UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS INC Form 10-Q August 11, 2014

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2014

OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Transition Period from ______ to _____

Commission file number 001-35095

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Georgia 58-1807304
(State of Incorporation) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

125 Highway 515 East
Blairsville, Georgia
Address of Principal
Executive Offices

(706) 781-2265 (Telephone Number)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

YES x NO o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Date File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

30512

(Zip Code)

YES x NO o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller Reporting Company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act).

YES o NO x

Common stock, par value \$1 per share 50,062,635 shares voting and 10,080,787 shares non-voting outstanding as of July 31, 2014.

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Part I – Financial Information Item 1 – Financial Statements

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC.

Consolidated Statement of Income (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,					
(in thousands, except per share data)	20	14	20	13	20	14	20	13
Interest revenue:								
Loans, including fees	\$	48,261	\$	50,730	\$	95,949	\$	101,665
Investment securities, including tax exempt								
of \$193, \$210, \$381 and \$422		12,165		10,074		23,772		20,018
Deposits in banks and short-term								
investments		980		916		1,823		1,786
Total interest revenue		61,406		61,720		121,544		123,469
Interest expense:								
Deposits:								
NOW		411		419		851		873
Money market		757		534		1,320		1,096
Savings		21		36		41		72
Time		2,018		2,950		3,789		6,241
Total deposit interest expense		3,207		3,939		6,001		8,282
Short-term borrowings		908		522		1,748		1,038
Federal Home Loan Bank advances		80		30		138		49
Long-term debt		2,638		2,666		5,272		5,328
Total interest expense		6,833		7,157		13,159		14,697
Net interest revenue		54,573		54,563		108,385		108,772
Provision for credit losses		2,200		48,500		4,700		59,500
Net interest revenue after provision for credit	t							
losses		52,373		6,063		103,685		49,272
Fee revenue:								
Service charges and fees		8,527		7,972		16,425		15,375
Mortgage loan and other related fees		1,877		3,003		3,231		5,658
Brokerage fees		1,245		1,063		2,422		1,830
Securities gains, net		4,435				4,652		116
Loss from prepayment of debt		(4,446)				(4,446)		
Other		2,505		3,905		4,035		5,875
Total fee revenue		14,143		15,943		26,319		28,854
Total revenue		66,516		22,006		130,004		78,126
Operating expenses:		•		,		,		ŕ
Salaries and employee benefits		24,287		24,734		48,683		48,326
Communications and equipment		3,037		3,468		6,276		6,514
Occupancy		3,262		3,449		6,640		6,816
Advertising and public relations		1,139		1,037		1,765		1,975
Postage, printing and supplies		804		894		1,580		1,757
						-		•

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Professional fees	2,172	2,499		3,599	4,865
Foreclosed property	102	5,151		218	7,484
FDIC assessments and other regulatory					
charges	1,425	2,505		2,778	5,010
Amortization of intangibles	361	491		748	1,196
Other	3,943	4,595		7,295	8,650
Total operating expenses	40,532	48,823		79,582	92,593
Net income (loss) before income taxes	25,984	(26,817)	50,422	(14,467)
Income tax expense (benefit)	9,627	(256,781)	18,665	(256,196)
Net income	16,357	229,964		31,757	241,729
Preferred stock dividends and discount					
accretion		3,055		439	6,107
Net income available to common					
shareholders	\$ 16,357	\$ 226,909	\$	31,318	\$ 235,622
Earnings per common share:					
Basic	\$.27	\$ 3.90	\$.52	\$ 4.05
Diluted	.27	3.90		.52	4.05
Weighted average common shares					
outstanding:					
Basic	60,712	58,141		60,386	58,111
Diluted	60,714	58,141		60,388	58,111

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC.

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)

(in thousands)	Three Mor	nth	s Ended Jun	ie 3	30,		Six Month	s E	Ended June	30,		
			Tax						Tax			
2011	Before-tax		(Expense)		Net of Tax		Before-tax		(Expense)		Net of Tax	
2014	Amount		Benefit		Amount		Amount		Benefit	,	Amount	
Net income	\$25,984		\$(9,627)	\$16,357		\$50,422		\$(18,665)	\$31,757	
Other comprehensive income:												
Unrealized gains (losses) on												
available-for-sale securities:												
Unrealized holding gains	11 10 1		(4.016		6.060		15.050		(5.655	,	0.206	
(losses) arising during period	11,184		(4,216)	6,968		15,053		(5,657)	9,396	
Reclassification adjustment for	(4.405	,	1.505		(2.710		(4.650		1.015		(2.025	,
gains included in net income	(4,435)	,		(2,710)	(4,652)	1,817	,	(2,835)
Net unrealized gains (losses)	6,749		(2,491)	4,258		10,401		(3,840)	6,561	
Amortization of gains included												
in net income on												
available-for-sale securities	400		/1 = 1	,	255		720		(255	,	4.60	
transferred to held-to-maturity	409		(154)	255		739		(277)	462	
Net unrealized gains	409		(154)	255		739		(277)	462	
Amounts reclassified into net	572		(222	\	250		670		(261	`	400	
income on cash flow hedges	573		(223)	350		670		(261)	409	
Unrealized losses on derivative												
financial instruments accounted	(0.5.47)	,	1.200		(0.167	,	(6.270	,	2.402		(2.007	,
for as cash flow hedges	(3,547)	1,380		(2,167)	(6,379)	2,482		(3,897)
Net unrealized losses	(2,974)	1,157		(1,817)	(5,709)	2,221		(3,488)
Net actuarial gain on defined							207		(115	,	101	
benefit pension plan	_		_		_		296		(115)	181	
Amortization of prior service												
cost and actuarial losses												
included in net periodic pension												
cost for defined benefit pension	02		(26	\	5.6		102		(71	`	112	
plan	92		(36)	56		183		(71)	112	
Net defined benefit pension	92		(26	`	56		479		(186	`	293	
plan activity Total other comprehensive	92		(36)	30		4/9		(100	,	293	
income	4,276		(1,524	`	2,752		5,910		(2,082	`	3,828	
	\$30,260		\$(11,151) \	\$19,109		\$56,332		\$(20,747))	\$35,585	
Comprehensive income 2013	\$30,200		\$(11,131)	\$19,109		\$30,332		\$(20,747	,	\$33,363	
Net (loss) income	\$(26,817)	\$256,781		\$229,964		\$(14,467	`	\$256,196		\$241,729	
Other comprehensive income	\$(20,617	,	\$250,701		φ 2 2 9, 9 0 4		φ(1 4,4 0 <i>1</i>	,	φ230,190		\$241,729	
(loss):												
Unrealized (losses) gains on												
available-for-sale securities:												
a analogo for ball becurries.	(15,358)	5,798		(9,560)	(13,717)	5,177		(8,540)
	(15,550	,	3,170		(>,500	,	(13,/1/	,	5,177		(0,270	,

Unrealized holding gains (losses) arising during period Reclassification adjustment for gains included in net income Adjustment of valuation allowance for the change in deferred taxes arising from unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities and release of valuation allowance Net unrealized gains (losses)))	— (3,526 (13,086)	(116 — (13,833)	45 (2,950 2,272)	(71 (2,950 (11,561)
Amortization of gains included in net income on available-for-sale securities												
transferred to held-to-maturity Adjustment of valuation allowance for the change in deferred taxes arising from the amortization of gains included in net income (loss) on available-for-sale securities transferred to held-to-maturity and release of valuation	(271)	103		(168)	(590)	227		(363)
allowance Net unrealized losses	<u> </u>)	1,415 1,518		1,415 1,247		— (590)	1,293 1,520		1,293 930	
Amounts reclassified into net income on cash flow hedges Unrealized gains on derivative financial instruments accounted	(306)	119		(187)	(844)	328		(516)
for as cash flow hedges Adjustment of valuation allowance for the change in deferred taxes arising from unrealized gains and losses and amortization of gains included in net income on cash flow hedges and release of valuation	11,672		(4,540)	7,132		12,102		(4,707)	7,395	
allowance Net unrealized gains	— 11,366		13,740 9,319		13,740 20,685		— 11,258		13,698 9,319		13,698 20,577	
Net actuarial loss on defined benefit pension plan Amortization of prior service cost and actuarial losses included in net periodic pension cost for defined benefit pension	_		_		_		(415)	161		(254)
plan Adjustment of valuation allowance for the change in deferred taxes arising from reclassification of unamortized	133		(52 110)	81 110		265		(103)	162 —	

prior service cost and actuarial losses and amortization of prior service cost and actuarial losses and release of valuation allowance Net defined benefit pension 58 191 (92 plan activity 133 (150 58) Total other comprehensive income (loss) 9,037 9,854 (4,130 13,167 (3,315)13,169 \$239,001 Comprehensive income \$(30,947) \$269,948 \$(17,782) \$269,365 \$251,583

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC.

Consolidated Balance Sheet (Unaudited)

	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,
(in thousands, except share and per share data)	2014	2013	2013
ASSETS			
Cash and due from banks	\$91,791	\$71,230	\$62,564
Interest-bearing deposits in banks	100,270	119,669	141,016
Short-term investments	47,999	37,999	57,000
Cash and cash equivalents	240,060	228,898	260,580
Securities available for sale	1,741,268	1,832,217	1,937,264
Securities held to maturity (fair value \$458,864, \$485,585 and \$226,695)	448,752	479,742	214,947
Mortgage loans held for sale	14,918	10,319	19,150
Loans, net of unearned income	4,410,285	4,329,266	4,189,368
Less allowance for loan losses	(73,248)	(76,762)	(81,845)
Loans, net	4,337,037	4,252,504	4,107,523
Assets covered by loss sharing agreements with the FDIC	3,595	22,882	35,675
Premises and equipment, net	161,614	163,589	167,197
Bank owned life insurance	80,922	80,670	82,276
Accrued interest receivable	19,141	19,598	19,279
Intangible assets	2,731	3,480	4,315
Foreclosed property	2,969	4,221	3,936
Net deferred tax asset	233,149	258,518	272,287
Derivative financial instruments	22,024	23,833	9,017
Other assets	43,886	44,948	29,189
Total assets	\$7,352,066	\$7,425,419	\$7,162,635
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 7,55 2 ,000	Ψ,,.=ε,	\$ 7,10 2 ,000
Liabilities:			
Deposits:			
Demand	\$1,519,635	\$1,388,512	\$1,349,804
NOW	1,334,883	1,427,939	1,225,664
Money market	1,245,912	1,227,575	1,167,889
Savings	279,203	251,125	247,821
Time:	277,203	231,123	247,021
Less than \$100,000	805,289	892,961	982,009
Greater than \$100,000	554,310	588,689	664,112
Brokered	424,313	424,704	374,530
Total deposits	6,163,545	6,201,505	6,011,829
Short-term borrowings	76,256	53,241	54,163
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	175,125	120,125	70,125
	173,123	120,125	
Long-term debt	,	,	124,845
Derivative financial instruments	36,545	46,232	29,330
Unsettled securities purchases	7,264	29,562	1,582
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	41,497	49,174	41,458
Total liabilities	6,630,097	6,629,704	6,333,332

Shareholders' equity: Preferred stock, \$1 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized; Series A; \$10 stated value; 0, 0 and 21,700 shares issued and outstanding 217 Series B; \$1,000 stated value; 0, 105,000 and 180,000 shares issued and outstanding 105,000 179,323 Series D; \$1,000 stated value; 0, 16,613 and 16,613 shares issued and outstanding 16,613 16,613 Common stock, \$1 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized; 50,058,295, 46,243,345 and 43,356,492 shares issued and outstanding 50,058 46,243 43,356 Common stock, non-voting, \$1 par value; 26,000,000 shares authorized; 10,080,787, 13,188,206 and 14,474,810 shares issued and outstanding 10,081 13,188 14,475 Common stock issuable; 314,039, 241,832 and 271,215 shares 4,649 3,930 4,705 Capital surplus 1,091,780 1,078,676 1,057,931 Accumulated deficit (418,583) (473,531) (448,091) Accumulated other comprehensive loss (16,016)(19,844 (13,786)Total shareholders' equity 721,969 795,715 829,303

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

\$7,352,066

\$7,425,419

\$7,162,635

Total liabilities and shareholders' equity

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (Unaudited) For the Six Months Ended June 30,

(in thousands, except share		erred Stock Series	Series	Common	Non-Voti Common	_	ı Capital	Accumulate	_
and per share data) Balance, December 31,	A	В	D	Stock	Stock	Issuable	Surplus	Deficit	Income (Loss)
2012 Net income	\$217	\$178,557	\$16,613	\$42,424	\$15,317	\$3,119	\$1,057,951	\$(709,153) 241,729	\$(23,640)
Other comprehensive income									9,854
Common stock issued to dividend reinvestment plan									
and employee benefit plans (35,667 shares) Conversion of non-voting				35			348		
common stock to voting (841,984 shares) Amortization of stock				842	(842)				
options and restricted stock awards							1,359		
Vesting of restricted stock (50,450 shares issued,									
133,914 shares deferred) Deferred compensation				50		1,934	(2,161)		
plan, net, including dividend equivalents Shares issued from deferred						91			
compensation plan (4,521 shares)				5		(439)	434		
Preferred stock dividends:								(6	
Series A Series B Series D		766						(6) (5,266) (835)	
	\$217	\$179,323	\$16,613	\$43,356	\$14,475	\$4,705	\$1,057,931	\$(473,531)	\$(13,786)
2013 Net income	\$—	\$105,000	\$16,613	\$46,243	\$13,188	\$3,930	\$1,078,676	\$(448,091) 31,757	\$(19,844)
Other comprehensive income									3,828
Redemption of Series B									3,020
preferred stock (105,000		(105 000)							
shares)		(105,000)	(16,613)						
			•						

Redemption of Series D									
preferred stock (16,613									
shares)									
Cash dividends declared on									
common stock (\$.03 per									
share)								(1,810)	
Common stock issued at									
market (640,000 shares)				640			11,566		
Common stock issued to									
dividend reinvestment plan									
and to employee benefit									
plans (19,299 shares)				19			309		
Conversion of non-voting									
common stock to voting									
(3,107,419 shares)				3,107	(3,107)				
Amortization of stock									
options and restricted stock									
awards							2,228		
Vesting of restricted stock,									
net of shares surrendered to									
cover payroll taxes (40,751									
shares issued, 72,797									
shares deferred)				41		749	(1,140)	
Deferred compensation									
plan, net, including									
dividend equivalents						119			
Shares issued from deferred	Ĺ								
compensation plan (7,481									
shares)				8		(149)	141		
Preferred stock dividends:									
Series B								(159)	
Series D								(280)	
Balance, June 30, 2014	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$50,058	\$10,081	\$4,649	\$1,091,780	\$(418,583) \$(10	6,016

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

	Six Months June 30,	s Er	nded	
(in thousands)	2014		2013	
Operating activities:				
Net income	\$31,757		\$241,729	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation, amortization and accretion	9,966		14,574	
Provision for credit losses	4,700		59,500	
Stock based compensation	2,228		1,359	
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)	18,716		(258,987)
Securities gains, net	(4,652)	(116)
Loss on prepayment of borrowings	4,446		_	
Net (gains) losses on sales of foreclosed property	(362)	5,460	
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Other assets and accrued interest receivable	(2,567)	12,872	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	(19,691)	19,487	
Mortgage loans held for sale	(4,599)	9,671	
Net cash provided by operating activities	39,942		105,549	
Investing activities:				
Investment securities held-to-maturity:				
Proceeds from maturities and calls	31,159		33,141	
Purchases	(173)	(4,993)
Investment securities available-for-sale:				
Proceeds from sales	390,227		15,751	
Proceeds from maturities and calls	111,378		260,967	
Purchases	(411,443)	(397,907)
Net increase in loans	(55,199)	(203,903)
Proceeds from note sales	4,561		91,913	
Cash paid for acquisition	(31,243)	_	
Funds collected from FDIC under loss sharing agreements	2,112		3,714	
Proceeds from sales of premises and equipment	2,392		1,547	
Purchases of premises and equipment	(1,934)	(4,488)
Proceeds from sale of other real estate	5,877		21,815	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	47,714		(182,443)
Financing activities:				
Net change in deposits	(37,960)	59,689	
Net change in short-term borrowings	18,569		1,589	
Proceeds from Federal Home Loan Bank advances	560,000		485,000	
Repayment of Federal Home Loan Bank advances	(505,000)	(455,000)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock for dividend reinvestment and employee				
benefit plans	328		383	
Retirement of preferred stock	(121,613)	_	
Issuance of common stock	12,206		_	
Cash dividends on common stock	(1,810)		

Cash dividends on preferred stock	(1,214) (5,336)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(76,494) 86,325
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	11,162	9,431
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	228,898	251,149
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$240,060	\$260,580
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$13,558	\$16,768
Income taxes	2,044	2,355
Unsettled securities purchases	7,264	1,582
Transfers of loans to foreclosed property	6,054	15,721

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1 – Accounting Policies

The accounting and financial reporting policies of United Community Banks, Inc. ("United") and its subsidiaries conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") and general banking industry practices. The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements have not been audited. All material intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated. A more detailed description of United's accounting policies is included in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

In management's opinion, all accounting adjustments necessary to accurately reflect the financial position and results of operations on the accompanying financial statements have been made. These adjustments are normal and recurring accruals considered necessary for a fair and accurate presentation. The results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year or any other interim periods.

Reclassifications

Certain 2013 amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2014 presentation. During the fourth quarter of 2013, United reclassified hedge ineffectiveness gains and losses from other fee revenue to net interest revenue. The impact of the reclassification has been reflected in all periods and was not material to any period.

Note 2 – Accounting Standards Updates and Recently Adopted Standards

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. This ASU provides guidance on the recognition of revenue from contracts with customers. The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. This guidance is effective for public entities for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within that reporting period, and will be applied retrospectively either to each prior reporting period or with a cumulative effect recognized at the date of initial application. United is in the process of evaluating this guidance, but its effect on United's financial condition or results of operations is not expected to be material.

In June 2014, FASB issued ASU No. 2014-11, Repurchase-to-Maturity Transactions, Repurchase Financings and Disclosures. This ASU changes the accounting for repurchase-to-maturity transactions to secured borrowing accounting. For repurchase financing arrangements, the amendments require separate accounting for a transfer of a financial asset executed contemporaneously with a repurchase agreement with the same counterparty, which will result in secured borrowing accounting. The ASU also requires new disclosures for repurchase agreements, securities lending transactions and repurchase-to-maturity transactions. The Update is effective for the first interim or annual period beginning after December 15, 2014. United is currently evaluating the guidance's impact on its financial position, results of operation and disclosures.

In June 2014, FASB issued ASU No. 2014-12, Accounting for Share-Based Payments When the Terms of an Award Provide That a Performance Target Could Be Achieved after the Requisite Service Period. This ASU requires that a performance target that affects vesting and that could be achieved after the requisite service period be treated as a performance condition and should not be reflected in estimating the grant-date fair value of the award. The standard is

effective for annual periods and interim periods within those annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015. This guidance is not expected to have a material impact on United's financial position, results of operations or disclosures.

Note 3 – Acquisition

On June 26, 2014, United completed the acquisition of substantially all of the assets of Business Carolina, Inc., a specialty SBA/USDA lender headquartered in Columbia, South Carolina. United is still in the process of determining the values of the assets acquired. On the closing date, United paid \$31.2 million in cash for loans of \$26.2 million, accrued interest of \$83,000, servicing rights of \$2.13 million and premises and equipment of \$2.84 million. Final settlement, which is not expected to be materially different from the initial settlement, is scheduled to occur within 60 days of closing. United has not identified any material separately identifiable intangible assets resulting from the acquisition.

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 4 – Balance Sheet Offsetting

United enters into reverse repurchase agreements in order to invest short-term funds. In addition, United enters into repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements with the same counterparty in transactions commonly referred to as collateral swaps that are subject to master netting agreements under which the balances are netted in the balance sheet in accordance with ASC 210-20, Offsetting.

The following table presents a summary of amounts outstanding under reverse repurchase agreements and derivative financial instruments including those entered into in connection with the same counterparty under master netting agreements as of June 30, 2014, December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2013 (in thousands).

June 30, 2014	Gross Amounts of Recognized Assets	Gross Amounts Offset on the Balance Sheet	Net Asset Balance	Gross Amounts in the Balan Financial Instruments		Net Amount
Repurchase agreements / reverse repurchase agreements Derivatives Total Weighted average interest rate of reverse repurchase agreements	\$ 420,000 22,024 \$ 442,024	\$ (375,000) — \$ (375,000)	\$ 45,000 22,024 \$ 67,024	\$ — (1,962) \$ (1,962)	\$ (48,933) (162) \$ (49,095)	19,900
	Gross Amounts of Recognized Liabilities	Gross Amounts Offset on the Balance Sheet	Net Liability Balance	Gross Amounts in the Balan Financial Instruments		Net Amount
Repurchase agreements / reverse repurchase agreements Derivatives Total Weighted average interest rate of repurchase agreements	\$ 375,000 36,545 \$ 411,545	\$ (375,000) — \$ (375,000)	\$ — 36,545 \$ 36,545	\$ — (1,962) \$ (1,962)	\$ — (35,245) \$ (35,245)	

December 31, 2013	Gross Amounts of Recognized Assets	Gross Amounts Offset on the Balance Sheet	Net Asset Balance	Gross Amounts in the Balan Financial Instruments		Net Amount
Repurchase agreements / reverse repurchase agreements Derivatives Total Weighted average interest rate of reverse repurchase agreements	\$ 385,000 23,833 \$ 408,833	\$ (350,000) — \$ (350,000)	\$ 35,000 23,833 \$ 58,833	\$ — (4,378) \$ (4,378)	\$ (38,982) (2,912) \$ (41,894)	16,543
	Gross Amounts of Recognized Liabilities	Gross Amounts Offset on the Balance Sheet	Net Liability Balance	Gross Amounts in the Balan Financial Instruments		Net Amount
Repurchase agreements / reverse repurchase agreements Derivatives Total Weighted average interest rate of repurchase agreements	\$ 350,000 46,232 \$ 396,232	\$ (350,000) — \$ (350,000)	\$ — 46,232 \$ 46,232	\$ — (4,378) \$ (4,378)	\$ — (38,145) \$ (38,145)	·
June 30, 2013	Gross Amounts of Recognized Assets	Gross Amounts Offset on the Balance Sheet	Net Asset Balance	Gross Amounts in the Balan Financial Instruments		Net Amount
Repurchase agreements / reverse repurchase agreements Derivatives Total Weighted average interest rate of reverse repurchase	\$ 400,000 9,017 \$ 409,017 1.09 %	\$ (350,000) — \$ (350,000)	\$ 50,000 9,017 \$ 59,017	\$ — (4,299) \$ (4,299)	\$ (53,722) (3,316) \$ (57,038)	1,402

agreements

	Re	nounts of cognized abilities	О	Gross Amounts ffset on the Balance	Li	Net ability alance	Fi	ross Amount in the Balar nancial truments	nce S Co		Ne	t Amount
Repurchase agreements / reverse repurchase agreements Derivatives Total Weighted average interest rate of repurchase agreements	\$	350,000 29,330 379,330		\$ (350,000) — \$ (350,000)	\$		\$	— (4,299) (4,299)	\$	— (21,514) (21,514)		

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 5 – Securities

The cost basis, gross unrealized gains and losses and fair value of securities held-to-maturity at June 30, 2014, December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2013 are as follows (in thousands).

As of June 30, 2014	Amortized Cost		Gross Unrealized Gains		Gross Unrealized Losses		Fai Va	ir lue
State and political subdivisions Mortgage-backed securities (1)	\$	50,669 398,083	\$	3,872 8,257	\$		\$	54,541 404,323
Total	\$	448,752	\$	12,129	\$	2,017	\$	458,864
As of December 31, 2013								
State and political subdivisions Mortgage-backed securities (1)	\$	51,733 428,009	\$	2,718 6,690	\$	42 3,523	\$	54,409 431,176
Total	\$	479,742	\$	9,408	\$	3,565	\$	485,585
As of June 30, 2013								
State and political subdivisions Mortgage-backed securities (1)	\$	51,757 163,190	\$	4,332 7,658	\$	4 238	\$	56,085 170,610
Total	\$	214,947	\$	11,990	\$	242	\$	226,695

(1) All are residential type mortgage-backed securities

The following table summarizes held-to-maturity securities in an unrealized loss position as of June 30, 2014, December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2013 (in thousands).

	Less than 12	Less than 12 Months Unrealized		r More Unrealized	Total	Unrealized		
As of June 30, 2014	Fair Value	Loss	Fair Value	Loss	Fair Value	Loss		
Mortgage-backed securities Total unrealized loss position	194,724 \$194,724	1,898 \$1,898	2,955 \$2,955	119 \$119	197,679 \$197,679	2,017 \$2,017		
As of December 31, 2013								
State and political subdivisions Mortgage-backed securities	\$1,595 259,870	\$42 3,523	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$1,595 259,870	\$42 3,523		

Total unrealized loss position	\$261,465	\$3,565	\$—	\$—	\$261,465	\$3,565
As of June 30, 2013						
State and political subdivisions	\$374	\$4	\$ —	\$ —	\$374	\$4
Mortgage-backed securities	4,715	238		_	4,715	238
Total unrealized loss position	\$5,089	\$242	\$ —	\$ —	\$5,089	\$242

Management evaluates securities for other-than-temporary impairment at least on a quarterly basis, and more frequently when economic or market concerns warrant such evaluation. Consideration is given to the length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been less than cost, the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, among other factors. In analyzing an issuer's financial condition, management considers whether the securities are issued by the federal government or its agencies, whether downgrades by bond rating agencies have occurred, and industry analysts' reports. No impairment charges were recognized during the three or six months ended June 30, 2014 or 2013.

In the fourth quarter of 2013, securities available-for-sale with a fair value of \$301 million were transferred to held-to-maturity. The securities were transferred at their fair value on the date of transfer. The unrealized loss of \$8.31 million on the transferred securities is being amortized into interest revenue as an adjustment to the yield on those securities over the remaining life of the transferred securities.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The cost basis, unrealized gains and losses, and fair value of securities available-for-sale at June 30, 2014, December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2013 are presented below (in thousands).

As of June 30, 2014	Amortized Cost		Gre Un Ga	realized	Un	oss realized sses	Fair Value		
U.S. Treasury securities State and political subdivisions Mortgage-backed securities(1) Corporate bonds Asset-backed securities Other	\$	15,579 21,080 1,068,593 175,975 444,910 2,211	\$	— 773 17,470 1,426 3,664 —	\$	71 38 8,623 1,430 251	\$	15,508 21,815 1,077,440 175,971 448,323 2,211	
Total	\$	1,728,348	\$	23,333	\$	10,413	\$	1,741,268	
As of December 31, 2013									
State and political subdivisions Mortgage-backed securities(1) Corporate bonds Asset-backed securities Other	\$	22,558 1,145,800 255,316 409,086 2,699	\$	823 13,296 1,304 2,535	\$	139 13,749 6,324 988	\$	23,242 1,145,347 250,296 410,633 2,699	
Total	\$	1,835,459	\$	17,958	\$	21,200	\$	1,832,217	
As of June 30, 2013									
State and political subdivisions Mortgage-backed securities(1) Corporate bonds Asset-backed securities Other	\$	22,369 1,410,189 260,464 242,690 2,526	\$	1,112 15,935 1,585 2,645	\$	41 13,538 8,181 491	\$	23,440 1,412,586 253,868 244,844 2,526	
Total	\$	1,938,238	\$	21,277	\$	22,251	\$	1,937,264	

⁽¹⁾ All are residential type mortgage-backed securities

The following table summarizes available-for-sale securities in an unrealized loss position as of June 30, 2014, December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2013 (in thousands).

	Less than 12 M	Months	12 Months or M	More	Total	
		Unrealized		Unrealized		Unrealized
As of June 30, 2014	Fair Value	Loss	Fair Value	Loss	Fair Value	Loss

U.S. Treasury securities	\$	10,508	\$	71	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 10,508	\$	71
State and political subdivisions Mortgage-backed				_		3,634		38	3,634		38
securities		100,949		519		277,556		8,104	378,505		8,623
Corporate bonds		19,130		114		46,010		1,316	65,140		1,430
Asset-backed securities		83,620		166		11,486		85	95,106		251
Total unrealized loss	Φ.	21122	Φ.	0.50	Φ.	220 606	_	0.740	~~~ · · · ·	Φ.	10.410
position	\$	214,207	\$	870	\$	338,686	\$	9,543	\$ 552,893	\$	10,413
As of December 31, 2013											
State and political											
•	\$	4,539	\$	139	\$	_	\$		\$ 4,539	\$	139
Mortgage-backed											
securities		334,996		6,480		175,865		7,269	510,861		13,749
Corporate bonds		137,318		4,494		54,130		1,830	191,448		6,324
Asset-backed securities		164,933		722		22,370		266	187,303		988
Total unrealized loss											
position	\$	641,786	\$	11,835	\$	252,365	\$	9,365	\$ 894,151	\$	21,200

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

	Le	ess than 12 Mo	onth	S	12 Months or More		To	otal				
			Uı	nrealized			U	nrealized			Uı	nrealized
As of June 30, 2013	Fa	ir Value	Lo	OSS	Fa	ir Value	Lo	OSS	Fa	ir Value	Lo	oss
State and political												
subdivisions	\$	3,645	\$	39	\$	10	\$	2	\$	3,655	\$	41
Mortgage-backed												
securities		636,449		13,538						636,449		13,538
Corporate bonds		97,501		4,635		77,404		3,546		174,905		8,181
Asset-backed securities		56,817		208		32,495		283		89,312		491
Total unrealized loss												
position	\$	794,412	\$	18,420	\$	109,909	\$	3,831	\$	904,321	\$	22,251

At June 30, 2014, there were 79 available-for-sale securities and 25 held-to-maturity securities that were in an unrealized loss position. United does not intend to sell nor believes it will be required to sell securities in an unrealized loss position prior to the recovery of their amortized cost basis. Unrealized losses at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 were primarily attributable to changes in interest rates. Unrealized losses at June 30, 2013 were primarily related to changes in interest rates; however, the unrealized losses in corporate bonds also reflect downgrades in the underlying securities ratings since the time of acquisition. The bonds remain above investment grade and have recovered much of their initial market value loss. Therefore, United does not consider them to be impaired.

The amortized cost and fair value of held-to-maturity and available-for-sale securities at June 30, 2014, by contractual maturity, are presented in the following table (in thousands).

	Available-for-Sa Amortized	ale	Held-to-Maturity Amortized	
	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value
U.S. Treasury Securities:				
1 to 5 years	\$ 15,579	\$ 15,508	\$ —	\$ —
	15,579	15,508	_	_
State and political subdivisions:				
Within 1 year	7,042	7,180	1,000	1,031
1 to 5 years	11,083	11,600	17,126	18,446
5 to 10 years	2,107	2,134	20,552	22,148
More than 10 years	848	901	11,991	12,916
	21,080	21,815	50,669	54,541
Corporate bonds:				
1 to 5 years	49,010	48,740		
5 to 10 years	125,965	126,931		
More than 10 years	1,000	300	_	
•	175,975	175,971		
Asset-backed securities:				
Within 1 year	9,986	10,000	_	_

1 to 5 years	72,700	73,966		
5 to 10 years	263,551	265,624		
More than 10 years	98,673	98,733		
	444,910	448,323	_	
Other:				
More than 10 years	2,211	2,211		
	2,211	2,211		
Total securities other than mortgage-backed securities:				
Within 1 year	17,028	17,180	1,000	1,031
1 to 5 years	148,372	149,814	17,126	18,446
5 to 10 years	391,623	394,689	20,552	22,148
More than 10 years	102,732	102,145	11,991	12,916
Mortgage-backed securities	1,068,593	1,077,440	398,083	404,323
\$	1,728,348	\$ 1,741,268	\$ 448,752	\$ 458,864

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because issuers and borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

Realized gains and losses are derived using the specific identification method for determining the cost of securities sold. The following table summarizes securities sales activity for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 (in thousands).

	Three Months Ended					Six Months Ended						
	Jui	ne 30,			Jui	ne 30,						
	2014			013	20	14	20	13				
Proceeds from sales	\$	236,911	\$		\$	390,227	\$	15,751				
Gross gains on sales	\$	5,374	\$		\$	5,784	\$	116				
Gross losses on sales		(939)		_		(1,132)						
Net gains on sales of securities	\$	4,435	\$		\$	4,652	\$	116				
Income tax expense attributable t	o											
sales	\$	1,725	\$		\$	1,817	\$	45				

Securities with a carrying value of \$1.37 billion, \$1.53 billion and \$1.30 billion were pledged to secure public deposits and other secured borrowings at June 30, 2014, December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2013, respectively. Substantial borrowing capacity remains available under borrowing arrangements with the Federal Home Loan Bank of Atlanta ("FHLB") with currently pledged securities.

Note 6 – Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses Major classifications of loans as of June 30, 2014, December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2013, are summarized as follows (in thousands).

	Jun 201	e 30, 4	Dec 201	eember 31,	June 201	e 30, 3
Owner occupied commercial real estate	\$	1,163,327	\$	1,133,543	\$	1,119,016
Income producing ommercial real estate		598,318		623,167		629,129
Commercial & industrial		554,089		471,961		436,988
Commercial construction		159,755		148,903		132,562
Total commercial		2,475,489		2,377,574		2,317,695
Residential mortgage		860,525		875,077		876,608
Home equity lines of credit		451,435		440,887		401,951
Residential construction		301,737		328,579		331,681
Consumer installment		105,160		111,045		109,223
Indirect auto		215,939		196,104		152,210
Total loans		4,410,285		4,329,266		4,189,368
Less allowance for loan losses		(73,248)		(76,762)		(81,845)
Loans, net	\$	4,337,037	\$	4,252,504	\$	4,107,523

At June 30, 2014, December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2013, loans with a carrying value of \$2.09 billion, \$1.77 billion and \$2.00 billion, respectively, were pledged as collateral to secure FHLB advances and other contingent funding sources.

During the second quarter of 2013, United executed a plan to accelerate the disposition of classified assets including performing classified loans, nonperforming loans and foreclosed properties. The purpose of the accelerated classified asset disposition plan was to resolve legacy credit problems remaining from the recent financial crisis and to accelerate the improvement of United's credit measures toward pre-crisis levels. The classified asset sales included individual note and foreclosed property sales and a large bulk sale of classified assets to a single investor. The bulk sale included performing and nonperforming classified loans and foreclosed properties. The assets were divided into four separate pools that were bid separately by potential buyers. A single purchaser was the high bidder for each of the four pools.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The table below shows the allocation among impaired loans, loans that were not considered impaired and foreclosed properties, including United's recorded investment in those assets, the sales proceeds and the resulting net charge-offs of assets sold in the bulk sale transaction (in thousands).

	Recorded			t Sales	Net		
	Inv	estment	Pro	oceeds	Charge-Off		
Loans considered impaired	\$	96,829	\$	56,298	\$	(40,531)	
Loans not considered impaired		25,687		15,227		(10,460)	
Foreclosed properties		8,398		5,933		(2,465)	
Total assets sold	\$	130,914	\$	77,458	\$	(53,456)	

The loans considered impaired in the table above were assigned specific reserves of \$6.86 million in the most recent analysis of the allowance for loan losses prior to the sale. Because the assets were sold at liquidation prices in a bulk transaction with no recourse, the sales price was generally lower than the appraised value of the foreclosed properties and loan collateral. Although the classified asset sales increased charge-offs during the second quarter of 2013, they accomplished management's goal of moving classified asset levels toward the pre-crisis range.

The allowance for loan losses represents management's estimate of probable incurred losses in the loan portfolio as of the end of the period. In 2013, United established an allowance for unfunded commitments separate from the allowance for loan losses due to significant growth in unfunded loan commitments. The allowance for unfunded commitments is included in other liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet. Combined, the allowance for loan losses and allowance for unfunded commitments are referred to as the allowance for credit losses.

The following table presents the balance and activity in the allowance for credit losses by portfolio segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 (in thousands).

	Beginnin	Chargo		Allocation of	Ending	Beginning	Charga			Endi
Three Months Ended June 30,	Balance			r Len Phlovistic a	_		Offs	Recove	er Res ovision	
Owner occupied commercial real										
estate	\$20,292	\$(918	\$2,753	\$-\$(4,323)	\$17,804	\$19,765	\$(19,438	\$1,025	\$14,433	\$15,
Income producing commercial										
real estate	10,926	(632) 197	— 1,270	11,761	10,643	(7,302) 249	3,433	7,0
Commercial & industrial	4,247	(1,012	350	— 300	3,885	5,626	(15,932	356	18,004	8,0
Commercial construction	3,977	(131) —	— 221	4,067	8,108	(6,305) 10	2,462	4,2
Residential mortgage	15,967	(2,800) 292	— 3,304	16,763	19,223	(5,557) 88	744	14,
Home equity lines of credit	6,120	(624) 158	— 684	6,338	7,705	(1,161) 121	(1,136)	5,5
Residential construction	12,181	(1,946	275	— 698	11,208	23,326	(18,530) 24	12,502	17,
Consumer installment	717	(455	391	— (54	599	1,780	(511	500	(254)	1,5
Indirect auto	796	(89) 16	— 100	823	312	(54) 9	608	875
Unallocated	_				_	9,265		_	(2,296)	6,9
Total allowance for loan losses	75,223	(8,607	4,432	2,200	73,248	105,753	(74,790) 2,382		81,

Allowance for unfunded commitments	2,165	_	_		2,165	_		_	_	_
Total allowance for credit losses	\$77,388 \$	(8,607)	\$4,432 \$	\$2,200	\$75,413	3 \$105,7	753 \$(74,7	90)\$2,382	\$48,50	0 \$81,
				Allocation	on					
	Beginnin &	harge-		of]	Ending	Beginning	Charge-		
Six Months Ended June 30,	Balance C	Offs	Recover	r l enalloca	a Reco vision	Balance	Balance	Offs	Recove	r Pax ovisi
Owner occupied commercial real										
estate	\$17,164 \$	(1,284	\$2,843	\$1,278	\$(2,197)	\$17,804	\$17,265	\$(21,732)	\$1,225	\$19,02
Income producing commercial										
real estate	7,174	(837) 197	688	4,539	11,761	10,582	(10,462)	260	6,643
Commercial & industrial	6,527	(1,975)	891	318	(1,876)	3,885	5,537	(17,755)	678	19,59
Commercial construction	3,669	(132) —	388	142	4,067	8,389	(6,350	59	2,177
Residential mortgage	15,446	(4,381	357	1,452	3,889	16,763	19,117	(7,354	250	2,485
Home equity lines of credit	5,528	(1,627	168	391	1,878	6,338	7,525	(1,720	168	(444
Residential construction	12,532	(2,251)	369	1,728	(1,170)	11,208	26,662	(21,512)) 33	12,13
Consumer installment	1,353	(1,131)	718		(341)	599	2,527	(1,176)	681	(517
Indirect auto	1,126	(166) 27	_	(164)	823	220	(96) 11	740
Unallocated	6,243		_	(6,243)) —	_	9,313		_	(2,34
Total allowance for loan losses	76,762	(13,784)	5,570		4,700	73,248	107,137	(88,157)	3,365	59,50
Allowance for unfunded										
commitments	2,165	_	_	_	_	2,165	_		_	_
Total allowance for credit losses	\$78,927 \$	(13,784)	\$5,570	\$—	\$4,700	\$75,413	\$107,137	\$(88,157)	\$3,365	\$59,50

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The following table represents the recorded investment in loans by portfolio segment and the balance of the allowance for loan losses assigned to each segment based on the method of evaluating the loans for impairment as of June 30, 2014, December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2013 (in thousands).

Allowance for Loan Losses	evaluated for	2014 Il©ollectively evaluated for ntmpairment	Ending	evaluated for	31, 2013 Wollectively evaluated for htmpairment	June 30, 2013 Individual Collectively evaluated evaluated for for Empairment			
Owner occupied commercial									
real estate	\$2,483	\$15,321	\$17,804	\$1,023	\$16,141	\$17,164	\$1,364	\$14,421	\$
Income producing									
commercial real estate	1,404	10,357	11,761	990	6,184	7,174	1,498	5,525	
Commercial & industrial	399	3,486	3,885	66	6,461	6,527	129	7,925	
Commercial construction	412	3,655	4,067	112	3,557	3,669	440	3,835	-
Residential mortgage	3,117	13,646	16,763	2,914	12,532	15,446	1,197	13,301	
Home equity lines of credit	115	6,223	6,338	5	5,523	5,528	_	5,529	
Residential construction	1,054	10,154	11,208	688	11,844	12,532	417	16,905	
Consumer installment	33	566	599	224	1,129	1,353	12	1,503	
Indirect auto		823	823		1,126	1,126		875	
Unallocated					6,243	6,243		6,969	
Total allowance for loan									
losses	9,017	64,231	73,248	6,022	70,740	76,762	5,057	76,788	
Allowance for unfunded									
commitments		2,165	2,165	_	2,165	2,165	_		•
Total allowance for credit									
losses	\$9,017	\$66,396	\$75,413	\$6,022	\$72,905	\$78,927	\$5,057	\$76,788	\$
Loans Outstanding									
Owner occupied commercial									
real estate	\$31,952	\$1,131,375	\$1,163,327	\$32,969	\$1,100,574	\$1,133,543	\$27,147	\$1,091,869	\$
Income producing									
commercial real estate	26,045	572,273	598,318	27,239	595,928	623,167	25,150	603,979	
Commercial & industrial	3,641	550,448	554,089	4,217	467,744	471,961	5,738	431,250	-
Commercial construction	11,214	148,541	159,755	13,715	135,188	148,903	12,955	119,607	
Residential mortgage	20,455	840,070	860,525	20,167	854,910	875,077	18,393	858,215	
Home equity lines of credit	540	450,895	451,435	505	440,382	440,887		401,951	-
Residential construction	13,320	288,417	301,737	14,808	313,771	328,579	14,095	317,586	
Consumer installment	329	104,831	105,160	999	110,046	111,045	337	108,886	
Indirect auto	_	215,939	215,939	_	196,104	196,104		152,210	
Total loans	\$107,496	\$4,302,789	\$4,410,285	\$114,619	\$4,214,647	\$4,329,266	\$103,815	\$4,085,553	\$

United considers all substandard loan relationships that are on nonaccrual with a balance of \$500,000 or greater and all troubled debt restructurings ("TDRs") to be individually impaired. In addition, United reviews all accruing substandard loan relationships greater than \$2 million to determine if the loan is individually impaired. A loan is considered individually impaired when, based on current events and circumstances, it is probable that all amounts due, according to the contractual terms of the loan, will not be collected. All TDRs are considered individually impaired regardless of accrual status. Impairment is measured based on the present value of expected future cash flows, discounted at the loan's effective interest rate, the loan's observable market price, or the fair value of the collateral if the loan is collateral dependent. A specific reserve is established for individually impaired loans for the amount of calculated impairment. Interest payments received on individually impaired nonaccrual loans are applied as a reduction of the outstanding principal balance. For impaired loans not on nonaccrual status, interest is accrued according to the terms of the loan agreement. Loans are evaluated for individual impairment quarterly and specific reserves are established in the allowance for loan losses for any measured specific impairment on individually impaired loans.

Each quarter, United's management prepares an analysis of the allowance for credit losses to determine the appropriate balance that measures and quantifies the amount of probable incurred loss in the loan portfolio. The allowance is comprised of specific reserves on individually impaired loans, which are determined as described above, and general reserves which are determined based on historical loss experience as adjusted for current trends and economic conditions multiplied by a loss emergence period factor. United uses eight quarters of historical loss experience weighted toward the most recent four quarters to determine the loss factors to be used in the reserve calculation for loans evaluated in the aggregate. Eight quarters has been determined to be an appropriate time period as it is recent enough to be relevant to current conditions and covers a length of time sufficient to minimize distortions caused by nonrecurring and unusual activity that might otherwise influence a shorter time period. In previous periods, the weighted average was calculated by multiplying each quarter's annualized historical net charge-off rate by 1 through 8, with 8 representing the most recent quarter and 1 representing the oldest quarter. United adopted this method of weighting quarterly loss rates to capture the rapidly deteriorating credit conditions in its loss factors during the financial crisis. Now that credit conditions have begun to stabilize, management concluded in the first quarter of 2014 that it was appropriate to apply a more level weighting moving forward to capture the full range and impacts of credit losses experienced during the most recent economic and credit cycle. For the four most recent quarters, United applied a weighting factor of 1.75. For the four oldest quarters, United applied a weighting of 1.00 for each quarterly loss factor. Management believes the current weightings are more appropriate to measure the unconfirmed losses incurred within the loan portfolio.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Also, beginning in the first quarter of 2014, United updated its measurement of the loss emergence period in the calculation of the allowance for credit losses. The rapidly deteriorating credit conditions during the peak of the credit cycle shortened the length of time between management's estimation of the incurrence of a loss and its recognition as a charge-off. In most cases, the loss emergence period was within a twelve month period which made the use of annualized loss factors appropriate for measuring the amount of incurred yet unconfirmed credit losses within the loan portfolio. As United has moved out beyond the peak of the financial crisis, management has observed that the loss emergence period has extended. United calculates the loss emergence period for each pool of loans based on the average length of time between the date a loan first exceeds 30 days past due and the date the loan is charged off.

The updates to the weightings to the eight quarters of loss history and the update to our estimation of the loss emergence period did not have a material effect on the total allowance for loan losses or the provision for loan losses for the first or second quarters of 2014. These updates resulted in the full allocation of the previously unallocated portion of the allowance for loan losses.

On junior lien home equity loans, United has limited ability to monitor the delinquency status of the first lien unless the first lien is also held by United. As a result, United applies the weighted average historical loss factor for this category and appropriately adjusts it to reflect the increased risk of loss from these credits.

Management carefully reviews the resulting loss factors for each category of the loan portfolio and evaluates whether qualitative adjustments are necessary to take into consideration recent credit trends such as increases or decreases in past due, nonaccrual, criticized and classified loans, acceleration or delays in timing of recognition of losses that may affect historical loss emergence periods, and other macro environmental factors such as changes in unemployment rates, lease vacancy rates and trends in property values and absorption rates.

United's management believes that its method of determining the balance of the allowance for loan losses provides a reasonable and reliable basis for measuring and reporting losses that are inherent in the loan portfolio as of the reporting date.

When a loan officer determines that a loan is uncollectible, he or she is responsible for recommending that the loan be charged off. Full or partial charge-offs may also be recommended by the Collections Department, the Special Assets Department and the Foreclosure / OREO department. Nonaccrual real estate loans that are collateral dependent are generally charged down to 80% of the appraised value of the underlying collateral at the time they are placed on nonaccrual status.

A committee consisting of the Chief Risk Officer, Senior Risk Officer and the Senior Credit Officers meets monthly to review charge-offs that have occurred during the previous month.

Closed-end retail loans (installment and residential mortgage loans) and open-end (revolving) retail loans past due 90 cumulative days are charged off unless the loan is secured and in process of collection (within the next 90 days). The following table presents loans individually evaluated for impairment by class of loans as of June 30, 2014, December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2013 (in thousands).

June 30, 2014 December 31, 2013 June 30, 2013 Allowance Allowance

Allowar

			for			for			for
	Unpaid		Loan	Unpaid		Loan	Unpaid		Loan
	Principal	Recorded	Losses	Principal	Recorded	Losses	Principal	Recorded	Losses
	Balance	Investmen	tAllocat	e B alance	Investmen	ıtAllocat	e B alance	Investmer	ntAllocate
With no related allowance recorded:									
Owner occupied commercial real									
estate	\$14,445	\$12,985	\$	\$17,717	\$14,458	\$	\$14,394	\$10,906	\$
Income producing commercial real									
estate	12,755	11,808		12,644	9,747		13,457	6,734	
Commercial & industrial	1,736	1,710	_	2,252	2,252	_	3,809	3,809	
Commercial construction	195	195		974	974		809	659	
Total commercial	29,131	26,698		33,587	27,431		32,469	22,108	
Residential mortgage	3,357	2,849		4,496	3,634	_	8,676	6,843	
Home equity lines of credit				_	_				
Residential construction	6,168	5,491		9,462	7,807		8,476	4,992	
Consumer installment	_			_	_		203	102	
Indirect auto									
Total with no related allowance									
recorded	38,656	35,038	_	47,545	38,872		49,824	34,045	
With an allowance recorded:									
Owner occupied commercial real									
estate	20,287	18,967	2,483	18,595	18,513	1,023	20,067	19,983	1,364
Income producing commercial real	ŕ	ŕ	ŕ	,	,	,	ŕ	ŕ	,
estate	14,706	14,237	1,404	17,490	17,490	990	14,674	14,674	1,498
Commercial & industrial	1,931	1,931	399	2,248	1,965	66	2,091	1,929	129
Commercial construction	11,194	11,019	412	12,821	12,741	112	12,376	12,296	440
Total commercial	48,118	46,154	4,698	51,154	50,709	2,191	49,208	48,882	3,431
Residential mortgage	18,077	17,606	3,117	17,119	16,533	2,914	11,794	11,550	1,197
Home equity lines of credit	540	540	115	505	505	5	_	_	
Residential construction	9,255	7,829	1,054	8,469	7,001	688	9,411	9,103	417
Consumer installment	329	329	33	999	999	224	244	235	12
Indirect auto			_	_	_				_
Total with an allowance recorded	76,319	72,458	9,017	78,246	75,747	6,022	70,657	69,770	5,057
Total		\$107,496	-	-				,	-
	Ψ11 1,7 1J	Ψ107,170	47,017	Ψ1 2 0,171	Ψ111,017	~ U,U_L	ψ 1 2 0, 101	Ψ105,015	40,007

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

There were no loans more than 90 days past due and still accruing interest at June 30, 2014, December 31, 2013 or June 30, 2013. Nonaccrual loans include both homogeneous loans that are collectively evaluated for impairment and individually evaluated impaired loans. United's policy is to place loans on nonaccrual status when, in the opinion of management, the principal and interest on a loan is not likely to be repaid in accordance with the loan terms or when the loan becomes 90 days past due and is not well secured and in the process of collection. When a loan is classified on nonaccrual status, interest previously accrued but not collected is reversed against current interest revenue. Principal and interest payments received on a nonaccrual loan are applied to reduce outstanding principal.

The gross additional interest revenue that would have been earned if the loans classified as nonaccrual had performed in accordance with the original terms was approximately \$96,000, and \$556,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and \$60,000 and \$1.19 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The gross additional interest revenue that would have been earned in for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 had performing TDRs performed in accordance with the original terms is immaterial.

The average balances of impaired loans and income recognized on impaired loans while they were considered impaired are presented below for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 (in thousands).

	2014			2013		
		Interest Revenue	Cash Basis		Interest Revenue	Cash Basis
		Recognized	Interest		Recognized	Interest
	Average	During	Revenue	Average	During	Revenue
Three Months Ended June 30, Owner occupied commercial	Balance	Impairment	Received	Balance	Impairment	Received
real estate	\$31,558	\$403	\$391	\$30,553	\$373	\$410
Income producing commercial						
real estate	26,415	316	317	21,638	258	255
Commercial & industrial	3,683	40	50	5,804	63	70
Commercial construction	11,340	104	107	13,034	114	115
Total commercial	72,996	863	865	71,029	808	850
Residential mortgage	20,598	228	217	18,426	199	188
Home equity lines of credit	550	5	6	524	6	5
Residential construction	13,762	177	175	14,058	178	147
Consumer installment	335	6	5	246	4	4
Indirect auto	_					
Total	\$108,241	\$1,279	\$1,268	\$104,283	\$1,195	\$1,194
Six Months Ended June 30,						
Owner occupied commercial						
real estate	\$30,334	\$761	\$771	\$56,372	\$1,099	\$1,188
Income producing commercial						
real estate	26,138	628	650	17,861	478	477
Commercial & industrial	4,122	92	101	27,277	219	699
Commercial construction	12,027	216	242	27,983	265	347

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Total commercial	72,621	1,697	1,764	129,493	2,061	2,711
Residential mortgage	20,960	457	455	19,654	435	406
Home equity lines of credit	528	10	12	525	11	10
Residential construction	13,400	322	325	29,374	504	575
Consumer installment	392	12	14	263	10	10
Indirect auto			_	_		
Total	\$107,901	\$2,498	\$2,570	\$179,309	\$3,021	\$3,712

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The following table presents the aging of the recorded investment in past due loans as of June 30, 2014, December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2013 by class of loans (in thousands).

		oans Past Due 0 - 59		- 89					Lo	oans Not		
As of June 30, 2014		ays		ays	> 9	90 Days	To	otal	Pa	st Due	To	otal
Owner occupied		•		•		·						
commercial real estate	\$	448	\$	1,239	\$	762	\$	2,449	\$	1,160,878	\$	1,163,327
Income producing												
commercial real estate		2,030			\$	242		2,272		596,046		598,318
Commercial &												
industrial		930		101		405		1,436		552,653		554,089
Commercial												
construction		116				50		166		159,589		159,755
Total commercial		3,524		1,340		1,459		6,323		2,469,166		2,475,489
Residential mortgage		7,372		1,404		3,150		11,926		848,599		860,525
Home equity lines of	•											
credit		1,609		193		79		1,881		449,554		451,435
Residential												
construction		1,246		584		1,331		3,161		298,576		301,737
Consumer installment		677		80		1		758		104,402		105,160
Indirect auto		258		99		193		550		215,389		215,939
Total loans	\$	14,686	\$	3,700	\$	6,213	\$	24,599	\$	4,385,686	\$	4,410,285
As of December 31,												
2013												
Owner occupied												
commercial real estate		1,845	\$	705	\$	2,017	\$	4,567	\$	1,128,976	\$	1,133,543
Income producing												
commercial real estate		3,879		2,092		530		6,501		616,666		623,167
Commercial &												
industrial		2,349		223		88		2,660		469,301		471,961
Commercial												
construction		94		190		235		519		148,384		148,903
Total commercial		8,167		3,210		2,870		14,247		2,363,327		2,377,574
Residential mortgage	_	9,011		2,832		4,140		15,983		859,094		875,077
Home equity lines of												
credit		2,056		430		941		3,427		437,460		440,887
Residential												
construction		1,335		588		1,375		3,298		325,281		328,579
Consumer installment		1,058		358		24		1,440		109,605		111,045
Indirect auto	.	185	.	65	.	42	.	292	.	195,812	.	196,104
Total loans	\$	21,812	\$	7,483	\$	9,392	\$	38,687	\$	4,290,579	\$	4,329,266
As of June 30, 2013	Φ.	2.502	Φ.	(01	Φ.	1.655	Φ.	4.700	Φ.	1 114 222	Φ.	1 110 015
	\$	2,502	\$	631	\$	1,655	\$	4,788	\$	1,114,228	\$	1,119,016

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Owner occupied commercial real estate						
Income producing						
commercial real estate	1,039	65	481	1,585	627,544	629,129
Commercial &						
industrial	1,123	500	145	1,768	435,220	436,988
Commercia1						
construction	1,128	235	196	1,559	131,003	132,562
Total commercial	5,792	1,431	2,477	9,700	2,307,995	2,317,695
Residential mortgage	8,856	3,953	4,782	17,591	859,017	876,608
Home equity lines of						
credit	1,687	40	857	2,584	399,367	401,951
Residential						
construction	2,037	335	1,261	3,633	328,048	331,681
Consumer installment	770	183	30	983	108,240	109,223
Indirect auto	123	_	_	123	152,087	152,210
Total loans	\$ 19,265	\$ 5,942	\$ 9,407	\$ 34,614	\$ 4,154,754	\$ 4,189,368

As of June 30, 2014, December 31, 2013, and June 30, 2013, \$8.98 million, \$5.64 million and \$4.34 million, respectively, of specific reserves were allocated to customers whose loan terms have been modified in TDRs. United committed to lend additional amounts totaling up to \$44,000, \$6,000 and \$35,000 as of June 30, 2014, December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2013, respectively, to customers with outstanding loans that are classified as TDRs.

The modification of the terms of the TDRs included one or a combination of the following: a reduction of the stated interest rate of the loan or an extension of the amortization period that would not otherwise be considered in the current market for new debt with similar risk characteristics; a permanent reduction of the principal amount; a restructuring of the borrower's debt into an A/B note structure where the A note would fall within the borrower's ability to pay and the remainder would be included in the B note, or a mandated bankruptcy restructuring.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The following table presents information on TDRs including the number of loan contracts restructured and the preand post-modification recorded investment (dollars in thousands).

	June 30), 2014	December 31, 2013			3				
		Pre-	Post-		Pre-	Post-		Pre-	Post-	
		Modificati	oModificati	on	Modificati	io Modificati	on	n Modificatio Modification		
	Numbe	r Outstandii	n © utstandin	ndin umber Outstandin Qu			Mumbe	Dutstanding		
	of	Recorded	Recorded	of	Recorded	Recorded	of	Recorded	Recorded	
	Contrac	et s nvestmen	t Investment	C ontra	ct s nvestmen	t Investmen	C ontra	ct s nvestmen	t Investment	
Owner occupied										
commercial real estate	52	\$ 28,233	\$ 26,670	45	\$ 24,064	\$ 22,399	45	\$ 23,496	\$ 23,326	
Income producing										
commercial real estate	33	19,427	18,957	32	20,900	18,268	32	22,378	19,040	
Commercial & industrial	31	2,893	2,893	36	3,527	3,245	34	3,091	2,929	
Commercial construction	15	11,390	11,213	13	13,122	13,042	14	13,185	12,956	
Total commercial	131	61,943	59,733	126	61,613	56,954	125	62,150	58,251	
Residential mortgage	154	21,008	20,030	133	20,117	18,852	105	17,250	15,859	
Home equity lines of										
credit	4	540	540	3	505	505	5	522	522	
Residential construction	54	12,463	10,361	57	12,459	10,452	51	11,895	9,908	
Consumer installment	23	329	329	26	203	203	42	447	337	
Indirect auto									_	
Total loans	366	96,283	90,993	345	94,897	\$ 86,966	328	92,264	84,877	

Loans modified under the terms of a TDR during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 are presented in the table below. In addition, the following table presents loans modified under the terms of a TDR that became 90 days or more delinquent during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, that were initially restructured within one year prior to becoming delinquent (dollars in thousands).

the Th	Three Months Ended June 30,				nths End	ed June 30,	C
			Modified				Modified
			Within the				Within the
			Previous				
			Twelve				Previous
			Months				Twelve Months
			that Have				that Have
			Subsequently	y			Subsequently
			Defaulted				Defaulted
	Pre-	Post-	During the	I	Pre-	Post-	During the Six
	Modifica	ti M odific	ati Th ree	ľ	Modifica	tid M odificat	id Months Ended
			Months				

New Troubled Debt Restructurings for New Troubled Debt Restructurings for the

Ended June 30,

				June 3	30,								
		Outstand	in Q utstand	-			Outstandingoutstandingune 30, 2014						
	Num			Numb	er	Numl			Number				
	of		d Recorded		Recorde			Recorded		Recorded			
2014	Conti	ra dts vestme	enInvestme	n C ontra	a lots estm	eiotn tı	ra ¢ts vestmer	ntInvestmer	tContr	adtravestment			
Owner occupied commercial													
real estate	5	\$ 2,787	\$ 2,787		\$ —	7	\$ 3,392	\$ 3,392	\$ 1	\$ 104			
Income producing													
commercial real estate	3	1,459	1,459			5	1,992	1,992					
Commercial & industrial	3	106	106			4	330	330	2	54			
Commercial construction	1	240	240			2	471	471					
Total commercial	12	4,592	4,592			18	6,185	6,185	3	158			
Residential mortgage	9	1,014	973	2	280	23	2,146	2,105	6	732			
Home equity lines of credit	1	36	36			1	36	36					
Residential construction	3	1,124	1,124			3	1,124	1,124					
Consumer installment	3	84	84		_	5	226	226					
Indirect auto	_	_			_	_	_						
Total loans	28	\$ 6,850	\$ 6,809	2	\$ 280	50	\$ 9,717	\$ 9,676	9	\$ 890			
				Modif	ied				Modif	fied			
				Within	n the				Withi	n the			
				Previo	ous								
				Twelv	'e				Previo	ous			
				Month	ıs				Twelv	e Months			
				that H	ave				that H	lave			
				Subse	quently				Subse	quently			
				Defau	lted				Defau	lted			
		Pre-	Post-	Durin	g the		Pre-	Post-	Durin	g the Six			
				Three									
				Month	ıs								
		Modifica	ti M odifica	ti En ded	l		Modificat	id M odificat	id M ontl	ns Ended			
				June 3	30,								
		Outstand	inQutstand	in 2 013			Outstandi	n © utstandi	n <mark>g</mark> une 3	30, 2013			
	Num	ber		Numb	er	Numl	ber		Numb	oer			
	of	Recorded	d Recorded	l of	Recorde	xof	Recorded	Recorded	of	Recorded			
2013	Conti	a dts vestme	nInvestme	n C ontra	a lots estm	Eiot ntı	ra &ts vestmer	ntInvestmer	tContr	adtrsvestment			
Owner occupied commercial													
real estate	3	\$ 2,419	\$ 2,419		\$ —	10	\$ 4,082	\$ 4,082	\$ 1	\$ 432			
Income producing													
commercial real estate	6	4,104	4,104			7	6,009	6,009					
Commercial & industrial						9	815	709	1	35			
Commercial construction	_						_		2	1,454			
Total commercial	9	6,523	6,523			26	10,906	10,800	4	1,921			
Residential mortgage	2	649	505	1	40	13	2,764	2,620	2	108			
Home equity lines of credit		_	_				_						
Residential construction	2	339	339			7	1,123	994	2	117			
Consumer installment	_	_				4	21	21	3	20			
Indirect auto	_	_				_			_	_			
Total loans	13	\$ 7,511	\$ 7,367	1	\$ 40	50	\$ 14,814	\$ 14,435	11	\$ 2,166			
		. ,	. ,				. ,	, , -		•			

Collateral dependent TDRs that subsequently default and are placed on nonaccrual are charged down to the fair value of the collateral consistent with United's policy for nonaccrual loans. Impairment on TDRs that are not collateral dependent continues to be measured on discounted cash flows regardless of whether the loan has subsequently defaulted.

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

As of June 30, 2014, December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2013, and based on the most recent analysis performed, the risk category of loans by class of loans is as follows (in thousands).

As of June 30, 2014		Pass		Watch	P	Substa erforming		onaccrual		oubtful / oss		Total
Owner occupied		4 000 600	Φ.	22 701	.	40.000	4				Φ.	4 4 60 000
commercial real estate	5	1,079,629	\$	32,501	\$	48,222	\$	2,975	\$	_	\$	1,163,327
Income producing commercial real estate		556,223		16,430		24,633		1,032				598,318
Commercial & industrial		542,836		4,504		5,647		1,102		_		554,089
Commercial & muusurar		342,630		4,504		3,047		1,102				334,009
construction		152,894		2,360		4,406		95				159,755
Total commercial		2,331,582		55,795		82,908		5,204				2,475,489
Residential mortgage		797,725		10,743		41,856		10,201				860,525
Home equity lines of		171,123		10,743		41,030		10,201				000,323
credit		443,196		167		7,562		510				451,435
Residential construction		276,539		8,078		12,872		4,248				301,737
Consumer installment		103,203		10		1,776		171				105,160
Indirect auto		214,987		_		562		390				215,939
Total loans	5	4,167,232	\$	74,793	\$	147,536	\$	20,724	\$	_	\$	4,410,285
As of December 31,	r	.,	_	,	_		,	_=,,	_		_	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
2013												
Owner occupied												
commercial real estate	5	1,054,924	\$	29,714	\$	43,083	\$	5,822	\$		\$	1,133,543
Income producing												
commercial real estate		575,597		10,410		34,642		2,518				623,167
Commercial & industrial		456,563		5,382		9,589		427				471,961
Commercial												
construction		120,852		10,932		16,758		361				148,903
Total commercial		2,207,936		56,438		104,072		9,128				2,377,574
Residential mortgage		793,381		25,944		44,022		11,730		_		875,077
Home equity lines of												
credit		426,052		5,420		7,967		1,448				440,887
Residential construction		298,685		11,526		14,104		4,264				328,579
Consumer installment		107,029		1,229		2,538		249				111,045
Indirect auto		196,104										196,104
Total loans	5	4,029,187	\$	100,557	\$	172,703	\$	26,819	\$		\$	4,329,266
As of June 30, 2013												
Owner occupied												
commercial real estate	5	1,031,293	\$	35,316	\$	47,124	\$	5,283	\$	_	\$	1,119,016
Income producing												
commercial real estate		563,848		31,701		31,626		1,954				629,129
Commercial & industrial		419,266		5,716		11,458		548				436,988
		104,185		12,107		15,766		504				132,562

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Commercial							
construction							
Total commercial	2,118,592	84,840	105,974		8,289	_	2,317,695
Residential mortgage	796,599	23,288	43,874		12,847		876,608
Home equity lines of							
credit	389,059	4,053	7,348		1,491	_	401,951
Residential construction	292,116	18,096	16,631		4,838	_	331,681
Consumer installment	105,353	966	2,505		399	_	109,223
Indirect auto	152,210	_	_				152,210
Total loans	\$ 3,853,929	\$ 131,243	\$ 176,332	\$	27,864	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 4,189,368

Risk Ratings

United categorizes commercial loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt such as: current financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, public information, and current industry and economic trends, among other factors. United analyzes loans individually by classifying the loans as to credit risk. This analysis is performed on a continual basis. United uses the following definitions for its risk ratings:

Watch. Loans in this category are presently protected from apparent loss; however, weaknesses exist that could cause future impairment, including the deterioration of financial ratios, past due status and questionable management capabilities. These loans require more than the ordinary amount of supervision. Collateral values generally afford adequate coverage, but may not be immediately marketable.

Substandard. These loans are inadequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor or by the collateral pledged. Specific and well-defined weaknesses exist that may include poor liquidity and deterioration of financial ratios. The loan may be past due and related deposit accounts experiencing overdrafts. There is the distinct possibility that United will sustain some loss if deficiencies are not corrected. If possible, immediate corrective action is taken.

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Doubtful. Specific weaknesses characterized as Substandard that are severe enough to make collection in full highly questionable and improbable. There is no reliable secondary source of full repayment.

Loss. Loans categorized as Loss have the same characteristics as Doubtful; however, probability of loss is certain. Loans classified as Loss are charged off.

Consumer Purpose Loans. Beginning in the first quarter of 2014, United began to apply a pass / fail grading system to all consumer purpose loans. Under the pass / fail grading system, consumer purpose loans meeting the criteria of substandard are classified as "fail" and all other loans are classified as "pass". For reporting purposes, consumer purpose loans classified as "fail" are reported in the performing substandard or nonaccrual columns and all other consumer purpose loans are reported in the "pass" column. The first quarter grading change resulted in decreases in loans categorized as "watch" for the consumer installment, residential mortgage and home equity lines of credit loan classifications. Loan balances reported in the "watch" column for residential mortgage in the first quarter are generally commercial purpose loans secured by the borrower's residence.

Loans not meeting the criteria above that are analyzed individually as part of the above described process are considered to be pass rated loans.

The following table presents the recorded investment (unpaid principal less amounts charged off) in nonaccrual loans by loan class as of June 30, 2014, December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2013 (in thousands).

		Non	accrual Loans	
	June 30,	De	ecember 31,	June 30,
	2014		2013	2013
Owner occupied commercial real estate	\$ 2,975	\$	5,822	\$ 5,283
Income producing commercial real estate	1,032		2,518	1,954
Commercial & industrial	1,102		427	548
Commercial construction	95		361	504
Total commercial	5,204		9,128	8,289
Residential mortgage	10,201		11,730	12,847
Home equity lines of credit	510		1,448	1,491
Residential construction	4,248		4,264	4,838
Consumer installment	171		249	399
Indirect auto	390		_	_
Total	\$ 20,724	\$	26,819	\$ 27,864
Balance as a percentage of unpaid principal	66.5%		65.3%	62.6%

Note 7 – Foreclosed Property

Major classifications of foreclosed properties at June 30, 2014, December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2013 are summarized as follows (in thousands).

June 30, December 31, June 30,

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	2014		2013		2013	
Commercial real estate	\$ 1,210	\$	1,287	\$	847	
Commercial construction	_		_		376	
Total commercial	1,210		1,287		1,223	
Residential mortgage	1,616		3,380		1,931	
Residential construction	884		736		4,384	
Total foreclosed property	3,710		5,403		7,538	
Less valuation allowance	(741)	(1,182))	(3,602)
Foreclosed property, net	\$ 2,969	\$	4,221	\$	3,936	
Balance as a percentage of original loan unpaid						
principal	50.4%		44.5%		31.6%	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Activity in the valuation allowance for foreclosed property for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 is presented in the following table (in thousands).

	Three Months Ended					Six Months Ended					
	June 30,					June 30,					
	2014			2013		2014			2013		
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 1,041		\$	4,979	\$	1,182		\$	6,954		
Additions charged to expense	305			1,369		582			2,410		
Disposals	(605)		(2,746)	(1,023)		(5,762)	
Balance at end of period	\$ 741		\$	3,602	\$	741		\$	3,602		

Expenses related to foreclosed property for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 is presented in the following table (in thousands).

	Three Months Ended					Six Months Ended				
		June 30,				June 30,				
	2014			2013		2014			2013	
Net (gain)/loss on sales \$	(423)	\$	2,945	\$	(944)	\$	3,050	
Provision for unrealized losses	305			1,369		582			2,410	
Operating expenses	220			837		580			2,024	
Total foreclosed property expense \$	102		\$	5,151	\$	218		\$	7,484	

Note 8 – Reclassifications Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The following table presents the details regarding amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 (in thousands).

Amounts Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income									
Details about Accumulated Other	For the the months en	nded	For the months o June	ended	Affected Line Item in the Statement				
Comprehensive Income Components	2014	2013	2014	2013	Where Net Income is Presented				
Realized gains on sales of available-for-s	\$4,435 \$ (1,725)	5— —	(1,817)	(45	Securities gains, net)Tax expense Net of tax				

Amortization of (losses) gains included in net income on available-for-sale securities transferred to held to maturity:

\$(409) \$271 \$(739)) \$590 Investment securities interest revenue
154 (103) 277	(227)Tax benefit (expense)
\$(255) \$168 \$(462)) \$ 363 Net of tax

Amounts included in net income on derivative financial instruments accounted for as cash flow hedges:

Effective portion of interest rate contracts	\$ —	\$303	\$ —	\$840	Loan interest revenue
Effective portion of interest rate contracts	(350) 3	(447) 4	Brokered deposit interest expense
Amortization of losses on de-designated positions	(24) —	(24) —	Money market deposit interest expense
Amortization of losses on de-designated positions	(199) —	(199) —	Brokered deposit interest expense
	(573 223 \$(350) 306 (119)) \$187	(670) 261 \$ (409) 844 (328) \$516	Total before tax)Tax or benefit (expense) Net of tax

Amortization of prior service cost and actuarial losses included in net periodic pension cost for defined benefit pension plan

Prior service cost	\$(92	\$(91) \$(183)) \$(181	Salaries and employee benefits expense
Actuarial losses	_	(42) —	(84	Salaries and employee benefits expense
	(92) (133) (183) (265)Total before tax
	36	52 71	103	Tax benefit
	\$(56)) \$(81) \$(112) \$(162)Net of tax
Total reclassifications for the period	\$2,049	\$274 \$1,852	\$ 788	Net of tax

Amounts shown above in parentheses reduce earnings

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 9 – Earnings Per Share

United is required to report on the face of the consolidated statement of income, earnings per common share with and without the dilutive effects of potential common stock issuances from instruments such as options, convertible securities and warrants. Basic earnings per common share is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period while the effects of potential common shares outstanding during the period are included in diluted earnings per common share.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, United accrued dividends on preferred stock, including accretion of discounts, as shown in the following table (in thousands).

	Three Months Ended					Six Months Ended				
			June	30				June 3	U	
		2014			2013		2014			2013
Series A - 6% fixed	\$	_		\$	3	\$			\$	6
Series B - 5% fixed until December										
6, 2013, 9% thereafter		_			2,636		159			5,266
Series D - LIBOR plus 9.6875%,										
resets quarterly					416		280			835
Total preferred stock dividends	\$			\$	3,055	\$	439		\$	6,107

All preferred stock dividends are payable quarterly.

Series B preferred stock was issued at a discount. Dividend amounts shown include discount accretion for each period.

The preferred stock dividends were subtracted from net income in order to arrive at net income available to common shareholders. There were no dilutive securities outstanding for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013. All of United's preferred stock was redeemed during the fourth quarter of 2013 and the first quarter of 2014.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 (in thousands, except per share data).

	Three Mont June	 Inded	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2014	2013	2014		2013	
Net income available to common						
shareholders	\$ 16,357	\$ 226,909	\$ 31,318	\$	235,622	
Weighted average shares outstanding:						
Basic	60,712	58,141	60,386		58,111	
Effect of dilutive securities						
Stock options	2		2			

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Warrants				
Diluted	60,714	58,141	60,388	58,111
Income per common share:				
Basic	\$.27	\$ 3.90	\$.52	\$ 4.05
Diluted	\$.27	\$ 3.90	\$.52	\$ 4.05

At June 30, 2014, United had the following potentially dilutive stock options and warrants outstanding: a warrant to purchase 219,909 common shares at \$61.40 per share originally issued to the U.S. Treasury; 316,343 common shares issuable upon exercise of stock options granted to employees with a weighted average exercise price of \$96.22; 973,467 shares issuable upon completion of vesting of restricted stock awards; and warrants to purchase common stock equivalent junior preferred stock that would be convertible into 1,411,765 common shares exercisable at \$21.25 per share granted to Fletcher International Ltd. ("Fletcher") in connection with a 2010 asset purchase and sale agreement. On March 5, 2014, United announced that it and the Chapter 11 Trustee for Fletcher had agreed to settle all potential claims and counterclaims between them relating to or arising out of, among other things, their respective rights and obligations under the Warrant. Pursuant to the settlement agreement with Fletcher, United has agreed to repurchase the warrant and resolve all claims between the parties. The settlement agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby have been approved by the bankruptcy court but remain subject to an appeal.

At June 30, 2013, United had the following potentially dilutive stock options and warrants outstanding: a warrant to purchase 219,909 common shares at \$61.40 per share originally issued to the U.S. Treasury; 129,670 common shares issuable upon exercise of warrants attached to trust preferred securities with an exercise price of \$100 per share; 407,372 common shares issuable upon exercise of stock options granted to employees with a weighted average exercise price of \$100.90; 393,785 shares issuable upon completion of vesting of restricted stock awards; warrants to purchase common stock equivalent junior preferred stock that would be convertible into 1,411,765 common shares exercisable at \$21.25 per share granted to Fletcher in connection with a 2010 asset purchase and sale agreement; and 1,551,126 common shares issuable upon exercise of warrants granted in connection with United's tax benefits preservation plan, exercisable at \$12.50 per share.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 10 – Derivatives and Hedging Activities

Risk Management Objective of Using Derivatives

United is exposed to certain risks arising from both its business operations and economic conditions. United principally manages its exposures to a wide variety of business and operational risks through management of its core business activities. United manages interest rate risk primarily by managing the amount, sources, and duration of its investment securities portfolio and wholesale funding and through the use of derivative financial instruments. Specifically, United enters into derivative financial instruments to manage exposures that arise from business activities that result in the receipt or payment of future known and uncertain cash amounts, the value of which are determined by interest rates. United's derivative financial instruments are used to manage differences in the amount, timing, and duration of United's known or expected cash receipts and its known or expected cash payments principally related to United's loans, investment securities, wholesale borrowings and deposits.

In conjunction with the FASB's fair value measurement guidance, United made an accounting policy election to measure the credit risk of its derivative financial instruments that are subject to master netting agreements on a gross basis.

The table below presents the fair value of United's derivative financial instruments as well as their classification on the consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2014, December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2013 (in thousands).

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Derivatives designated as hedging instruments under ASC 815

					Fair Value ecember		
	Balance Sheet		June 30,	31			June 30,
Interest Rate Products	Location		2014	20	13		2013
Cash flow hedge of money	0.1	Φ.	1 100	.	4.500	.	· -
market deposits	Other assets	\$	1,109	\$	4,782	\$	5,345
Fair value hedge of corporate bonds	Other assets				3,939		2,672
		\$	1,109	\$	8,721	\$	8,017
Cash flow hedge of short-term							
debt	Other liabilities	\$		\$	3,368	\$	1,905
Cash flow hedge of money							
market deposits	Other liabilities		523				
Fair value hedge of brokered CD's	Other liabilities		9,857		19,970		23,325
Fair value hedge of corporate							
bonds	Other liabilities				2,308		3,095
		\$	10,380	\$	25,646	\$	28,325

Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments under ASC 815

Fair Value

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	Balance Sheet	June 30,	De	cember 31,	June 30,
Interest Rate Products	Location	2014		2013	2013
Customer swap positions	Other assets	\$ 2,572	\$	898	\$ 196
Dealer offsets to customer swap positions	Other assets	333		1,347	804
Bifurcated embedded derivatives	Other assets	12,369		12,867	
Offsetting positions for de-designated					
cash flow hedges	Other assets	5,641			
-		\$ 20,915	\$	15,112	\$ 1,000
	Other				
Customer swap positions	liabilities	\$ 333	\$	1,347	\$ 804
	Other				
Dealer offsets to customer swap positions	liabilities	2,592		915	201
Dealer offsets to bifurcated embedded	Other				
derivatives	liabilities	17,599		18,324	
	Other				
Cash flow hedge of brokered CDs	liabilities	1,728		_	
Cash flow hedge of money market	Other				
deposits	liabilities	3,913		_	
		\$ 26,165	\$	20,586	\$ 1,005

Derivative contracts that are not accounted for as hedging instruments under ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging, and are described as "customer derivatives," are between United and certain commercial loan customers with offsetting positions to dealers under a back-to-back swap program. United also has three interest rate swap contracts that are not designated as hedging instruments but are economic hedges of market linked brokered certificates of deposit. The market linked brokered certificates of deposit contain embedded derivatives that are bifurcated from the host instruments and market to market through earnings. The marks on the market linked swaps and the bifurcated embedded derivatives tend to move in opposite directions with changes in 90-day LIBOR and therefore provide an effective economic hedge.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Cash Flow Hedges of Interest Rate Risk

United's objectives in using interest rate derivatives are to add stability to net interest revenue and to manage its exposure to interest rate movements. To accomplish this objective, United uses interest rate swaps as part of its interest rate risk management strategy. At June 30, 2014, United's interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges involved the payment of fixed-rate amounts to a counterparty in exchange for United receiving variable-rate payments over the life of the agreements without exchange of the underlying notional amount. United's current cash flow hedges are for the purpose of converting variable rate deposits and wholesale borrowings to a fixed rate to protect United in a rising rate environment. At June 30, 2014, United had two swap contracts outstanding with a total notional amount of \$275 million that were designated as cash flow hedges of indexed money market accounts. The swaps are forward starting with \$100 million in notional becoming effective in the third quarter of 2014 and \$175 million becoming effective later in 2015. At December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2013, United had three swap contracts outstanding with a total notional amount of \$200 million that were designated as cash flow hedges of future issuances of three-month brokered deposits or other LIBOR based floating rate wholesale borrowings, and three swap contracts outstanding with a total notional amount of \$375 million that were designated as cash flow hedges of indexed money market accounts. During the second quarter of 2014, United de-designated swaps with a notional of \$400 million and put on offsetting positions which had a similar effect to terminating the positions. Changes in United's balance sheet composition and interest rate risk position made the hedges no longer necessary as protection against rising interest rates. The loss remaining in other comprehensive income on the de-designated swaps is being amortized into earnings over the original term of the swaps as the forecasted transactions that the swaps were originally designated to hedge are still expected to occur.

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives designated and that qualify as cash flow hedges is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income and is subsequently reclassified into earnings in the period that the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings. Amounts reported in accumulated other comprehensive income related to derivatives will be reclassified to interest expense when the swaps become effective, as interest payments are made on United's LIBOR based, variable-rate wholesale borrowings and indexed deposit accounts. United's active forward starting cash flow hedges of floating rate liabilities began interest settlements in the first quarter of 2014. United recognized \$50,000 and \$85,000 in hedge ineffectiveness losses in interest expense on active cash flow hedges during the second quarter and first six months of 2014. No such hedge ineffectiveness gains or losses were recognized on active cash flow hedges during the second quarter or first six months of 2013. United expects that \$3.34 million will be reclassified as an increase to deposit interest expense over the next twelve months related to these cash flow hedges.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, United accelerated the reclassification of \$3,000 and \$4,000, respectively, in gains from terminated positions, as a result of the forecasted transactions becoming probable not to occur. These amounts are recognized in loan interest revenue as hedge ineffectiveness.

Fair Value Hedges of Interest Rate Risk

United is exposed to changes in the fair value of certain of its fixed rate investments and obligations due to changes in interest rates. United uses interest rate swaps to manage its exposure to changes in fair value on these instruments attributable to changes in interest rates. Interest rate swaps designated as fair value hedges of brokered deposits involve the receipt of fixed-rate amounts from a counterparty in exchange for United making variable rate payments

over the life of the agreements without the exchange of the underlying notional amount. Interest rate swaps designated as fair value hedges of fixed rate investments involve the receipt of variable-rate amounts from a counterparty in exchange for United making fixed rate payments over the life of the instrument without the exchange of the underlying notional amount. At June 30, 2014, United had 16 interest rate swaps with an aggregate notional amount of \$199 million that were designated as fair value hedges of interest rate risk. These contracts were pay-variable / receive-fixed swaps hedging changes in the fair value of fixed rate brokered time deposits resulting from changes in interest rates. At June 30, 2013, United had 25 interest rate swaps with an aggregate notional amount of \$335 million that were designated as fair value hedges. At June 30, 2013, eight of the interest rate swaps with an aggregate notional amount of \$86 million were receive-variable / pay-fixed swaps that were used for the purpose of hedging changes in the fair value of corporate bonds resulting from changes in interest rates. These swaps were cancelled and the bonds were sold in the second quarter of 2014. The other 17 were pay-variable / receive-fixed swaps hedging changes in fair value of fixed rate brokered time deposits resulting from changes in interest rates.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For derivatives designated and that qualify as fair value hedges, the gain or loss on the derivative as well as the offsetting loss or gain on the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk are recognized in earnings. United includes the gain or loss on the hedged items in the same income statement line item as the offsetting loss or gain on the related derivatives. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 United recognized net losses of \$236,000 and 625,000, respectively, and during the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, United recognized net losses of \$223,000 and \$189,000, respectively, related to ineffectiveness of the fair value hedging relationships. United also recognized net reductions of interest expense of \$1.22 million and \$2.43 million, respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and net reductions of interest expense of \$1.20 million and \$2.27 million, respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 related to United's fair value hedges of brokered time deposits, which include net settlements on the derivatives. United recognized reductions of interest revenue on securities during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 in the amounts of \$425,000 and \$955,000, respectively, related to United's fair value hedges of corporate bonds. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, United recognized reductions of interest revenue on securities in the amounts of \$283,000 and \$295,000, respectively.

Tabular Disclosure of the Effect of Derivative Instruments on the Income Statement

The tables below present the effect of United's derivative financial instruments on the consolidated statement of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

Derivatives in Fair Value Hedging Relationships (in thousands).

	Location of Gain (Loss)		Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative			Amount of Gain (Loss)						
	Recognized in Income on					Recognized on Hedge			in Income ed Item			
	Derivative		2014			2013		2014	0		2013	
Three Months Ended June 30, Fair value hedges of												
brokered CD's Fair value hedges of	Interest expense	\$	4,262		\$	(15,441) \$	(4,382)	\$	15,337	
corporate bonds	Interest revenue		(783)		4,461		667			(4,068)
-		\$	3,479		\$	(10,980) \$	(3,715)	\$	11,269	
Six Months Ended June 30, Fair value hedges of												
brokered CD's Fair value hedges of	Interest expense	\$	10,115		\$	(17,285) \$	(10,416)	\$	17,116	
corporate bonds	Interest revenue		(2,487)		4,229		2,163			(3,857)
•		\$	7,628		\$	(13,056) \$	(8,253)	\$	13,259	

In certain cases, the estate of deceased brokered certificate of deposit holders may put the certificate of deposit back to the issuing bank at par upon the death of the holder. When these death puts occur, a gain or loss is recognized for the

difference between the fair value and the par amount of the deposits put back. The change in the fair value of brokered time deposits that are being hedged in fair value hedging relationships reported in the table above includes gains and losses from death puts and such gains and losses are included in the amount of reported ineffectiveness gains or losses.

Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships (in thousands).

	Amount (Lo Recogn Oth Compre Incon Deriv (Effe	pss) aized in ner hensive ne on ative ctive	Gain (Loss) Rec Accumulat Compreh Income into (Effective	ed Other ensive o Income	r e	Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative (Ineffective Portion)				
	2014	2013	Location	2014	2013	Location	2014	20	13	
Three Months Ende	ed June 30,	,								
Interest rate swaps	\$(3,547)	\$11,672	Interest revenue Interest expense Total	(573)	3	Interest expense	\$(50)	\$	_	
Six Months Ended	June 30,									
Interest rate swaps	\$(6,379)	\$12,102	Interest revenue Interest expense Total	(670)		Interest expense	\$(85)	\$		

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Credit-Risk-Related Contingent Features

United manages its credit exposure on derivatives transactions by entering into a bilateral credit support agreement with each counterparty. The credit support agreements require collateralization of exposures beyond specified minimum threshold amounts. The details of these agreements, including the minimum thresholds, vary by counterparty. As of June 30, 2014, collateral totaling \$35.2 million was pledged toward derivatives in a liability position.

United's agreements with each of its derivative counterparties contain a provision where if either party defaults on any of its indebtedness, then it could also be declared in default on its derivative obligations. The agreements with derivatives counterparties also include provisions that if not met, could result in United being declared in default. United has agreements with certain of its derivative counterparties that contain a provision where if United fails to maintain its status as a well-capitalized institution or is subject to a prompt corrective action directive, the counterparty could terminate the derivative positions and United would be required to settle its obligations under the agreements.

Note 11 – Stock-Based Compensation

United has an equity compensation plan that allows for grants of incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options, restricted stock and restricted stock unit awards (also referred to as "nonvested stock" awards), stock awards, performance share awards or stock appreciation rights. Options granted under the plan can have an exercise price no less than the fair market value of the underlying stock at the date of grant. The general terms of the plan include a vesting period (usually four years) with an exercisable period not to exceed ten years. Certain options, restricted stock and restricted stock unit awards provide for accelerated vesting if there is a change in control (as defined in the plan). As of June 30, 2014, 551,782 additional awards could be granted under the plan. Through June 30, 2014, incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options, restricted stock and restricted stock unit awards, base salary stock grants and performance share awards have been granted under the plan.

The following table shows stock option activity for the first six months of 2014.

				Weighted-	
			Weighted- Average	Average Remaining	Aggregate Intrinisic
			Exercise	Contractual	Value
Options	Shares		Price	Term (Years)	(\$000)
Outstanding at December 31, 2013	350,772	\$	97.87		
Expired	(34,429)	112.97		
Outstanding at June 30, 2014	316,343		96.22	3.1	\$ 58
Exercisable at June 30, 2014	306,268		98.96	2.9	26

No stock options were granted during the six months ended June 30, 2014 or 2013. Most of United's outstanding stock options were granted prior to the economic downturn during which time United's stock price decreased sharply. The lower stock price has rendered most of United's outstanding options severely out of the money and potentially

worthless to the grantee. Therefore, historical exercise patterns do not provide a reasonable basis for determining the expected life of new option grants. United therefore uses the formula provided by the SEC in Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107 to determine the expected life of options.

United recognized \$2,000 in compensation expense related to stock options during the six months ended June 30, 2014. Compensation expense relating to stock options for the six months ended June 30, 2013 was a reduction of expense of \$60,000 due to the reversal of previously recognized expense on grants that did not vest. The amount of compensation expense was determined based on the fair value of the options at the time of grant, multiplied by the number of options granted that were expected to vest, which was then amortized over the vesting period. The forfeiture rate for new options issued is estimated to be approximately 3% per year. No options were exercised during the first six months of 2014 or 2013.

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The table below presents restricted stock activity for the first six months of 2014.

		Weighted-		
		Average Grant-		
Restricted Stock	Shares	Date Fair Value		
Outstanding at December 31, 2013	1,073,676	\$ 13.73		
Granted	36,496	18.03		
Excercised	(134,905)	10.29		
Cancelled	(1,800)	11.59		
Outstanding at June 30, 2014	973,467	14.37		
_				
Vested at June 30, 2014	11,080	10.01		

Compensation expense for restricted stock is based on the fair value of restricted stock awards at the time of grant, which is equal to the value of United's common stock on the date of grant. The value of restricted stock grants that are expected to vest is amortized into expense over the vesting period. For the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, compensation expense of \$2.18 million and \$1.23 million, respectively, was recognized related to restricted stock awards. In addition, for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, \$50,000 and \$93,000, respectively, was recognized in other operating expense for restricted stock units granted to members of United's board of directors. The total intrinsic value of restricted stock was \$15.9 million at June 30, 2014.

As of June 30, 2014, there was \$10.7 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock options and restricted stock awards granted under the plan. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 3.16 years. The aggregate grant date fair value of options and restricted stock awards that vested during the six months ended June 30, 2014, was \$1.27 million.

Note 12 – Common and Preferred Stock Issued / Common Stock Issuable

United sponsors a Dividend Reinvestment and Share Purchase Plan ("DRIP") that allows participants who already own United's common stock to purchase additional shares directly from United. The DRIP also allows participants to automatically reinvest their quarterly dividends in additional shares of common stock without a commission. No shares were issued through the DRIP in 2013 or the first six months of 2014.

United's 401(k) retirement plan regularly purchases shares of United's common stock directly from United. In addition, United has an Employee Stock Purchase Program that allows eligible employees to purchase shares of common stock at a 5% discount, with no commission charges. For the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, United issued 19,299 and 35,667 shares, respectively, and increased capital by \$328,000 and \$383,000, respectively, through these programs.

United offers its common stock as an investment option in its deferred compensation plan. United also allows for the deferral of restricted stock awards. The common stock component of the deferred compensation plan is accounted for as an equity instrument and is reflected in the consolidated financial statements as common stock issuable. The deferred compensation plan does not allow for diversification once an election is made to invest in United's common

stock and settlement must be accomplished in shares at the time the deferral period is completed. At June 30, 2014 and 2013, 314,039 and 271,215 shares of common stock, respectively, were issuable under the deferred compensation plan.

In the fourth quarter of 2013 and first quarter of 2014, United redeemed all of its outstanding preferred stock. The preferred stock was redeemed at par and did not result in any gain or loss. The redemptions were funded from a combination of dividends from United Community Bank, borrowings on United's holding company line of credit and cash on hand.

Pursuant to its settlement agreement with Fletcher, United agreed to deliver 640,000 shares of its common stock and cash that, together with the common stock, would have a combined fair value of \$12 million. On March 25, 2014, to satisfy its obligations under the settlement agreement, United completed the sale of 640,000 shares of common stock and received approximately \$12.2 million in net proceeds after discounts and expenses, \$12 million of which is payable to Fletcher once the settlement is completed. The settlement agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby have been approved by the bankruptcy court but remain subject to an appeal.

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 13 – Income Taxes

The income tax provision for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 was \$9.63 million and \$18.7 million, respectively, which represents an effective tax rate of 37% for both periods. The income tax benefit for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013 was \$257 million and \$256 million, respectively, primarily due to the reversal of the valuation allowance on United's deferred tax asset. At June 30, 2014, December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2013, the valuation allowance on deferred tax assets was \$4.10 million, \$4.10 million and \$4.96 million, respectively. Management assesses the valuation allowance recorded against deferred tax assets at each reporting period. The determination of whether a valuation allowance for deferred tax assets is appropriate is subject to considerable judgment and requires an evaluation of all the positive and negative evidence.

In the second quarter of 2013, United reversed \$272 million of its valuation allowance on its net deferred tax asset. United established a full valuation allowance on its net deferred tax asset in 2010 due to the realization of significant losses and uncertainty about United's future earnings forecasts.

United evaluated the need for a valuation allowance again at June 30, 2014. Based on the assessment of all the positive and negative evidence, management concluded that it is more likely than not that nearly all of the net deferred tax asset will be realized based upon future taxable income. The remaining valuation allowance of \$4.10 million is related to specific state income tax credits that have short carryforward periods and are expected to expire unused. The positive evidence considered by management in arriving at the conclusion that a full valuation allowance is not necessary included consecutive profitable quarters beginning with the fourth quarter of 2011, United's strong pre-crisis earnings history and growth in pre-tax, pre-credit earnings, which demonstrate demand for United's products and services, and United's significant improvement in credit measures, which improve both the sustainability of profitability and management's ability to forecast future credit losses. The negative evidence previously considered by management included a three-year cumulative loss position and informal memorandum of understanding ("MOU") with the banking regulatory agencies. The MOUs were terminated in the fourth quarter of 2013 and first quarter of 2014 and United was no longer in a three-year cumulative loss position effective with the first quarter of 2014, based on a rolling twelve quarters.

The valuation allowance could fluctuate in future periods based on the assessment of the positive and negative evidence. Management's conclusion at June 30, 2014 that it was more likely than not that the net deferred tax assets of \$233 million will be realized is based upon management's estimate of future taxable income. Management's estimate of future taxable income is based on internal forecasts that consider historical performance, various internal estimates and assumptions, as well as certain external data all of which management believes to be reasonable although inherently subject to significant judgment. If actual results differ significantly from the current estimates of future taxable income, even if caused by adverse macro-economic conditions, the valuation allowance may need to be increased for some or all of the deferred tax asset. Such an increase to the deferred tax asset valuation allowance could have a material adverse effect on United's financial condition and results of operations.

United is subject to income taxation in the United States and various state jurisdictions. United's federal and state income tax returns are filed on a consolidated basis. Currently, no years for which United filed a federal income tax return are under examination by the IRS, and there are no state tax examinations currently in progress. United is no longer subject to income tax examinations from state and local income tax authorities for years before 2010. Although United is unable to determine the ultimate outcome of future examinations, United believes that the

liability recorded for uncertain tax positions is appropriate.

At June 30, 2014, December 31, 2013 and June 30, 2013, unrecognized income tax benefits totaled \$4.69 million, \$4.50 million and \$5.18 million, respectively. In the first quarter of 2014, United adopted the provisions of ASU No. 2013-11, Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists. ASU No. 2013-11 requires unrecognized tax benefits to be presented as a reduction of a deferred tax asset unless certain conditions are present. Prior to adoption, unrecognized tax benefits were presented as a component of the current tax liability payable. Upon adoption, United reclassified \$4.59 million in unrecognized tax benefits from other liabilities to its net deferred tax asset. The reclassification resulted in decreases in United's net deferred tax asset and other liabilities.

Note 14 – Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value

Fair value measurements are determined based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. As a basis for considering market participant assumptions in fair value measurements, United uses a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between market participant assumptions based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity (observable inputs that are classified within Levels 1 and 2 of the hierarchy) and the reporting entity's own assumptions about market participant assumptions (unobservable inputs classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy).

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Fair Value Hierarchy

Level 1 Valuation is based upon quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that United has the ability to access.

Level 2 Valuation is based upon quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, as well as inputs that are observable for the asset or liability (other than quoted prices), such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

Level 3 Valuation is generated from model-based techniques that use at least one significant assumption based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability, which are typically based on an entity's own assumptions, as there is little, if any, related market activity. In instances where the determination of the fair value measurement is based on inputs from different levels of the fair value hierarchy, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the entire fair value measurement falls is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. United's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, and considers factors specific to the asset or liability.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities recorded at fair value.

Securities Available-for-Sale

Investment securities available-for-sale are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. Fair value measurement is based upon quoted prices, if available. If quoted prices are not available, fair values are measured using independent pricing models or other model-based valuation techniques such as the present value of future cash flows, adjusted for the security's credit rating, prepayment assumptions and other factors such as credit loss assumptions. Level 1 securities include those traded on an active exchange, such as the New York Stock Exchange, U.S. Treasury securities that are traded by dealers or brokers in active over-the-counter markets and money market funds. Level 2 securities include mortgage-backed securities issued by government sponsored entities, municipal bonds, corporate debt securities and asset-backed securities and are valued based on observable inputs that are observable in the market and can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the securities. Securities classified as Level 3 are valued based on estimates obtained from broker-dealers.

Deferred Compensation Plan Assets and Liabilities

Included in other assets in the Consolidated Balance Sheet are assets related to employee deferred compensation plans. The assets associated with these plans are invested in mutual funds and classified as Level 1. Deferred compensation liabilities, also classified as Level 1, are carried at the fair value of the obligation to the employee, which mirrors the fair value of the invested assets and is included in other liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet.

Mortgage Loans Held for Sale

Mortgage loans held for sale are carried at the lower of cost or market value. The fair value of mortgage loans held for sale is based on what secondary markets are currently offering for portfolios with similar characteristics.

Loans

United does not record loans at fair value on a recurring basis. However, from time to time, a loan is considered impaired and an allowance for loan losses is established. Loans for which it is probable that payment of interest and principal will not be made in accordance with the contractual terms of the loan agreement are considered impaired. Once a loan is identified as individually impaired, management measures impairment based on the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate, except that as a practical expedient, a creditor may measure impairment based on a loan's observable market price, or the fair value of the collateral if repayment of the loan is dependent upon the sale of the underlying collateral. Those impaired loans not requiring an allowance represent loans for which the fair value of the expected repayments or collateral exceed the recorded investments in such loans. Impaired loans where an allowance is established based on the fair value of collateral require classification in the fair value hierarchy. When the fair value of the collateral is based on an observable market price or a current appraised value, United records the impaired loan as nonrecurring Level 2. When an appraised value is not available or management determines the fair value of the collateral is further impaired below the appraised value and there is no observable market price, United records the impaired loan as nonrecurring Level 3.

Foreclosed Assets

Foreclosed assets are adjusted to fair value, less cost to sell, upon transfer of the loans to foreclosed assets. Subsequently, foreclosed assets are carried at the lower of carrying value or fair value. Fair value is based upon independent market prices, appraised values of the collateral or management's estimation of the value of the collateral. When the fair value of the collateral is based on an observable market price or a current appraised value, United records the foreclosed asset as nonrecurring Level 2. When an appraised value is not available or management determines the fair value of the collateral is further impaired below the appraised value and there is no observable market price, United records the foreclosed asset as nonrecurring Level 3.

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Derivative Financial Instruments

United uses interest rate swaps and interest rate floors to manage its interest rate risk. The valuation of these instruments is determined using widely accepted valuation techniques including discounted cash flow analysis on the expected cash flows of each derivative. This analysis reflects the contractual terms of the derivatives, including the period to maturity, and uses observable market-based inputs, including interest rate curves and implied volatilities. The fair values of interest rate swaps are determined using the market standard methodology of netting the discounted future fixed cash receipts and the discounted expected variable cash payments. The variable cash payments are based on an expectation of future interest rates (forward curves) derived from observable market interest rate curves.

The fair values of interest rate options are determined using the market standard methodology of discounting the future e