CORPORATE OFFICE PROPERTIES TRUST

Form 10-O August 02, 2016

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF \circ_{1934}

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2016

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF o 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number 1-14023 (Corporate Office Properties Trust)

Commission file number 333-189188 (Corporate Office Properties, L.P.)

Corporate Office Properties Trust

Corporate Office Properties, L.P.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Corporate Office Properties Trust Maryland 23-2947217

> (State or other jurisdiction of (IRS Employer incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

23-2930022 Corporate Office Properties, L.P. Delaware

> (State or other jurisdiction of (IRS Employer incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

6711 Columbia Gateway Drive,

21046

Suite 300, Columbia, MD

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (443) 285-5400

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Corporate Office Properties Trust ý Yes o No Corporate Office Properties, L.P. ý Yes o No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Corporate Office Properties Trust ý Yes o No

Corporate Office Properties, L.P. ý Yes o No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Corporate Office Properties Trust

Large accelerated filer ý Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o

Smaller reporting company o

(Do not check if a smaller reporting

company)

Corporate Office Properties, L.P.

Large

accelerated filer o

Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer ý

Smaller reporting company o

(Do not check if a smaller reporting

company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act)

Corporate Office Properties Trust o Yes ý No Corporate Office Properties, L.P. o Yes ý No

As of July 22, 2016, 94,759,023 of Corporate Office Properties Trust's Common Shares of Beneficial Interest, \$0.01 par value, were issued and outstanding.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This report combines the quarterly reports on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2016 of Corporate Office Properties Trust ("COPT") and subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company") and Corporate Office Properties, L.P. ("COPLP") and subsidiaries (collectively, the "Operating Partnership"). Unless stated otherwise or the context otherwise requires, "we," "our," and "us" refer collectively to COPT, COPLP and their subsidiaries.

COPT is a real estate investment trust, or REIT, and the sole general partner of COPLP. As of June 30, 2016, COPT owned approximately 96.3% of the outstanding common units and approximately 95.5% of the outstanding preferred units in COPLP; the remaining common and preferred units in COPLP were owned by third parties. As the sole general partner of COPLP, COPT controls COPLP and can cause it to enter into major transactions including acquisitions, dispositions and refinancings and cause changes in its line of business, capital structure and distribution policies.

There are a few differences between the Company and the Operating Partnership which are reflected in this Form 10-Q. We believe it is important to understand the differences between the Company and the Operating Partnership in the context of how the Company and the Operating Partnership operate as an interrelated, consolidated company. COPT is a real estate investment trust, whose only material asset is its ownership of partnership interests of COPLP. As a result, COPT does not conduct business itself, other than acting as the sole general partner of COPLP, issuing public equity from time to time and guaranteeing certain debt of COPLP. COPT itself is not directly obligated under any indebtedness but guarantees some of the debt of COPLP. COPLP owns substantially all of the assets of COPT either directly or through its subsidiaries, conducts almost all of the operations of the business and is structured as a limited partnership with no publicly traded equity. Except for net proceeds from public equity issuances by COPT, which are contributed to COPLP in exchange for partnership units, COPLP generates the capital required by COPT's business through COPLP's operations, by COPLP's direct or indirect incurrence of indebtedness or through the

issuance of partnership units.

Noncontrolling interests and shareholders' equity and partners' capital are the main areas of difference between the consolidated financial statements of COPT and those of COPLP. The common limited partnership interests in COPLP not owned by COPT are accounted for as partners' capital in COPLP's consolidated financial statements and as noncontrolling interests in COPT's consolidated financial statements. COPLP's consolidated financial statements also reflect COPT's noncontrolling interests in certain real estate partnerships, limited liability companies ("LLCs"), business trusts and corporations; the differences between shareholders' equity, partners' capital and noncontrolling interests result from the differences in the equity issued at the COPT and COPLP levels and in COPT's noncontrolling interests in these real estate partnerships, LLCs, business trusts and corporations. The only other significant differences between the consolidated financial statements of COPT and those of COPLP are assets in connection with a non-qualified elective deferred compensation plan

(comprised primarily of mutual funds and equity securities) and the corresponding liability to the plan's participants that are held directly by COPT.

We believe combining the quarterly reports on Form 10-Q of the Company and the Operating Partnership into this single report results in the following benefits:

combined reports better reflect how management and the analyst community view the business as a single operating unit;

combined reports enhance investors' understanding of the Company and the Operating Partnership by enabling them to view the business as a whole and in the same manner as management;

combined reports are more efficient for the Company and the Operating Partnership and result in savings in time, effort and expense; and

combined reports are more efficient for investors by reducing duplicative disclosure and providing a single document for their review.

To help investors understand the significant differences between the Company and the Operating Partnership, this report presents the following separate sections for each of the Company and the Operating Partnership: consolidated financial statements;

the following notes to the consolidated financial statements:

Note 3, Fair Value Measurements of COPT and subsidiaries and COPLP and subsidiaries; and

Note 14, Earnings per Share of COPT and subsidiaries and Earnings per Unit of COPLP and subsidiaries;

"Item 2: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Liquidity and Capital Resources of COPT"; and

"Item 2: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Liquidity and Capital Resources of COPLP."

This report also includes separate sections under Part I, Item 4. Controls and Procedures and separate Exhibit 31 and Exhibit 32 certifications for each of COPT and COPLP to establish that the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer of each entity have made the requisite certifications and that COPT and COPLP are compliant with Rule 13a-15 and Rule 15d-14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and 18 U.S.C. §1350.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

FORM 10-Q

	PAGE
PART I: FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
Item 1: Financial Statements:	
Consolidated Financial Statements of Corporate Office Properties Trust	
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 (unaudited)	<u>3</u>
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015	4
(unaudited)	
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2016	<u>5</u> 5
and 2015 (unaudited)	<u> </u>
Consolidated Statements of Equity for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (unaudited)	<u>6</u>
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (unaudited)	<u>7</u>
Consolidated Financial Statements of Corporate Office Properties, L.P.	
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 (unaudited)	9
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015	<u>10</u>
(unaudited)	10
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2016	2 11
and 2015 (unaudited)	111
Consolidated Statements of Equity for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (unaudited)	<u>12</u>
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (unaudited)	<u>13</u>
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)	<u>15</u>
Item 2: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	<u>34</u>
Item 3: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	<u>48</u>
Item 4: Controls and Procedures	<u>49</u>
PART II: OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 1: Legal Proceedings	<u>49</u>
Item Piels Footogs	40
1A: Risk Factors	<u>49</u>
Item 2: Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	<u>49</u>
Item 3: Defaults Upon Senior Securities	<u>50</u>
Item 4: Mine Safety Disclosures	<u>50</u>
<u>Item 5: Other Information</u>	<u>50</u>
<u>Item 6: Exhibits</u>	<u>51</u>
<u>SIGNATURES</u>	<u>52</u>
2	

PART I: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Financial Statements

Corporate Office Properties Trust and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets (in thousands, except share data) (unaudited)		
	June 30,	December 31,
Assets	2016	2015
Properties, net:		
Operating properties, net	\$2,782,330	\$ 2,920,529
Projects in development or held for future development	387,397	429,219
Total properties, net	3,169,727	3,349,748
Assets held for sale, net	300,584	96,782
Cash and cash equivalents	13,317	60,310
Restricted cash and marketable securities	8,302	7,716
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$745 and \$1,525,	32,505	29,167
respectively)	•	
Deferred rent receivable (net of allowance of \$422 and \$1,962, respectively)	92,316	105,484
Intangible assets on real estate acquisitions, net	88,788	98,338
Deferred leasing costs (net of accumulated amortization of \$63,768 and \$66,364,	42,632	53,868
respectively) Investing receivables	50,162	47,875
Prepaid expenses and other assets, net	43,359	60,024
Total assets	\$3,841,692	•
Liabilities and equity	ψ3,011,052	Ψ 5,5 05,512
Liabilities:		
Debt, net	\$2,094,486	\$2,077,752
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	92,848	91,755
Rents received in advance and security deposits	32,035	37,148
Dividends and distributions payable	30,219	30,178
Deferred revenue associated with operating leases	17,560	19,758
Interest rate derivatives	20,245	3,160
Other liabilities	31,123	13,779
Total liabilities	2,318,516	2,273,530
Commitments and contingencies (Note 15)		
Redeemable noncontrolling interests	22,473	19,218
Equity:		
Corporate Office Properties Trust's shareholders' equity:		
Preferred Shares of beneficial interest at liquidation preference (\$0.01 par value;	6 100 092	199,083
25,000,000 shares authorized, shares issued and outstanding of 7,431,667 at June 30, 201 and December 31, 2015)	0 199,063	199,003
Common Shares of beneficial interest (\$0.01 par value; 125,000,000 shares authorized,		
shares issued and outstanding of 94,699,359 at June 30, 2016 and 94,531,512 at	947	945
December 31, 2015)		
Additional paid-in capital	2,007,328	2,004,507
Cumulative distributions in excess of net income		(657,172)
	/	/

Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(17,712	(2,838)
Total Corporate Office Properties Trust's shareholders' equity	1,432,706	1,544,525
Noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries:		
Common units in COPLP	47,550	52,359
Preferred units in COPLP	8,800	8,800
Other consolidated entities	11,647	10,880
Noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries	67,997	72,039
Total equity	1,500,703	1,616,564
Total liabilities, redeemable noncontrolling interest and equity	\$3,841,692	\$3,909,312

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Corporate Office Properties Trust and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Operations (in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

	For the Th	ree Months	For the Six Months		
	Ended June 30,		Ended Jun	e 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Revenues					
Rental revenue	\$107,524	\$105,508	\$212,906	\$203,746	5
Tenant recoveries and other real estate operations revenue	26,400	22,683	54,105	47,155	
Construction contract and other service revenues	12,003	42,172	23,223	80,496	
Total revenues	145,927	170,363	290,234	331,397	
Expenses					
Property operating expenses	48,141	46,418	100,016	97,099	
Depreciation and amortization associated with real estate operations	33,248	33,786	67,775	65,385	
Construction contract and other service expenses	11,478	41,293	22,172	78,791	
Impairment losses	69,692	1,238	72,138	1,238	
General, administrative and leasing expenses	8,026	7,534	19,909	15,425	
Business development expenses and land carry costs	2,363	2,623	4,781	5,413	
Total operating expenses	172,948	132,892	286,791	263,351	
Operating (loss) income	(27,021)	37,471	3,443	68,046	
Interest expense	(22,639)	(21,768)	(46,198)	(42,606)
Interest and other income	1,330	1,242	2,486	2,525	
Gain (loss) on early extinguishment of debt	5	(65)	22	(68)
(Loss) income from continuing operations before equity in income of	(40.225)	16,000	(40.047)	27.007	
unconsolidated entities and income taxes	(48,325)	16,880	(40,247)	27,897	
Equity in income of unconsolidated entities	10	9	20	34	
Income tax (expense) benefit	(1)	(50)	7	(105)
(Loss) income from continuing operations	(48,316)	16,839	(40,220)	27,826	
Discontinued operations	_	394		156	
(Loss) income before gain on sales of real estate	(48,316)	17,233	(40,220)	27,982	
Gain on sales of real estate		(1)		3,985	
Net (loss) income	(48,316)	17,232	(40,220)	31,967	
Net loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests:					
Common units in COPLP	1,976	(476)	1,849	(874)
Preferred units in COPLP	(165)	(165)	(330)	(330)
Other consolidated entities	(914)	(810)	(1,892)	(1,627)
Net (loss) income attributable to COPT	(47,419)	15,781	(40,593)	29,136	
Preferred share dividends	(3,553)	(3,553)	(7,105)	(7,105)
Net (loss) income attributable to COPT common shareholders	\$(50,972)	\$12,228	\$(47,698)	\$22,031	
Net (loss) income attributable to COPT:					
(Loss) income from continuing operations	\$(47,419)	\$15,402	\$(40,593)	\$28,983	
Discontinued operations, net		379		153	
Net (loss) income attributable to COPT	\$(47,419)	\$15,781	\$(40,593)	\$29,136	
Basic earnings per common share (1)					
(Loss) income from continuing operations	\$(0.54)	\$0.13	\$(0.51)	\$0.23	
Discontinued operations	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Net (loss) income attributable to COPT common shareholders	\$(0.54)	\$0.13	\$(0.51)	\$0.23	

Diluted earnings per common share (1)

8 T				
(Loss) income from continuing operations	\$(0.54) \$0.13	\$(0.51) \$0.23
Discontinued operations	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Net (loss) income attributable to COPT common shareholders	\$(0.54) \$0.13	\$(0.51) \$0.23
Dividends declared per common share	\$0.275	\$0.275	\$0.550	\$0.550

⁽¹⁾ Basic and diluted earnings per common share are calculated based on amounts attributable to common shareholders of Corporate Office Properties Trust.

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Corporate Office Properties Trust and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (in thousands) (unaudited)

	For the Th	ree	For the Six	Months	
	Months En 30,	nded June	Ended June 30,		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Net (loss) income	\$(48,316)	\$17,232	\$(40,220)	\$31,967	
Other comprehensive (loss) income					
Unrealized (loss) gain on interest rate derivatives	(5,704)	392	(16,988)	(3,082)	
Losses on interest rate derivatives included in interest expense	850	769	1,720	1,542	
Equity in other comprehensive loss of equity method investee	(184)	(264)	(184)	(264)	
Other comprehensive (loss) income	(5,038)	897	(15,452)	(1,804)	
Comprehensive (loss) income	(53,354)	18,129	(55,672)	30,163	
Comprehensive loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests	1,085	(1,542)	205	(2,871)	
Comprehensive (loss) income attributable to COPT	\$(52,269)	\$16,587	\$(55,467)	\$27,292	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Corporate Office Properties Trust and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Equity (Dollars in thousands) (unaudited)

(unaudited)	Preferred Shares	Commo Shares	Additional Paid-in Capital	Cumulative Distribution Excess of N Income	Accumulates in Other et Compreher Loss	Noncontrol	ling Total
Balance at December 31, 2014 (93,255,284 common shares outstanding)	\$199,083	\$ 933	\$1,969,968	\$ (717,264) \$ (1,297) \$ 69,461	\$1,520,884
Conversion of common units to common shares (158,000 shares)	_	2	2,120	_	_	(2,122) —
Common shares issued under at-the-market program (890,241 shares)	· —	9	26,526	_	_	_	26,535
Exercise of share options (76,474 shares)	_	_	2,008	_	_	_	2,008
Share-based compensation (149,619 shares issued, net o redemptions)	f—	2	3,656	_	_	_	3,658
Redemption of vested equity awards	_	_	(2,245)	_	_	_	(2,245)
Adjustments to noncontrolling interests resulting from changes in ownership of COPLP	_	_	(519)	_	_	519	_
Comprehensive income				29,136	(1,844) 1,728	29,020
Dividends			_	(59,106) —		(59,106)
Distributions to owners of common and preferred units in COPLP	_	_	_	_	_	(2,354) (2,354)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests in other consolidated entities	_	_	_	_	_	(28) (28
Adjustment to arrive at fair value of redeemable noncontrolling interest	_	_	(739)	_	_	_	(739)
Balance at June 30, 2015 (94,529,618 common shares outstanding)	\$199,083	\$ 946	\$2,000,775	\$ (747,234) \$ (3,141) \$ 67,204	\$1,517,633
Balance at December 31, 2015 (94,531,512 common shares outstanding)		\$ 945	\$2,004,507	\$ (657,172) \$ (2,838) \$ 72,039	\$1,616,564
Conversion of common units to common shares (26,758 shares)	_	_	371	_	_	(371) —

Costs associated with common shares issued to the public	_	_	(5) —	_	_		(5)
Share-based compensation (141,089 shares issued, net or	f—	2	4,301	_	_	_		4,303	
redemptions)									
Redemption of vested equity awards	_	_	(1,492) —	_	_		(1,492)
Adjustments to noncontrolling interests resulting from changes in ownership of COPLP	_	_	(5) —	_	5		_	
Comprehensive loss		_		(40,593) (14,874) (1,322)	(56,789)
Dividends	_	_	_	(59,175) —	_		(59,175)
Distributions to owners of common and preferred units in COPLP	_		_	_	_	(2,346)	(2,346)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests in other consolidated entities	_	_	_	_	_	(8)	(8)
Adjustment to arrive at fair value of redeemable noncontrolling interest	_	_	(349) —	_	_		(349)
Balance at June 30, 2016 (94,699,359 common shares outstanding) See accompanying notes to c			\$2,007,328	•) \$ (17,712) \$ 67,997		\$1,500,703	3
1 , 0									

Corporate Office Properties Trust and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (in thousands) (unaudited)

	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 2015
Cash flows from operating activities	
Revenues from real estate operations received	\$260,984 \$240,538
Construction contract and other service revenues received	34,992 86,790
Property operating expenses paid	(87,005) (79,667)
Construction contract and other service expenses paid	(24,303) (76,355)
General, administrative, leasing, business development and land carry costs paid	
Interest expense paid	(41,179) (32,375)
Interest and other income received	128 4,055
Other	(5) (26)
Net cash provided by operating activities	124,400 122,839
Cash flows from investing activities	
Construction, development and redevelopment	(75,339) (117,498)
Acquisitions of operating properties and related intangible assets	- (137,125)
Tenant improvements on operating properties	(14,862) (10,314)
Other capital improvements on operating properties	(16,007) (8,372)
Proceeds from dispositions of properties	5,448 17,424
Investing receivables payments received	5,114
Leasing costs paid	(3,434) (6,732)
Other	(13) (3,538)
Net cash used in investing activities	(104,207) (261,041)
Cash flows from financing activities	
Proceeds from debt	
Revolving Credit Facility	133,500 294,000
Unsecured senior notes	— 296,580
Other debt proceeds	45,000 50,000
Repayments of debt	
Revolving Credit Facility	(119,000) (377,000)
Scheduled principal amortization	(3,532) (3,319)
Other debt repayments	(40,498) (50,630)
Deferred financing costs paid	(528) (4,693)
Net proceeds from issuance of common shares	(5) 28,567
Common share dividends paid	(52,021) (51,642)
Preferred share dividends paid	(7,105) (7,105)
Distributions paid to noncontrolling interests in COPLP	(2,362) (2,461)
Distributions paid to redeemable noncontrolling interests	(14,306) —
Redemption of vested equity awards	(1,492) (2,245)
Other	(4,837) (853)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(67,186) 169,199
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(46,993) 30,997
Cash and cash equivalents	
Beginning of period	60,310 6,077
End of period	\$13,317 \$37,074

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Corporate Office Properties Trust and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (continued) (in thousands) (unaudited)

	For the Si 2016	x Months Ended	June 30,	2015		
Reconciliation of net (loss) income to net cash provided by operating activities:	y					
Net (loss) income Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by operating	\$	(40,220)	\$	31,967	
activities: Depreciation and other	68,901			66,404		
amortization	,					
Impairment losses Losses on interest rate	72,138			1,472		
derivatives Amortization of deferred	1,870			_		
financing costs and net debt	2,998			2,618		
discounts						
Increase in deferred rent	(1,276)	(5,956)
receivable Gain on sales of real estate				(3,985		1
Share-based compensation	3,839			3,210)
Other	(1,725)	1,754		
Operating changes in assets and liabilities:			,	1,701		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	8 (3,320)	10,655		
Increase in restricted cash and marketable securities	(389)	(735)
Decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets, net	11,303			6,518		
Increase in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other	15,394			12,557		
liabilities Decrease in rents received in	(5,113)	(3,640)
advance and security deposits			,	(3,010		,
Net cash provided by operating activities	² \$	124,400		\$	122,839	
Supplemental schedule of non-cash investing and financing activities:						
Increase in accrued capital improvements, leasing and	\$	1,604		\$	15,927	
other investing activity costs	\$	22,600		\$	_	

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Increase in property and redeemable noncontrolling interests in connection with property contributed in a joint venture Decrease in redeemable noncontrolling interests and increase in other link like in the link like like in the link like in the link like like like like like like like lik					
increase in other liabilities in connection with distribution payable to redeemable noncontrolling interest Other liabilities assumed on	\$	6,675		\$ _	
acquisition of operating properties Decrease in fair value of	\$	_		\$ 5,265	
derivatives applied to accumulated other comprehensive loss and noncontrolling interests Equity in other comprehensive	\$	(15,268)	\$ (1,540)
loss of an equity method investee	\$	(184)	\$ (264)
Dividends/distribution payable Decrease in noncontrolling interests and increase in	\$	30,219		\$ 30,178	
shareholders' equity in connection with the conversion of common units into common shares		371		\$ 2,122	
Adjustments to noncontrolling interests resulting from changes in COPLP ownership Increase in redeemable noncontrolling interest and	\$	5		\$ 519	
decrease in equity to carry redeemable noncontrolling interest at fair value	\$	349		\$ 739	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Corporate Office Properties, L.P. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets (in thousands, except unit data) (unaudited)

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Assets		
Properties, net:		
Operating properties, net	\$2,782,330	\$2,920,529
Projects in development or held for future development	387,397	429,219
Total properties, net	3,169,727	3,349,748
Assets held for sale, net	300,584	96,782
Cash and cash equivalents	13,317	60,310
Restricted cash and marketable securities	3,256	1,953
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$745 and \$1,525,	32,505	29,167
respectively)		
Deferred rent receivable (net of allowance of \$422 and \$1,962, respectively)	92,316	105,484
Intangible assets on real estate acquisitions, net	88,788	98,338
Deferred leasing costs (net of accumulated amortization of \$63,768 and \$66,364,	42,632	53,868
respectively)	•	
Investing receivables	50,162	47,875
Prepaid expenses and other assets, net	43,359	60,024
Total assets	\$3,836,646	\$3,903,549
Liabilities and equity		
Liabilities:		
Debt, net	\$2,094,486	\$2,077,752
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	92,848	91,755
Rents received in advance and security deposits	32,035	37,148
Distributions payable	30,219	30,178
Deferred revenue associated with operating leases	17,560	19,758
Interest rate derivatives	20,245	3,160
Other liabilities	26,077	8,016
Total liabilities	2,313,470	2,267,767
Commitments and contingencies (Note 15)		
Redeemable noncontrolling interests	22,473	19,218
Equity:		
Corporate Office Properties, L.P.'s equity:		
Preferred units		
General partner, preferred units outstanding of 7,431,667 at June 30, 2016 and December	199,083	199,083
31, 2015	177,005	177,005
Limited partner, 352,000 preferred units outstanding at June 30, 2016 and December 31,	8,800	8,800
2015	0,000	0,000
Common units, 94,699,359 and 94,531,512 held by the general partner and 3,650,633 and	1,299,571	1,400,745
3,677,391 held by limited partners at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively		
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(2,985)
Total Corporate Office Properties, L.P.'s equity	1,489,017	1,605,643

Noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries	11,686	10,921
Total equity	1,500,703	1,616,564
Total liabilities, redeemable noncontrolling interest and equity	\$3,836,646	\$3,903,549
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.		

Corporate Office Properties, L.P. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Operations (in thousands, except per unit data) (unaudited)

			Ended Jun	e 30,
Revenues	2016	2015	2016	2015
Rental revenue	\$107,524	\$105,508	\$212,906	\$203,746
Tenant recoveries and other real estate operations revenue	26,400	22,683	54,105	47,155
Construction contract and other service revenues	12,003	42,172	23,223	80,496
Total revenues	145,927	170,363	290,234	331,397
Expenses	143,727	170,505	270,231	331,377
Property operating expenses	48,141	46,418	100,016	97,099
Depreciation and amortization associated with real estate operations	33,248	33,786	67,775	65,385
Construction contract and other service expenses	11,478	41,293	22,172	78,791
Impairment losses	69,692	1,238	72,138	1,238
General, administrative and leasing expenses	8,026	7,534	19,909	15,425
Business development expenses and land carry costs	2,363	2,623	4,781	5,413
Total operating expenses	172,948	132,892	286,791	263,351
Operating (loss) income		37,471	3,443	68,046
Interest expense		(21,768)		(42,606)
Interest and other income	1,330	1,242	2,486	2,525
Gain (loss) on early extinguishment of debt	5		22	(68)
(Loss) income from continuing operations before equity in income of	(40.205)	16,000	(40.047)	
unconsolidated entities and income taxes	(48,325)	16,880	(40,247)	27,897
Equity in income of unconsolidated entities	10	9	20	34
Income tax (expense) benefit	(1)	(50)	7	(105)
(Loss) income from continuing operations	(48,316)	16,839	(40,220)	27,826
Discontinued operations	_	394	_	156
(Loss) income before gain on sales of real estate	(48,316)	17,233	(40,220)	27,982
Gain on sales of real estate	_	(1)	_	3,985
Net (loss) income	(48,316)	17,232	(40,220)	31,967
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in consolidated	(911)	(812)	(1,890)	(1,630)
entities	· · · · · · · · ·	· ·		,
Net (loss) income attributable to COPLP		16,420		30,337
Preferred unit distributions				(7,435)
Net (loss) income attributable to COPLP common unitholders	\$(52,945)	\$12,702	\$(49,545)	\$22,902
Net (loss) income attributable to COPLP:				
(Loss) income from continuing operations	\$(49,227)		\$(42,110)	
Discontinued operations, net		394	_	159
Net (loss) income attributable to COPLP	\$(49,227)	\$16,420	\$(42,110)	\$30,337
Basic earnings per common unit (1)				
(Loss) income from continuing operations		\$0.13		\$0.23
Discontinued operations	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Net (loss) income attributable to COPLP common unitholders	\$(0.54)	\$0.13	\$(0.51)	\$0.23
Diluted earnings per common unit (1)		40.45	A (0.51 :	40.00
(Loss) income from continuing operations		\$0.13	,	\$0.23
Discontinued operations	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Net (loss) income attributable to COPLP common unitholders \$(0.54) \$0.13 \$(0.51) \$0.23 Distributions declared per common unit \$0.275 \$0.275 \$0.550

(1) Basic and diluted earnings per common unit are calculated based on amounts attributable to common unitholders of Corporate Office Properties, L.P.

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Corporate Office Properties, L.P. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (in thousands) (unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,	For the Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2016 2015	2016 2015		
Net (loss) income	\$(48,316) \$17,232	\$(40,220) \$31,967		
Other comprehensive (loss) income				
Unrealized (loss) gain on interest rate derivatives	(5,704) 392	(16,988) (3,082)		
Losses on interest rate derivatives included in interest expense	850 769	1,720 1,542		
Equity in other comprehensive loss of equity method investee	(184) (264)) (184) (264)		
Other comprehensive (loss) income	(5,038) 897	(15,452) (1,804)		
Comprehensive (loss) income	(53,354) 18,129	(55,672) 30,163		
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(911) (872	(1,890) (1,745)		
Comprehensive (loss) income attributable to COPLP	\$(54,265) \$17,257	\$(57,562) \$28,418		

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Corporate Office Properties, L.P. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Equity (Dollars in thousands) (unaudited)

(unaudited)	Limited Preferred		General Pa Preferred		Common U	Inits	Accumula Other Comprehe	ted Noncontro Interests	
	Units	Amount	Units	Amount	Units	Amount	Income (Loss)	ın Subsidiari	Total Equity
Balance at December 31, 2014 Issuance of	352,000	\$8,800	7,431,667	\$199,083	97,092,835	\$1,305,219	\$(1,381	\$9,163	\$1,520,884
common units resulting from common shares issued under at-the-market program	S—	_	_	_	890,241	26,535	_	_	26,535
Issuance of common units resulting from exercise of share options	_	_	_	_	76,474	2,008	_	_	2,008
Share-based compensation (units net of redemption)	_	_	_	_	149,619	3,658	_	_	3,658
Redemptions of vested equity awards	_	_	_	_	_	(2,245		_	(2,245)
Comprehensive income	_	330	_	7,105	_	22,902	(1,919	602	29,020
Distributions to owners of common and preferred units) —	(330)	_	(7,105)	_	(54,025	_	_	(61,460)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries Adjustment to	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(28)	(28)
arrive at fair value of redeemable noncontrolling	_	_	_	_	_	(739	_	_	(739)
Balance at June 30, 2015	² 352,000	\$8,800	7,431,667	\$199,083	98,209,169	\$1,303,313	\$(3,300)	\$9,737	\$1,517,633

Balance at	¢0.000	7 421 667	¢ 100 002	00 200 002	¢ 1 400 745	¢ (2.005	v # 10 021	¢1.616.56	4
December 31, 352,000 2015	\$8,800	/,431,00/	\$199,083	98,208,903	\$1,400,745	\$ (2,985	\$10,921	\$1,616,564	4
Costs									
associated with									
common shares—					(5) —		(5)
issued to the									
public									
Share-based									
compensation	_	_	_	141,089	4,303	_		4,303	
(units net of				- 1-,007	1,000			1,000	
redemption)									
Redemptions of vested —					(1.402	`		(1.402	`
equity awards	_	_	_	_	(1,492) —	_	(1,492)
Comprehensive									
loss	330	_	7,105	_	(49,545) (15,452	773	(56,789)
Distributions to									
owners of	(220		(7.105		(54.006	`		(61.501	`
common and	(330) —	(7,105)	_	(54,086) —	_	(61,521)
preferred units									
Distributions to									
noncontrolling							(8)	(8)
interests in							(0)	(0	,
subsidiaries									
Adjustment to									
arrive at fair value of									
redeemable		_	_	_	(349) —	_	(349)
noncontrolling									
interest									
	40.000	- 101 66-	4400000	00 2 10 002	4.400.55	4.40.40		4. 700 70	_
Balance at June 352,000 30, 2016	\$8,800	7,431,667	\$199,083	98,349,992	\$1,299,571	\$(18,437)) \$11,686	\$1,500,703	3
See accompanying note	s to cons	olidated fina	ancial stater	nents.					
12									

Corporate Office Properties, L.P. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (in thousands) (unaudited)

	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 2015
Cash flows from operating activities	
Revenues from real estate operations received	\$260,984 \$240,538
Construction contract and other service revenues received	34,992 86,790
Property operating expenses paid	(87,005) (79,667)
Construction contract and other service expenses paid	(24,303) (76,355)
General, administrative, leasing, business development and land carry costs paid	(19,212) (20,121)
Interest expense paid	(41,179) (32,375)
Interest and other income received	128 4,055
Other	(5) (26)
Net cash provided by operating activities	124,400 122,839
Cash flows from investing activities	
Construction, development and redevelopment	(75,339) (117,498)
Acquisitions of operating properties and related intangible assets	— (137,125)
Tenant improvements on operating properties	(14,862) (10,314)
Other capital improvements on operating properties	(16,007) (8,372)
Proceeds from dispositions of properties	5,448 17,424
Investing receivables payments received	5,114
Leasing costs paid	(3,434) (6,732)
Other	(13) (3,538)
Net cash used in investing activities	(104,207) (261,041)
Cash flows from financing activities	
Proceeds from debt	
Revolving Credit Facility	133,500 294,000
Unsecured senior notes	— 296,580
Other debt proceeds	45,000 50,000
Repayments of debt	
Revolving Credit Facility	(119,000) (377,000)
Scheduled principal amortization	(3,532) (3,319)
Other debt repayments	(40,498) (50,630)
Deferred financing costs paid	(528) (4,693)
Net proceeds from issuance of common units	(5) 28,567
Common unit distributions paid	(54,053) (53,773)
Preferred unit distributions paid	(7,435) (7,435)
Redemption of vested equity awards	(1,492) (2,245)
Distributions paid to redeemable noncontrolling interests	(14,306) —
Other	(4,837) (853)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(67,186) 169,199
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(46,993) 30,997
Cash and cash equivalents	
Beginning of period	60,310 6,077
End of period	\$13,317 \$37,074
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.	

Corporate Office Properties, L.P. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Continued) (in thousands) (unaudited)

	For the Si	x Months
	Ended Jur	ne 30,
	2016	2015
Reconciliation of net (loss) income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Net (loss) income	\$(40,220	31,967
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and other amortization	68,901	66,404
Impairment losses	72,138	1,472
Losses on interest rate derivatives	1,870	
Amortization of deferred financing costs and net debt discounts	2,998	2,618
Increase in deferred rent receivable	(1,276) (5,956)
Gain on sales of real estate	_	(3,985)
Share-based compensation	3,839	3,210
Other	(1,725) 1,754
Operating changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(3,320) 10,655
Increase in restricted cash and marketable securities	(1,106) (744)
Decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets, net	11,303	6,518
Increase in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	16,111	12,566
Decrease in rents received in advance and security deposits	(5,113) (3,640)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$124,400	\$122,839
Supplemental schedule of non-cash investing and financing activities:		
	\$1,604	\$15,927
Increase in property and redeemable noncontrolling interests in connection with property contributed in a joint venture	\$22,600	\$ —
Decrease in redeemable noncontrolling interests and increase in other liabilities in connection with distribution payable to redeemable noncontrolling interest	\$6,675	\$ —
· ·	\$—	\$5,265
Decrease in fair value of derivatives applied to accumulated other comprehensive loss and	\$(15,268) \$(1,540)
noncontrolling interests	¢ (104) \$ (264
	\$(184 \$30,219	\$ (264) \$ 30,178
Increase in redeemable noncontrolling interest and decrease in equity to carry redeemable noncontrolling interest at fair value	\$349	\$739

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Corporate Office Properties Trust and Subsidiaries and Corporate Office Properties, L.P. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

1. Organization

Corporate Office Properties Trust ("COPT") and subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company") is a fully-integrated and self-managed real estate investment trust ("REIT"). Corporate Office Properties, L.P. ("COPLP") and subsidiaries (collectively, the "Operating Partnership") is the entity through which COPT, the sole general partner of COPLP, conducts almost all of its operations and owns almost all of its assets. Unless otherwise expressly stated or the context otherwise requires, "we", "us" and "our" as used herein refer to each of the Company and the Operating Partnership. We own, manage, lease, develop and selectively acquire office and data center properties. The majority of our portfolio is in locations that support United States Government agencies and their contractors, most of whom are engaged in national security, defense and information technology ("IT") related activities servicing what we believe are growing, durable priority missions ("Defense/IT Locations"). We also own a complementary portfolio of traditional office properties located in select urban/urban-like submarkets within our regional footprint with durable Class-A office fundamentals and characteristics, as well as other properties supporting general commercial office tenants ("Regional Office"). As of June 30, 2016, our properties included the following:

- 181 operating office properties totaling 18.4 million square feet, including 11 triple-net leased, single-tenant data center properties;
- 12 office properties under, or contractually committed for, construction or redevelopment that we estimate will total approximately 1.5 million square feet upon completion, including two partially operational properties included above and two properties completed but held for future lease to the United States Government;
- **1**,379 acres of land we control that we believe could be developed into approximately 16.7 million square feet; and a wholesale data center with a critical load of 19.25 megawatts.

COPLP owns real estate both directly and through subsidiary partnerships and limited liability companies ("LLCs"). In addition to owning real estate, COPLP also owns subsidiaries that provide real estate services such as property management and construction and development services primarily for our properties but also for third parties. Some of these services are performed by a taxable REIT subsidiary ("TRS").

Equity interests in COPLP are in the form of common and preferred units. As of June 30, 2016, COPT owned 96.3% of the outstanding COPLP common units ("common units") and 95.5% of the outstanding COPLP preferred units ("preferred units"); the remaining common and preferred units in COPLP were owned by third parties. Common units in COPLP not owned by COPT carry certain redemption rights. The number of common units in COPLP owned by COPT is equivalent to the number of outstanding common shares of beneficial interest ("common shares") of COPT, and the entitlement of all COPLP common units to quarterly distributions and payments in liquidation is substantially the same as those of COPT common shareholders. Similarly, in the case of each series of preferred units in COPLP held by COPT, there is a series of preferred shares of beneficial interest ("preferred shares") in COPT that is equivalent in number and carries substantially the same terms as such series of COPLP preferred units. COPT's common shares are publicly traded on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") under the ticker symbol "OFC".

Because COPLP is managed by COPT, and COPT conducts substantially all of its operations through COPLP, we refer to COPT's executive officers as COPLP's executive officers, and although, as a partnership, COPLP does not have a board of trustees, we refer to COPT's Board of Trustees as COPLP's Board of Trustees.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The COPT consolidated financial statements include the accounts of COPT, the Operating Partnership, their subsidiaries and other entities in which COPT has a majority voting interest and control. The COPLP consolidated financial statements include the accounts of COPLP, its subsidiaries and other entities in which COPLP has a majority voting interest and control. We also consolidate certain entities when control of such entities can be achieved through means other than voting rights ("variable interest entities" or "VIEs") if we are deemed to be the primary beneficiary of such entities. We eliminate all intercompany balances and transactions in consolidation.

We use the equity method of accounting when we own an interest in an entity and can exert significant influence over but cannot control the entity's operations. We discontinue equity method accounting if our investment in an entity (and net

advances) is reduced to zero unless we have guaranteed obligations of the entity or are otherwise committed to provide further financial support for the entity.

We use the cost method of accounting when we own an interest in an entity and cannot exert significant influence over its operations.

These interim financial statements should be read together with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015 included in our 2015 Annual Report on Form 10-K. The unaudited consolidated financial statements include all adjustments that are necessary, in the opinion of management, to fairly present our financial position and results of operations. All adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accounting policies described in our 2015 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

We adopted guidance issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") effective January 1, 2016 regarding the presentation of extraordinary and unusual items in statements of operations. This guidance eliminates the concept of extraordinary items. However, the presentation and disclosure requirements for items that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence remain and will be expanded to include items that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Our adoption of this guidance did not affect on our reported consolidated financial statements.

We adopted guidance issued by the FASB effective January 1, 2016 modifying the analysis that must be performed by us in determining whether we should consolidate certain types of legal entities. The guidance did not amend the existing disclosure requirements for VIEs or voting interest model entities. The guidance, however, modified the requirements to qualify under the voting interest model. Under the revised guidance, COPLP is considered a variable interest entity of COPT. As COPLP was already consolidated in the balance sheets of COPT, the identification of COPLP as a variable interest entity had no impact on the consolidated financial statements. There were no other legal entities qualifying under the scope of the revised guidance that were consolidated as a result of the adoption. In addition, there were no voting interest entities under prior existing guidance determined to be variable interest entities under the revised guidance.

We adopted effective January 1, 2016 guidance that eliminates the requirement to restate prior period financial statements for measurement period adjustments following a business combination. The guidance requires that the cumulative impact of a measurement period adjustment (including the impact on prior periods) be recognized in the reporting period in which the adjustment is identified. The prior period impact of the adjustment should be either presented separately on the face of the statement of operations or disclosed in the notes. Our adoption of this guidance did not affect our reported consolidated financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued guidance regarding the recognition of revenue from contracts with customers. Under this guidance, an entity will recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Additionally, this guidance requires improved disclosures regarding the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. We are required to adopt this guidance for our annual and interim periods beginning January 1, 2018 using one of two methods: retrospective restatement for each reporting period presented at the time of adoption, or retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying this guidance recognized at the date of initial application. We are currently assessing the financial impact of this guidance on our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued guidance that sets forth principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases. This guidance requires lessees to apply a dual approach, classifying leases as either finance or operating leases based on the principle of whether or not the lease is effectively a financed purchase of the leased asset by the lessee. The resulting classification determines whether the lease expense is recognized based on an effective interest method or straight-line basis over the term of the lease. A lessee is also required to record a right-of-use asset and a lease liability for all leases with a term of greater than 12 months regardless of their classification. Leases with a term of 12 months or less will be accounted for similar to existing guidance for operating leases. The guidance requires lessors to account for leases using an approach that is substantially equivalent to existing guidance for sales-type leases, direct financing leases and operating leases. This guidance is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, with early adoption permitted. We are currently assessing the financial impact of this guidance on our consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued guidance intended to simplify certain aspects of the accounting for employee based share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities and classification on the consolidated statement of cash flows. This guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after

December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those annual periods, with early adoption permitted. We are currently assessing the financial impact of this guidance on our consolidated financial statements.

3. Fair Value Measurements

Recurring Fair Value Measurements

COPT has a non-qualified elective deferred compensation plan for certain members of our management team that permits participants to defer up to 100% of their compensation on a pre-tax basis and receive a tax-deferred return on such deferrals. The assets held in the plan (comprised primarily of mutual funds and equity securities) and the corresponding liability to the participants are measured at fair value on a recurring basis on COPT's consolidated balance sheet using quoted market prices, as are other marketable securities that we hold. The balance of the plan, which was fully funded, totaled \$5.0 million as of June 30, 2016, and is included in the accompanying COPT consolidated balance sheets in the line entitled restricted cash and marketable securities. The offsetting liability associated with the plan is adjusted to fair value at the end of each accounting period based on the fair value of the plan assets and reported in other liabilities on COPT's consolidated balance sheets. The assets of the plan and other marketable securities that we hold are classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The liability associated with the plan is classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

The fair values of our interest rate derivatives are determined using widely accepted valuation techniques, including a discounted cash flow analysis on the expected cash flows of each derivative. This analysis reflects the contractual terms of the derivatives, including the period to maturity, and uses observable market-based inputs, including interest rate market data and implied volatilities in such interest rates. While we determined that the majority of the inputs used to value our derivatives fall within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, the credit valuation adjustments associated with our interest rate derivatives utilize Level 3 inputs, such as estimates of current credit spreads to evaluate the likelihood of default. However, as of June 30, 2016, we assessed the significance of the impact of the credit valuation adjustments on the overall valuation of our derivatives and determined that these adjustments are not significant. As a result, we determined that our interest rate derivative valuations in their entirety are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivable, other assets (excluding investing receivables) and accounts payable and accrued expenses are reasonable estimates of their fair values because of the short maturities of these instruments. As discussed in Note 6, we estimated the fair values of our investing receivables based on the discounted estimated future cash flows of the loans (categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy); the discount rates used approximate current market rates for loans with similar maturities and credit quality, and the estimated cash payments include scheduled principal and interest payments. For our disclosure of debt fair values in Note 8, we estimated the fair value of our unsecured senior notes based on quoted market rates for publicly-traded debt (categorized within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy) and estimated the fair value of our other debt based on the discounted estimated future cash payments to be made on such debt (categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy); the discount rates used approximate current market rates for loans, or groups of loans, with similar maturities and credit quality, and the estimated future payments include scheduled principal and interest payments. Fair value estimates are made as of a specific point in time, are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment. Settlement at such fair value amounts may not be possible and may not be a prudent management decision.

For additional fair value information, please refer to Note 6 for investing receivables, Note 8 for debt and Note 9 for interest rate derivatives.

COPT and Subsidiaries

The table below sets forth financial assets and liabilities of COPT and its subsidiaries that are accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2016 and the hierarchy level of inputs used in measuring their respective fair values under applicable accounting standards (in thousands):

Description	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets(Le	Significant Other Observable Inputs(Lvel I)	Significant ev &h Øbservable Inp	outs(Level 3)
Assets:				
Marketable securities in deferred				
compensation plan (1)				
Mutual funds	\$ 4,954	\$ —	\$	- \$4,954
Other	92	_	_	92
Total assets	\$ 5,046	\$ —	\$	- \$5,046
Liabilities:				
Deferred compensation plan liability (2)	\$ —	\$ 5,046	\$	- \$5,046
Interest rate derivatives	_	20,245	_	20,245
Total liabilities	\$ —	\$ 25,291	\$	- \$25,291

- (1) Included in the line entitled "restricted cash and marketable securities" on COPT's consolidated balance sheet.
- (2) Included in the line entitled "other liabilities" on COPT's consolidated balance sheet.

COPLP and Subsidiaries

The table below sets forth financial assets and liabilities of COPLP and its subsidiaries that are accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2016 and the hierarchy level of inputs used in measuring their respective fair values under applicable accounting standards (in thousands):

Description	Active Markets for	_	nificant Other servable Inputs(Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs(Le	evel 3)	Total
Liabilities:						
Interest rate derivatives	\$	\$	20,245	\$		\$20,245

Nonrecurring Fair Value Measurements

During the second quarter of 2016, as part of our closing process, we conducted our quarterly review of our portfolio for indicators of impairment considering the refined investment strategy of our newly-appointed Chief Executive Officer and concluded that we would: (1) not hold our operating properties in Aberdeen, Maryland for the long-term; (2) sell specific properties in our Northern Virginia Defense/IT and Fort Meade/BW Corridor sub-segments; (3) not develop commercial properties on land in Frederick, Maryland; and (4) sell the remaining operating property in Greater Philadelphia that had not previously been classified as held for sale. Accordingly, we performed recoverability analyses for each of these properties and recorded the following impairment losses resulting from nonrecurring fair value measurements:

\$34.4 million on operating properties in Aberdeen, Maryland (included in our Other segment). After shortening our estimated holding period for these properties, we determined that the carrying amount of the properties would not likely be recovered from the operation and eventual dispositions of the properties during the shortened holding period. Accordingly, we adjusted the properties to their estimated fair value;

\$14.1 million on operating properties in our Northern Virginia Defense/IT and Fort Meade/BW Corridor sub-segments that we reclassified to held for sale during the period whose carrying amounts exceeded their estimated fair values less cost to sell;

\$8.2 million on land in Frederick, Maryland. We determined that the carrying amount of the land would not likely be recovered from the sale of this property. Accordingly, we adjusted the land to its estimated fair value; \$6.2 million on a property in Greater Philadelphia (included in our Regional Office segment) that we reclassified to held for sale during the period whose carrying amounts exceeded its estimated fair value less cost to sell; and \$4.4 million on land in Aberdeen, Maryland. In performing our analysis related to the operating properties in Aberdeen, we determined that the weakening leasing and overall commercial real estate conditions in that market indicated that our land holdings in the market may be impaired. As a result, we determined that the carrying amount of the land was not recoverable and, accordingly, adjusted the land to its estimated fair value.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, we also recognized the following impairment losses resulting from nonrecurring fair value measurements:

\$3.4 million (primarily in the three months ended March 31, 2016) on land in Colorado Springs, Colorado, the carrying amount of which exceeded the estimated fair value less costs to sell. Most of these losses pertained to land we decided to sell during the three months ended March 31, 2016 that was reclassified as held for sale, and the remainder was attributable to further decreases in fair value of properties previously classified as held for sale based on recent bids from and negotiations with prospective buyers; and

\$1.4 million (primarily in the three months ended March 31, 2016) primarily on operating properties in White Marsh, Maryland (included in our Regional Office segment) classified as held for sale whose carrying amounts exceeded their estimated fair values less costs to sell based on recent negotiations with prospective buyers.

The table below sets forth the fair value hierarchy of the valuation technique we used to determine nonrecurring fair value measurements of these assets as of June 30, 2016 (dollars in thousands):

· · · · · ·	Fair Values as of June 30, 2016		
	Quoted Prices in	Significant	
	AcSirgen Manhet Offoer	Unobservable	
	IdentisentvAbletenputs	Inputs	
Description	(Lekeve) 2)	(Level 3)	Total
Assets:			
Operating properties, net (1)	\$-\$	\$ 13,700	\$13,700
Projects in development or held for future development (2)		9,117	9,117
Assets held for sale, net (3)		55,322	55,322

- Valuations were determined using a discounted cash flow model. Refer to table below for quantitative information about significant unobservable inputs used in the model.
- (2) Valuation was determined using the comparable sales approach.
- (3) Represents fair value less estimated costs to sell using contract prices or bids that were deemed indicative of fair value.

The table below sets forth quantitative information about significant unobservable inputs used for the Level 3 fair value measurements reported above for operating properties as of June 30, 2016:

Unobservable Input Range (Weighted Average)

Discount rate 11.0% to 12.0% (11.6%)
Capitalization rate 9.0% to 10.0% (9.5%)

4. Properties, Net

Operating properties, net consisted of the following (in thousands):

	June 30,	December 31,
	2016	2015
Land	\$455,355	\$463,305
Buildings and improvements	3,005,802	3,157,587
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(678,827)	(700,363)
Operating properties, net	\$2,782,330	\$2,920,529

Projects in development or held for future development consisted of the following (in thousands):

June 30, December 31, 2016 2015

Land \$209,202 \$ 207,774

Development in progress, excluding land 178,195 221,445

Projects in development or held for future development \$387,397 \$ 429,219

Our properties held for sale included:

as of June 30, 2016: 13 operating properties in White Marsh, Maryland (included in our Regional Office segment); four operating properties in Greater Philadelphia (included in our Regional Office segment); ten operating properties in our Fort Meade/BW Corridor sub-segment; two operating properties in San Antonio (included in our Other segment); one operating property in our Northern Virginia Defense/IT sub-segment; and land in Northern Virginia, Colorado Springs and Greater Philadelphia; and

as of December 31, 2015: 13 operating properties in White Marsh, Maryland (included in our Regional Office segment); two operating properties in San Antonio (included in our Other segment); and land in Northern Virginia and Colorado Springs.

The table below sets forth the components of assets held for sale on our consolidated balance sheet for these properties (in thousands):

	June 30,	December 31,
	2016	2015
Properties, net	\$269,008	\$ 90,188
Deferred rent receivable	15,765	2,891
Intangible assets on real estate acquisitions, net	1,591	1,591
Deferred leasing costs, net	10,869	1,391
Lease incentives, net	3,351	721
Assets held for sale, net	\$300,584	\$ 96,782

Acquisitions

We acquired the following operating properties in 2015:

250 W. Pratt Street, a 367,000 square foot office property in Baltimore, Maryland that was 96.2% leased, for \$61.8 million on March 19, 2015;

2600 Park Tower Drive, a 237,000 square foot office property in Vienna, Virginia (in the Northern Virginia region) that was 100% leased, for \$80.5 million on April 15, 2015; and

100 Light Street, a 558,000 square foot office property in Baltimore, Maryland that was 93.5% leased, and its structured parking garage, 30 Light Street, for \$121.2 million on August 7, 2015. In connection with that acquisition, we assumed a \$55.0 million mortgage loan with a fair value at assumption of \$55.5 million.

These properties contributed:

revenues of \$9.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016, \$4.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015, \$18.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and \$4.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015; and

net income from continuing operations of \$1.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016, \$40,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2015, \$2.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and \$210,000 for the six

months ended June 30, 2015.

We accounted for these acquisitions as business combinations. We included the results of operations for the acquisitions in our consolidated statements of operations from their respective purchase dates through June 30, 2016. The following table presents pro forma information for COPT and subsidiaries as if these acquisitions had occurred on January 1, 2014. This pro forma information also includes adjustments to reclassify operating property acquisition costs to the six months ended June 30, 2014 from the 2015 periods in which they were actually incurred. The pro forma financial information was prepared for comparative purposes only and is not necessarily indicative of what would have occurred had these acquisitions been made at that time or of results which may occur in the future (in thousands, except per share amounts).

	For the	For the		
	Three	Six		
	Months	Months		
	Ended	Ended		
	June 30,	June 30,		
	2015	2015		
	(Unaudited)			
Pro forma total revenues	\$175,996	\$345,921		
Pro forma net income attributable to COPT common shareholders	\$13,259	\$24,106		
Pro forma EPS:				
Basic	\$0.14	\$0.25		
Diluted	\$0.14	\$0.25		

2016 Dispositions

We sold land in the six months ended June 30, 2016 for \$5.7 million, with no gain recognized.

2016 Construction Activities

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, we placed into service 298,000 square feet in two newly constructed office properties and 55,000 square feet in two redeveloped properties (including a partially operational property). As of June 30, 2016, we had nine office properties under construction, or for which we were contractually committed to construct, that we estimate will total 1.4 million square feet upon completion (including two properties completed but held for future lease to the United States Government) and three office properties under redevelopment that we estimate will total 104,000 square feet upon completion.

5. Real Estate Joint Ventures

The table below sets forth information pertaining to our investments in consolidated real estate joint ventures as of June 30, 2016 (dollars in thousands):

		Nominal				
		Ownership		June 30, 2	016	(1)
	Date	% as of		Total	Encumbered	Total
	Acquired	6/30/2016	Nature of Activity	Assets	Assets	Liabilities
LW Redstone Company, LLC	3/23/2010		Development and operation of real estate (2)		\$ 81,094	\$52,362
M Square Associates, LLC	6/26/2007	50%	Development and operation of real estate (3)	65,788	47,399	46,205
Stevens Investors, LLC	8/11/2015	95%	Development of real estate (4)	38,859 \$256,063	 \$ 128,493	7,446 \$106,013

- (1) Excludes amounts eliminated in consolidation.
- (2) This joint venture's properties are in Huntsville, Alabama.
- (3) This joint venture's properties are in College Park, Maryland.
- (4) This joint venture's property is in Washington, DC.

In January 2016, our partner in Stevens Investors, LLC contributed to the joint venture, for a value of \$22.6 million, interests in contracts controlling land to be developed (including a purchase agreement and a ground lease). Our partner subsequently received a cash distribution from the joint venture of \$13.4 million, which was funded by us. Our partner is also entitled to receive an additional distribution from the joint venture of \$6.7 million to be funded by us

(expected later in 2016 or 2017) that was reported in other liabilities on our consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2016.

6. Investing Receivables

Investing receivables, including accrued interest thereon, consisted of the following (in thousands):

Our notes receivable from the City of Huntsville funded infrastructure costs in connection with our LW Redstone Company, LLC joint venture (see Note 5) and carry an interest rate of 9.95%.

We did not have an allowance for credit losses in connection with our investing receivables as of June 30, 2016 or December 31, 2015. The fair value of these receivables approximated their carrying amounts as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

7. Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets, Net

Prepaid expenses and other assets consisted of the following (in thousands):

	June 30,	December 31,
	2016	2015
Prepaid expenses	\$10,301	\$ 23,009
Lease incentives, net	7,873	11,133
Furniture, fixtures and equipment, net	5,686	6,004
Construction contract costs incurred in excess of billings	5,281	3,261
Deferred financing costs, net (1)	4,497	5,867
Deferred tax asset, net (2)	3,589	3,467
Other assets	6,132	7,283
Prepaid expenses and other assets, net	\$43,359	\$ 60,024

⁽¹⁾ Represents deferred costs, net of accumulated amortization, attributable to our Revolving Credit Facility and interest rate derivatives.

⁽²⁾ Includes a valuation allowance of \$2.1 million.

8. Debt, Net

Our debt consisted of the following (dollars in thousands):

	Carrying Va		Scheduled Maturity	
	June 30,	December 31,	Stated Interest Rates as of	as of
	2016	2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2016
Mortgage and Other Secured Loans:				
Fixed rate mortgage loans (2)	\$318,243	\$ 281,208	3.82% - 7.87% (3)	2016-2026
Variable rate secured loans	13,608	49,792	LIBOR + 1.85% (4)	2016-2020
Total mortgage and other secured	331,851	331,000		
loans	331,031	331,000		
Revolving Credit Facility	58,000	43,500	LIBOR + 0.875% to 1.60% (5)	May 2019
Term Loan Facilities (6)	516,508	515,902	LIBOR + 0.90% to 2.60% (7)	2019-2022
Unsecured Senior Notes				
3.600%, \$350,000 aggregate principal	346,920	346,714	3.60% (8)	May 2023
5.250%, \$250,000 aggregate principal	245,951	245,731	5.25% (9)	February 2024
3.700%, \$300,000 aggregate principal	297,609	297,378	3.70% (10)	June 2021
5.000%, \$300,000 aggregate principal	296,192	296,019	5.00% (11)	July 2025
Unsecured notes payable	1,455	1,508	0% (12)	2026
Total debt, net	\$2,094,486	\$ 2,077,752		

- The carrying values of our loans other than the Revolving Credit Facility reflect net deferred financing costs of \$7.4 million as of June 30, 2016 and \$8.0 million as of December 31, 2015.
 - Several of the fixed rate mortgages carry interest rates that were above or below market rates upon assumption
- (2) and therefore were recorded at their fair value based on applicable effective interest rates. The carrying values of these loans reflect net unamortized premiums totaling \$459,000 as of June 30, 2016 and \$514,000 as of December 31, 2015.
- (3) The weighted average interest rate on our fixed rate mortgage loans was 5.75% as of June 30, 2016.
- (4) The interest rate on our variable rate secured loan as of June 30, 2016 was 2.31%
- (5) The weighted average interest rate on the Revolving Credit Facility was 1.62% as of June 30, 2016.
 - An additional \$150 million in borrowings is available to be drawn under a term loan. In addition, we have the
- (6) ability to borrow an additional \$430.0 million in the aggregate under these term loan facilities, provided that there is no default under the facilities and subject to the approval of the lenders.
- (7) The weighted average interest rate on these loans was 2.10% as of June 30, 2016.
 - The carrying value of these notes reflects an unamortized discount totaling \$2.1 million as of June 30, 2016 and
- (8) \$2.2 million as of December 31, 2015. The effective interest rate under the notes, including amortization of the issuance costs, was 3.70%.
- The carrying value of these notes reflects an unamortized discount totaling \$3.6 million as of June 30, 2016 and
- (9)\$3.8 million as of December 31, 2015. The effective interest rate under the notes, including amortization of the issuance costs, was 5.49%.
- The carrying value of these notes reflects an unamortized discount totaling \$1.9 million as of June 30, 2016 and (10)\$2.1 million as of December 31, 2015. The effective interest rate under the notes, including amortization of the issuance costs, was 3.85%.
- (11) The carrying value of these notes reflects an unamortized discount totaling \$3.2 million as of June 30, 2016 and \$3.3 million as of December 31, 2015. The effective interest rate under the notes, including amortization of the issuance costs, was 5.15%.

These notes carry interest rates that were below market rates upon assumption and therefore were recorded at (12) their fair value based on applicable effective interest rates. The carrying value of these notes reflects an unamortized discount totaling \$506,000 as of June 30, 2016 and \$554,000 as of December 31, 2015.

All debt is owed by the Operating Partnership. While COPT is not directly obligated by any debt, it has guaranteed the Operating Partnership's Revolving Credit Facility, Term Loan Facilities and Unsecured Senior Notes.

Certain of our debt instruments require that we comply with a number of restrictive financial covenants. As of June 30, 2016, we were within the compliance requirements of these financial covenants.

We capitalized interest costs of \$1.3 million in the three months ended June 30, 2016, \$2.0 million in the three months ended June 30, 2015, \$3.1 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016 and \$4.1 million in the six months ended June 30, 2015.

The following table sets forth information pertaining to the fair value of our debt (in thousands):

	June 30, 20	16	December 31, 2015		
	Carrying	Estimated	Carrying	Estimated	
	Amount	Fair Value	Amount	Fair Value	
Fixed-rate debt					
Unsecured Senior Notes	\$1,186,672	\$1,227,235	\$1,185,842	\$1,211,658	
Other fixed-rate debt	319,698	329,066	282,716	291,991	
Variable-rate debt	588,116	592,032	609,194	610,987	
	\$2.094.486	\$2,148,333	\$2,077,752	\$2,114,636	

9. Interest Rate Derivatives

The following table sets forth the key terms and fair values of our interest rate swap derivatives (dollars in thousands):

		•				`	
					Fair Value	e at	
Notional	Einad Data	Electing Data Index	Effective Date	Exmination Data	June 30,	December	31,
Amount	rixed Kate	Floating Rate Index	Effective Date	Expiration Date	2016	2015	
\$100,000	0.8055%	One-Month LIBOR	9/2/2014	9/1/2016	\$(58)	\$ (148)
100,000	0.8100%	One-Month LIBOR	9/2/2014	9/1/2016	(59)	(151)
100,000	1.6730%	One-Month LIBOR	9/1/2015	8/1/2019	(3,117)	(1,217)
100,000	1.7300%	One-Month LIBOR	9/1/2015	8/1/2019	(3,293)	(1,429)
13,765 (1)	1.3900%	One-Month LIBOR	10/13/2015	10/1/2020	(337)	53	
100,000	1.9013%	One-Month LIBOR	9/1/2016	12/1/2022	(5,367)	(138)
100,000	1.9050%	One-Month LIBOR	9/1/2016	12/1/2022	(5,336)	(45)
50,000	1.9079%	One-Month LIBOR	9/1/2016	12/1/2022	(2,678)	(32)
					\$(20,245)	\$ (3,107)

(1) The notional amount of this instrument is scheduled to amortize to \$12.1 million.

Each of the interest rate swaps set forth in the table above was designated as a cash flow hedge of interest rate risk.

The table below sets forth the fair value of our interest rate derivatives as well as their classification on our consolidated balance sheets (in thousands):

		Fair Value at	
Derivatives	Balance Sheet Location	Jun D 3 0 ember 201 3 015	: 31,
Interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges	Prepaid expenses and other assets	\$—\$ 53	
Interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges	Interest rate derivatives	(2)0,0234,\$60)

The table below presents the effect of our interest rate derivatives on our consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (in thousands):

	For the T Months E June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Amount of (loss) gain recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss ("AOCL") (effective portion)	\$(5,704)	\$392	\$(16,988)	\$(3,082)
Amount of losses reclassified from AOCL into interest expense (effective portion)	850	769	1,720	1,542

319

1,870

Amount of loss recognized in interest expense (ineffective portion)

Over the next 12 months, we estimate that approximately \$5.6 million of losses will be reclassified from AOCL as an increase to interest expense.
24

We have agreements with each of our interest rate derivative counterparties that contain provisions under which, if we default or are capable of being declared in default on defined levels of our indebtedness, we could also be declared in default on our derivative obligations. These agreements also incorporate the loan covenant provisions of our indebtedness with a lender affiliate of the derivative counterparties. Failure to comply with the loan covenant provisions could result in our being declared in default on any derivative instrument obligations covered by the agreements. As of June 30, 2016, the fair value of interest rate derivatives in a liability position related to these agreements was \$21.1 million, excluding the effects of accrued interest and credit valuation adjustments. As of June 30, 2016, we had not posted any collateral related to these agreements. We are not in default with any of these provisions. If we breached any of these provisions, we could be required to settle our obligations under the agreements at their termination value of \$21.4 million.

10. Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests

Our partners in two real estate joint ventures, LW Redstone Company, LLC and Stevens Investors, LLC (discussed further in Note 5), have the right to require us to acquire their respective interests at fair value; accordingly, we classify the fair value of our partners' interests as redeemable noncontrolling interests in the mezzanine section of our consolidated balance sheet. We determine the fair value of the interests based on unobservable inputs after considering the assumptions that market participants would make in pricing the interest. We apply a discount rate to the estimated future cash flows allocable to our partners from the properties underlying the respective joint ventures. Estimated cash flows used in such analyses are based on our plans for the properties and our views of market and economic conditions, and consider items such as current and future rental rates, occupancies for the properties and comparable properties and estimated operating and capital expenditures. The table below sets forth the activity for these redeemable noncontrolling interests (in thousands):

For the Six Months

	roi the Six Months			
	Ended June 30,			
	2016	2015		
Beginning balance	\$19,218	\$18,417		
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	22,778	_		
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(20,989)	(885)		
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	1,117	1,143		
Adjustment to arrive at fair value of interests	349	739		
Ending balance	\$22,473	\$19,414		

11. Equity

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, certain COPLP limited partners redeemed 26,758 common units in COPLP for an equal number of common shares in COPT.

See Note 13 for disclosure of COPT common share and COPLP common unit activity pertaining to our share-based compensation plans.

12. Information by Business Segment

Our segment reporting includes the following segments: Defense/IT Locations; Regional Office; our operating wholesale data center; and other. Our segment reporting also includes reporting for Defense/IT Locations sub-segments, which include the following: Fort George G. Meade and the Baltimore/Washington Corridor (referred to herein as "Fort Meade/BW Corridor"); Northern Virginia Defense/IT Locations; Lackland Air Force Base (in San Antonio); locations serving the U.S. Navy ("Navy Support Locations"), which included properties proximate to the Washington Navy Yard, the Naval Air Station Patuxent River in Maryland and the Naval Surface Warfare Center Dahlgren Division in Virginia; Redstone Arsenal (in Huntsville); and data center shells (properties leased to tenants to be operated as data centers in which the tenants generally fund the costs for the power, fiber connectivity and data center infrastructure). The table below reports segment financial information for our reportable segments (in thousands). We measure the performance of our segments through the measure we define as NOI from real estate operations, which is derived by subtracting property operating expenses from revenues from real estate operations.

	Operating C Defense/Info								•		
	Fort Meade/BW Corridor	Northern	Lackland Air Force	Navy	Redstone Arsenal	Data Center Shells	Total Defense/IT Locations	Regional Office	Operating Wholesale Data Cente		
Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 Revenues											
from real estate operations	\$60,912	\$12,057	\$11,651	\$6,998	\$3,191	\$7,288	\$102,097	\$23,283	\$6,804	\$1,740	
Property operating expenses NOI from real	20,378	4,307	6,844	2,675	960	826	35,990	8,721	2,651	779	
	\$40,534	\$7,750	\$4,807	\$4,323	\$2,231	\$6,462	\$66,107	\$14,562	\$4,153	\$961	
	\$7,096	\$3,059	\$	\$2,233	\$301	\$	\$12,689	\$2,180	\$—	\$153	
non-operating properties	\$768	\$27,944	\$231	\$	\$4	\$29,857	\$58,804	\$26	\$(482)	\$—	
Three Months Ended June 30, 2015 Revenues				_							
from real estate operations	\$60,007	\$13,462	\$9,743	\$7,186	\$2,658	\$5,037	\$98,093	\$24,400	\$3,820	\$1,882	
Property operating expenses	19,480	5,354	5,349	3,390	888	499	34,960	8,406	2,221	820	
_	\$40,527	\$8,108	\$4,394	\$3,796	\$1,770	\$4,538	\$63,133	\$15,994	\$1,599	\$1,062	

NOI from real estate operations Additions to										
long-lived assets Transfers	\$5,141	\$83,913	\$ —	\$1,769	\$208	\$ —	\$91,031	\$3,396	\$78	\$210
from non-operating properties Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 Revenues	\$6,098	\$7,735	\$468	\$ —	\$8,980	\$911	\$24,192	\$5,218	\$15,202	\$12
from real estate operations Property	\$123,421	\$24,173	\$21,876	\$13,932	\$6,307	\$13,618	\$203,327	\$46,785	\$13,297	\$3,602
	43,624	8,848	12,264	6,199	1,938	1,636	74,509	18,552	5,312	1,643 1
	\$79,797	\$15,325	\$9,612	\$7,733	\$4,369	\$11,982	\$128,818	\$28,233	\$7,985	\$1,959 \$
long-lived assets Transfers	\$13,615	\$6,137	\$—	\$3,503	\$919	\$—	\$24,174	\$4,939	\$	\$310
from non-operating properties Segment	\$36,519	\$27,850	\$237	\$—	\$215	\$55,954	\$120,775	\$108	\$(431)) \$(11) \$
assets at June 30, 2016 Six Months Ended June 30, 2015 Revenues	\$1,305,769	\$424,441	\$133,359	\$195,195	\$106,810	\$256,276	\$2,421,850	\$594,750	\$237,226	\$35,291
from real estate operations Property	\$121,191	\$24,508	\$18,408	\$14,451	\$5,104	\$10,151	\$193,813	\$46,360	\$6,855	\$3,877
operating expenses NOI from real		10,970	10,112	6,788	1,717	1,194	73,777	17,154	4,433	1,729
operations Additions to			\$8,296	\$7,663	\$3,387	\$8,957		·	\$2,422	\$2,148
assets	\$8,586	\$84,700	\$ —	\$3,362	\$291	\$ —	\$96,939	\$69,330	\$108	\$309
Transfers	\$19,028	\$51,208	\$31,559	\$ —	\$11,977	\$16,008	\$129,780	\$16,725	\$15,379	\$12

from

non-operating properties
Segment

assets at June \$1,266,632 \$499,601 \$134,127 \$194,764 \$107,677 \$170,006 \$2,372,807 \$598,030 \$175,563 \$72,257 \$30, 2015

The following table reconciles our segment revenues to total revenues as reported on our consolidated statements of operations (in thousands):

	For the The Months End 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Segment revenues from real estate operations	\$133,924	\$128,195	\$267,011	\$250,905	
Construction contract and other service revenues	12,003	42,172	23,223	80,496	
Less: Revenues from discontinued operations		(4)		(4)	
Total revenues	\$145,927	\$170,363	\$290,234	\$331,397	

The following table reconciles our segment property operating expenses to property operating expenses as reported on our consolidated statements of operations (in thousands):

,	For the 7	Three	For the Si	x
	Months Ended June 30,		Months Ended	
			June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Segment property operating expenses	\$48,141	\$46,407	\$100,016	\$97,093
Less: Property operating expenses from discontinued operations	_	11		6
Total property operating expenses	\$48,141	\$46,418	\$100,016	\$97,099

As previously discussed, we provide real estate services such as property management and construction and development services primarily for our properties but also for third parties. The primary manner in which we evaluate the operating performance of our service activities is through a measure we define as net operating income from service operations ("NOI from service operations"), which is based on the net of revenues and expenses from these activities. Construction contract and other service revenues and expenses consist primarily of subcontracted costs that are reimbursed to us by the customer along with a management fee. The operating margins from these activities are small relative to the revenue. We believe NOI from service operations is a useful measure in assessing both our level of activity and our profitability in conducting such operations. The table below sets forth the computation of our NOI from service operations (in thousands):

	For the Tl Months E 30,	ndad Iuma	For the Si Ended Jun	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Construction contract and other service revenues	\$12,003	\$42,172	\$23,223	\$80,496
Construction contract and other service expenses	(11,478)	(41,293)	(22,172)	(78,791)
NOI from service operations	\$525	\$879	\$1,051	\$1,705

The following table reconciles our NOI from real estate operations for reportable segments and NOI from service operations to income from continuing operations as reported on our consolidated statements of operations (in thousands):

	For the Th Months Er 30,		For the Six Ended June		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
NOI from real estate operations	\$85,783	\$81,788	\$166,995	\$153,812	2
NOI from service operations	525	879	1,051	1,705	
Interest and other income	1,330	1,242	2,486	2,525	
Equity in income of unconsolidated entities	10	9	20	34	
Income tax (expense) benefit	(1)	(50)	7	(105)
Other adjustments:	_		_		
Depreciation and other amortization associated with real estate operations	(33,248)	(33,786)	(67,775)	(65,385)
Impairment losses	(69,692)	(1,238)	(72,138)	(1,238)
General, administrative and leasing expenses	(8,026)	(7,534)	(19,909)	(15,425)
Business development expenses and land carry costs	(2,363)	(2,623)	(4,781)	(5,413)
Interest expense	(22,639)	(21,768)	(46,198)	(42,606)
NOI from discontinued operations	_	(15)	_	(10)
Gain (loss) on early extinguishment of debt	5	(65)	22	(68)
(Loss) income from continuing operations	\$(48,316)	\$16,839	\$(40,220)	\$27,826	

The following table reconciles our segment assets to the consolidated total assets of COPT and subsidiaries (in thousands):

	June 30,	June 30,
	2016	2015
Segment assets	\$3,289,117	\$3,218,657
Non-operating property assets	413,597	527,742
Other assets	138,978	157,660
Total COPT consolidated assets	\$3,841,692	\$3,904,059

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those used to prepare our consolidated financial statements, except that discontinued operations are not presented separately for segment purposes. In the segment reporting presented above, we did not allocate interest expense, depreciation and amortization, impairment losses, gain (loss) on early extinguishment of debt and gain on sales of real estate to our real estate segments since they are not included in the measure of segment profit reviewed by management. We also did not allocate general, administrative and leasing expenses, business development expenses and land carry costs, interest and other income, equity in income of unconsolidated entities, income taxes and noncontrolling interests because these items represent general corporate or non-operating property items not attributable to segments.

13. Share-Based Compensation and Other Compensation Matters

Performance Share Units ("PSUs")

On March 1, 2016, our Board of Trustees granted 26,299 PSUs with an aggregate grant date fair value of \$1.0 million to executives. The PSUs have a performance period beginning on January 1, 2016 and concluding on the earlier of December 31, 2018 or the date of: (1) termination by us without cause, death or disability of the executive or constructive discharge of the executive (collectively, "qualified termination"); or (2) a sale event. The number of PSUs

earned ("earned PSUs") at the end of the performance period will be determined based on the percentile rank of COPT's total shareholder return relative to a peer group of companies, as set forth in the following schedule:

Percentile Rank Earned PSUs Payout %
75th or greater 200% of PSUs granted
50th or greater 100% of PSUs granted
25th 50% of PSUs granted
Below 25th 0% of PSUs granted

If the percentile rank exceeds the 25th percentile and is between two of the percentile ranks set forth in the table above, then the percentage of the earned PSUs will be interpolated between the ranges set forth in the table above to reflect any performance

between the listed percentiles. At the end of the performance period, we, in settlement of the award, will issue a number of fully-vested COPT common shares equal to the sum of:

the number of earned PSUs in settlement of the award plan; plus the aggregate dividends that would have been paid with respect to the common shares issued in settlement of the earned PSUs through the date of settlement had such shares been issued on the grant date, divided by the share price on such settlement date, as defined under the terms of the agreement.

If a performance period ends due to a sale event or qualified termination, the number of earned PSUs is prorated based on the portion of the three-year performance period that has elapsed. If employment is terminated by the employee or by us for cause, all PSUs are forfeited. PSUs do not carry voting rights.

We computed a grant date fair value of \$38.21 per PSU using a Monte Carlo model, which included assumptions of, among other things, the following: baseline common share value of \$23.90; expected volatility for COPT common shares of 20.4%; and a risk-free interest rate of 0.96%. We are recognizing the grant date fair value in connection with these PSU awards over the period commencing on March 1, 2016 and ending on December 31, 2018.

Based on COPT's total shareholder return relative to its peer group of companies, for PSUs issued in 2014 and 2015 to Mr. Wayne H. Lingafelter, our former Executive Vice President, Development & Construction Services, who departed on March 31, 2016, we issued 10,326 common shares on May 30, 2016 in settlement of such PSUs.

Restricted Shares

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, certain employees were granted a total of 197,087 restricted common shares with an aggregate grant date fair value of \$4.8 million (weighted average of \$24.11 per share). Restricted shares granted to employees vest based on increments and over periods of time set forth under the terms of the respective awards provided that the employees remain employed by us. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, forfeiture restrictions lapsed on 159,171 previously issued common shares; these shares had a weighted average grant date fair value of \$27.62 per share, and the aggregate intrinsic value of the shares on the vesting dates was \$3.8 million.

Deferred Share Awards

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, nonemployee members of our Board of Trustees were granted a total of 24,944 deferred share awards with an aggregate grant date fair value of \$671,000 (\$26.89 per share). Deferred share awards vest on the first anniversary of the grant date, provided that the Trustee remains in his or her position. We settle deferred share awards by issuing an equivalent number of common shares upon vesting of the awards or a later date elected by the Trustee (generally upon cessation of being a Trustee). During the six months ended June 30, 2016, we issued 12,028 common shares in settlement of deferred share awards granted in 2015; these shares had a grant date fair value of \$26.70 per share, and the aggregate intrinsic value of the shares on the settlement date was \$322,000.

Executive Transition Costs

Our Board of Trustees appointed Stephen E. Budorick, our Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer since September 2011, to become our President and Chief Executive Officer effective May 12, 2016, the date of the Company's 2016 Annual Meeting of Shareholders. On that date, Roger A. Waesche, Jr., our current President and Chief Executive Officer, left the Company to pursue other interests, and he was not nominated for reelection as a Trustee. The Board appointed Mr. Budorick to our Board of Trustees after the 2016 Annual Meeting of Shareholders. In addition, our Executive Vice President, Development & Construction Services, Wayne H. Lingafelter, departed the

Company to pursue other interests effective March 31, 2016. We recognized executive transition costs of approximately \$4.4 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016 primarily in connection with the departure of Mr. Waesche and Mr. Lingafelter.

14. Earnings Per Share ("EPS") and Earnings Per Unit ("EPU")

COPT and Subsidiaries EPS

We present both basic and diluted EPS. We compute basic EPS by dividing net income available to common shareholders allocable to unrestricted common shares under the two-class method by the weighted average number of unrestricted common shares outstanding during the period. Our computation of diluted EPS is similar except that:

the denominator is increased to include: (1) the weighted average number of potential additional common shares that would have been outstanding if securities that are convertible into COPT common shares were converted; and (2) the effect of dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period attributable to share-based compensation using the treasury stock or if-converted methods; and

the numerator is adjusted to add back any changes in income or loss that would result from the assumed conversion into common shares that we added to the denominator.

Summaries of the numerator and denominator for purposes of basic and diluted EPS calculations are set forth below (in thousands, except per share data):

(in thousands, except per share data).	For the Th Months E 30,		For the Siz Ended Jun	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Numerator:				
(Loss) income from continuing operations	\$(48,316)	\$16,839	\$(40,220)	\$27,826
Gain on sales of real estate, net		(1)	_	3,985
Preferred share dividends	(3,553)	(3,553)	(7,105)	(7,105)
Loss (income) from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	897	(1,436)	(373)	(2,828)
Income from continuing operations attributable to share-based compensation awards	(96	(113)	(214)	(235)
Numerator for basic and diluted EPS from continuing operations attributable to COPT common shareholders	\$(51,068)	\$11,736	\$(47,912)	\$21,643
Discontinued operations		394	_	156
Discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	_	(15)	_	(3)
Numerator for basic and diluted EPS on net income attributable to COPT common shareholders	\$(51,068)	\$12,115	\$(47,912)	\$21,796
Denominator (all weighted averages):				
Denominator for basic EPS (common shares)	94,300	94,128	94,251	93,666
Dilutive effect of share-based compensation awards	_	35	_	114
Denominator for diluted EPS (common shares)	94,300	94,163	94,251	93,780
Basic EPS:				
(Loss) income from continuing operations attributable to COPT common shareholders	\$(0.54	\$0.13	\$(0.51)	\$0.23
Discontinued operations attributable to COPT common shareholders	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Net (loss) income attributable to COPT common shareholders	\$(0.54)	\$0.13	\$(0.51)	\$0.23
Diluted EPS:				
(Loss) income from continuing operations attributable to COPT common shareholders	\$(0.54	\$0.13	\$(0.51)	\$0.23
Discontinued operations attributable to COPT common shareholders	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Net (loss) income attributable to COPT common shareholders	\$(0.54)	\$0.13	\$(0.51)	\$0.23

Our diluted EPS computations do not include the effects of the following securities since the conversions of such securities would increase diluted EPS for the respective periods (in thousands):

Weighted Average Shares Excluded from

Denominator

For the For the Six Three Months

Months Ended June Ended June 30, 30, 2016 2015 2016 2015 Conversion of common units 3,676 3,680 3,676 3,706 Conversion of Series I Preferred Units 176 176 176 176 Conversion of Series K Preferred Shares 434 434 434 434

The following share-based compensation securities were excluded from the computation of diluted EPS because their effects were antidilutive:

weighted average restricted shares and deferred share awards for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 of 403,000 and 426,000, respectively, and for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 of 404,000 and 413,000, respectively; and

weighted average options for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 of 309,000 and 473,000, respectively, and for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 of 344,000 and 472,000, respectively.

We had outstanding senior notes, which we redeemed in April 2015, with an exchange settlement feature, but such notes did not affect our diluted EPS reported above since the weighted average closing price of COPT's common shares during each of the periods was less than the exchange prices per common share applicable for such periods.

COPLP and Subsidiaries EPU

We present both basic and diluted EPU. We compute basic EPU by dividing net income available to common unitholders allocable to unrestricted common units under the two-class method by the weighted average number of unrestricted common units outstanding during the period. Our computation of diluted EPU is similar except that:

the denominator is increased to include: (1) the weighted average number of potential additional common units that would have been outstanding if securities that are convertible into our common units were converted; and (2) the effect of dilutive potential common units outstanding during the period attributable to share-based compensation using the treasury stock or if-converted methods; and

the numerator is adjusted to add back any changes in income or loss that would result from the assumed conversion into common units that we added to the denominator.

Summaries of the numerator and denominator for purposes of basic and diluted EPU calculations are set forth below (in thousands, except per unit data):

	For the The Months E. 30,		For the Si Ended Jur		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Numerator:					
(Loss) income from continuing operations	\$(48,316)	\$16,839	\$(40,220)	\$27,826	
Gain on sales of real estate, net	_	(1)		3,985	
Preferred unit distributions	(3,718)	(3,718)	(7,435	(7,435)
Income from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	(911	(812	(1,890	(1,633)
Income from continuing operations attributable to share-based compensation awards	(96	(113	(214	(235)
Numerator for basic and diluted EPU from continuing operations attributable to COPLP common unitholders	\$(53,041)	\$12,195	\$(49,759)	\$22,508	
Discontinued operations		394		156	
Discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	_		_	3	
Numerator for basic and diluted EPU on net income attributable to COPLP common unitholders	\$(53,041)	\$12,589	\$(49,759)	\$22,667	
Denominator (all weighted averages):					
Denominator for basic EPU (common units)	97,976	97,808	97,927	97,372	
Dilutive effect of share-based compensation awards	_	35		114	
Denominator for diluted EPU (common units)	97,976	97,843	97,927	97,486	
Basic EPU:					
(Loss) income from continuing operations attributable to COPLP common unitholders	\$(0.54)	\$0.13	\$(0.51)	\$0.23	

Discontinued operations attributable to COPLP common unitholders	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Net (loss) income attributable to COPLP common unitholders	\$(0.54) \$0.13	\$(0.51) \$0.23
Diluted EPU:				
(Loss) income from continuing operations attributable to COPLP common unitholders	\$(0.54) \$0.13	\$(0.51) \$0.23
Discontinued operations attributable to COPLP common unitholders Net (loss) income attributable to COPLP common unitholders	0.00 \$(0.54	0.00) \$0.13	0.00 \$(0.51	0.00) \$0.23

Our diluted EPU computations do not include the effects of the following securities since the conversions of such securities would increase diluted EPU for the respective periods (in thousands):

Weighted Average
Units Excluded
from Denominator
For the For the
Three Six
Months Months
Ended Ended
June 30, June 30,
20162015 20162015

Conversion of Series I preferred units 176 176 176 176 Conversion of Series K preferred units 434 434 434 434

The following share-based compensation securities were excluded from the computation of diluted EPU because their effects were antidilutive:

weighted average restricted units and deferred share awards for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 of 403,000 and 426,000, respectively, and for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 of 404,000 and 413,000, respectively; and

weighted average options for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 of 309,000 and 473,000, respectively, and for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 of 344,000 and 472,000, respectively.

We had outstanding senior notes, which we redeemed in April 2015, with an exchange settlement feature, but such notes did not affect our diluted EPU reported above since the weighted average closing price of COPT's common shares during each of the periods was less than the exchange prices per common share applicable for such periods.

15. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

In the normal course of business, we are involved in legal actions arising from our ownership and administration of properties. We establish reserves for specific legal proceedings when we determine that the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome is probable and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. Management does not anticipate that any liabilities that may result from such proceedings will have a materially adverse effect on our financial position, operations or liquidity. Our assessment of the potential outcomes of these matters involves significant judgment and is subject to change based on future developments.

Environmental

We are subject to various Federal, state and local environmental regulations related to our property ownership and operation. We have performed environmental assessments of our properties, the results of which have not revealed any environmental liability that we believe would have a materially adverse effect on our financial position, operations or liquidity.

Tax Incremental Financing Obligation

In August 2010, Anne Arundel County, Maryland issued \$30 million in tax incremental financing bonds to third-party investors in order to finance public improvements needed in connection with our project known as National Business

Park North. The real estate taxes on increases in assessed value of a development district encompassing National Business Park North are to be transferred to a special fund pledged to the repayment of the bonds. We recognized a \$1.9 million liability through June 30, 2016 representing our estimated obligation to fund through a special tax any future shortfalls between debt service on the bonds and real estate taxes available to repay the bonds.

Operating Leases

We are obligated as lessee under operating leases (mostly ground leases) with various expiration dates extending to the year 2100. Future minimum rental payments due under the terms of these operating leases as of June 30, 2016 follow (in thousands):

Year Ending December 31,

2016 (1)	\$603
2017	1,139
2018	1,092
2019	1,067
2020	1,084
Thereafter	86,805
	\$91,790

(1) Represents six months ending December 31, 2016.

Contractual Obligations

We had amounts remaining to be incurred under various contractual obligations as of June 30, 2016 that included the following:

new development and redevelopment obligations of \$78.8 million; capital expenditures for operating properties of \$48.7 million; third party construction and development of \$17.3 million; and purchase obligations of \$2.5 million.

Environmental Indemnity Agreement

In connection with a lease and subsequent sale in 2008 and 2010 of three properties in Dayton, New Jersey, we agreed to provide certain environmental indemnifications. The prior owner of the properties, a Fortune 100 company that is responsible for groundwater contamination at such properties, previously agreed to indemnify us for (1) direct losses incurred in connection with the contamination and (2) its failure to perform remediation activities required by the State of New Jersey, up to the point that the state declares the remediation to be complete. Under the environmental indemnification agreement, we agreed to the following:

to indemnify the tenant against losses covered under the prior owner's indemnity agreement if the prior owner fails to indemnify the tenant for such losses. This indemnification is capped at \$5.0 million in perpetuity after the State of New Jersey declares the remediation to be complete;

to indemnify the tenant for consequential damages (e.g., business interruption) at one of the buildings in perpetuity and another of the buildings through 2025. This indemnification is limited to \$12.5 million; and to pay 50% of additional costs related to construction and environmental regulatory activities incurred by the tenant as a result of the indemnified environmental condition of the properties. This indemnification is limited to \$300,000 annually and \$1.5 million in the aggregate.

16. Subsequent Event

On July 21, 2016, we sold a 50% interest in six triple-net leased, single-tenant data center properties by contributing them into a newly-formed joint venture for a property value of \$147.6 million. We obtained \$60 million in non-recourse mortgage loans on the properties through the joint venture immediately prior to the sale of our interest

and received the net proceeds. Our partner in the joint venture acquired the 50% interest in the joint venture from us for \$44 million. We will account for our 50% interest in the joint venture using the equity method of accounting. Due to our continuing involvement in the properties through the joint venture, we recognized a partial gain on the sale of our interest of approximately \$18 million.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Overview

During the six months ended June 30, 2016:

we finished the period with occupancy of our portfolio of operating office properties at 91.2%;

we placed into service an aggregate of 353,000 square feet in newly constructed and redeveloped properties that were 85.6% leased as of June 30, 2016;

we classified additional properties as held for sale with aggregate carrying amounts of \$211 million after related impairments. We continue to evaluate properties for sale, and decisions to sell certain additional properties could result in additional impairment losses;

our Board of Trustees appointed Stephen E. Budorick, our Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer since September 2011, to become our President and Chief Executive Officer effective May 12, 2016, the date of the Company's 2016 Annual Meeting of Shareholders. On that date, Roger A. Waesche, Jr., our current President and Chief Executive Officer, departed the Company to pursue other interests, and he was not nominated for reelection as a Trustee. The Board appointed Mr. Budorick to our Board of Trustees after the 2016 Annual Meeting of Shareholders; and

our Executive Vice President, Development & Construction Services, Wayne H. Lingafelter, departed the Company to pursue other interests effective March 31, 2016.

On July 21, 2016, we sold a 50% interest in six triple-net leased, single-tenant data center properties by contributing them into a newly-formed joint venture for a property value of \$147.6 million. We obtained \$60 million in non-recourse mortgage loans on the properties through the joint venture immediately prior to the sale of our interest and received the net proceeds. Our partner in the joint venture acquired the 50% interest in the joint venture from us for \$44 million. We will account for our 50% interest in the joint venture using the equity method of accounting. Due to our continuing involvement in the properties through the joint venture, we recognized a partial gain on the sale of our interest of approximately \$18 million.

We discuss significant factors contributing to changes in our net income in the section below entitled "Results of Operations." The results of operations discussion is combined for COPT and COPLP because there are no material differences in the results of operations between the two reporting entities.

In addition, the section below entitled "Liquidity and Capital Resources" includes discussions of, among other things:

how we expect to generate cash for short and long-term capital needs; and our commitments and contingencies.

You should refer to our consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto as you read this section.

This section contains "forward-looking" statements, as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Act of 1995, that are based on our current expectations, estimates and projections about future events and financial trends affecting the financial condition and operations of our business. Forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as "may," "will," "should," "could," "believe," "anticipate," "expect," "estimate," "plan" or other comparable terminolog. Forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties, many of which we cannot predict with accuracy and some of which we might not even anticipate. Although we believe that the expectations, estimates and projections reflected in such forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions at the time made, we can give no assurance that these expectations, estimates and projections will be achieved. Future events and actual results may differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements. Important factors that may affect

these expectations, estimates and projections include, but are not limited to:

general economic and business conditions, which will, among other things, affect office property and data center demand and rents, tenant creditworthiness, interest rates, financing availability and property values; adverse changes in the real estate markets, including, among other things, increased competition with other companies;

governmental actions and initiatives, including risks associated with the impact of a prolonged government shutdown or budgetary reductions or impasses, such as a reduction in rental revenues, non-renewal of leases and/or a curtailment of demand for additional space by our strategic customers; our ability to borrow on favorable terms;

risks of real estate acquisition and development activities, including, among other things, risks that development projects may not be completed on schedule, that tenants may not take occupancy or pay rent or that development or operating costs may be greater than anticipated;

risks of investing through joint venture structures, including risks that our joint venture partners may not fulfill their financial obligations as investors or may take actions that are inconsistent with our objectives;

changes in our plans for properties or views of market economic conditions or failure to obtain development rights, either of which could result in recognition of significant impairment losses;

our ability to satisfy and operate effectively under Federal income tax rules relating to real estate investment trusts and partnerships;

the dilutive effects of issuing additional common shares;

our ability to achieve projected results; and

environmental requirements.

We undertake no obligation to update or supplement forward-looking statements.

Occupancy and Leasing

Office Properties

The tables below set forth occupancy information pertaining to our portfolio of operating office properties:

	June 3	0,	Decem	ber
	2016		31, 2015	
Occupancy rates at period end				
Total	91.2	%	91.6	%
Defense/IT Locations:				
Fort Meade/BW Corridor	92.6	%	94.5	%
Northern Virginia Defense/IT	82.0	%	81.9	%
Lackland Air Force Base	100.0	%	100.0	%
Navy Support Locations	74.7	%	72.1	%
Redstone Arsenal	98.9	%	97.0	%
Data Center Shells	100.0	%	100.0	%
Regional Office	96.5	%	95.4	%
Other	54.8	%	57.3	%
Average contractual annual rental rate per square foot at period end (1)	\$29.61		\$29.55	

(1) Includes estimated expense reimbursements.

	Rentable Occupied		
	Square Feetuare Fee		
	(in thousands)		
December 31, 2015	18,053	16,535	
Square feet vacated upon lease expiration (1)	_	(342)
Occupancy of previously vacated space in connection with new leases (2)		262	
Square feet constructed or redeveloped	353	335	
Other changes	(4)	(2)
June 30, 2016	18,402	16,788	

- (1) Includes lease terminations and space reductions occurring in connection with lease renewals.
- (2) Excludes occupancy of vacant square feet acquired or developed.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, we completed 1.6 million square feet of leasing, including 546,000 of construction and redevelopment space, and renewed 75.3% of the square footage of our lease expirations (including the effect of early renewals).

Occupancy of our Same Office Properties decreased from 91.1% as of December 31, 2015 to 90.8% as of June 30, 2016.

Wholesale Data Center Property

The leased portion of our 19.25 megawatt wholesale data center property decreased from 17.8 megawatts as of December 31, 2015 to 15.8 megawatts as of June 30, 2016 due to a tenant departure.

Results of Operations

We evaluate the operating performance of our properties using NOI from real estate operations, our segment performance measure derived by subtracting property operating expenses from revenues from real estate operations. We view our NOI from real estate operations as comprising the following primary categories of operating properties:

office properties owned and 100% operational throughout the current and prior year reporting periods, excluding properties held for future disposition. We define these as changes from "Same Office Properties"; office properties acquired during the current and prior year reporting periods; constructed or redeveloped office properties placed into service that were not 100% operational throughout the current

and prior year reporting periods; our wholesale data center; properties held for sale as of June 30, 2016; and property dispositions.

In addition to owning properties, we provide construction management and other services. The primary manner in which we evaluate the operating performance of our construction management and other service activities is through a measure we define as NOI from service operations, which is based on the net of the revenues and expenses from these activities. The revenues and expenses from these activities consist primarily of subcontracted costs that are reimbursed to us by customers along with a management fee. The operating margins from these activities are small relative to the revenue. We believe NOI from service operations is a useful measure in assessing both our level of activity and our profitability in conducting such operations.

We believe that operating income, as reported on our consolidated statements of operations, is the most directly comparable generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") measure for both NOI from real estate operations and NOI from service operations. Since both of these measures exclude certain items includable in operating income, reliance on these measures has limitations; management compensates for these limitations by using the measures simply as supplemental measures that are considered alongside other GAAP and non-GAAP measures.

The table below reconciles NOI from real estate operations and NOI from service operations to operating income reported on the consolidated statements of operations of COPT and subsidiaries:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
	(in thousands)				
NOI from real estate operations	\$85,783	\$81,788	\$166,995	\$153,812	
NOI from service operations	525	879	1,051	1,705	
Less: NOI from discontinued operations	_	(15)	_	(10)	
Depreciation and amortization associated with real estate operations	(33,248) (33,786)	(67,775) (65,385)	
Impairment losses	(69,692) (1,238)	(72,138) (1,238)	
General, administrative and leasing expenses	(8,026) (7,534)	(19,909) (15,425)	
Business development expenses and land carry costs	(2,363) (2,623)	(4,781) (5,413)	
Operating (loss) income	\$(27,021	\$37,471	\$3,443	\$68,046	

Comparison of Statements of Operations for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		
	2016	2015	Variance
	(in thousands)		
Revenues			
Revenues from real estate operations	\$133,924	\$128,191	\$5,733
Construction contract and other service revenues	12,003	42,172	(30,169)
Total revenues	145,927	170,363	(24,436)
Expenses			
Property operating expenses	48,141	46,418	1,723
Depreciation and amortization associated with real estate operations	33,248	33,786	(538)
Construction contract and other service expenses	11,478	41,293	(29,815)
Impairment losses	69,692	1,238	68,454
General, administrative and leasing expenses	8,026	7,534	492
Business development expenses and land carry costs	2,363	2,623	(260)
Total operating expenses	172,948	132,892	40,056
Operating (loss) income	(27,021)	37,471	(64,492)
Interest expense	(22,639)	(21,768)	(871)
Interest and other income	1,330	1,242	88