

UBS AG  
Form 424B2  
May 03, 2019  
PRICING SUPPLEMENT

Dated May 1, 2019

Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(2)

Registration Statement No. 333-225551

(To Prospectus dated October 31, 2018,

Index Supplement dated October 31, 2018

and Product Supplement dated October 31, 2018)

### **UBS AG \$11,267,450 Trigger Callable Contingent Yield Notes with Daily Coupon Observation**

Linked to the least performing of the Nasdaq-100 Index<sup>®</sup>, the Russell 2000<sup>®</sup> Index and the S&P 500<sup>®</sup> Index due May 5, 2022

#### Investment Description

UBS AG Trigger Callable Contingent Yield Notes with Daily Coupon Observation (the “Notes”) are unsubordinated, unsecured debt securities issued by UBS AG (“UBS” or the “issuer”) linked to the least performing of the Nasdaq-100 Index<sup>®</sup>, the Russell 2000<sup>®</sup> Index and the S&P 500<sup>®</sup> Index (each an “underlying index” and together the “underlying indices”). If the closing level of each underlying index is equal to or greater than its coupon barrier on each trading day during an observation period, UBS will pay you a contingent coupon with respect to that observation period. If the closing level of any underlying index is less than its coupon barrier on any trading day during an observation period, no contingent coupon will be paid. UBS may elect to call the Notes in whole, but not in part (an “issuer call”), on or before the last day of each observation period (the “observation end date”) other than the last observation period, regardless of the closing level of any underlying index during the observation period. If UBS elects to call the Notes prior to maturity, UBS will pay you on the coupon payment date corresponding to such observation end date (the “call settlement date”) a cash payment per Note equal to the principal amount plus any contingent coupon otherwise due, and no further payments will be made on the Notes. If UBS does not elect to call the Notes and a trigger event does not occur, UBS will pay you a cash payment at maturity equal to the principal amount of your Notes, in addition to any contingent coupon with respect to the final observation period. If UBS does not elect to call the Notes and a trigger event occurs, UBS will pay you less than the full principal amount, if anything, at maturity, resulting in a loss on your initial investment that is proportionate to the decline in the closing level of the underlying index with the lowest underlying index return (the “least performing underlying index”) from its initial level to its final level over the term of the Notes and you may lose all of your initial investment. A trigger event is deemed to have occurred if the closing level of any underlying index is less than its downside threshold on the “trigger observation date”, which is the final valuation date. **Investing in the Notes involves significant risks. You will lose some or all of your initial investment if UBS does not elect to call the Notes and a trigger event occurs. You may not receive some or all of the contingent coupons during the term of the Notes. You will be exposed to the market risk of each underlying index on each day of the observation periods and on the final valuation date and any decline in the level of one underlying index may negatively affect your return and will not be offset or mitigated by a lesser decline or any potential increase in the level of any other underlying index. UBS may elect to call the Notes at its discretion regardless of the performance of the underlying indices. Higher contingent coupon rates are generally**

**associated with a greater risk of loss. The contingent repayment of principal only applies if you hold the Notes until the maturity date. Any payment on the Notes, including any repayment of principal, is subject to the creditworthiness of UBS. If UBS were to default on its payment obligations you may not receive any amounts owed to you under the Notes and you could lose all of your initial investment.**

## Features

**Contingent Coupon** — If the closing level of each underlying index is equal to or greater than its coupon barrier on each trading day during an observation period, UBS will pay you the contingent coupon for that observation period on the relevant coupon payment date. If the closing level of any underlying index is less than its coupon barrier on any trading day during an observation period, the contingent coupon for that observation period will not accrue or be payable, and UBS will not make any payment to you on the relevant coupon payment date.

**Issuer Callable** — UBS may call the Notes in whole, but not in part, on the coupon payment date following each observation end date (other than the maturity date) regardless of the closing levels of any of the underlying indices during the observation period. If UBS elects to call the Notes, UBS will pay you on the call settlement date a cash payment per Note equal to the principal amount plus any contingent coupon otherwise due, and no further payments will be made on the Notes. Before UBS elects to call the Notes, UBS will deliver written notice to the trustee by the observation end date for the applicable observation period. If UBS does not elect to call the Notes, investors will have the potential for downside market risk at maturity.

**Contingent Repayment of Principal Amount at Maturity** — If UBS does not elect to call the Notes and a trigger event has not occurred, UBS will pay you a cash payment per Note equal to the principal amount, in addition to any contingent coupon with respect to the final observation period. If, however, UBS does not elect to call the Notes and a trigger event has occurred, UBS will pay a cash payment per Note that is less than the principal amount, if anything, resulting in a loss on your initial investment that is proportionate to the negative return of the least performing underlying index over the term of the Notes and you may lose all of your initial investment. The contingent repayment of principal applies only if you hold the Notes until the maturity date.

## Key Dates

Trade Date*	May 1, 2019
Settlement Date*	May 6, 2019
Observation End Dates**	Quarterly (see page 4)
Final Valuation Date**	May 2, 2022
Maturity Date**	May 5, 2022

We expect to deliver the Notes against payment on or about the third business day following the trade date. Under Rule 15c6-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, trades in the secondary market generally are required to settle in two business days (T+2), unless the parties to a trade expressly agree otherwise. Accordingly, purchasers who wish to trade the Notes in the secondary market on any date prior to two business days before delivery of the Notes will be required, by virtue of the fact that each Note initially will settle in three business days (T+3), to specify alternative settlement arrangements to prevent a failed settlement of the secondary market trade.

\* Subject to postponement in the event of a market disruption event, as described in the accompanying product supplement.

**Notice to investors: the Notes are significantly riskier than conventional debt instruments. The issuer is not necessarily obligated to repay all of your initial investment in the Notes at maturity, and the Notes may have downside market risk similar to the least performing underlying index. This market risk is in addition to the credit risk inherent in purchasing a debt obligation of UBS. You should not purchase the Notes if you do not understand or are not comfortable with the significant risks involved in investing in the Notes.**

**You should carefully consider the risks described under “Key Risks” beginning on page 5 and under “Risk Factors” beginning on page PS-9 of the accompanying product supplement before purchasing any Notes. Events relating to any of those risks, or other risks and uncertainties, could adversely affect the market value of, and the return on, your Notes. You may lose some or all of your initial investment in the Notes. The Notes will not be listed or displayed on any securities exchange or any electronics communications network.**

#### Note Offering

These terms relate to the Notes. The Notes are offered at a minimum investment of 100 Notes at \$10 per Note (representing a \$1,000 investment), and integral multiples of \$10 in excess thereof.

<b>Underlying Indices</b>	<b>Tickers</b>	<b>Contingent Coupon Rate</b>	<b>Initial Levels</b>	<b>Downside Thresholds</b>	<b>Coupon Barriers</b>	<b>CUSIP</b>	<b>ISIN</b>
Nasdaq-100 Index <sup>®</sup>	NDX		7,751.847	5,038.701, which is 65% of the Initial Level	5,426.293, which is 70% of the Initial Level		
Russell 2000 <sup>®</sup> Index	RTY	9.00% per annum	1,576.379	1,024.646, which is 65% of the Initial Level	1,103.465, which is 70% of the Initial Level	90281C849	US90281C8495
S&P 500 <sup>®</sup> Index	SPX		2,923.73	1,900.42, which is 65% of the Initial Level	2,046.61, which is 70% of the Initial Level		

The estimated initial value of the Notes as of the trade date is \$9.739. The estimated initial value of the Notes was determined as of the close of the relevant markets on the date hereof by reference to UBS’ internal pricing models, inclusive of the internal funding rate. For more information about secondary market offers and the estimated initial value of the Notes, see “Key Risks — Fair value considerations” and “Key Risks — Limited or no secondary market and secondary market price considerations” on pages 6 and 7 herein.

**See “Additional Information about UBS and the Notes” on page ii. The Notes will have the terms set forth in the accompanying product supplement relating to the Notes, dated October 31, 2018 the accompanying prospectus and this document.**

**Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other regulatory body has approved or disapproved of these Notes or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this document, the accompanying product supplement, the index supplement or the accompanying prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.**

The Notes are not bank deposits and are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency.

<b>Offering of Notes</b>	<b>Issue Price to Public</b>		<b>Underwriting Discount</b>		<b>Proceeds to UBS AG</b>	
	<b>Total</b>	<b>Per Note</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Per Note</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Per Note</b>

Notes linked to the least performing of the

Nasdaq-100 Index<sup>®</sup>, the Russell 2000<sup>®</sup> Index and \$11,267,450.00 \$10.00 \$140,843.13 \$0.125 \$11,126,606.87 \$9.875  
the S&P 500<sup>®</sup> Index

UBS Financial Services Inc. UBS Investment Bank

## Additional Information about UBS and the Notes

UBS has filed a registration statement (including a prospectus, as supplemented by an index supplement and a product supplement for the Notes) with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”), for the Notes to which this document relates. Before you invest, you should read these documents and any other documents relating to the Notes that UBS has filed with the SEC for more complete information about UBS and the Notes. You may obtain these documents for free from the SEC website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). Our Central Index Key, or CIK, on the SEC website is 0001114446.

You may access these documents on the SEC website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov) as follows:

- .. Market-linked Securities product supplement dated October 31, 2018:  
<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1114446/000091412118002085/ub47016353-424b2.htm>
- .. Index Supplement dated October 31, 2018:  
<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1114446/000091412118002083/ub46174419-424b2.htm>
- .. Prospectus dated October 31, 2018:  
<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1114446/000119312518314003/d612032d424b3.htm>

*References to "UBS", "we", "our" and "us" refer only to UBS AG and not to its consolidated subsidiaries and references to the "Trigger Callable Contingent Yield Notes with Daily Coupon Observation" or the "Notes" refer to the Notes that are offered hereby. Also, references to the "accompanying product supplement" or "Market-linked Securities product supplement" mean the UBS product supplement, dated October 31, 2018, references to the "index supplement" mean the UBS index supplement, dated October 31, 2018 and references to the "accompanying prospectus" mean the UBS prospectus, titled "Debt Securities and Warrants", dated October 31, 2018.*

This document, together with the documents listed above, contains the terms of the Notes and supersedes all other prior or contemporaneous oral statements as well as any other written materials including all other prior pricing terms, correspondence, trade ideas, structures for implementation, sample structures, brochures or other educational materials of ours. You should carefully consider, among other things, the matters set forth in “Key Risks” herein and in “Risk Factors” in the accompanying product supplement, as the Notes involve risks not associated with conventional debt securities. We urge you to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisors before deciding to invest in the Notes.

If there is any inconsistency between the terms of the Notes described in the accompanying prospectus, the accompanying product supplement, the index supplement and this document, the following hierarchy will govern: first, this document; second, the accompanying product supplement; third, the index supplement; and last, the accompanying prospectus.

UBS reserves the right to change the terms of, or reject any offer to purchase, the Notes prior to their issuance. In the event of any changes to the terms of the Notes, UBS will notify you and you will be asked to accept such changes in connection with your purchase. You may also choose to reject such changes in which case UBS may reject your offer to purchase.

## Investor Suitability

The Notes may be suitable for you if:

.. You fully understand the risks inherent in an investment in the Notes, including the risk of loss of some or all of your initial investment.

You understand and accept that an investment in the Notes is linked to the performance of the least performing underlying index and not a basket of the underlying indices, that you will be exposed to the individual market risk of each underlying index on each day of the observation periods and on the final valuation date and that you may lose some or all of your initial investment if the closing level of any underlying index is less than its downside threshold on the trigger observation date.

.. You can tolerate a loss of some or all of your initial investment and are willing to make an investment that may have the same downside market risk as a hypothetical investment in the least performing underlying index.

You are willing to receive no contingent coupons and believe the closing level of each underlying index will be equal to or greater than its coupon barrier on each trading day during each specified observation period and that the closing level of each underlying index will be equal to or greater than its downside threshold on the trigger observation date.

.. You understand and accept that you will not participate in any appreciation in the level of any of the underlying indices and that your potential return is limited to any contingent coupons.

.. You can tolerate fluctuations in the price of the Notes prior to maturity that may be similar to or exceed the downside fluctuations in the levels of the underlying indices.

.. You are willing to invest in the Notes based on the contingent coupon rate, downside thresholds and coupon barriers specified on the cover hereof.

.. You do not seek guaranteed current income from your investment and are willing to forgo any dividends paid on any stocks constituting the underlying indices (the "underlying constituents").

.. You are willing to invest in Notes that UBS may elect to call early and you are otherwise willing to hold such Notes to maturity and accept that there may be little or no secondary market for the Notes.

.. You understand and are willing to accept the risks associated with the underlying indices.

.. You are willing to assume the credit risk of UBS for all payments under the Notes, and understand that if UBS defaults on its obligations you may not receive any amounts due to you including any repayment of principal.

You understand that the estimated initial value of the Notes determined by our internal pricing models is lower than the issue price and that should UBS Securities LLC or any affiliate make secondary markets for the Notes, the price (not including their customary bid-ask spreads) will temporarily exceed the internal pricing model price.

The Notes may not be suitable for you if:

.. You do not fully understand the risks inherent in an investment in the Notes, including the risk of loss of some or all of your initial investment.

You do not understand or are unwilling to accept that an investment in the Notes is linked to the performance of the least performing underlying index and not a basket of the underlying indices, that you will be exposed to the individual market risk of each underlying index on each day of the observation periods and on the final valuation date and that you may lose some or all of your initial investment if the closing level of any underlying index is less than its downside threshold on the trigger observation date.

.. You are not willing to make an investment that may have the same downside market risk as an investment in the underlying constituents of the least performing underlying index.

You are unwilling to receive no contingent coupons during the term of the Notes and believe that the closing level of at least one of the underlying indices will decline during the term of the Notes and is likely to be less than its coupon barrier on at least one trading day during each specified observation period or that closing level of any underlying index will be less than its downside threshold on the trigger observation date.

.. You seek an investment that participates in the full appreciation in the levels of the underlying indices or that has unlimited return potential.

..

You cannot tolerate fluctuations in the price of the Notes prior to maturity that may be similar to or exceed the downside fluctuations in the levels of the underlying indices.

- .. You are unwilling to invest in the Notes based on the contingent coupon rate, downside thresholds or coupon barriers specified on the cover hereof.
- .. You seek guaranteed current income from your investment or prefer to receive any dividends paid on any underlying constituents.
- .. You are unable or unwilling to hold Notes that UBS may elect to call early, or you are otherwise unable or unwilling to hold such Notes to maturity or you seek an investment for which there will be an active secondary market.
  - “ You do not understand or are not willing to accept the risks associated with the underlying indices.
- .. You are not willing to assume the credit risk of UBS for all payments under the Notes, including any repayment of principal.

**The suitability considerations identified above are not exhaustive. Whether or not the Notes are a suitable investment for you will depend on your individual circumstances and you should reach an investment decision only after you and your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisors have carefully considered the suitability of an investment in the Notes in light of your particular circumstances. You should review “Information About the Underlying Indices” herein for more information on the underlying indices. You should also review carefully the “Key Risks” section herein for risks related to an investment in the Notes.**

Final Terms

Issuer UBS AG London Branch  
 Principal Amount \$10 per Note  
 Term Approximately 36 months, unless called earlier.  
 Underlying Indices The Nasdaq-100 Index®, the Russell 2000® Index and the S&P 500® Index.

**If the closing level of each underlying index is equal to or greater than its coupon barrier on each trading day during an observation period, UBS will pay you the contingent coupon for that observation period on the relevant coupon payment date.**

Contingent Coupon & Contingent Coupon Rate **If the closing level of any underlying index is less than its coupon barrier on any trading day during an observation period, the contingent coupon for that observation period will not accrue or be payable and UBS will not make any payment to you on the relevant coupon payment date.**

The contingent coupon is a fixed amount based upon equal quarterly installments at a per annum rate (the “contingent coupon rate”). The table below sets forth the contingent coupon rate and contingent coupon for each Note that would be applicable to each coupon payment date for which the closing level of each underlying index is equal to or greater than its coupon barrier on each trading day during the applicable observation period.

**Contingent Coupon Rate** 9.00%  
**Contingent Coupon** \$0.225

**Contingent coupons on the Notes are not guaranteed. UBS will not pay you the contingent coupon for any observation period in which the closing level of any underlying index is less than its coupon barrier on any trading day during such observation period.**

Observation Period The first observation period will consist of each day from but excluding the trade date to and including the first observation end date. Each subsequent observation period will consist of each day from but excluding an observation end date to and including the next following observation end date.

Observation End Dates See “Observation Periods, Observation End Dates and Coupon Payment Dates” on page 4.

A trigger event is deemed to have occurred if the closing level of any underlying index is less than its downside threshold on the trigger observation date.

Trigger Event *In this case, you will be exposed to the underlying index return of the least performing underlying index.*

Trigger Observation Date(s) The final valuation date

UBS may elect to call the Notes in whole, but not in part, on or before any observation end date (other than the final valuation date), regardless of the closing level of any underlying index during the observation period.

Issuer Call  
Feature

If UBS elects to call the Notes, UBS will pay you on the call settlement date a cash payment per Note equal to the principal amount plus any contingent coupon otherwise due, (the “call settlement amount”) and no further payments will be made on the Notes. Before UBS elects to call the Notes, UBS will deliver written notice to the trustee by the applicable observation end date.

**If UBS does not elect to call the Notes and a trigger event does not occur**, UBS will pay you a cash payment per Note on the maturity date equal to the principal amount of \$10 plus any contingent coupon otherwise due on the maturity date.

Payment at  
Maturity (per  
Note)

**If UBS does not call the Notes and a trigger event occurs**, UBS will pay you a cash payment on the maturity date that is less than the principal amount, if anything, equal to:

$\$10 \times (1 + \text{Underlying Index Return of the Least Performing Underlying Index})$

*You will lose some or all of your initial investment if UBS does not elect to call the Notes and a trigger event occurs.*

With respect to each underlying index, the quotient, expressed as a percentage, of the following formula:

Underlying Index  
Return

$$\frac{\text{Final Level} - \text{Initial Level}}{\text{Initial Level}}$$

Least Performing  
Underlying Index

The underlying index with the lowest underlying index return as compared to any other underlying index.

Downside  
Threshold<sup>(1)</sup>

A specified level of each underlying index that is less than its respective initial level, equal to a percentage of the initial level, as specified on the cover hereof.

Coupon Barrier<sup>(1)</sup>

A specified level of each underlying index that is less than its respective initial level, equal to a percentage of the initial level, as specified on the cover hereof.

Initial  
Level<sup>(1)</sup>

The closing level of each underlying index on the trade date, as specified on the cover hereof.

Final  
Level<sup>(1)</sup>

The closing level of each underlying index on the final valuation date.

Coupon Payment  
Dates

Three business days following the applicable observation end date on which the applicable observation period ends, except that the coupon payment date for the final observation period will be the maturity date.

As determined by the calculation agent and as may be adjusted as described under “General Terms of the Securities —

<sup>(1)</sup>Discontinuance of or Adjustment to an Underlying Index; Alteration of Method of Calculation”, as described in the accompanying product supplement.

Investment Timeline

**Trade date** The initial level of each underlying index is observed and the terms of the Notes are set.

**If the closing level of each underlying index is equal to or greater than its coupon barrier on each trading day during an observation period**, UBS will pay you the contingent coupon for that observation period on the relevant coupon payment date.

**If the closing level of any underlying index is less than its coupon barrier on any trading day during an observation period**, the contingent coupon for that observation period will not accrue or be payable, and UBS will not make any payment to you on the relevant coupon payment date.

**Quarterly (callable by UBS at its election)**

UBS may elect to call the Notes in whole, but not in part, on or before any observation end date (other than the final valuation date), regardless of the closing level of any underlying index during such observation period.

If UBS elects to call the Notes, UBS will pay you on the call settlement date a cash payment per Note equal to the principal amount plus any contingent coupon otherwise due, and no further payments will be made on the Notes. Before UBS elects to call the Notes, UBS will deliver written notice to the trustee by the applicable observation end date. If UBS does not elect to call the Notes, investors will have the potential for downside market risk at maturity.

The final level of each underlying index is observed on the final valuation date and the underlying return of each underlying index is calculated.

**Maturity date**

**If UBS does not elect to call the Notes and a trigger event does not occur**, UBS will pay you a cash payment per Note on the maturity date equal to the principal amount of \$10 plus any contingent coupon otherwise due on the maturity date.

**If UBS does not elect to call the Notes and a trigger event occurs**, UBS will pay you a cash payment per Note on the maturity date that is less than the principal amount, if anything, equal to:

$$\$10 \times (1 + \text{Underlying Index Return of the Least Performing Underlying Index})$$

**Investing in the Notes involves significant risks. You may lose some or all of your initial investment. Any payment on the Notes, including any repayment of principal, is subject to the creditworthiness of UBS. If UBS were to default on its payment obligations, you may not receive any amounts owed to you under the Notes and you could lose all of your initial investment.**

**You will lose some or all of your initial investment if UBS does not elect to call the Notes and a trigger event occurs. You may not receive some or all of the contingent coupons during the term of the Notes. You will be exposed to the market risk of each underlying index on each day of the observation periods and on the final valuation date and any decline in the level of one underlying index may negatively affect your return and will not be offset or mitigated by a lesser decline or any potential increase in the level of any other underlying index. UBS may elect to call the Notes at its discretion regardless of the performance of the underlying indices. If UBS does not elect to call the Notes and a trigger event occurs, you will lose some or all of your initial investment at maturity.**



Observation Periods, Observation End Dates<sup>(1)</sup> and Coupon Payment Dates<sup>(1)(2)</sup>

Observation Periods Ending on the Following Observation End Dates	Coupon Payment Dates/Call Settlement Dates (if called)	Observation Periods Ending on the Following Observation End Dates	Coupon Payment Dates/Call Settlement Dates (if called)	Observation Periods Ending on the Following Observation End Dates	Coupon Payment Dates/Call Settlement Dates (if called)
August 1, 2019	August 6, 2019	August 3, 2020	August 6, 2020	August 2, 2021	August 5, 2021
November 1, 2019	November 6, 2019	November 2, 2020	November 5, 2020	November 1, 2021	November 4, 2021
February 3, 2020	February 6, 2020	February 1, 2021	February 4, 2021	February 1, 2022	February 4, 2022
May 1, 2020	May 6, 2020	May 3, 2021	May 6, 2021	Final Valuation Date	Maturity Date

<sup>(1)</sup>Subject to the market disruption event provisions set forth in the accompanying product supplement.

<sup>(2)</sup>Three business days following the applicable observation end date on which the applicable observation period ends, except that the coupon payment date for the final observation period will be the maturity date.

## Key Risks

An investment in the offering of the Notes involves significant risks. Investing in the Notes is not equivalent to investing in the underlying indices. Some of the key risks that apply to the Notes are summarized below, but we urge you to read the more detailed explanation of risks relating to the Notes in the “Risk Factors” section of the accompanying product supplement. We also urge you to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisors before you invest in the Notes.

**Risk of loss at maturity** — The Notes differ from ordinary debt securities in that UBS will not necessarily repay the full principal amount of the Notes at maturity. If UBS does not elect to call the Notes, UBS will repay you the principal amount of your Notes in cash only if a trigger event does not occur and will only make such payment at maturity. If UBS does not elect to call the Notes and a trigger event occurs, you will lose a percentage of your principal amount equal to the underlying index return of the least performing underlying index and in extreme situations, you could lose all of your initial investment.

**The stated payout from the issuer applies only if you hold your Notes to maturity** — You should be willing to hold your Notes to maturity. If you are able to sell your Notes prior to maturity in the secondary market, you may have to sell them at a loss relative to your initial investment even if the level of each underlying index at such time is equal to or greater than its downside threshold.

**You may not receive any contingent coupons with respect to your Notes** — UBS will not necessarily make periodic coupon payments on the Notes. If the closing level of any underlying index is less than its respective coupon barrier on any trading day during an observation period, UBS will not pay you the contingent coupon applicable to such observation period. This will be the case even if the closing level of each other underlying index is equal to or greater than its respective coupon barriers on each day during that observation period, and even if the closing level of that underlying index was higher than its coupon barrier on every other day during the observation period. If the closing level of any underlying index is less than its coupon barrier on any trading day during each observation period, UBS will not pay you any contingent coupons during the term of, and you will not receive a positive return on, your Notes. Generally, this non-payment of the contingent coupon coincides with a period of greater risk of principal loss on your Notes.

**Your potential return on the Notes is limited to any contingent coupons, you will not participate in any appreciation of any underlying index and you will not have the same rights as holders of any underlying constituents** — The return potential of the Notes is limited to the pre-specified contingent coupon rate, regardless of the appreciation of the underlying indices. In addition, your return on the Notes will vary based on the number of observation periods, if any, in which the requirements of the contingent coupon have been met prior to maturity or an issuer call. Because UBS may elect to call the Notes as early as the first potential call settlement date, the total return on the Notes could be less than if the Notes remained outstanding until maturity. Further, if UBS elects to call the Notes, you will not receive any contingent coupons or any other payment in respect of any observation periods after the call settlement date, and your return on the Notes could be less than if the Notes remained outstanding until maturity. If UBS does not elect to call the Notes, you may be subject to the decline of the least performing underlying index even though you cannot participate in any appreciation in the level of any underlying index. As a result, the return on an investment in the Notes could be less than the return on a direct investment in any or all of the underlying constituents. In addition, as an owner of the Notes, you will not have voting rights or any other rights of a holder of any underlying constituents.

**A higher contingent coupon rate or lower downside thresholds or coupon barriers may reflect greater expected volatility of each of the underlying indices, and greater expected volatility generally indicates an increased risk of loss at maturity** — The economic terms for the Notes, including the contingent coupon rate, coupon barriers and downside thresholds, are based, in part, on the expected volatility of each underlying index at the time the terms of the Notes are set. “Volatility” refers to the frequency and magnitude of changes in the level of each underlying index. The greater the expected volatility of each of the underlying indices as of the trade date, the greater the expectation is as of that date that the closing level of each underlying index could be less than its respective

coupon barrier on any trading day during an observation period and that the final level of each underlying index could be less than its respective downside threshold on the trigger observation date and, as a consequence, indicates an increased risk of not receiving a contingent coupon and an increased risk of loss, respectively. All things being equal, this greater expected volatility will generally be reflected in a higher contingent coupon rate than the yield payable on our conventional debt securities with a similar maturity or on otherwise comparable securities, and/or lower downside thresholds and/or coupon barriers than those terms on otherwise comparable securities. Therefore, a relatively higher contingent coupon rate may indicate an increased risk of loss. Further, relatively lower downside thresholds and/or coupon barriers may not necessarily indicate that the Notes have a greater likelihood of a return of principal at maturity and/or paying contingent coupons. You should be willing to accept the downside market risk of the least performing underlying index and the potential to lose some or all of your initial investment.

**UBS may elect to call the Notes and the Notes are subject to reinvestment risk** — UBS may elect to call the Notes at its discretion prior to the maturity date. If UBS elects to call your Notes early, you will no longer have the opportunity to receive any contingent coupons after the applicable call settlement date. The first potential call settlement date occurs after approximately three months and therefore you may not have the opportunity to receive any contingent coupons after approximately three months. In the event UBS elects to call the Notes, there is no guarantee that you would be able to reinvest the proceeds at a comparable return and/or with a comparable contingent coupon rate for a similar level of risk. Further, UBS' right to call the Notes may also adversely impact your ability to sell your Notes in the secondary market.

It is more likely that UBS will elect to call the Notes prior to maturity when the expected contingent coupons payable on the Notes are greater than the interest that would be payable on other instruments issued by UBS of comparable maturity, terms and credit rating trading in the market. The greater likelihood of UBS calling the Notes in that environment increases the risk that you will not be able to reinvest the proceeds from the called Notes in an equivalent investment with a similar contingent coupon rate. To the extent you are able to reinvest such proceeds in an investment comparable to the Notes, you may incur transaction costs such as dealer discounts and hedging costs built into the price of the new notes. UBS is less likely to call the Notes prior to maturity when the expected contingent coupons payable on the Notes are less than the interest that would be payable on other comparable instruments issued by UBS, which includes when the level of any of the underlying indices is less than its coupon barrier. Therefore, the Notes are more likely to remain outstanding when the expected amount payable on the Notes is less than what would be payable on other comparable instruments and when your risk of not receiving a contingent coupon is relatively higher.

**An investment in Notes with contingent coupon and issuer call features may be more sensitive to interest rate risk than an investment in securities without such features** — Because of the issuer call and contingent coupon features of the Notes, you will bear greater exposure to fluctuations in interest rates than if you purchased securities without such features. In particular, you may be negatively affected if prevailing interest rates begin to rise, and the contingent coupon rate on the Notes may be less than the amount of interest you could earn on other investments with a similar level of risk available at such time. In addition, if you tried to sell your Notes at such time, the value of your Notes in any secondary market transaction would also be adversely affected. Conversely, in the event that prevailing interest rates are low relative to the contingent coupon rate and UBS elects to call the Notes, there is no guarantee that you will be able to reinvest the proceeds from an investment in the Notes at a comparable rate of return for a similar level of risk.

**You are exposed to the market risk of each underlying index** — Your return on the Notes is not linked to a basket consisting of the underlying indices. Rather, it will be contingent upon the performance of each individual underlying index. Unlike an instrument with a return linked to a basket of indices, in which risk is mitigated and diversified among all of the components of the basket, you will be exposed equally to the risks related to each underlying index. Poor performance by any one of the underlying indices over the term of the Notes will negatively affect your return and will not be offset or mitigated by a positive performance by any other underlying index. For instance, you may receive a negative return equal to the underlying index return of the least performing underlying index if the closing level of one underlying index is less than its downside threshold on the trigger observation date, even if the underlying index returns of another underlying index is positive or has not declined as much. Accordingly, your investment is subject to the market risk of each underlying index.

**Because the Notes are linked to the least performing underlying index, you are exposed to a greater risk of no contingent coupons and losing some or all of your initial investment at maturity than if the Notes were linked to a single underlying index or fewer underlying indices** — The risk that you will not receive any contingent coupons and lose some or all of your initial investment in the Notes is greater if you invest in the Notes than the risk of investing in substantially similar securities that are linked to the performance of only one underlying index or to fewer underlying indices. With more underlying indices, it is more likely that the closing level or final level of an underlying index will be less than its coupon barrier on any trading day during the observation period or decline to a closing level that is less than its downside threshold on a trigger observation date than if the Notes were linked to a single underlying index or fewer underlying indices. In addition, the lower the correlation is between a pair of underlying indices, the more likely it is that one of the underlying indices will decline in value to a closing level less than its coupon barrier or downside threshold on any day during an observation period or on a trigger observation date, respectively. Although the correlation of the underlying indices' performance may change over the term of the Notes, the economic terms of the Notes, including the contingent coupon rate, downside thresholds and coupon barriers are determined, in part, based on the correlation of the underlying indices' performance calculated using our internal models at the time when the terms of the Notes are finalized. All things being equal, a higher contingent coupon rate and lower downside threshold and coupon barrier is generally associated with lower correlation of the underlying indices. Therefore, if the performance of a pair of underlying indices is not correlated to each other or is negatively correlated, the risk that you will not receive any contingent coupons or a trigger event will occur is even greater despite lower downside thresholds and coupon barriers. With three underlying indices, it is more likely that the performance of one pair of underlying indices will not be correlated, or will be negatively correlated. Therefore, it is more likely that you will not receive any contingent coupons and that you will lose some or all of your initial investment at maturity.

**Any payment on the Notes is subject to the creditworthiness of UBS** — The Notes are unsubordinated unsecured debt obligations of UBS and are not, either directly or indirectly, an obligation of any third party. Any payment to be made on the Notes, including any repayment of principal, depends on the ability of UBS to satisfy its obligations as they come due. As a result, UBS' actual and perceived creditworthiness may affect the market value of the Notes. If UBS were to default on its obligations, you may not receive any amounts owed to you under the terms of the Notes and you could lose all of your initial investment.

**Market risk** — The return on the Notes, which may be negative, is directly linked to the performance of the underlying indices and indirectly linked to the performance of the underlying constituents. The levels of the underlying indices can rise or fall sharply due to factors specific to each underlying index or its underlying constituents, such as stock or commodity price volatility, earnings, financial conditions, corporate, industry and regulatory developments, management changes and decisions and other events, as well as general market factors, such as general stock market or commodity market levels, interest rates and economic and political conditions.

**Fair value considerations.**

**The issue price you pay for the Notes exceeds their estimated initial value** — The issue price you pay for the Notes exceeds their estimated initial value as of the trade date due to the inclusion in the issue price of the underwriting discount, hedging costs, issuance costs and projected profits. As of the close of the relevant markets on the trade date, we have determined the estimated initial value of the Notes by reference to our internal pricing models and the estimated initial value of the Notes is set forth in this pricing supplement. The pricing models used to determine the estimated initial value of the Notes incorporate certain variables, including the levels of the underlying indices and underlying constituents, the volatility of the underlying indices and underlying constituents, any dividends paid on the underlying constituents, the correlation of the underlying indices, prevailing interest rates, the term of the Notes and our internal funding rate. Our internal funding rate is typically lower than the rate we would pay to issue conventional fixed or floating rate debt securities of a similar term. The underwriting discount, hedging costs, issuance costs, projected profits and the difference in rates will reduce the economic value of the Notes to you. Due to these factors, the estimated initial value of the Notes as of the trade date is less than the issue price you pay for the Notes.

**The estimated initial value is a theoretical price; the actual price that you may be able to sell your Notes in any secondary market (if any) at any time after the trade date may differ from the estimated initial value** — The value of your Notes at any time will vary based on many factors, including the factors described above and in “—Market risk” above and is impossible to predict. Furthermore, the pricing models that we use are proprietary and rely in part on certain assumptions about future events, which may prove to be incorrect. As a result, after the trade date, if you attempt to sell the Notes in the secondary market, the actual value you would receive may differ, perhaps materially, from the estimated initial value of the Notes determined by reference to our internal pricing models. The estimated initial value of the Notes does not represent a minimum or maximum price at which we or any of our affiliates would be willing to purchase your Notes in any secondary market at any time.

**Our actual profits may be greater or less than the differential between the estimated initial value and the issue price of the Notes as of the trade date** — We may determine the economic terms of the Notes, as well as hedge our obligations, at least in part, prior to the trade date. In addition, there may be ongoing costs to us to maintain and/or adjust any hedges and such hedges are often imperfect. Therefore, our actual profits (or potentially, losses) in issuing the Notes cannot be determined as of the trade date and any such differential between the estimated initial value and the issue price of the Notes as of the trade date does not reflect our actual profits. Ultimately, our actual profits will be known only at the maturity of the Notes.

**Limited or no secondary market and secondary market price considerations.**

**There may be little or no secondary market for the Notes** — The Notes will not be listed or displayed on any securities exchange or any electronic communications network. There can be no assurance that a secondary market for the Notes will develop. UBS Securities LLC and its affiliates intend, but are not required, to make a market in the Notes and may stop making a market at any time. If you are able to sell your Notes prior to maturity you may have to sell them at a substantial loss. The estimated initial value of the Notes does not represent a minimum or maximum price at which we or any of our affiliates would be willing to purchase your Notes in any secondary market at any time.

**The price at which UBS Securities LLC and its affiliates may offer to buy the Notes in the secondary market (if any) may be greater than UBS' valuation of the Notes at that time, greater than any other secondary market prices provided by unaffiliated dealers (if any) and, depending on your broker, greater than the valuation provided on your customer account statements** — For a limited period of time following the issuance of the Notes, UBS Securities LLC or its affiliates may offer to buy or sell such Notes at a price that exceeds (i) our valuation of the Notes at that time based on our internal pricing models, (ii) any secondary market prices provided by unaffiliated dealers (if any) and (iii) depending on your broker, the valuation provided on customer account statements. The price that UBS Securities LLC may initially offer to buy such Notes following issuance will exceed the valuations indicated by our internal pricing models due to the inclusion for a limited period of time of the aggregate value of the underwriting discount, hedging costs, issuance costs and theoretical projected trading profit. The portion of such amounts included in our price will decline to zero on a straight line basis over a period ending no later than the date specified under “Supplemental Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest); Secondary Markets (if any).” Thereafter, if UBS Securities LLC or an affiliate makes secondary markets in the Notes, it will do so at prices that reflect our estimated value determined by reference to our internal pricing models at that time. The temporary positive differential relative to our internal pricing models arises from requests from and arrangements made by UBS Securities LLC with the selling agents of structured debt securities such as the Notes. As described above, UBS Securities LLC and its affiliates are not required to make a market for the Notes and may stop making a market at any time. The price at which UBS Securities LLC or an affiliate may make secondary markets at any time (if at all) will also reflect its then current bid-ask spread for similar sized trades of structured debt securities. UBS Financial Services Inc. and UBS Securities LLC reflect this temporary positive differential on their customer statements. Investors should inquire as to the valuation provided on customer account statements provided by unaffiliated dealers.

**Economic and market factors affecting the terms and market price of Notes prior to maturity** — Because structured notes, including the Notes, can be thought of as having a debt component and a derivative component, factors that influence the values of debt instruments and options and other derivatives will also affect the terms and features of the Notes at issuance and the market price of the Notes prior to maturity. These factors include the levels of each underlying index and the underlying constituents; the volatility of each underlying index and the underlying constituents; any dividends paid on the underlying constituents; the correlation of the underlying indices; the time remaining to the maturity of the Notes; interest rates in the markets; geopolitical conditions and economic, financial, political, force majeure and regulatory or judicial events; the creditworthiness of UBS; the then current bid-ask spread for the Notes and the factors discussed under “— Potential conflict of interest” below. These and other factors are unpredictable and interrelated and may offset or magnify each other.

**Impact of fees and the use of internal funding rates rather than secondary market credit spreads on secondary market prices** — All other things being equal, the use of the internal funding rates described above under “—Fair value considerations” as well as the inclusion in the issue price of the underwriting discount, hedging costs, issuance costs and any projected profits are, subject to the temporary mitigating effect of UBS Securities LLC’s and its affiliates’ market making premium, expected to reduce the price at which you may be able to sell the Notes in any secondary market.

**The Notes are subject to non-U.S. securities market risk** — The Notes are subject to risks associated with non-U.S. companies and non-U.S. securities markets because the Nasdaq-100 Index<sup>®</sup> is comprised of non-U.S. companies that are traded on various non-U.S. exchanges. Generally, non-U.S. securities markets may be more volatile than U.S. securities markets, and market developments may affect non-U.S. markets differently from U.S. securities markets. Direct or indirect government intervention to stabilize these non-U.S. markets, as well as cross shareholdings in non-U.S. companies, may affect trading prices and volumes in those markets. There is generally less publicly available information about non-U.S. companies than about those U.S. companies that are subject to the reporting requirements of the SEC, and non-U.S. companies are subject to accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards and requirements that differ from those applicable to U.S. reporting companies. Securities prices in non-U.S. countries are subject to political, economic, financial and social factors that may be unique to the particular country. These factors, which could negatively affect the non-U.S. securities markets, include the possibility of recent or future changes in the non-U.S. government’s economic and fiscal policies, the possible imposition of, or changes in, currency exchange laws or other non-U.S. laws or restrictions applicable to non-U.S. companies or investments in non-U.S. equity securities and the possibility of fluctuations in the rate of exchange between currencies. Moreover, certain aspects of a particular non-U.S. economy may differ favorably or unfavorably from the U.S. economy in important respects, such as growth of gross national product, rate of inflation, capital reinvestment, resources and self-sufficiency.

**The Notes are subject to small-capitalization stock risks** — The Notes are subject to risks associated with small-capitalization companies because the Russell 2000<sup>®</sup> Index is comprised of stocks of companies that may be considered small-capitalization companies. These companies often have greater stock price volatility, lower trading volume and less liquidity than large-capitalization companies and therefore the underlying index may be more volatile than an index in which a greater percentage of the constituent stocks are issued by large-capitalization companies. Stock prices of small-capitalization companies are also more vulnerable than those of large-capitalization companies to adverse business and economic developments, and the stocks of small-capitalization companies may be thinly traded. In addition, small-capitalization companies are typically less stable financially than large-capitalization companies and may depend on a small number of key personnel, making them more vulnerable to loss of personnel. Small-capitalization companies are often given less analyst coverage and may be in early, and less predictable, periods of their corporate existences. Such companies tend to have smaller revenues, less diverse product lines, smaller shares of their product or

service markets, fewer financial resources and less competitive strengths than large-capitalization companies and are more susceptible to adverse developments related to their products.

**There can be no assurance that the investment view implicit in the Notes will be successful** — It is impossible to predict whether and the extent to which the levels of the underlying indices will rise or fall. There can be no assurance that the closing level of each underlying index will be equal to or greater than its coupon barrier on each trading day during each observation period, or, if UBS does not elect to call the Notes, that a trigger event will not occur. The levels of the underlying indices will be influenced by complex and interrelated political, economic, financial and other factors that affect the issuers of each underlying constituent. You should be willing to accept the risks associated with the relevant markets tracked by each such underlying index in general and each index's underlying constituents in particular, and the risk of losing some or all of your initial investment.

**The underlying indices reflect price return, not total return** — The return on your Notes is based on the performance of the underlying indices, which reflect the changes in the market prices of the underlying constituents. It is not, however, linked to a “total return” index or strategy, which, in addition to reflecting those price returns, would also reflect any dividends paid on the underlying constituents. The return on your Notes will not include such a total return feature or dividend component.

**Changes that affect an underlying index will affect the market value of, and any amounts payable on, your Notes** — The policies of each index sponsor as specified under “Information About the Underlying Indices” (together, the “index sponsors”), concerning additions, deletions and substitutions of the index constituents and the manner in which the index sponsor takes account of certain changes affecting those index constituents may adversely affect the levels of the underlying indices. The policies of the index sponsors with respect to the calculation of the underlying indices could also adversely affect the levels of the underlying indices. The index sponsors may discontinue or suspend calculation or dissemination of the underlying indices. Any such actions could have an adverse effect on the market value of, and any amounts payable on, the Notes.

**UBS cannot control actions by the index sponsors and the index sponsors have no obligation to consider your interests** — UBS and its affiliates are not affiliated with the index sponsors and have no ability to control or predict their actions, including any errors in or discontinuation of public disclosure regarding methods or policies relating to the calculation of the underlying indices. The index sponsors are not involved in the Notes offering in any way and has no obligation to consider your interest as an owner of the Notes in taking any actions that might affect the market value of, and any amounts payable on, your Notes.

**Potential UBS impact on price** — Trading or transactions by UBS or its affiliates in an underlying index or any underlying constituent, as applicable, listed and/or over-the-counter options, futures, exchange-traded funds or other instruments with returns linked to the performance of the underlying index or any underlying constituent, may adversely affect the levels of the underlying indices and, therefore, the market value of the Notes. Further, UBS is less likely to call the Notes when the closing level of any index is trading less than its coupon barrier, and, therefore, any hedging activities that adversely affect the level of such index may also diminish the probability of UBS calling the Notes.

**Potential conflict of interest** — UBS and its affiliates may engage in business with the issuers of index constituents or trading activities related to one or more underlying index or any underlying constituents, which may present a conflict between the interests of UBS and you, as a holder of the Notes. Moreover, UBS may elect to call the Notes pursuant to the issuer call feature. If UBS so elects, the decision may be based on factors contrary to those favorable to a holder of the Notes, such as, but not limited to, those described above under “- UBS may elect to call the Notes and the Notes are subject to reinvestment risk” and “- An investment in Notes with contingent coupon and issuer call features may be more sensitive to interest rate risk than an investment in securities without such features”. There are also potential conflicts of interest between you and the calculation agent, which will be an affiliate of UBS. The calculation agent will determine whether the contingent coupon is payable to you on any coupon payment date and the payment at maturity of the Notes, if any, based on observed closing levels of the underlying indices. The calculation agent can postpone the determination of the initial level, closing level or final level of any underlying

index (and therefore the related coupon payment date or maturity date, as applicable) if a market disruption event occurs and is continuing on the trade date, any trading day during an observation period, any trigger observation date or final valuation date, respectively. As UBS determines the economic terms of the Notes, including the contingent coupon rate, downside thresholds and coupon barriers, and such terms include the underwriting discount, hedging costs, issuance costs and projected profits, the Notes represent a package of economic terms. There are other potential conflicts of interest insofar as an investor could potentially get better economic terms if that investor entered into exchange-traded and/or OTC derivatives or other instruments with third parties, assuming that such instruments were available and the investor had the ability to assemble and enter into such instruments.

**Potentially inconsistent research, opinions or recommendations by UBS** — UBS and its affiliates publish research from time to time on financial markets and other matters that may influence the value of the Notes, or express opinions or provide recommendations that are inconsistent with purchasing or holding the Notes. Any research, opinions or recommendations expressed by UBS or its affiliates may not be consistent with each other and may be modified from time to time without notice. Investors should make their own independent investigation of the merits of investing in the Notes and the underlying indices to which the Notes are linked.

**The Notes are not bank deposits** — An investment in the Notes carries risks which are very different from the risk profile of a bank deposit placed with UBS or its affiliates. The Notes have different yield and/or return, liquidity and risk profiles and would not benefit from any protection provided to deposits.

**If UBS experiences financial difficulties, FINMA has the power to open restructuring or liquidation proceedings in respect of, and/or impose protective measures in relation to, UBS, which proceedings or measures may have a material adverse effect on the terms and market value of the Notes and/or the ability of UBS to make payments thereunder** — The Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority (“FINMA”) has broad statutory powers to take measures and actions in relation to UBS if (i) it concludes that there is justified concern that UBS is over-indebted or has serious liquidity problems or (ii) UBS fails to fulfill the applicable capital adequacy requirements (whether on a standalone or consolidated basis) after expiry of a deadline set by FINMA. If one of these pre-requisites is met, FINMA is authorized to open restructuring proceedings or liquidation (bankruptcy) proceedings in respect of, and/or impose protective measures in relation to, UBS. The Swiss Banking Act grants significant discretion to FINMA in connection with the aforementioned proceedings and measures. In particular, a broad variety of protective measures may be imposed by FINMA, including a bank moratorium or a maturity postponement, which measures may be ordered by FINMA either on a stand-alone basis or in connection with restructuring or liquidation proceedings. The resolution regime of the Swiss Banking Act is further detailed in the FINMA Banking Insolvency Ordinance (“BIO-FINMA”). In a restructuring proceeding, FINMA, as resolution authority, is competent to approve the resolution plan. The resolution plan may, among other things, provide for (a) the transfer of all or a portion of UBS’ assets, debts, other liabilities and contracts (which may or may not include the contractual relationship between UBS and the holders of

Notes) to another entity, (b) a stay (for a maximum of two business days) on the termination of contracts to which UBS is a party, and/or the exercise of (w) rights to terminate, (x) netting rights, (y) rights to enforce or dispose of collateral or (z) rights to transfer claims, liabilities or collateral under contracts to which UBS is a party, (c) the conversion of UBS' debt and/or other obligations, including its obligations under the Notes, into equity (a "debt-to-equity" swap), and/or (d) the partial or full write-off of obligations owed by UBS (a "write-off"), including its obligations under the Notes. The BIO-FINMA provides that a debt-to-equity swap and/or a write-off of debt and other obligations (including the Notes) may only take place after (i) all debt instruments issued by UBS qualifying as additional tier 1 capital or tier 2 capital have been converted into equity or written-off, as applicable, and (ii) the existing equity of UBS has been fully cancelled. While the BIO-FINMA does not expressly address the order in which a write-off of debt instruments other than debt instruments qualifying as additional tier 1 capital or tier 2 capital should occur, it states that debt-to-equity swaps should occur in the following order: first, all subordinated claims not qualifying as regulatory capital; second, all other claims not excluded by law from a debt-to-equity swap (other than deposits); and third, deposits (in excess of the amount privileged by law). However, given the broad discretion granted to FINMA as the resolution authority, any restructuring plan in respect of UBS could provide that the claims under or in connection with the Notes will be partially or fully converted into equity or written-off, while preserving other obligations of UBS that rank pari passu with, or even junior to, UBS' obligations under the Notes. Consequently, holders of Notes may lose all of some of their investment in the Notes. In the case of restructuring proceedings with respect to a systemically important Swiss bank (such as UBS), the creditors whose claims are affected by the restructuring plan will not have a right to vote on, reject, or seek the suspension of the restructuring plan. In addition, if a restructuring plan has been approved by FINMA, the rights of a creditor to seek judicial review of the restructuring plan (e.g., on the grounds that the plan would unduly prejudice the rights of holders of Notes or otherwise be in violation of the Swiss Banking Act) are very limited. In particular, a court may not suspend the implementation of the restructuring plan. Furthermore, even if a creditor successfully challenges the restructuring plan, the court can only require the relevant creditor to be compensated ex post and there is currently no guidance as to on what basis such compensation would be calculated or how it would be funded.

**Dealer incentives** — UBS and its affiliates act in various capacities with respect to the Notes. We and our affiliates may act as a principal, agent or dealer in connection with the sale of the Notes. Such affiliates, including the sales representatives, will derive compensation from the distribution of the Notes and such compensation may serve as an incentive to sell these Notes instead of other investments. We will pay total underwriting compensation in an amount equal to the underwriting discount listed on the cover hereof per Note to any of our affiliates acting as agents or dealers in connection with the distribution of the Notes. Given that UBS Securities LLC and its affiliates temporarily maintain a market making premium, it may have the effect of discouraging UBS Securities LLC and its affiliates from recommending sale of your Notes in the secondary market.

**Uncertain tax treatment** — Significant aspects of the tax treatment of the Notes are uncertain. You should consult your tax advisor about your tax situation. See "What Are the Tax Consequences of the Notes?" herein and "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences", including the section "— Securities Treated as Prepaid Derivatives or Prepaid Forwards with Associated Contingent Coupons", in the accompanying product supplement.

## Hypothetical Examples of How the Notes Might Perform

**The below examples are based on hypothetical terms. The actual terms are indicated on the cover hereof.**

The examples below illustrate the payment upon a call or at maturity for a \$10 Note on a hypothetical offering of the Notes, with the following assumptions (amounts may have been rounded for ease of reference):

Principal Amount:	\$10
Term:	Approximately 36 months
Contingent Coupon Rate:	9.00% per annum (or 2.25% per quarter)
Contingent Coupon:	\$0.225 per quarter
Observation End Dates:	Quarterly
Trigger Observation Date:	Final Valuation Date
Initial Level:	
Underlying Index A:	8,000
Underlying Index B:	1,500
Underlying Index C:	3,000
Coupon Barrier:	
Underlying Index A:	5,600 (which is equal to 70.00% of the Initial Level)
Underlying Index B:	1,050 (which is equal to 70.00% of the Initial Level)
Underlying Index C:	2,100 (which is equal to 70.00% of the Initial Level)
Downside Threshold:	
Underlying Index A:	5,200 (which is equal to 65.00% of the Initial Level)
Underlying Index B:	975 (which is equal to 65.00% of the Initial Level)
Underlying Index C:	1,950 (which is equal to 65.00% of the Initial Level)

**Example 1 — On the first Observation End Date, UBS calls the Notes.**

Date	Lowest Closing Level During Applicable Observation Period	Payment (per Note)
	Underlying Index A: 5,600 ( <b><u>equal to or greater than</u></b> Coupon Barrier)	
First Observation Period	Underlying Index B: 1,100 ( <b><u>equal to or greater than</u></b> Coupon Barrier)	\$10.225 (Call Settlement Amount)
	Underlying Index C: 2,800 ( <b><u>equal to or greater than</u></b> Coupon Barrier)	
	Total Payment:	\$10.225 (2.25% total return)

Because UBS elects to call the Notes after the first observation end date and the closing level of each underlying index is equal to or greater than its coupon barrier on each trading day during the observation period, UBS will pay on the call settlement date a total of \$10.225 per Note (reflecting your principal amount plus the applicable contingent coupon), a 2.25% total return on the Notes. You will not receive any further payments on the Notes.

**Example 2 — On the third Observation Date, UBS calls the Notes.**