

EBIX INC  
Form 10-Q  
August 09, 2012  
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UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549  
FORM 10-Q

R QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE  
ACT OF 1934  
For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2012

OR  
o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number 0-15946  
Ebix, Inc.  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE 77-0021975  
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)  
organization)

5 CONCOURSE PARKWAY, SUITE 3200  
ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30328  
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: 678-281-2020

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes R No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes R No o N/A o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer.

Large accelerated filer o Accelerated filer R Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company  
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company) o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No R

As of August 7, 2012 the number of shares of common stock outstanding was 37,116,243

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FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2012  
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## PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1: CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Ebix, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income  
(In thousands, except per share data)  
(Unaudited)

|  | Three Months Ended |          | Six Months Ended |          |
|--|--------------------|----------|------------------|----------|
|  | June 30,           |          | June 30,         |          |
|  | 2012               | 2011     | 2012             | 2011     |
| Operating revenue  | \$47,716           | \$42,267 | \$91,543         | \$82,317 |
| Operating expenses:  |                    |          |                  |          |
| Cost of services provided  | 9,157              | 8,914    | 18,186           | 16,221   |
| Product development  | 5,814              | 4,802    | 10,086           | 9,421    |
| Sales and marketing  | 4,296              | 3,261    | 8,108            | 6,113    |
| General and administrative   | 8,577              | 4,694    | 15,021           | 12,455   |
| Amortization and depreciation  | 2,161              | 1,991    | 4,102            | 3,868    |
| Total operating expenses   | 30,005             | 23,662   | 55,503           | 48,078   |
| Operating income   | 17,711             | 18,605   | 36,040           | 34,239   |
| Interest income  | 110                | 129      | 277              | 329      |
| Interest expense   | (312               | ) (159   | ) (565           | ) (374   |
| Other non-operating income (loss)  | 262                | (464     | ) 262            | (818     |
| Foreign currency exchange gain   | 2,591              | 1,397    | 2,295            | 2,865    |
| Income before income taxes   | 20,362             | 19,508   | 38,309           | 36,241   |
| Income tax benefit (expense)   | (2,295             | ) 2,840  | (4,557           | ) 1,271  |
| Net income   | \$18,067           | \$22,348 | \$33,752         | \$37,512 |
| Basic earnings per common share  | \$0.49             | \$0.57   | \$0.92           | \$0.97   |
| Diluted earnings per common share  | \$0.47             | \$0.53   | \$0.86           | \$0.90   |
| Basic weighted average shares outstanding                                  | 36,908             | 39,159   | 36,679           | 38,658   |
| Diluted weighted average shares outstanding                                | 38,827             | 42,344   | 39,175           | 41,882   |
| See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements. |                    |          |                  |          |

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Ebix, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
 Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income  
 (In thousands)  
 (Unaudited)

|  | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |           | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, |           |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------|-----------|
|  | 2012                           | 2011      | 2012                         | 2011      |
| Net income                               | \$ 18,067                      | \$ 22,348 | \$ 33,752                    | \$ 37,512 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss):       |                                |           |                              |           |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | (7,705                         | ) 2,829   | (3,378                       | ) 4,882   |
| Total other comprehensive income         | (7,705                         | ) 2,829   | (3,378                       | ) 4,882   |
| Comprehensive income                     | \$ 10,362                      | \$ 25,177 | \$ 30,374                    | \$ 42,394 |

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

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## Ebix, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In thousands, except share amounts)

|   | June 30,<br>2012<br>(Unaudited) | December 31,<br>2011 |
|---|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>   |                                 |                      |
| Current assets:   |                                 |                      |
| Cash and cash equivalents   | \$25,313                        | \$23,696             |
| Short-term investments  | 1,458                           | 1,505                |
| Trade accounts receivable, less allowances of \$1,195 as of June 30, 2012 and \$1,719 as of December 31, 2011     | 33,096                          | 31,133               |
| Deferred tax asset, net   | 2,632                           | 2,981                |
| Other current assets  | 6,102                           | 4,502                |
| Total current assets  | 68,601                          | 63,817               |
| Property and equipment, net   | 10,319                          | 8,834                |
| Goodwill  | 320,238                         | 259,218              |
| Intangibles, net  | 50,852                          | 38,386               |
| Indefinite-lived intangibles  | 30,798                          | 30,453               |
| Deferred tax asset, net   | 5,432                           | 9,412                |
| Other assets  | 3,238                           | 1,062                |
| Total assets  | \$489,478                       | \$411,182            |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>   |                                 |                      |
| Current liabilities:  |                                 |                      |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  | \$21,927                        | \$18,719             |
| Accrued payroll and related benefits  | 5,517                           | 5,034                |
| Short term debt   | 10,656                          | 6,667                |
| Current portion of long term debt and capital lease obligations, net of discount of \$49 and \$0, respectively    | 872                             | 165                  |
| Deferred revenue  | 18,060                          | 16,460               |
| Current deferred rent   | 279                             | 266                  |
| Other current liabilities   | 117                             | 2,468                |
| Total current liabilities   | 57,428                          | 49,779               |
| Revolving line of credit  | 32,840                          | 31,750               |
| Long term debt and capital lease obligations, less current portion, net of discount of \$68 and \$0, respectively | 36,380                          | 8,468                |
| Other liabilities   | 4,313                           | 3,803                |
| Contingent liability for accrued earn-out acquisition consideration   | 15,066                          | —                    |
| Put option liability  | 1,114                           | —                    |
| Deferred revenue  | 130                             | 328                  |
| Long term deferred rent   | 1,586                           | 939                  |
| Total liabilities   | 148,857                         | 95,067               |
| Commitments and Contingencies, Note 5   |                                 |                      |
| Stockholders' equity:   |                                 |                      |
|   | —                               | —                    |

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|   |           |            |
|---|-----------|------------|
| Preferred stock, \$0.10 par value, 500,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011   |           |            |
| Common stock, \$0.10 par value, 60,000,000 shares authorized, 37,431,635 issued and 37,391,126 outstanding at June 30, 2012 and 36,418,385 issued and 36,377,876 outstanding at December 31, 2011 | 3,748     | 3,638      |
| Additional paid-in capital  | 176,836   | 179,518    |
| Treasury stock (40,509 shares as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011)  | (76       | ) (76 )    |
| Retained earnings   | 168,015   | 137,559    |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss  | (7,902    | ) (4,524 ) |
| Total stockholders' equity  | 340,621   | 316,115    |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity  | \$489,478 | \$411,182  |
| See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.  |           |            |

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Ebix, Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Condensed Consolidated Statements Stockholders' Equity  
(unaudited)  
(In thousands, except share amounts)

|  | Common Stock     |         |                 | Treasury<br>Stock<br>Shares | Treasury<br>Stock<br>Amount | Additional<br>Paid-in<br>Capital | Retained<br>Earnings | Accumulated<br>Other<br>Comprehensive<br>Income | Total |
|--|------------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|---|-------|
|  | Issued<br>Shares | Amount  | Stock<br>Shares |                             |                             |                                  |                      |   |       |
| Balance, December 31, 2011   | 36,418,385       | \$3,638 | (40,509)        | \$ (76 )                    | \$ 179,518                  | \$ 137,559                       | \$ (4,524 )          | \$ 316,115                                      |       |
| Net income   | —                | —       | —               | —                           | —                           | 33,752                           | —                    | 33,752  |       |
| Cumulative translation adjustment  | —                | —       | —               | —                           | —                           | —                                | (3,378 )             | (3,378 )  |       |
| Repurchase and retirement of common stock                                      | (506,700 )       | (51 )   | —               | —                           | (9,345 )                    | —                                | —                    | (9,396 )  |       |
| Vesting of restricted stock  | 65,390           | 14      | —               | —                           | (13 )                       | —                                | —                    | 1   |       |
| Exercise of stock options  | 1,158,000        | 117     | —               | —                           | 597                         | —                                | —                    | 714   |       |
| Deferred compensation and amortization related to options and restricted stock | —                | —       | —               | —                           | 1,059                       | —                                | —                    | 1,059   |       |
| Share subscribed for business acquisition                                      | 296,560          | 30      | —               | —                           | 4,970                       | —                                | —                    | 5,000   |       |
| Tax benefit related to share-based compensation                                | —                | —       | —               | —                           | 50                          | —                                | —                    | 50  |       |
| Dividends paid   | —                | —       | —               | —                           | —                           | (3,296 )                         | —                    | (3,296 )  |       |
| Balance, June 30, 2012   | 37,431,635       | \$3,748 | (40,509)        | \$ (76 )                    | \$ 176,836                  | \$ 168,015                       | \$ (7,902 )          | \$ 340,621                                      |       |

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.



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## Ebix, Inc. and Subsidiaries

## Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

|   | Six Months Ended |           |
|---|------------------|-----------|
|   | June 30,         |           |
|   | 2012             | 2011      |
| Cash flows from operating activities:   |                  |           |
| Net income  | \$33,752         | \$37,512  |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: |                  |           |
| Depreciation and amortization   | 4,102            | 3,868     |
| Benefit for deferred taxes  | (956             | ) (2,954  |
| Share based compensation  | 1,059            | 1,143     |
| Provision for doubtful accounts   | 316              | 337       |
| Debt discount amortization on convertible debt                                    | 13               | 21        |
| Unrealized foreign exchange gain on forward contracts                             | —                | (238      |
| Unrealized foreign exchange gain  | (593             | ) (1,769  |
| (Gain) loss on put option   | (263             | ) 925     |
| Reduction of acquisition earnout accruals   | —                | (1,868    |
| Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects from acquisitions:              |                  |           |
| Accounts receivable   | 2,163            | (3,693    |
| Other assets  | (1,009           | ) 825     |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses   | (858             | ) (3,482  |
| Accrued payroll and related benefits  | (384             | ) (850    |
| Deferred revenue  | (225             | ) (781    |
| Deferred rent   | (56              | ) (120    |
| Other current liabilities   | (2,338           | ) 867     |
| Net cash provided by operating activities   | 34,723           | 29,743    |
| Cash flows from investing activities:   |                  |           |
| Acquisition of ADAM, net of cash acquired   | —                | 3,529     |
| Investment in MCN, net of cash acquired   | (1,537           | ) (381    |
| Acquisition of BSI, net of cash acquired  | (992             | ) —       |
| Acquisition of Taimma, net of cash acquired                                       | (5,003           | ) —       |
| Acquisition of Fintechnix, net of cash acquired                                   | (4,713           | ) —       |
| Acquisition of Planetsoft, net of cash acquired                                   | (33,967          | ) —       |
| Investment in Curepet, Inc.   | (2,000           | ) —       |
| Investment in ConfirmNet  | —                | (184      |
| Maturities of marketable securities   | 979              | 7,600     |
| Purchases of marketable securities  | (785             | ) (3,080  |
| Capital expenditures  | (1,079           | ) (1,335  |
| Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities                               | (49,097          | ) 6,149   |
| Cash flows from financing activities:   |                  |           |
| Repayments on revolving line of credit, (net of proceeds)                         | 1,090            | (16,250   |
| Proceeds from term loan   | 45,000           | 16,250    |
| Principal payments of term loan obligation  | (15,000          | ) (3,074  |
| Repurchases of common stock   | (9,396           | ) (26,198 |

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|  |          |          |      |
|--|----------|----------|------|
| Settlement on conversion of convertible debt                               | —        | (6,761   | )    |
| Excess tax benefit from share-based compensation                           | 50       | 127      |      |
| Proceeds from the exercise of stock options                                | 714      | 14       |      |
| Dividend payments  | (3,296   | )        | —    |
| Principal payments of debt obligations                                     | (600     | )        | —    |
| Payments of capital lease obligations                                      | (165     | )        | (186 |
| Net cash provided by/ (used in) financing activities                       | 18,397   | (36,078  | )    |
| Effect of foreign exchange rates on cash                                   | (2,406   | )        | 416  |
| Net change in cash and cash equivalents                                    | 1,617    | 230      |      |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period                   | 23,696   | 23,397   |      |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period                         | \$25,313 | \$23,627 |      |
| Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:                         |          |          |      |
| Interest paid  | \$567    | \$361    |      |
| Income taxes paid  | \$4,842  | \$1,505  |      |
| See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements. |          |          |      |

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Supplemental schedule of noncash financing activities:

Effective June 1, 2012, Ebix acquired PlanetSoft, Inc. for aggregate consideration in the amount of \$40.0 million. Under terms of the merger agreement, the former PlanetSoft shareholders received, as part of the aggregate purchase consideration, 296,560 shares of Ebix common stock with a fair value of \$5.0 million.

Effective February 7, 2011, Ebix acquired ADAM for aggregate consideration in the approximate amount of \$88.4 million. Under the terms of the merger agreement, all of the ADAM shareholders received 3.65 million shares of Ebix common stock with a fair value of \$87.5 million as part of the purchase consideration.

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Ebix, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

## Note 1: Description of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Description of Business— Ebix, Inc. and subsidiaries (“Ebix” or the “Company”) is an international supplier of on-demand software and e-commerce solutions to the insurance industry. Ebix provides various application software products for the insurance industry ranging from data exchanges, carrier systems, and agency systems, to custom software development for business entities across the insurance and financial industries. The Company's products feature fully customizable and scalable on-demand software designed to streamline the way insurance professionals manage distribution, marketing, sales, customer service, and accounting activities. The Company has its headquarters in Atlanta, Georgia and also conducts operating activities Australia, Canada, China, India, Japan, New Zealand, Singapore, and Brazil. International revenue accounted for 29.3% and 28.5% of the Company’s total revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

The Company’s revenues are derived from four product/service groups. Presented in the table below is the breakout of our revenue streams for each of those product/service groups for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011.

| (dollar amounts in thousands)        | Three Months Ended |          | Six Months Ended |          |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|----------|------------------|----------|
|                                      | June 30,<br>2012   | 2011     | June 30,<br>2012 | 2011     |
| Exchanges                            | \$38,182           | \$32,222 | \$72,828         | \$63,287 |
| Broker Systems                       | 4,422              | 4,824    | 9,176            | 8,666    |
| Business Process Outsourcing (“BPO”) | 3,890              | 3,753    | 7,461            | 7,372    |
| Carrier Systems                      | 1,222              | 1,468    | 2,078            | 2,992    |
| Totals                               | \$47,716           | \$42,267 | \$91,543         | \$82,317 |

## Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation—The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and these notes have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles with the effect of inter-company balances and transactions eliminated. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to those rules and regulations, although the Company believes that the disclosures made are adequate to make the information not misleading. In the opinion of management these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring items) necessary to fairly present the consolidated financial position of the Company and its consolidated results of operations and cash flows. Operating results for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full year. The condensed consolidated December 31, 2011 balance sheet included in this interim period filing has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and related notes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. These condensed interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Fair Value of Financial Instrument—The Company follows the relevant GAAP guidance regarding the determination and measurement of the fair value of financial instruments in which fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs when measuring fair value. The guidance describes the following three levels of inputs that may be used in the methodology to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices available in active markets for identical investments as of the reporting date;

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices in active markets, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date; and,

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs, which are to be used in situations where there is little or no market activity for the asset or liability and wherein the reporting entity makes estimates and assumptions related to the pricing of the asset or liability including assumptions regarding risk.

A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

As of June 30, 2012 the Company has the following financial instruments to which it had to consider fair values and

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had to make fair assessments:

• Common share-based put option for which the fair value was measured as Level 2 instrument.

• Short-term investments for which the fair values are measured as a Level 1 instrument.

• Contingent accrued earn-out business acquisition consideration liabilities for which fair values are measured as a level 3 instrument.

Additional information regarding the Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis is presented in the following table:

| Descriptions  | Fair Values at Reporting Date Using* |   |   |   |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|
|   | Balance at June 30, 2012             | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets or Liabilities (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |
| (In thousands)  |                                      |   |   |   |
| Assets  |                                      |   |   |   |
| Available-for-sale securities:                            |                                      |   |   |   |
| Commercial bank certificates of deposits                  | \$ 1,458                             | \$ 1,458  | \$ —  | \$ —                                      |
| Total assets measured at fair value                       | \$ 1,458                             | \$ 1,458  | \$ —  | \$ —                                      |
| Liabilities   |                                      |   |   |   |
| Derivatives:  |                                      |   |   |   |
| Common share-based put option (a)                         | \$ 1,114                             | \$ —  | \$ 1,114                                      | \$ —                                      |
| Foreign exchange contracts (b)                            | \$ —                                 | \$ —  | \$ —  | \$ —                                      |
| Contingent accrued earn-out acquisition consideration (c) | 20,907                               | —   | —   | 20,907                                    |
| Total liabilities measured at fair value                  | \$ 22,021                            | \$ —  | \$ 1,114                                      | \$ 20,907                                 |

(a) In connection with the acquisition of PlanetSoft effective June 1, 2012, Ebix issued a put option to the PlanetSoft's three shareholders. The put option, which expires in June 2014, is exercisable during the thirty-day period immediately following the two-year anniversary date of the business acquisition, which if exercised would enable them to sell the underlying 296,560 shares of Ebix common stock they received as part of the purchase consideration, back to the Company at a price of \$16.86 per share, which represents a 10% discount off of the per-share value established on the effective date of the closing of Ebix's acquisition of PlanetSoft. In accordance with the relevant authoritative accounting literature a portion of the total purchase consideration was allocated to this put liability based on its initial fair value, which was determined to be \$1.4 million using a Black-Scholes model. The inputs used in the valuation of the put option include term, stock price volatility, current stock price, exercise price, and the risk free rate of return.

(b) The market valuation approach is applied and the valuation inputs include foreign currency exchange spot rates, forward premiums, forward foreign currency exchange rates, term, and maturity dates. As of June 30, 2012 all the companies derivative instruments in the form of foreign currency hedge instruments had been settled.

(c) The income valuation approach is applied and the valuation inputs include the contingent payment arrangement terms, projected cash flows, rate of return, and probability assessments.

\* During the six months ended June 30, 2012 there were no transfers between fair value levels 1, 2 or 3.

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For the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3), the following table provides a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances for each category therein, and gains or losses recognized during the six months ending June 30, 2012:

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| Fair Value Measurements Using Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) | Contingent Liability for<br>Accrued Earn-out<br>Acquisition<br>Consideration<br>(in thousands) |
|---|--|
| Beginning balance at January 1, 2012                                    | \$ 7,590   |
| Total remeasurement adjustments:  |  |
| (Gains) or losses included in earnings **                               | 104  |
| (Gains) or losses recorded against goodwill                             | —  |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments ***                            | (309                    )  |
| Acquisitions and settlements  |  |
| Business acquisitions   | 15,568   |
| Settlements   | (2,046                    )  |
| Ending balance at June 30, 2012****                                     | \$ 20,907  |

The amount of total (gains) or losses for the year included in earnings or changes to net assets, attributable to changes in unrealized (gains) or losses relating to assets or liabilities still held at year-end. \$ —

\*\* recorded as an adjustment to reported general and administrative expenses

\*\*\* recorded as a component of other comprehensive income within stockholders' equity

\*\*\*\* Short term portion of \$5.84 million is recorded in Accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the currently liability section of the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

The Company believes the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued expenses, accrued payroll and related benefits, line of credit, long-term debt obligations, and capital lease obligations is a reasonable estimate of their fair value due to the short remaining maturity of these items and/or their fluctuating interest rates.

Revenue Recognition—The Company derives its revenues primarily from subscription and transaction fees pertaining to services delivered over our exchanges or from our ASP platforms, fees for business process outsourcing services, and fees for software development projects including associated fees for consulting, implementation, training, and project management provided to customers with installed systems. Sales and value-added taxes are not included in revenues, but rather are recorded as a liability until the taxes assessed are remitted to the respective taxing authorities.



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In accordance with Financial Accounting Standard Board ("FASB") and Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") accounting guidance on revenue recognition, the Company considers revenue earned and realizable when: (a) persuasive evidence of the sales arrangement exists, provided that the arrangement fee is fixed or determinable, (b) delivery or performance has occurred, (c) customer acceptance has been received, if contractually required, and (d) collectability of the arrangement fee is probable. The Company uses signed contractual agreements as persuasive evidence of a sales arrangement. We apply the provisions of the relevant generally accepted accounting principles related to all transactions involving the license of software where the software deliverables are considered more than inconsequential to the other elements in the arrangement.

For contracts that contain multiple deliverables, we analyze the revenue arrangements in accordance with the relevant technical accounting guidance, which provides criteria governing how to determine whether goods or services that are delivered separately in a bundled sales arrangement should be considered as separate units of accounting for the purpose of revenue recognition. Generally these types of arrangements include deliverables pertaining to software licenses, system set-up, and professional services associated with product customization or modification. Delivery of the various contractual elements typically occurs over periods of less than eighteen months. These arrangements generally do not have refund provisions or have very limited refund terms.

Software development arrangements involving significant customization, modification or production are accounted for in accordance with the appropriate technical accounting guidance issued by FASB using the percentage-of-completion method. The Company recognizes revenue using periodic reported actual hours worked as a percentage of total expected hours required to complete the project arrangement and applies the percentage to the total arrangement fee.

Accounts Receivable and the Allowance for Doubtful Accounts Receivable—Reported accounts receivable include \$25.4 million of trade receivables stated at invoice billed amounts net of the estimated allowance for doubtful accounts receivable, and \$7.7 million of unbilled receivables. Approximately \$7.3 million of deferred revenue is included in accounts receivable at June 30, 2012. Bad debt expense incurred during the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2012 was approximately \$50 thousand and \$316 thousand, respectively and \$326 thousand and \$337 thousand for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2011, respectively. Accounts receivable are written off against the allowance account when the Company has exhausted all reasonable collection efforts.

Goodwill and Other Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets—Goodwill represents the cost in excess of the fair value of the net assets of acquired businesses. Indefinite-lived intangible assets represent the fair value of acquired contractual customer relationships for which future cash flows are expected to continue indefinitely. In accordance with the relevant FASB accounting guidance, goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets are not amortized but are tested for impairment at the reporting unit level on an annual basis or on an interim basis if an event occurs or circumstances change that would likely have reduced the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying value. Potential impairment indicators include a significant change in the business climate, legal factors, operating performance indicators, competition, and the sale or disposition of a significant portion of the business. The impairment evaluation process involves an assessment of certain qualitative factors to determine whether the existence of events or circumstances would indicate that it is more likely than not that the fair value of any of our reporting units was less than their than its carrying amount. If after assessing the totality of events or circumstances, we were to determine that it is not more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, then we would not perform the two-step quantitative impairment testing described further below.

The aforementioned two-step quantitative testing process involves comparing the reporting unit carrying values to their respective fair values; we determine fair value of our reporting units by applying the discounted cash flow method using the present value of future estimated net cash flows. If the fair value of a reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, then no further testing is required. However, if a reporting unit's fair value were to be less than its carrying value, we would then determine the amount of the impairment charge, if any, which would be the amount that the carrying value of the reporting unit's goodwill exceeded its implied value. Projections of cash flows are based on our views of growth rates, operating costs, anticipated future economic conditions and the appropriate discount rates relative to risk and estimates of residual values. We believe that our estimates are consistent with assumptions that marketplace participants would use in their estimates of fair value. The use of different estimates or assumptions

for our projected discounted cash flows (e.g., growth rates, future economic conditions, discount rates and estimates of terminal values) when determining the fair value of our reporting units could result in different values and may result in a goodwill impairment charge. We perform our annual goodwill impairment evaluation and testing as of September 30th of each year. During the year ended December 31, 2011 we had no impairment of our reporting unit goodwill balances.

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the six months ended June 30, 2012 are as follows:

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|  |                |
|--|----------------|
|  | (In thousands) |
| Beginning Balance (December 31, 2011)    | \$259,218      |
| Additions, net (see Note 3)              | 61,421         |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | (401 )         |
| Ending Balance (June 30, 2012)           | \$320,238      |

Finite-lived Intangible Assets—Purchased intangible assets represent the estimated acquisition date fair value of customer relationships, developed technology, trademarks and non-compete agreements obtained in connection with the businesses we acquire. We amortize these intangible assets on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

|                        |            |
|------------------------|------------|
| Category               | Life (yrs) |
| Customer relationships | 7-15       |
| Developed technology   | 3-20       |
| Trademarks             | 3-15       |
| Non-compete agreements | 5          |
| Database               | 10         |

The carrying value of finite-lived and indefinite-lived intangible assets at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011 are as follows:

|                                 |                  |                      |
|---------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|
|                                 | June 30,<br>2012 | December 31,<br>2011 |
|                                 | (In thousands)   |                      |
| Finite-lived intangible assets: |                  |                      |
| Customer relationships          | \$54,132         | \$40,289             |
| Developed technology            | 12,798           | 11,640               |
| Trademarks                      | 2,188            | 2,188                |
| Non-compete agreements          | 418              | 418                  |
| Backlog                         | 140              | 140                  |
| Database                        | 211              | 207                  |
| Total intangibles               | 69,887           | 54,882               |
| Accumulated amortization        | (19,035 )        | (16,496 )            |
| Finite-lived intangibles, net   | \$50,852         | \$38,386             |

## Indefinite-lived intangibles:

|                                    |          |          |
|------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| Customer/territorial relationships | \$30,798 | \$30,453 |
|------------------------------------|----------|----------|

Amortization expense recognized in connection with acquired intangible assets was \$1.4 million and \$2.5 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and \$1.2 million and \$2.4 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, respectively.

Income Taxes—Deferred income taxes are recorded to reflect the estimated future tax effects of differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets, liabilities, operating losses, and tax credit carry forwards using the tax rates expected to be in effect when the temporary differences reverse. Valuation allowances, if any, are recorded to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount management considers more likely than not to be realized. Such valuation allowances are recorded for the portion of the deferred tax assets that are not expected to be realized based on the levels of historical taxable income and projections for future taxable income over the periods in which the temporary differences will be deductible.

The Company also applies FASB accounting guidance on accounting for uncertainty in income taxes positions. This guidance clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes by prescribing the minimum recognition threshold a tax position is required to meet before being recognized in the financial statements. In this regard we recognize the tax benefit from uncertain tax positions only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on

examination by the taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position.

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Recent Relevant Accounting Pronouncements—The following is a brief discussion of recently released accounting pronouncements that are pertinent to the Company's business:

In July 2012 the FASB issued new Accounting Standards Update No. 2012-02, "Testing Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets for Impairment" (the revised standard). The revised standard is intended to reduce the cost and complexity of testing indefinite-lived intangible assets other than goodwill for impairment. It allows companies to perform a "qualitative" assessment to determine whether further impairment testing of indefinite-lived intangible assets is necessary, similar in approach to the goodwill impairment test. The revised standard is effective for annual and interim impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2012. Early adoption is permitted. The Company will adopt this new standard in 2013.

In September 2011, the FASB issued technical guidance regarding an entity's evaluation of goodwill for possible impairment. Under this new guidance an entity has the option to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether the existence of events or circumstances leads to a determination that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. If after assessing the totality of events or circumstances, an entity determines that it is not more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, then performing the two-step quantitative impairment test is unnecessary. This new technical guidance was effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011. Early adoption was permitted for annual and interim goodwill impairment evaluations performed as of a date before September 2011, if an entity's financial statements for the most recent annual or interim period have not yet been issued. The Company elected to adopt this technical guidance early and accordingly applied it to the 2011 annual impairment evaluation of goodwill.

In June 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued new financial reporting guidance regarding the reporting of "other comprehensive income, or (OCI)". This guidance revises the manner in which entities present comprehensive income in their financial statements. The new guidance requires entities to report components of comprehensive income in either (1) a continuous statement of comprehensive income, or (2) two separate but consecutive statements. Under the two-statement approach, the first statement would include components of net income, which is consistent with the income statement format used currently, and the second statement would include components of OCI. Under either method, entities must display adjustments for items that are reclassified from OCI to net income in both net income and OCI. The new reporting guidance does not change the items that must be reported in OCI. This new reporting standard is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011. After adoption, the guidance must be applied retrospectively for all periods presented in the financial statements. The Company adopted this new guidance in the first quarter of 2012.

In December 2010, the Emerging Issues Task Force of the FASB reached consensus regarding the disclosure of pro forma information for business combinations. This new guidance addressed the diversity in practice concerning the interpretation of the pro forma revenue and earnings disclosure requirements for business combinations. The guidance specifies that if a public entity presents comparative financial statements, the entity should disclose revenue and earnings of the combined entity as though the business combination had occurred as of the beginning of the comparable prior annual reporting period only. The amendments also expand the supplemental pro forma disclosures to include a description of the nature and amount of material, nonrecurring pro forma adjustments directly attributable to the business combination included in the reported pro forma revenue and earnings. The amendments affect any public entity that enters into business combinations that are material on an individual or aggregate basis. The new guidance was applicable to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2010. The Company adopted this new guidance in 2011.



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## Note 2: Earnings per Share

A reconciliation between basic and diluted earnings per share is as follows (in thousands, except per share data):

|  | Three Months Ended<br>June 30,        |        | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, |        |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------|------------------------------|--------|
|  | 2012                                  | 2011   | 2012                         | 2011   |
|  | (In thousands, except per share data) |        |                              |        |
| Net income for basic and diluted earnings per share          | 18,067                                | 22,348 | 33,752                       | 37,512 |
| Basic Weighted Average Shares Outstanding                    | 36,908                                | 39,159 | 36,679                       | 38,658 |
| Dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards | 1,919                                 | 3,185  | 2,496                        | 3,224  |
| Diluted weighted average shares outstanding                  | 38,827                                | 42,344 | 39,175                       | 41,882 |
| Basic earnings per common share                              | \$0.49                                | \$0.57 | \$0.92                       | \$0.97 |
| Diluted earnings per common share                            | \$0.47                                | \$0.53 | \$0.86                       | \$0.90 |

## Note 3: Business Combinations

The Company executes accretive business acquisitions in combination with organic growth initiatives as part of its comprehensive business growth and expansion strategy. The Company' looks to acquire businesses that are complementary to Ebix's existing products and services. During the six months ended June 30, 2012 the Company executed and completed a number of business acquisitions including PlanetSoft, Inc. which is discussed further below; the other acquisitions were not material individually or in the aggregate. The valuation of the intangible assets acquired and the assessment of the fair value of future contingent consideration obligations for one of these business combinations, and the corresponding purchase price allocations are tentative and not yet fully complete. With assistance of independent valuation advisers the Company will have these valuation matters resolved in line with its interim reporting for the period ending September 30, 2012.

Consideration paid by the Company for the businesses it purchases is allocated to the assets and liabilities acquired based upon their estimated fair values as of the date of the acquisition. The excess of the purchase price over the estimated fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill. Recognized goodwill pertains to the value of the expected synergies to be derived from combining the operations of the businesses we acquire including the value of the acquired workforce.

During the six months ended June 30, 2012 the Company received a termination fee in connection with a failed business acquisition. In this regard the Company recorded a reduction to general and administrative expense in the approximate amount of \$971 thousand (net of significant directly related internal operating costs incurred by the Company and a portion of the fee that had to be paid to our investment banker).

Effective June 1, 2012 Ebix closed the merger of California PlanetSoft, Inc. ("PlanetSoft"). Under the terms of the merger agreement the former PlanetSoft shareholders received \$35.0 million cash and 296,560 shares of Ebix common stock valued at \$16.86 per share or \$5.0 million in the aggregate. Furthermore, under the terms of the agreement the PlanetSoft shareholders hold a put option exercisable during the thirty-day period immediately following the two-year anniversary date of the business acquisition, which if exercised would enable them to sell the underlying shares of common stock back to the Company at a 10% discount off of the per-share value established on the effective date of the closing of Ebix's acquisition of PlanetSoft. The initial fair value of this put option liability which was determined to be \$1.4 million. This put option is described in more detail in Note 7. PlanetSoft is in the business of powering data exchanges that streamline core insurance operations in the areas of client acquisition, underwriting, and distribution management. Due to the fact that PlanetSoft's sales, marketing, and operating functions were immediately integrated into Ebix's operations it is impractical to separately track and disclose specific revenues and earnings from this business combination after its acquisition date. The revenue derived from PlanetSoft's operations is included in the Company's Exchange division. The Company accounted for this acquisition by recording

\$44.3 million of goodwill, \$11.6 million of intangible assets pertaining to customer relationships, and \$550 thousand of intangible assets pertaining to acquired technology. The former shareholders of PlanetSoft retain the right to earn up to an additional cash consideration if certain incremental revenue targets are achieved over the two-year anniversary date subsequent to the effective date of the acquisition. The Company has tentatively determined that the approximate fair value of this contingent consideration liability to be \$11.1 million. The valuation of the intangible assets acquired and the assessment of the fair value of future contingent consideration obligations for this business c



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ombinations, and the corresponding purchase price allocations are tentative and not fully complete. With assistance of independent valuation advisers the Company will have this valuation complete in line with its interim reporting for the period ending September 30, 2012.

On February 7, 2011 Ebix closed the merger of Atlanta, Georgia based ADAM with a wholly owned subsidiary of Ebix. Under the terms of the merger agreement, all of the ADAM shareholders received 3.65 million shares of Ebix common stock with a fair value of \$87.5 million pursuant to the merger. In addition Ebix paid approximately \$944 thousand in cash for unexercised ADAM stock options. ADAM was a leading provider of health information and benefits technology solutions in the United States. \$10.6 million of ADAM's operating revenues recognized since February 7, 2011 were included in the Company's revenues reported in its condensed and consolidated statement of income for the six months ended June 30, 2011. Correspondingly included in the Company's revenues as reported in its condensed and consolidated statement of income for the six months ended June 30, 2012 is \$12.2 million of ADAM's operating revenue. The revenue derived from ADAM portfolio of products and services is included in the Company's Exchange division. The Company accounted for this acquisition by recording \$60.1 million of goodwill, \$15.4 million of intangible assets pertaining to customer relationships, \$2.1 million of intangible assets pertaining to acquired technology, and \$2.0 million of intangible assets pertaining to acquired trademarks.

The unaudited pro forma financial information pertaining to the Company's acquisitions of PlanetSoft and ADAM as presented in the table below is provided for informational purposes only and does not project the Company's expected results of operations for any future period. No effect has been given in this pro forma information for future synergistic benefits that may still be realized as a result of combining the three companies or costs that may yet be incurred in integrating their operations. The 2012 pro forma financial information below includes six months of pro forma results for and PlanetSoft and ADAM as if they had been acquired on January 1, 2011, whereas the Company's reported financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2012, only includes one month of actual financial results of PlanetSoft since the effective date of its acquisition on June 1, 2012. Similarly, the 2011 pro forma financial information below includes six months of pro forma results for PlanetSoft and ADAM as if they had been acquired on January 1, 2011, whereas the Company's reported financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2011 only includes the actual financial results of ADAM since the effective date of its acquisition on February 7, 2011, and no revenues from PlanetSoft..

|             | Six Months Ending June 30,<br>2012    |           | Six Months Ending June 30,<br>2011 |           |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|-----------|
|             | As Reported<br>(unaudited)            | Pro Forma | As Reported<br>(unaudited)         | Pro Forma |
|             | (In thousands, except per share data) |           |                                    |           |
| Revenue     | \$91,543                              | \$98,216  | \$82,317                           | \$92,399  |
| Net Income  | \$33,752                              | \$32,820  | \$37,512                           | \$38,582  |
| Basic EPS   | \$0.92                                | \$0.89    | \$0.97                             | \$0.97    |
| Diluted EPS | \$0.86                                | \$0.83    | \$0.90                             | \$0.90    |

In the above table, the unaudited pro forma revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2012 increased by \$5.8 million from the unaudited pro forma revenue during the same period in 2011 of \$92.4 million to \$98.2 million, representing an 6% increase. Correspondingly, the reported revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2012 increased by \$9.2 million from the reported revenue during the same period in 2011 of \$82.3 million to \$91.5 million, representing an 11% increase.

#### Note 4: Debt with Commercial Bank

On April 26, 2012, Ebix entered into a credit agreement providing for a \$100 million secured syndicated credit facility (the "Secured Syndicated Credit Facility") with Citi Bank, N.A. as administrative agent and Citibank, N.A., Wells Fargo

Capital Finance, LLC, and RBS Citizens, N.A. as joint lenders. The financing is comprised of a four-year, \$45 million secured revolving credit facility, a \$45 million secured term loan which amortizes over a four year period with quarterly principal and interest payments commencing on June 30, 2012 and a final payment of all remaining outstanding principal and accrued interest due on April 26, 2016, and an accordion feature that provides for the expansion of the credit facility by an additional \$10 million. This new \$100 million credit facility with Citibank, N.A., as administrative agent, replaced the former \$55 million facility that the Company had in place with Bank of America, N.A. The initial interest rate applicable to the Secured Syndicated Credit Facility is LIBOR plus 1.50% or currently 1.75%. Under the Secured Syndicated Credit Facility the maximum interest rate that could be charged depending upon the Company's leverage ratio is LIBOR plus 2.00%. The credit facility is used by the Company to fund working capital requirements primarily in support of current operations, organic growth, and accretive business acquisitions. The

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underlying financing agreement contains financial covenants regarding the Company's annualized EBITDA, fixed charge coverage ratio, and leverage ratio, as well as certain restrictive covenants pertaining to such matters as the incurrence of new debt, the aggregate amount of repurchases of the Company's equity shares, and the consummation of new business acquisitions. The Company currently is in compliance with all such financial and restrictive covenants.

On April 26, 2012, Ebix fully paid all of its obligations and related fees then outstanding to Bank of America N.A. ("BOA") and as pertaining to the Credit Agreement dated February 12, 2010 (as amended). The aggregate amount of the payment was \$45.14 million and was funded from a portion of the proceeds of the Citi Bank led Secured Syndicated Credit Facility discussed immediately above. Upon the effective date of this payoff, BOA's commitment to extend further credit to the Company terminated.

At June 30, 2012, the outstanding balance on the revolving line of credit was \$32.8 million and the facility carried an interest rate of 1.75%. This balance is included in the long-term liabilities section of the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. During the six month period ending June 30, 2012, the average and maximum outstanding balances on the revolving line of credit were \$28.2 million and \$32.8 million, respectively.

At June 30, 2012, the outstanding balance on the term loan was \$45 million of which \$10.7 million is due within the next twelve months. This term loan also carried an interest rate of 1.75%. During the six months ended June 30, 2012, \$1.7 million payments were made against the term loan previously with BOA. The current and long-term portions of the term loan are included in the respective current and long-term sections of the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

#### Note 5: Commitments and Contingencies

Contingencies—Between July 14, 2011 and July 21, 2011, securities class action complaints were filed against the Company and certain of its officers in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York and in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Georgia. The complaints assert claims against (i) the Company and the Company's CEO and CFO for alleged violations of Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder and (ii) the Company's CEO and CFO as alleged controlling persons. The complaints generally allege false statements in earnings reports, SEC filings, press releases, and other public statements that allegedly caused the Company's stock to trade at artificially inflated prices. Plaintiff seeks an unspecified amount of damages. The New York action has been transferred to Georgia and has been consolidated with the Georgia action, now styled In re: Ebix, Inc. Securities Litigation, Civil Action No.

1:11-CV-02400-RSW (N.D. Ga.). In September 2011, a related derivative complaint was filed against the Company and each of its Directors in the Superior Court of Fulton County, Georgia, styled Nauman v. Raina, et al., Civil Action File No. 2011-cv-205276. The derivative action has been stayed pending resolution of the Defendants' Motion to Dismiss in the federal action. A Consolidated Amended Complaint ("CAC") was filed by Plaintiffs on November 28, 2011, in the federal action. On January 12, 2012, the Company filed a Motion to Dismiss the CAC, which raises various defenses that the CAC fails to state a claim. Plaintiffs filed their Response on February 23, 2012. On March 26, 2012 the Company filed a Reply Memorandum in Further Support of the Motion to Dismiss. The Company believes that the complaints are legally insufficient, and we intend to seek dismissal. The likelihood of an unfavorable outcome for this matter is not estimable.

In the normal course of business, the Company is involved in various other claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate likely disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, consolidated financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

Lease Commitments—The Company leases office space under non-cancelable operating leases with expiration dates ranging through 2018, with various renewal options. Capital leases range from three to five years and are primarily for computer equipment. There were multiple assets under various individual capital leases at June 30, 2012 and 2011. Rental expense for office facilities and certain equipment subject to operating leases for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 was \$2.7 million and \$2.2 million, respectively.

Self Insurance—For most of the Company’s U.S. employees the Company is currently self-insured for its health insurance program and has a stop loss policy that limits the individual liability to \$100 thousand per person and the aggregate liability to 125% of the expected claims based upon the number of participants and historical claims. As of June 30, 2012, the amount accrued on the Company’s Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet for the self-insured component of the Company’s employee health insurance was \$334 thousand. The maximum potential estimated cumulative liability for the annual contract period, which ends in September 2012, is \$2.5 million.

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## Note 6: Income Taxes

The Company's consolidated world-wide effective tax rate reflects the tax benefits of conducting operating activities in certain foreign jurisdictions where earnings are taxed at rates lower than U.S. statutory rates and where certain components of the Company's income are exempt from taxation. Furthermore, the Company's world-wide product development operations and intellectual property ownership has been centralized into our India and Singapore subsidiaries. Our operations in India benefit from a tax holiday which will continue through 2015; and as such the income generated by our India operations, other than passive interest income, is not taxed. After the tax holiday expires in 2015 the income generated by our India operations will be taxed at 50% of the normal 33.99% corporate tax rate for a period of five years. The Company also has a relatively low income tax rate in Singapore in which our operations are taxed at a 10% marginal tax rate as a result of concessions granted by the local Singapore Economic Development Board for the benefit of in-country intellectual property owners. The concessionary 10% income tax rate will expire after 2015, at which time our Singapore operations will be subject to the prevailing corporate tax rate in Singapore, which is currently 17%, unless the Company reaches a subsequent agreement to extend the incentive period and the then applicable concessionary rate.

The Company recognized income tax expense of \$4.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2012. The Company's interim period income tax provisions are based on an estimate of the effective income tax rate expected to be applicable to the corresponding annual period, after eliminating discrete items unique to the respective interim period being reported. The calculated estimated annual effective tax rate used by the Company to determine the interim income tax provision for the second quarter of 2012 was 10.46% as compared to 8.83% for the same period in 2011. The effective rate increased primarily due to increased taxable income from jurisdictions with higher tax rates. At June 30, 2012, the Company had remaining available domestic net operating loss ("NOL") carry-forwards of approximately \$53.6 million which are available to offset future federal and certain state income taxes. Approximately \$36.5 million of these remaining NOL carry-forwards were obtained as a result of the recent acquisition of ADAM in February 2011. The Company reviews its NOL positions to validate that all NOL carry-forwards will be utilized before they begin to expire in 2020.

Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes—The Company has applied the FASB's accounting guidance on accounting for uncertain income tax positions. As of June 30, 2012 the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet includes a liability of \$3.76 million for unrecognized tax benefits which is included in other long-term liabilities. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 there were \$578 thousand changes to this liability. A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amount of the Company's liability reserves for unrecognized tax benefits is as follows:

|   | (in thousands) |
|---|----------------|
| Balance at January 1, 2012                          | \$3,180        |
| Additions for tax positions related to current year | \$578          |
| Additions for tax positions of prior years          | \$—            |
| Reductions for tax position of prior years          | \$—            |
| Balance at June 30, 2012                            | \$3,758        |

The Company recognizes interest accrued and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as part of income tax expense. As of June 30, 2012 approximately \$816 thousand of estimated interest and penalties is included in other long-term liabilities in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet.

Based on its current knowledge and the probability assessment of potential outcomes, the Company believes that recorded tax reserves, as determined in accordance with the requisite income tax guidance, are adequate.

## Note 7: Derivative Instruments

The Company uses derivative instruments that are not designated as hedges under FASB accounting guidance related to the accounting for derivative instruments and hedging activity, to hedge the fluctuations in foreign exchange rates for recognized balance sheet items such as intercompany receivables. As of June 30, 2012, all of the Company's pre-existing foreign currency hedge contracts have matured. The inputs used in the valuation of the hedge contracts included the USD/INR foreign currency exchange spot rates in effect at the inception date of the contract, forward

premiums, forward foreign currency exchange rates, term, and contract maturity date.

The intended purpose of these hedging instruments was to offset the income statement impact of recorded foreign exchange transaction gains and losses resulting from U.S. dollar denominated intercompany invoices issued by our Indian subsidiary whose

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functional currency is the Indian rupee. The change in the fair value of these derivatives was recorded in foreign currency exchange gains in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income and was \$1.2 million and \$111 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. These gains are in addition to the consolidated foreign exchange gains equivalent to \$1.1 million and \$2.8 million recorded during the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, incurred by our subsidiaries for settlement of transactions denominated in other than their functional currency. The Company has classified its foreign currency hedges, for which the fair value is remeasured on a recurring basis at each reporting date, as a Level 2 instrument (i.e. wherein fair value is determined and based on observable inputs other than quoted market prices), which we believe is the most appropriate level within the fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used to determine its the fair value at the measurement date.

In connection with the acquisition of PlanetSoft effective June 1, 2012, Ebix issued a put option to the PlanetSoft's three shareholders. The put option, which expires in June 2014, is exercisable during the thirty-day period immediately following the two-year anniversary date of the business acquisition, which if exercised would enable them to sell the underlying 296,560 shares of Ebix common stock they received as part of the purchase consideration, back to the Company at a price of \$16.86 per share, which represents a 10% discount off of the per-share value established on the effective date of the closing of Ebix's acquisition of PlanetSoft. In accordance with the relevant authoritative accounting literature a portion of the total purchase consideration was allocated to this put liability based on its initial fair value, which was determined to be \$1.4 million using a Black-Scholes model. The inputs used in the valuation of the put option include term, stock price volatility, current stock price, exercise price, and the risk free rate of return. At June 30, 2012 the fair value of the put option liability was remeasured and was determined to have decreased \$263 thousand during the six month period then ended and with the amount reflected as a gain and is included other non-operating income in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income. As of June 30, 2012, the aggregate fair value of this derivative instrument, which is included as in current liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet, was \$1.1 million. The Company has classified the put option, for which the fair value is re-measured on a recurring basis at each reporting date as a Level 2 instrument (i.e. wherein fair is partially determined and based on observable inputs other than quoted market prices), which we believe is the most appropriate level within the fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used to determine its the fair value at the measurement date.

## Note 8: Geographic Information

The Company operates with one reportable segment whose results are regularly reviewed by the Company's chief operating decision maker as to performance and allocation of resources. External customer revenues in the tables below were attributed to a particular country based on whether the customer had a direct contract with the Company which was executed in that particular country for the sale of the Company's products/services with an Ebix subsidiary located in that country.

The following enterprise wide information relates to the Company's geographic locations (all amounts in thousands):  
Six Months Ended June 30, 2012

|                   | United States | Canada  | Latin America | Australia | Singapore | New Zealand | India  | Total     |
|-------------------|---------------|---------|---------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|--------|-----------|
| External Revenues | \$64,726      | \$2,253 | \$4,338       | \$17,557  | \$1,620   | \$1,026     | \$23   | \$91,543  |
| Long-lived assets | 315,847       | 8,925   | 12,632        | 1,401     | 71,456    | 240         | 10,376 | \$420,877 |

Six Months Ended June 30, 2011

|                   | United States | Canada | Latin America | Australia | Singapore | New Zealand | India | Total     |
|-------------------|---------------|--------|---------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-------|-----------|
| External Revenues | \$58,827      | \$445  | \$4,779       | \$16,156  | \$1,357   | \$753       | \$—   | \$82,317  |
| Long-lived assets | 245,051       | —      | 18,664        | 1,458     | 61,959    | 202         | 7,245 | \$334,579 |

Note 9: Minority Business Investment

During the three months ending June 30, 2012, Ebix acquired a strategic 19.8% interest in CurePet, Inc. ("CurePet") for cash consideration in the amount of \$2.0 million. CurePet's insurance exchange connects pet owners, referring veterinarians, animal hospitals, academic institutes, and suppliers of medical and general pet supplies, while providing a wide variety of services related to pet insurance to each constituent including but not limited to practice management, electronic medical records, and billing. CurePet is also a customer of Ebix; during this most recent interim period the Company recognized \$351 thousand of revenue from CurePet, and as of June 30, 2012 there were no outstanding balances due from CurePet in the Company's reported trade accounts receivable. Ebix also has a revenue share arrangement with CurePet pertaining to certain customer revenues recognized by CurePet.

Note 10: Subsequent Events

Repurchases of Common Stock

Since June 30, 2012 and through August 9, 2012 the Company has purchased an additional 280,818 shares of its outstanding common stock for aggregate consideration in the amount of \$5.8 million and at an average rate of \$20.49 per share. All share repurchases were done in accordance with Rule 10b-18 of the Securities Act of 1934 as to the timing, pricing, and volume of such transactions, and were completed using available cash resources and cash generated from the Company's operating activities.



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Item 2: MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

As used herein, the terms “Ebix,” “the Company,” “we,” “our” and “us” refer to Ebix, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and its consolidated subsidiaries as a combined entity, except where it is clear that the terms mean only Ebix, Inc.

Safe Harbor for Forward-Looking Statements—This Form 10-Q and certain information incorporated herein by reference contains forward-looking statements and information within the “safe harbor” provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. This information includes assumptions made by, and information currently available to management, including statements regarding future economic performance and financial condition, liquidity and capital resources, acceptance of the Company’s products by the market, and management’s plans and objectives. In addition, certain statements included in this and our future filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”), in press releases, and in oral and written statements made by us or with our approval, which are not statements of historical fact, are forward-looking statements. Words such as “may,” “could,” “should,” “would,” “believe,” “expect,” “anticipate,” “estimate,” “intend,” “seeks,” “plan,” “project,” “continue,” “predict,” “will,” “should,” and other words or expressions of similar meaning are intended by the Company to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. These forward-looking statements are found at various places throughout this report and in the documents incorporated herein by reference. These statements are based on our current expectations about future events or results and information that is currently available to us, involve assumptions, risks, and uncertainties, and speak only as of the date on which such statements are made.

Our actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied in these forward-looking statements. Factors that may cause such a difference, include, but are not limited to those discussed and identified in Part I, Item 1A, “Risk Factors” in our 2011 Form 10-K which is incorporated by reference herein, as well as: the willingness of independent insurance agencies to outsource their computer and other processing needs to third parties; pricing and other competitive pressures and the company’s ability to gain or maintain share of sales as a result of actions by competitors and others; changes in estimates in critical accounting judgments; changes in or failure to comply with laws and regulations, including accounting standards, taxation requirements (including tax rate changes, new tax laws and revised tax interpretations) in domestic or foreign jurisdictions; exchange rate fluctuations and other risks associated with investments and operations in foreign countries (particularly in Australia, Singapore, and India wherein we have significant operations); equity markets, including market disruptions and significant interest rate fluctuations, which may impede our access to, or increase the cost of, external financing; and international conflict, including terrorist acts. Except as expressly required by the federal securities laws, the Company undertakes no obligation to update any such factors, or to publicly announce the results of, or changes to any of the forward-looking statements contained herein to reflect future events, developments, changed circumstances, or for any other reason.

The important risk factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in our specific forward-looking statements included in this Form 10-Q include, but are not limited to, the following:

Regarding Note 4 of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, and our future liquidity needs discussed under “Liquidity and Financial Condition,” as pertaining to our ability to generate cash from operating activities and any declines in our credit ratings or financial condition which could restrict our access to the capital markets or materially increase our financing costs;

With respect to Note 5 of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, “Commitments and Contingencies”, and “Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments” in MD&A, as regarding changes in the market value of our assets or the ultimate actual cost of our commitments and contingencies;

With respect Note 3 of the Condensed Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements as pertaining to the business acquisitions we have made and our ability to efficiently and effectively integrate acquired business operations, and our ability to accurately estimate the fair value of tangible and intangible assets; and,

- With respect this Management Discussion & Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation and the analysis of the three and six month revenue trends including the actual realized level of demand for our products during the immediately foreseeable future.

Readers should carefully review the disclosures and the risk factors described in this and other documents we file from time to time with the SEC, including future reports on Forms 10-Q and 8-K, and any amendments thereto. You may obtain our SEC filings at our website, [www.ebix.com](http://www.ebix.com) under the “Investor Information” section, or over the Internet at the SEC’s web site, [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov).

The following information should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in Part 1. Item 1 of this Quarterly Report, and the audited consolidated financial statements and

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notes thereto and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Company Overview

Ebix, Inc. is a leading international supplier of software and e-commerce solutions to the insurance and financial industries. Ebix provides a variety of application software products for the insurance and financial industries ranging from carrier systems, agency systems and data exchanges to custom software development for all entities involved in insurance and financial services. Our goal is to be the leading powerhouse of backend insurance transactions in the world. The Company's vision is to focus on the convergence of technology platforms for all insurance channels, processes and entities in a manner such that data can seamlessly flow once a data entry has been made. Our customers include many of the top insurance and financial sector companies in the world.

The insurance and financial service industries have undergone significant consolidation over the past several years driven by the need for, and benefits from, economies of scale and scope in providing insurance and financial services in a competitive environment. The insurance markets have particularly experienced a steady increase in the desire to reduce paper-based processes and improve efficiency both at the back-end side and consumer end side. Such consolidation has involved both insurance carriers and insurance brokers and is directly impacting the manner in which insurance products are distributed. Management believes the insurance industry will continue to experience significant change and increased efficiencies through online exchanges, as the transition from paper-based processes are increasingly becoming the norm across world insurance markets. Changes in the insurance industry are likely to create new opportunities for the Company.

Ebix strives to work collaboratively with clients to develop innovative technology strategies and solutions that address specific business challenges. Ebix combines the newest technologies with its capabilities in consulting, systems design and integration, IT and business process outsourcing, applications software, and Web and application hosting to meet the individual needs of insurance and financial service organizations. We continue to expand both organically and through strategic business acquisitions.

Offices and Geographic Information

The Company has its worldwide headquarters in Atlanta, Georgia with its international operations being managed from its Singapore offices. The Company has operations across the United States with offices in Walnut Creek, San Diego, Pasadena, and Hemet, California; Miami, Florida; Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; Park City, Utah; Herndon and Lynchburg, Virginia; Dallas and Houston, Texas; and Columbus, Ohio, as well as an additional operating facilities in Atlanta, Georgia. The Company also has offices in Australia, Brazil, China, Japan, New Zealand, United Kingdom, Canada and India. In these offices, Ebix employs insurance and technology professionals who provide products, services, support and consultancy to thousands of customers across six continents. The Company's product development unit in India has been awarded Level 5 status of the Carnegie Mellon Software Engineering Institute's Capability Maturity Model Integrated (CMMI), ISO 9001:2000 certification, and ISO 2700 security certification.

Results of Operations — Three Months Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

Operating Revenue

The Company derives its revenues primarily from subscription and transaction fees pertaining to services delivered over our exchanges or from our ASP platforms, fees for business process outsourcing services, and fees for software development projects including associated fees for consulting, implementation, training, and project management provided to customers with installed systems.

Ebix's revenue streams come from four product channels. Presented in the table below is the breakout of our revenues for each of those product channels for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

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| (dollar amounts in thousands)        | Three Months Ended |           | Six Months Ended |           |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|
|                                      | June 30,           |           | June 30,         |           |
|                                      | 2012               | 2011      | 2012             | 2011      |
| Exchanges                            | \$ 38,182          | \$ 32,222 | \$ 72,828        | \$ 63,287 |
| Broker Systems                       | 4,422              | 4,824     | 9,176            | 8,666     |
| Business Process Outsourcing ("BPO") | 3,890              | 3,753     | 7,461            | 7,372     |
| Carrier Systems                      | 1,222              | 1,468     | 2,078            | 2,992     |
| Totals                               | \$ 47,716          | \$ 42,267 | \$ 91,543        | \$ 82,317 |

During the three months ended June 30, 2012 our total operating revenues increased \$5.4 million or 13%, to \$47.7 million as compared to \$42.3 million during the second quarter of 2011. The Company continues to effectively leverage product cross-selling opportunities across all channels, as facilitated by our business acquisitions. Also partially effecting reported revenues was the impact from fluctuations in the exchange rates of the foreign currencies in the countries in which we conduct operations. During the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 the change in foreign currency exchange rates (decreased)/increased reported consolidated operating revenues by approximately \$(1.0) million and \$1.7 million, respectfully.

**Cost of Services Provided**

Costs of services provided, which includes costs associated with maintenance, support, call center, consulting, implementation and training services, increased \$243 thousand or 3%, from \$8.9 million in the second quarter of 2011 to \$9.2 million in the second quarter of 2012. This increase is due to additional personnel costs and professional service expenses in support of new revenue streams associated with recent business acquisitions completed during 2012 and 2011.

**Product Development expenses**

The Company's product development efforts are focused on the development of new operating technologies and services for use by insurance carriers, brokers and agents, and the development of new data exchanges for use in both the domestic and international insurance and financial services industries. Product development expenses increased \$1.0 million or 21% from \$4.8 million during the second quarter of 2011 to \$5.8 million during the second quarter of 2012. This increase is attributable to increased software and system development activities in our India and Singapore operating units in support of our Exchanges and recent business acquisitions.

**Sales and Marketing Expenses**

Sales and marketing expenses increased \$1.0 million or 32%, from \$3.3 million in the second quarter of 2011 to \$4.3 million in the second quarter of 2012. This increase is attributable to personnel costs and trade show expenses associated with additional sales personnel and related marketing activities in support of our Exchange and Carrier System channels.

**General and Administrative Expenses**

General and administrative expenses increased by \$3.9 million or 83% from \$4.7 million in the second quarter of 2011 to \$8.6 million in the second quarter of 2012. This increase is partially due to the fact that in Q2 of 2011 the Company recognized a \$1.9 million net reduction to previously recorded contingency based earn-out accruals pertaining to business acquisitions made during 2010. Also causing the increase to general and administrative expenses is \$1.0 million of additional personnel related costs associated with recent business acquisitions made over the last nine months.

**Amortization and Depreciation Expenses**

Amortization and depreciation expenses increased \$170 thousand or 9%, from \$2.0 million in the second quarter of 2011 to \$2.2 million in the second quarter of 2012. This increase is essentially due to \$228 thousand of additional amortization costs associated with the customer relationship and developed technology intangible assets that were recognized in connection with recent business combinations completed over the last nine months.

**Income Taxes**

The Company recognized an income tax expense of \$2.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2012. The Company's effective tax rate used in the determination of its interim period tax provision for the quarter was 10.46% as compared to the 8.83% effective tax rate for the same period a year earlier. The effective rate increased due to a greater proportion of our taxable income

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being generated from jurisdictions with higher tax rates. The Company's interim period income tax provisions are based on our estimate of the effective income tax rates applicable to related annual twelve month period, after eliminating discrete items uniquely related to the respective interim reporting period. During the second quarter the Company recognized a discrete income tax expense in the amount of \$578 thousand with respect to an increase to our recorded liability reserves for unrecognized tax benefits.

### Results of Operations - Six Months Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

#### Operating Revenue

During the six months ended June 30, 2012 our total operating revenues increased \$9.2 million or 11%, to \$91.5 million as compared to \$82.3 million during the same period in 2011. During this period \$12.2 million of operating revenue was recognized in connection with our 2011 acquisition of ADAM and included in the Company's revenues reported in its condensed and consolidated statement of income. Correspondingly included in the Company's revenues as reported in its condensed and consolidated statement of income for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was \$10.6 million of ADAM's operating revenue since the February 7, 2011 effective date of its acquisition. In regards to the acquisitions of PlanetSoft and ADAM on a pro forma basis, as presented in the table in Note 3 to the enclosed condensed and consolidated financial statements, combined revenues increased 6% for the six months ended June 30, 2012, as compared to an 11% increase in reported revenues for the same period. Also partially effecting reported revenues was the impact from fluctuations in the exchange rates of the foreign currencies in the countries in which we conduct operations. During the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 the change in foreign currency exchange rates (decreased)/increased reported consolidated operating revenues by approximately \$(633) thousand and \$2.8 million, respectfully.

#### Cost of Services Provided

Costs of services provided, increased \$2.0 million or 12% during the six months ended June 30, 2012 to \$18.2 million as compared to \$16.2 million incurred during the same period in 2011. This increase is due to additional personnel costs and professional services expenses in support of our increased revenue streams from the growth of our Exchange channel and from recent business acquisitions completed during last nine months.

#### Product Development Expenses

Product development expenses increased \$665 thousand or 7% during the six months ended June 30, 2012 to \$10.1 million as compared to \$9.4 million of costs incurred during the same period in 2011. This increase is attributable to increased software and system development activities in our India operating unit in support of our Exchanges and recent business acquisitions.

#### Sales and Marketing Expenses

Sales and marketing expenses increased \$2.0 million or 33% during the six months ended June 30, 2012 to \$8.1 million as compared to \$6.1 million recognized during the same period in 2011. This increase is attributable to additional personnel, advertising, and trade show costs in support of our Exchange channel and recent business acquisitions.

#### General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative ("G&A") expenses increased \$2.6 million or 21% for the six months ended June 30, 2012 to \$15.0 million from \$12.5 million for same period in 2011. Included in G&A costs for this six month period ended

June 30, 2012 is the net benefit in the approximate amount of \$971 thousand related to a termination fee received by the Company in connection with a failed business acquisition (net of directly related internal operating costs incurred by the Company and a portion of the fee that had to be paid to our investment banker). Offsetting this benefit is a \$1.9 million adverse year over year variance caused by the fact that in Q2 of 2011 the Company recognized a reduction to previously recorded contingency based earn-out accruals pertaining to business acquisitions made during 2010 and \$1.3 million of additional personnel related costs associated with recent business acquisitions made over the last nine months.

#### Amortization and Depreciation Expenses

Amortization and depreciation expenses increased by \$234 thousand or 6% during the six months ended June 30, 2012 to \$4.1 million as compared to \$3.9 million recorded during the same period in 2011. This increase is due to \$275 thousand of

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additional amortization costs associated with the customer relationship and developed technology intangible assets that were recognized in connection with recent business combinations completed over the last nine months.

### Income Taxes

The Company recognized an income tax expense of \$4.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2012. The Company's effective tax rate used in the determination the interim period tax provision for the six months ending June 30, 2012 was 10.46% as compared to the 8.83% effective tax rate for the same period a year earlier. The effective rate increased due to a greater proportion of our taxable income being generated from jurisdictions with higher tax rates. The Company's interim period income tax provisions are based on our estimate of the effective income tax rates applicable to related annual twelve month period, after eliminating discrete items uniquely related to the respective interim reporting period. During the six months ended June 30, 2012 the Company recognized a discrete income tax expense in the amount of \$578 thousand with respect to an increase in our recorded liability reserves for unrecognized tax benefits.

### Dividends, Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's ability to generate significant cash flows from its ongoing operating activities is one of our fundamental financial strengths. Our principal sources of liquidity are the cash flows provided by the Company's operating activities, our commercial banking credit facility, and cash and cash equivalents on hand. Due to the effect of temporary or timing differences resulting from the differing treatment of items for tax and accounting purposes (including the treatment of net operating loss carryforwards and minimum alternative tax obligations in the U.S. and India), future cash outlays for income taxes are expected to exceed income tax expense. We intend to utilize cash flows generated by our operations, in combination with our bank credit facility, and the possible issuance of additional equity or debt securities, to fund capital expenditures and organic growth initiatives, to make strategic business acquisitions in the insurance and financial services sector, and to repurchase shares of our common stock as market conditions warrant.

In the 4th quarter of 2011 the Company paid its first quarterly dividend in the amount of \$0.04 per common share, paying \$1.5 million in the aggregate in regards to this dividend issuance. This same quarterly dividend per share was paid in February 2012. The dividend rate was increased to \$0.05 effective with the dividend payment made in May 2012, and the same dividend payment to be made in August 2012. The Company intends to use a portion of its operating cash flows to continue issuing dividends to its shareholders in the foreseeable future, while remaining dedicated to using most of its cash to generate improvement in future earnings by funding organic growth initiatives and accretive business acquisitions.

We believe that anticipated cash flows provided by our operating activities, together with current cash and cash equivalent balances and access to our credit facilities and the capital markets, if required and available, will be sufficient to meet our projected cash requirements for the next twelve months, and the foreseeable future thereafter, although any projections of future cash needs, cash flows, and the condition of the capital markets in general, as to the availability of debt and equity financing, are subject to substantial uncertainty. In the event additional liquidity needs arise, we may raise funds from a combination of sources, including the potential issuance of debt or equity securities. However, there are no assurances that such financing facilities or the equity capital markets will be available in amounts or on terms acceptable to us, if at all.

We continue to strategically evaluate our ability to sell additional equity or debt securities, to expand existing or obtain new credit facilities from lenders in order to strengthen our financial position. We regularly evaluate our liquidity requirements, including the need for additional debt or equity offerings, when considering potential business acquisitions and repurchases of our common stock.

Our cash and cash equivalents were \$25.3 million and \$23.7 million at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. Our cash and cash equivalents balance has increased by \$1.6 million since year end 2011, as a result of both cash generated by our ongoing operating activities and funds provided by our new financing facility with Citi Bank. The Company holds material cash and cash equivalent balances overseas in foreign jurisdictions. The free flow of cash from certain countries where we hold such balances may be subject to repatriation tax effects and other



restrictions. Furthermore, the repatriation of earnings from some of our foreign subsidiaries would result in the application of withholding taxes at source as well as a tax at the U.S. parent level upon receipt of the repatriated amounts. The approximate cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments balances held in our domestic U.S. operations and each of our foreign subsidiaries as of August 6, 2012 is presented in table below (figures denominated in thousands):

|                         | United States | Canada | Latin America | Australia | Singapore | New Zealand | India   | Sweden | Total    |
|-------------------------|---------------|--------|---------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|---------|--------|----------|
| Cash and ST investments | \$8,450       | \$979  | \$1,905       | \$3,855   | \$1,508   | \$585       | \$4,511 | \$15   | \$21,808 |

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Our current ratio decreased modestly to 1.19 at June 30, 2012 from 1.28 at December 31, 2011 and our working capital position decreased to \$11.2 million at June 30, 2012 as compared to \$14.0 million at the end of the 2011. The Company's accounts receivable DSO stood at 57 days at June 30, 2012 and reflects a continuing favorable trend being down 4 days from December 31, 2011 and 14 days from Q2 2011. Overall the decrease in the current ratio and our short-term liquidity position is the result of increased trade payables associated with the timing of payments to certain vendors and service providers, and the increased current portion of new term loan with Citi Bank, N.A. We continue to believe that our ability to generate sustainable and robust cash flows from operations will enable the Company to continue to fund its current liabilities from current assets including available cash balances for the foreseeable future.

### Business Combinations

The Company executes accretive business acquisitions in combination with organic growth initiatives as part of its comprehensive business growth and expansion strategy. The Company' looks to acquire businesses that are complementary to Ebix's existing products and services. During the six months ended June 30, 2012 the Company executed and completed a number of business acquisitions, none of which were material individually or in the aggregate.

### Operating Activities

Net cash provided by our operating activities was \$34.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2012. The primary components of the cash provided by operations during this six months interim period consisted of net income of \$33.8 million, net of \$(856) thousand of net non-cash gains recognized on derivative instruments and foreign currency exchange, \$4.1 million of depreciation and amortization, \$(3.3) million of working capital requirements primarily associated with reductions to trade payables and accrued liabilities, and \$1.1 million of non-cash share-based compensation.

Net cash provided by our operating activities was \$29.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011. The primary components of the cash provided by operations during that six month interim period consisted of net income of \$37.5 million, net of \$(1.1) million of net non-cash gains recognized on derivative instruments and foreign currency exchange, \$3.9 million of depreciation and amortization, \$(11.5) million of working capital requirements primarily associated with reductions to trade payables and accrued liabilities, and increased outstanding trade receivables, and \$1.1 million of non-cash share-based compensation.

### Investing Activities

Net cash used for investing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2012 was \$49.1 million, of which \$44.7 million in the aggregate was used to complete business acquisitions closed during the year, \$2.0 million was used for the investment in Curepet, \$1.5 million was used in payment of an earnout obligation in connection with our 2010 acquisition of MCN in Brazil, \$1.1 million was used for capital expenditures pertaining to the enhancement of our technology platforms and the purchases of operating equipment to support our expanding operations. Partially offsetting these investment cash outflows partially was \$194 thousand consisting from maturities of marketable securities (specifically bank certificates of deposit), net of purchases.

Net cash provided from investing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2011 totaled \$6.1 million of which \$4.5 million was provided from maturities of marketable securities (net of purchases), and \$3.5 million of net cash proceeds from the acquisition of ADAM in February 2011. Partially offsetting these investing cash inflows were \$1.3 million used for capital expenditures and \$565 thousand used to settle earn out obligations in connection with a prior business acquisition.

### Financing Activities

During the six months ended June 30, 2012 net cash provided by financing activities was \$18.4 million which consisted of \$30.0 million provided by the Company's new term loan facility with Citi Bank (net of the repayment of the remaining balance from the prior term loan with BOA), \$1.1 million was provided from our commercial bank revolving credit facility (net of repayments), and \$714 thousand of proceeds from the exercising of common stock options. Partially offsetting these aggregate cash proceeds was \$9.4 million used to repurchase shares of our common stock, \$3.3 million used to pay quarterly dividends to our common stockholders, and \$765 thousand used to make

principal payments on long-term debt and capital lease obligations.

During the six months ended June 30, 2011 net cash used in financing activities was \$36.1 million. This net financing cash outflow consisted of \$26.2 million used to complete open market repurchases of our common stock, \$16.3 million used to reduce the balance of our commercial bank revolving credit facility, \$6.8 million was used to fully settle outstanding convertible debt obligations, and \$186 thousand was used towards principal repayments on existing capital lease obligations, as partially offset by \$13.2 million of proceeds from our commercial bank term loan facility (net of \$3.0 million of scheduled principal repayments).

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## Commercial Bank Financing Facility

On April 26, 2012 Ebix entered into a credit agreement providing for a \$100 million secured syndicated credit facility (the “Secured Syndicated Credit Facility”) with Citi Bank, N.A. as administrative agent and Citibank, N.A., Wells Fargo Capital Finance, LLC, and RBS Citizens, N.A. as joint lenders. The financing is comprised of a four-year, \$45 million secured revolving credit facility, a \$45 million secured term loan which amortizes over a four year period with quarterly principal and interest payments commencing on June 30, 2012 and a final payment of all remaining outstanding principal and accrued interest due on April 26, 2016, and an accordion feature that provides for the expansion of the credit facility by an additional \$10 million. This new \$100 million credit facility with Citibank, N.A., as administrative agent, replaced the former \$55 million facility that the Company had in place with Bank of America, N.A. The initial interest rate applicable to the Secured Syndicated Credit Facility is LIBOR plus 1.50% or currently 1.75%. Under the Secured Syndicated Credit Facility the maximum interest rate that could be charged depending upon the Company's leverage ratio is LIBOR plus 2.00%. The credit facility is and will be used by the Company to fund working capital requirements primarily in support of current operations, organic growth, and accretive business acquisitions. The underlying financing agreement contains financial covenants regarding the Company's annualized EBITDA, fixed charge coverage ratio, and leverage ratio, as well as certain restrictive covenants pertaining to such matters as the incurrence of new debt, the aggregate amount of repurchases of the Company's equity shares, and the consummation of new business acquisitions. The Company currently is in compliance with all such financial and restrictive covenants.

On April 26, 2012, Ebix fully paid all of its obligations and related fees then outstanding to Bank of America N.A. (“BOA”) and as pertaining to the Credit Agreement dated February 12, 2010 (as amended). The aggregate amount of the payment was \$45.14 million and was funded from a portion of the proceeds of the Citi Bank led Secured Syndicated Credit Facility discussed immediately above. Upon the effective date this payoff, BOA's commitment to extend further credit to the Company terminated.

At June 30, 2012, the outstanding balance on the Company's revolving line of credit with Citi Bank was \$32.8 million and the facility carried an interest rate of 1.75%. This balance is included in the long-term liabilities section of the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. Regarding the Company's revolving line of credit during the six months ended June 30, 2012, the average outstanding balance was \$28.2 million and the maximum outstanding balance was \$32.8 million.

At June 30, 2012, the outstanding balance on the Company's term loan with Citi Bank was \$45.0 million of which \$10.7 million is due within the next twelve months. This term loan also carried an interest rate of 1.75%. During the six months ended June 30, 2012, \$1.7 million of scheduled principal payments were made against the Company outstanding commercial term loans. The current and long-term portions of the term loan are included in the respective current and long-term sections of the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

## Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not engage in off -balance sheet financing arrangements.

## Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments

The following table summarizes our significant contractual purchase obligations and other long-term commercial commitments as of June 30, 2012. The table excludes obligations or commitments that are contingent based on events or factors uncertain at this time.

|                          | Payment Due by Period |                     |                |           |                      |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------|-----------|----------------------|
|                          | Total                 | Less Than<br>1 Year | 1-3 Years      | 3-5 Years | More than<br>5 years |
|                          |                       |                     | (in thousands) |           |                      |
| Revolving line of credit | \$32,840              | \$—                 | \$32,840       | \$—       | \$—                  |
| Long-term debt           | \$47,400              | \$11,256            | \$36,144       | \$—       | \$—                  |
| Operating leases         | \$16,728              | \$5,086             | \$6,138        | \$2,916   | \$2,588              |

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|                |          |          |          |         |         |
|----------------|----------|----------|----------|---------|---------|
| Capital leases | \$730    | \$350    | \$380    | \$—     | \$—     |
| Total          | \$97,698 | \$16,692 | \$75,502 | \$2,916 | \$2,588 |

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

For information about new accounting pronouncements and the potential impact on our Consolidated Financial Statements,

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see Note 1 of the condensed notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements in this Form 10-Q and Note 1 of the notes to consolidated financial statements in our 2011 Form 10-K.

### Application of Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”), as promulgated in the United States, requires our management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses and related disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities in our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes. We believe the most complex and sensitive judgments, because of their significance to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, result primarily from the need to make estimates and assumptions about the effects of matters that are inherently uncertain. The following accounting policies involve the use of “critical accounting estimates” because they are particularly dependent on estimates and assumptions made by management about matters that are uncertain at the time the accounting estimates are made. In addition, while we have used our best estimates based on facts and circumstances available to us at the time, different estimates reasonably could have been used in the current period, or changes in the accounting estimates that we used are reasonably likely to occur from period to period which may have a material impact on our financial condition and results of operations. For additional information about these policies, see Note 1 of the Condensed Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-Q. Although we believe that our estimates, assumptions and judgments are reasonable, they are limited based upon information presently available. Actual results may differ significantly from these estimates under different assumptions, judgments or conditions.

### Revenue Recognition

The Company derives its revenues primarily from subscription and transaction fees pertaining to services delivered over our exchanges or from our ASP platforms, fees for business process outsourcing services, and fees for software development projects including associated fees for consulting, implementation, training, and project management provided to customers with installed systems.

In accordance with Financial Accounting Standard Board (“FASB”) and Securities and Exchange Commission Staff Accounting (the “SEC”) accounting guidance on revenue recognition the Company considers revenue earned and realizable when: (a) persuasive evidence of the sales arrangement exists, provided that the arrangement fee is fixed or determinable, (b) delivery or performance has occurred, (c) customer acceptance has been received, if contractually required, and (d) collectability of the arrangement fee is probable. The Company generally uses signed contractual agreements as persuasive evidence of a sales arrangement. We apply the provisions of the relevant generally accepted accounting principles related to all transactions involving the license of software where the software deliverables are considered more than inconsequential to the other elements in the arrangement.

For contracts that contain multiple deliverables, we analyze the revenue arrangements in accordance with the relevant technical accounting guidance, which provides criteria governing how to determine whether goods or services that are delivered separately in a bundled sales arrangement should be considered as separate units of accounting for the purpose of revenue recognition. Generally these types of arrangements include deliverables pertaining to software licenses, system set-up, and professional services associated with product customization or modification. Delivery of the various contractual elements typically occurs over periods of less than eighteen months. These arrangements generally do not have refund provisions or have very limited refund terms.

Software development arrangements involving significant customization, modification or production are accounted for in accordance with the appropriate technical accounting guidance issued by FASB using the percentage-of-completion method. The Company recognizes revenue using periodic reported actual hours worked as a percentage of total expected hours required to complete the project arrangement and applies the percentage to the total arrangement fee.

### Allowance for Doubtful Accounts Receivable

Management specifically analyzes accounts receivable and historical bad debts, write-offs, customer concentrations, customer credit-worthiness, current economic trends and changes in our customer payment terms when evaluating the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts.

### Valuation of Goodwill

Goodwill represents the cost in excess of the fair value of the net assets of acquired businesses. Indefinite-lived intangible assets represent the fair value of acquired contractual customer relationships for which future cash flows are expected to continue indefinitely. In accordance with the relevant FASB accounting guidance, goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets are not

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amortized but are tested for impairment at the reporting unit level on an annual basis or on an interim basis if an event occurs or circumstances change that would likely have reduced the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying value. Potential impairment indicators include a significant change in the business climate, legal factors, operating performance indicators, competition, and the sale or disposition of a significant portion of the business. The impairment evaluation process involves an assessment of certain qualitative factors to determine whether the existence of events or circumstances would indicate that it is more likely than not that the fair value of any of our reporting units was less than their than its carrying amount. If after assessing the totality of events or circumstances, we were to determine that it is not more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, then we would not perform the two-step quantitative impairment testing described further below.

The aforementioned two-step quantitative testing process involves comparing the reporting unit carrying values to their respective fair values. We determine the fair value of our reporting units by applying the discounted cash flow method using the present value of future estimated net cash flows. If the fair value of a reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, then no further testing is required. However, if a reporting unit's fair value were to be less than its carrying value, we would then determine the amount of the impairment charge, if any, which would be the amount that the carrying value of the reporting unit's goodwill exceeded its implied value. Projections of cash flows are based on our views of growth rates, operating costs, anticipated future economic conditions and the appropriate discount rates relative to risk and estimates of residual values. We believe that our estimates are consistent with assumptions that marketplace participants would use in their estimates of fair value. The use of different estimates or assumptions for our projected discounted cash flows (e.g., growth rates, future economic conditions, discount rates and estimates of terminal values) when determining the fair value of our reporting units could result in different values and may result in a goodwill impairment charge. We perform our annual goodwill impairment evaluation and testing as of September 30th of each year. During the year ended December 31, 2011 we had no impairment of our reporting unit goodwill balances.

### Income Taxes

Deferred income taxes are recorded to reflect the estimated future tax effects of differences between financial statement and tax basis of assets, liabilities, operating losses, and tax credit carry forwards using the tax rates expected to be in effect when the temporary differences reverse. Valuation allowances, if any, are recorded to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount management considers more likely than not to be realized. Such valuation allowances are recorded for the portion of the deferred tax assets that are not expected to be realized based on the levels of historical taxable income and projections for future taxable income over the periods in which the temporary differences will be deductible.

The Company also applies FASB accounting guidance on accounting for uncertainty in income taxes positions. This guidance clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes by prescribing the minimum recognition threshold a tax position is required to meet before being recognized in the financial statements.

### Foreign Currency Matters

Our reporting currency is the U.S. dollar. The functional currency of the Company's foreign subsidiaries is the local currency of the country in which the subsidiary operates. The assets and liabilities of foreign subsidiaries are translated into U.S. Dollars at the rates of exchange at the balance sheet dates. Income and expense accounts are translated at the average exchange rates in effect during the period. Gains and losses resulting from translation adjustments are included as a component of other comprehensive income in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Foreign exchange transaction gains and losses that are derived from transactions denominated in other than the subsidiary's functional currency is included in the determination of net income.





Table of Contents**Item 3: QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

The Company is exposed to foreign currency exchange rate risk related to our foreign-based operations where certain transactions are denominated in other than our entity's functional currency and are subject to market risk with respect to fluctuations in the relative value of those currencies. Most of the Company's transactions are denominated in U.S. dollars, however, the Company has significant and expanding operations in Australia, Singapore, Brazil and India, and we conduct transactions in the local currencies of each of those locations. There can be no assurance that fluctuations in the value of foreign currencies will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, operating results, revenues or financial condition. During the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 the net change in the cumulative foreign currency translation account, which is a component of stockholders' equity, were unrealized gains (losses) of \$(3.4) million and \$4.9 million, respectively. The Company considered the historical trends in currency exchange rates and determined that it was reasonably possible that adverse changes in our respective foreign currency exchange rates of 20% could be experienced in the near term. Such an adverse change in currency exchange rates would have resulted in reduction to pre-tax income of approximately \$2.6 million and \$2.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

The Company's exposure to interest rate risk relates to its interest expense on outstanding debt obligations and to its interest income on existing cash balances. As of June 30, 2012 the Company had \$80.2 million of outstanding debt obligations which consisted of a \$32.8 million balance on our commercial banking revolving line of credit, a \$45.0 million secured term loan, and a \$2.4 million secured promissory note payable. The Company's revolving line of credit bears interest at the rate of LIBOR + 1.50%, and stood at 1.75% at June 30, 2012. The Company is exposed to market risk in relation to this line of credit in regards to the potential increase to interest expense arising from adverse changes in interest rates. This interest rate risk is estimated as the potential decrease in earnings resulting from a hypothetical 30% increase in the LIBOR rate. Such an adverse change in the LIBOR rate would have resulted in a reduction to pre-tax income of approximately \$22 thousand and \$13 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The Company's average cash balances during the six months ended June 30, 2012 was \$28.7 million and its existing cash balances as of June 30, 2012 was \$25.3 million. The Company is exposed to market risk in relation to these cash balances in regards to the potential loss of interest income arising from adverse changes in interest rates. This interest rate risk is estimated as the potential decrease in earnings resulting from a hypothetical 20% decrease in interest rates earned on deposited funds. Such an adverse change in these interest rates would have resulted in a reduction to pre-tax income of approximately \$55 thousand and \$66 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

In connection with the acquisition of PlanetSoft effective June 1, 2012, Ebix issued a put option to the PlanetSoft's three shareholders. The put option, which expires in June 2014, is exercisable during the 30-day period immediately following the 2-year anniversary date of the business acquisition, which if exercised would enable them to sell the underlying 296,560 shares of Ebix common stock they received as part of the purchase consideration, back to the Company at a price of \$16.86 per share, which represents a 10% discount off of the per-share value established on the effective date of the closing of Ebix's acquisition of PlanetSoft. In accordance with the relevant authoritative accounting literature a portion of the total purchase consideration was allocated to this put liability based on its initial fair value, which was determined to be \$1.4 million using a Black-Scholes model. The inputs used in the valuation of the put option include term, stock price volatility, current stock price, exercise price, and the risk free rate of return, with the volatility factor being the input subject to the most variation. Therefore, as pertaining to the put option, the Company is exposed to market risk in regards to the rate and magnitude of change of our stock price and corresponding variations to the volatility factor used in the Black-Scholes valuation model. We evaluated this risk by estimating the potential adverse impact of a 10% increase in the volatility factor and determined that such a change in the volatility factor would have resulted in an approximate \$139 thousand increase to the put option liability and a corresponding reduction to pre-tax income for the six months ended June 30, 2012.

There were no other material changes to our market risk exposure during the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011. For additional information regarding our exposure to certain market risks, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk," in Part II, Item 7A of our 2011 Form 10-K.



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### Item 4: CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures: The Company's management evaluated, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of the company's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting: There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the six months ended June 30, 2012, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

The Company has expanded its Disclosure Committee in order to include additional members. The Disclosure Committee now includes the Company's CEO, CFO, Controller, Senior Financial Accountant, VP of Investor Relations, Audit Committee members, and external SEC legal counsel for the specific purpose of thoroughly and proactively reviewing all filings made pursuant to Securities Exchange Act of 1934 prior to their submission.

## Part II — OTHER INFORMATION

Items required under Part II not specifically shown below are not applicable.

### Item 1: LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Between July 14, 2011 and July 21, 2011, securities class action complaints were filed against the Company and certain of its officers in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York and in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Georgia. The complaints assert claims against (i) the Company and the Company's CEO and CFO for alleged violations of Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder and (ii) the Company's CEO and CFO as alleged controlling persons. The complaints generally allege false statements in earnings reports, SEC filings, press releases, and other public statements that allegedly caused the Company's stock to trade at artificially inflated prices. Plaintiff seeks an unspecified amount of damages. The New York action has been transferred to Georgia and has been consolidated with the Georgia action, now styled In re: Ebix, Inc. Securities Litigation, Civil Action No. 1:11-CV-02400-RSW (N.D. Ga.). In September 2011, a related derivative complaint was filed against the Company and each of its Directors in the Superior Court of Fulton County, Georgia, styled Nauman v. Raina, et al., Civil Action File No. 2011-cv-205276. The derivative action has been stayed pending resolution of the Defendants' Motion to Dismiss in the federal action. A Consolidated Amended Complaint ("CAC") was filed by Plaintiffs on November 28, 2011, in the federal action. On January 12, 2012, the Company filed a Motion to Dismiss the CAC, which raises various defenses that the CAC fails to state a claim. Plaintiffs filed their Response on February 23, 2012. On March 26, 2012 the Company filed a Reply Memorandum in Further Support of the Motion to Dismiss. The Company believes that the complaints are legally insufficient, and we intend to seek dismissal. The likelihood of an unfavorable outcome for this matter is not estimable.

The Company is involved in various other claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate likely disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

### Item 1A: RISK FACTORS

We believe there have been no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011. Readers of this interim report on Form 10-Q should carefully consider, in addition to the other information set forth in this report, the risk factors discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, which could materially affect our business, financial condition, or future results. Such risk factors are

expressly incorporated herein by reference. The risks described in our Annual Report are not the only risks facing our Company. In addition to risks and uncertainties inherent in forward looking statements contained in this Report on Form 10-Q, additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, and/or operating results.

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## Item 2: REPURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

The following table contains information with respect to purchases of our common stock made by or on behalf of Ebix during the six months ended June 30, 2012, as part of our publicly-announced share repurchase plan:

| Period                          | Total Number of Shares (Units) Purchased | Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly-Announced (1) Plans or Programs | Average Price Paid Per Share | Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (2) |
|---------------------------------|--|--|------------------------------|--|
| April 1, 2012 to April 30, 2012 | —  | —  | \$—                          | \$23,751,000   |
| May 1, 2012 to May 31, 2012     | 418,700                                  | 418,700  | \$17.92                      | \$15,850,000   |
| June 1, 2012 to June 30, 2012   | 88,000                                   | 88,000   | \$16.98                      | \$14,355,000   |
| Total                           | 506,700                                  | 506,700  |                              | \$14,355,000   |

(1) Average price paid per share for shares purchased as part of our publicly-announced plan.

Effective June 30, 2011 the Company's Board of Directors unanimously approved an increase in the size of the Company's authorized share repurchase plan from \$45.0 million to \$100.0 million. The Board directed that the

(2) repurchases be funded with available cash balances and cash generated by the Company's operating activities, and be completed in the subsequent twelve months if possible. The Company currently has approximately \$8.6 million remaining in its share repurchase authorization.

## Item 3: DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

## Item 6: EXHIBITS

The exhibits filed herewith or incorporated by reference herein are listed in the Exhibit Index attached hereto.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Ebix, Inc.

Date: August 9, 2012

By: /s/ Robin Raina  
Robin Raina  
Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 9, 2012

By: /s/ Robert F. Kerris  
Robert F. Kerris  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

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EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibits

- 2.1 Stock Purchase Agreement dated February 23, 2004 by and among the Company and the shareholders of LifeLink Corporation (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Company’s Current Report of Form 8-K dated February 23, 2004 (the “February 2004 8-K”)) and incorporated herein by reference.
- 2.2 Secured Promissory Note, dated February 23, 2004, issued by the Company (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 2.2 of the February 2004 8-K) and incorporated herein by reference.
- 2.3 Purchase Agreement, dated June 28, 2004, by and between Heart Consulting Pty Ltd. And Ebix Australia Pty Ltd. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Company’s Current Report of Form 8-K dated July 14, 2004 (the “July 14, 2004 8-K”)) and incorporated herein by reference.
- 2.4 Agreement, dated July 1, 2004, by and between Heart Consulting Pty Ltd. and Ebix, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.2 to the Company’s Current Report of Form 8-K dated July 14, 2004 (the “July 14, 2004 8-K”)) and incorporated herein by reference.
- 2.5 Agreement Plan of Merger by and among Ebix, Finetre and Steven F. Piaker, as shareholders’ Representative dated September 22, 2006 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Company’s Current Report on 8-K/A dated October 2, 2006) and incorporated herein by reference.
- 2.6 Asset Purchase Agreement dated May 9, 2006, by and among Ebix, Inc., Infinity Systems Consulting, Inc. and the Shareholders of Infinity Systems Consulting, Inc. (incorporated here by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Company’s Current Report on Form 8-K/A dated May 9, 2006) and incorporated herein by reference.
- 2.7 Agreement and Plan of Merger dated October 31, 2007 by and among Ebix, Inc., Jenquest, Inc. IDS Acquisition Sub. and Robert M. Ward as Shareholder Representative (incorporated here by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Company’s Current Report on Form 8-K/A dated November 7, 2007) and incorporated herein by reference.
- 2.8 Stock Purchase Agreement by and among Ebix, Inc., Acclamation Systems, Inc., and Joseph Ott (incorporated here by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Company’s Current Report on Form 8-K dated August 5, 2008) and incorporated herein by reference.
- 2.9 Stock Purchase Agreement by and amongst Ebix, Inc., ConfirmNet Corporation, Ebix Software India Private Limited, ConfirmNet Acquisition Sub, Inc., and Craig Irving, as Shareholders’ Representative (incorporated here by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Company’s Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 12, 2008) and incorporated herein by reference.
- 2.10 Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated September 30, 2009, by and amongst Ebix, E-Z Data, and Dale Okuno and Dilip Sontakey, as Sellers (incorporated here by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Company’s Current Report on Form 8-K dated October 6, 2009) and incorporated herein by reference.
- 2.11 IP Asset Purchase Agreement, dated September 30, 2009, by and amongst Ebix Singapore PTE LTD., Ebix, Inc., E-Z Data, and Dale Okuno and Dilip Sontakey, as Shareholders dated September 30, 2009 (incorporated here by reference to Exhibit 2.2 to the Company’s Current Report on Form 8-K dated October 6, 2009) and incorporated herein by reference.
- 2.12 Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated August 29, 2010, by and among Ebix Inc., A.D.A.M., Inc., and Eden Acquisition Sub, Inc. (incorporated here by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Company’s Current Report on Form 8-K dated August 31, 2010) and incorporated herein by reference.
- 3.1 Certificate of Incorporation, as amended, of Ebix, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009) and incorporated herein by reference.
- 3.2 Bylaws of the Company (filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000) and incorporated herein by reference.
- 10.46 Credit Agreement, dated as of April 26, 2012, by and among Ebix, Inc., as borrower, certain subsidiaries of Ebix, Inc., as guarantors, Citibank N.A. as administrative agent, and Citibank N.A., Wells Fargo Capital Finance, LLC, and RBS Citizens, N.A. as joint lenders (filed as Exhibit 10.46 to the Company’s Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 1, 2012.)



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- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) (Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002).
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) (Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002).
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

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101\* XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language) - The following materials from Ebix, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2011, formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Income, (iii) the Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity and Comprehensive Income, (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (v) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements which were tagged as blocks of text.

\*Exhibit 101 to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q is furnished and not filed for purposes of Sections 11 and 12 of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 18 of the securities Exchange Act of 1934.

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