12:1. The liabilities we use to fund our portfolio of mortgage-backed securities are primarily termed repurchase agreements with maturities ranging from one to twelve months. We use interest rate swaps to extend the duration of our liabilities to attempt to match the duration of our assets. We use termed repurchase agreements with laddered maturities to reduce the risk of a disruption in the repurchase market. We also believe we are less susceptible to a disruption in the repurchase market because we hold primarily Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac securities and securities rated AAA by Standard & Poor s, which have typically been eligible for repurchase market financing even when repurchase financing was not available for other classes of mortgage assets.

Under our current business strategy, we expect to maximize the operational and tax benefits provided by our REIT structure. Our TRSs accept and process loan applications. Loan applications that meet the requirements of the REIT, which typically consist of ARMs and hybrid ARMs, are then sold by our TRSs to our QRS, while loans that do not meet these requirements are closed and sold to third-party purchasers. We generate net interest income from our portfolio of mortgage loans and mortgage-backed securities, which is the difference between (i) the interest income we receive from mortgage loans and mortgage-backed securities we hold and (ii) the interest we pay, plus certain administrative costs.

Origination Business

Our loan origination business originates primarily first mortgages on one-to four-family dwellings through our retail and wholesale loan origination channels, each of which accounted for approximately half of our total loan originations during the first quarter of 2004. We seek to utilize a combination of skilled loan officers, state of the art technology, a broad and fairly priced product line and a high level of customer service to successfully compete in the marketplace. Once a consumer applies for a loan, our mortgage banking operation processes and underwrites the consumer s application and we fund the consumer s loan by drawing on a warehouse line of credit. The loan is then typically either securitized and the resulting securities held by us as a long-term investment or sold by us at a profit.

Our loan origination business has rapidly grown its market share and scale. The aggregate principal amount of our total loan originations has grown from \$12.2 billion in 2002 to \$21.7 billion in 2003. We believe our growth has made our mortgage banking operation more profitable and more effective at serving our customers. Specifically, growth in originations has lowered the per-loan cost of our centralized support operations and, consequently, our overall per-loan cost of origination. Our growth has also given us a relatively large presence in the secondary mortgage market, and, as a result, has improved our ability to execute loan sales to third-party purchasers. In addition, our size has enabled us to negotiate better terms with warehouse lenders and credit enhancers such as Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac. Finally, our size has made it possible for us to profitably enter businesses ancillary to mortgage lending, such as mortgage reinsurance, title brokerage and vendor management.

We currently conduct lending through 245 loan production offices located in 37 states across the United States, through mortgage brokers and through our Internet call center, which serves customers located in all 50 states. In 2003, our retail activities, which are conducted through our community loan production offices and Internet call center, accounted for approximately 76% of our loan originations, while mortgage brokers accounted for 24% of our originations. Mortgage brokers are expected to account for a significantly increased percentage of our originations in 2004 due to our recent opening of a number of wholesale branches in the western United States. We offer a broad array of mortgage products, but primarily make high-credit-quality loans; more than 67% of our originations are eligible for Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac or Ginnie Mae programs, while most of the balance of our loans consists of jumbo loans for borrowers with higher FICO credit scores, typically 680 or above.

AHM Holdings has grown its loan origination franchise substantially since becoming a public company in October of 1999. In 2003, the aggregate principal amount of our loan originations was approximately \$21.7 billion, compared to \$12.2 billion in 2002, \$7.8 billion in 2001 and \$3.0 billion in 2000. Our growth has resulted from growing our network of loan production offices primarily by

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acquisitions, and to a lesser extent by increasing our originations from mortgage brokers and growing our Internet business. We have increased our current loan production offices to 245, from 28 in October 1999, by acquiring small to mid-sized mortgage businesses. AHM Holdings has completed seven such acquisitions since December of 1999. In each acquisition, we have generally retained and grown the acquired company s loan production offices while substantially eliminating their centralized support operations and associated costs. These acquisitions have significantly increased our origination capability. Our strategy is to continue to opportunistically seek acquisitions to grow our loan origination business.

Growth in AHM Holdings business with mortgage brokers has resulted from adding additional branches and account executives in our mortgage broker channel and increasing the depth of our mortgage broker support capabilities. Originations from mortgage brokers grew to \$5.3 billion in 2003, compared to \$1.9 billion in 2002.

Servicing Business

Our servicing business services the loans that back our portfolio of self-originated mortgage-backed securities. It also services loans owned by others, which are typically loans that we or our predecessors originated and sold. As of March 31, 2004, our TRSs serviced approximately 70,536 loans with an aggregate principal amount of approximately \$9.0 billion. We receive an average annual servicing fee of 0.363% of the principal amount of each loan we service for others. Our servicing business collects mortgage payments, administers tax and insurance escrows, mitigates losses on defaulted loans and responds to borrower inquiries. Our servicing capabilities have received the Select Servicer rating from Standard & Poor s.

We expect our servicing business to grow as we increase our portfolio of self-originated mortgage-backed securities. Our servicing business enables us to retain an ongoing business relationship with our borrowers, which we believe makes it more likely that we will earn those borrowers business when they need a new loan or wish to refinance an existing loan. We believe that our servicing capability also enables us to sell loans to Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac and Ginnie Mae on more advantageous terms than if we did not service our originations.

Competitive Advantages

We believe that we have several competitive advantages compared to other mortgage REITs. These competitive advantages include the following:

We believe that our net origination costs through self-origination typically have been lower than the price at which traditional mortgage REITs purchase similar mortgage loans on the open market. We believe that this lower cost allows us to earn a higher yield than mortgage REITs that primarily purchase assets in the capital markets.

Because we believe we can earn a higher yield than mortgage REITs that primarily purchase their assets in the capital markets, we can afford to sacrifice a portion of this yield to reduce (i) our interest rate risk, by limiting our portfolio to ARMs and attempting to match-fund our assets and liabilities and (ii) our credit risk, by purchasing credit enhancements from Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac and by focusing on highly rated assets.

We believe that we have a competitive advantage over other mortgage REITs that self-originate mortgage-backed securities because we typically originate a larger volume of loans than those companies and, consequently, can select the types of loans we would like to retain as long-term assets specifically, high-credit-quality ARM loans.

We believe that other competitive advantages of our mortgage banking business include the following:

We expect that the net interest income generated by our portfolio of mortgage-backed securities will become the most substantial component of our revenue, thereby reducing the volatility generally experienced by mortgage banking companies that sell all or a majority of their loan products and do not maintain a portfolio of mortgage-backed securities.

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Our origination and servicing businesses are countercyclical. During periods of falling interest rates, the results of originations are expected to be strong, while our servicing business is expected to experience losses. Conversely, during periods of rising interest rates, the results from originations are expected to diminish, while net income from servicing is expected to increase. Despite this counterbalancing effect of our servicing business, during a period of rising interest rates, we expect the impact of the rising interest rates to reduce the profitability of our business, since we do not expect the diminished results of originations to be fully offset by increases in net income from our servicing business.

We have the scale and skills that support a robust set of capabilities in the areas of sales support and marketing, technology, product development and training. These capabilities enhance the effectiveness of our loan officers and account executives in the marketplace and enable us to better serve our customers.

We offer our customers a broad array of products through our substantial retail branch network, wholesale mortgage broker network and Internet presence. We believe reaching customers through multiple channels with balanced and multi-faceted products enhances the stability of our origination business and reduces its vulnerability to changes in the mortgage market. Our retail channel allows us to maintain a direct relationship with our customers that we believe fosters customer loyalty for future business.

As a result of our loan servicing business, we maintain a relationship with a large number of our customers and, consequently, are more likely to earn those customers business when they need a new loan or when they wish to refinance existing loans. In addition, through our loan servicing business, we are able to maintain control over our collection and default mitigation processes and better manage the credit performance of borrowers.

Company History

AHM Investment was incorporated in July 2003 under the laws of the State of Maryland. AHM Investment was formed in order to combine the net assets of Apex with the mortgage origination and servicing businesses of AHM Holdings. In December 2003, AHM Investment became the parent company of AHM Holdings through an internal reorganization and acquired Apex by merger. In connection with these transactions, our common stock was exchanged for the outstanding shares of common stock of AHM Holdings and Apex. Our strategy in combining the net assets of Apex with the origination and servicing businesses of AHM Holdings was to realize the benefits of holding a portfolio of self-originated mortgage-backed securities as well as certain other competitive advantages, described above.

Prior to our conversion into a REIT, our business strategy was to sell substantially all of the loans that we originated, and the largest component of our net income was generated by the gain on sale of such loans. Our historical financial results reflect this discontinued strategy of selling virtually all of the loans that we originated. Since our REIT conversion, our business strategy is to hold the mortgage-backed securities resulting from the securitization of ARM loans we originate, and, consequently, we believe that the largest component of our net income in the future will be net interest income generated by our holdings. While we expect that holding our originations in securitized form will be beneficial to our financial results, we cannot assure you that our new business strategy will be successful.

Ratio of Earnings to Combined Fixed Charges

The ratio of earnings to combined fixed charges for the fiscal years ended December 31, 1999, December 31, 2000, December 31, 2001, December 31, 2002, December 31, 2003, and the three months ended March 31, 2004, was 1.95, 1.48, 2.07, 2.95, 2.84 and 1.76, respectively. See Ratio of Earnings to Combined Fixed Charges in this prospectus supplement.

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Recent Developments

First Quarter 2004 Common Stock Offering

In March 2004, we issued 14,375,000 shares of our common stock in an underwritten public offering, raising total net proceeds of approximately \$340 million. Pursuant to our investment policy, we have applied these net proceeds on a leveraged basis towards the purchase of additional mortgage-backed securities. As of March 31, 2004, following the application of these net proceeds, we had total assets of approximately \$5.8 billion.

Second Quarter 2004 Common Dividend

On June 4, 2004, we declared a second quarter 2004 common stock dividend of \$0.61 per share payable to stockholders of record on June 30, 2004. This dividend is expected to be paid on July 14, 2004.

General Information

Our executive offices are located at 520 Broadhollow Road, Melville, New York 11747, and our telephone number is (516) 949-3900. Our website is *http://www.americanhm.com*. Unless specifically incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus, information contained on our website is not, and should not be interpreted to be, part of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

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The Offering

The following is a brief summary of certain terms of this offering. For a more complete description of the terms of the Series A Preferred Stock, see Description of Series A Preferred Stock in this prospectus supplement.

Preferred stock offered 1,400,000 shares of 9.75% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock (or 1,610,000 shares if

the underwriters exercise their over-allotment option in full).

Price per share \$25.00.

Liquidation preference If we liquidate, dissolve or wind up, holders of the Series A Preferred Stock will have the right to

receive \$25.00 per share, plus all accumulated and unpaid dividends (whether or not declared) to the date of payment, before any payments are made to the holders of our common stock or to the holders of equity securities the terms of which provide that such equity securities will rank junior to the Series A Preferred Stock. The rights of holders of Series A Preferred Stock to receive their liquidation preference also will be subject to the proportionate rights of any other class or series of our capital

stock ranking on a parity with the Series A Preferred Stock as to liquidation.

Dividends Holders of the Series A Preferred Stock will be entitled to receive, when, as and if declared by our

Holders of the Series A Preferred Stock will be entitled to receive, when, as and if declared by our Board of Directors, cumulative cash dividends on the Series A Preferred Stock at an annual rate of 9.75% of the \$25.00 liquidation preference (equivalent to \$2.4375 per year per share of Series A Preferred Stock). To the extent declared by our Board of Directors, dividends will be payable quarterly in arrears on the last calendar day of each January, April, July and October or, if such day is not a business day, the next succeeding business day. Dividends will be cumulative from and including the date of original issuance, which is expected to be July 7, 2004. The first dividend is expected to be paid on November 1, 2004, which is the first business day following October 31, 2004. Each share of Series A Preferred Stock issued and outstanding on the record date for the first dividend payment on the Series A Preferred Stock following the initial issuance of shares of Series A Preferred Stock, which is expected to be on July 7, 2004, shall accrue dividends from the earliest date on which any shares of the Series A Preferred Stock were issued and shall receive the same dividend payment regardless of

the date on which such share was actually issued.

Dividends on the Series A Preferred Stock will accumulate whether or not we have earnings, whether or not there are funds legally available for the payment of such dividends and whether or not such

dividends are declared by our Board of Directors.

Maturity The Series A Preferred Stock has no stated maturity date and we are not required to redeem the

Series A Preferred Stock. Accordingly, the Series A Preferred Stock will remain outstanding

indefinitely, unless we decide to redeem it or it is otherwise cancelled or exchanged.

Optional redemption We may not redeem the Series A Preferred Stock prior to July 7, 2009, except in limited circumstances

to enforce the limitations on

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ownership necessary to preserve our tax qualification as a REIT as described in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. On or after July 7, 2009, we may, at our option, redeem the Series A Preferred Stock, in whole or part, at any time and from time to time, for cash at a price of \$25.00 per share, plus accumulated and unpaid dividends (whether or not declared), if any, to the date of redemption. Any partial redemption generally will be on a pro rata basis. We are not required to set aside funds to redeem the Series A Preferred Stock.

No conversion

The Series A Preferred Stock is not convertible into any of our property or other securities.

Form

The Series A Preferred Stock will be issued and maintained in book-entry form registered in the name of the nominee of The Depository Trust Company except under limited circumstances.

Ranking

The Series A Preferred Stock will, with respect to dividend rights, redemption rights and rights upon our voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up, rank:

- (i) senior to our common stock and to all equity securities the terms of which provide that such equity securities will rank junior to the Series A Preferred Stock;
- (ii) junior to all equity securities the terms of which provide that such equity securities will rank senior to the Series A Preferred Stock, and to all of our existing and future debt, including, prior to conversion of such debt, any debt convertible into our equity securities; and
- (iii) on a parity with all equity securities other than those referred to in (i) and (ii) above.

Limited voting rights

Holders of Series A Preferred Stock will generally have no voting rights. However, if we are in arrears on dividends on the Series A Preferred Stock for six or more quarterly periods, whether or not consecutive, holders of the Series A Preferred Stock will be entitled to vote at any annual meeting of stockholders, or at a special meeting of the holders of our Series A Preferred Stock and any other voting preferred stock for that purpose, until all dividends accumulated for all past dividend periods with respect to the Series A Preferred Stock and any other class or series of parity preferred stock have been paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment of such dividends set aside for payment. In addition, we will not be permitted under the terms of the Series A Preferred Stock to create a class or series of capital stock ranking senior to the Series A Preferred Stock, and we may not make certain material adverse changes to the terms of the Series A Preferred Stock, in each case without the affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds of the outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock. See Description of Series A Preferred Stock Voting Rights in this prospectus supplement.

Absence of market

The Series A Preferred Stock is a new issue of securities with no established trading market. Accordingly, we cannot provide any assurance as to the development or liquidity of any market for

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the Series A Preferred Stock. See Underwriting in this prospectus supplement.

Listing

Our Series A Preferred Stock has been approved for listing on the New York Stock Exchange, or NYSE, under the symbol AHM PrA, subject to official notice of issuance. We expect that trading of the Series A Preferred Stock, if any, will commence within 30 days after the initial delivery of the Series A Preferred Stock or as soon as practicable thereafter. The underwriters have advised us that they intend to make a market in the Series A Preferred stock prior to commencement of any trading on the NYSE. However, the underwriters will have no obligation to do so, and no assurance can be given that a market for the Series A Preferred Stock will develop prior to commencement of trading on the NYSE or, if developed, will be maintained.

Restrictions on ownership

In order to ensure that we continue to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we must meet certain requirements concerning the ownership of our outstanding shares of capital stock. Specifically, our charter provides that, subject to certain exceptions, no person shall own more than 6.5% of either the total number or the value of the total number of outstanding shares of our (i) common stock or (ii) common stock together with preferred stock of any class or series. Additionally, the articles supplementary creating the Series A Preferred Stock provide that, subject to certain exceptions, no person shall own more than 9.8% of either the total number or the value of the total number of outstanding shares of the Series A Preferred Stock. See Description of Series A Preferred Stock Restrictions on Ownership and Transfer in this prospectus supplement and Description of Capital Stock Restrictions on Ownership and Transfer in the accompanying prospectus.

Use of proceeds

We intend to use the net proceeds of the offering, which are estimated to be \$32,897,500, for general corporate purposes, including investing in mortgage-backed securities. We may also temporarily invest funds that are not immediately needed for these purposes in other short-term marketable securities or use them to make payments on our borrowings. Net proceeds are what we expect to receive after paying underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses. See Use of Proceeds in this prospectus supplement for more information.

Settlement date

We expect that the shares of Series A Preferred Stock will be ready for delivery to purchasers on or about July 7, 2004.

Risk factors

Investing in our Series A Preferred Stock involves a number of risks, some of which are described under Risk Factors beginning on page S-12 of this prospectus supplement and page 7 of the accompanying prospectus and in the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus, under the section entitled Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations beginning on page S-31 of this prospectus supplement and under the section entitled Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of Our Status as a REIT beginning on page 39 of the accompanying prospectus.

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Summary Selected Financial Data

The following selected consolidated financial data as of and for each of the years in the four-year period ended December 31, 2002 is derived from the audited consolidated financial statements of AHM Holdings included in its applicable Annual Report on Form 10-K. The following selected consolidated financial data as of and for the year ended December 31, 2003 is derived from our audited consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003. The following selected consolidated financial data as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2004 is derived from the unaudited consolidated financial statements included in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2004. The unaudited consolidated financial statements include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, which we consider necessary for a fair presentation of our financial position and results of operations for these periods. You should not assume that the interim results below indicate results that we will achieve in the future or that our results for the three months ended March 31, 2004 are indicative of our results for the remainder of 2004. The operating data below is derived from unaudited financial information that we have compiled.

The selected information set forth below should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes, as well as Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, for the year ended December 31, 2003, incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement from our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003, and for the quarter ended March 31, 2004, incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement from our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2004.

As of and for the

	As of and for the Years Ended December 31,						Months Aarch 31,
	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2003	2004
		(i	n thousands, exce	ept per share data, r	atios and interest r	ates)	
Statement of Income Data:							
Gain on sales of loans							
and mortgage-backed							
securities	\$21,957	\$ 52,731	\$118,554	\$ 216,595	\$ 382,236	\$ 88,211	\$ 80,133
Net interest income	1,704	3,271	9,098	23,671	45,148	10,769	12,772
Net loan servicing fees							
(loss)				(11,592)	(2,482)	(7,354)	(9,612)
Total revenues(1)	24,862	58,280	128,053	232,821	432,131	94,554	84,271
Total non-interest							
expenses	19,525	48,114	87,466	164,368	309,147	66,664	66,862
Income before income							
tax (benefit) expense	5,302	9,658	41,701	67,560	122,017	27,890	17,409
Income tax							
(benefit) expense	1,441	4,267	16,253	28,075	48,223	11,577	(3,814)
Net income	3,861	5,391	25,448	39,485	73,794	16,313	21,223
Per share data:							
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.69	\$ 0.63	\$ 2.45	\$ 2.72	\$ 4.16	\$ 0.97	\$ 0.71
Diluted earnings per	0.60	0.62	2.24	2.45	4.05	0.06	0.70
share	0.69	0.63	2.34	2.65	4.07	0.96	0.70
Dividends declared per			0.10	0.15	0.01	0.10	0.55
share			0.12	0.15	0.91	0.10	0.55
Weighted average number of shares							
outstanding:							
Basic	5,595	8,580	10,374	14,509	17,727	16,751	30,030
Diluted	5,603	8,580	10,883	14,891	18,113	17,016	30,508
Balance Sheet Data (end of period):							
Cash and cash							
equivalents	\$ 3,414	\$ 6,005	\$ 26,393	\$ 24,416	\$ 53,148	\$ 31,019	\$ 97,557
					1,763,628		4,003,079

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Mortgage-backed securities							
Mortgage loans held for							
sale, net	65,115	143,967	419,351	831,981	1,223,827	1,039,999	1,371,048
Mortgage servicing							
rights, net	34	37	46	109,023	117,784	96,373	113,519
Total assets	85,884	183,532	501,125	1,119,050	3,402,390	1,320,249	5,826,979
Warehouse lines of							
credit	56,805	130,484	351,454	728,466	1,121,760	901,741	1,251,845
Reverse repurchase							
agreements(2)					1,344,327		3,394,941
Total liabilities	67,861	156,339	421,931	954,430	3,003,911	1,140,209	5,085,798
Total stockholders							
equity	18,000	26,612	78,617	164,096	397,970	180,040	741,181
Ratios:							
Return on average							
equity(3)	32.20%	24.66%	54.15%	32.52%	34.11%	39.00%	16.88%
Debt to equity ratio(4)	3.45x	5.37x	4.96x	5.11x	6.51x	5.65x	6.50x
			S-10)			

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As of and for the Years Ended December 31.

As of and for the Three Months Ended March 31,

	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2003	2004	
		(in thousands, except per share data, ratios and interest rates)						
Operating Data:								
Loan originations	\$1,348,000	\$3,043,000	\$7,766,000	\$12,196,000	\$21,705,250	\$4,250,824	\$4,413,174	
Retail	1,166,000	2,749,000	6,495,000	10,329,000	16,386,791	3,573,824	1,972,389	
Wholesale	182,000	294,000	1,271,000	1,867,000	5,318,459	677,000	2,440,785	
Loans sold to third								
parties	1,330,000	2,967,000	7,497,000	12,331,000	20,758,110	4,033,000	3,370,999	
Loan servicing portfolio loans sold								
or securitized	7,400	7,900	23,951	8,541,723	8,272,294	7,921,734	8,956,144	
Loans securitized and held					586,573		887,948	
Gross interest rate on mortgage-backed securities(5)					4.0%		3.1%	

- (1) Total revenues consists of net interest income and non-interest income.
- (2) In addition to the warehouse facilities with UBS Real Estate Securities Inc., CDC Mortgage Capital Inc., Residential Funding Corporation and Morgan Stanley Bank, we have purchase and sale agreements with UBS Real Estate Securities Inc., Greenwich Capital Financial Products, Inc. and Fannie Mae. These agreements allow us to accelerate the sale of our mortgage loan inventory, resulting in a more effective use of the warehouse facilities. These facilities are uncommitted and may be terminated at the discretion of the counterparties. We have no assurance that these facilities will continue to be available for any specified period of time for our future sales of loans. Amounts sold and being held by the counterparties under these agreements at March 31, 2004, were \$234 million.
- (3) This measure is calculated by dividing net income by the average stockholders equity outstanding during the year expressed as a percentage.
- (4) This ratio is calculated by dividing debt, which is comprised of reverse repurchase agreements, warehouse lines of credit and other borrowings, by stockholders equity.
- (5) Does not reflect yield to maturity.

Results of Operations Overview

Net income for the quarter ended March 31, 2004 was \$21.2 million, compared to \$16.3 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2003, an increase of \$4.9 million, or 30.1%. This increase was the result of a \$15.4 million decrease in income tax expense and a \$2.0 million increase in net interest income, partly offset by a \$12.3 million decrease in non-interest income and a \$0.2 million increase in non-interest expense. Results for the quarter are net of a non-cash, pre-tax charge of \$12.6 million for servicing impairment resulting from decreased interest rates. For additional information regarding our results of operations for the quarters ended March 31, 2003 and 2004, please see Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for the quarter ended March 31, 2004, incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement from our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2004.

Net income for the year ended December 31, 2003 was \$73.8 million, compared to \$39.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2002, an increase of \$34.3 million, or 86.8%. This increase was the result of a \$177.8 million increase in non-interest income, a \$21.5 million increase in net interest income, partly offset by a \$144.9 million increase in non-interest expense and a \$20.1 million increase in income tax expense. For additional information regarding our results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2003, please see Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2003, incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement from our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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RISK FACTORS

The Series A Preferred Stock offered by this prospectus supplement is subject to substantial risks, some of which are described below, under the Risk Factors sections beginning on page 7 of the accompanying prospectus and in the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus, under Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations beginning on page S-31 of this prospectus supplement and under Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of Our Status as a REIT beginning on page 39 of the accompanying prospectus. The risk factors listed below are in addition to the risk factors described elsewhere in this prospectus supplement, in the accompanying prospectus and in the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. You should carefully read this section, the Risk Factors sections beginning on page 7 of the accompanying prospectus and in the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement or in the accompanying prospectus, the Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations section beginning on page S-31 of this prospectus supplement and the Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of Our Status as a REIT section beginning on page 39 of the accompanying prospectus before purchasing shares of Series A Preferred Stock in this offering. Our business, financial condition or results of operations could be harmed by any of these risks. Similarly, these risks could cause the market price of our Series A Preferred Stock to decline and you might lose all or part of your investment. Our forward-looking statements in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and in the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus are subject to the following risks and uncertainties. The risks described below, elsewhere in this prospectus supplement, in the accompanying prospectus and in the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus are not the only ones facing us, and additional risks not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial might also impair our business operations.

We have a limited operating history with respect to our portfolio strategy, which limits your ability to evaluate a key component of our business strategy and our growth prospects and increases your investment risk; we are dependent on the securitization markets.

Historically, our business has consisted primarily of the origination and sale of mortgage loans. We currently intend to retain a substantial portion of the loans that we originate on a long-term basis, in the form of mortgage-backed securities secured by these loans. Under our current business strategy, we must securitize a portion of the loans we originate to produce mortgage-backed securities. Our ability to complete securitizations will depend upon a number of factors, including conditions in the securities markets generally and conditions in the mortgage-backed securities market. A disruption in the securitization market or a change in the market—s demand for our securities may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and business prospects. If we are unable to securitize our loans efficiently, then our revenues for the duration of our investment in those loans would decline, which would lower our earnings for the time the loans remain in our portfolio. We cannot assure you that we will be able to complete loan securitizations on favorable terms, or at all.

Our business requires a significant amount of cash, and if it is not available, our business and financial performance will be significantly harmed.

We require substantial cash to fund our loan originations, to pay our loan origination expenses, to hold our loans pending securitization or sale and to fund our portfolio of mortgage-backed securities. We also need cash to meet our working capital, minimum REIT dividend distribution requirements and other needs. Cash could be required to meet margin calls under the terms of our borrowings in the event that there is a decline in the market value of our loans that collateralize our debt, the terms of our debt become less attractive or for other reasons.

In addition, if our income as calculated for federal income tax purposes exceeds our cash flow from operations, then we could be forced to borrow or raise capital on unfavorable terms to be able to make the minimum distributions required in order to maintain our REIT status.

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We expect that our primary sources of cash will consist of:

our repurchase facilities, warehouse lines of credit and mortgage servicing credit facilities;

the net interest income we earn on our mortgage-backed securities holdings;

the income we earn from originating and selling mortgage loans; and

the income we earn from servicing mortgage loans.

Pending sale or securitization of a pool of mortgage loans, we will originate mortgage loans that we finance through borrowings from our warehouse lines of credit. It is possible that our warehouse lenders could experience changes in their ability to advance funds to us, independent of our performance or the performance of our loans. In addition, if the regulatory capital requirements imposed on our lenders change, our lenders may be required to increase significantly the cost of the lines of credit that they provide to us.

As of March 31, 2004, we financed \$1.3 billion of loans through five warehouse lines of credit. Each of these facilities is cancelable by the lender for cause at any time. As of June 15, 2004, the aggregate balance outstanding under these facilities was approximately \$2.4 billion. Three of these facilities are under review for renewal, one is due to expire in August 2004 and one has no expiration date. We currently are in discussions with our lenders to extend these facilities. However, we cannot provide any assurances that we will be able to extend these existing facilities on favorable terms, or at all. If we are not able to renew any of these credit facilities or arrange for new financing on terms acceptable to us, or if we default on our covenants or are otherwise unable to access funds under any of these facilities, we may not be able to originate new loans or continue to fund our operations, which would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations.

In connection with those loans we securitize other than through guaranteed performance swaps and similar transactions with Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, Ginnie Mae and the Federal Home Loan Banks, we plan to provide credit enhancement for a portion of the securities that we sell, called senior securities, to improve the price at which we sell them. Our current expectation is that this credit enhancement for the senior securities will be primarily in the form of either designating another portion of the securities we issue as subordinate securities (on which the credit risk from the loans is concentrated), paying for financial guaranty insurance policies for the loans, or both. If we use financial guaranty insurance policies, and the expense of these insurance policies increases, the net interest income we receive will be reduced. While we plan to use credit enhancement features in the future, we cannot assure you that these features will be available at costs that would allow us to achieve the desired level of net interest income from the securitizations that we anticipate being able to achieve.

We may not be able to achieve our optimal leverage.

We use leverage as a strategy to increase the return to our investors. However, we may not be able to achieve our desired leverage for various reasons, including, but not limited to, the following:

we determine that the leverage would expose us to excessive risk;

our lenders do not make funding available to us on acceptable terms; or

our lenders require that we provide additional collateral to cover our borrowings.

Our use of repurchase facilities to borrow funds may be limited or curtailed in the event of disruptions in the repurchase market.

We will rely upon repurchase facilities in order to finance our portfolio of mortgage-backed securities. Our repurchase facilities are dependent on our counterparties—ability to resell our obligations to third-party purchasers. There have been in the past, and in the future there may be, disruptions in the repurchase market. If there is a disruption of the repurchase market generally, or if one of our counterparties is itself unable to access the repurchase market, our access to this source of liquidity could be adversely affected.

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Our use of repurchase agreements to borrow funds may give our lenders greater rights in the event that either we or a lender files for bankruptcy.

Our borrowings under repurchase agreements may qualify for special treatment under the bankruptcy code, giving our lenders the ability to avoid the automatic stay provisions of the bankruptcy code and to take possession of and liquidate our collateral under the repurchase agreements without delay in the event that we file for bankruptcy. Furthermore, the special treatment of repurchase agreements under the bankruptcy code may make it difficult for us to recover our pledged assets in the event that a lender files for bankruptcy. Thus, the use of repurchase agreements exposes our pledged assets to risk in the event of a bankruptcy filing by either a lender or us.

Our efforts to match fund our mortgage-backed securities with our borrowings may not be effective to protect against losses due to movements in interest rates.

The interest rates on our borrowings generally adjust more frequently than the interest rates on our ARM mortgage-backed securities. Accordingly, in a period of rising interest rates, we could experience a decrease in net income or a net loss because the interest rates on our borrowings adjust faster than the interest rates on our ARM mortgage-backed securities.

Although we attempt to limit our exposure to changing interest rates by matching as closely as possible the duration of our liabilities with the duration of our mortgage loan holdings, our assets and liabilities could react differently than we expect in response to changes in interest rates, which would cause us to suffer significant losses. Matched funding is difficult, if not impossible, to achieve, and there can be no assurances that our efforts to match fund will protect us against losses.

Our credit facilities contain covenants that restrict our operations and any default under our credit facilities would have a material adverse effect on our financial condition.

Our existing warehouse and repurchase facilities contain extensive restrictions and covenants and require us to maintain or satisfy specified financial ratios and tests, including maintenance of asset quality and portfolio performance tests. Failure to meet or satisfy any of these covenants, financial ratios or financial tests could result in an event of default under these agreements. These agreements are typically recourse loans that are secured by specific mortgage loans pledged under those agreements. The agreements also contain cross-default provisions, so that if an event of default occurs under any agreement, the lenders could elect to declare all amounts outstanding under all of our agreements to be immediately due and payable, enforce their interests against collateral pledged under the agreements and, in certain circumstances, restrict our ability to make additional borrowings.

Our warehouse and repurchase facilities contain additional restrictions and covenants that may:

restrict the ability of our TRSs to make distributions to us;

restrict our ability to make certain investments or acquisitions; and

restrict our ability to engage in certain mergers or consolidations.

These restrictions may interfere with our ability to obtain financing or to engage in other business activities, which may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations.

If the prepayment rates for our mortgage loans are higher than expected, our results of operations may be significantly harmed.

The rate and timing of unscheduled payments and collections of principal on our loans is impossible to predict accurately and will be affected by a variety of factors including, without limitation, the level of prevailing interest rates, the availability of lender credit and other economic, demographic, geographic, tax and legal factors. In general, however, if prevailing interest rates fall significantly below the interest rate on a loan, the borrower is more likely to prepay the then higher-rate loan than if prevailing rates remain at or

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above the interest rate on the loan. Unscheduled principal prepayments could adversely affect our results of operations to the extent we are unable to reinvest the funds we receive at an equivalent or higher yield rate, if at all. In addition, a large amount of prepayments, especially prepayments on loans with interest rates that are high relative to the rest of the asset pool, will likely decrease the net interest income we receive.

We may suffer credit losses with respect to, and be required to repurchase, loans that we originate and sell, regardless of credit enhancements that we purchase.

Although we typically purchase credit enhancements from Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac with respect to the agency-eligible ARM loans that we originate and sell, we may nevertheless suffer credit losses with respect to these loans if we do not originate the loans correctly. We also may be required to repurchase the loans under these circumstances. In addition, we may suffer credit losses on non-agency eligible securities to the extent that they do not have, or have only limited, credit enhancements. Credit enhancements will not protect us from such credit losses or repurchase obligations.

Our ability to pay our dividends depends upon the availability of funds and our actual operating results. If funds are not available or our actual operating results are below our expectations, we may need to sell assets or borrow funds to pay these distributions.

Dividends or distributions on shares of our common stock may reduce the funds of our company that are legally available for payment of future dividends on the Series A Preferred Stock. In addition, if we do not generate sufficient cash flow from ongoing operations (including principal payments and interest payments on our mortgage-backed securities) to fund our dividends, we may need to sell mortgage-backed securities or borrow funds by entering into repurchase agreements or otherwise borrowing funds under our lines of credit to pay the distributions. If we were to borrow funds on a regular basis to make distributions in excess of operating cash flow, it is likely that our results of operations and our stock price would be adversely affected.

Our Board of Directors or management may change our operating policies and strategies without prior notice or stockholder approval and such changes could harm our business and results of operations and the value of our stock.

Our Board of Directors and, in certain cases, our management, have the authority to modify or waive our current operating policies and our strategies without prior notice and without stockholder approval. We cannot predict the effect any changes to our current operating policies and strategies would have on our business, operating results and value of our stock and it is possible that the effects might be adverse.

We depend upon distributions from our operating subsidiaries to fund our operations and may, as a result, be subordinate to the rights of their existing and future creditors.

We conduct substantially all of our operations through our subsidiaries. Without independent means of generating operating revenue, we depend on distributions and other payments from the subsidiaries to make distributions to our stockholders. Our subsidiaries must first satisfy their cash needs, which may include salaries of our executive officers, insurance, professional fees and service of indebtedness that may be outstanding at various times before making distributions. Financial covenants under future credit agreements, or provisions of the laws of Maryland, where we and our QRS are organized, or Delaware or New York, where our other operating subsidiaries are organized, may limit our subsidiaries ability to make sufficient dividend, distribution or other payments to permit us to make distributions to stockholders. By virtue of our holding company status, our Series A Preferred Stock is structurally junior in right of payment to all existing and future liabilities of our subsidiaries. The inability of our operating subsidiaries to make distributions to us could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition and business.

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As a mortgage lender we must comply with numerous licensing requirements, and our inability to remain in compliance with such requirements could adversely affect our operations and our reputation generally.

Like other mortgage companies, we must comply with the applicable licensing and other regulatory requirements of each jurisdiction in which we are authorized to lend. These requirements are quite complex and vary from jurisdiction to jurisdiction. We monitor and regularly review our compliance with such requirements. From time to time we are subject to examination by regulators, and if it is determined that we are not in compliance with the applicable requirements, we may be fined, and our license to lend in one or more jurisdictions may be suspended or revoked. We have in the past violated, and we may in the future violate, certain aspects of the licensing requirements in some jurisdictions. Although the past violations of which we are aware have not had a material adverse effect on our business, operations or reputation, we cannot assure you that future or past violations of which we are not aware will not have such an effect.

The Series A Preferred Stock is a new issuance, does not have an established trading market and such a market may not develop, which may negatively affect the market value of the Series A Preferred Stock and your ability to transfer or sell your shares.

The shares of Series A Preferred Stock are a new issue of securities with no established trading market. Since the securities have no stated maturity date, investors seeking liquidity will be limited to selling their shares in the secondary market. Our Series A Preferred Stock has been approved for listing on the NYSE under the symbol AHM PrA, subject to official notice of issuance. We expect that trading of the Series A Preferred Stock will commence, if at all, within 30 days after the initial delivery of the Series A Preferred Stock. However, an active trading market for the shares on the NYSE may not develop or, even if it develops, may not be sustained, in which case the trading price of the shares could be adversely affected and your ability to transfer your shares will be limited.

Numerous factors may affect the trading price of the Series A Preferred Stock.

Even if an active trading market for the Series A Preferred Stock does develop on the NYSE, the shares may trade at prices higher or lower than their initial offering price. The trading price of our Series A Preferred Stock may depend on many factors, including:

prevailing interest rates;

the market for similar securities;

additional issuances by us of other series or classes of preferred stock;

general economic conditions; and

our financial condition, performance and prospects.

Investors in our Series A Preferred Stock may experience losses, volatility and poor liquidity, and we may reduce or delay payment of our dividends in a variety of circumstances.

Our earnings, cash flow, book value and dividends can be volatile and difficult to predict. Investors should not rely on predictions or management s beliefs. Although we seek to pay a regular dividend on the Series A Preferred Stock at a rate that is sustainable, we may reduce, cancel or delay our dividend payments in the future for a variety of reasons. We may not provide public warnings of such dividend reductions, cancellations or payment delays prior to their occurrence. Fluctuations in our current and prospective earnings, cash flow and dividends, the market for similar securities, as well as many other factors such as perceptions, economic conditions and stock market conditions, can affect the price of our Series A Preferred Stock. For example, higher market interest rates could cause the market price of our Series A Preferred Stock to go down. Investors may experience volatile returns and material losses. In addition, liquidity in the trading of our stock may be insufficient to allow investors to sell their stock in a timely manner or at a reasonable price.

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The Series A Preferred Stock is subordinated to our existing and future debt.

As of March 31, 2004, our total indebtedness was approximately \$4.8 billion. We may incur additional debt in the future, and we are generally not limited in the total amount of debt we may incur. Payment of amounts due on our Series A Preferred Stock will be subordinated to all of our existing and future debt.

The Series A Preferred Stock has not been rated.

We have not sought to obtain a rating for the Series A Preferred Stock. No assurance can be given, however, that one or more rating agencies might not independently determine to issue such a rating or that such a rating, if issued, would not adversely affect the market price of our Series A Preferred Stock. In addition, we may elect in the future to obtain a rating of our Series A Preferred Stock, which could adversely impact the market price of our Series A Preferred Stock. Any such ratings only reflect the views of the rating agency or agencies issuing the ratings and such ratings could be revised downward or withdrawn entirely at the discretion of the issuing rating agency if, in its judgment, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of a rating could have an adverse effect on the market price of our Series A Preferred Stock.

Complying with REIT requirements may limit our ability to hedge effectively.

The REIT provisions of the Internal Revenue Code substantially limit our ability to hedge mortgage-backed securities and related borrowings. Under these provisions, our annual income from qualified hedges, together with any other income not generated from qualified REIT real estate assets, must be less than 25% of our gross income. In addition, we must limit our aggregate income from hedging and services from all sources, other than from qualified REIT real estate assets or qualified hedges, to less than 5% of our annual gross income. As a result, we might in the future be required to limit our use of advantageous hedging techniques. Unhedged positions could leave us exposed to greater risks associated with changes in interest rates than we would otherwise bear.

We may fail to qualify as a REIT and be subject to tax.

If we are compelled to sell qualifying REIT assets, or we have insufficient cash flow to originate or purchase qualifying REIT assets, we may have insufficient qualifying REIT assets, in which case we may fail to qualify as a REIT. See Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of Our Status as a REIT Failure to Qualify as a REIT in the accompanying prospectus.

Even if we continue to qualify as a REIT, we may nevertheless be subject to taxes (and possibly excise taxes) on undistributed income, net income from certain prohibited transactions (including certain transactions between us and our TRSs), and state and local taxes. Prohibited transactions could include transactions in which loans are sold by our QRS rather than by our TRSs. In addition, in the event that any transactions between us or our QRS and our TRSs are determined to not be on an arm s-length basis, we could be subject to excise taxes on such transactions. We believe that all such transactions are conducted on an arm s-length basis, but there can be no assurance that the Internal Revenue Service will not successfully contest the arm s-length nature of such transactions or that we will otherwise be able to avoid application of excise taxes or other additional taxes. Any such taxes could affect our overall profitability and the amounts of distributions to our stockholders.

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USE OF PROCEEDS

We intend to use the net proceeds from the sale of our Series A Preferred Stock for general corporate purposes, including investing in mortgage-backed securities. We may also temporarily invest funds that are not immediately needed for these purposes in other short-term marketable securities or use them to make payments on our borrowings.

We estimate that the net proceeds to us from the sale of the shares of Series A Preferred Stock we are offering in this prospectus supplement will be approximately \$32,897,500. If the underwriters exercise their over-allotment option in full, our net proceeds are estimated to be approximately \$37,982,125. Net proceeds are what we expect to receive after paying underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses.

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CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our actual capitalization at March 31, 2004, and as adjusted to give effect to the issuance of 1,400,000 shares of our Series A Preferred Stock offered hereby and the application of the estimated net proceeds therefrom based upon a public offering price of \$25.00 per share. The capitalization information set forth in the table below is qualified by the more detailed consolidated financial statements and related notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003.

March 31, 2004			
Actual	As Adjusted(1)		
(in the	ousands)		
\$	\$ 14		
399	399		
623,953	656,837		
125,504	125,504		
(8,675)	(8,675)		
\$741,181	\$774,079		
	\$ 399 623,953 125,504 (8,675)		

⁽¹⁾ After deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us. Assumes no exercise of the underwriters over-allotment option to purchase up to an additional 210,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock.

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⁽²⁾ Excludes 1,133,574 shares of common stock that are reserved for issuance upon exercise of outstanding options granted under our 1999 Omnibus Stock Incentive Plan as of June 15, 2004.

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RATIO OF EARNINGS TO COMBINED FIXED CHARGES

The ratio of earnings to combined fixed charges was calculated by dividing the sum of the fixed charges into the sum of the earnings before taxes and minority interests plus fixed charges and distributed income of equity investees. Equity investees are investments that we account for using the equity method of accounting. Fixed charges for purposes of the ratios consist of interest expense and the estimated interest within rental expense.

The table below presents the ratio of earnings to combined fixed charges for the fiscal years ended December 31, 1999, December 31, 2000, December 31, 2001, December 31, 2002, December 31, 2003, and the three months ended March 31, 2004.

	Years Ended December 31,					Three Months	
	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	Ended March 31, 2004	
Ratio of earnings to combined fixed charges	1.95x	1.48x	2.07x	2.95x	2.84x	1.76x	
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DESCRIPTION OF SERIES A PREFERRED STOCK

The following is a summary of the material terms and provisions of the Series A Preferred Stock. The Series A Preferred Stock is more completely described in our charter, our bylaws and the articles supplementary to our charter establishing the Series A Preferred Stock, a form of which is incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement from our Current Report on Form 8 - K filed with the SEC on June 21, 2004.

General

Under our charter, our Board of Directors is authorized to issue 110,000,000 shares of stock, of which up to 100,000,000 shares may be common stock and up to 10,000,000 shares may be preferred stock. As of June 29, 2004, there were 40,106,559 shares of common stock issued and outstanding and no shares of preferred stock issued and outstanding. Prior to the consummation of this offering, we will cause to be filed with the State Department of Assessments and Taxation of Maryland articles supplementary establishing the terms of the Series A Preferred Stock. At that time, there will be no classes or series of preferred stock authorized other than the Series A Preferred Stock.

Our charter authorizes our Board of Directors, subject to the provisions of our charter, to classify or reclassify any unissued shares of our stock into shares of common stock or preferred stock or any class or series of preferred stock, or shares of preference stock, special stock or other stock. Prior to the issuance of shares of preferred stock of each class, our Board of Directors is required by Maryland law and our charter to set the terms, preferences, conversion or other rights, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to dividends or other distributions, qualifications and terms or conditions of redemption for each such class. Thus, our Board of Directors, without stockholder approval, could authorize the issuance of shares of preferred stock with terms and conditions which could have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a transaction or a change in control of us that might involve a premium price for holders of shares of preferred stock or shares of our common stock or otherwise be in the stockholders best interest, or that could adversely affect the rights and powers of the Series A Preferred Stock. See Certain provisions of Maryland law and our charter and bylaws could hinder, delay or prevent a change in control in the section of the accompanying prospectus entitled Risk Factors.

Under Maryland law, a stockholder is generally not personally liable for our obligations solely as a result of his or her status as a stockholder.

Liquidation Preference

Upon our voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up, holders of Series A Preferred Stock will be entitled to receive out of our assets legally available for distribution to stockholders (after payment or provision for all of our debts and other liabilities) a liquidating distribution in the amount of the liquidation preference of \$25.00 per share applicable to the Series A Preferred Stock, plus any accumulated and unpaid dividends to the date of payment, whether or not declared, before any distribution of assets is made to holders of our common stock or any other shares of our equity securities ranking junior to the Series A Preferred Stock as to liquidation rights.

If, upon our voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up, our available assets are insufficient to pay the full amount of the liquidating distributions on all outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock and the corresponding amounts payable on all shares of each other class or series of capital stock ranking, as to liquidation rights, on a parity with the Series A Preferred Stock in the distribution of assets, then the holders of the Series A Preferred Stock and each such other class or series of capital stock ranking, as to voluntary or involuntary liquidation rights, on a parity with the Series A Preferred Stock will share ratably in any distribution of assets in proportion to the full liquidating distributions to which they would otherwise be respectively entitled after any required payment to the holders of any senior securities.

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After payment of the full amount of the liquidating distributions to which they are entitled, the holders of Series A Preferred Stock will have no right or claim to any of our remaining assets.

Our consolidation or merger with or into another entity, the merger of another entity with or into us, a statutory share exchange by us, or the sale, lease, transfer or conveyance of all or substantially all of our property or business, will in each case not be deemed to constitute a liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company.

Maryland law does not permit our Board of Directors to authorize a distribution if, after giving effect to the distribution, (i) the corporation would not be able to pay its obligations as they become due in the ordinary course of business or (ii) the corporation s total assets would be less than its total liabilities. Under Maryland law, unless the corporation s charter provides otherwise, liquidation preferences of stockholders whose preferential rights on dissolution are superior to those receiving the distribution are considered liabilities for the purpose of this test. As permitted by Maryland law, the articles supplementary creating the Series A Preferred Stock provide that the liquidation preference of outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock will not be added to our total liabilities in determining whether we may make a dividend or other distribution (other than upon voluntary or involuntary dissolution, liquidation or winding up) on our shares of common stock (or any other class or series of stock that are junior to the Series A Preferred Stock with respect to liquidating distributions).

Dividends

Holders of record of Series A Preferred Stock will be entitled to receive, when, as and if declared by our Board of Directors, out of legally available funds, cumulative preferential cash dividends at the annual rate of 9.75% of the \$25.00 liquidation preference, from and including the date of original issuance, which is equivalent to \$2.4375 per share of Series A Preferred Stock per year.

Dividends on the Series A Preferred Stock will accumulate from the date of original issuance, which is expected to be July 7, 2004. To the extent declared by our Board of Directors, dividends will be payable quarterly in arrears on the last calendar day of each January, April, July and October or, if not a business day, the next succeeding business day (and without any interest or other payment in respect of any such delay). The initial dividend on the Series A Preferred Stock is expected to be paid on November 1, 2004 (the first business day following October 31, 2004) if declared by our Board of Directors. Each share of Series A Preferred Stock issued and outstanding on the record date for the first dividend payment on the Series A Preferred Stock following the initial issuance of shares of Series A Preferred Stock, which is expected to be on July 7, 2004, shall accrue dividends from the earliest date on which any shares of the Series A Preferred Stock were issued and shall receive the same dividend payment regardless of the date on which such share was actually issued. We will pro rate and compute this initial dividend and any other dividend payable for a partial dividend period on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.

We will pay dividends to holders of record as they appear in our share records at the close of business on the applicable dividend record date. The dividend record date will be such date that our Board of Directors designates for the payment of dividends that is not more than 30 nor less than 10 days prior to the dividend payment date.

No dividend on the Series A Preferred Stock will be declared or paid or set apart for payment by us if such declaration, payment or setting apart for payment would violate any of our agreements or is restricted or prohibited by law.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, dividends on the Series A Preferred Stock will accumulate whether or not we have earnings, whether or not there are funds legally available for payment of dividends and whether or not such dividends are declared by our Board of Directors. Accumulated but unpaid dividends will accumulate as of the dividend payment date on which they first become payable or on the date of redemption, as the case may be.

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When dividends are not paid in full (or a sum sufficient for such full payment is not so set apart) on the Series A Preferred Stock and all other equity securities ranking on a parity as to dividends with the Series A Preferred Stock, all dividends declared upon the Series A Preferred Stock and any other equity securities ranking on a parity as to dividends with the Series A Preferred Stock shall be declared on a pro rata basis so that the amount of dividends declared per share of Series A Preferred Stock and such other equity securities shall in all cases bear to each other the same ratio that accumulated dividends per share on the Series A Preferred Stock and such other equity security (which shall not include any accumulation in respect of unpaid dividends for prior dividends periods if such other equity securities do not have a cumulative dividend) bear to each other. No interest, or sum of money in lieu of interest, shall be payable in respect of any dividend payment or payments on the Series A Preferred Stock that may be in arrears.

Except as provided in the immediately preceding paragraph, unless full cumulative dividends, whether or not declared, on the Series A Preferred Stock have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient set apart for payment for all past dividend periods:

no dividends may be declared or paid or set aside for payment and no other distribution of cash or other property may be declared or made upon our shares of common stock or any other shares of our equity securities ranking junior to or on a parity with the Series A Preferred Stock as to distributions or upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up, other than distributions in kind of our common stock or other shares of our equity securities ranking junior to Series A Preferred Stock as to dividends and upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up; and

no shares of common stock or any other shares of our equity securities ranking junior to or on a parity with the Series A Preferred Stock as to distributions or upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up may be redeemed, purchased or otherwise acquired for any consideration (or any moneys be paid to or made available for a sinking fund for the redemption of any such shares) by us, except by conversion into or exchange for other shares ranking junior to the Series A Preferred Stock as to dividends and amounts upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up, and except pursuant to the provisions of our charter and the articles supplementary creating the Series A Preferred Stock providing for limitations on ownership and transfer in order to ensure that we remain qualified as a REIT.

Accumulated but unpaid dividends on the Series A Preferred Stock will not bear interest, and holders of Series A Preferred Stock will not be entitled to any distribution, whether payable in cash, property or shares, in excess of full cumulative dividends on the Series A Preferred Stock as described above. We will credit any dividend payment we make on the Series A Preferred Stock against the earliest accumulated but unpaid dividend due with respect to the Series A Preferred Stock which remains payable.

Maturity

The Series A Preferred Stock does not have a stated maturity and is not subject to any sinking fund or mandatory redemption provisions. We are not required to redeem the Series A Preferred Stock. Accordingly, the Series A Preferred Stock will remain outstanding indefinitely, unless we decide to redeem it or it is otherwise cancelled or exchanged.

Redemption

The Series A Preferred Stock will not be redeemable prior to July 7, 2009, except in limited circumstances. On or after July 7, 2009, we, at our option, upon giving the notice described below, may redeem the Series A Preferred Stock, in whole or from time to time in part, for cash, at a redemption price of \$25.00 per share, plus accumulated and unpaid dividends on the shares of Series A Preferred Stock held to the date of redemption, whether or not declared.

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If we redeem fewer than all of the outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock, our Board of Directors will determine the number of shares to be redeemed. In such circumstances, the Series A Preferred Stock to be redeemed generally will be selected pro rata (as nearly as may be practicable without creating fractional shares), by lot or in another equitable manner determined by our Board of Directors. If such redemption is to be by lot and as a result of such redemption any holder of Series A Preferred Stock would become a holder of a number of shares of Series A Preferred Stock in excess of the ownership limits described in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus because such holder s shares of Series A Preferred Stock were not redeemed, or were only redeemed in part, then, we will redeem the requisite number of shares of Series A Preferred Stock from such holder so that such stockholder will not hold in excess of the ownership limits subsequent to such redemption or otherwise transfer the shares as described in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

Unless full accumulated dividends on all shares of Series A Preferred Stock have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid, or are declared and a sum sufficient for payment for all past dividend periods and the current dividend period is set apart, we will not redeem any shares of Series A Preferred Stock unless we simultaneously redeem all outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock.

Unless full cumulative dividends on all outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid, or are declared and a sum sufficient for payment for all past dividend periods is set apart, we will not purchase or otherwise acquire directly or indirectly any shares of Series A Preferred Stock or any other shares of our equity securities ranking junior to or on a parity with the Series A Preferred Stock as to dividends or upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up, except by conversion into or exchange for shares ranking junior to the Series A Preferred Stock as to distributions and upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, our charter and the articles supplementary creating the Series A Preferred Stock permit us to purchase the Series A Preferred Stock at any time in order to preserve our REIT status and enforce against an individual holder the restrictions on ownership described in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. See Restrictions on Ownership and Transfer in this prospectus supplement and Description of Capital Stock Restrictions on Ownership and Transfer in the accompanying prospectus. The restrictions described in the preceding paragraphs also do not prevent the purchase or acquisition of Series A Preferred Stock pursuant to a purchase or exchange offer made on the same terms to all holders of the Series A Preferred Stock.

In the event that the redemption date falls after a dividend record date and prior to the corresponding dividend payment date, each holder of Series A Preferred Stock at the close of business on such dividend record date will be entitled to the dividend payable on such shares on the corresponding dividend payment date notwithstanding the redemption of such shares before the dividend payment date. Except as provided in the preceding sentence, and except to the extent the redemption price includes all accrued and unpaid dividends, we will make no payment or allowance for unpaid dividends, whether or not in arrears, on Series A Preferred Stock to be redeemed.

We will mail to record holders of Series A Preferred Stock to be redeemed a notice of redemption no less than 30 days nor more than 60 days before the redemption date. We will send the notice to each holder s address as shown on our share transfer books. Each notice will state, in addition to any information required by law or by the applicable rules of any exchange upon which the Series A Preferred Stock may be listed or admitted to trading, the following:

the redemption date;	the re
the redemption price;	the re
the number of shares of Series A Preferred Stock to be redeemed;	the n
the place where holders may surrender certificates evidencing shares of Series A Preferred Stock for payment of the redemption price; and	the p
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that the dividends on the Series A Preferred Stock to be redeemed will cease to accumulate on the redemption date.

If we redeem fewer than all of the outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock held by any holder, the notice mailed to such holder will also specify the number of shares of Series A Preferred Stock to be redeemed from such holder.

On or after the date fixed for redemption, each holder of shares of Series A Preferred Stock to be redeemed must present and surrender each certificate representing his or her shares of such Series A Preferred Stock to us at the place designated in the applicable notice and thereupon such holder shall be entitled to the redemption price of such shares and any accumulated and unpaid dividends payable upon such redemption upon such surrender, and each surrendered certificate will be cancelled. If fewer than all the shares represented by any such certificate representing shares of Series A Preferred Stock are to be redeemed, a new certificate will be issued representing the unredeemed shares.

At our election, on or prior to a redemption date, we may irrevocably deposit the redemption price (including accumulated and unpaid dividends) of the Series A Preferred Stock so called for redemption in trust for the holders thereof with a bank or trust company, in which case the notice to holders of the Series A Preferred Stock to be redeemed will (i) state the date of such deposit, (ii) specify the office of such bank or trust company as the place of payment of the redemption price and (iii) require such holders to surrender the certificates representing such shares at such place on or about the date fixed in such redemption notice (which may not be later than such redemption date) against payment of the redemption price (including all accumulated and unpaid dividends to the redemption date). Any interest or other earnings earned on the redemption date (including all accumulated and unpaid dividends) deposited with a bank or trust company will be paid to us. Any monies so deposited which remain unclaimed by the holders of the shares of Series A Preferred Stock at the end of two years after the redemption date will be returned to us by such bank or trust company.

If notice of redemption of any shares of Series A Preferred Stock has been given and if funds necessary for such redemption have been set aside by us in trust for the benefit of the holders of such shares, then from and after the date of redemption, all dividends will cease to accumulate on the Series A Preferred Stock designated for redemption and all of your rights as a holder of the Series A Preferred Stock will terminate with respect to such shares, except the right to receive the redemption price (including accumulated and unpaid dividends up to the date of redemption).

Conversion

The shares of Series A Preferred Stock are not convertible into or exchangeable for any of our property or other securities.

Ranking

The Series A Preferred Stock, with respect to dividend rights and the distribution of assets upon our liquidation, dissolution or winding up, will rank:

- senior to our common stock and to all equity securities, the terms of which provide that such equity securities will rank junior to the Series A Preferred Stock;
- (ii) junior to all equity securities, the terms of which provide that such equity securities will rank senior to the Series A Preferred Stock, and to all of our existing and future debt, including, prior to conversion of such debt, any debt convertible into our equity securities; and
- (iii) on a parity with all equity securities other than those referred to in (i) and (ii) above.

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Voting Rights

Holders of Series A Preferred Stock will not have any voting rights, except as set forth below.

Whenever dividends on any shares of our Series A Preferred Stock are in arrears for six or more quarterly periods, whether or not consecutive, the number of directors then constituting our Board of Directors will be increased by two members, if not already increased by reason of similar types of provisions with respect to shares of parity stock of any other class or series that is entitled to similar voting rights, which we refer to in this prospectus supplement as the voting preferred stock, and the holders of shares of our Series A Preferred Stock, together with the holders of shares of all other voting preferred stock then entitled to exercise similar voting rights, voting as a single class regardless of series, will be entitled to vote for the election of the two additional directors at any annual meeting of stockholders or at a special meeting of the holders of our Series A Preferred Stock and of the voting preferred stock called for that purpose. We must call such special meeting upon the request of holders of at least 20% of the shares of our Series A Preferred Stock then outstanding. In the case of such a written request, such special meeting will be held within 90 days after the delivery of such request and, in either case, at the place and upon the notice provided by law and in our bylaws, provided that we will not be required to call such a special meeting if such request is received less than 120 days before the date fixed for the next annual meeting of stockholders, and the holders of all classes of outstanding voting preferred stock are offered the opportunity to elect such directors at such annual meeting of stockholders. Directors so elected will serve until the next annual meeting of our stockholders or until their respective successors are elected and qualified. If, prior to the end of the term of any director so elected, any vacancy in the office of such director shall occur, during the continuance of a default in dividends on the Series A Preferred Stock and/or voting preferred stock, such vacancy will be filled for the unexpired term of such former director by the election of a new director by the remaining director or directors so elected, or if there is no such remaining director, by vote of holders of a majority of the outstanding Series A Preferred Stock and any voting preferred stock then entitled to exercise similar voting rights (voting as a single class). If and whenever dividends in arrears in respect of all past dividend periods on outstanding shares of our Series A Preferred Stock and any other shares of voting preferred stock have been paid or declared and set apart for payment, then the right of the holders of our Series A Preferred Stock and of such other voting preferred stock to elect the additional two directors will cease, the terms of office of the directors will terminate and the number of directors constituting our Board of Directors will be reduced accordingly.

So long as any shares of Series A Preferred Stock remain outstanding, we may not, without the affirmative vote or consent of holders of at least two-thirds of the outstanding Series A Preferred Stock, given in person or by proxy, voting separately as a class, either in writing or at a meeting:

authorize, or create, or increase the authorized or issued amount of, any class or series of equity securities ranking senior to the outstanding Series A Preferred Stock with respect to the payment of dividends or the distribution of assets upon our voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up;

reclassify any authorized equity securities into any equity securities senior to the Series A Preferred Stock;

create, authorize or issue any obligation or security convertible into or evidencing the right to purchase any equity securities senior to the Series A Preferred Stock; or

amend, alter or repeal the provisions of our charter (including the articles supplementary for the Series A Preferred Stock), whether by merger, consolidation or otherwise, so as to materially and adversely affect any right, preference, privilege or voting power of the Series A Preferred Stock or the holders of the Series A Preferred Stock.

With respect to the exercise of the above-described voting rights, each share of our Series A Preferred Stock will have one vote per share, except that when any other class or series of preferred stock will have

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the right to vote with our Series A Preferred Stock as a single series, then our Series A Preferred Stock and such other class or series will have one vote per each \$25.00 of stated liquidation preference (excluding amounts in respect of accumulated and unpaid dividends).

However, with respect to any such amendment, alteration or repeal of the provisions of our charter (including the articles supplementary for the Series A Preferred Stock), whether by merger, consolidation or otherwise, so long as the Series A Preferred Stock (or securities issued by a surviving entity in exchange for the shares of Series A Preferred Stock) remains outstanding with the terms thereof materially unchanged in any adverse respect, taking into account that, upon the occurrence of such event, we may not be the surviving entity and such surviving entity may thereafter be the issuer of the Series A Preferred Stock, the occurrence of any such event will not be deemed to materially and adversely affect the rights, preferences, privileges or voting powers of Series A Preferred Stock or the holders thereof. In addition, (i) any increase in the amount of the authorized preferred stock or Series A Preferred Stock or any issuance of Series A Preferred Stock or (ii) the creation or issuance of any other class or series of preferred stock in each case ranking on a parity with or junior to the Series A Preferred Stock with respect to payment of dividends or the distribution of assets upon our voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up, will not be deemed to materially and adversely affect the rights, preferences, privileges or voting powers of Series A Preferred Stock or the holders of the Series A Preferred Stock.

The foregoing voting provisions will not apply if, at or prior to the time when the act with respect to which such vote would otherwise be required will be effected, all outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock have been redeemed or called for redemption upon proper notice and sufficient funds shall have been deposited in trust to effect such redemption, including the payment of all accumulated and unpaid dividends, whether or not declared.

Listing

Our Series A Preferred Stock has been approved for listing on the NYSE under the symbol AHM PrA, subject to official notice of issuance. We expect that trading of the Series A Preferred Stock will commence, if at all, within 30 days after the initial delivery of the Series A Preferred Stock or as soon as practicable thereafter.

Restrictions on Ownership and Transfer

Our capital stock, including the Series A Preferred Stock, is subject to certain restrictions on ownership and transfer. In order to ensure that we continue to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we must meet certain requirements concerning the ownership of our outstanding shares of capital stock. Specifically, our charter provides that, subject to certain exceptions, no person shall own more than 6.5% of either the total number or the value of the total number of outstanding shares of our (i) common stock or (ii) common stock together with preferred stock of any class or series. See Description of Capital Stock Restrictions on Ownership and Transfer in the accompanying prospectus.

Additionally, the articles supplementary creating the Series A Preferred Stock provide that, subject to certain exceptions, no person may own, or be deemed to own by virtue of the attribution provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which is sometimes referred to in this prospectus supplement as the Code, 9.8% of either the total number or the value of the total number of outstanding shares of the Series A Preferred Stock. Therefore, the Series A Preferred Stock is subject to two ownership limits: one, the ownership limit applicable to the Series A Preferred Stock as preferred stock which generally has the effect of, among other things, initially limiting beneficial ownership of our capital stock to 6.5%; and two, the 9.8% ownership limit applied separately to the Series A Preferred Stock as described in the preceding sentence. The articles supplementary creating the Series A Preferred Stock also provide that the application of this ownership limit to the Series A Preferred Stock is subject to all of the terms and provisions of our charter imposing restrictions on the ownership and transfer of our other capital stock,

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including, without limitation, the provisions voiding certain transfers of our capital stock and the designation of shares of our capital stock in excess of ownership limits as shares-in-trust. See Description of Capital Stock Restrictions on Ownership and Transfer in the accompanying prospectus.

Our Board of Directors (or, under limited circumstances, a duly constituted committee thereof), in its discretion, may exempt a person from any of these ownership limits or restrictions on ownership and transferability in whole or in part if the Board of Directors (or such committee) obtains such representations, covenants and undertakings as it may deem appropriate in order to determine that granting the exemption will not prevent us from qualifying as a REIT. As a condition to granting such an exemption, our Board of Directors (or such committee) may require a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service or an opinion of counsel, in either case in form and substance satisfactory to the Board of Directors (or such committee), in its discretion, in order to determine or ensure that granting such an exemption will not prevent us from qualifying as a REIT.

The Series A Preferred Stock will be issued and maintained in book-entry form registered in the name of the nominee of The Depository Trust Company except under limited circumstances.

Transfer Agent and Registrar

American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, 59 Maiden Lane, New York, New York 10038, is the transfer agent and registrar of the Series A Preferred Stock.

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CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF MARYLAND LAW AND OUR CHARTER AND BYLAWS

We have summarized certain terms and provisions of the Maryland General Corporation Law and our charter and bylaws. This summary is not complete and is qualified by the provisions of our charter and bylaws and the Maryland General Corporation Law. This summary should be read in conjunction with the summaries under the headings Description of Series A Preferred Stock in this prospectus supplement and Description of Capital Stock in the accompanying prospectus, and the summary under the heading Certain provisions of Maryland law and our charter and bylaws could hinder, delay or prevent a change in control in the section of the accompanying prospectus entitled Risk Factors. See Where You Can Find More Information in this prospectus supplement.

For restrictions on ownership and transfer of our capital stock contained in our charter, see the summary under the heading Description of Series A Preferred Stock Restrictions on Ownership and Transfer in this prospectus supplement and the summary under the heading Description of Capital Stock Restrictions on Ownership and Transfer in the accompanying prospectus.

Board of Directors

Our charter provides that our Board of Directors consists of six directors, which number may be increased or decreased pursuant to our bylaws, but in no event shall be less than the minimum number required by the general laws of the State of Maryland. Our bylaws provide that, at any regular meeting or at any special meeting called for that purpose, a majority of the entire Board of Directors may establish, increase or decrease the number of directors; provided that the number of directors may not be less than three or more than twelve. Because our Board of Directors has the exclusive power to amend our bylaws, it could modify the bylaws to change that range. Currently, there are seven members of our Board of Directors.

Our Board of Directors is divided into three classes with staggered terms of office of three years each. The classification and staggered terms of office of our directors make it more difficult for a third party to gain control of our Board of Directors. Stockholders are not entitled to cumulative voting rights with respect to the election of directors.

Our charter provides that, subject to the rights of holders of any class or series of preferred stock to remove directors, any director may be removed only for cause and only upon the affirmative vote of the stockholders holding not less than two-thirds of all the votes entitled to be cast generally for the election of directors. Neither the Maryland General Corporation Law nor our charter defines the term—cause. As a result, removal for—cause—is subject to Maryland common law and to judicial interpretation and review in the context of the unique facts and circumstances of any particular situation.

Meetings of Stockholders

Our bylaws provide for annual meetings of stockholders for the election of directors and for the transaction of any other proper business. The President, the Chairman of the Board or a majority of the Board of Directors, or a duly authorized committee thereof, may call a special meeting of stockholders. Stockholders have the right to call a special meeting only upon the written request of the stockholders entitled to cast not less than a majority of all the votes entitled to be cast by the stockholders at such meeting.

The Maryland General Corporation Law provides that any action required or permitted to be taken at a meeting of the stockholders may be taken without a meeting if a unanimous consent which sets forth the action is given in writing or by electronic transmission by each stockholder entitled to vote on the matter and filed in paper or electronic form with the records of stockholder meetings. In addition, the Maryland General Corporation Law provides that, unless the charter requires otherwise, which our charter does not, the holders of any class of stock other than common stock, entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, may take action or consent to any action by delivering a consent in writing or by electronic transmission of the stockholders entitled to cast not less than the minimum number of votes that would be

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necessary to authorize or take the action at a stockholders meeting if the corporation gives notice of the action to each stockholder not later than ten days after the effective time of the action.

Dissolution of the Company

Under the Maryland General Corporation Law and our charter, we may be dissolved upon the affirmative vote of a majority of the entire Board of Directors declaring dissolution to be advisable, and approval of the dissolution at any annual or special stockholders meeting by the affirmative vote of at least a majority of all votes entitled to be cast by the stockholders on the matter.

Indemnification and Limitation of Liability of Directors and Officers

We are obligated under our charter and bylaws to indemnify against expense or liability any person (or the estate of any person) who is or was a party to, or is threatened to be made a party to, any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding by reason of the fact that the person is or was our director or officer, or our director or officer is or was serving at our request as a director, officer, agent, trustee, partner or employee of another entity, to the fullest extent permitted from time to time by Maryland law, and other employees and agents to such extent as shall be authorized by our Board of Directors or our bylaws and be permitted by law. Maryland law permits a corporation to indemnify its present and former directors and officers and certain other parties against judgments, penalties, fines, settlements and reasonable expenses actually incurred by them in connection with any proceeding to which they may be made a party by reason of their service in those capacities, unless it is established that:

the act or omission of the director or officer was material to the matter giving rise to the proceeding and was committed in bad faith or was the result of active and deliberate dishonesty;

the director or officer actually received an improper personal benefit in money, property or services; or

in the case of any criminal proceeding, the director or officer had reasonable cause to believe that the act or omission was unlawful.

Also under Maryland law, a Maryland corporation may not indemnify a director or officer for an adverse judgment where the director or officer was adjudged liable to us in a suit by or in the right of the corporation or for a judgment of liability on the basis that a personal benefit improperly was received.

As permitted by the Maryland General Corporation Law, our charter contains a provision limiting the liability of directors and officers to the corporation and its stockholders for money damages, to the maximum extent permitted by law. The Maryland General Corporation Law does not, however, permit the liability of directors and officers to the corporation or its stockholders to be limited to the extent that:

it is proved that the person actually received an improper personal benefit in money, property or services; or

a judgment or other final adjudication is entered in a proceeding based on a finding that the person s action, or failure to act, was the result of active and deliberate dishonesty and was material to the cause of action adjudicated in the proceeding.

This provision does not limit our ability, or our stockholders ability, to obtain other relief, such as an injunction or rescission.

Insofar as the foregoing provisions permit indemnification for liability arising under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, of directors, officers or persons controlling us, we have been informed that in the opinion of the SEC, this indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and is therefore unenforceable.

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CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following discussion summarizes certain of the U.S. federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the Series A Preferred Stock. This summary supplements the discussion contained in the accompanying prospectus under Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of Our Status as a REIT (to the extent it is not inconsistent with this summary), which discussion should be read in conjunction with this prospectus supplement. Capitalized terms used in this summary have the same meaning as in the accompanying prospectus under Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of Our Status as a REIT.

We urge you to consult your own tax advisor regarding the specific tax consequences to you of ownership of shares of our Series A Preferred Stock and of our election to be taxed as a REIT. Specifically, you should consult your tax advisor regarding the federal, state, local, foreign, and other tax consequences of your stock ownership and our REIT election, and regarding potential changes in applicable tax laws.

Taxation of U.S. Holders

General. As long as we qualify as a REIT, distributions made out of our current earnings and profits that are not designated as capital gain dividends will be taken into account by U.S. Holders that are not tax-exempt entities as ordinary income, will not be eligible for the dividends received deduction for corporations, and will not generally be eligible for the reduced rate of taxation applicable to non-corporate stockholders for certain qualified dividend income. See Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of Our Status as a REIT Taxation of U.S. Holders General in the accompanying prospectus.

For purposes of determining whether distributions are made out of current or accumulated earnings and profits, our earnings and profits will be allocated first to the Series A Preferred Stock and then to the common stock. We anticipate that distributions we pay on the Series A Preferred Stock will not be in excess of our current and accumulated earnings and profits and therefore that all distributions on the Series A Preferred Stock will be taxable to you.

If, for any taxable year, we elect to designate any capital gains dividends (including any retained long-term capital gains), the portion of the amount so designated (not in excess of our net capital gain for the year) that will be allocable to you will be the amount so designated multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which will be the total dividends for federal income tax purposes paid to you for the year and the denominator of which will be the total dividends paid to the stockholders of all classes of our shares for the year. See Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of Our Status as a REIT Taxation of U.S. Holders General in the accompanying prospectus.

Sale or Exchange of Series A Preferred Stock. Upon a sale or other disposition of shares of Series A Preferred Stock, a U.S. Holder will generally recognize capital gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference between the amount realized and the U.S. Holder s adjusted basis in the shares, which gain or loss will be long-term capital gain or loss if the shares have been held for more than one year. To the extent of any long-term capital gain dividends received by the U.S. Holder, any loss on the sale or other disposition of shares held by the U.S. Holder for six months or less will generally be treated as a long-term capital loss. See Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of Our Status as a REIT Taxation of U.S. Holders Sale or Exchange of Shares of Common Stock in the accompanying prospectus.

Redemptions of Shares of Series A Preferred Stock. If we redeem all or a portion of the Series A Preferred Stock, under section 302 of the Code the redemption will be treated as a dividend, generally taxable at ordinary income tax rates (to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits), unless the redemption satisfies one or more of the tests set forth in section 302(b) of the Code that enable the redemption to be treated as a sale or exchange of the redeemed Series A Preferred Stock. A redemption will satisfy these tests if it: (i) is substantially disproportionate with respect to you; (ii) results in a complete termination of your interest in all classes of our stock; or (iii) is not essentially equivalent to a dividend; all within the meaning of section 302(b) of the Code. In determining

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whether any of these tests have been met, shares considered to be owned by you by reason of certain constructive ownership rules set forth in the Code, as well as shares actually owned, must generally be taken into account. Because the determination as to whether any of the alternative tests of section 302(b) of the Code is satisfied with respect to any particular stockholder of the Series A Preferred Stock will depend upon the facts and circumstances as of the time the determination is made, prospective investors are advised to consult their tax advisors to determine their tax treatment.

If a redemption of Series A Preferred Stock is treated as a distribution that is taxable as a dividend, the amount of the distribution would be measured by the amount of cash and the fair market value of any property you receive. Your adjusted tax basis in the redeemed Series A Preferred Stock would, in that case, be transferred to any other stock of ours that you own. If, however, you have no other stock of ours, this basis may, under certain circumstances, be transferred to a related person, or it may be lost entirely. Under certain proposed regulations, any tax basis of a redeemed stockholder would be recognized as a loss by such stockholder upon the occurrence of certain subsequent events. There can be no assurance that these proposed Treasury Regulations will be adopted, or that they will be adopted in their current form.

Taxation of Tax-Exempt U.S. Holders

Holders of Series A Preferred Stock that are tax-exempt entities will be treated as described under Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of Our Status as a REIT Taxation of Tax-Exempt U.S. Holders in the accompanying prospectus.

Taxation of Non-U.S. Holders

Holders of Series A Preferred Stock that are not U.S. Holders will be treated as described under Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of Our Status as a REIT Taxation of Non-U.S. Holders in the accompanying prospectus, except that capital gain dividends will be allocated to holders of shares of Series A Preferred Stock as described above under Taxation of U.S. Holders.

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UNDERWRITING

Citigroup Global Markets Inc., as sole book-running manager, is acting as representative of the underwriters named below. Subject to the terms and conditions stated in the underwriting agreement dated as of the date of this prospectus supplement, each underwriter named below has agreed to purchase, and we have agreed to sell to that underwriter, the number of shares of our Series A Preferred Stock set forth opposite the underwriter s name.

Underwriter	Number of Shares
Citigroup Global Markets Inc.	770,000
Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Incorporated	210,000
Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc.	140,000
Friedman, Billings, Ramsey & Co., Inc.	140,000
Lehman Brothers Inc.	140,000
Total	1,400,000

The underwriting agreement provides that the obligations of the underwriters to purchase the shares of our Series A Preferred Stock are subject to approval of legal matters by counsel and to other conditions. The underwriters are obligated to purchase all the shares of our Series A Preferred Stock (other than those covered by the over-allotment option described below) if they purchase any of the shares of our Series A Preferred Stock.

The underwriters propose to offer some of the shares of our Series A Preferred Stock directly to the public at the public offering price set forth on the cover page of this prospectus supplement and some of the shares of our Series A Preferred Stock to dealers at the public offering price less a concession not to exceed \$0.50 per share. The underwriters may allow, and dealers may reallow, a concession not to exceed \$0.45 per share on sales to other dealers. If all of the shares of our Series A Preferred Stock are not sold to the public at the initial public offering price, the representatives may change the public offering price and the other selling terms.

We have granted to the underwriters an option, exercisable for 30 days from the date of this prospectus supplement, to purchase up to 210,000 additional shares of our Series A Preferred Stock at the public offering price less the underwriting discount. The underwriters may exercise the option solely for the purpose of covering over-allotments, if any, in connection with this offering. To the extent the option is exercised, each underwriter must purchase a number of additional shares of Series A Preferred Stock approximately proportionate to that underwriter s initial purchase commitment.

We have agreed that, for a period of 60 days from the date of this prospectus supplement, we will not, without the prior written consent of Citigroup, offer, sell, contract to sell, pledge or otherwise dispose of, directly or indirectly, any additional shares of our preferred stock or securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for any shares of our preferred stock, or publicly disclose the intention to make any offer, sale, pledge, disposition or filing. Citigroup in its sole discretion may release any of the securities subject to these lock-up agreements at any time without notice.

The Series A Preferred Stock will constitute a new class of securities with no established trading market. Our Series A Preferred Stock has been approved for listing on the NYSE under the symbol AHM PrA, subject to official notice of issuance. If approved, trading of the Series A Preferred Stock on the NYSE is expected to commence within the 30-day period after initial delivery of the Series A Preferred Stock. However, we cannot assure you that prices at which the Series A Preferred Stock will sell in the market after this offering will not be lower than the initial offering price or that an active trading market for the Series A Preferred Stock will develop and continue after this offering. The underwriters have advised us that they currently intend to make a market in the Series A Preferred Stock prior to commencement of any trading on the NYSE. However, they are not obligated to do so, and they may

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discontinue any market-making activities with respect to the Series A Preferred Stock at any time without notice.

The following table shows the underwriting discounts and commissions that we are to pay to the underwriters in connection with this offering. These amounts are shown assuming both no exercise and full exercise of the underwriters—option to purchase additional shares of our Series A Preferred Stock.

	No Exercise	Full Exercise	
Per share	\$ 0.7875	\$ 0.7875	
Total	\$1,102,500	\$1,267,875	

In connection with this offering, the underwriters may purchase and sell shares of our Series A Preferred Stock in the open market. These transactions may include short sales, syndicate covering transactions and stabilizing transactions. Short sales involve syndicate sales of our Series A Preferred Stock in excess of the number of shares of our Series A Preferred Stock to be purchased by the underwriters in this offering, which creates a syndicate short position. Covered—short sales are sales made in an amount up to the number of shares of our Series A Preferred Stock represented by the underwriters—over-allotment option. In determining the source of shares of our Series A Preferred Stock to close out the covered syndicate short position, the underwriters will consider, among other things, the price of shares of our Series A Preferred Stock available for purchase in the open market as compared to the price at which they may purchase shares of our Series A Preferred Stock through the over-allotment option. Transactions to close out a covered syndicate short position involve either purchases of our Series A Preferred Stock in the open market after the distribution has been completed or the exercise of the over-allotment option. The underwriters may also make—naked short sales of shares of our Series A Preferred Stock in excess of the over-allotment option. The underwriters must close out any naked short position by purchasing shares of our Series A Preferred Stock in the open market. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of shares of our Series A Preferred Stock in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase in this offering. Stabilizing transactions consist of bids for or purchases of shares of our Series A Preferred Stock in the open market while this offering is in progress.

The underwriters may also impose a penalty bid. Penalty bids permit the underwriters to reclaim a selling concession from a syndicate member when the representatives repurchase shares of our Series A Preferred Stock originally sold by that syndicate member in order to cover syndicate short positions or make stabilizing purchases.

Any of these activities may have the effect of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of our Series A Preferred Stock. They may also cause the price of our Series A Preferred Stock to be higher than the price that would otherwise exist in the open market in the absence of these transactions. The underwriters may conduct these transactions on the NYSE or in the over-the-counter market, or otherwise. If the underwriters commence any of these transactions, they may discontinue them at any time without notice.

We estimate that our total expenses for this offering, excluding underwriting discounts and commissions, will be approximately \$1,000,000.

Certain of the underwriters have from time to time provided investment and commercial banking services to us and our affiliates, for which they have received customary fees and expenses. The underwriters may, from time to time, engage in transactions with and perform services for us in the ordinary course of their business.

In 2003, Friedman, Billings, Ramsey & Co., Inc., one of the underwriters in this offering, provided advice to us regarding the Apex merger, for which Friedman, Billings, Ramsey & Co., Inc. received customary and usual fees. In March 2004, Friedman, Billings, Ramsey & Co., Inc. acted as the sole bookrunning and joint-lead manager of our public offering of 14,375,000 shares of common stock and received underwriting discounts and commissions in connection with the offering. Kenneth P. Slosser, a

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Managing Director of Friedman, Billings, Ramsey & Co., Inc., also is a non-employee member of our Board of Directors.

A prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus in electronic format may be made available on the websites maintained by one or more of the underwriters. The representatives may agree to allocate a number of shares of our Series A Preferred Stock to underwriters for sale to their online brokerage account holders. The representatives will allocate shares of our Series A Preferred Stock to underwriters that may make Internet distributions on the same basis as other allocations. In addition, shares of our Series A Preferred Stock may be sold by the underwriters to securities dealers who resell shares of our Series A Preferred Stock to online brokerage account holders.

We have agreed to indemnify the underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the 1933 Act, or to contribute to payments the underwriters may be required to make because of any of those liabilities.

We expect to deliver the Series A Preferred Stock on or about July 7, 2004. Under Rule 15c6-1 under the Exchange Act, trades in the secondary market generally are required to settle within three business days, unless the parties to any such trade expressly agree otherwise. Accordingly, if you wish to trade the Series A Preferred Stock on any day prior to the third business day before the date of delivery of the Series A Preferred Stock, you and your counterparty may be required, by virtue of the fact that the Series A Preferred Stock initially may settle on a delayed basis, to agree to a delayed settlement cycle at the time of any such trade to prevent a failed settlement.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters will be passed upon for us by Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft LLP, New York, New York. Certain legal matters relating to Maryland law, including the validity of the Series A Preferred Stock to be offered by this prospectus supplement, will be passed upon for us by Ballard Spahr Andrews & Ingersoll, LLP, Baltimore, Maryland. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the underwriters by Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher LLP, Washington, D.C. Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft LLP and Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher LLP may rely on Ballard Spahr Andrews & Ingersoll, LLP as to matters of Maryland law.

EXPERTS

The consolidated financial statements incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus by reference from the Annual Report on Form 10-K of American Home Mortgage Investment Corp. for the year ended December 31, 2003, have been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report, which is incorporated herein by reference, and have been so incorporated in reliance upon the report of such firm given upon their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

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PROSPECTUS

American Home Mortgage Investment Corp.

\$500,000,000

Common Stock

Preferred Stock Debt Securities Warrants to Purchase Common Stock or Preferred Stock

By this prospectus, we intend to offer at one or more times,

Common Stock

Preferred Stock
Debt Securities
Warrants to Purchase Common Stock or Preferred Stock

in one or more series with an aggregate initial public offering price of up to \$500,000,000 (as described in the applicable prospectus supplement). We will provide the specific terms for each of these securities in supplements to this prospectus.

The securities may be sold directly by us to investors, through agents designated from time to time or to or through dealers or underwriters. See the Plan of Distribution section of this prospectus. We will set forth the names of any dealers, underwriters or agents in a prospectus supplement. The net proceeds we expect to receive from such sales also will be set forth in a prospectus supplement.

Our common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol AHH.

We are incorporated in the State of Maryland. Our principal executive offices are located at 520 Broadhollow Road, Melville, New York 11747, and our telephone number is (516) 949-3900.

You should read this prospectus and any supplements carefully before you invest. We strongly recommend that you read carefully the risks we describe in this prospectus as well as any accompanying prospectus supplements, as well as the risk factors in our most current reports to the Securities and Exchange Commission, for a fuller understanding of the risks and uncertainties that we face. See the Risk Factors section of this prospectus beginning on page 7 of this prospectus.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

TO FACILITATE MAINTENANCE OF OUR QUALIFICATION AS A REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES, SUBJECT TO CERTAIN EXCEPTIONS, WE PROHIBIT OWNERSHIP BY ANY PERSON OF MORE THAN 6.5% (BY VALUE OR NUMBER OF SHARES, WHICHEVER IS MORE RESTRICTIVE) OF OUR ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING COMMON STOCK AND OUR ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING CAPITAL STOCK. WE MAY ALSO SIMILARLY LIMIT OWNERSHIP OF ANY SERIES OF OUR PREFERRED STOCK, WHEN AND IF ISSUED. SEE DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK RESTRICTIONS ON OWNERSHIP AND TRANSFER BEGINNING ON PAGE 25 OF THIS PROSPECTUS.

The date of this prospectus is January 12, 2004

The information contained in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. You should only rely on the information provided in this prospectus or incorporated by reference herein or in any supplement to this prospectus. We have not authorized anyone else to provide you with different information. These securities are not being offered in any state where the offer is not permitted. You should not assume that the information in this prospectus or any supplement to this prospectus is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of those documents.

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ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

This prospectus is part of a registration statement that we filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (or SEC) utilizing a shelf registration process. Under this shelf process, we may, from time to time, sell any combination of the securities described in this prospectus in one or more offerings up to a total dollar amount of \$500,000,000. This prospectus provides you with a general description of the securities we may offer.

Each time we sell securities under this prospectus, we will provide a prospectus supplement that will contain specific information about the terms of that offering. The prospectus supplement may also add, update or change information contained in this prospectus. You should read both this prospectus and any prospectus supplement together with additional information described immediately below under the heading Where You Can Find More Information.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

American Home Mortgage Investment Corp. (or the Company, we or us), a Maryland corporation, was formed in July of 2003 in order to combine the businesses of American Home Mortgage Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation (or AHM Holdings), and Apex Mortgage Capital, Inc., a Maryland corporation (or Apex) through a series of transactions. First, AHM Holdings engaged in an internal reorganization whereby AHM Holdings was merged with and into a newly formed subsidiary of the Company (then a wholly owned subsidiary of AHM Holdings). Pursuant to the reorganization, each outstanding share of common stock of AHM Holdings was converted into one share of the Company s common stock, with the Company becoming the parent company of AHM Holdings. Next, Apex was merged with and into the Company, with the Company as the surviving corporation. Stockholders of Apex received shares of the Company in consideration of the merger based on the exchange ratio set forth in the merger agreement. You can find additional information regarding these transactions in the Company s Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-107545) filed with the SEC on October 24, 2003.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information required by the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (or Exchange Act), with the SEC. You may read and copy any of these filed documents at the SEC s public reference room located at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the SEC s public reference room. Our SEC filings are also available to the public from the SEC s website at http://www.sec.gov. Copies of these reports, proxy statements and other information can also be inspected at the offices of the New York Stock Exchange, 20 Broad Street, New York, New York 10005.

Our website is http://www.americanhm.com. We make available free of charge on our website, via a link to a third party website, our Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, proxy statements and Forms 3, 4 and 5 filed on behalf of directors and executive officers and any amendments to such reports filed or furnished pursuant to the Exchange Act as soon as reasonably practicable after such material is electronically filed with, or furnished to, the SEC.

This prospectus is part of a registration statement and does not contain all of the information included in the registration statement. Whenever a reference is made in this prospectus to any contract or other document of ours, you should refer to the exhibits that are a part of the registration statement or the prospectus supplement for a copy of the referenced contract or document. Statements contained in this prospectus concerning the provisions of any documents are necessarily summaries of those documents, and each statement is qualified in its entirety by reference to the copy of the document filed with the SEC.

The SEC allows us to incorporate by reference into this prospectus information that we file with the SEC in other documents. This means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to other documents filed separately with the SEC. The information that we incorporate by reference is

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considered to be part of this prospectus, and information that we file later with the SEC will automatically update and supersede the information contained in this prospectus.

This prospectus incorporates by reference the documents that we and our predecessor companies, AHM Holdings and Apex, have filed with the SEC. These documents contain important information about us that is not included in or delivered with this prospectus. The following documents filed with the SEC pursuant to Sections 13 of the Exchange Act (File No. 001-31916) are incorporated by reference:

American Home Mortgage Investment Corp.

The description of our common stock contained in our Registration Statement on Form 8-A filed with the SEC on December 3, 2003 (File No. 001-31916), including any amendments or reports filed for the purpose of updating our common stock description; and

The Current Reports on Form 8-K dated December 3, 2003 and December 24, 2003 (File No. 001-31916).

American Home Mortgage Holdings, Inc.

The Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2002 (File No. 000-27081);

The Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarters ended March 31, 2003, June 30, 2003 and September 30, 2003 (File No. 000-27081); and

The Current Reports on Form 8-K dated February 4, 2003, July 12, 2003, September 10, 2003, October 23, 2003, October 28, 2003 and December 2, 2003 (File No. 000-27081).

Apex Mortgage Capital, Inc.

The Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2002 (File No. 001-13637);

The Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarters ended March 31, 2003, June 30, 2003 and September 30, 2003 (File No. 001-13637); and

The Current Reports on Form 8-K dated July 12, 2003 and August 14, 2003 (File No. 001-13637).

All documents that we will file with the SEC under the provisions of Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act after the date of this prospectus and prior to the termination of any offering of securities under this prospectus shall be deemed to be incorporated by reference and to be a part of this prospectus from the date such documents are filed.

We will provide to you, without charge, a copy of any or all documents incorporated by reference into this prospectus except the exhibits to those documents (unless they are specifically incorporated by reference in those documents). You may request copies by writing or telephoning: Alan B. Horn, Esq., Secretary, American Home Mortgage Investment Corp., 520 Broadhollow Road, Melville, New York 11747, telephone number (516) 949-3900.

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CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws. These statements may be made directly in this prospectus by reference to other documents filed with the SEC by us, AHM Holdings or Apex, and they also may be made a part of this prospectus by reference to other documents filed with the SEC by us, AHM Holdings or Apex, which is known as incorporation by reference.

Some of the forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking words. When used in our documents or in any oral presentation, statements which are not historical in nature, including the words anticipate, may, estimate, should, seek, expect, plan, intend, and similar words, or the negatives of those words, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. They also include statements containing a projection of revenues, earnings (loss), capital expenditures, dividends, capital structure or other financial terms. Certain statements regarding the following particularly are forward-looking in nature:

our business strategy;

future performance, developments, market forecasts or projected dividends;

projected acquisitions or joint ventures; and

projected capital expenditures.

The forward-looking statements in this prospectus are based on our management s beliefs, assumptions, and expectations of our future economic performance, taking into account the information currently available to it. These statements are not statements of historical fact. Forward-looking statements are subject to a number of factors, risks and uncertainties, some of which are not currently known to us, that may cause our actual results, performance or financial condition to be materially different from the expectations of future results, performance or financial position. These factors include, without limitation:

the overall environment for interest rates and their subsequent effect on our business;

repayment speeds within the mortgage-backed securities market;

risk associated with equity investments and the general volatility of the capital markets and the market price of our common stock;

competition for business and personnel;

our need for additional capital;

dividends declared by us that are not as high as expected;

failure to achieve synergies expected from the combination of the businesses of AHM Holdings and Apex;

changes in federal and state regulation of mortgage banking;

our ability to identify and complete acquisitions and successfully integrate the businesses we acquire;

general economic, political, market, financial or legal conditions; and

the other factors referenced in this prospectus, including, without limitation, under the Risk Factors section.

In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, the forward-looking events discussed in this prospectus might not occur, and we qualify any and all of our forward-looking statements entirely by these cautionary factors. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this prospectus or as of the date of any document incorporated by reference in this prospectus, as applicable. Such forward-looking statements are inherently uncertain, and you must recognize that actual results may differ

from expectations. We are not under any obligation, and we expressly disclaim any obligation, to update or alter any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

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THE COMPANY

Our business consists of originating and servicing primarily prime quality residential mortgage loans, securitizing or selling certain loans and holding securities for spread income. We qualify as a real estate investment trust (or REIT) for U.S. federal income tax purposes and are self-managed. Our REIT-eligible assets and activities are held and performed at the parent level or in qualified REIT subsidiaries. As of December 23, 2003, we have one qualified REIT subsidiary, American Home Mortgage Acceptance, Inc. Our assets and activities that are not REIT-eligible, such as the mortgage origination and servicing businesses, are conducted by AHM Holdings, a taxable REIT subsidiary, and its subsidiaries, American Home Mortgage Corp. and Columbia National, Incorporated.

Mortgage-Backed Securities

We currently own a leveraged portfolio of residential adjustable rate mortgage (or ARM) or hybrid ARM mortgage-backed securities on which we earn interest income. A hybrid ARM is a mortgage loan with respect to which the interest rate is fixed for a certain period of time, after which it becomes adjustable for the remaining term of the loan. It is our current business strategy to add to this portfolio by closing and securitizing loan applications sourced from our loan origination business. We project that by holding such self-originated mortgage-backed securities, our cost to acquire such securities will be lower than if we had purchased similar securities in the capital markets, and that consequently our return from holding self-originated securities will be greater than from purchasing similar securities in the secondary market. The net interest income earned from holding mortgage-backed securities in our qualified REIT subsidiaries is largely tax exempt as a result of our REIT status. Our current investment strategy, which is subject to change without notice, is to seek to avoid interest rate risk by only investing in ARM or short-duration hybrid ARM securities and financing these mortgage-backed securities with liabilities and swap transactions that will have an inverse reaction to a change in interest rates compared with the securities. This projected higher yield is based upon our lower cost basis in self-originated mortgage securities, resulting from the absence of distribution costs associated with mortgage securities purchased in the secondary markets as well as the tax savings which can be achieved because the originating entity is not expected to pay federal income tax.

Mortgage Banking

Our mortgage banking activities, conducted through AHM Holdings and its subsidiaries, involve two business segments: originating residential mortgage loans and servicing residential mortgage loans.

We view our loan origination and loan servicing segments as counterbalancing businesses because, during periods of falling interest rates, the results from originations are expected to be strong while the servicing business is expected to experience losses. Conversely, during periods of rising interest rates, the results from originations are expected to diminish while net income from servicing is expected to increase. Despite this expected counterbalancing effect of our servicing business, the overall impact of rising interest rates is projected to reduce the profitability of our mortgage banking business, since the diminished results from originations are not projected to be fully offset by increases in net income from our servicing business.

Loan Origination

Our origination segment makes home loans to consumers and then either resells those home loans into the secondary mortgage market or transfers the loans to our qualified REIT subsidiary for closing and securitization. Under our current investment strategy, which is subject to change without notice, we expect to sell our fixed rate and longer duration hybrid ARM loans. In contrast, we expect to securitize and hold our ARM and short duration hybrid ARM loans.

As of September 30, 2003, lending was conducted through 267 loan production offices located in 34 states across the United States, through mortgage brokers and through Internet call centers that serve customers located in all 50 states. For the first nine months of 2003, our retail activities, the community

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loan offices and Internet call centers, accounted for approximately 80% of our loan originations, while mortgage brokers accounted for 20% of our originations. Mortgage brokers are expected to account for an increased percentage of our originations in 2004 due to our recent opening of a number of wholesale branches in the Western United States. We offer a broad array of mortgage products, but primarily make high-credit-quality loans; more than 80% of our originations are eligible for Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac or Ginnie Mae, while most of the balance of our loans consists of jumbo loans for borrowers with FICO credit scores above 660.

AHM Holdings has grown its loan origination franchise substantially since becoming a public company in October of 1999. This year, we expect that total loan originations will be approximately \$21.5 billion, compared to \$12.2 billion in 2002, \$7.8 billion in 2001 and \$3.0 billion in 2000. AHM Holdings growth has resulted from growing its network of loan production offices primarily by acquisitions, and to a lesser extent by increasing its originations from mortgage brokers and growing its Internet business. AHM Holdings grew its loan production offices to 267 as of September 30, 2003, from 28 in October of 1999 by acquiring small to mid-sized mortgage businesses on favorable terms. AHM Holdings has completed seven such acquisitions since December of 1999. When it acquired a small or mid-sized mortgage business, AHM Holdings sought to accomplish three synergies. First, it reduced operational costs by supporting the acquired business with its existing capabilities and by eliminating duplicative costs in the acquired business support structure. Second, in many cases AHM Holdings more robust marketing capabilities for those of the acquired business. Third, AHM Holdings enhanced the marketing capabilities of the acquired businesses by providing its marketing capabilities to the acquired business loan production offices.

Growth in AHM Holdings business with mortgage brokers has resulted from adding additional branches and account executives in our mortgage broker channel and increasing the depth of our mortgage broker support capabilities. Originations from mortgage brokers grew to \$3.5 billion for the first nine months of 2003 compared to \$1.2 billion for the first nine months of 2002.

Loan Servicing

Our servicing business entails administering existing mortgage loans owned by Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, Ginnie Mae, the State of Maryland Housing Authority and other institutional mortgage holders. Administrative responsibilities include responding to customers inquiring about their loans, collecting mortgage payments, ensuring that proper homeowners insurance is in place with respect to the underlying collateral securing the mortgage loans and recovering and reselling collateral on defaulted loans. As of September 30, 2003, we serviced approximately 67,975 loans with an aggregate principal balance of approximately \$7.8 billion. Under our current servicing investment strategy, which is subject to change without notice, we retain the servicing rights when we securitize or sell ARM and hybrid ARM loans. In addition, we generally retain servicing rights associated with fixed rate loans when we swap loans with Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac for mortgage-backed securities and sell the mortgage-backed securities.

We receive an annual fee for servicing mortgage loans, ranging generally from 1/4% to 1/2% of the outstanding principal balances of the loans, and generate other revenue from our loan servicing business, such as late fees. Virtually all of the loans being serviced by us were originated by us, with the exception of certain loans owned by the State of Maryland Housing Authority, for which we are a master servicer. In general, mortgage servicing rights lose value when mortgage rates decline, as increased refinancing decreases the expected life of the loans in the servicing portfolio. As a result of the impact of falling interest rates during the past several years, our servicing segment has been experiencing losses.

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SUMMARY OF THE SECURITIES OFFERED BY THIS PROSPECTUS

We may offer any of the following securities from time to time:				
	common stock;			
	preferred stock;			
	debt securities; and			
	warrants to purchase common stock or preferred stock.			

When we use the term securities in this prospectus, we mean any of the securities we may offer with this prospectus, unless we say otherwise. The total dollar amount of all securities that we may issue will not exceed \$500,000,000. This prospectus, including the following summary of the securities to be issued, describes the general terms that may apply to the securities. The specific terms of any particular securities that we may offer will be described in a separate prospectus supplement.

Common Stock

We may offer shares of our common stock, which is currently traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol AHH. See Description of Capital Stock beginning on page 22 of this prospectus.

Preferred Stock

We may offer our preferred stock in one or more series. For any particular series we offer, the applicable prospectus supplement will describe the specific designation; the aggregate number of shares offered; the rate and periods, or the manner of calculating the rate and periods, for dividends, if any; the stated value and liquidation preference amount, if any; the voting rights, if any; the terms on which the series will be convertible into or exchangeable for other securities or property, if any; the redemption terms, if any; and any other specific terms that apply to that series of preferred stock. See Description of Capital Stock beginning on page 22 of this prospectus.

Debt Securities

We may offer debt securities at various times in one or more series. The debt securities will be our direct unsecured general obligations and may include debentures, notes, bonds and/or other evidences of indebtedness. The terms of any debt securities that we offer will be set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement. See Description of Debt Securities beginning on page 28 of this prospectus.

Warrants

We may offer warrants to purchase our common stock or preferred stock. For any particular warrants we offer, the applicable prospectus supplement will describe the underlying security; the expiration date; the exercise price or the manner of determining the exercise price; the amount and kind, or the manner of determining the amount and kind, of security to be delivered by us upon exercise; and any other specific terms. We may issue the warrants under warrant agreements between us and one or more warrant agents. See Description of Warrants beginning on page 37 of this prospectus.

Listing

If any securities are to be listed or quoted on a securities exchange or quotation system, the applicable prospectus supplement will state such information.

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RISK FACTORS

The securities offered under this prospectus subject to a number of substantial risks. You should carefully consider the following risk factors along with the rest of the information contained elsewhere in this prospectus before making an investment decision. If any of the risks discussed in this prospectus actually occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially adversely affected. If this were to occur, the trading price of the securities offered in this prospectus could decline significantly and you may lose all or part of your investment.

Absence of a historical trading market for our common stock and the historical volatility of the market prices of AHM Holdings and Apex s common stock create uncertainty about future trading prices of our common stock.

AHM Holdings and Apex completed the reorganization and the merger on December 3, 2003, and shares of our common stock began trading publicly for the first time on December 4, 2003. Accordingly, there may be significant fluctuations in the market price of our common stock, both initially before an orderly trading market develops and after that time as well. Historically, the market prices of AHM Holdings common stock and of Apex s common stock have been volatile. These fluctuations often have been unrelated or disproportionate to the actual operating performance of the two companies. The price of Apex s common stock has generally traded below Apex s initial public offering price of \$15.00 per share in December 1997 and has ranged from \$4.55 per share to \$16.49 per share since that time through October 22, 2003. The price of AHM Holdings common stock has ranged from \$3.75 per share to \$25.27 per share since AHM Holdings initial public offering price of \$6.00 per share in 1999 through December 3, 2003.

In addition, the following factors, many of which are beyond our control, could contribute to the volatility of the price of our common stock:

actual or anticipated variations in our quarterly results;

changes in our level of dividend payments;

changes in the value of our mortgage holdings and related liabilities;

changes in the prospects for, or results from, our mortgage holdings, mortgage origination or mortgage servicing businesses;

new products or services offered by us or our subsidiaries and our competitors;

our actual results being different from our earnings guidance or other projections;

changes in projections of our financial results by securities analysts;

general conditions or trends in the mortgage holding, mortgage origination and mortgage servicing businesses;

announcements by us of significant acquisitions, strategic relationships, investments or joint ventures;

negative changes in the public s perception of the prospects for returns from holding mortgage-backed securities and from the mortgage origination and servicing businesses, which could depress our stock price, regardless of actual results;

interest rate fluctuations or general economic conditions, such as inflation or a recession;

any obstacles in continuing to qualify as a REIT, including obstacles due to changes in law applicable to REITs;

additions or departures of our key personnel; and

issuing new securities pursuant to this offering or otherwise.

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Our future financial results may materially differ from the pro forma financial information presented in our Current Report on Form 8-K, dated December 3, 2003 (File No. 001-31916).

Our future financial results may be materially different from those shown in the pro forma financial statements that only show a combination of AHM Holdings—and Apex—s historical results. We, as the combined company, will incur certain restructuring charges, acquisition-related charges and purchase accounting adjustments. These charges may be higher or lower than we have estimated, depending upon how costly or difficult it is to integrate the combined company. Furthermore, these charges may decrease the capital of the combined company that could be used for profitable, income-earning investments in the future.

The amount of our dividends may be less than projected.

The amount of any dividend paid by us will depend on a number of factors, including the amount of income generated from our mortgage holdings, the amount of income generated from our mortgage origination and servicing businesses and the amount of such earnings retained by our taxable REIT subsidiaries to provide for future growth.

Our corporate governance is significantly influenced by insiders, which may result in corporate actions with which you do not agree.

As of December 22, 2003, our officers and directors directly beneficially owned approximately 20.75% of our outstanding common stock. Therefore, they are able to exert significant influence over the outcome of all corporate actions requiring approval of our stockholders, which may result in corporate actions with which you do not agree.

Certain provisions of Maryland law and our charter and bylaws could hinder, delay or prevent a change in control.

Certain provisions of Maryland law and our charter and bylaws could have the effect of discouraging, delaying or preventing transactions that involve an actual or threatened change in control of our company. These provisions include the following:

Classified Board of Directors. Our Board of Directors is divided into three classes with staggered terms of office of three years each. The classification and staggered terms of office of our directors make it more difficult for a third party to gain control of our Board of Directors. At least two annual meetings of stockholders, instead of one, generally would be required to effect a change in a majority of our Board of Directors.

Removal of Directors. Under our charter, subject to the rights of one or more classes or series of preferred stock to elect or remove one or more directors, a director may be removed only for cause and only by the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of all votes entitled to be cast by our stockholders generally in the election of directors.

Number of Directors, Board Vacancies, Term of Office. We may, in the future, elect to be subject to certain provisions of Maryland law which vest in the Board of Directors the exclusive right to determine the number of directors and the exclusive right, by the affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining directors, to fill vacancies on the Board even if the remaining directors do not constitute a quorum. These provisions of Maryland law, which are applicable even if other provisions of Maryland law or our charter or bylaws provide to the contrary, also provide that any director elected to fill a vacancy shall hold office for the remainder of the full term of the class of directors in which the vacancy occurred, rather than the next annual meeting of stockholders as would otherwise be the case, and until his or her successor is elected and qualifies.

Stockholder Requested Special Meetings. Our bylaws provide that our stockholders have the right to call a special meeting only upon the written request of the stockholders entitled to cast not less than a majority of all the votes entitled to be cast by the stockholders at such meeting.

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Advance Notice Provisions for Stockholder Nominations and Proposals. Our bylaws require advance written notice for stockholders to nominate persons for election as directors at, or to bring other business before, any meeting of stockholders. This bylaw provision limits the ability of stockholders to make nominations of persons for election as directors or to introduce other proposals unless we are notified in a timely manner prior to the meeting.

Exclusive Authority of Our Board to Amend the Bylaws. Our bylaws provide that our Board of Directors has the exclusive power to adopt, alter or repeal any provision of the bylaws or to make new bylaws. Thus, our stockholders may not effect any changes to our bylaws.

Preferred Stock. Under our charter, our Board of Directors has authority to issue preferred stock from time to time in one or more series and to establish the terms, preferences and rights of any such series of preferred stock, all without approval of our stockholders. The issuance of shares of preferred stock could adversely impact the voting power of the holders of common stock and could have the effect of delaying or preventing a change in control or other corporate action.

Duties of Directors with Respect to Unsolicited Takeovers. Maryland law provides protection for Maryland corporations against unsolicited takeovers by limiting, among other things, the duties of the directors in unsolicited takeover situations. The duties of directors of Maryland corporations do not require them to (i) accept, recommend or respond to any proposal by a person seeking to acquire control of the corporation, (ii) authorize the corporation to redeem any rights under, or modify or render inapplicable, any stockholders—rights plan, (iii) make a determination under the Maryland Business Combination Act or the Maryland Control Share Acquisition Act (to the extent either Act is otherwise applicable), or (iv) act or fail to act solely because of the effect that the act or failure to act may have on an acquisition or potential acquisition of control of the corporation or the amount or type of consideration that may be offered or paid to the stockholders in an acquisition. Moreover, under Maryland law, the act of the directors of a Maryland corporation relating to or affecting an acquisition or potential acquisition of control is not subject to any higher duty or greater scrutiny than is applied to any other act of a director. Maryland law also contains a statutory presumption that an act of a director of a Maryland corporation satisfies the applicable standards of conduct for directors under Maryland law.

Ownership Limit. In order to preserve our status as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code, our charter generally prohibits any single stockholder, or any group of affiliated stockholders, from beneficially owning more than 6.5% of our outstanding common stock, or more than 6.5% of our outstanding common and preferred stock, unless and to the extent to which our Board of Directors decides to waive or modify this ownership limit.

Maryland Business Combination Act. The Maryland Business Combination Act provides that, unless exempted, a Maryland corporation may not engage in business combinations, including mergers, dispositions of 10% or more of its assets, issuances of shares of stock and other specified transactions, with an interested stockholder or an affiliate of an interested stockholder for five years after the most recent date on which the interested stockholder became an interested stockholder, and thereafter unless specified criteria are met. An interested stockholder is generally a person owning or controlling, directly or indirectly, 10% or more of the voting power of the outstanding stock of a Maryland corporation. Our Board of Directors has adopted a resolution exempting the company from this statute. However, our Board of Directors may repeal or modify this resolution in the future, in which case the provisions of the Maryland Business Combination Act will be applicable to business combinations between us and other persons.

Maryland Control Share Acquisition Act. Maryland law provides that control shares of a corporation acquired in a control share acquisition shall have no voting rights except to the extent approved by a vote of two-thirds of the votes eligible to be cast on the matter under the Maryland Control Share Acquisition Act. Control shares means shares of stock that, if aggregated with all other shares of stock previously acquired by the acquiror, would entitle the acquiror to exercise voting power in electing directors within one of the following ranges of the voting power: one-tenth

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or more but less than one-third, one-third or more but less than a majority or a majority or more of all voting power. A control share acquisition means the acquisition of control shares, subject to certain exceptions.

If voting rights or control shares acquired in a control share acquisition are not approved at a stockholders meeting, then subject to certain conditions and limitations, the issuer may redeem any or all of the control shares for fair value. If voting rights of such control shares are approved at a stockholders meeting and the acquiror becomes entitled to vote a majority of the shares of stock entitled to vote, all other stockholders may exercise appraisal rights. Our bylaws contain a provision exempting acquisitions of our shares from the Maryland Control Share Acquisition Act. However, our Board of Directors may amend our bylaws in the future to repeal or modify this exemption, in which case any control shares of ours acquired in a control share acquisition will be subject to the Maryland Control Share Acquisition Act.

Our results from holding mortgage-backed securities may be harmed by changes in the level of interest rates, changes to the difference between short and longer term interest rates, changes to the difference between interest rates for mortgage-backed securities compared to other debt instruments, and an absence of or reduction in the availability, at favorable terms, of repurchase financing and other liquidity sources typically utilized by mortgage REITs.

The value of, and return from, the mortgage-backed securities we hold will be affected by changes in the marketplace for mortgage-backed securities and debt securities in general, as well as high prepayments speeds, and may be volatile. The impact of changes in the marketplace for mortgage-backed securities and debt securities on our results will be magnified because our mortgage-backed securities holdings will be highly leveraged. Additionally, much of the financing we use to hold our mortgage-backed securities is cancelable by our lenders on short notice. If our lenders cease to provide financing to us on favorable terms, we would be forced to liquidate some or all of our mortgage-backed securities, possibly at a substantial loss.

We do not have significant institutional experience managing a portfolio of mortgage-backed securities, which could negatively affect the market price of our common stock and our ability to distribute dividends.

We do not have significant institutional experience managing a portfolio of mortgage-backed securities. Our failure to recruit and retain qualified employees experienced in managing a portfolio of structured products or mortgage-backed securities, including our recently hired Chief Investment Officer, could harm our future operating results and may, in turn, negatively affect the market price of our common stock and its ability to pay dividends.

Due to an exception to the stock ownership limitations applicable to our status as a REIT, Michael Strauss holds a substantial percentage of our outstanding securities.

Under our charter, AHM Holdings founder, Chief Executive Officer and President, Michael Strauss, is exempted from the general ownership limitation that applies to holders of our securities in connection with maintaining our status as a REIT and is permitted to beneficially own up to 20% of the value of the total number of our outstanding common and preferred shares of stock. As of December 22, 2003, Mr. Strauss beneficially owns approximately 16.79% of our outstanding common stock. Accordingly, Mr. Strauss has the ability to influence any of our affairs requiring stockholder approval, including, for example, the election and removal of directors, amendments to our charter and approval of significant corporate transactions.

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Loss of Investment Company Act exemption would adversely affect us and negatively affect the market price of shares of our common stock and our ability to distribute dividends.

Neither AHM Holdings nor Apex was regulated as investment companies under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and we intend to operate so as to not become regulated as an investment company under the Investment Company Act. We intend to be primarily engaged in the business of purchasing or otherwise acquiring mortgages and other liens on and interests in real estate. Specifically, we intend to invest at least 55% of our assets in mortgage loans or mortgage-backed securities that represent the entire ownership in a pool of mortgage loans ownership and at least an additional 25% of our assets in mortgages, mortgage-backed securities, securities of REITs and other real estate-related assets.

If we fail to qualify for an exemption under the Investment Company Act, we may be required to restructure our activities. For example, if the market value of our investments in equity securities were to increase by an amount that resulted in less than 55% of our assets being invested in mortgage loans or mortgage-backed securities that represent the entire ownership in a pool of mortgage loans, we might have to sell equity securities in order to qualify for exemption under the Investment Company Act. In the event we must restructure our activities, our results of operations could be adversely affected.

Our hedging strategy may adversely affect our borrowing cost and expose us to other risks.

From time to time, we may enter into hedging transactions with respect to one or more of our assets or liabilities. Our hedging activities may include entering into interest rate swaps, caps and floors, options to purchase these items, and futures and forward contracts. Currently, we intend to primarily use term reverse repurchase agreements and interest rate swap agreements to manage the interest rate risk of our portfolio of adjustable-rate mortgages. However, our actual hedging decisions will be determined in light of the facts and circumstances existing at the time and may differ from our currently anticipated hedging strategy. Developing an effective strategy for dealing with movements in interest rates is complex and no strategy can completely insulate us from risks associated with such fluctuations. There can be no assurance that our hedging activities will effectively hedge against adverse interest rate movement.

The results from our mortgage origination business will be harmed by rising interest rates.

Since 2001, a majority of AHM Holdings mortgage originations were to customers refinancing an existing loan to obtain a lower interest rate. Rising interest rates have substantially reduced the number of potential customers that can achieve a lower interest rate from refinancing, and to a lesser extent the number of potential customers that can afford to buy homes, and consequently are substantially reducing the amount of loans originated by our loan origination business and the revenue therefrom. In addition, rising interest rates are likely to reduce the margins achieved by our loan origination business. While rising interest rates generally will have a beneficial impact on AHM Holdings mortgage servicing business, the negative impact from rising interest rates on its mortgage origination business generally has been greater than the offsetting beneficial impact, and consequently, in a period of rising interest rates, our earnings are projected to decline.

The results from our mortgage servicing business will be harmed by falling interest rates.

AHM Holdings historically has suffered losses from its mortgage servicing business. If interest rates remain low enough to cause a large number of borrowers whose loans are being serviced by our servicing business to refinance, we will experience high amortization and possibly continued impairment of our servicing assets, and would likely experience a loss from our mortgage servicing business.

An increase in interest rates could reduce the value of our loan inventory and commitments and our hedging strategy may not protect us from interest rate risk and may lead to losses.

The value of our loan inventory will be based, in part, on market interest rates. Accordingly, we may experience losses on loan sales if interest rates change rapidly or unexpectedly. If interest rates rise after

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we fix a price for a loan or commitment but before we close or sell such loan, the value of the loan will decrease. If the amount we receive from selling the loan is less than our cost of originating the loan, we may incur net losses, and our business and operating results could be harmed. While we will use hedging and other strategies to minimize our exposure to interest rate risks, no hedging or other strategy can completely protect us. In addition, the nature and timing of hedging transactions may influence the effectiveness of these strategies. Poorly designed strategies or improperly executed transactions could actually increase our risk and losses. In addition, hedging strategies involve transaction and other costs. We cannot assure you that our hedging strategy and the hedges that we make will adequately offset the risks of interest rate volatility or that our hedges will not result in losses.

We may fail to generate expected returns on our mortgage-related assets because of interest rate caps associated with adjustable-rate mortgages.

Adjustable-rate mortgage assets are typically subject to periodic and lifetime interest rate caps and floors, which limit the amount by which an adjustable-rate mortgage asset s interest yield may change during any given period. However, our borrowing costs will not be subject to similar restrictions. Hence, in a period of rising interest rates, interest rate costs on our borrowings could increase without limitation by caps, while the interest-rate yields on our adjustable-rate mortgage assets would generally be limited by caps. This could result in the receipt of less cash income on our adjustable-rate mortgage assets than needed in order to pay the interest cost on our related borrowings. These factors could lower our net interest income or cause a net loss during periods of rising interest rates, which would negatively impact our financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

We may not be able to manage our growth efficiently, which may harm our results and may, in turn, harm the market price of our common stock and our ability to distribute dividends.

Over the last several years, AHM Holdings experienced significant growth in its business activities and in the number of its employees. We will seek continued growth through both acquisitions and internal growth. AHM Holdings—growth has required, and our growth will continue to require, increased investment in management and professionals, personnel, financial and management systems and controls and facilities, which could cause our operating margins to decline from historical levels, especially in the absence of revenue growth.

We face risks in connection with any completed or potential acquisition, which could have a material adverse impact on our growth or our operations.

AHM Holdings has completed several acquisitions over the past few years, and we from time to time will continue to consider additional strategic acquisitions of mortgage lenders and other mortgage banking- and finance-related companies. Upon completion of an acquisition, we are faced with the challenges of integrating the operations, services, products, personnel and systems of acquired companies into our business, identifying and eliminating duplicated efforts and systems and incorporating different corporate strategies, addressing unanticipated legal liabilities and other contingencies, all of which divert management s attention from ongoing business operations. Any acquisition we make may also result in potentially dilutive issuances of equity securities, the incurrence of additional debt and the amortization of expenses related to goodwill and other intangible assets. We cannot assure you that we will be successful in integrating any acquired business effectively into the operations of our business. In addition, there is substantial competition for acquisition opportunities in the mortgage industry. This competition could result in an increase in the price of, and a decrease in the number of, attractive acquisition candidates. As a result, we may not be able to successfully acquire attractive candidates on terms we deem acceptable. We cannot guarantee you that we will be able to overcome the risks associated with acquisitions or that such risks will not adversely affect our growth and results of operations.

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We face intense competition that could harm our market share and our revenues.

We face intense competition from commercial banks, savings and loan associations and other finance and mortgage banking companies, as well as from Internet-based lending companies and other lenders participating on the Internet. Entry barriers in the mortgage industry are relatively low and increased competition is likely. As we seek to expand our business, we will face a greater number of competitors, many of whom will be well-established in the markets we seek to penetrate. Many of our competitors are much larger than we are, have better name recognition than we do and have far greater financial and other resources than we do. We cannot assure you that we will be able to effectively compete against them or any future competitors.

In addition, competition may lower the rates we are able to charge borrowers, thereby potentially lowering the amount of income on future loan sales and sales of servicing rights. Increased competition also may reduce the volume of our loan originations and loan sales. We cannot assure you that we will be able to compete successfully in this evolving market.

The success and growth of our business will depend on our ability to adapt to technological changes.

Our mortgage origination business is currently dependent on our ability to effectively interface with our customers and efficiently process loan applications and closings. The origination process is becoming more dependent on technology advancement, such as the ability to process applications over the Internet, accept electronic signatures, provide process status updates instantly and other customer expected conveniences. As these requirements increase in the future, we will have to remain competitive with new technology and such additions may require significant capital expenditures.

Changes in existing government sponsored and federal mortgage programs could negatively affect our mortgage banking business.

Our ability to generate revenue through mortgage sales to institutional investors largely depends on programs sponsored by Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, Ginnie Mae and others which facilitate the issuance of mortgage-backed securities in the secondary market. A portion of our business also depends on various programs of the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) and the Veterans Administration (VA). Any discontinuation of, or significant reduction in, the operation of those programs could have a material adverse effect on our mortgage banking business and results of operations. Also, any significant adverse change in the level of activity in the secondary market or the underwriting criteria of these entities would reduce our revenues.

We face intense competition for personnel that could harm our business and in turn negatively affect the market price of our common stock and our ability to distribute dividends.

Generally, our business is dependent on the highly skilled, and often highly specialized, individuals we employ. Our failure to recruit and retain qualified employees, including employees qualified to manage a portfolio of structured products or mortgage-backed securities, could harm our future operating results and may, in turn, negatively affect the market price of our common stock and our ability to pay dividends.

Specifically, we depend on our loan originators to generate customers by, among other things, developing relationships with consumers, real estate agents and brokers, builders, corporations and others, which we believe leads to repeat and referral business. Accordingly, we must be able to attract, motivate and retain skilled loan originators. In addition, our growth strategy contemplates hiring additional loan originators. The market for such persons is highly competitive and historically has experienced a high rate of turnover. Competition for qualified loan originators may lead to increased costs to hire and retain them. We cannot guarantee that we will be able to attract or retain qualified loan originators. If we cannot attract or retain a sufficient number of skilled loan originators, or even if we can retain them but at higher costs, our business and results of operations could be harmed.

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The loss of key purchasers of our loans or a reduction in prices paid could harm our financial condition.

In 2002, 80% of the loans that AHM Holdings sold were to three large national financial institutions, two of which compete with us directly for retail originations. If these financial institutions or any other significant purchaser of our loans cease to buy our loans and equivalent purchasers cannot be found on a timely basis, then our business and results of operations could be harmed. Our results of operations could also be harmed if these financial institutions or other purchasers lower the price they pay to us or adversely change the material terms of their loan purchases from us. The prices at which we sell our loans vary over time. A number of factors determine the price we receive for our loans. These factors include:

the number of institutions that are willing to buy our loans;
the amount of comparable loans available for sale;
the levels of prepayments of, or defaults on, loans;
the types and volume of loans that we sell;
the level and volatility of interest rates; and
the quality of our loans.

We may be required to return proceeds obtained from the sale of loans, which would negatively impact our results of operations.

When we sell a loan to an investor, we are required to make representations and warranties regarding the loan, the borrower and the property. These representations are made based in part on our due diligence and related information provided to us by the borrower and others. If any of these representations or warranties is later determined not to be true, we may be required to repurchase the loan, including principal and interest, from the investor or indemnify the investor for any damages or losses caused by the breach of such representation or warranty. In connection with some non-prime loan sales, we may be required to return a portion of the premium paid by the investor if the loan is prepaid within the first year after its sale. If, to any significant extent, we are required to repurchase loans, indemnify investors or return loan premiums, it could have a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

We must comply with numerous government regulations and we are subject to changes in law that could increase our costs and adversely affect our business.

Our mortgage banking business is subject to the laws, rules and regulations of various federal, state and local government agencies regarding the origination, processing, underwriting, sale and servicing of mortgage loans. These laws, rules and regulations, among other things, limit the interest rates, finance charges and other fees we may charge, require us to make extensive disclosure, prohibit discrimination and impose qualification and licensing obligations on us. They also impose on us various reporting and net worth requirements. We also are subject to inspection by these government agencies. Our mortgage banking business is also subject to laws, rules and regulations regarding the disclosure of non-public information about our customers to non-affiliated third parties. Our failure to comply with any of these requirements could lead to, among other things, the loss of approved status, termination of contractual rights without compensation, demands for indemnification or mortgage loan repurchases, class action lawsuits and administrative enforcement actions.

Regulatory and legal requirements are subject to change. If such requirements change and become more restrictive, it would be more difficult and expensive for us to comply and could affect the way we conduct our business, which could adversely impact our results of operations. While we believe we are currently in material compliance with the laws, rules and regulations to which we are subject, we cannot assure you that we are, or will be, in full compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations. If we cannot comply with those laws or regulations, or if new laws limit or eliminate some of the benefits of purchasing a mortgage, our business and results of operations may be materially adversely affected.

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The loss of our relationships with government agencies and related entities would have an adverse effect on our business.

Our agreements with Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, Ginnie Mae, the FHA and the VA afford us a number of advantages and may be canceled by the counterparty for cause. Cancellation of one or more of these agreements would have a material adverse impact on our operating results and could result in further disqualification with other counterparties, loss of technology and other materially adverse consequences.

We are exposed to environmental liabilities with respect to properties to which we take title, which could increase our costs of doing business and adversely impact our results of operations.

In the course of our business, at various times, we may foreclose and take title (for security purposes) to residential properties and could be subject to environmental liabilities with respect to such properties. To date, we have not been required to perform any environmental investigation or remediation activities, nor have we been subject to any environmental claims relating to these activities. We cannot assure you that this will remain the case in the future. We may be held liable to a governmental entity or to third parties for property damage, personal injury and investigation and clean up costs incurred by these parties in connection with environmental contamination, or may be required to investigate or clean up hazardous or toxic substances or chemical releases at a property. The costs associated with an environmental investigation or remediation activities could be substantial. In addition, as the owner or former owner of a contaminated site, we may be subject to common law claims by third parties seeking damages and costs resulting from environmental contamination emanating from such property.

Our non-prime mortgage business subjects us to greater risks than our prime business and if we were to increase our non-prime mortgage business in the future, our business could become less stable.

The non-prime mortgage banking industry is riskier than the prime mortgage business primarily because there is a greater risk of default and product offerings for non-prime mortgages frequently change, which may make selling a non-prime loan to our institutional investors more difficult. If we were to fail to address adequately the related risks, this failure could harm our business and results of operations. The non-prime mortgage business recently has been subject to increased public and regulatory scrutiny, which has resulted and is expected to continue to result in more stringent regulation of this business. In addition, a number of companies engaged in this business have recently become subject to class-action lawsuits and regulatory actions alleging, among other things, improper marketing practices, improper account terms and fees and disclosure violations. We currently make a limited number of loans to borrowers who have impaired or limited credit histories or higher debt-to-income ratios than prime mortgage lenders allow.

Our financial results fluctuate as a result of seasonality and other factors, including the demand for mortgage loans, which makes it difficult to predict our future performance.

Our business is generally subject to seasonal trends. These trends reflect the general pattern of resales of homes, which typically peak during the spring and summer seasons. AHM Holdings—quarterly results have fluctuated in the past and are expected to fluctuate in the future, reflecting the seasonality of the industry. Further, if the sale of a loan is postponed, the recognition of income from the sale is also postponed. If such a delay causes us to recognize income in the next quarter, our results of operations for the previous quarter could be harmed. Unanticipated delays could also increase our exposure to interest rate fluctuations by lengthening the period during which our variable rate borrowings under credit facilities are outstanding. If our results of operations do not meet the expectations of our stockholders and securities analysts, then our common stock price may be harmed.

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There may be substantial sales of our common stock after the offering which would cause a decline in our stock price.

Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market following an offering of our securities, or the perception that such sales could occur, could have a material adverse effect on the market price of our common stock.

Failure to qualify as a REIT would subject us to U.S. federal income tax, which would reduce the cash available for distribution to our stockholders.

If we fail to qualify for taxation as a REIT in any taxable year, and certain relief provisions do not apply, we will be subject to tax (including any applicable alternative minimum tax) on our taxable income at regular corporate rates. Distributions to stockholders in any year in which we fail to qualify as a REIT will not be deductible by us nor will they be required to be made under the Internal Revenue Code. In such event, to the extent of current and accumulated earnings and profits, all distributions to stockholders will be taxable as ordinary income, and, subject to certain limitations of the Internal Revenue Code, corporate distributees may be eligible for the dividends received deduction. Unless we are entitled to relief under specific statutory provisions, we will also be disqualified from taxation as a REIT for the four taxable years following the year during which the disqualification occurred. It is not possible to predict whether in all circumstances we would be entitled to such statutory relief.

Furthermore, in the event that Apex has failed to qualify for taxation as a REIT and certain relief provisions do not apply, we will also be disqualified from taxation as a REIT for the four taxable years following the year during which the disqualification occurred.

If we satisfy the requirements for qualification and taxation as a REIT, we may nevertheless be subject to taxes (and possibly excise taxes) on undistributed income, net income from certain prohibited transactions, and state and local taxes.

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USE OF PROCEEDS

We intend to use the net proceeds from the sale of the securities offered by us for general corporate purposes, which may include, among other things, working capital, acquisitions and capital expenditures. We may temporarily invest funds that are not immediately needed for these purposes in short-term marketable securities.

RATIO INFORMATION

The ratio of earnings to fixed charges was calculated by dividing the sum of the fixed charges into the sum of the earnings before taxes and minority interests plus fixed charges and distributed income of equity investees. Fixed charges for purposes of the ratios consist of interest expense and the estimated interest within rental expense.

The table below presents the ratio of earnings to fixed charges for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2002, December 31, 2001, December 31, 2000, December 31, 1999, December 31, 1998 and the nine months ended September 30, 2003.

	Years Ended December 31,					Nine Months Ended	
	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	September 30, 2003	
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges	2.75	2.07	1.48	1.95	1.78	3.19	
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PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We may sell the securities being offered hereby from time to time in one or more of the following methods:

to underwriters or dealers, who may act directly or through a syndicate represented by one or more managing underwriters;

through broker-dealers we have designated to act on our behalf as agents;

directly to one or more purchasers;

through a number of direct sales or auctions performed by utilizing the Internet or a bidding or ordering system; or

through a combination of any of these methods of sale or by any other legally available means.

We may distribute the securities from time to time in one or more transactions at a fixed price or prices, which may be changed, or at market prices prevailing at the time of sale, at prices related to the prevailing market prices or at negotiated prices.

Each prospectus supplement will set forth the manner and terms of an offering of securities, including:

whether that offering is being made to underwriters or through agents or directly;

the rules and procedures for any auction or bidding process, if used;

the securities purchase price or initial public offering price; and

the proceeds we anticipate from the sale of the securities.

We may enter into derivative or other hedging transactions with financial institutions. These financial institutions may in turn engage in sales of securities to hedge their position, deliver this prospectus in connection with some or all of those sales and use the securities covered by this prospectus to close out any loan of securities or short position created in connection with those sales.

We may effect sales of securities in connection with forward sale agreements with third parties. Any distribution of securities pursuant to any forward sale agreement may be effected from time to time in one or more transactions that may take place through the NYSE, including block trades or ordinary broker—s transactions, or through broker-dealers acting either as principal or agent, or through privately negotiated transactions, or through an underwritten public offering, or through a combination of any such methods of sale, at market prices prevailing at the time of sale, at prices relating to such prevailing market prices or at negotiated or fixed prices.

We may also sell securities short using this prospectus and deliver securities covered by this prospectus to close out any loan of securities or such short positions, or loan or pledge securities to financial institutions that in turn may sell the securities using this prospectus.

We may pledge or grant a security interest in some or all of the securities covered by this prospectus to support a derivative or hedging position or other obligation and, if we default in the performance of our obligations, the pledgees or secured parties may offer and sell the securities from time to time pursuant to this prospectus.

Sales Through Underwriters

If we use underwriters in the sale, such underwriters will acquire the securities for their own account. The underwriters may resell the securities, either directly to the public or to securities dealers, at various times in one or more transactions, including negotiated transactions, at a fixed public offering price or at varying prices determined at the time of sale. The obligations of the underwriters to purchase the securities will be subject to certain conditions. Unless indicated otherwise in a prospectus supplement, the

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underwriters will be obligated to purchase all the securities of the series offered if any of the securities are purchased.

Any initial public offering price and any concessions allowed or reallowed to dealers may be changed intermittently.

Sales Through Agents

Unless otherwise indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, when securities are sold through an agent, the designated agent will agree, for the period of its appointment as agent, to use its best efforts to sell the securities for our account and will receive commissions from us as will be set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Securities bought in accordance with a redemption or repayment under their terms also may be offered and sold, if so indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, in connection with a remarketing by one or more firms acting as principals for their own accounts or as agents for us. Any remarketing firm will be identified and the terms of its agreement, if any, with us and its compensation will be described in the prospectus supplement. Remarketing firms may be deemed to be underwriters in connection with the securities remarketed by them.

If so indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, we will authorize agents, underwriters or dealers to solicit offers by certain specified institutions to purchase securities at the public offering price set forth in the prospectus supplement pursuant to delayed delivery contracts providing for payment and delivery on a future date specified in the prospectus supplement. These contracts will be subject only to those conditions set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement, and the prospectus supplement will set forth the commissions payable for solicitation of these contracts.

Direct Sales

We may also sell offered securities directly as principal for our own account. In this case, no underwriters or agents would be involved.

Sales Through the Internet

We may from time to time offer securities directly to the public, with or without the involvement of agents, underwriters or dealers, and may utilize the Internet or another electronic bidding or ordering system for the pricing and allocation of such securities. Such a system may allow bidders to directly participate, through electronic access to an auction site, by submitting conditional offers to buy that are subject to acceptance by us, and which may directly affect the price or other terms at which such securities are sold.

Such a bidding or ordering system may present to each bidder, on a real-time basis, relevant information to assist you in making a bid, such as the clearing spread at which the offering would be sold, based on the bids submitted, and whether a bidder s individual bids would be accepted, prorated or rejected. Other pricing methods may also be used. Upon completion of such an auction process, securities will be allocated based on prices bid, terms of bid or other factors.

The final offering price at which securities would be sold and the allocation of securities among bidders would be based in whole or in part on the results of the Internet bidding process or auction. Many variations of the Internet auction or pricing and allocation systems are likely to be developed in the future, and we may utilize such systems in connection with the sale of securities. The specific rules of such an auction would be distributed to potential bidders in an applicable prospectus supplement.

If an offering is made using such a bidding or ordering system you should review the auction rules, as described in the prospectus supplement, for a more detailed description of such offering procedures.

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General Information

Broker-dealers, agents or underwriters may receive compensation in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from us and/or the purchasers of securities for whom such broker-dealers, agents or underwriters may act as agents or to whom they sell as principal or both (this compensation to a particular broker-dealer might be in excess of customary commissions).

Underwriters, dealers and agents that participate in any distribution of the offered securities may be deemed underwriters within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (or Securities Act) and any discounts or commissions they receive in connection with the distribution may be discounts or commissions they receive in connection with the distribution may be deemed to be underwriting compensation. Those underwriters and agents may be entitled, under their agreements with us, to indemnification by us against certain civil liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, or to contribution by us to payments that they may be required to make in respect of those civil liabilities. Various of those underwriters or agents may be customers of, engage in transactions with, or perform services for, us or our affiliates in the ordinary course of business. We will identify any underwriters or agents, and describe their compensation, in a prospectus supplement.

We will file a supplement to this prospectus, if required, pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Securities Act, if we enter into any material arrangement with a broker, dealer, agent or underwriter for the sale of securities through a block trade, special offering, exchange distribution or secondary distribution or a purchase by a broker or dealer. Such prospectus supplement will disclose:

the name of any participating broker, dealer, agent or underwriter;

the number and type of securities involved;

the price at which such securities were sold;

any securities exchanges on which such securities may be listed;

the commissions paid or discounts or concessions allowed to any such broker, dealer, agent or underwriter where applicable; and

other facts material to the transaction.

In order to facilitate the offering of certain securities under this prospectus or an applicable prospectus supplement, certain persons participating in the offering of those securities may engage in transactions that stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the price of those securities during and after the offering of those securities. Specifically, if the applicable prospectus supplement permits, the underwriters of those securities may over-allot or otherwise create a short position in those securities for their own account by selling more of those securities than have been sold to them by us and may elect to cover any such short position by purchasing those securities in the open market.

In addition, the underwriters may stabilize or maintain the price of those securities by bidding for or purchasing those securities in the open market and may impose penalty bids, under which selling concessions allowed to syndicate members or other broker-dealers participating in the offering are reclaimed if securities previously distributed in the offering are repurchased in connection with stabilization transactions or otherwise. The effect of these transactions may be to stabilize or maintain the market price of the securities at a level above that which might otherwise prevail in the open market. The imposition of a penalty bid may also affect the price of securities to the extent that it discourages resales of the securities. No representation is made as to the magnitude or effect of any such stabilization or other transactions. Such transactions, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time.

This prospectus, the applicable prospectus supplement and any applicable pricing supplement in electronic format may be made available on the Internet sites of, or through other online services maintained by, us and/or one or more of the agents and/or dealers participating in an offering of securities, or by their affiliates. In those cases, prospective investors may be able to view offering terms

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online and, depending upon the particular agent or dealer, prospective investors may be allowed to place orders online.

Other than this prospectus, the applicable prospectus supplement and any applicable pricing supplement in electronic format, the information on our or any agent s or dealer s website and any information contained in any other website maintained by any agent or dealer:

is not part of this prospectus, the applicable prospectus supplement and any applicable pricing supplement or the registration statement of which they form a part;

has not been approved or endorsed by us or by any agent or dealer in its capacity as an agent or dealer, except, in each case, with respect to the respective website maintained by such entity;

and should not be relied upon by investors.

There can be no assurance that we will sell all or any of the securities offered by this prospectus.

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DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK

The following summary discusses the material terms of our capital stock. This summary does not purport to be a complete description of our capital stock and you should not rely on it as if it were. We have filed complete copies of our charter and bylaws with the SEC as annexes to our Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-107545) and are incorporating the full text of those documents by reference. We encourage you to read each of those documents in its entirety.

Our charter provides that we may issue up to 110,000,000 shares of capital stock, consisting of 100,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share. As of December 22, 2003, there were 25,266,198 shares of our common stock, and no shares of our preferred stock, issued and outstanding.

We are a Maryland corporation governed by the Maryland General Corporation Law, which is referred to in this prospectus as the MGCL. Under Maryland law, stockholders generally are not responsible for the corporation s debts or obligations.

Common Stock

Our charter authorizes the issuance of up to 100,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of which 25,266,198 shares were outstanding as of December 22, 2003. Each stockholder is entitled to one vote for each share of common stock held on all matters submitted to a vote of stockholders. There is no cumulative voting for election of directors. Accordingly, the holders of a majority of the shares voted can elect all of the nominees for director. Except as otherwise provided by law, holders of shares of our common stock vote together as a single class. Holders of shares of our common stock have no preemptive or conversion rights or other subscription rights. There are no redemption or sinking fund provisions applicable to the common stock. All shares of common stock will, when issued, be fully paid and non-assessable.

Shares of our common stock are subject to restrictions upon their ownership and transfer that were adopted for the purpose of enabling us to preserve our status as a REIT. For a discussion of those restrictions, see Restrictions on Ownership and Transfer below.

Dividends. Subject to the preferences of any series of preferred stock that may at times be outstanding, if any, holders of outstanding shares of common stock are entitled to receive dividends when, as, and if declared by our Board of Directors out of funds legally available for dividends and, if we liquidate, dissolve or wind up, are entitled to share ratably in all assets remaining after payment of liabilities and payment of accrued dividends and liquidation preferences on the preferred stock, if any. We intend to make regular quarterly distributions to our stockholders. In order to qualify as a REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we must distribute to our stockholders annually at least 90% of our taxable income, excluding the retained earnings of our taxable REIT subsidiaries. Any profits attributable to the businesses of such taxable REIT subsidiaries will be fully subject to corporate income tax, and after-tax net income of these subsidiaries may be retained by the subsidiary or distributed up to us as the parent corporation. Although we generally intend to distribute to our stockholders each year an amount equal to 90% of our REIT taxable income for that year, distributions paid by us will be at the discretion of the Board of Directors and will depend on our actual cash flow, financial condition, capital requirements, our desire to retain earnings of our taxable subsidiaries to sustain future growth, the annual distribution requirement under the REIT provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and other factors that the Board of Directors deems relevant.

Subject to the MGCL and the rights of holders of any outstanding preferred stock, holders of our common stock will be entitled to share dividends equally, share for share.

Preferred Stock

Our charter authorizes the issuance of up to 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share, none of which are outstanding. We may issue, from time to time in one or more series, preferred

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stock, the terms of which may be determined by our Board of Directors, without further action by our stockholders, in the resolution authorizing such series of preferred stock, and may include voting rights, including the right to vote as a series on particular matters, preferences as to dividends and liquidation, conversion rights, redemption rights and sinking fund provisions. Prior to the issuance of any shares of a new series of preferred stock, we will file articles supplementary, designating the number of shares of that series and the terms of the stock of that series, with the State Department of Assessments and Taxation of Maryland. Each series of preferred stock that we issue shall constitute a separate class of stock. The issuance of any preferred stock could adversely affect the rights of the holders of common stock and, therefore, reduce the value of the common stock. The ability of our Board of Directors to issue preferred stock could discourage, delay or prevent a takeover or other corporate action.

The description of the terms of a particular preferred stock in the applicable prospectus supplement will not be complete. You should refer to the applicable articles supplementary for complete information regarding a series of preferred stock. The prospectus supplement will also contain a description of U.S. federal income tax consequences relating to the preferred stock, if material.

Shares of preferred stock are subject to the restrictions upon their ownership and transfer contained in our charter and the applicable articles supplementary for the purpose of enabling us to preserve our status as a REIT. See Restrictions on Ownership and Transfer below.

The terms of any particular series of preferred stock will be described in the prospectus supplement relating to that particular series of preferred stock, including, where applicable:

the designation, stated value and liquidation preference of such preferred stock and the number of shares offered;

the offering price;

the dividend rate or rates (or method of calculation), the date or dates from which dividends shall accrue, and whether such dividends shall be cumulative or noncumulative and, if cumulative, the dates from which dividends shall commence to cumulate;

any redemption or sinking fund provisions;

the amount that shares of such series shall be entitled to receive in the event of our liquidation, dissolution or winding-up;

the terms and conditions, if any, on which shares of such series shall be exchangeable for shares of our stock of any other class or classes, or other series of the same class;

the voting rights, if any, of shares of such series in addition to those set forth in Voting Rights below;

that status as to reissuance or sale of shares of such series redeemed, purchased or otherwise reacquired, or surrendered to us on conversion or exchange;

the conditions and restrictions, if any, on the payment of dividends or on the making of other distributions on, or the purchase, redemption or other acquisition by us or any subsidiary, of the common stock or of any other class of our stock ranking junior to the shares of such series as to dividends or upon liquidation;

the conditions and restrictions, if any, on the creation of indebtedness of us or of any subsidiary, or on the issue of any additional stock ranking on a parity with or prior to the shares of such series as to dividends or upon liquidation; and

any additional dividend, liquidation, redemption, sinking or retirement fund and other rights, preferences, privileges, limitations and restrictions of such preferred stock.

The preferred stock will, when issued, be fully paid and nonassessable. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, the shares of each series of preferred stock will upon issuance rank

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senior to the common stock and on a parity in all respects with each other outstanding series of preferred stock. The rights of the holders of our preferred stock will be subordinate to that of our general creditors.

Dividends. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, before any dividends may be declared or paid to the holders of shares of our common stock or of any other of our capital stock ranking junior to any series of the preferred stock as to the payment of dividends, the holders of the preferred stock of that series will be entitled to receive, when, as and if declared by the Board of Directors, out of funds legally available therefor, dividends at such times and rates as will be specified in the applicable prospectus supplement. Such rates may be fixed or variable or both. If variable, the formula used for determining the dividend rate for each dividend period will be specified in the applicable prospectus supplement. Dividends will be payable to the holders of record as they appear on our stock transfer records on such dates as will be fixed by the Board of Directors.

Dividends, if any, will be paid in the form of cash, shares of our securities or other property, as may be determined by the Board of Directors. Dividends on any series of preferred stock may be cumulative or noncumulative, as specified in the applicable prospectus supplement. Dividends, if cumulative, will be cumulative from and after the date set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement. If the Board of Directors fails to declare a dividend payable on a dividend payment date on any series of preferred stock for which dividends are noncumulative, then the holders of the preferred stock of that series will have no right to receive a dividend in respect of the dividend period relating to such dividend payment date, and we will have no obligation to pay the dividend accrued for such period, whether or not dividends on that series are declared or paid on any future dividend payment dates.

The prospectus supplement relating to a series of preferred stock will specify the conditions and restrictions, if any, on the payment of dividends or on the making of other distributions on, or the purchase, redemption or other acquisition by us or any of our subsidiaries of, the common stock or of any other class of our stock ranking junior to the shares of that series as to dividends or upon liquidation, and any other preferences, rights, restrictions and qualifications that are not inconsistent with our charter.

Liquidation Preference. Unless otherwise specified in the prospectus supplement relating to a series of preferred stock, upon our liquidation, dissolution or winding up (whether voluntary or involuntary), the holders of preferred stock of that series will be entitled to receive out of our assets available for distribution to our stockholders, whether from capital, surplus or earnings, the amount specified in the applicable prospectus supplement for that series, together with all dividends accrued and unpaid, before any distribution of the assets will be made to the holders of common stock or any other class or series of shares ranking junior to that series of preferred stock upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up, and will be entitled to no other or further distribution. If, upon our liquidation, dissolution or winding up, the assets distributable among the holders of a series of preferred stock of any series and any other shares of preferred stock (including any other series of preferred stock) ranking as to any such distribution on a parity to the given series of preferred stock shall be insufficient to permit the payment in full to the holders of that and such other shares and series of preferred stock of all amounts payable to those holders, then the entire amount of our assets thus distributable will be distributed ratably among the holders of that and such other shares and series of preferred stock in proportion to the respective amounts that would be payable per share if those assets were sufficient to permit payment in full. Neither our consolidation, merger or other business combination with or into any other individual, firm, corporation or other entity nor the sale, lease, exchange or conveyance of all or any part of our property, assets or business will be deemed to be a liquidation, dissolution or winding up.

Redemption. If so specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, any series of preferred stock may be redeemable, in whole or in part, at our option or pursuant to a retirement or sinking fund or otherwise, on terms and at the times and the redemption prices specified in that prospectus supplement. If less than all shares of the series at the time outstanding are to be redeemed, the shares to be redeemed will be selected pro rata or by lot, in such manner as may be prescribed by resolution of the Board of Directors. In addition to the foregoing, and in any event, shares of our preferred stock will be redeemable

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under certain circumstances pursuant to the restrictions and limitations on ownership contained in our charter and designed to protect our status as a REIT.

Voting Rights. Unless otherwise determined by the Board of Directors and indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, holders of the preferred stock of that series will have only the voting rights as set forth in the applicable articles supplementary.

Other. Our issuance of preferred stock may have the effect of delaying or preventing a change in control. Our issuance of preferred stock could decrease the amount of earnings and assets available for distribution to the holders of common stock or could adversely affect the rights and powers, including voting rights, of the holders of common stock. The issuance of preferred stock could have the effect of decreasing the market price of our common stock.

Certain Effects of Authorized But Unissued Stock

We have shares of common stock and preferred stock available for future issuance without stockholder approval. We may utilize these additional shares for a variety of corporate purposes, including future public offerings to raise additional capital, facilitating corporate acquisitions or paying a dividend on the capital stock.

The existence of unissued and unreserved common stock and preferred stock may enable the Board of Directors to issue shares to persons friendly to current management or to issue preferred stock with terms that could render more difficult or discourage a third party attempt to obtain control of our company by means of a merger, tender offer, proxy contest or otherwise, thereby protecting the continuity of our management. In addition, if we issue preferred stock, the issuance could adversely affect the voting power of holders of common stock and the likelihood that such holders will receive dividend payments and payments upon liquidation.

Restrictions on Ownership and Transfer

For us to qualify as a REIT under the federal income tax laws, we must meet certain requirements concerning the ownership of our outstanding shares of capital stock. Specifically, no more than 50% in value of our outstanding capital stock may be owned, directly or indirectly, by five or fewer individuals during the last half of a calendar year. For this purpose, individuals include natural persons, private foundations, some employee benefit plans and trusts, and some charitable trusts. In addition, we must have at least 100 beneficial owners of our shares of stock during at least 335 days of a taxable year of 12 months or during a proportionate part of a shorter taxable year.

To ensure that we meet the stock ownership requirements, subject to the exemptions and exceptions described below, our charter provides for restrictions and limitations on the ownership and transfer of our outstanding stock. Specifically, our charter provides that, subject to certain exceptions, no person shall own more than 6.5% of the number (or the value of the total number) of outstanding shares of common stock or common stock together with preferred stock of any class or series. A separate ownership limit may be imposed on any class or series of preferred stock, if, as and when the terms of such class or series are established by the Board of Directors. Our charter permits the Board to waive with respect to any person the 6.5% ownership limit or to establish a new, less restrictive, ownership limit, called an excepted holder limit in the charter, for any person.

In addition, our charter provides that Michael Strauss is excepted from the general limitations on the ownership of our securities, described above. Instead, Mr. Strauss is permitted to beneficially own up to 20% of the value of the total number of outstanding shares of our common and preferred stock.

Our charter provides that any purported transfer of shares of common stock or preferred stock which would:

result in any person owning, directly or indirectly, common stock or preferred stock in excess of the applicable ownership limits as described above;

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result in our capital stock being beneficially owned by fewer than 100 persons, determined without reference to any rules of attribution; or

result in our company being closely held within the meaning of the U.S. federal tax laws (or otherwise failing to qualify as a REIT); will be void, or that, if notwithstanding the other provisions of the charter, there occurs a transfer or other event which would have any of the results described in the bullet points above, then that number of shares of common stock or preferred stock necessary to avoid such occurrence will be automatically transferred to one or more trusts, effective on the day before the purported transfer, and the person who would have otherwise been the holder or transferee of such shares will cease to own or will not acquire any right to such shares.

The record holder of the shares of common stock or preferred stock that are transferred to a trust will be required to submit the stock to us for registration in the name of the trust. We will designate a trustee of the trust that is not affiliated with us. The beneficiary of the trust will be one or more charitable organizations that we select.

Shares in the trust will remain issued and outstanding and will be entitled to the same rights and privileges as all other shares of the same class or series. The trustee will receive all dividends and distributions on the shares and will hold those dividends or distributions in trust for the benefit of the beneficiary. The trustee will vote all shares in the trust. The trustee will designate a permitted transferee of the shares, provided that the permitted transferee purchases the shares for valuable consideration and acquires the shares without the acquisition resulting in a transfer to another trust.

Our charter provides that the owner of shares in the trust will be required to repay to the trustee the amount of any dividends or distributions received by the owner (i) that are attributable to shares in the trust and (ii) the record date of which was on or after the date that the shares were transferred to the trust. The owner generally will receive from the trustee the lesser of (a) the price per share the owner paid for the shares in the trust, or, in the case of a gift or devise, the market price per share on the date of the transfer, or (b) the price per share received by the trustee from the sale of the shares in the trust. Any amounts received by the trustee in excess of the amounts to be paid to the owner will be distributed to the beneficiary of the trust.

Shares in the trust will be deemed to have been offered for sale to us, or our designee, at a price per share equal to the lesser of (a) the price per share in the transaction that created the trust, or, in the case of a gift or devise, the market price per share on the date of the transfer, or (b) the market price per share on the date that we, or our designee, accept the offer. We will have the right to accept the offer for a period of 90 days after the later of (i) the date of the purported transfer that resulted in the trust, or (ii) the date we determine in good faith that a prohibited transfer has occurred.

Our charter provides that any person who acquires or attempts to acquire common stock or preferred stock in violation of the restrictions set forth in our charter, or any person who owned common stock or preferred stock that was transferred to a trust, is required immediately to give written notice to us of that event and to provide to us any other information that we may request in order to determine the effect, if any, of the transfer on our status as a REIT.

The ownership limits generally will not apply to the acquisition of common stock or preferred stock by an underwriter that participates in a public offering of that stock for a period of 30 days. In addition, our Board of Directors may waive application to any person of the ownership limitations or the restrictions on transfer set forth in the charter, or may establish an excepted holder limit for any person.

The foregoing restrictions will not otherwise be removed until:

the restrictions are no longer required in order to qualify as a REIT, and the Board of Directors determines that it is no longer in our best interests to retain the restrictions; or

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the Board of Directors determines that it is no longer in our best interests to continue to qualify as a REIT.

All certificates representing our common or preferred stock will bear a legend referring to the restrictions described above.

All persons who own, directly or indirectly, more than 5%, or any lower percentage as set forth in the federal tax laws, of our outstanding common stock and preferred stock must, within 30 days after January 1 of each year, provide to us a written statement or affidavit stating the name and address of the direct or indirect owner, the number of shares owned directly or indirectly, and a description of how the shares are held. In addition, each direct or indirect stockholder must provide to us any additional information that we request in order to determine the effect, if any, of such ownership on our status as a REIT and to ensure compliance with the restrictions on ownership and transfer set forth in our charter.

Certain Provisions Affecting Change in Control

Our charter contains certain provisions that may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of our company. For example, in order to maintain qualification as a REIT, our charter contains restrictions on transfer of our shares of common stock and a stock ownership limitation. See Restrictions on Ownership and Transfer above. The transfer restrictions and ownership limitation may discourage a purchase or sale of our shares of common stock that might result in a change in control.

In addition, our charter allows the Board of Directors to authorize the issuance of preferred stock with terms and conditions that could have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a transaction or change in control that might involve a premium price for holders of our common stock or otherwise be in their best interests.

For a description of other provisions of Maryland law and our charter and bylaws that could have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control, see Risk Factors Certain provisions of Maryland law and our charter and bylaws could hinder, delay or prevent a change in control on page 8 of this prospectus.

Transfer Agent and Registrar

American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, 59 Maiden Lane, New York, New York 10038 is the transfer agent and registrar of our common stock.

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DESCRIPTION OF DEBT SECURITIES

This section describes certain general terms and provisions of the debt securities to which any prospectus supplement may relate. The particular terms of any debt securities offered by a prospectus supplement, and the extent to which these general terms and provisions will not apply to the particular series of debt securities being offered, will be described in the prospectus supplement relating to that particular series of debt securities.

We may offer debt securities for an aggregate principal amount of up to \$500,000,000 under this prospectus. As of the date of this prospectus, we have not issued any debt securities.

The debt securities that we may issue will constitute debentures, notes, bonds or other evidences of indebtedness of the Company, to be issued in one or more series, which may include senior debt securities, subordinated debt securities and senior subordinated debt securities. The particular terms of any series of debt securities we offer, including the extent to which the general terms set forth below may be applicable to a particular series, will be described in a prospectus supplement relating to such series.

Debt securities that we may issue will be issued under the indenture between us and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee. This prospectus refers to Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas as the trustee. We have filed the form of the indenture with the SEC as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. If we enter into any indenture supplement, we will file a copy of that supplement with the SEC.

THE FOLLOWING DESCRIPTION IS A SUMMARY OF THE MATERIAL PROVISIONS OF THE INDENTURE. IT DOES NOT RESTATE THE INDENTURE IN ITS ENTIRETY. THE INDENTURE IS GOVERNED BY THE TRUST INDENTURE ACT OF 1939. THE TERMS OF THE DEBT SECURITIES INCLUDE THOSE STATED IN THE INDENTURE AND THOSE MADE PART OF THE INDENTURE BY REFERENCE TO THE TRUST INDENTURE ACT. The following summaries of material provisions of the debt securities and indenture are subject to, and qualified in their entirety by reference to, all the provisions of the indenture applicable to a particular series of debt securities.

Unless otherwise set forth in an indenture supplement and described in a prospectus supplement, our subsidiaries will have no direct obligation to pay amounts due on the debt securities. The debt securities effectively will be subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and other liabilities of our subsidiaries. Such indebtedness would effectively rank senior to the debt securities. The indenture permits us and our subsidiaries to incur substantial amounts of additional indebtedness and other liabilities. Any rights of the Company and our creditors, including the holders of debt securities, to participate in the assets of any of our subsidiaries upon any liquidation or reorganization of any such subsidiary will be subject to the prior claims of that subsidiary s creditors, including trade creditors, and the holders of any preferred stock of that subsidiary.

Information You Will Find in the Prospectus Supplement

The indenture provides that we may issue debt securities from time to time in one or more series. The indenture does not limit the aggregate principal amount of debt securities that can be issued thereunder. The prospectus supplement for a series of debt securities will provide information relating to the terms of the series of debt securities being offered, which may include:

the title and denominations of the debt securities of the series;

any limit on the aggregate principal amount of the debt securities of the series;

the date or dates on which the principal and premium, if any, with respect to the debt securities of the series are payable or the method of determination thereof;

the interest rate or rates (which may be fixed or variable) on the debt securities of the series (if any) or the method of determining such rate or rates;

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the interest payment dates for the series of debt securities or the method by which such date will be determined, the terms of any deferral of interest and any right of ours to extend the interest payments periods;

the place or places where the principal and interest on the series of debt securities will be payable;

the terms and conditions upon which debt securities of the series may be redeemed, in whole or in part, at our option or otherwise;

our obligation, if any, to redeem, purchase, or repay debt securities of the series pursuant to any sinking fund or at the option of the holders and the terms of any such redemption, purchase, or repayment;

the terms, if any, upon which the debt securities of the series may be convertible into or exchanged for other securities, including, among other things, the initial conversion or exchange price or rate and the conversion or exchange period;

if the amount of principal, premium, if any, or interest with respect to the debt securities of the series may be determined with reference to an index or formula, the manner in which such amounts will be determined;

any changes or additions to the provisions of the indenture dealing with defeasance, including any additional covenants that may be subject to our covenant defeasance option securities;

the portion of the principal amount of debt securities of the series which will be payable upon declaration of acceleration or provable in bankruptcy;

whether we will be restricted from incurring any additional indebtedness;

whether the debt securities of the series will be secured or guaranteed and, if so, on what terms;

a discussion on any material or special U.S. federal income tax considerations applicable to the debt securities;

any addition to or change in the events of default with respect to the debt securities of the series and any change in the right of the trustee or the holders to declare acceleration:

any trustees, authenticating or paying agents, transfer agents or registrars;

the applicability of, and any addition to or change in, the covenants currently set forth in the indenture or in the terms relating to permitted consolidations, mergers, or sales of assets;

the subordination, if any, of the debt securities of the series and terms of the subordination; and

any other specific terms, preferences, rights or limitations of, or restrictions on, the debt securities.

Holders of debt securities may present debt securities for exchange in the manner, at the places, and subject to the restrictions set forth in the debt securities and the prospectus supplement. Holders of registered debt securities may present debt securities for transfer in the manner, at the places, and subject to the restrictions set forth in the debt securities and the prospectus supplement. We will provide these services without charge, other than any tax or other governmental charge payable in connection therewith, but subject to the limitations provided in the indenture and the applicable indenture supplement. Debt securities in bearer form and the coupons, if any, appertaining thereto will be transferable by delivery.

Senior Debt

We may issue the senior debt securities under the indenture and any coupons that will constitute part of our senior debt. Unless otherwise set forth in the applicable indenture supplement and described in a prospectus supplement, the senior debt securities will be senior unsecured obligations, ranking equally with all of our existing and future senior unsecured debt. The senior debt securities will be senior to all of our subordinated debt and junior to any secured debt we may incur as to the assets securing such debt.

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Subordinated Debt

We may issue subordinated debt securities under the indenture and any coupons that will constitute part of our subordinated debt. These subordinated debt securities will be subordinate and junior in right of payment, to the extent and in the manner set forth in the indenture and the applicable indenture supplement, to all of our senior indebtedness. Senior indebtedness includes our obligations and obligations guaranteed or assumed by us for borrowed money or evidenced by bonds, debentures, notes or other similar instruments, in each case, identified by our Board of Directors as senior indebtedness. Senior indebtedness does not include subordinated debt securities, including senior subordinated debt securities, or any other obligations specifically designated as being subordinate in right of payment to senior indebtedness.

In general, the holders of all senior indebtedness are entitled to receive payment of the full amount unpaid on senior indebtedness before the holders of any of the subordinated debt securities or coupons are entitled to receive a payment on account of the principal or interest on the indebtedness evidenced by the subordinated debt securities upon the occurrence of certain events. These events include:

any insolvency, bankruptcy, receivership, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or other similar proceedings which concern us or a substantial part of our property;

except as provided in the indenture, any default on the payment of principal, premium, if any, or interest on or other monetary amounts due and payable on any senior indebtedness has not been paid within the applicable grace period;

any other default on senior indebtedness occurs and the maturity of such senior indebtedness is accelerated in accordance with its terms, and unless either (a) such default shall have been cured or waived and any such acceleration shall have been rescinded or (b) such senior indebtedness shall have been paid in full; and

the principal of, and accrued interest on, any series of the subordinated debt securities having been declared due and payable upon an event of default contained in the indenture.

If this prospectus is being delivered in connection with a series of subordinated debt securities, the accompanying prospectus supplement or the information incorporated by reference will set forth the approximate amount of senior indebtedness outstanding as of the end of the most recent fiscal quarter.

Senior Subordinated Debt

We may issue the senior subordinated debt securities under the indenture and any coupons that will constitute part of our senior subordinated debt. These senior subordinated debt securities will be, to the extent and in the manner set forth in the indenture, subordinate and junior in right of payment to all of our senior indebtedness and senior to our other subordinated debt. See the discussions above under Senior Debt and Subordinated Debt for a more detailed explanation of our senior and subordinated indebtedness.

Interest Rate

Debt securities that bear interest will do so at a fixed rate or a floating rate. We may sell, at a discount below the stated principal amount, any debt securities which bear no interest or which bear interest at a rate that at the time of issuance is below the prevailing market rate. The relevant prospectus supplement will describe the special U.S. federal income tax considerations applicable to:

any discounted debt securities; and

any debt securities issued at par which are treated as having been issued at a discount for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

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Registered Global Securities

We may issue registered debt securities of a series in the form of one or more fully registered global securities. We will deposit the registered global security with a depositary or with a nominee for a depositary identified in the prospectus supplement relating to such series. The global security or global securities will represent and will be in a denomination or aggregate denominations equal to the portion of the aggregate principal amount of outstanding registered debt securities of the series to be represented by the registered global security or securities. Unless it is exchanged in whole or in part for debt securities in definitive registered form, a registered global security may not be transferred, except as a whole in three cases:

by the depositary for the registered global security to a nominee of the depositary;

by a nominee of the depositary to the depositary or another nominee of the depositary; and

by the depositary or any nominee to a successor of the depositary or a nominee of the successor.

The prospectus supplement relating to a series of debt securities will describe the specific terms of the depositary arrangement concerning any portion of that series of debt securities to be represented by a registered global security. We anticipate that the following provisions will generally apply to all depositary arrangements.

Upon the issuance of a registered global security, the depositary will credit, on its book-entry registration and transfer system, the principal amounts of the debt securities represented by the registered global security to the accounts of persons that have accounts with the depositary. These persons are referred to as participants. Any underwriters, agents or debtors participating in the distribution of debt securities represented by the registered global security will designate the accounts to be credited. Only participants or persons that hold interests through participants will be able to beneficially own interests in a registered global security. The depositary for a global security will maintain records of beneficial ownership interests in a registered global security for participants. Participants or persons that hold through participants will maintain records of beneficial ownership interests in a global security for persons other than participants. These records will be the only means to transfer beneficial ownership in a registered global security.

The laws of some states may require that specified purchasers of securities take physical delivery of the securities in definitive form. These laws may limit the ability of those persons to own, transfer or pledge beneficial interests in global securities.

So long as the depositary, or its nominee, is the registered owner of a registered global security, the depositary or its nominee will be considered the sole owner or holder of the debt securities represented by the registered global security for all purposes under the indenture. Except as set forth below, owners of beneficial interests in a registered global security:

may not have the debt securities represented by a registered global security registered in their names;

will not receive or be entitled to receive physical delivery of debt securities represented by a registered global security in definitive form; and

will not be considered the owners or holders of debt securities represented by a registered global security under the indenture.

Accordingly, each person owning a beneficial interest in a registered global security must rely on the procedures of the depositary for the registered global security and, if the person is not a participant, on the procedures of the participant through which the person owns its interests, to exercise any rights of a holder under the indenture applicable to the registered global security.

We understand that, under existing industry practices, if we request any action of holders, or if an owner of a beneficial interest in a registered global security desires to give or take any action which a

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holder is entitled to give or take under the indenture, the depositary for the registered global security would authorize the participants holding the relevant beneficial interests to give or take the action, and the participants would authorize beneficial owners owning through the participants to give or take the action or would otherwise act upon the instructions of beneficial owners holding through them.

Payment of Interest on and Principal of Registered Global Securities

We will make principal, premium, if any, and interest payments on debt securities represented by a registered global security registered in the name of a depositary or its nominee to the depositary or its nominee as the registered owner of the registered global security. None of the Company, the trustee, or any paying agent for debt securities represented by a registered global security will have any responsibility or liability for:

any aspect of the records relating to, or payments made on account of, beneficial ownership interests in such registered global security;

maintaining, supervising, or reviewing any records relating to beneficial ownership interests;

the payments to beneficial owners of the global security of amounts paid to the depositary or its nominee; or

any other matter relating to the actions and practices of the depositary, its nominee or any of its participants.

We expect that the depositary, upon receipt of any payment of principal, premium or interest in respect of the global security, will immediately credit participants—accounts with payments in amounts proportionate to their beneficial interests in the principal amount of a registered global security as shown on the depositary—s records. We also expect that payments by participants to owners of beneficial interests in a registered global security held through participants will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices. This is currently the case with the securities held for the accounts of customers registered in—street name. Such payments will be the responsibility of participants.

Exchange of Registered Global Securities

We may issue debt securities in definitive form in exchange for the registered global security if both of the following occur:

the depositary for any debt securities represented by a registered global security is at any time unwilling or unable to continue as depositary or ceases to be a clearing agency registered under the Exchange Act; and

we do not appoint a successor depositary within 90 days.

In addition, we may, at any time, determine not to have any of the debt securities of a series represented by one or more registered global securities. In this event, we will issue debt securities of that series in definitive form in exchange for all of the registered global security or securities representing those debt securities.

Covenants by the Company

The indenture includes covenants by us, including, among other things, that we will make all payments of principal and interest at the times and places required. The supplemental indenture with respect to each series of debt securities may contain additional covenants, including covenants which could restrict our right and our subsidiaries, right to incur additional indebtedness or liens and to take certain actions with respect to their respective businesses and assets.

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Events of Default

Unless otherwise indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, the following will be events of default under the indenture with respect to each series of debt securities issued under the indenture:

failure to pay when due any interest on any debt security of that series, continued for 30 days;

failure to pay when due principal of, or premium, if any, on, any debt security of that series;

default in the payment of any sinking fund installment with respect to any debt security of that series when due and payable;

failure to comply with the restrictive covenant prohibiting us from engaging in certain consolidations, mergers, or transfers of all or substantially all of our assets;

failure to perform any other covenant or agreement of ours under the indenture or the supplemental indenture with respect to that series or the debt securities of that series, continued for 60 days after written notice to us by the trustee or holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of the series to which the covenant or agreement relates;

certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency or similar proceedings affecting us; and

any other event of default specified in any supplemental indenture under which such series of debt securities are issued.

Except as to certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency or similar proceedings affecting us and except as provided in the applicable prospectus supplement, if any event of default shall occur and be continuing with respect to any series of debt securities under the indenture, either the trustee or the holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of outstanding debt securities of such series may accelerate the maturity of all debt securities of such series. Upon certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency or similar proceedings affecting us, the principal, premium, if any, and interest on all debt securities of each series shall be immediately due and payable.

After any such acceleration, but before a judgment or decree based on acceleration, the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of each affected series of debt securities may waive all defaults with respect to such series and rescind and annul such acceleration if all events of default, other than the non-payment of accelerated principal, have been cured, waived or otherwise remedied.

No holder of any debt securities will have any right to institute any proceeding with respect to the indenture or for any remedy under the indenture, unless such holder shall have previously given to the trustee written notice of a continuing event of default and the holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of the relevant series shall have made written request and offered indemnity satisfactory to the trustee to institute such proceeding as trustee, and the trustee shall not have received from the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of such series a direction inconsistent with such request and shall have failed to institute such proceeding within 60 days. However, such limitations do not apply to a suit instituted by a holder of a debt security for enforcement of payment of the principal of and premium, if any, or interest on such debt security on or after the respective due dates expressed in such debt security.

Supplemental Indentures

We and the trustee may, at any time and from time to time, without notice to or consent of any holders of debt securities, enter into one or more indentures supplemental to the indenture, among other things:

to add guarantees to or secure any series of debt securities;

to provide for the succession of another person pursuant to the provisions of the indenture relating to consolidations, mergers and sales of assets and the assumption by such successor of our

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covenants, agreements, and obligations, or to otherwise comply with the provisions of the indenture relating to consolidations, mergers, and sales of assets:

to surrender any right or power conferred upon us under the indenture or to add to our covenants further covenants, restrictions, conditions or provisions for the protection of the holders of all or any series of debt securities;

to cure any ambiguity or to correct or supplement any provision contained in the indenture, in any supplemental indenture or in any debt securities that may be defective or inconsistent with any other provision contained therein;

to modify or amend the indenture in such a manner as to permit the qualification of the indenture or any supplemental indenture under the Trust Indenture Act;

to add to or change any of the provisions of the indenture to change or eliminate any restriction on the payment of principal or premium with respect to debt securities so long as any such action does not adversely affect the interests of the holders of debt securities of any series in any material respect;

in the case of subordinated debt securities, to make any change in the provisions relating to subordination that would limit or terminate the benefits available to any holder of senior indebtedness under such provisions (but only if such holder of senior indebtedness consents to such a change);

to add to, change, or eliminate any of the provisions of the indenture with respect to one or more series of debt securities, so long as any such addition, change or elimination not otherwise permitted under the indenture shall not apply to any debt securities of any series created prior to the execution of such supplemental indenture and entitled to the benefit of such provision;

to evidence and provide for the acceptance of appointment by a successor or separate trustee;

to establish the form or terms of debt securities of any series; and

to make any change that does not adversely affect the interests of the holders of debt securities.

With the consent of the holders of at least a majority in principal amount of debt securities of each series affected by such supplemental indenture (voting as one class), we and the trustee may enter into one or more supplemental indentures for the purpose of adding any provisions to or changing in any manner or eliminating any of the provisions of the indenture or modifying in any manner the rights of the holders of debt securities of each such series.

Notwithstanding our rights and the rights of the trustee to enter into one or more supplemental indentures with the consent of the holders of debt securities of the affected series as described above, no such supplemental indenture shall, without the consent of the holder of each outstanding debt security of the affected series, among other things:

extend the final maturity of the principal of, or any installment of interest on, any debt securities;

reduce the principal amount of any debt securities or the rate of interest on any debt securities;

change the currency in which any debt securities are payable;

release any security interest that may have been granted with respect to such debt securities;

impair the right of the holders to conduct a proceeding for any remedy available to the trustee;

reduce the percentage in principal amount of any series of debt securities whose holders must consent to an amendment;

reduce any premium payable upon the redemption of any debt securities or change the time at which any debt security may be redeemed; or

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make any change that adversely affects the relative rights of holders of subordinated debt securities with respect to senior debt securities. **Satisfaction and Discharge of the Indenture; Defeasance**

To the extent set forth in a supplemental indenture with respect to any series of debt securities, we, at our election, may discharge the indenture and the indenture shall generally cease to be of any further effect with respect to that series of debt securities if (a) we have delivered to the trustee for cancellation all debt securities of that series (with certain limited exceptions) or (b) all debt securities of that series not previously delivered to the trustee for cancellation shall have become due and payable, or are by their terms to become due and payable within one year or are to be called for redemption within one year, and we have deposited with the trustee the entire amount sufficient to pay at maturity or upon redemption all such debt securities.

In addition, we have a legal defeasance option (pursuant to which we may terminate, with respect to the debt securities of particular series, all of our obligations under such debt securities and the indenture with respect to such debt securities) and a covenant defeasance option (pursuant to which we may terminate, with respect to the debt securities of a particular series, our obligations with respect to such debt securities under certain specified covenants contained in the indenture). If we exercise our legal defeasance option with respect to a series of debt securities, payment of such debt securities may not be accelerated because of an event of default. If we exercise our covenant defeasance option with respect to a series of debt securities, payment of such debt securities may not be accelerated because of an event of default related to the specified covenants.

We may exercise our legal defeasance option or our covenant defeasance option with respect to the debt securities of a series only if we irrevocably deposit in trust with the trustee cash or U.S. government obligations (as defined in the indenture) for the payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest with respect to such debt securities to maturity or redemption, as the case may be. In addition, to exercise either of our defeasance options, we must comply with certain other conditions, including the delivery to the trustee of an opinion of counsel to the effect that the holders of debt securities of such series will not recognize income, gain or loss for federal income tax purposes as a result of such defeasance and will be subject to federal income tax on the same amounts, in the same manner and at the same times as would have been the case if such defeasance had not occurred (and, in the case of legal defeasance only, such opinion of counsel must be based on a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service or other change in applicable federal income tax law).

The trustee will hold in trust the cash or U.S. government obligations deposited with it as described above and will apply the deposited cash and the proceeds from deposited U.S. government obligations to the payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest with respect to the debt securities of the defeased series. In the case of subordinated debt securities, the money and U.S. government obligations held in trust will not be subject to the subordination provisions of the indenture.

Mergers, Consolidations and Certain Sales of Assets

We may not:

consolidate with or merge into any other person or entity or permit any other person or entity to consolidate with or merge into us in a transaction in which we are not the surviving entity, or

transfer, lease or dispose of all or substantially all of our assets to any other person or entity,

unless:

the resulting, surviving or transferee entity shall be a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the United States, any state thereof or the District of Columbia and such resulting, surviving or transferee entity shall expressly assume, by supplemental indenture, executed and

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delivered in form satisfactory to the trustee, all of our obligations under the debt securities and the indenture;

immediately after giving effect to such transaction (and treating any indebtedness which becomes an obligation of the resulting, surviving or transferee entity as a result of such transaction as having been incurred by such entity at the time of such transaction), no default or event of default would occur or be continuing; and

we shall have delivered to the trustee an officers certificate and an opinion of counsel, each stating that such consolidation, merger or transfer and such supplemental indenture (if any) comply with the indenture.

Unless otherwise provided in the applicable prospectus supplement, and subject to the foregoing, the indenture permits:

a consolidation, merger, sale of assets or other similar transaction that may adversely affect our creditworthiness or that of a successor or combined entity;

a change in control; or

a highly leveraged transaction involving us, whether or not involving a change in control, and the indenture, therefore, will not protect holders of the debt securities from the substantial impact that any of the transactions described above may have on the value of the debt securities.

Governing Law

The indenture and the debt securities will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York, except to the extent that the Trust Indenture Act is applicable.

No Personal Liability of Directors, Officers, Employees and Stockholders

No director, officer, incorporator or stockholder of the Company, as such, shall have any liability for any obligations of the Company under the debt securities or the indenture or for any claim based on, in respect of, or by reason of, such obligations or their creation, solely by reason of its status as director, officer, incorporator or stockholder of the Company. By accepting a debt security, each holder waives and releases all such liability, but only such liability. The waiver and release are part of the consideration for issuance of the debt securities. Nevertheless, such waiver may not be effective to waive liabilities under the federal securities laws and it has been the view of the SEC that such a waiver is against public policy.

Conversion or Exchange Rights

Any debt securities offered hereby may be convertible into or exchangeable for shares of our equity or other securities. The terms and conditions of such conversion or exchange will be set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement. Such terms may include, among others, the following:

the conversion or exchange price;

the conversion or exchange period;

provisions regarding our ability or that of the holder to convert or exchange the debt securities;

events requiring adjustment to the conversion or exchange price; and

provisions affecting conversion or exchange in the event of our redemption of such debt securities.

Information Concerning the Trustee

The trustee, other than during the occurrence and continuance of an event of an event of default under the indenture, undertakes to perform only those duties as are specifically set forth in the indenture. Upon an event of default under the indenture, the trustee must use the same degree of care as a prudent person would exercise or use in the conduct of his or her own affairs. Subject to this provision, the trustee is under no

obligation to exercise any of the powers given it by the indenture at the request of any holder

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of debt securities unless it is offered reasonable security and indemnity against the costs, expenses and liabilities that it might incur.

The indenture contains limitations on the right of the trustee, should it become a creditor of the Company, to obtain payment of claims in certain cases or to realize on certain property received in respect of any such claim as security or otherwise. The trustee may engage in other transactions; however, if it acquires any conflicting interest relating to any duties with respect to the debt securities, it must eliminate the conflict or resign as trustee.

Limitations on Issuance of Bearer Debt Securities

Debt securities in bearer form are subject to special U.S. federal tax requirements and may not be offered, sold, or delivered within the United States or its possessions or to a U.S. person, except in certain transactions permitted by U.S. federal tax regulations. Investors should consult the relevant prospectus supplement in the event that bearer debt securities are issued for special procedures and restrictions that will apply to such an offering.

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DESCRIPTION OF WARRANTS

The following description, together with any information we may include in any applicable prospectus supplement, summarizes the material terms and provisions of the warrants that we may offer under this prospectus and the related warrant agreements and warrant certificates. Although the terms summarized below will apply generally to any warrants we may offer, we will describe the particular terms of any series of warrants in more detail in the applicable prospectus supplement and such terms may differ from the terms described below.

General

We may issue, together with other securities or separately, warrants to purchase our common stock or preferred stock. We will issue the warrants under warrant agreements to be entered into between us and a bank or trust company, as warrant agent, all as set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement. The warrant agent will act solely as our agent in connection with the warrants of the series being offered and will not assume any obligation or relationship of agency or trust for or with any holders or beneficial owners of warrants.

This section, along with the description in the applicable prospectus supplement, is a summary of certain provisions of the forms of warrant agreements and warrant certificates and is not complete. We urge you to read any applicable warrant agreements and warrant certificates, because those documents, and not these descriptions, define your rights as a holder of warrants. We will file copies of the forms of the warrant agreements and warrant certificates as exhibits to the Registration Statement of which this prospectus is a part or as exhibits to a Current Report on Form 8-K.

The applicable prospectus supplement will describe the following terms, where applicable, of warrants in respect of which this prospectus is being delivered:

the title of the warrants:

the designation, amount and terms of the securities for which the warrants are exercisable and the procedures and conditions relating to the exercise of such warrants;

the designation and terms of the other securities, if any, with which the warrants are to be issued and the number of warrants issued with each such security;

the price or prices at which the warrants will be issued;

the aggregate number of warrants;

any provisions for adjustment of the number or amount of securities receivable upon exercise of the warrants or the exercise price of the warrants;

the price or prices at which the securities purchasable upon exercise of the warrants may be purchased;

if applicable, the date on and after which the warrants and the securities purchasable upon exercise of the warrants will be separately transferable;

if applicable, a discussion of the material U.S. federal income tax considerations applicable to the warrants;

any other terms of the warrants, including terms, procedures and limitations relating to the exchange and exercise of the warrants;

the date on which the right to exercise the warrants shall commence and the date on which the right shall expire;

the maximum or minimum number of warrants which may be exercised at any time;

whether the warrants are to be issued in registered or bearer form;

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whether the warrants are extendible and the period or periods of such extendibility; and

information with respect to book-entry procedures, if any.

Before exercising their warrants, holders of warrants will not have any of the rights of holders of the securities purchasable upon such exercise, including the right to receive dividends, if any, or payments upon our liquidation, dissolution or winding-up or to exercise voting rights, if any.

Exercise of Warrants

Each warrant will entitle the holder thereof to purchase for cash the amount of shares of common or preferred stock at the exercise price as will in each case be set forth in, or be determinable as set forth in, the applicable prospectus supplement. Warrants may be exercised at any time up to the close of business on the expiration date set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement. After the close of business on the expiration date, unexercised warrants will become void. Warrants may be exercised as set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement relating to the warrants offered thereby. Upon receipt of payment and the warrant certificate properly completed and duly executed at the corporate trust office of the warrant agent or any other office indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, we will, as soon as practicable, forward the purchased securities. If less than all of the warrants represented by the warrant certificate are exercised, a new warrant certificate will be issued for the remaining warrants.

The shares of common stock and preferred stock issued upon exercise of any warrant will be issued subject to the restrictions and limitations on ownership contained in our charter and, in the case of preferred stock, the applicable articles supplementary establishing its terms. See Description of Capital Stock Restrictions on Ownership and Transfer beginning on page 25 of this prospectus.

Enforceability of Rights of Holders of Warrants

Each warrant agent will act solely as our agent under the applicable warrant agreement and will not assume any obligation or relationship of agency or trust with any holder of any warrant. A single bank or trust company may act as warrant agent for more than one issue of warrants. A warrant agent will have no duty or responsibility in case of any default by us under the applicable warrant agreement or warrant, including any duty or responsibility to initiate any proceedings at law or otherwise, or to make any demand upon us. Any holder of a warrant may, without the consent of the related warrant agent or the holder of any other warrant, enforce by appropriate legal action its right to exercise, and receive the securities purchasable upon exercise of, that holder s warrant(s).

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CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF OUR STATUS AS A REIT

The following general discussion summarizes the material U.S. federal income tax considerations regarding our qualification and taxation as a REIT and material U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in our common stock. This discussion is based on interpretations of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code), regulations issued thereunder, and rulings and decisions currently in effect (or in some cases proposed), all of which are subject to change. Any such change may be applied retroactively and may adversely affect the federal income tax consequences described herein. This summary addresses only investors that beneficially own shares of our common stock as capital assets. This summary does not discuss all of the tax consequences that may be relevant to particular stockholders or to stockholders subject to special treatment under the federal income tax laws, such as:

financial institutions or insurance companies;	
mutual funds;	
tax-exempt organization	ns;
insurance companies;	
dealers or brokers in sec	curities or foreign currencies;
traders in securities that elect to apply a mark-to-market method of accounting;	
foreign holders;	
persons that hold their st conversion transaction;	hares as part of a hedge against currency risk, appreciated financial position, straddle, constructive sale or or
holders that acquired the	air shares upon the eversion of stock ontions or otherwise as compansation

holders that acquired their shares upon the exercise of stock options or otherwise as compensation.

In connection with an offering of our debt or equity securities, Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft LLP will render an opinion that we qualify to be taxed as a REIT under the U.S. federal income tax laws, and our organization and current and proposed method of operation will enable us to continue to qualify as a REIT. Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft LLP has reviewed the discussion set forth below and is of the opinion that the statements made in this discussion, to the extent such statements summarize material U.S. federal tax consequences of the beneficial ownership of our common stock, are correct in all material respects. Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft LLP s opinion is based on various assumptions, including that certain factual representations and covenants made by us are and remain accurate; moreover, the opinion is subject to limitations, and will not binding on the Internal Revenue Service or any court. The Internal Revenue Service may challenge the opinion of Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft LLP, and such a challenge could be successful.

We urge you to consult your own tax advisor regarding the specific tax consequences to you of ownership of shares of our common stock and of our election to be taxed as a REIT. Specifically, you should consult your own tax advisor regarding the federal, state, local, foreign, and other tax consequences of your stock ownership and our REIT election, and regarding potential changes in applicable tax laws.

Taxation as a REIT

With our initial tax return, we will elect to be taxed as a REIT under the U.S. federal income tax laws beginning with our first taxable year ended December 31, 2003. We have been operated in a manner intended to qualify us as a REIT since the beginning of our first taxable year and we intend to continue to so operate.

Our qualification and taxation as a REIT will depend on our ability to meet, on a continuing basis, through actual annual operating results, the REIT qualification tests set forth in the federal income tax laws. Those qualification tests involve the percentage of income that we earn from specified sources, the percentage of our assets that falls within specified categories, the diversity of our stock ownership and the

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percentage of our earnings that we distribute. The REIT qualification tests are described in more detail below. While Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft LLP has reviewed those matters in connection with the foregoing opinion, the opinion will not require that Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft LLP review our compliance with those tests on a continuing basis. Accordingly, no assurance can be given that the actual results of our operations for any particular taxable year will satisfy those requirements. For a discussion of the tax consequences of failure to qualify as a REIT, see Failure to Qualify as a REIT below.

As a REIT, we generally will not be subject to federal corporate income tax on our net income that is currently distributed to our stockholders. The REIT provisions generally allow a REIT to deduct dividends paid to its stockholders. This deduction for dividends paid substantially eliminates the double taxation (at the corporate and stockholder levels) that generally results from an investment in a corporation. However, we will be subject to federal income tax as follows:

We will be taxed at regular corporate rates on any undistributed REIT taxable income, including undistributed net capital gains. However, we may elect to treat as having distributed to our stockholders certain of our capital gains upon which we have paid taxes, in which event so much of the taxes as have been paid by us with respect to such income would also be treated as having been distributed to stockholders. See Annual Distribution Requirements, below.

Under certain circumstances, we may be subject to the alternative minimum tax on our items of tax preference.

If we have:

net income from the sale or other disposition of property acquired through foreclosure, referred to as foreclosure property, that we hold primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of our trade or business, or

other nonqualifying income from foreclosure property,

we will be subject to tax at the highest corporate rate on such income.

If we have net income from certain sales or other dispositions of property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business, other than foreclosure property, such income will be subject to a 100% tax. We will also incur a 100% excise tax on any transaction with a taxable REIT subsidiary that is not conducted on an arm s-length basis. Further, we will pay tax at the highest corporate rate on the portion of any excess inclusion income that we derive from residual interests in a real estate mortgage investment conduit (or REMIC) equal to the percentage of our stock that is held by disqualified organizations. Excess inclusion income also may include a portion of any dividends that we receive from other REITs to the extent that those dividends are attributable to exclusion income derived from REMIC residual interests held by those other REITs. A disqualified organization includes:

the United States;
any state or political subdivision of the United States;
any foreign government;
any international organization;
any agency or instrumentality of any of the foregoing;
any ot