4Cable TV International, Inc.
Form 10-Q
November 19, 2014

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(X) QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarter period ended September 30, 2014

( ) TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period
form to

Commission File number: 000-53983

4Cable TV International, Inc.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada	80-0955951
(State of other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1248 Highway 501 Business Conway, South Carolina 29526
(Address of principal executive offices)

1-843-347-4933
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes [X] No [ ]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes [X] No [ ]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a small reporting company. See definition of “large accelerated filer”, “accelerated filer” and “small reporting company” Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	[ ]	Accelerated filer	[ ]
Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	[ ]	Smaller reporting company	[X]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act)

Yes [ ] No [X]

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer’s classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

November 18, 2014: 46,126,665 common shares

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4Cable TV International Inc.

Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Unaudited)

		September 30, 2014		December 31, 2013
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	$	14,191	$	21,928
Accounts receivable, net		48,664		30,833
Inventories, net		221,819		257,393
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		14,972		7,027
Total current assets		299,646		317,181
Property, plant and equipment, net		386,145		402,219
Total Assets	$	685,791	$	719,400
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	$	191,215	$	133,696
Related party payables		73,441		45,684
Related party debt		22,092		22,867
Current portion of notes payable		104,781		48,998
Convertible debt, net		48,250		43,000
Current portion of capital lease obligations		35,318		35,040
Common stock payable		56,333		-
Total current liabilities		531,430		329,285
Long-term liabilities				
Capital lease obligations		268,319		300,094
Notes payable		9,318		2,768
Total long-term liabilities		277,637		302,862
Total Liabilities		809,067		632,147
Commitments and contingencies				
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)				
Preferred stock; $0.01 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized; 0 shares issued and outstanding				
Common stock; $0.001 par value, 90,000,000 shares authorized; 46,126,665 and 45,050,000 shares issued and outstanding, respectively		46,127		45,050
Additional paid-in capital		669,070		462,188
Accumulated deficit		(838,473)		(419,985)
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)		(123,276)		87,253

Total liabilities and stockholders' equity (deficit)	$	685,791	$	719,400

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

4Cable TV International Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Operations
For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Net sales	$332,067	$274,772	$812,625	$751,698
Cost of goods sold	265,006	165,449	660,091	491,927
Gross profit	67,061	109,323	152,534	259,771
Operating costs and expenses				
Selling, general and administrative	186,921	89,368	423,420	207,820
Research and development	14,259	22,655	45,106	32,694
Total operating costs and expenses	201,180	112,023	468,526	240,514
Operating income (loss)	(134,119)	(2,700)	(315,992)	19,257
Interest expense	44,295	14,937	102,496	31,616
Net loss	$(178,414)	$(17,637)	$(418,488)	$(12,359)
Net loss per common share – basic and diluted	$(0.00)	$(0.00)	$(0.01)	$(0.00)
Weighted average common shares outstanding – basic and diluted	45,215,091	20,048,098	45,105,233	19,920,073

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

4Cable TV International Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013
(Unaudited)

	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2013
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net loss	$(418,488)	$(12,359)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	26,261	28,623
Amortization of debt discount	5,250	-
Provision for loss on accounts receivable	11,085	367
Inventory write-down	-	835
Stock-based compensation	41,294	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(28,916)	26,761
Inventories	35,574	(88,463)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(7,945)	(26,427)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	57,519	(13,803)
Related party payables	27,757	-
Net cash used in operating activities	(250,609)	(84,466)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(10,187)	(38,940)
Net cash used in investing activities	(10,187)	(38,940)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayment of credit card debt	-	(3,345)
Payments of capital lease obligations	(31,497)	(22,732)
Proceeds from notes payable	172,225	94,081
Payment on notes payable	(109,892)	(94,919)
Proceeds from related party debt	-	44,665
Payments on related party debt	(775)	(55,314)
Proceeds from sale of common stock	159,000	13,123
Capital contributions	63,998	132,091
Net cash provided by financing activities	253,059	108,150
Net decrease in cash	(7,737)	(15,256)
Cash, beginning of period	21,928	16,717
Cash, end of period	$14,191	$1,461

SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURES

Cash paid for:		
Income taxes	$-	$-
Interest	$64,681	$31,616
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash financing and investing and financing activities		
Purchase of equipment by capitalized lease obligation	$-	$28,186
Issuance of common stock to satisfy common stock payable	$102,667	$-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

4Cable TV International Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Business Description

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of 4Cable TV International Inc. and its subsidiary have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC, including the instructions to Form 10-Q and Regulation S-X. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted from these statements pursuant to such rules and regulations and, accordingly, they do not include all the information and notes necessary for comprehensive consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013, in our Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on September 4, 2014.

In the opinion of the management of the Company, all adjustments, which are of a normal recurring nature, necessary for a fair statement of the results for the nine month period have been made. Results for the interim period presented is not necessarily indicative of the results that might be expected for the entire fiscal year.

Description of Business

4Cable TV International, Inc., formerly Liberto, Inc., was incorporated in Nevada on November 8, 2007. The Company was engaged in the business of developing, manufacturing, and selling artificial lobster meat specifically for major food retailers in Southeast Asia. On April 25, 2013, we affected an 11-for-1 forward split of our common stock payable in the form of a stock dividend.

4Cable TV, Inc. was incorporated on May 19, 2005 as a South Carolina Corporation and has been a specialty solutions provider for the cable television (“CATV”) sector spanning the range of repair, upgrading, and testing. The Company provides service and customized solutions to CATV operators and was founded by two veterans of the cable industry seeking a new challenge to work on diagnostic and repair issues for cable operators.

When used in these notes, the terms "Company", "we", "us" or "our" mean 4Cable TV International, Inc. (“4Cable”) and all entities included in our consolidated financial statements.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

Consolidation Policy

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its majority-owned subsidiary, 4Cable TV, Inc., after elimination of all intercompany accounts, transactions, and profits.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to amounts in prior periods to conform to the current period presentation. All reclassifications have been applied consistently to the periods presented.

Estimates and Assumptions

4Cable TV International Inc.
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with general accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of the assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were assumed in preparing these financial statements.

The most significant estimates and assumptions include the:

- Impairment, useful lives and salvage values of our machinery and equipment
- Reserve for excess and obsolete inventory
- Loss contingencies
- Allowance for doubtful accounts

It is reasonably possible that these above significant estimates we make may change in the future and could have a material effect on our financial statements.

Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments include cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued liabilities, convertible debt, notes payable, and related party debt, the carrying amounts of these financial instruments are considered by management to approximate their fair value due to their short term maturities.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company applies fair value accounting for all financial assets and liabilities and non-financial assets and liabilities that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis. The Company defines fair value as the price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. When determining the fair value measurements for assets and liabilities, which are required to be recorded at fair value, the Company considers the principal or most advantageous market in which the Company would transact and the market-based risk measurements or assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, such as risks inherent in valuation techniques, transfer restrictions and credit risk. Fair value is estimated by applying the following hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value into three levels and bases the categorization within the hierarchy upon the lowest level of input that is available and significant to the fair value measurement:

Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 – Inputs that are generally unobservable and typically reflect management's estimate of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

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4Cable TV International Inc.
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

The Company's valuation techniques used to measure the fair value of money market funds and certain marketable equity securities were derived from quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. The valuation techniques used to measure the fair value of all other financial instruments, all of which have counterparties with high credit ratings, were valued based on quoted market prices or model driven valuations using significant inputs derived from or corroborated by observable market data.

In accordance with the fair value accounting requirements, companies may choose to measure eligible financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. The Company has not elected the fair value option for any eligible financial instruments.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist primarily of cash on deposit, certificates of deposit, money market accounts, and investment grade commercial paper that are readily convertible into cash and purchased with original maturities of three months or less.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable represents receivables, net of allowances for doubtful accounts. The allowance for doubtful accounts reflects our best estimate of probable losses inherent in the accounts receivable balance. As of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, we had allowance for doubtful accounts of $2,836. We determine the allowance based on historical experience and other currently available information. When a specific account is deemed uncollectible, the account is written off. For the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, we had write offs of accounts receivable of $11,085 and $367, respectively.

The Company factors substantially all of its invoices for certain customers (approved by the third party factor) without recourse to us and paid factoring fees of $24,879 and $31,511 for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Under our factoring agreement, invoices for products are generated and transmitted to our customers, with copies to the factor as products are shipped to our customers. The factor collects the amounts due and remits collected funds to us, less factoring fees. The invoiced amounts are reported as accounts receivable on our balance sheets, generally when the merchandise is shipped to our customer until payment is received from the factor.

Concentrations of Risk

Sales to two customers accounted for 79% of the Company's total net sales during the nine ended September 30, 2014 compared to 79% for one customer during the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Other than the customers mentioned above, no customer accounted for 10% or more of the Company's total net sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013.

Accounts receivable from three customers accounted for more than 10% of the Company's net accounts receivable as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 are as follows:

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Customer A	40%	-
Customer B	12%	21%
Customer C	8%	-
Customer D	-	14%
Customer E	-	18%

The Company purchased materials from four vendors who represented approximately 64% of the Company's purchases for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 68% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

4Cable TV International Inc.
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. Inventory cost is determined on a weighted average cost method. The Company maintains reserves to reduce the value of inventory to the lower of cost or market, including reserves for excess and obsolete inventory.

Evaluation of Long-Lived Assets

The Company periodically reviews its long-term assets and makes adjustments, if the carrying value exceeds fair value, based on the undiscounted cash flows expected to be derived from the use and ultimate disposition of the assets. Assets identified as impaired are carried at estimated fair value. Due to the changing technology and market conditions, it is possible that future impairment reviews may indicate additional impairments of our long-lived assets, which could result in charges that are material to the Company's results of operations.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation. Expenditures that extend the life, increase the capacity, or improve the efficiency of property and equipment are capitalized, while expenditures for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation is recognized using the straight-line method over the following approximate useful lives:

Depreciation is recognized using the straight-line method over the following approximate useful lives:

Machinery and equipment including capitalized leased equipment	5 to 7 years
Buildings including capitalized leased buildings	27.5 years

Product Warranties

The Company does not have any written obligation to replace malfunctioning equipment or repair defects. To-date, such replacement or repair requests from customers have been immaterial in amount and frequency and the Company has dealt with such requests on a case-by-case basis.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred or service has been rendered, the selling price is fixed or determinable and collectability is reasonably assured. Product sales revenue is recognized when the risks and rewards of ownership have passed to the customer and revenue is measurable. Service revenue is recognized at the time the service is complete and the customer has received an invoice. Revenue is recorded at the net amount to be received after deductions for estimated discounts, allowances and returns.

4Cable TV International Inc.
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Advertising and Marketing Development

The Company expenses advertising and market development costs as incurred. Total advertising and marketing costs were $28,267 and $10,299 for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Research and Development Costs

Research and development (“R&D”) costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. R&D costs include materials, equipment and facilities that have no alternative future use, depreciation on equipment and facilities currently used for R&D purposes, personnel costs, contract services and reasonable allocations of indirect costs, if clearly related to an R&D activity. Expenditures in the pre-production phase of an R&D project are recorded as R&D expense. However, costs incurred in the pre-production phase that are associated with output actually used in production are recorded in cost of sales. A project is considered finished with pre-production efforts when management determines that it has achieved acceptable levels of scrap and yield, which vary by project. Expenditures related to ongoing production are recorded in cost of sales. Total R&D costs were $45,106 and $32,694 for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Income Taxes

The Company utilizes the liability method of accounting for income taxes. Under the liability method deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on differences between financial reporting and the tax bases of the assets and liabilities and are measured using the enacted tax rates and laws that will be in effect, when the differences are expected to be reversed. An allowance against deferred tax assets is recorded, when it is more likely than not, that such tax benefits will not be realized.

Basic and Diluted Net Loss Per Common Share

Basic net loss per common share amounts are computed based on the weighted average number of shares actually outstanding. Diluted net loss per common share amounts are computed using the weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding as if shares had been issued on the exercise of the common share rights unless the exercise becomes antidilutive and then the basic and diluted per share amounts are the same.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company sometimes grants shares of stock for goods and services and in conjunction with certain agreements. These grants are accounted for based on the grant date fair values.

Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated all transactions from September 30, 2014 through the financial statement issuance date for subsequent event disclosure consideration.

New Accounting Pronouncements

There were various accounting standards and interpretations issued recently, none of which are expected to have a material impact on our consolidated financial position, operations or cash flows.

4Cable TV International Inc.
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

3. Going Concern

The Company's financial statements are prepared using accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. However, the Company has suffered recurring losses from operations and has a working capital deficit. These factors raise substantial doubt about the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern.

Under the going concern assumption, an entity is ordinarily viewed as continuing in business for the foreseeable future with neither the intention nor the necessity of liquidation, ceasing trading, or seeking protection from creditors pursuant to laws or regulations. Accordingly, assets and liabilities are recorded on the basis that the entity will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to raise capital to meet its obligations and attain profitable operations. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that may be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

4. Inventories

The inventory consists of raw materials that are used in the preparation of goods for sale. There were no finished products at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013. The Company's inventories consisted of the following (rounded to the nearest thousand):

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Inventories	$414,000	$422,000
Less: Excess and obsolete reserve	(192,000)	(165,000)
Inventories, net	$222,000	$257,000

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4Cable TV International Inc.
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

5. Property, Plant and Equipment

The Company's property, plant and equipment consist of the following (rounded to the nearest thousand):

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Capital lease – building	$293,000	$293,000
Capital lease – equipment	81,000	78,000
Computer equipment	9,000	9,000
Machinery and tools	137,000	135,000
Office equipment	4,000	4,000
Test equipment	86,000	74,000
Subtotal	610,000	599,000
Accumulated depreciation	(224,000)	(197,000)
Total property, plant and equipment	$386,000	$402,000

For the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, the Company recognized depreciation expense of $26,261 and $28,623, respectively.

6. Notes payable

The notes payable consist of the following items and payment terms (rounded to the nearest thousand):

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
On-Deck, interest at 31%, paid in full during 2014	$-	$28,000
Superior Finance, interest at 12.75%, payments of $62 per month, due May 2017, guaranteed by shareholder	2,000	2,000
EBF Partners, interest at 15%, payments of $540 per day, due February 26, 2015	42,000	-
Strategic Funding, interest at 11%, payments of $567 per day, due August 30, 2015,	30,000	-
Current Electronics, no interest, payments of $1,000 per month, due May 1, 2014, unsecured (a)	3,000	5,000
IOU Central, interest at 15%, payments of $1,894 per month, due December 31, 2014	6,000	-
Loan from individual, interest at 15% payments of interest only monthly, due July 10, 2015 (b)	25,000	-
Third party loans, interest range from 0% to 4%, various terms	6,000	17,000
Total notes payable	114,000	52,000
Current portion of notes payable	(105,000)	(49,000)
Long-term portion of notes payable	$9,000	$3,000

(a) During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company entered into a verbal agreement with Current Electronics to pay the outstanding balance in $500 monthly installments.
(b) In the event the note is not paid in full on or before the due date, the Company will be required to issue 2,500,000 shares of common stock of the Company to the lender.

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4Cable TV International Inc.
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

7. Convertible Debt

In December 2013, the Company issued a 15% convertible note payable for $50,000, due December 1, 2014. The interest on the convertible note payable is 15% per annum, payable monthly. The convertible note payable is convertible into shares of common stock at the option of the lender at a conversion price of $0.25 per share.

The Company evaluated the terms of the convertible notes in accordance with ASC 815 – 40, Derivatives and Hedging - Contracts in Entity's Own Stock and determined that the underlying common stock is indexed to the Company's common stock. The Company determined that the conversion feature did not meet the definition of a liability and therefore did not bifurcate the conversion feature and account for it as a separate derivative liability.

The Company evaluated the conversion feature for a beneficial conversion feature. The effective conversion price was compared to the market price on the date of the notes and was deemed to be less than the market value of underlying common stock at the inception of the note. Therefore, the Company recognized a beneficial conversion feature in the amount of $7,000 at December 31, 2013. The beneficial conversion feature will be amortized to interest expense over the life of the note.

Convertible debt consists of the following as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 (rounded to the nearest thousand):

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Convertible debt, dated December 13, 2013, bearing interest at 15% per annum, matures December 1, 2014, and convertible into shares of common stock at $0.25 per share	$50,000	$50,000
Less: debt discount	(2,000)	(7,000)
Convertible debt, net	$48,000	$43,000

8. Significant Transactions with Related Parties

The shareholders of the Company have advanced the Company money and have received partial payment on those advances. The total related party payables at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 was approximately $73,000 and $46,000, respectively. All related party advances bear no interest, are payable on demand and are classified on the accompanying balance sheets as current liabilities.

The shareholders of the Company have loaned the Company money and have received partial payment on those loans. The total related party loans payable at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 was approximately $22,000 and $23,000, respectively. All related party loans have interest rates between 6% and 7%, are payable on demand and are classified on the accompanying balance sheets as current liabilities.

9. Capital Lease Obligations

Capital lease obligations consist of the following as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 (rounded to the nearest thousand):

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013

Capital lease – building #1, interest at 6.25% , payments of $1,485 per month, final payment due December 1, 2031	$188,000	$192,000
Capital lease – building #2, interest at 6.00% , payments of $910 per month, final payment due October 7, 2023	76,000	86,000
Capital leases – equipment, interest at 36%, payments of $3,630 per month, terms 1-3 years	39,000	57,000
Total capital lease obligations	303,000	335,000
Current portion of capital lease obligations	(35,000)	(35,000)
Long-term portion of capital lease obligations	$268,000	$300,000

4Cable TV International Inc.
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

10. Capital stock

On October 18, 2013, the Company awarded 500,000 shares of restricted stock to its officers and employees which had a fair value of $0.26 per share based on the closing value of the common stock on that date, of which 50% of the shares vest after one year (October 18, 2014) with the remaining 50% vesting after two years (October 15, 2015). The fair value of the restricted stock granted was determined to be same as the trading market price of the common stock at the time of issuance. During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company terminated the contracts of some of its employees resulting in the removal of 158,000 of the 500,000 shares of restricted stock granted.

Stock-based compensation expense related to the amortization of restricted stock of $31,794 was recorded for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The total unrecognized compensation expense is adjusted quarterly to reflect any people leaving the Company resulting in a balance of $47,942 at September 30, 2014 to be recognized over the remaining vesting term (approximately 1.3 years).

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company received $63,998 in capital contributions related to the 2013 share exchange agreement which required certain shareholders to contribute up to $500,000 to the Company. As of September 30, 2014, the Company has received a total of $291,531 towards this commitment.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company received $159,000 of proceeds from the sale of its common stock. As of September 30, 2014, the Company had issued 1,026,665 shares at $0.10 per share for $102,667. The shares for the balance of the subscriptions, $56,333, will be issued in the fourth quarter.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company issued 50,000 shares of its common stock at $0.19 per share for payment of $9,500 of advertising services.

11. Subsequent Events

On October 24, 2014, the Company entered into a convertible promissory note agreement for $87,500 with a third party for cash proceeds of $75,000 and an original issue discount of $12,500. The conversion price is variable. The note matures in 13 months and bears annual interest of 8%. The Company is also contractually obligated to issue the note holder warrants of the Company, but the Company has not yet determined the number of issuable warrants.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

DISCLOSURE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Form 10-Q contains statements that constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933. The words "expect," "estimate," "anticipate," "predict," "believe," and similar expressions and variations thereof are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements include statements regarding, among other things, (a) our projected sales and profitability, (b) our growth strategies, including the potential results of any acquisition or similar transaction, (c) anticipated trends in our industry, (d) our future financing plans, (e) our anticipated needs for working capital, and (f) the benefits related to ownership of our common stock. This information may involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance, or achievements to be materially different from the future results, performance, or achievements expressed or implied by any forward-looking statements for the reasons, among others, described within the various sections of this Form 10-Q. In light of these risks and uncertainties, there can be no assurance that the forward-looking statements contained in this Form 10-Q will in fact occur as projected. We undertake no obligation to release publicly any updated information about forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances occurring after the date of this Form 10-Q or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

The risks described below are the ones we believe are most important for you to consider. These risks are not the only ones that we face. If events anticipated by any of the following risks actually occur, our business, operating results or financial condition could suffer and the future price of our common stock could decline.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the information contained in the financial statements of 4Cable TV International Inc. ("we", "us", "our", or the 'Company') and the notes which form an integral part of the financial statements which are attached hereto.

The financial statements mentioned above have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and are stated in United States dollars.

Background

We were organized under the laws of the State of Nevada on November 8, 2007 under the name "Liberto, Inc." with a focus on the development, manufacture and sale of artificial lobster meat. On April 25, 2013, we affected an 11 for 1 forward split of its common stock payable in the form of a stock dividend.

On September 30, 2013, we closed a voluntary share exchange transaction with 4Cable TV, Inc., a South Carolina corporation ("4Cable TV") and the shareholders of 4Cable TV (the "Selling Shareholders") pursuant to the Share Exchange Agreement (the "Exchange Transaction"). As a result of the Exchange Transaction, the Selling Shareholders acquired approximately 46.91% of our issued and outstanding common stock, 4Cable TV became our wholly-owned subsidiary, and the Company acquired the business and operations of 4Cable TV. This is treated as a reverse merger because there was a complete change in board of directors to 4Cable TV directors, there was a complete change in management to 4Cable TV management, 4Cable TV had significantly more assets and revenues than the Company, and the Selling Shareholders hold the largest block of stock, clearly garnering a control block.

Since its founding in 2005, 4Cable TV has been a specialty solutions provider for the cable television (CATV) sector including repair, upgrading, and testing, and service and customized solutions to CATV operators. The two founders of 4Cable TV have previously owned and operated CATV systems across the United States, directed design validation laboratories, qualified hundreds of amplifier bandwidth upgrades, developed the first satellite block down converter now used in all satellite systems, and were involved in the first voice over IP experiments as International Long Distance Operators.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations, including the discussion on liquidity and capital resources, is based upon our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an ongoing basis, management re-evaluates its estimates and judgments.

The going concern basis of presentation assumes we will continue in operation throughout the next fiscal year and into the foreseeable future and will be able to realize our assets and discharge our liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. Certain conditions, discussed below, currently exists which raise substantial doubt upon the validity of this assumption. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of the uncertainty.

Results of Operations

The following discussion of the financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, and changes in our financial position should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements and notes included in our 10-K for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, filed September 4, 2014. Such financial statements have been prepared in conformity with U.S. GAAP and are stated in United States dollars.

Comparison of the Three-month Periods Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

For the three months ended September 30, 2014, we incurred a net loss of $178,414 compared to a loss of $17,637 for September 30, 2013.

Net sales for the three months ended September 30, 2014 totaled $332,067, an increase of 21% from $274,772 for the three months ended September 30, 2013. This increase was attributable to one of our existing customers reinstituting an equipment upgrade program that was cancelled during the economic slowdown.

Cost of goods sold for the three months ended September 30, 2014 was $265,006. Cost of goods sold increased 60%, from $165,449 for three months ended September 30, 2013. The cost of goods sold increased due to increased sales and adjustments to inventory based on a physical count that removed old and obsolete items.

General and administration expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2014 increased by $97,553 to $186,921 compared to $89,368 for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The increase was due primarily to an increase in sales expense.

Research and development expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2014 decreased by $8,396 to $14,259 compared to $22,655 for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The decrease was due primarily to decreased efforts in new product development.

Interest expense for the three months ended September 30, 2014 increased by $29,358 to $44,295 from $14,937 for the three months ended September 30, 2013, related to an increase from borrowings to finance operations.

Comparison of the Nine-month Periods Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, we incurred a net loss of $418,488 compared to a loss of $12,359 for September 30, 2013.

Net sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 totaled $812,625, an increase of 8% from $751,698 for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. This increase was attributable to one of our existing customers reinstituting an equipment upgrade program that was cancelled during the economic slowdown.

Cost of goods sold for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 was $660,091. Cost of goods sold increased 34%, from $491,927 for nine months ended September 30, 2013. The cost of goods sold increased due to increased sales and adjustments to inventory based on a physical count that removed old and obsolete items.

General and administration expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 increased by $215,600 to $423,420 compared to $207,820 for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The increase was due primarily to an increase of $139,000 in sales expense, $26,000 in audit and accounting expense, and $45,000 in investor relations expense.

Research and development expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 increased by $12,412 to $45,106 compared to $32,694 for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The increase was due primarily to increased efforts in new product development in the first half of the year.

Interest expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 increased by $70,880 to $102,496 from $31,616 for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, related to an increase from borrowings to finance operations.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

As of September 30, 2014, we had cash of $14,191 as compared to $21,928 as of December 31, 2013. We anticipate that a substantial amount of cash will be used as working capital and to execute our strategy and business plan. As such, we further anticipate that we will have to raise additional capital of approximately $700,000 to fund our operational and research and development needs over the next twelve months.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of September 30, 2014, we had cash of $14,191 and a working capital deficit of $231,784. During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2014, we funded our operations from advances and loans from third parties and sale of our common stock.

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2014, we used net cash of $250,609 in operations compared to $84,466 for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2013. The decrease was primarily due to the operating loss this quarter.

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2014, we used net cash of $10,187 for investing activities compared to $38,940 for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2013. The decrease was primarily due to reduced spending on equipment.

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2014, we had net cash provided by financing activities of $253,059 compared to $108,150 for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2013. The increase was primarily due to increased capital contributions received as part of the share agreement, proceeds from notes payable, and proceeds from common stock sold.

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Our current cash requirements are significant based upon our plan to develop and market new product lines to grow our business. We estimate a need for $700,000 in additional capital over the next 12 months which we expect will be provided by the Financing. While we do not have any short-term plans to conduct any debt or equity financings beyond the financing commitment we presently have, we may in the future use debt and equity financing to fund operations, as we look to expand and fund development of our products and services and changes in our operating plans, increased expenses, acquisitions, or other events, may cause us to seek such financing sooner than anticipated. There are no assurances that we will be able to raise such required working capital on terms favorable, or that such working capital will be available on any terms when needed. The terms of such working capital may result in substantial dilution to existing shareholders. Any failure to secure additional financing may force the Company to modify its business plan. In addition, we cannot be assured of profitability in the future.At September 30, 2014, there are no off-balance sheet arrangements.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK

At this time this is not applicable.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Our management with the participation and under the supervision of our Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer reviewed and evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined by Rule 13a-15(e) or 15d-15(e)) of the Exchange Act Rule 13a-15 as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, our Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer concluded that, as of the end of such period, our disclosure controls and procedures are not effective as of September 30, 2014 in ensuring that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission’s rules and forms. This conclusion is based on findings that constituted material weaknesses. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company’s interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

Management’s Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In performing the above-referenced assessment, our management identified the following material weaknesses:

i) We have insufficient quantity of dedicated resources and experienced personnel involved in reviewing and designing internal controls. As a result, a material misstatement of the interim and annual financial statements could occur and not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

ii) We do not have an audit committee or an independent audit committee financial expert. While not being legally obligated to have an audit committee or independent audit committee financial expert, it is the management’s view that to have an audit committee, comprised of independent board members, and an independent audit committee financial expert is an important entity-level control over our financial statements.

iii) We did not perform an entity level risk assessment to evaluate the implication of relevant risks on financial reporting, including the impact of potential fraud-related risks and the risks related to non-routine transactions, if any, on our internal control over financial reporting. Lack of an entity-level risk assessment constituted an internal control design deficiency which resulted in more than a remote likelihood that a material error would not have been prevented or detected, and constituted a material weakness.

iv) We lack personnel with formal training to properly analyze and record complex transactions in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

v) We have not achieved the optimal level of segregation of duties relative to key financial reporting functions.

We are currently reviewing our disclosure controls and procedures related to these material weaknesses and expect to implement changes as our financial situation allows, including identifying specific areas within our governance, accounting and financial reporting processes to add adequate resources and personnel to potentially mitigate these material weaknesses.

Our present management will continue to monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of our internal controls and procedures and our internal controls over financial reporting on an ongoing basis and are committed to taking further action and implementing additional enhancements or improvements, as necessary and as funds allow.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation.

Changes in Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended September 30, 2014 that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

There are no legal proceedings to which we are a party, nor to the best of management's knowledge are any material legal proceedings contemplated.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Not applicable.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The following exhibits are included as part of this report by reference:

2.1	Share Exchange Agreement, dated April 4, 2013 (incorporated by reference from registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 8,2013)
3.1	Articles of Incorporation (incorporated by reference from registrant's Quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed on August 19, 2013
3.2	Bylaws (incorporated by reference from registrant's Registration Statement on Form SB-2 filed on January 22, 2008
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification (Principal Executive Officer)
31.2	Rule 13a-14(d)/15d-14(d) Certification (Principal Financial Officer)
32	Section 1350 Certifications
101*	Interactive data files pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T

Footnotes to Exhibits Index:

* Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, these interactive data files are deemed not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933 or Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and otherwise are not subject to liability.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

4CABLE TV INTERNATIONAL INC.
(Registrant)

Date: November 18, 2014	/s/ Steve Richey Steve Richey Chief Executive Officer and President (Principal Executive Officer)
Date: November 18, 2014	/s/ Ross DeMello Ross DeMello Interim Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)