MORGAN STANLEY Form FWP March 01, 2019

February 2019

Preliminary Terms No. 1,675 Registration Statement Nos. 333-221595; 333-221595-01 Dated February 28, 2019 Filed pursuant to Rule 433

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

STRUCTURED INVESTMENTS

Opportunities in U.S. Equities

Dual Directional Buffered Securities Based on the Value of the Worst Performing of the S&P 500® Index and the Invesco QQQ TrustSM, Series 1 due March 4, 2021

Fully and Unconditionally Guaranteed by Morgan Stanley

Principal at Risk Securities

The Dual Directional Buffered Securities, or "securities," are unsecured obligations of Morgan Stanley Finance LLC ("MSFL") and are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Morgan Stanley. The securities will pay no interest, provide a minimum payment at maturity of only 15% of the stated principal amount and have the terms described in the accompanying product supplement for PLUS, index supplement and prospectus, as supplemented or modified by this document. The payment at maturity on the securities will be based on the value of the worst performing of the S&P 500® Index and the Invesco QQQ TrustSM, Series 1. At maturity, if the final level of **each** underlying is **greater than** its respective initial level, investors will receive the stated principal amount of their investment *plus* a return reflecting 101.50% of the upside performance of the worst performing underlying. If the final level of **either** underlying is **less than or equal** to its respective initial level, but the final level of **each** underlying is **greater than or equal to** 85% of its respective initial level, meaning that **neither** underlying has decreased from its initial level by an amount *greater than* the buffer amount of 15%, investors will receive the stated principal amount of their investment *plus* an unleveraged positive return based on the absolute value of the performance of the worst performing underlying, which will be inherently limited to a maximum return of 15%. However, if the final level of **either** underlying is **less than**

85% of its respective initial level, meaning that **either** underlying has decreased from its respective initial level by an amount *greater than* the buffer amount of 15%, the absolute return feature will no longer be available and instead investors will lose 1% for every 1% decline in the worst performing underlying beyond the specified buffer amount, subject to the minimum payment at maturity of 15% of the stated principal amount. Investors may lose up to 85% of the stated principal amount of the securities. Because the payment at maturity of the securities is based on the worst performing of the underlyings, a decline in **either** underlying beyond the buffer amount will result in a loss, and potentially a significant loss, of your investment even if the other underlying has appreciated or has not declined as much. The securities are for investors who seek an equity-based return and who are willing to risk their principal, risk exposure to the worst performing of two underlyings and forgo current income in exchange for the buffer and absolute return features that in each case apply to a limited range of performance of the worst performing underlying. The securities are notes issued as part of MSFL's Series A Global Medium-Term Notes program.

The securities differ from the PLUS described in the accompanying product supplement for PLUS in that the securities offer the potential for a positive return at maturity if the worst performing underlying depreciates by no more than 15%.

All payments are subject to our credit risk. If we default on our obligations, you could lose some or all of your investment. These securities are not secured obligations and you will not have any security interest in, or otherwise have any access to, any underlying reference asset or assets.

SUMMARY TERMS

Issuer: Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Guarantor: Morgan Stanley Maturity date: March 4, 2021

Underlyings: S&P 500® Index (the "SPX Index") and the Invesco QQQ

TrustSM, Series 1 (the "QQQ Shares")

Aggregate principal amount:

Payment at maturity: If the final level of **each underlying** is *greater than* its

respective initial level,

\$1,000 + (\$1,000 × participation rate × underlying percent change of the worst performing underlying)

If the final level of **either underlying** is *less than or equal to* its respective initial level but the final level of **each underlying** is *greater than or equal to* 85% of its respective initial level, meaning that **neither** underlying has decreased from its initial level by an amount

greater than the buffer amount of 15%,

 $$1,000 + ($1,000 \times absolute underlying return of the$

worst performing underlying)

If the final level of **either underlying** is *less than* 85% of its respective initial level, meaning that **either** underlying has decreased from its respective initial level by an amount *greater than* the buffer amount of

15%,

 $(\$1,000 \times \text{underlying performance factor of the worst})$

performing underlying) + \$150

Under these circumstances, the payment at maturity will be less than the stated principal amount of \$1,000. However, under no circumstances will the securities

pay less than \$150 per security at maturity.

With respect to each underlying, (final level – initial

level) / initial level

The underlying with the lesser underlying percent Worst performing underlying:

change

With respect to each underlying, final level / initial Underlying performance factor:

level

The absolute value of the underlying percent

change. For example, a -5% underlying percent change Absolute underlying return:

> will result in a +5% absolute underlying return. With respect to the SPX Index, , which is the index closing value of such underlying on the pricing date

Initial level:

Valuation date:

Agent:

Underlying percent change:

With respect to the QQQ Shares, \$, which is the closing price of such underlying on the pricing date With respect to the SPX Index, the index closing value

of such underlying on the valuation date

Final level: With respect to the QQQ Shares, the closing price of

such underlying on the valuation date times the

adjustment factor on such date

March 1, 2021, subject to adjustment for non-index business days, non-trading days and certain market

disruption events

\$150 per security (15% of the stated principal amount) Minimum payment at maturity:

Participation rate: 101.50%

With respect to the OOO Shares, 1.0, subject to

adjustment in the event of certain events affecting the Adjustment factor:

QQQ Shares

Buffer amount: 15%

Stated principal amount: \$1,000 per security Issue price: \$1,000 per security Pricing date: February 28, 2019

Original issue date: March 5, 2019 (3 business days after the pricing date)

CUSIP / ISIN: 61768DX26 / US61768DX269

The securities will not be listed on any securities Listing:

exchange.

Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC ("MS & Co."), a wholly owned subsidiary of Morgan Stanley and an affiliate of

MSFL. See "Supplemental information regarding plan

of distribution; conflicts of interest."

Approximately \$985.00 per security, or within \$10.00 Estimated value on the pricing date:

of that estimate. See "Investment Summary" on page 2.

Price to public Agent's commission⁽¹⁾ Proceeds to us⁽²⁾ Commissions and issue price:

Per security \$1,000 \$ \$ Total \$ \$ \$

Selected dealers and their financial advisors will collectively receive from the agent, MS & Co., a fixed sales commission of \$ for each security they sell. See "Supplemental information regarding plan of distribution; conflicts of interest." For additional information, see "Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)" in the accompanying product supplement for PLUS.

(2) See "Use of proceeds and hedging" on page 19.

The securities involve risks not associated with an investment in ordinary debt securities. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 7.

The Securities and Exchange Commission and state securities regulators have not approved or disapproved these securities, or determined if this document or the accompanying product supplement, index supplement and prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The securities are not deposits or savings accounts and are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency or instrumentality, nor are they obligations of, or guaranteed by, a bank.

You should read this document together with the related product supplement, index supplement and prospectus, each of which can be accessed via the hyperlinks below. Please also see "Additional Terms of the Securities" and "Additional Information About the Securities" at the end of this document.

As used in this document, "we," "us" and "our" refer to Morgan Stanley or MSFL, or Morgan Stanley and MSFL collectively, as the context requires.

<u>Product Supplement for PLUS dated November 16, 2017</u> <u>Index Supplement dated November 16, 2017</u> <u>Prospectus dated November 16, 2017</u>

	Morgan	Stanle	y Finance	LLC
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Dual Directional Buffered Securities Based on the Value of the Worst Performing of the S&P 500[®] Index and the Invesco QQQ TrustSM, Series 1 due March 4, 2021

Principal at Risk Securities

Investment Summary

Principal at Risk Securities

The Dual Directional Buffered Securities Based on the Value of the Worst Performing of the S&P 500® Index and the Invesco QQQ TrustSM, Series 1 due March 4, 2021 (the "securities") can be used:

§ To gain exposure to the worst performing of two U.S. equity underlyings

To obtain an unleveraged positive return for a limited range of negative performance of the worst performing underlying

If the final level of **either** underlying is **less than** 85% of its respective initial level, investors will be negatively exposed to the decline in the worst performing underlying beyond the buffer amount and will lose some or a substantial portion of their investment.

Maturity: Approximately 2 years

Participation rate: 101.50%

Minimum payment at \$150 per security (15% of the stated principal amount). Investors may lose up to 85% of the

maturity: stated principal amount of the securities.

Buffer amount: 15%, with 1-to-1 downside exposure to the worst performing underlying below the buffer

Coupon: None

Listing: The securities will not be listed on any securities exchange

The original issue price of each security is \$1,000. This price includes costs associated with issuing, selling, structuring and hedging the securities, which are borne by you, and, consequently, the estimated value of the securities on the pricing date will be less than \$1,000. We estimate that the value of each security on the pricing date will be approximately \$985.00, or within \$10.00 of that estimate. Our estimate of the value of the securities as determined on the pricing date will be set forth in the final pricing supplement.

What goes into the estimated value on the pricing date?

In valuing the securities on the pricing date, we take into account that the securities comprise both a debt component and a performance-based component linked to the underlyings. The estimated value of the securities is determined using our own pricing and valuation models, market inputs and assumptions relating to the underlyings, instruments based on the underlyings, volatility and other factors including current and expected interest rates, as well as an interest rate related to our secondary market credit spread, which is the implied interest rate at which our conventional fixed rate debt trades in the secondary market.

What determines the economic terms of the securities?

In determining the economic terms of the securities, including the participation rate, the buffer amount and the minimum payment at maturity, we use an internal funding rate, which is likely to be lower than our secondary market credit spreads and therefore advantageous to us. If the issuing, selling, structuring and hedging costs borne by you were lower or if the internal funding rate were higher, one or more of the economic terms of the securities would be more favorable to you.

What is the relationship between the estimated value on the pricing date and the secondary market price of the securities?

The price at which MS & Co. purchases the securities in the secondary market, absent changes in market conditions, including those related to the underlyings, may vary from, and be lower than, the estimated value on the pricing date, because the secondary market price takes into account our secondary market credit spread as well as the bid-offer spread that MS & Co. would charge in a secondary market transaction of this type and other factors. However, because the costs associated with issuing, selling, structuring and hedging the securities are not fully deducted upon issuance, for a period of up to 6 months following the issue date, to the extent that MS & Co. may buy or sell the securities in the secondary market, absent changes in market conditions, including those related to the underlyings, and to our secondary market credit spreads, it would do so based on values higher than the estimated value. We expect that those higher values will also be reflected in your brokerage account statements.

MS & Co. may, but is not obligated to, make a market in the securities, and, if it once chooses to make a market, may cease doing so at any time.

Dual Directional Buffered Securities Based on the Value of the Worst Performing of the S&P 500[®] Index and the Invesco QQQ TrustSM, Series 1 due March 4, 2021

Principal at Risk Securities

Key Investment Rationale

The securities offer the potential for a positive return at maturity based on the absolute value of a limited range of percentage changes of the worst performing underlying. At maturity, if the final level of **each** underlying is **greater than** its respective initial level, investors will receive the stated principal amount of their investment *plus* a return reflecting 101.50% of the upside performance of the worst performing underlying. If the final level of **either** underlying is **less than or equal** to its respective initial level but the final level of **each** underlying is **greater than or equal to** 85% of its respective initial level, investors will receive the stated principal amount of their investment *plus* an unleveraged positive return based on the absolute value of the performance of the worst performing underlying. However, if the final level of **either** underlying is **less than** 85% of its respective initial level, the absolute return feature will no longer be available and instead investors will lose 1% for every 1% decline in the worst performing underlying beyond the specified buffer amount, subject to the minimum payment at maturity. **Investors may lose up to 85% of the stated principal amount of the securities. All payments on the securities are subject to our credit risk.**

Absolute Return Feature

The securities enable investors to obtain an unleveraged positive return if the final level of **either** underlying is **less than or equal** to its respective initial level **but** the final level of **each** underlying is **greater than or equal to** 85% of its respective initial level.

Upside Scenario if Both Underlyings Appreciate

Both underlyings increase in value, and, at maturity, the securities redeem for the stated principal amount of \$1,000 *plus* 101.50% of the underlying percent change of the worst performing underlying.

Absolute Return Scenario

The final level of **either** underlying is **less than or equal** to its respective initial level **but** the final level of **each** underlying is **greater than or equal to** 85% of its respective initial level. In this case, you receive a 1% positive return on the securities for each 1% negative return on the worst performing underlying. For example, if the final level of the worst performing underlying is 10% less than its respective initial level, the securities will provide a total positive return of 10% at maturity. The maximum return you may receive in this scenario is a positive 15% return at maturity.

Downside Scenario

The final level of **either** underlying is **less than** 85% of its respective initial level. In this case, the securities redeem for less than the stated principal amount by an amount proportionate to the percentage decrease of the worst performing underlying over the term of the securities, plus the buffer amount of 15%. For example, if the final level of the worst performing underlying is 70% less than its initial level, the securities will be redeemed at maturity for a loss of 55% of principal

at \$450, or 45% of the stated principal amount. **The minimum payment at maturity is \$150 per security.**

Because the payment at maturity of the securities is based on the worst performing of the underlyings, a decline in **either** underlying to less than 85% of its respective initial level will result in a loss, and potentially a significant loss, of your investment, even if the other underlying has appreciated or has not declined as much.

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Dual Directional Buffered Securities Based on the Value of the Worst Performing of the S&P 500® Index and the Invesco QQQ TrustSM, Series 1 due March 4, 2021

Principal at Risk Securities

Hypothetical Examples

The following hypothetical examples illustrate how to calculate the payment at maturity on the securities. The following examples are for illustrative purposes only. The actual initial level for each underlying will be determined on the pricing date. Any payment at maturity on the securities is subject to our credit risk. The below examples are based on the following terms:

Stated principal amount: \$1,000 per security

Participation rate: 101.50%

With respect to the SPX Index: 2,700

Hypothetical initial level:

With respect to the QQQ Shares: \$170

Minimum payment at maturity: \$150 per security (15% of the stated principal amount)

Buffer amount: 15%

EXAMPLE 1: The final level of each underlying is greater than its respective initial level.

Final level SPX Index: 2,970

QQQ Shares: \$238 SPX Index: (2,970 – 2,700) / 2,700 =

10%

Underlying percent change

QQQ Shares: (\$238 – \$170) /

\$170 = 40%

Payment at maturity = $\$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times$

participation rate × underlying percent change of the worst performing

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underlying)
= \$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times 101.50\% \times 10\%)
= \$1,101.50
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In example 1, the final levels of both the SPX Index and QQQ Shares are greater than their initial levels. The SPX Index has appreciated by 10% while the QQQ Shares have appreciated by 40%. Therefore, investors receive at maturity the stated principal amount *plus* 101.50% of the appreciation of the worst performing underlying, which is the SPX Index in this example. Investors receive \$1,101.50 per security at maturity.

EXAMPLE 2: The final level of one underlying is greater than its respective initial level while the final level of the other underlying is less than its respective initial level, but neither underlying has decreased from its initial level by an amount greater than the buffer amount of 15%.

Final level	SPX Index: 3,780 QQQ Shares: \$153 SPX Index: (3,780 – 2,700) / 2,700 = 40%
Underlying percent change	.070
Payment at maturity	QQQ Shares: (\$153 - \$170) / \$170 = -10% \$1,000 + (\$1,000 × absolute = underlying return of the worst performing underlying) = \$1,000 + (\$1,000 × 10%) = \$1,100

In example 2, the final level of the SPX Index is greater than its respective initial level, while the final level of the QQQ Shares is less than its respective initial level. The SPX Index has appreciated by 40%, while the QQQ Shares have declined by 10%, but neither underlying has decreased from its initial level by an amount greater than the buffer amount of 15%. Therefore, investors receive at maturity the stated principal amount *plus* 100% of the absolute value of the performance of the QQQ Shares, which represent the worst performing underlying in this example. Investors receive \$1,100 per security at maturity. In this example, investors receive a positive return even though one of the underlyings has declined in value by 10%, due to the absolute return feature of the securities and because neither underlying has declined to below 85% of its initial level.

Dual Directional Buffered Securities Based on the Value of the Worst Performing of the S&P 500® Index and the Invesco QQQ TrustSM, Series 1 due March 4, 2021

Principal at Risk Securities

EXAMPLE 3: The final level of one underlying is greater than its respective initial level while the final level of the other underlying is less than 85% of its respective initial level.

Final level SPX Index: 2,970 QQQ Shares: \$85 SPX Index: (2,970 -2,700) / 2,700 =10% Underlying percent change QQQ Shares: (\$85 – \$170) / \$170 = -50% SPX Index: 2,970 / 2,700 = 110%Underlying performance factor QQQ Shares: \$85 / \$170 = 50% $($1,000 \times$ underlying =performance factor Payment at maturity of the worst performing underlying) + \$150 $(\$1,000 \times 50\%) +$ \$150 =\$650

In example 3, the final level of the SPX Index is greater than its respective initial level, while the final level of the QQQ Shares is less than 85% of its respective initial level. While the SPX Index has appreciated by 10%, the QQQ Shares have declined by 50%. Therefore, investors are exposed to the negative performance of the QQQ Shares, which represent the worst performing underlying in this example, beyond the buffer amount of 15%, and receive a payment at maturity of \$650 per security. In this example, investors lose the benefit of the absolute return feature and are exposed to the negative performance of the worst performing underlying even though the other underlying has appreciated in value by 10%, because the final level of each underlying is not greater than or equal to 85% of its respective initial level.

EXAMPLE 4: The final level of each underlying is less than its respective initial level, but neither underlying has decreased from its initial level by an amount greater than the buffer amount of 15%.

Final level SPX Index: 2,565 OOO Shares: \$153 SPX Index: (2,565 – 2,700) / 2,700 =-5% Underlying percent change **OOO** Shares: (\$153 - \$170) /\$170 = -10% $1,000 + (1,000 \times$ absolute return of =the worst Payment at maturity performing underlying) =\$1,000 + (\$1,000 × 10%) =\$1,100

In example 4, the final level of each underlying is less than its respective initial level, but neither underlying has decreased from its initial level by an amount greater than the buffer amount of 15%. The SPX Index has declined by 5% while the QQQ Shares have declined by 10%. Therefore, investors receive at maturity the stated principal amount *plus* 100% of the absolute value of the performance of the QQQ Shares, which represent the worst performing underlying in this example. Investors receive \$1,100 per security at maturity.

EXAMPLE 5: The final level of each underlying is less than 85% of its respective initial level.

Final level SPX Index: 810 QQQ Shares: \$68 SPX Index: (810 2,700) / 2,700 = -70%	
Underlying percent change	
QQQ Shares:	
(\$68 – \$170) /	
\$170 = -60%	
Underlying performance factor SPX Index: 810	/
2,700 = 30%	
QQQ Shares:	
\$68 / \$170 =	

40%

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Dual Directional Buffered Securities Based on the Value of the Worst Performing of the S&P 500® Index and the Invesco QQQ TrustSM, Series 1 due March 4, 2021

Principal at Risk Securities

Payment at maturity =
$$(\$1,000 \times \text{underlying performance factor of the worst performing underlying}) + \$150$$

= $(\$1,000 \times 30\%) + \150
= $\$450$

In example 5, the final levels of both the SPX Index and the QQQ Shares are less than their respective initial levels by an amount greater than the buffer amount of 15%. The SPX Index has declined by 70% while the QQQ Shares have declined by 60%. Therefore, investors are exposed to the negative performance of the SPX Index, which is the worst performing underlying in this example, beyond the buffer amount of 15%, and receive a payment at maturity of \$450 per security.

Because the payment at maturity of the securities is based on the worst performing of the underlyings, a decline in either underlying by an amount greater than the buffer amount of 15% will result in a loss, and potentially a significant loss, of your investment, even if the other underlying has appreciated or has not declined as much.

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC

Dual Directional Buffered Securities Based on the Value of the Worst Performing of the S&P 500[®] Index and the Invesco QQQ TrustSM, Series 1 due March 4, 2021

Principal at Risk Securities

Risk Factors

The following is a non-exhaustive list of certain key risk factors for investors in the securities. For further discussion of these and other risks, you should read the section entitled "Risk Factors" in the accompanying product supplement for PLUS, index supplement and prospectus. We also urge you to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisers in connection with your investment in the securities.

The securities do not pay interest and provide a minimum payment at maturity of only 15% of the stated principal amount. The terms of the securities differ from those of ordinary debt securities in that the securities do not pay interest and provide a minimum payment at maturity of only 15% of the stated principal amount of the securities. If the final level of either underlying is less than 85% of its initial level, the absolute return feature will no longer be available and you will instead receive for each security that you hold a payment at maturity that is less than the stated principal amount of each security by an amount proportionate to the decline in the value of the worst performing underlying from its initial level, plus \$150 per security. Accordingly, investors may lose up to 85% of the stated principal amount of the securities.

You are exposed to the price risk of both underlyings. Your return on the securities is not linked to a basket consisting of both underlyings. Rather, it will be based upon the independent performance of each underlying. Unlike an instrument with a return linked to a basket of underlying assets, in which risk is mitigated and diversified among all the components of the basket, you will be exposed to the risks related to both underlyings. Poor \$performance by either underlying over the term of the securities will negatively affect your return and will not be offset or mitigated by any positive performance by the other underlying. If either underlying declines to below 85% of its respective initial level as of the valuation date, you will lose some or a substantial portion of your investment, even if the other underlying has appreciated or has not declined as much. Accordingly, your investment is subject to the price risk of both underlyings.

Because the securities are linked to the performance of the worst performing underlying, you are exposed to greater risk of sustaining a loss on your investment than if the securities were linked to just one underlying. The risk that you will suffer a loss on your investment is greater if you invest in the securities as opposed to § substantially similar securities that are linked to the performance of just one underlying. With two underlyings, it is more likely that either underlying will decline to below 85% of its initial level as of the valuation date than if the securities were linked to only one underlying. Therefore it is more likely that you will suffer a loss on your investment.

The market price of the securities will be influenced by many unpredictable factors. Several factors will influence the value of the securities in the secondary market and the price at which MS & Co. may be willing to purchase or sell the securities in the secondary market, including the value, volatility and dividend yield of each of the underlyings, interest and yield rates in the market, time remaining until the securities mature, geopolitical \$conditions and economic, financial, political, regulatory or judicial events and any actual or anticipated changes in our credit ratings or credit spreads. The levels of the underlyings may be, and have recently been, volatile, and we can give you no assurance that the volatility will lessen. See "S&P 50® Index Overview" and "Invesco QQQ Trust, Series 1 Overview" below. You may receive less, and possibly significantly less, than the stated principal amount per security if you try to sell your securities prior to maturity.

The securities are subject to our credit risk, and any actual or anticipated changes to our credit ratings or credit spreads may adversely affect the market value of the securities. You are dependent on our ability to pay all amounts due on the securities at maturity and therefore you are subject to our credit risk. If we default on its § obligations under the securities, your investment would be at risk and you could lose some or all of your investment. As a result, the market value of the securities prior to maturity will be affected by changes in the market's view of our creditworthiness. Any actual or anticipated decline in our credit ratings or increase in the credit spreads charged by the market for taking our credit risk is likely to adversely affect the market value of the securities.

As a finance subsidiary, MSFL has no independent operations and will have no independent assets. As a finance subsidiary, MSFL has no independent operations beyond the issuance and administration of its securities and will have no independent assets available for distributions to holders of MSFL securities if they make claims in respect of such securities in a bankruptcy, resolution or similar proceeding. Accordingly, any recoveries by such holders will be limited to those available under the related guarantee by Morgan Stanley and that guarantee will rank pari passu with all other unsecured, unsubordinated obligations of Morgan Stanley. Holders will have recourse only to a single claim against Morgan Stanley and its assets under the guarantee. Holders of securities issued by MSFL should accordingly assume that in any such proceedings

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Principal at Risk Securities

they would not have any priority over and should be treated *pari passu* with the claims of other unsecured, unsubordinated creditors of Morgan Stanley, including holders of Morgan Stanley-issued securities.

The QQQ Shares are subject to risks associated with investments concentrated in the non-financial equities sector. All or substantially all of the equity securities held by the QQQ Shares are issued by companies whose \$primary business is directly associated with non-financial equities. The QQQ Shares may therefore be subject to increased price volatility, as they may be more susceptible to adverse economic, market, political or regulatory events affecting a particular industry or market sector.

The amount payable on the securities is not linked to the values of the underlyings at any time other than the valuation date. The final level of each underlying will be based on the closing level of such underlying on the valuation date, subject to postponement for non-index business days, non-trading days and certain market disruption events. Even if both underlyings appreciate prior to the valuation date but the value of either underlying drops by the valuation date to less than 85% of its initial level, the payment at maturity will be less than it would have been had the payment at maturity been linked to the values of the underlyings prior to such drop. Although the actual values of the underlyings on the stated maturity date or at other times during the term of the securities may be higher than their respective final levels, the payment at maturity will be based solely on the closing levels on the valuation date.

Investing in the securities is not equivalent to investing in either underlying or the stocks composing the SPX Index or the NASDAQ-100 Index[®]. Investing in the securities is not equivalent to investing in either underlying or § the component stocks of either the SPX Index or the NASDAQ-100 Index[®]. As an investor in the securities, you will not have voting rights or rights to receive dividends or other distributions or any other rights with respect to stocks that constitute either the SPX Index or the NASDAQ-100 Index[®].

Adjustments to the SPX Index could adversely affect the value of the securities. The publisher of the SPX Index may add, delete or substitute the stocks constituting the SPX Index or make other methodological changes that could change the value of the SPX Index. The publisher of the SPX Index may discontinue or suspend calculation or publication of the SPX Index at any time. In these circumstances, the calculation agent will have the sole discretion to substitute a successor index that is comparable to the discontinued underlying and will be permitted to consider indices that are calculated and published by the calculation agent or any of its affiliates.

§ Adjustments to the QQQ Shares or the index tracked by the QQQ Shares could adversely affect the value of the securities. The investment adviser to the QQQ Shares, Invesco Capital Management LLC (the "Investment Adviser"), seeks investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and

expenses, of the NASDAQ-100 Index® (the "share underlying index"). Pursuant to its investment strategies or otherwise, the Investment Adviser may add, delete or substitute the stocks composing the QQQ Shares. Any of these actions could adversely affect the price of the QQQ Shares and, consequently, the value of the securities. Nasdaq, Inc. is responsible for calculating and maintaining the share underlying index. The publisher may add, delete or substitute the stocks constituting the share underlying index or make other methodological changes that could change the level of the share underlying index. The publisher of the share underlying index may discontinue or suspend calculation or publication of the share underlying index at any time. In these circumstances, the calculation agent will have the sole discretion to substitute a successor index that is comparable to the discontinued share underlying index and is permitted to consider indices that are calculated and published by the calculation agent or any of its affiliates. Any of these actions could adversely affect the price of the QQQ Shares and, consequently, the value of the securities.

The performance and market price of the QQQ Shares, particularly during periods of market volatility, may not correlate with the performance of the share underlying index, the performance of the component securities of the share underlying index or the net asset value per share of the QQQ Shares. The QQQ Shares do not fully replicate the share underlying index and may hold securities that are different than those included in the share underlying index. In addition, the performance of the QQQ Shares will reflect additional transaction costs and \$fees that are not included in the calculation of the share underlying index. All of these factors may lead to a lack of correlation between the performance of QQQ Shares and the share underlying index. In addition, corporate actions (such as mergers and spin-offs) with respect to the equity securities underlying the QQQ Shares may impact the variance between the performances of QQQ Shares and the share underlying index. Finally, because the shares of the QQQ Shares are traded on an exchange and are subject to market supply and investor demand, the market price of one share of the QQQ Shares may differ from the net asset value per share of the QQQ Shares.

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In particular, during periods of market volatility, or unusual trading activity, trading in the securities underlying the QQQ Shares may be disrupted or limited, or such securities may be unavailable in the secondary market. Under these circumstances, the liquidity of the QQQ Shares may be adversely affected, market participants may be unable to calculate accurately the net asset value per share of the QQQ Shares, and their ability to create and redeem shares of the QQQ Shares may be disrupted. Under these circumstances, the market price of shares of the QQQ Shares may vary substantially from the net asset value per share of the QQQ Shares or the level of the share underlying index.

For all of the foregoing reasons, the performance of the QQQ Shares may not correlate with the performance of the share underlying index, the performance of the component securities of the share underlying index or the net asset value per share of the QQQ Shares. Any of these events could materially and adversely affect the price of the shares of the QQQ Shares and, therefore, the value of the securities. Additionally, if market volatility or these events were to occur on the valuation date, the calculation agent would maintain discretion to determine whether such market volatility or events have caused a market disruption event to occur, and such determination may affect the payment on the securities. If the calculation agent determines that no market disruption event has taken place, the payment at maturity would be based on the published closing price per share of the QQQ Shares on the valuation date, even if the QQQ Shares' shares are underperforming the share underlying index or the component securities of the share underlying index and/or trading below the net asset value per share of the QQQ Shares.

The antidilution adjustments the calculation agent is required to make do not cover every event that could affect the QQQ Shares. MS & Co., as calculation agent, will adjust the adjustment factor for certain events § affecting the QQQ Shares. However, the calculation agent will not make an adjustment for every event that can affect the QQQ Shares. If an event occurs that does not require the calculation agent to adjust the adjustment factor, the market price of the securities may be materially and adversely affected.

The rate we are willing to pay for securities of this type, maturity and issuance size is likely to be lower than the rate implied by our secondary market credit spreads and advantageous to us. Both the lower rate and the inclusion of costs associated with issuing, selling, structuring and hedging the securities in the original issue price reduce the economic terms of the securities, cause the estimated value of the securities to be less than the original issue price and will adversely affect secondary market prices. Assuming no change in market conditions § or any other relevant factors, the prices, if any, at which dealers, including MS & Co., may be willing to purchase the securities in secondary market transactions will likely be significantly lower than the original issue price, because secondary market prices will exclude the issuing, selling, structuring and hedging-related costs that are included in the original issue price and borne by you and because the secondary market prices will reflect our secondary market credit spreads and the bid-offer spread that any dealer would charge in a secondary market transaction of this type as well as other factors.

The inclusion of the costs of issuing, selling, structuring and hedging the securities in the original issue price and the lower rate we are willing to pay as issuer make the economic terms of the securities less favorable to you than they otherwise would be.

However, because the costs associated with issuing, selling, structuring and hedging the securities are not fully deducted upon issuance, for a period of up to 6 months following the issue date, to the extent that MS & Co. may buy or sell the securities in the secondary market, absent changes in market conditions, including those related to the underlyings, and to our secondary market credit spreads, it would do so based on values higher than the estimated value, and we expect that those higher values will also be reflected in your brokerage account statements.

The estimated value of the securities is determined by reference to our pricing and valuation models, which may differ from those of other dealers and is not a maximum or minimum secondary market price. These pricing and valuation models are proprietary and rely in part on subjective views of certain market inputs and certain assumptions about future events, which may prove to be incorrect. As a result, because there is no market-standard way to value these types of securities, our models may yield a higher estimated value of the securities than those § generated by others, including other dealers in the market, if they attempted to value the securities. In addition, the estimated value on the pricing date does not represent a minimum or maximum price at which dealers, including MS & Co., would be willing to purchase your securities in the secondary market (if any exists) at any time. The value of your securities at any time after the date of this document will vary based on many factors that cannot be predicted with accuracy, including our creditworthiness and changes in market conditions. See also "The market price of the securities will be influenced by many unpredictable factors" above.

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The securities will not be listed on any securities exchange and secondary trading may be limited. The securities will not be listed on any securities exchange. Therefore, there may be little or no secondary market for the securities. MS & Co. may, but is not obligated to, make a market in the securities and, if it once chooses to make a market, may cease doing so at any time. When it does make a market, it will generally do so for transactions of routine secondary market size at prices based on its estimate of the current value of the securities, taking into account its bid/offer spread, our credit spreads, market volatility, the notional size of the proposed sale, the cost of unwinding any related hedging positions, the time remaining to maturity and the likelihood that it will be able to resell the securities. Even if there is a secondary market, it may not provide enough liquidity to allow you to trade or sell the securities easily. Since other broker-dealers may not participate significantly in the secondary market for the securities, the price at which you may be able to trade your securities is likely to depend on the price, if any, at which MS & Co. is willing to transact. If, at any time, MS & Co. were to cease making a market in the securities, it is likely that there would be no secondary market for the securities. Accordingly, you should be willing to hold your securities to maturity.

Hedging and trading activity by our affiliates could potentially adversely affect the value of the securities. One or more of our affiliates and/or third-party dealers expect to carry out hedging activities related to the securities (and to other instruments linked to either underlying or the share underlying index), including taking positions in stocks constituting the SPX Index or the share underlying index or taking positions in the OOO Shares, futures and/or options contracts on the SPX Index, the QQQ Shares, the share underlying index or their component stocks listed on major securities markets. As a result, these entities may be unwinding or adjusting hedge positions during the term of the securities, and the hedging strategy may involve greater and more frequent dynamic adjustments to the hedge as the valuation date approaches. Some of our affiliates also trade the stocks that constitute the underlyings and other financial instruments related to the underlyings on a regular basis as part of their general broker-dealer and other businesses. Any of these hedging or trading activities on or prior to the pricing date could potentially affect the initial level of an underlying, and, therefore, could increase the value at or above which such underlying must close on the valuation date so that investors do not suffer a loss on their initial investment in the securities (depending also on the performance of the other underlying). Additionally, such hedging or trading activities during the term of the securities, including on the valuation date, could adversely affect the closing value of either underlying on the valuation date, and, accordingly, the amount of cash an investor will receive at maturity (depending also on the performance of the other underlying).

§ The calculation agent, which is a subsidiary of Morgan Stanley and an affiliate of MSFL, will make determinations with respect to the securities. As calculation agent, MS & Co. will determine the initial levels and the final levels, including whether any underlying has decreased to below 85% of its respective initial level, and will calculate the amount of cash you receive at maturity. Moreover, certain determinations made by MS & Co., in its capacity as calculation agent, may require it to exercise discretion and make subjective judgments, such as with respect to the occurrence or non-occurrence of market disruption events, whether to make any adjustments to the adjustment factor and the selection of a successor index or calculation of the index closing value of the SPX Index or

the closing price of the QQQ Shares, as applicable, in the event of a market disruption event or discontinuance of an underlying. These potentially subjective determinations may adversely affect the payout to you at maturity. For further information regarding these types of determinations, see "Description of PLUS—Postponement of Valuation Date(s)," "—Alternate Exchange Calculation in case of an Event of Default" and "—Calculation Agent and Calculations" and related definitions in the accompanying product supplement. In addition, MS & Co. has determined the estimated value of the securities on the pricing date.

The U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the securities are uncertain. Please read the discussion under "Additional Information—Tax considerations" in this document and the discussion under "United States Federal Taxation" in the accompanying product supplement for PLUS (together, the "Tax Disclosure Sections") concerning the U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the securities. As discussed in the Tax Disclosure Sections, there is a substantial risk that the "constructive ownership" rule could apply, in which case all or a portion of any long-term capital gain recognized by a U.S. Holder could be recharacterized as ordinary income and an interest charge could be imposed. If the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") were successful in asserting an alternative treatment, the timing and character of income on the securities might differ significantly from the tax treatment described in the Tax Disclosure Sections. For example, under one possible treatment, the IRS could seek to recharacterize the securities as debt instruments. In that event, U.S. Holders would be required to accrue into income original issue discount on the securities every year at a "comparable yield" determined at the time of issuance and recognize all income and gain in respect of the securities as ordinary income. Additionally, as discussed under "United States Federal Taxation—FATCA" in the accompanying product supplement for PLUS, the withholding rules commonly referred to as "FATCA" would apply to the securities if they were recharacterized as debt instruments.

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However, recently proposed regulations (the preamble to which specifies that taxpayers are permitted to rely on them pending finalization) eliminate the withholding requirement on payments of gross proceeds of a taxable disposition. The risk that financial instruments providing for buffers, triggers or similar downside protection features, such as the securities, would be recharacterized as debt is greater than the risk of recharacterization for comparable financial instruments that do not have such features. We do not plan to request a ruling from the IRS regarding the tax treatment of the securities, and the IRS or a court may not agree with the tax treatment described in the Tax Disclosure Sections.

In 2007, the U.S. Treasury Department and the IRS released a notice requesting comments on the U.S. federal income tax treatment of "prepaid forward contracts" and similar instruments. The notice focuses in particular on whether to require holders of these instruments to accrue income over the term of their investment. It also asks for comments on a number of related topics, including the character of income or loss with respect to these instruments; whether short-term instruments should be subject to any such accrual regime; the relevance of factors such as the exchange-traded status of the instruments and the nature of the underlying property to which the instruments are linked; the degree, if any, to which income (including any mandated accruals) realized by non-U.S. investors should be subject to withholding tax; and whether these instruments are or should be subject to the "constructive ownership" rule, as discussed in this document. While the notice requests comments on appropriate transition rules and effective dates, any Treasury regulations or other guidance promulgated after consideration of these issues could materially and adversely affect the tax consequences of an investment in the securities, possibly with retroactive effect. Both U.S. and Non-U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisers regarding the U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the securities, including possible alternative treatments, the potential application of the constructive ownership rule, the issues presented by this notice and any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or non-U.S. taxing jurisdiction.

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S&P 500® Index Overview

The S&P 500® Index, which is calculated, maintained and published by S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC ("S&P"), consists of stocks of 500 component companies selected to provide a performance benchmark for the U.S. equity markets. The calculation of the S&P 500® Index is based on the relative value of the float adjusted aggregate market capitalization of the 500 component companies as of a particular time as compared to the aggregate average market capitalization of 500 similar companies during the base period of the years 1941 through 1943. For additional information about the S&P 500® Index, see the information set forth under "S&P 50® Index" in the accompanying index supplement.

Information as of market close on February 27, 2019:

Bloomberg Ticker Symbol: SPX
Current Index Value: 2,792.38
52 Weeks Ago: 2,744.28
52 Week High (on 9/20/2018): 2,930.75
52 Week Low (on 12/24/2018): 2,351.10

The following graph sets forth the daily closing values of the SPX Index for the period from January 1, 2014 through February 27, 2019. The related table sets forth the published high and low closing values, as well as end-of-quarter closing values, of the SPX Index for each quarter in the same period. The closing value of the SPX Index on February 27, 2019 was 2,792.38. We obtained the information in the table and graph below from Bloomberg Financial Markets, without independent verification. The SPX Index has at times experienced periods of high volatility, and you should not take the historical values of the SPX Index as an indication of its future performance.

SPX Index Daily Closing Values January 1, 2014 to February 27, 2019

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S&P 500 [®] Index	High	Low	Period End
2014			
First Quarter	1,878.0	41,741.89	91,872.34
Second Quarter	1,962.8	71,815.69	91,960.23
Third Quarter	2,011.30	61,909.5	71,972.29
Fourth Quarter	2,090.5	71,862.49	92,058.90
2015			
First Quarter	2,117.39	91,992.6	72,067.89
Second Quarter	2,130.82	22,057.6	42,063.11
Third Quarter	2,128.28	81,867.6	11,920.03
Fourth Quarter	2,109.79	91,923.8	22,043.94
2016			
First Quarter	2,063.93	51,829.0	82,059.74
Second Quarter	2,119.12	22,000.5	42,098.86
Third Quarter	2,190.13	52,088.5	52,168.27
Fourth Quarter	2,271.72	22,085.1	82,238.83
2017			
First Quarter	2,395.90	52,257.8	32362.72
Second Quarter	2,453.40	52,328.9	52,423.41
Third Quarter	2,519.30	62,409.7	52,519.36
Fourth Quarter	2,690.10	52,529.1	22,673.61
2018			
First Quarter	2,872.8	72,581.0	02,640.87
Second Quarter	2,786.83	52,581.8	82,718.37
Third Quarter	2,930.73	52,713.2	22,913.98
Fourth Quarter	2,925.5	12,351.10	02,506.85
2019			
First Quarter (through February 27, 2019)	2,796.1	12,447.8	92,792.38

[&]quot;Standard & Poor's," "S&P," "S&P 500," "Standard & Poor's 500" and "500" are trademarks of Standard and Poor's Financial Services LLC. See "S&P 500 Index" in the accompanying index supplement.

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Invesco QQQ TrustSM, Series 1 Overview

The Invesco QQQ TrustSM, Series 1, is an exchange-traded fund managed by Invesco Capital Management LLC, which seeks to provide investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the NASDAQ-100 Index[®]. Effective June 4, 2018, the name of the fund was changed from PowerShares QQQ TrustSM, Series 1, to its current name, and effective on or about June 4, 2018, the name of the sponsor of the Invesco QQQ TrustSM, Series 1, was changed to Invesco Capital Management LLC. Information provided to or filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") by the Invesco QQQ TrustSM pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933 and the Investment Company Act of 1940 can be located by reference to Commission file numbers 333-61001 and 811-08947, respectively, through the Commission's website at.www.sec.gov. In addition, information may be obtained from other publicly available sources. We make no representation or warranty as to the accuracy or completeness of such information.

Information as of market close on February 27, 2019:

 Bloomberg Ticker Symbol:
 QQQ UP

 Current Share Price:
 \$173.59

 52 Weeks Ago:
 \$168.29

 52 Week High (on 8/29/2018):
 \$186.74

 52 Week Low (on 12/24/2018):
 \$143.50

The following graph sets forth the daily closing prices of the QQQ Shares for the period from January 1, 2014 through February 27, 2019. The related table sets forth the published high and low closing prices, as well as end-of-quarter closing prices, of the QQQ Shares for each quarter in the same period. The closing price of the QQQ Shares on February 27, 2019 was \$173.59. We obtained the information in the table below from Bloomberg Financial Markets, without independent verification. The QQQ Shares have at times experienced periods of high volatility, and you should not take the historical values of the QQQ Shares as an indication of future performance.

QQQ Shares Daily Closing Prices January 1, 2014 to February 27, 2019

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Invesco QQQ Trust $^{SM},$ Series 1 (CUSIP 46090E103) High (\$) Low (\$) Period End (\$) 2014