

OneBeacon Insurance Group, Ltd.
Form 10-Q
November 02, 2015

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2015

OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 1-33128

ONEBEACON INSURANCE GROUP, LTD.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Bermuda

98-0503315

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

605 North Highway 169

55441

Plymouth, Minnesota

(Zip Code)

(Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (952) 852-2431

601 Carlson Parkway

Minnetonka, Minnesota 55305

(Former address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ☐ Accelerated filer ☒

Non-accelerated filer ☐

Smaller reporting company ☐

(Do not check if a

smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

As of October 29, 2015, 23,509,098 Class A common shares, par value \$0.01 per share, and 71,754,738 Class B common shares, par value \$0.01 per share, were outstanding.

ONEBEACON INSURANCE GROUP, LTD.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

ONEBEACON INSURANCE GROUP, LTD.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited)

(\$ in millions, except per share amounts)	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Assets		
Investment Securities:		
Fixed maturity investments, at fair value	\$2,054.0	\$1,799.8
Short-term investments, at amortized cost (which approximates fair value)	100.3	202.2
Common equity securities, at fair value	284.4	320.0
Convertible fixed maturity investments, at fair value	—	5.0
Other investments	164.3	198.8
Total investment securities	2,603.0	2,525.8
Cash	96.7	87.0
Reinsurance recoverables	236.8	173.8
Premiums receivable	268.8	241.5
Funds held under reinsurance contracts	4.6	37.1
Deferred acquisition costs	104.5	103.2
Ceded unearned premiums	41.3	17.9
Net deferred tax asset	147.8	131.8
Investment income accrued	10.2	10.0
Accounts receivable on unsettled investment sales	5.7	7.2
Other assets	188.4	184.8
Assets held for sale	—	58.1
Total assets	\$3,707.8	\$3,578.2
Liabilities		
Unpaid loss and loss adjustment expense reserves	\$1,427.4	\$1,342.2
Unearned premiums	625.7	588.3
Funds held under insurance contracts	100.3	81.0
Debt	274.8	274.7
Accounts payable on unsettled investment purchases	20.2	0.5
Other liabilities	255.5	242.2
Total liabilities	2,703.9	2,528.9
OneBeacon's common shareholders' equity and noncontrolling interests		
OneBeacon's common shareholders' equity		
Preference shares (Par value \$0.01; 80,000,000 authorized shares; none issued or outstanding)	—	—
Common shares and paid-in surplus (Class A: par value \$0.01; 200,000,000 authorized shares; 23,509,098 and 23,541,649 issued and outstanding)(Class B: par value \$0.01; 200,000,000 authorized shares; 71,754,738 issued and outstanding for both periods)	1,023.6	1,023.7
Retained earnings (deficit)	(18.6	) 27.3
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(4.6	) (5.2
Total OneBeacon's common shareholders' equity	1,000.4	1,045.8
Total noncontrolling interests	3.5	3.5
Total OneBeacon's common shareholders' equity and noncontrolling interests	1,003.9	1,049.3
	\$3,707.8	\$3,578.2

Total liabilities, OneBeacon's common shareholders' equity and noncontrolling interests

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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ONEBEACON INSURANCE GROUP, LTD.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(Unaudited)

(\$ in millions, except per share amounts)	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenues				
Earned premiums	\$281.4	\$305.4	\$887.3	\$872.8
Net investment income	12.4	10.8	33.0	33.4
Net realized and change in unrealized investment gains	(29.9)	) (16.0)	) (29.7)	) 24.8
Net other revenues (expenses)	3.9	1.3	(0.4)	) 3.3
Total revenues	267.8	301.5	890.2	934.3
Expenses				
Loss and loss adjustment expenses	167.5	185.2	527.9	520.7
Policy acquisition expenses	53.8	54.6	161.2	150.9
Other underwriting expenses	56.4	51.2	165.2	152.3
General and administrative expenses	3.7	2.4	12.0	9.3
Interest expense	3.2	3.2	9.7	9.7
Total expenses	284.6	296.6	876.0	842.9
Pre-tax income (loss) from continuing operations	(16.8)	) 4.9	14.2	91.4
Income tax benefit (expense)	3.5	1.1	1.0	(11.9)
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	(13.3)	) 6.0	15.2	79.5
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(0.1)	) (0.3)	) (0.4)	) (0.9)
(Loss) gain from sale of discontinued operations, net of tax	—	(7.0)	) 0.3	(7.5)
Net income (loss), including noncontrolling interests	(13.4)	) (1.3)	) 15.1	71.1
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	(1.0)	) (0.9)
Net income (loss) attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders	(13.4)	) (1.3)	) 14.1	70.2
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	0.2	—	0.6	0.1
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders	\$(13.2)	) \$(1.3)	) \$14.7	\$70.3
Earnings (loss) per share attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders—basic and diluted				
Net income (loss) from continuing operations, per share	\$(0.14)	) \$0.05	\$0.15	\$0.82
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax, per share	—	(0.07)	) —	(0.09)
Net income (loss) attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders per share	\$(0.14)	) \$(0.02)	) \$0.15	\$0.73
Dividends declared and paid per OneBeacon's common share	\$0.21	\$0.21	\$0.63	\$0.63

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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ONEBEACON INSURANCE GROUP, LTD.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMMON SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(Unaudited)

(\$ in millions)	OneBeacon's Common Shareholders' Equity					Total OneBeacon's common shareholders' equity and noncontrolling interests
	Common shares and paid-in surplus	Retained earnings	Accum. other comprehensive income (loss)	Total OneBeacon common shareholders' equity	Noncontrolling interests, after tax	
Balances at January 1, 2015	\$1,023.7	\$ 27.3	\$ (5.2)	\$ 1,045.8	\$ 3.5	\$ 1,049.3
Comprehensive income:						
Net income	—	14.1	—	14.1	1.0	15.1
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	—	—	0.6	0.6	—	0.6
Total comprehensive income	—	14.1	0.6	14.7	1.0	15.7
Amortization of restricted share awards	1.5	—	—	1.5	—	1.5
Issuance of common shares	—	—	—	—	0.1	0.1
Repurchase and retirement of common shares	(1.6)	—	—	(1.6)	—	(1.6)
Dividends	—	(60.0)	—	(60.0)	(1.1)	(61.1)
Balances at September 30, 2015	\$1,023.6	\$ (18.6)	\$ (4.6)	\$ 1,000.4	\$ 3.5	\$ 1,003.9

(\$ in millions)	OneBeacon's Common Shareholders' Equity					Total OneBeacon's common shareholders' equity and noncontrolling interests
	Common shares and paid-in surplus	Retained earnings	Accum. other comprehensive income	Total OneBeacon common shareholders' equity	Noncontrolling interests, after tax	
Balances at January 1, 2014	\$1,022.5	\$ 74.4	\$ 6.8	\$ 1,103.7	\$ 3.1	\$ 1,106.8
Comprehensive income:						
Net income	—	70.2	—	70.2	0.9	71.1
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	—	—	0.1	0.1	—	0.1
Total comprehensive income	—	70.2	0.1	70.3	0.9	71.2
Amortization of restricted share awards	2.3	—	—	2.3	—	2.3
Issuance of common shares	—	—	—	—	0.2	0.2
Repurchase and retirement of common shares	(1.8)	—	—	(1.8)	—	(1.8)
Dividends	—	(60.0)	—	(60.0)	(0.9)	(60.9)
Balances at September 30, 2014	\$1,023.0	\$ 84.6	\$ 6.9	\$ 1,114.5	\$ 3.3	\$ 1,117.8

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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ONEBEACON INSURANCE GROUP, LTD.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

	Nine months ended September 30,		
(\$ in millions)	2015	2014	
Cash flows from operations:			
Net income including noncontrolling interests	\$ 15.1	\$ 71.1	
Charges (credits) to reconcile net income to cash flows provided from operations:			
Net loss from discontinued operations	0.4	0.9	
Net (gain) loss from sale of discontinued operations	(0.3	) 7.5	
Net realized and change in unrealized investment gains	29.7	(24.8	)
Net adjustment to gain on sale of business	3.7	—	
Deferred income tax (benefit) expense	(14.2	) 8.6	
Other operating items:			
Net change in loss and LAE reserves	85.2	105.3	
Net change in unearned premiums	37.4	80.3	
Net change in ceded unearned premium	(23.4	) (0.4	)
Net change in premiums receivable	(27.3	) (55.5	)
Net change in reinsurance recoverables on paid and unpaid losses	(63.0	) (24.2	)
Net change in funds held under reinsurance contracts	32.5	(33.3	)
Net change in funds held under insurance contracts	19.3	13.5	
Net change in other assets and liabilities	31.7	(2.1	)
Net cash provided from operations—continuing operations	126.8	146.9	
Net cash used for operations—discontinued operations	(0.4	) (44.8	)
Net cash provided from operations	126.4	102.1	
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Net maturities, purchases and sales of short-term investments	101.9	(81.5	)
Maturities of fixed maturity investments	196.8	202.6	
Sales of fixed maturity investments	511.2	1,459.6	
Sales of common equity securities	294.4	97.5	
Sales of convertible fixed maturity investments	6.1	20.6	
Return of capital and distributions of other investments	24.4	11.1	
Purchases of fixed maturity investments	(971.6	) (1,641.2	)
Purchases of common equity securities	(278.2	) (63.0	)
Purchases of convertible fixed maturity investments	(0.8	) (11.3	)
Contributions for other investments	(2.8	) (3.6	)
Net change in unsettled investment purchases and sales	21.3	(6.8	)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	56.8	—	
Net acquisitions of property and equipment	(10.9	) (0.9	)
Net cash used for investing activities	(51.4	) (16.9	)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Cash dividends paid to common shareholders	(60.0	) (60.0	)
Repurchases and retirements of common stock	(1.8	) (1.8	)
Payments on capital lease obligation	(3.5	) (4.0	)
Net cash used for financing activities	(65.3	) (65.8	)
Net increase in cash during period	9.7	19.4	
Cash balance at beginning of period	87.0	168.1	

Cash balance at end of period	\$96.7	\$187.5
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See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of presentation

These interim consolidated financial statements include the accounts of OneBeacon Insurance Group, Ltd. (the "Company" or the "Registrant") and its subsidiaries (collectively, "OneBeacon") and have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The Company is an exempted Bermuda limited liability company with U.S.-based underwriting operating companies that are property and casualty insurance writers and a Bermuda-based reinsurance company, Split Rock Insurance, Ltd. ("Split Rock"), which reinsures certain risks of affiliated entities. OneBeacon offers a wide range of specialty insurance products and services primarily through independent agencies, regional and national brokers, wholesalers and managing general agencies.

OneBeacon is 75.3% owned by White Mountains Insurance Group, Ltd. ("White Mountains"), a holding company whose businesses provide property and casualty insurance, reinsurance and certain other products. The Company's headquarters are located at 14 Wesley Street, 5th Floor, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda. The Company's U.S. corporate headquarters are located at 605 North Highway 169, Plymouth, Minnesota 55441 and its registered office is located at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda. During the second quarter of 2015 OneBeacon sold its building in Canton, Massachusetts, which is presented as held for sale in the December 31, 2014 consolidated balance sheets.

On December 23, 2014, OneBeacon completed the sale of its run-off business to a subsidiary of Armour Group Holdings Limited ("Armour"). See Note 2—"Acquisitions and Dispositions" and Note 15—"Discontinued Operations." The run-off business included the results of OneBeacon's non-specialty commercial lines business and certain other run-off business, including the vast majority of asbestos and environmental reserves, as well as certain purchase accounting adjustments related to the run-off business (the "Runoff Business," the sale of which is referred to as the "Runoff Transaction"). The Runoff Business has been presented as discontinued operations in the consolidated statements of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 and in the consolidated statements of cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014. The Runoff Business disposal group excludes investing and financing activities from amounts classified as discontinued operations. OneBeacon's investing and financing operations are conducted on an overall consolidated level and, accordingly, there are no separately identifiable investing or financing cash flows associated with the Runoff Business. The legal entities included in the sale held an agreed upon level of invested assets and capital at closing.

OneBeacon's reportable segments are Specialty Products, Specialty Industries and Investing, Financing and Corporate. The Specialty Products segment is comprised of nine active underwriting operating segments, representing an aggregation based on those that offer distinct products and tailored coverages and services to a broad customer base across the United States. During the first quarter of 2015, the Company restructured its former Professional Insurance underwriting operating segment into four separate underwriting operating segments, which are included in Specialty Products: Healthcare, Management Liability, Financial Services and Other Professional Lines. The Specialty Products segment also includes the Crop underwriting operating segment which was exited in the third quarter of 2015.

The Specialty Industries segment is comprised of five active underwriting operating segments, representing an aggregation based on those that focus on solving the unique needs of a particular customer or industry group. The Investing, Financing and Corporate segment includes the investing and financing activities for OneBeacon on a consolidated basis, and certain other activities conducted through the Company and its intermediate subsidiaries. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. These interim financial statements include all adjustments considered necessary by management to fairly state the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of OneBeacon. These interim financial statements may not be indicative of financial results for the full year and should be read in conjunction with the Company's 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K. The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Refer to the Company's 2014 Annual

Report on Form 10-K for a complete discussion regarding OneBeacon's significant accounting policies. Certain amounts in the prior period financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation.

Recently Adopted Changes in Accounting Principles

Qualified Affordable Housing Projects

Effective January 1, 2015, OneBeacon adopted ASU 2014-01, Accounting for Investments in Qualified Affordable Housing Projects ("QAHP") (ASC 323). ASU 2014-01 allows investors in QAHP to make a policy election to use the proportional amortization method. Under the proportional amortization method, the investor amortizes the initial cost of the

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

investment in proportion to the tax credits and other tax benefits received and recognizes the investment results, net of the related tax benefits, as a component of income tax expense. Prior to adoption, OneBeacon accounted for its QAHP investment under the equity method and recognized its share of its QAHP investment's losses in investment income. OneBeacon made the policy election to account for its QAHP investment using the proportional amortization method, applied retrospectively. Under the proportional amortization method, the cumulative loss recognized through December 31, 2014 increased by \$1.2 million. As a result of the retrospective adoption, OneBeacon's common shareholders equity has been reduced by \$0.6 million as of January 1, 2014. In addition, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, the retrospective adoption resulted in increases of \$0.4 million and \$1.3 million, respectively, to net investment income and net increases of \$0.6 million and \$1.8 million, respectively, to income tax expense. Footnote disclosures for prior year amounts have been amended to be consistent with the restated amounts described above.

Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity

In April 2014, the Financial Accounting Standard Board ("FASB") issued ASU 2014-08, Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity (ASC 205 and ASC 360) to reduce diversity in practice for reporting discontinued operations. ASU 2014-08 limits discontinued operations treatment to disposals that represent a strategic shift and that have a major effect on a reporting entity's operations and financial results to be reported as discontinued operations. The revised guidance also requires expanded disclosure in the financial statements for discontinued operations as well as for disposals of significant components of an entity that do not qualify for discontinued operations presentation. OneBeacon has not had any transactions that occurred since ASU 2014-08 became effective on December 15, 2014.

Pushdown Accounting

ASU 2014-17, Pushdown Accounting, a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force (ASC 805) became effective upon its issuance on November 18, 2014. The new guidance, which is applicable prospectively, gives an acquired non-public company the option to apply pushdown accounting in its separate company financial statements in the period in which it is acquired in a change of control transaction. Once pushdown accounting has been applied, the election is irreversible. Acquired entities that chose not to apply pushdown accounting at the time of acquisition, may apply pushdown accounting in a subsequent period as a change in accounting principle under ASC 250, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections. OneBeacon has not had any acquisitions since ASU 2014-17 became effective.

Unrecognized Tax Benefits

Effective January 1, 2014, OneBeacon adopted ASU 2013-11, Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists. The new ASU generally requires balance sheet presentation of an unrecognized tax benefit as a reduction of a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss ("NOL") carryforward or tax credit carryforward rather than as a liability. This adoption did not have any impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations, cash flows or financial statement presentation. Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Business Combinations - Measurement Period Adjustments

On September 25, 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-16, Simplifying the Accounting for Measurement-Period Adjustments. At the date of an acquisition, fair value of certain assets and liabilities may not be accurately determinable and are therefore recognized at the acquirer's best estimate. Such amounts may be updated as additional information becomes available in periods subsequent to the acquisition for up to one year. Prior to the issuance of this new ASU, subsequent adjustments had to be pushed back to the acquisition date, which required retroactive adjustments to prior period amounts. Under the new guidance, adjustments to provisional amounts that are identified during the measurement period are to be recorded in the reporting period in which the adjustment amounts are determined. ASU 2015-16 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015 and should be applied prospectively to adjustments to estimated purchase accounting amounts that occur after the effective date. Early

application is permitted. OneBeacon has not recognized any adjustments to estimated purchase accounting amounts for the year to date period ended September 30, 2015.

Insurance Contracts

In May 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-09, Disclosures about Short Duration Contracts (ASC 944) which requires expanded footnote disclosures about loss and loss adjustment expense ("LAE") reserves. Under the new guidance, some disclosures currently presented outside of OneBeacon's financial statements, such as loss development tables and a reconciliation of loss development data to the loss and LAE reserves reflected on the balance sheet, will become part of the financial statement footnotes. In addition, the loss development tables required to be presented under the new ASU must be presented on a disaggregated basis by accident year rather than by reporting year as currently presented. Some of the expanded

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

disclosures are new requirements, such as the disclosure of reserves for losses incurred but not reported ("IBNR") plus expected development on reported claims, which must be presented by accident year on a disaggregated basis. The new guidance also requires new disclosures about claim frequency data together with descriptions of the approach used to measure that data. Qualitative descriptions of methodologies and assumptions used to develop IBNR estimates must be presented together with the disaggregated amounts of IBNR to which they relate, along with a discussion of any significant changes in methodology and assumptions and the related effect upon the loss reserves. The new guidance will be effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015 and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016 with retrospective restatement of prior periods required. OneBeacon will modify its financial statement footnote disclosures to conform to the requirements of ASU 2015-09 upon adoption, including revisions to prior year's disclosures.

Fair Value Measurements

In May 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-07, Fair Value Measurement - Disclosures for Investments in Certain Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share (or Its Equivalent) (ASC 820) which eliminates the requirement to disclose the fair value hierarchy level for investments for which fair value is measured at net asset value using the practical expedient in ASC 820. OneBeacon measures the fair value of its investments in hedge funds and private equity funds using this practical expedient and has classified those measurements within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The new guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015 and interim periods within those fiscal years.

Debt Issuance Costs

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-03, Imputation of Interest (ASC 835) which requires debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability to be presented as a deduction from the carrying amount of the related debt, consistent with the treatment required for debt discounts. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-15, Imputation of Interest (ASC 835) which addresses the presentation and subsequent measurement of debt issuance costs related to line-of-credit arrangements. ASU 2015-03 and ASU 2015-15 are effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. OneBeacon does not expect ASU 2015-03 or ASU 2015-15 to impact its financial position, results of operations, cash flows, presentation and disclosures.

Amendments to Consolidation Analysis

In February 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-02, Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis (ASC 810) which amends the guidance for determining whether an entity is a variable interest entity ("VIE"). ASU 2015-02 eliminates the separate consolidation guidance for limited partnerships and with it, the presumption that a general partner should consolidate a limited partnership. In addition, ASU 2015-02 changes the guidance for determining if fee arrangements qualify as variable interests and the effect fee arrangements have on the determination of the primary beneficiary. ASU 2015-02 is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015 and must be applied retrospectively. OneBeacon does not expect ASU 2015-02 to affect the consolidation analysis for any of its existing investments.

Share-Based Compensation Awards

In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-12, Share-Based Payments When the Terms of an Award Provide That a Performance Target Could Be Achieved after the Requisite Service Period. The new guidance is intended to eliminate diversity in practice for employee share-based awards containing performance targets that could be achieved after the requisite service period. Some reporting entities account for performance targets that can be achieved after the requisite service period as performance conditions that affect the vesting of the award while other reporting entities treat those performance targets as non-vesting conditions that affect the grant-date fair value of the award. The updated guidance requires that a performance target that affects vesting and that can be achieved after the requisite service period be treated as a performance condition. Compensation cost should be recognized in the period it becomes probable that the performance target will be achieved and should represent the compensation cost attributable to the periods for which service has been rendered. The new guidance is effective for annual and interim

reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. OneBeacon does not expect adoption to have a significant impact on its financial position, results of operations, cash flows, presentation or disclosures.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Revenue Recognition

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (ASC 606), which modifies the guidance for revenue recognition. The scope of the new ASU excludes insurance contracts but is applicable to certain fee arrangements, such as investment management fees. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-14, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (ASC 606), which delayed the effective date of ASU 2014-09 by one year. As a result, the standard is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company is in the process of evaluating the new guidance and has not yet determined the potential effect of adoption on its financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

NOTE 2. Acquisitions and Dispositions

Crop Business

On July 31, 2015, the Company exited the multiple peril crop insurance ("MPCI") business and its related crop-hail business (collectively, "Crop Business") due to the sale of Climate Crop Insurance Agency ("CCIA"), a managing general agency which had an exclusive agreement with the Company, to an affiliate of AmTrust Financial Services, Inc. ("AmTrust"). As a result of the sale, OneBeacon and CCIA agreed to an early termination of the existing five year agreement. In connection with the termination of the agreement, OneBeacon received a payment of \$3.0 million (pre-tax) recorded in other revenues. Also related to the sale, OneBeacon has withdrawn its 2016 Plan of Operations, which previously authorized it to write MPCI for the 2016 Reinsurance Year, and affiliates of AmTrust agreed to reinsure the Company's remaining net Crop Business exposure for the 2015 Reinsurance Year under a related 100% quota share reinsurance agreement which, coupled with other transfer and assignment agreements as well as communications with policyholders and agents, had the effect of assumption reinsurance. As a result of this transaction, the Company has no material net exposure related to the Crop business.

During the three months ended September 30, 2015, the Company recorded ceded written premiums of \$35.9 million, ceded earned premiums of \$16.8 million, ceded loss and loss adjustment expenses of \$15.1 million, and ceded insurance acquisition expenses of \$2.8 million as a result of this transaction. Amounts due from AmTrust as of September 30, 2015 include \$30.6 million in reinsurance recoverable on paid and unpaid losses, ceded unearned premiums of \$11.4 million and \$17.2 million in other assets.

Runoff Business

As described in Note 1—"Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies," on December 23, 2014, OneBeacon completed the sale of its Runoff Business to Armour. As described in Note 15—"Discontinued Operations," the Company recorded the final adjustment to the loss on sale of discontinued operations during the second quarter of 2015. Prior to the closing of the Runoff Transaction, OneBeacon Insurance Company, one of the entities that was sold upon the closing of the Runoff Transaction and which has since been renamed Bedivere Insurance Company ("Bedivere"), distributed Atlantic Specialty Insurance Company ("ASIC"), an indirect wholly owned insurance subsidiary of the Company, to its immediate parent, as well as cash and investments such that Bedivere contained the target capital on the date of sale pursuant to the stock purchase agreement. In conjunction with the Runoff Transaction, OneBeacon provided financing in the form of surplus notes having a par value of \$101.0 million, which had a fair value of \$64.9 million on the date of sale. As part of the Runoff Transaction, OneBeacon and Armour entered into a limited Transition Services Agreement ("TSA"), pursuant to which OneBeacon is providing certain transition services to Armour during the term of the TSA, which has an initial term of one year. See Note 15—"Discontinued Operations" for further information regarding activity reported as discontinued operations during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

Essentia Insurance Company

Effective January 1, 2013, OneBeacon completed the sale of Essentia Insurance Company ("Essentia"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary which wrote the collector cars and boats business, to Markel Corporation and recognized a pre-tax gain on sale of \$23.0 million (\$15.0 million after tax) in the first quarter of 2013. During the first quarter of 2015, the Company recognized in net other revenues (expenses) a \$3.7 million negative adjustment to the pre-tax gain

on sale of Essentia in connection with an assessment from the Michigan Catastrophic Claims Association (MCCA) payable to Markel Corporation pursuant to the indemnification provisions in the stock purchase agreement governing the sale of Essentia.

Except as described above, during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, there were no significant acquisitions or dispositions.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 3. Unpaid Loss and Loss Adjustment Expense (LAE) Reserves

Loss and LAE reserve summary

The following table summarizes the loss and LAE reserve activities of OneBeacon's insurance subsidiaries for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

(\$ in millions)	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Gross beginning balance	\$1,350.8	\$1,125.4	\$1,342.2	\$1,054.3
Less beginning reinsurance recoverables on unpaid losses	(147.1)	(92.0)	(161.6)	(80.2)
Net beginning loss and LAE reserves	1,203.7	1,033.4	1,180.6	974.1
Loss and LAE incurred relating to:				
Current year losses	167.5	177.9	529.7	506.4
Prior year losses	—	7.3	(1.8)	14.3
Total incurred loss and LAE from continuing operations	167.5	185.2	527.9	520.7
Loss and LAE paid relating to:				
Current year losses	(50.6)	(55.7)	(115.4)	(115.3)
Prior year losses	(107.4)	(104.7)	(379.9)	(321.3)
Total loss and LAE payments from continuing operations	(158.0)	(160.4)	(495.3)	(436.6)
Net ending loss and LAE reserves	1,213.2	1,058.2	1,213.2	1,058.2
Plus ending reinsurance recoverables on unpaid losses	214.2	101.4	214.2	101.4
Gross ending loss and LAE reserves	\$1,427.4	\$1,159.6	\$1,427.4	\$1,159.6

Loss and LAE development

Loss and LAE development—2015

During the three months ended September 30, 2015, OneBeacon experienced no net loss and LAE reserve development on prior accident year reserves, as favorable development from several businesses, most notably Technology, Specialty Property and Collector Cars and Boats was offset by unfavorable development primarily due to an increase in large and small claims in Entertainment, and to a lesser extent, unusually heavy activity of both large and small claims in the ocean marine business within International Marine Underwriters (IMU), and also Programs. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, OneBeacon experienced \$1.8 million of net favorable loss and LAE reserve development on prior accident year reserves, primarily attributable to favorable development from Technology, and to a lesser extent, from Specialty Property, Crop, Surety, Collector Cars and Boats and Government Risks. This favorable development was mostly offset by significant unfavorable development due to several large losses and small to mid-sized claims in Entertainment, and to a lesser extent, losses in the Company's inland marine business within IMU as well as Tuition Reimbursement and Programs.

Loss and LAE development—2014

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, OneBeacon experienced \$7.3 million and \$14.3 million, respectively, of net unfavorable loss and LAE reserve development on prior accident year reserves. Net unfavorable loss and LAE reserve development during the three months ended September 30, 2014 was primarily attributable to Other Professional Lines and, to a lesser extent, Management Liability. This unfavorable development during the three months ended September 30, 2014 was partially offset by favorable development primarily in Healthcare. Net unfavorable loss and LAE reserve development during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 was primarily attributable to the Other Professional Lines, Management Liability, and Accident, and to a lesser extent, the inland marine business in the IMU underwriting operating segment. This unfavorable development during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 was partially offset by favorable development in Healthcare, Specialty Property, and the ocean marine business in the IMU underwriting operating segment.

See Note 15—"Discontinued Operations" for a discussion of impacts to reserves for unpaid losses and LAE related to discontinued operations.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 4. Reinsurance

In the normal course of business, OneBeacon's insurance subsidiaries seek to limit losses that may arise from catastrophes or other events by reinsuring with third-party reinsurers. OneBeacon remains liable for risks reinsured even if the reinsurer does not honor its obligations under reinsurance contracts.

Reinsurance Treaties

The Company's catastrophe reinsurance coverage is discussed in Note 4—"Reinsurance" in the Company's 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K. Except as discussed below, there have been no material changes to the Company's reinsurance coverage from that reported in the 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

On July 31, 2015, OneBeacon reinsured 100% of its net retained losses for both its multi-peril crop insurance ("MPCI") and crop-hail business by entering into a quota share reinsurance agreement with an insurance operating affiliate of AmTrust for the remaining net exposure to the 2015 Crop reinsurance year. See Note 2—"Acquisitions and Dispositions" for further detail.

Effective May 1, 2015, OneBeacon renewed its property catastrophe reinsurance program through April 30, 2016. The program provides coverage for OneBeacon's property business as well as certain acts of terrorism. Under the program, the first \$20.0 million of losses resulting from any single catastrophe are retained, with 95.0% of the next \$10.0 million of losses and 100.0% of the next \$100.0 million of losses resulting from the catastrophe being reinsured. Any part of a catastrophe loss in excess of \$130.0 million would be retained in full. In the event of a catastrophe, OneBeacon's property catastrophe reinsurance program is reinstated for the remainder of the original contract term by paying a reinstatement premium that is based on the percentage of coverage reinstated and the original property catastrophe coverage premium.

Also effective May 1, 2015, OneBeacon lowered its retention on its property-per-risk reinsurance program from \$5.0 million to \$3.0 million.

Additionally, effective June 1, 2015, OneBeacon lowered its retentions on certain casualty and healthcare treaties from \$5.0 million to \$3.0 million.

Effective January 1, 2015, OneBeacon purchased an aggregate stop loss on its MPCI portfolio for the 2015 crop year, providing 52.0% of coverage in excess of a 98.0% loss ratio on premiums covered by the contract and a separate aggregate stop loss providing 80.0% of coverage in excess of a 100.0% loss ratio on its crop-hail portfolio.

OneBeacon also purchased a new quota share reinsurance contract on 30.0% of its MPCI portfolio.

In addition to the reinsurance protections outlined above, the Company also continued to purchase dedicated reinsurance protection for certain specific lines of business.

Reinsurance Recoverables

As of September 30, 2015, OneBeacon had reinsurance recoverables on paid losses of \$22.6 million and reinsurance recoverables on unpaid losses of \$214.2 million. As reinsurance contracts do not relieve OneBeacon of its obligations, collectibility of balances due from reinsurers is critical to OneBeacon's financial strength. The following table summarizes Standard & Poor's Financial Services, LLC ("Standard & Poor's") ratings for OneBeacon's reinsurers for its continuing insurance operations, excluding industry pools and associations, based upon reinsurance recoverable amounts on paid and unpaid losses and LAE:

(\$ in millions)	Balance at September 30, 2015	% of total	
Standard & Poor's Rating ⁽¹⁾ :			
AA	\$60.8	26	%
A ⁽²⁾	149.9	63	%
BBB, Not Rated and Other ⁽³⁾	26.1	11	%
Total reinsurance recoverables	\$236.8	100	%

⁽¹⁾ Standard & Poor's ratings as detailed above are "AA" (Very strong), "A" (Strong) and "BBB" (Adequate).

⁽²⁾Includes reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses from a 100% indirect wholly owned subsidiary of AmTrust related to the Crop business of \$30.6 million. AmTrust is rated "A" (Excellent) by A.M. Best Company, Inc.

⁽³⁾Includes reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses from Bedivere of \$20.8 million.

NOTE 5. Investment Securities

OneBeacon's invested assets are comprised of securities and other investments held for general investment purposes. Refer to the Company's 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K for a complete discussion.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 5. Investment Securities

OneBeacon classifies its portfolio of fixed maturity investments, common equity securities and convertible fixed maturity investments held for general investment purposes as trading securities. Trading securities are reported at fair value as of the balance sheet date as determined by quoted market prices when available. Realized and change in unrealized investment gains on trading securities are reported in total revenues as net realized and unrealized investment gains in revenues on a pre-tax basis.

Short-term investments consist of money market funds, certificates of deposit and other securities which, at the time of purchase, mature or become available for use within one year. Short-term investments are carried at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

Other investments primarily include surplus notes, private equity funds and hedge funds. OneBeacon measures its investments in private equity funds and hedge funds at fair value with changes therein reported in total revenues as net realized and change in unrealized investment gains. Surplus notes provided in conjunction with the financing of the Runoff Transaction are measured at their estimated fair value based on discounted expected cash flows, with changes in fair value reported in total revenues as net realized and change in unrealized investment gains. Other investments also include an investment in a community reinvestment vehicle which is accounted for at fair value, with changes in fair value reported in total revenues as net realized and change in unrealized investment gains and a tax advantaged federal affordable housing development fund which is accounted for under the proportional amortization method. Prospector Partners, LLC ("Prospector"), was the primary manager of OneBeacon's publicly-traded common equity securities and convertible fixed maturity securities portfolio. The Prospector-managed separate accounts were liquidated during the second quarter of 2015, and the Prospector-managed hedge fund was redeemed, and used to purchase passive equity vehicles. As the separate accounts were liquidated, OneBeacon reinvested the majority of the proceeds into exchange traded funds ("ETFs") that seek to provide investment results that, before expenses, generally correspond to the performance of the S&P 500, Russell 1000, and Russell 1000 Value indices.

OneBeacon's net investment income is comprised primarily of interest income associated with fixed maturity investments and dividend income from its equity investments.

Net investment income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 consisted of the following:

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
(\$ in millions)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Fixed maturity investments	\$11.2	\$10.5	\$31.7	\$31.4
Common equity securities	1.3	1.5	4.4	5.2
Convertible fixed maturity investments	—	0.5	—	0.6
Other investments	0.7	0.1	0.7	1.3
Gross investment income	13.2	12.6	36.8	38.5
Less external investment expenses	(0.8	) (1.8	) (3.8	) (5.1
Net investment income, pre-tax	\$12.4	\$10.8	\$33.0	\$33.4

The composition of net realized investment gains consisted of the following:

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
(\$ in millions)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Fixed maturity investments	\$0.4	\$2.2	\$2.3	\$4.6
Common equity securities	(3.7	) 13.5	30.7	25.4
Convertible fixed maturity investments	—	1.0	0.3	3.3
Other investments	(1.0	) 2.6	7.1	2.6
Net realized investment gains, pre-tax	\$(4.3	) \$19.3	\$40.4	\$35.9

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 5. Investment Securities

The net changes in fair value for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

(\$ in millions)	Three months ended September 30, 2015			Nine months ended September 30, 2015		
	Changes in net unrealized investment gains	Changes in net foreign currency gains (losses)	Total net changes in fair value reflected in revenues	Changes in net unrealized investment gains	Changes in net foreign currency gains (losses)	Total net changes in fair value reflected in revenues
Fixed maturity investments	\$0.7	\$—	\$0.7	\$(1.8)	\$—	\$(1.8)
Short-term investments	—	—	—	—	—	—
Common equity securities	(19.3)	) —	(19.3)	) (50.2)	) 0.2	(50.0)
Convertible fixed maturity investments	—	—	—	0.1	—	0.1
Other investments	(7.0)	) —	(7.0)	) (18.4)	) —	(18.4)
Net change, pre-tax	\$(25.6)	) \$—	\$(25.6)	) \$(70.3)	) \$0.2	\$(70.1)
(\$ in millions)	Three months ended September 30, 2014			Nine months ended September 30, 2014		
	Changes in net unrealized investment gains	Changes in net foreign currency gains (losses)	Total net changes in fair value reflected in revenues	Changes in net unrealized investment gains	Changes in net foreign currency gains (losses)	Total net changes in fair value reflected in revenues
Fixed maturity investments	\$(8.0)	) \$—	\$(8.0)	) \$4.0	\$—	\$4.0
Short-term investments	—	(0.1)	(0.1)	—	(0.1)	(0.1)
Common equity securities	(21.5)	) (0.4)	(21.9)	) (11.8)	) (0.4)	(12.2)
Convertible fixed maturity investments	(1.8)	) —	(1.8)	) (4.1)	) —	(4.1)
Other investments	(3.5)	) —	(3.5)	) 1.3	—	1.3
Net change, pre-tax	\$(34.8)	) \$(0.5)	\$(35.3)	) \$(10.6)	) \$(0.5)	\$(11.1)

The components of OneBeacon's ending net unrealized investment gains and losses, excluding the impact of net unrealized foreign currency translation gains and losses, on its investment portfolio as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were as follows:

(\$ in millions)	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Investment securities:		
Gross unrealized investment gains	\$56.9	\$104.7
Gross unrealized investment losses	(31.4)	) (8.9)
Total net unrealized investment gains, pre-tax	25.5	95.8
Income taxes	(12.2)	) (26.9)
Total net unrealized investment gains, after tax	\$13.3	\$68.9

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 5. Investment Securities

The cost or amortized cost, gross unrealized pre-tax investment gains and losses, net foreign currency losses and carrying values of OneBeacon's fixed maturity investments as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were as follows:

(\$ in millions)	September 30, 2015				
	Cost or amortized cost	Gross unrealized gains	Gross unrealized losses	Net unrealized foreign currency gains (losses)	Carrying value
U.S. Government and agency obligations	\$43.3	\$0.1	\$—	\$—	\$43.4
Debt securities issued by industrial corporations	767.3	8.1	(1.0)	) —	774.4
Municipal obligations	68.2	1.1	(0.5)	) —	68.8
Asset-backed securities	1,079.7	4.9	(1.5)	) —	1,083.1
Foreign government obligations	1.0	0.2	—	—	1.2
Preferred stocks	78.3	4.8	—	—	83.1
Total fixed maturity investments	\$2,037.8	\$19.2	\$(3.0)	) \$—	\$2,054.0
(\$ in millions)	December 31, 2014				
	Cost or amortized cost	Gross unrealized gains	Gross unrealized losses	Net unrealized foreign currency gains (losses)	Carrying value
U.S. Government and agency obligations	\$38.0	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$38.0
Debt securities issued by industrial corporations	787.7	11.5	(1.0)	) —	798.2
Municipal obligations	62.4	1.4	(0.1)	) —	63.7
Asset-backed securities	814.4	1.5	(1.5)	) —	814.4
Foreign government obligations	1.0	0.3	—	—	1.3
Preferred stocks	78.3	5.9	—	—	84.2
Total fixed maturity investments	\$1,781.8	\$20.6	\$(2.6)	) \$—	\$1,799.8

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 5. Investment Securities

The cost or amortized cost, gross unrealized pre-tax investment gains and losses, net unrealized pre-tax foreign currency losses and carrying values of common equity securities, convertible fixed maturity investments and other investments as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were as follows:

September 30, 2015					
(\$ in millions)	Cost or amortized cost	Gross unrealized gains	Gross unrealized losses	Net unrealized foreign currency gains (losses)	Carrying value
Common equity securities	\$297.7	\$7.4	\$(20.7)	) \$—	\$284.4
Other investments	141.7	30.3	(7.7)	) —	164.3
Total common equity securities, convertible fixed maturity investments and other investments	\$439.4	\$37.7	\$(28.4)	) \$—	\$448.7
December 31, 2014					
(\$ in millions)	Cost or amortized cost	Gross unrealized gains	Gross unrealized losses	Net unrealized foreign currency gains (losses)	Carrying value
Common equity securities	\$283.2	\$39.3	\$(2.4)	) \$(0.1)	) \$320.0
Convertible fixed maturity investments	5.2	—	(0.2)	) —	5.0
Other investments	157.7	44.8	(3.7)	) —	198.8
Total common equity securities, convertible fixed maturity investments and other investments	\$446.1	\$84.1	\$(6.3)	) \$(0.1)	) \$523.8

As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company held unrestricted collateral from its customers, primarily relating to its surety business, of \$100.3 million and \$81.0 million, respectively, which is included in cash and invested assets. The obligation to return these funds is classified as funds held under insurance contracts in the consolidated balance sheets.

The following table summarizes the ratings of the corporate debt securities owned by OneBeacon as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

(\$ in millions)	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
AA	\$46.4	\$57.9
A	292.0	328.1
BBB	436.0	409.2
Not rated	—	3.0
Debt securities issued by corporations ⁽¹⁾	\$774.4	\$798.2

⁽¹⁾ Credit ratings are assigned based on the following hierarchy: 1) Standard and Poor's Financial Services LLC ("Standard and Poor's") and 2) Moody's Investor Service ("Moody's").

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 5. Investment Securities

Fair value measurements

Fair value measurements are categorized into a hierarchy that distinguishes between inputs based on market data from independent sources ("observable inputs") and a reporting entity's internal assumptions based upon the best information available when external market data is limited or unavailable ("unobservable inputs"). Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities have the highest priority ("Level 1"), followed by observable inputs other than quoted prices, including prices for similar but not identical assets or liabilities ("Level 2") and unobservable inputs, including the reporting entity's estimates of the assumptions that market participants would use, having the lowest priority ("Level 3"). As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, approximately 92% and 90%, respectively, of the investment portfolio recorded at fair value was priced based upon observable inputs.

Investments valued using Level 1 inputs include fixed maturity investments, primarily investments in U.S. Treasuries, common equity securities and short-term investments, which include U.S. Treasury Bills. Investments valued using Level 2 inputs comprise the fixed maturity investments, which has been disaggregated into classes, including debt securities issued by corporations, municipal obligations, mortgage and asset-backed securities, foreign government obligations and preferred stocks. Investments valued using Level 2 inputs also include certain ETFs that track US stock indices such as the S&P 500 but are traded on foreign exchanges and that management values using the fund's published NAV to account for the difference in market close times. Fair value estimates for investments that trade infrequently and have few or no observable market prices are classified as Level 3 measurements. Level 3 fair value estimates based upon unobservable inputs include OneBeacon's investments in surplus notes, hedge funds and private equity funds, as well as certain investments in fixed maturity investments and common equity securities, where quoted market prices are unavailable or are not considered reasonable. OneBeacon determines when transfers between levels have occurred as of the beginning of the period.

OneBeacon uses brokers and outside pricing services to assist in determining fair values. For investments in active markets, OneBeacon uses the quoted market prices provided by outside pricing services to determine fair value. The outside pricing services OneBeacon uses have indicated that they will only provide prices where observable inputs are available. In circumstances where quoted market prices are unavailable or are not considered reasonable, OneBeacon estimates the fair value using industry standard pricing models and observable inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker-dealer quotes, issuer spreads, benchmark securities, bids, offers, prepayment speeds, reference data including research publications and other relevant inputs. Given that many fixed maturity investments do not trade on a daily basis, the outside pricing services evaluate a wide range of fixed maturity investments by regularly drawing parallels from recent trades and quotes of comparable securities with similar features. The characteristics used to identify comparable fixed maturity investments vary by asset type and take into account market convention.

OneBeacon's process to assess the reasonableness of the market prices obtained from the outside pricing sources covers substantially all of its fixed maturity investments and includes, but is not limited to, evaluation of model pricing methodologies, review of the pricing services' quality control processes and procedures on at least an annual basis, comparison of market prices to prices obtained from different independent pricing vendors on at least a semi-annual basis, monthly analytical reviews of certain prices and review of assumptions utilized by the pricing service for selected measurements on an ad hoc basis throughout the year. OneBeacon also performs back-testing of selected purchases and sales activity to determine whether there are any significant differences between the market price used to value the security prior to purchase or sale and the actual purchase or sale price on an ad-hoc basis throughout the year. Prices provided by the pricing services that vary by more than 5% and \$1.0 million from the expected price based on these procedures are considered outliers. Also considered outliers are prices that haven't changed from period to period and prices that have trended unusually compared to market conditions. In circumstances where the results of OneBeacon's review process does not appear to support the market price provided

by the pricing services, OneBeacon challenges the price. If OneBeacon cannot gain satisfactory evidence to support the challenged price, it relies upon its own pricing methodologies to estimate the fair value of the security in question.

The valuation process above is generally applicable to all of OneBeacon's fixed maturity investments. The techniques and inputs specific to asset classes within OneBeacon's fixed maturity investments for Level 2 securities that use observable inputs are as follows:

Debt securities issued by corporations: The fair value of debt securities issued by corporations is determined from an evaluated pricing model that uses information from market sources and integrates relative credit information, observed market movements, and sector news. Key inputs include benchmark yields, reported trades, broker-dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 5. Investment Securities

sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers, and reference data including sector, coupon, quality ratings, duration, credit enhancements, early redemption features and market research publications.

Municipal obligations: The fair value of municipal obligations is determined from an evaluated pricing model that uses information from market makers, broker-dealers, buy-side firms, and analysts along with general market information. Key inputs include benchmark yields, reported trades, issuer financial statements, material event notices and new issue data, as well as broker-dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers, and reference data including type, coupon, credit quality ratings, duration, credit enhancements, geographic location and market research publications.

Mortgage and asset-backed securities: The fair value of asset backed securities is determined from an evaluated pricing model that uses information from market sources and leveraging similar securities. Key inputs include benchmark yields, reported trades, underlying tranche cash flow data, collateral performance, plus new issue data, as well as broker-dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers, and reference data including issuer, vintage, loan type, collateral attributes, prepayment speeds, default rates, recovery rates, cash flow stress testing, credit quality ratings and market research publications.

Foreign government obligations: The fair value of foreign government obligations is determined from an evaluated pricing model that uses feeds from data sources in each respective country, including active market makers and inter-dealer brokers. Key inputs include benchmark yields, reported trades, broker-dealer quotes, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers, local exchange prices, foreign exchange rates and reference data including coupon, credit quality ratings, duration and market research publications.

Preferred stocks: The fair value of preferred stocks is determined from an evaluated pricing model that calculates the appropriate spread over a comparable security for each issue. Key inputs include exchange prices (underlying and common stock of same issuer), benchmark yields, reported trades, broker-dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers, and reference data including sector, coupon, credit quality ratings, duration, credit enhancements, early redemption features and market research publications.

Level 3 valuations are generated from techniques that use assumptions not observable in the market. These unobservable assumptions reflect OneBeacon's assumptions that market participants would use in valuing the investment. Generally, certain securities may start out as Level 3 when they are originally issued but as observable inputs become available in the market, they may be reclassified to Level 2.

The fair values of OneBeacon's investments in hedge funds and private equity funds have been classified as Level 3 under the fair value hierarchy since the fund managers do not provide sufficient information to independently evaluate the pricing inputs and methods for each underlying investment, and therefore the inputs are considered to be unobservable. As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, OneBeacon did not record a liquidity adjustment to the net asset value related to its investments in hedge funds or private equity funds. Also classified as Level 3 under the fair value hierarchy are surplus notes which are measured at their estimated fair value based on discounted expected cash flows, with changes in fair value reported in total revenues as net realized and change in unrealized investment gains.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 5. Investment Securities

As of both September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, other investments reported at fair value represented approximately 6% and 7%, respectively, of the total investment portfolio and consisted of the following:

(\$ in millions)	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Hedge funds ⁽¹⁾	\$24.5	\$42.3
Private equity funds ⁽²⁾	52.3	60.1
Total hedge funds and private equity funds	76.8	102.4
Surplus notes (par value \$101.0) ⁽³⁾	58.0	65.1
Investment in community reinvestment vehicle	14.3	14.3
Trust certificates	—	0.2
Total other investments ⁽⁴⁾	\$ 149.1	\$ 182.0

⁽¹⁾ Consists of 6 hedge funds and 7 hedge funds as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

⁽²⁾ Consists of 17 private equity funds as of both September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

⁽³⁾ The decrease in the fair value of the surplus notes during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was primarily due to widening of non-investment grade credit spreads.

Excludes the carrying value of \$15.2 million and \$16.8 million as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014,

⁽⁴⁾ respectively, associated with a tax advantaged federal affordable housing development fund accounted for using the proportional amortization method.

The largest investment in a single hedge fund or private equity fund was \$12.4 million and \$15.8 million as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

As of both September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, OneBeacon held one private preferred stock that represented approximately 85% of its preferred stock portfolio. OneBeacon used quoted market prices for similar securities that were adjusted to reflect management's best estimate of fair value; this security is classified as a Level 3 measurement. The following tables summarize the Company's fair value measurements for investments as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 by level. The major security types were based on the legal form of the securities, with a separate break-out for convertible fixed maturity investments held as of December 31, 2014 as they may react similar to either debt securities or equity securities, depending on prevailing market conditions. OneBeacon has disaggregated its fixed maturity investments based on the issuing entity type, which impacts credit quality, with debt securities issued by U.S. government entities carrying minimal credit risk, while the credit and other risks associated with other issuers, such as corporations, foreign governments, municipalities or entities issuing asset-backed securities vary depending on the nature of the issuing entity type. OneBeacon further disaggregates debt securities issued by corporations and equity securities by industry sector because investors often reference commonly used benchmarks and their subsectors to monitor risk and performance. Accordingly, OneBeacon has further disaggregated these asset classes into subclasses based on the similar sectors and industry classifications the Company uses to evaluate investment risk and performance against commonly used benchmarks, such as the Barclays Intermediate Aggregate and S&P 500 indices.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 5. Investment Securities

(\$ in millions)	Fair value at September 30, 2015	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Fixed maturity investments:				
U.S. Government and agency obligations	\$43.4	\$43.4	\$—	\$—
Debt securities issued by corporations:				
Consumer	170.6	—	170.6	—
Health Care	158.8	—	158.8	—
Financial	131.5	—	131.5	—
Industrial	116.6	—	116.6	—
Energy	52.5	—	52.5	—
Communications	46.4	—	46.4	—
Utilities	43.0	—	43.0	—
Technology	29.0	—	29.0	—
Basic materials	26.0	—	26.0	—
Debt securities issued by corporations	774.4	—	774.4	—
Asset-backed securities	1,083.1	—	1,083.1	—
Preferred stocks	83.1	—	12.8	70.3
Municipal obligations	68.8	—	68.8	—
Foreign government obligations	1.2	0.6	0.6	—
Fixed maturity investments	2,054.0	44.0	1,939.7	70.3
Short-term investments	100.3	100.3	—	—
Common equity securities:				
Exchange traded funds ⁽²⁾	172.6	152.6	20.0	—
Consumer	31.1	31.1	—	—
Communications	19.6	19.6	—	—
Health Care	19.2	19.2	—	—
Financials	16.0	16.0	—	—
Industrial	13.9	13.9	—	—
Technology	12.0	12.0	—	—
Common equity securities	284.4	264.4	20.0	—
Other investments ⁽¹⁾	149.1	—	—	149.1
Total ⁽¹⁾	\$2,587.8	\$408.7	\$1,959.7	\$219.4

⁽¹⁾ Excludes the carrying value of \$15.2 million associated with a tax advantaged federal affordable housing development fund accounted for using the proportional amortization method as of September 30, 2015.

⁽²⁾ ETF's traded on foreign exchanges are priced using the fund's published NAV to account for the difference in market close times and are therefore designated as level 2 measurements.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 5. Investment Securities

(\$ in millions)	Fair value at December 31, 2014	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Fixed maturity investments:				
U.S. Government and agency obligations	\$38.0	\$38.0	\$—	\$—
Debt securities issued by corporations:				
Consumer	174.9	—	174.9	—
Financial	148.6	—	148.6	—
Health Care	111.9	—	111.9	—
Industrial	104.8	—	104.8	—
Communications	74.9	—	74.9	—
Basic materials	56.4	—	53.5	2.9
Energy	53.5	—	53.5	—
Utilities	44.2	—	44.2	—
Technology	29.0	—	29.0	—
Debt securities issued by corporations	798.2	—	795.3	2.9
Asset-backed securities	814.4	—	814.4	—
Preferred stocks	84.2	—	13.1	71.1
Municipal obligations	63.7	—	63.7	—
Foreign government obligations	1.3	0.7	0.6	—
Fixed maturity investments	1,799.8	38.7	1,687.1	74.0
Short-term investments	202.2	201.7	0.5	—
Common equity securities:				
Consumer	75.2	75.2	—	—
Financials	72.4	72.4	—	—
Industrial	48.3	48.3	—	—
Health Care	46.5	46.5	—	—
Communications	24.4	24.4	—	—
Technology	20.6	20.6	—	—
Energy	15.6	15.6	—	—
Basic Materials	9.9	9.9	—	—
Utilities	5.1	5.1	—	—
Other	2.0	2.0	—	—
Common equity securities	320.0	320.0	—	—
Convertible fixed maturity investments	5.0	—	5.0	—
Other investments ⁽¹⁾	182.0	—	—	182.0
Total ⁽¹⁾	\$2,509.0	\$560.4	\$1,692.6	\$256.0

⁽¹⁾ Excludes the carrying value of \$16.8 million associated with a tax advantaged federal affordable housing development fund accounted for using the proportional amortization method as of December 31, 2014.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 5. Investment Securities

Rollforwards of Fair Value Measurements by Level

The following tables summarize the changes in OneBeacon's fair value measurements by level for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

(\$ in millions)	Level 1 Investments	Level 2 Investments	Level 3 Investments				Total ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
			Fixed maturity investments	Common equity securities	Convertible fixed maturity investments	Other investments ⁽¹⁾	
Balance at January 1, 2015	\$ 358.7	\$ 1,692.1	\$74.0	\$—	\$—	\$ 182.0	\$2,306.8
Amortization/accretion	—	(2.9)	—	—	—	—	(2.9)
Net realized and unrealized gains	5.5	7.3	0.3	—	—	1.2	14.3
Purchases	62.4	208.7	28.4	—	—	1.4	300.9
Sales	(75.2)	(175.4)	—	—	—	(3.0)	(253.6)
Transfers in	—	2.9	—	—	—	—	2.9
Transfers out	—	—	(2.9)	—	—	—	(2.9)
Balance at March 31, 2015	\$ 351.4	\$ 1,732.7	\$99.8	\$—	\$—	\$ 181.6	\$2,365.5
Amortization/accretion	—	(3.5)	—	—	—	—	(3.5)
Net realized and unrealized gains	(1.0)	(8.2)	(0.2)	—	—	(4.5)	(13.9)
Purchases	350.8	307.4	5.6	—	—	1.1	664.9
Sales	(373.9)	(215.5)	—	—	—	(19.1)	(608.5)
Transfers in	—	28.4	—	—	—	—	28.4
Transfers out	—	—	(28.4)	—	—	—	(28.4)
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$ 327.3	\$ 1,841.3	\$76.8	\$—	\$—	\$ 159.1	\$2,404.5
Amortization/accretion	—	(3.6)	—	—	—	—	(3.6)
Net realized and unrealized gains	(21.5)	0.5	(0.9)	—	—	(8.0)	(29.9)
Purchases	41.4	245.5	—	—	—	0.4	287.3
Sales	(38.8)	(129.6)	—	—	—	(2.4)	(170.8)
Transfers in	—	5.6	—	—	—	—	5.6
Transfers out	—	—	(5.6)	—	—	—	(5.6)
Balance at September 30, 2015	\$ 308.4	\$ 1,959.7	\$70.3	\$—	\$—	\$ 149.1	\$2,487.5

(1) Excludes the carrying value of \$15.2 million associated with a tax advantaged federal affordable housing development fund accounted for using the proportional amortization method as of September 30, 2015.

(2) Excludes short-term investments.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 5. Investment Securities

(\$ in millions)	Level 1 Investments	Level 2 Investments	Level 3 Investments				Total ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
			Fixed maturity investments	Common equity securities	Convertible fixed maturity investments	Other investments ⁽¹⁾	
Balance at January 1, 2014	\$ 469.5	\$ 1,753.1	\$81.9	\$0.1	\$—	\$ 119.9	\$2,424.5
Amortization/accretion	—	(2.7)	—	—	—	—	(2.7)
Net realized and unrealized gains	8.6	6.9	0.3	—	—	3.1	18.9
Purchases	140.6	347.8	7.5	—	—	2.3	498.2
Sales	(60.0)	(411.4)	—	—	—	(1.6)	(473.0)
Transfers in	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Transfers out	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Balance at March 31, 2014	\$ 558.7	\$ 1,693.7	\$89.7	\$0.1	\$—	\$ 123.7	\$2,465.9
Amortization/accretion	—	(2.8)	—	—	—	—	(2.8)
Net realized and unrealized gains	14.1	5.5	0.3	0.4	—	1.7	22.0
Purchases	279.2	349.8	34.2	—	—	1.0	664.2
Sales	(332.7)	(292.1)	—	—	—	(1.5)	(626.3)
Transfers in	—	7.5	—	—	—	—	7.5
Transfers out	—	—	(7.5)	—	—	—	(7.5)
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$ 519.3	\$ 1,761.6	\$116.7	\$0.5	\$—	\$ 124.9	\$2,523.0
Amortization/accretion	—	(2.9)	—	—	—	—	(2.9)
Net realized and unrealized gains	(8.5)	(7.7)	1.1	(0.1)	—	(0.9)	(16.1)
Purchases	128.1	426.3	2.0	—	—	0.3	556.7
Sales	(249.9)	(434.1)	—	—	—	(7.9)	(691.9)
Transfers in	—	34.3	—	—	—	—	34.3
Transfers out	—	—	(34.3)	—	—	—	(34.3)
Balance at September 30, 2014	\$ 389.0	\$ 1,777.5	\$85.5	\$0.4	\$—	\$ 116.4	\$2,368.8

(1) Excludes the carrying value of \$17.3 million associated with a tax advantaged federal affordable housing development fund accounted for using the proportional amortization method as of September 30, 2014.

(2) Excludes short-term investments.

“Transfers out” of Level 3 fixed maturity investments was comprised of \$18.1 million in residential mortgage backed securities, \$10.3 million in commercial mortgage backed securities, \$5.6 million in asset backed securities and \$2.9 million in corporate debt securities for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and \$41.8 million comprised of one commercial mortgage-backed security for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, all of which were recategorized as Level 2 measurements when quoted market prices that were considered reliable and could be validated against alternative sources became available. There were no “Transfers in” to Level 3 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 5. Investment Securities

The following table summarizes the change in net pre-tax unrealized gains or losses for assets designated as Level 3 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

(\$ in millions)	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Fixed maturity investments	\$(0.9	) \$1.1	\$(0.8	) \$1.7
Short-term investments	—	—	—	—
Common equity securities	—	—	—	—
Other investments	(7.0	) (3.5	) (18.4	) 1.3
Total	\$(7.9	) \$(2.4	) \$(19.2	) \$3.0

Significant Unobservable Inputs

As previously described, in certain circumstances, OneBeacon estimates the fair value of investments using industry standard pricing models and both observable and unobservable inputs.

The following summarizes significant unobservable inputs used in estimating the fair value of fixed maturity investments classified within Level 3, other than hedge funds and private equities, as of September 30, 2015. The fair value of investments in hedge funds and private equity funds, which are classified within Level 3, are estimated using the net asset value of the funds.

Description	Fair Value (in millions)	Rating ⁽²⁾	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Inputs	Input
Preferred stock ⁽¹⁾	\$70.3	N/R	Discounted cash flow	Discount yield	8.36%
Surplus notes:					
- Seller priority note	\$41.0	N/R	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate ⁽³⁾	11.6%
				Timing of interest payments ⁽⁴⁾	5 years
				Timing of principal payments ⁽⁴⁾	10 years
- Pari passu note	\$17.0	N/R	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate ⁽⁵⁾	18.3%
				Timing of interest payments ⁽⁴⁾	5 years
				Timing of principal payments ⁽⁴⁾	15 years

⁽¹⁾ As of September 30, 2015, asset type consists of one security.

⁽²⁾ Credit ratings, if rated, are assigned based on the following hierarchy: 1) Standard & Poor's and 2) Moody's. Stochastic modeling supporting the fair value estimation indicates that the average percentage of discounted payments missed on the seller priority note is roughly equivalent to that of a conventional debt security with a

⁽³⁾ credit rating of 'B'. The corresponding credit spread increased by an additional 250 bps to reflect both a liquidity discount for a private debt instrument and regulatory payment approval uncertainty, which was added to the treasury rate to determine the discount rate for the seller priority note.

For estimated value purposes, the assumption has been made that interest payouts begin in year five and principal

⁽⁴⁾ repayments begin on a graduated basis in year ten for the seller priority note and year fifteen for the pari passu note.

⁽⁵⁾ Stochastic modeling supporting the fair value estimation indicates that the average percentage of discounted payments missed on the pari passu note is roughly equivalent to that of a conventional debt security with a credit rating of 'CCC'. The corresponding credit spread increased by an additional 250 bps to reflect both a liquidity discount for a private debt instrument and regulatory payment approval uncertainty, which was added to the

treasury rate to determine the discount rate for the pari passu note.

Mortgage-backed, Asset-backed Securities

OneBeacon purchases commercial mortgage-backed securities ("CMBS") and residential mortgage-backed securities ("RMBS") to maximize its risk adjusted returns in the context of a diversified portfolio. OneBeacon's non-agency CMBS are generally short tenor and structurally senior, with approximately 30 points of subordination on average for fixed rate and floating rate CMBS as of September 30, 2015. In general, subordination represents the percentage of principal loss on the underlying collateral that would have to occur before the security incurs a loss. These collateral losses, instead, are first

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 5. Investment Securities

absorbed by other securities lower in the capital structure. OneBeacon believes this structural protection mitigates the risk of loss tied to refinancing challenges facing the commercial real estate market. As of September 30, 2015, on average less than 1% of the underlying loans were reported as non-performing for both agency and non-agency CMBS held by OneBeacon. OneBeacon did not hold any RMBS categorized as sub-prime as of September 30, 2015.

OneBeacon considers sub-prime mortgage-backed securities to be those that have underlying loan pools that exhibit weak credit characteristics or are issued from dedicated sub-prime shelves or dedicated second-lien shelf registrations (i.e., OneBeacon considers investments backed primarily by second-liens to be sub-prime risks regardless of credit scores or other metrics).

There are also mortgage-backed securities that OneBeacon categorizes as "non-prime" (also called "Alt A" or "A-") that are backed by collateral that has overall credit quality between prime and sub-prime, as determined based on OneBeacon's review of the characteristics of their underlying mortgage loan pools, such as credit scores and financial ratios. As of September 30, 2015, OneBeacon held no non-prime mortgage-backed securities. OneBeacon's non-agency RMBS portfolio is generally of moderate average life, fixed rate and structurally senior. OneBeacon does not own any collateralized debt obligations, with the exception of \$44.0 million of non-agency RMBS resecuritization tranches, each a senior tranche in its own right and each collateralized by a single earlier vintage Super Senior or Senior non-agency RMBS security.

The following table summarizes the carrying value of OneBeacon's asset-backed securities as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

(\$ in millions)	September 30, 2015			December 31, 2014		
	Fair Value	Level 2	Level 3	Fair Value	Level 2	Level 3
Mortgage-backed securities:						
Agency:						
GNMA	\$246.0	\$246.0	\$—	\$259.2	\$259.2	\$—
FNMA	1.6	1.6	—	1.9	1.9	—
FHLMC	3.2	3.2	—	—	—	—
Total agency ⁽¹⁾	250.8	250.8	—	261.1	261.1	—
Non-agency:						
Residential	115.9	115.9	—	67.4	67.4	—
Commercial	126.0	126.0	—	96.7	96.7	—
Total Non-agency	241.9	241.9	—	164.1	164.1	—
Total mortgage-backed securities	492.7	492.7	—	425.2	425.2	—
Other asset-backed securities:						
Credit card receivables	259.7	259.7	—	197.6	197.6	—
Vehicle receivables	257.4	257.4	—	145.8	145.8	—
Other	73.3	73.3	—	45.8	45.8	—
Total other asset-backed securities	590.4	590.4	—	389.2	389.2	—
Total mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities	\$1,083.1	\$1,083.1	\$—	\$814.4	\$814.4	\$—

⁽¹⁾ Represents publicly traded mortgage-backed securities which carry the full faith and credit guarantee of the U.S. government (i.e., GNMA) or are guaranteed by a government sponsored entity (i.e., FNMA, FHLMC).

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 5. Investment Securities

Non-agency Mortgage-backed Securities

The security issuance years of OneBeacon's investments in non-agency RMBS and non-agency CMBS securities as of September 30, 2015 are as follows:

(\$ in millions)	Fair Value	Security Issuance Year									
		2004	2005	2006	2008	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Total non-agency RMBS	\$115.9	\$15.2	\$2.9	\$4.0	\$4.2	\$17.1	\$14.6	\$11.0	\$14.7	\$32.2	\$—
Total non-agency CMBS	126.0	—	—	—	—	5.7	—	8.6	18.4	55.5	37.8
Total non-agency	\$241.9	\$15.2	\$2.9	\$4.0	\$4.2	\$22.8	\$14.6	\$19.6	\$33.1	\$87.7	\$37.8

Non-agency Residential Mortgage-backed Securities

The classification of the underlying collateral quality and the tranche levels of OneBeacon's non-agency RMBS securities are as follows as of September 30, 2015:

(\$ in millions)	Fair Value	Super Senior ⁽¹⁾	Senior ⁽²⁾	Subordinate ⁽³⁾
Prime	\$115.9	\$32.7	\$83.2	\$—
Non-prime	—	—	—	—
Total non-agency RMBS	\$115.9	\$32.7	\$83.2	\$—

At issuance, Super Senior, or in the case of resecuritization, the underlying securities, were rated AAA by

(1) Standard & Poor's, Aaa by Moody's, or AAA by Fitch Ratings ("Fitch") and were senior to other AAA or Aaa securities.

(2) At issuance, Senior, or in the case of resecuritization, the underlying securities, were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's, Aaa by Moody's, or AAA by Fitch and were senior to non-AAA or non-Aaa securities.

(3) At issuance, Subordinate were not rated AAA by Standard & Poor's, Aaa by Moody's, or AAA by Fitch and were junior to other AAA or Aaa securities.

Non-agency Commercial Mortgage-backed Securities

The amount of fixed and floating rate securities and their tranche levels of OneBeacon's non-agency CMBS securities are as follows as of September 30, 2015:

(\$ in millions)	Fair Value	Super Senior ⁽¹⁾	Senior ⁽²⁾	Subordinate ⁽³⁾
Fixed rate CMBS	\$85.5	\$8.8	\$35.0	\$41.7
Floating rate CMBS	40.5	—	—	40.5
Total non-agency CMBS	\$126.0	\$8.8	\$35.0	\$82.2

(1) At issuance, Super Senior, or in the case of resecuritization, the underlying securities, were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's, Aaa by Moody's or AAA by Fitch and were senior to other AAA or Aaa securities.

(2) At issuance, Senior, or in the case of resecuritization, the underlying securities, were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's, Aaa by Moody's, or AAA by Fitch and were senior to non-AAA or non-Aaa securities.

(3) At issuance, Subordinate were not rated AAA by Standard & Poor's, Aaa by Moody's, or AAA by Fitch and were junior to other AAA or Aaa securities.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 5. Investment Securities

Hedge Funds and Private Equity Funds

OneBeacon holds investments in hedge funds and private equity funds which are included in other investments. The fair value of these investments has been estimated using the net asset value of the funds. The following table summarizes investments in hedge funds and private equity funds as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

(\$ in millions)	September 30, 2015		December 31, 2014	
	Fair Value ⁽¹⁾	Unfunded Commitments	Fair Value	Unfunded Commitments
Hedge funds				
Long/short equity banks and financial	\$ 12.7	\$—	\$28.5	\$—
Long/short credit and distressed	8.1	—	8.4	—
Other	3.7	—	5.4	—
Total hedge funds	24.5	—	42.3	—
Private equity funds				
Energy infrastructure and services	26.2	4.0	33.1	4.8
Multi-sector	14.9	2.1	14.5	2.2
Private equity secondaries	4.5	2.1	5.6	2.0
Healthcare	3.9	0.4	3.1	1.4
Insurance	2.0	0.1	2.1	0.1
Real estate	0.8	0.1	1.7	0.1
Distressed residential real estate	—	—	—	—
Total private equity funds	52.3	8.8	60.1	10.6
Total hedge funds and private equity funds	\$76.8	\$8.8	\$102.4	\$10.6

Excluded from the above table are other investments of \$58.0 million and \$65.1 million in surplus notes as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, received in conjunction with the financing of the Runoff Transaction, as well as \$14.3 million of an investment in a community reinvestment vehicle as of both September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and \$15.2 million and \$16.8 million of an investment in a tax advantaged federal affordable housing development fund as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

Additionally, other investments accounted for at fair value as of December 31, 2014 included \$0.2 million in trust certificates issued upon dissolution of a private equity fund, with negligible holdings at September 30, 2015. Redemptions of investments in certain hedge funds are subject to restrictions including "lock-up" periods where no redemptions or withdrawals are allowed, restrictions on redemption frequency and advance notice periods for redemptions. Amounts requested for redemptions remain subject to market fluctuations until the redemption effective date, which generally falls at the end of the defined redemption period. The following summarizes the September 30, 2015 fair value of hedge funds subject to restrictions on redemption frequency and advance notice period requirements for investments in active hedge funds:

(\$ in millions)	Hedge Funds Notice Period				Total
	30 - 59 days notice	60 - 89 days notice	90 - 119 days notice	120+ days notice	
Redemption frequency					
Monthly	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—
Quarterly	13.7	8.1	—	—	21.8
Annual	—	—	2.7	—	2.7
Total hedge funds	\$13.7	\$8.1	\$2.7	\$—	\$24.5

Certain hedge fund investments are no longer active and are in the process of disposing of their underlying investments. Distributions from such funds are remitted to investors as the fund's underlying investments are

liquidated. As of September 30, 2015, \$1.0 million of OneBeacon's hedge funds were in liquidation. The actual amount of the final distribution is subject to market fluctuations. The date at which such distributions will be received is not determinable as of September 30, 2015.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 5. Investment Securities

OneBeacon has also submitted redemption requests for certain of its investments in active hedge funds. As of September 30, 2015, redemptions of \$11.1 million were outstanding and remain subject to market fluctuations. The date at which such redemptions will be received is not determinable at September 30, 2015. Redemptions are recorded as receivables when the investment is no longer subject to market fluctuations.

Investments in private equity funds are generally subject to lock-up periods during which investors may not request a redemption. Distributions prior to the expected termination date of the fund may be limited to dividends or proceeds arising from the liquidation of the fund's underlying investment. In addition, certain private equity funds provide an option to extend the lock-up period at either the sole discretion of the fund manager or upon agreement between the fund and the investors. As of September 30, 2015, investments in private equity funds were subject to lock-up periods as follows:

(\$ in millions)	1 - 3 years	3 - 5 years	5 - 10 years	>10 years	Total
Private Equity Funds—expected lock-up period remaining	\$24.5	\$11.1	\$16.7	\$—	\$52.3

See Note 15—"Discontinued Operations" for further disclosures regarding the valuation of the surplus notes provided in conjunction with the financing of the Runoff Transaction.

NOTE 6. Debt

OneBeacon's debt outstanding as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 consisted of the following:

(\$ in millions)	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Senior unsecured notes, at face value	\$ 275.0	\$ 275.0
Unamortized original issue discount	(0.2)	(0.3)
Senior unsecured notes, carrying value	\$ 274.8	\$ 274.7
2012 Senior Notes		

In November 2012, OBH issued \$275.0 million face value of senior unsecured notes ("2012 Senior Notes") through a public offering, at an issue price of 99.9% and received \$272.9 million of proceeds. The 2012 Senior Notes bear an annual interest rate of 4.6% payable semi-annually in arrears on May 9 and November 9, until maturity on November 9, 2022, and are fully and unconditionally guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest by the Company.

Credit Facility

On September 29, 2015, the Company and OneBeacon Holdings, Inc. ("OBH"), as co-borrowers and co-guarantors, entered into a revolving credit facility administered by U.S. Bank N.A. and also including BMO Harris Bank N.A., which has a total commitment of \$65.0 million and has a maturity date of September 29, 2019 (the "Credit Facility"). As of September 30, 2015, the credit facility was undrawn.

The Credit Facility contains various affirmative, negative and financial covenants which OneBeacon considers to be customary for such borrowings, including certain minimum net worth and maximum debt to capitalization standards.

Debt Covenants

As of September 30, 2015, OneBeacon was in compliance with all of the covenants under the 2012 Senior Notes and the Credit Facility.

NOTE 7. Segment Information

The Company has fourteen active underwriting operating segments, which are managed by the chief operating decision maker and are aggregated into two underwriting reportable segments. The two underwriting reportable segments were determined based on the nature of products or services, the production process, the method of distribution and the nature of the regulatory environment. The principal difference between the reportable segments is the type or class of customer.

The Specialty Products reportable segment is comprised of nine active underwriting operating segments, representing an aggregation based on those that offer distinct products and tailored coverages and services to a broad customer base across the

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 7. Segment Information

United States. During the first quarter of 2015, the Company restructured its former Professional Insurance underwriting operating segment into four separate underwriting operating segments: Healthcare, Management Liability, Financial Services and Other Professional Lines. Additionally, Specialty Products includes the Specialty Property, Environmental, Tuition Reimbursement, Programs, and Surety underwriting operating segments, as well as Crop which was exited in the third quarter of 2015.

The Specialty Industries reportable segment is comprised of five active underwriting operating segments, representing an aggregation based on those that focus on solving the unique needs of a particular customer or industry group. The Specialty Industries segment includes the International Marine Underwriters, Technology, Accident, Government Risks, and Entertainment underwriting operating segments.

The Investing, Financing and Corporate reportable segment includes the investing and financing activities for OneBeacon on a consolidated basis, and certain other activities conducted through the Company and its intermediate subsidiaries, including the 100% quota share reinsurance agreement with Bedivere, which cedes the losses associated with the legacy Runoff Business to Bedivere, one of the transferred entities that was sold as part of the Runoff Transaction and has been an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Armour since December 23, 2014. There is no net retention of the legacy Runoff Business to OneBeacon.

Invested assets are not allocated to the Specialty Products and Specialty Industries segments since OneBeacon does not manage them by segment. Invested assets, net investment income and net realized and change in unrealized investment gains related to OneBeacon's Specialty Products and Specialty Industries segments are included in the Investing, Financing and Corporate segment since these assets are available for payment of losses and expenses for all segments. Debt and the related interest expense on debt also are not allocated to or managed by segment and are also included in the Investing, Financing and Corporate segment.

Substantially all of the Company's revenue is generated from customers located in the United States.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 7. Segment Information

Financial information for OneBeacon's reportable segments is as follows:

	Insurance Operations		Investing, Financing and Corporate	Consolidated
(\$ in millions)	Specialty Products	Specialty Industries		
Three months ended September 30, 2015				
Earned premiums	\$122.9	\$158.5	\$—	\$281.4
Loss and loss adjustment expense	(64.9)	) (102.6	) —	(167.5)
Policy acquisition expenses	(25.5)	) (28.3	) —	(53.8)
Other underwriting expenses	(24.9)	) (31.5	) —	(56.4)
Total underwriting income (loss)	7.6	(3.9)	) —	3.7
Net investment income	—	—	12.4	12.4
Net realized and change in unrealized investment gains	—	—	(29.9)	) (29.9)
Net other revenues	—	0.9	3.0	3.9
General and administrative expenses	—	(1.0)	) (2.7)	) (3.7)
Interest expense	—	—	(3.2)	) (3.2)
Pre-tax income (loss) from continuing operations	\$7.6	\$(4.0)	) \$(20.4)	) \$(16.8)
Three months ended September 30, 2014				
Earned premiums	\$151.7	\$153.7	\$—	\$305.4
Loss and loss adjustment expense	(98.2)	) (87.0	) —	(185.2)
Policy acquisition expenses	(26.6)	) (28.0	) —	(54.6)
Other underwriting expenses	(23.2)	) (28.0	) —	(51.2)
Total underwriting income	3.7	10.7	—	14.4
Net investment income	—	—	10.8	10.8
Net realized and change in unrealized investment gains	—	—	(16.0)	) (16.0)
Net other (expenses) revenues	(0.3)	) 0.5	1.1	1.3
General and administrative expenses	—	(0.8)	) (1.6)	) (2.4)
Interest expense	—	—	(3.2)	) (3.2)
Pre-tax income (loss) from continuing operations	\$3.4	\$10.4	\$(8.9)	) \$4.9

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 7. Segment Information

	Insurance Operations		Investing, Financing and Corporate	Consolidated	
(\$ in millions)	Specialty Products	Specialty Industries			
Nine months ended September 30, 2015					
Earned premiums	\$425.5	\$461.8	\$—	\$887.3	
Loss and loss adjustment expense	(238.6	) (289.3	) —	(527.9	)
Policy acquisition expenses	(76.3	) (84.9	) —	(161.2	)
Other underwriting expenses	(73.9	) (91.3	) —	(165.2	)
Total underwriting income (loss)	36.7	(3.7	) —	33.0	
Net investment income	—	—	33.0	33.0	
Net realized and change in unrealized investment gains	—	—	(29.7	) (29.7	)
Net other revenues (expenses)	—	1.2	(1.6	) (0.4	)
General and administrative expenses	—	(2.0	) (10.0	) (12.0	)
Interest expense	—	—	(9.7	) (9.7	)
Pre-tax income (loss) from continuing operations	\$36.7	\$(4.5	) \$(18.0	) \$14.2	
Nine months ended September 30, 2014					
Earned premiums	\$433.0	\$439.8	\$—	\$872.8	
Loss and loss adjustment expense	(277.5	) (243.2	) —	(520.7	)
Policy acquisition expenses	(71.4	) (79.5	) —	(150.9	)
Other underwriting expenses	(68.1	) (84.2	) —	(152.3	)
Total underwriting income	16.0	32.9	—	48.9	
Net investment income	—	—	33.4	33.4	
Net realized and change in unrealized investment gains	—	—	24.8	24.8	
Net other (expenses) revenues	(0.1	) 0.8	2.6	3.3	
General and administrative expenses	0.1	(1.8	) (7.6	) (9.3	)
Interest expense	—	—	(9.7	) (9.7	)
Pre-tax income from continuing operations	\$16.0	\$31.9	\$43.5	\$91.4	

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 7. Segment Information

	Insurance Operations		Investing, Financing and Corporate	Consolidated
(\$ in millions)	Specialty Products	Specialty Industries		
September 30, 2015				
Assets				
Total investment securities	\$—	\$—	\$2,603.0	\$2,603.0
Premiums receivable	102.1	166.7	—	268.8
Reinsurance recoverables ⁽¹⁾	189.3	26.7	20.8	236.8
Funds held under reinsurance contracts	4.6	—	—	4.6
Deferred acquisition costs	48.3	56.2	—	104.5
Ceded unearned premiums	32.5	8.8	—	41.3
Other assets ⁽²⁾	17.2	—	431.6	448.8
Total Assets	\$394.0	\$258.4	\$3,055.4	\$3,707.8
Liabilities				
Unpaid loss and loss adjustment expense reserves ⁽¹⁾	\$826.8	\$579.8	\$20.8	\$1,427.4
Unearned premiums	330.4	295.3	—	625.7
Funds held under insurance contracts	100.3	—	—	100.3
Debt	—	—	274.8	274.8
Other liabilities ⁽²⁾	—	—	275.7	275.7
Total Liabilities	\$1,257.5	\$875.1	\$571.3	\$2,703.9
December 31, 2014				
Assets				
Total investment securities	\$—	\$—	\$2,525.8	\$2,525.8
Premiums receivable	77.7	163.8	—	241.5
Reinsurance recoverables ⁽¹⁾	127.3	22.7	23.8	173.8
Funds held under reinsurance contracts	37.1	—	—	37.1
Deferred acquisition costs	49.7	53.5	—	103.2
Ceded unearned premiums	7.5	10.4	—	17.9
Other assets ⁽²⁾	—	—	478.9	478.9
Total Assets	\$299.3	\$250.4	\$3,028.5	\$3,578.2
Liabilities				
Unpaid loss and loss adjustment expense reserves ⁽¹⁾	\$798.8	\$519.6	\$23.8	\$1,342.2
Unearned premiums	303.6	284.7	—	588.3
Funds held under insurance contracts	81.0	—	—	81.0
Debt	—	—	274.7	274.7
Other liabilities ⁽²⁾	—	—	242.7	242.7
Total Liabilities	\$1,183.4	\$804.3	\$541.2	\$2,528.9

⁽¹⁾ As described in Note 15—"Discontinued Operations," ASIC has entered into a 100% quota share reinsurance agreement whereby ASIC is ceding to Bedivere 100% of the legacy Runoff Business that was written by ASIC or one of the ongoing entities. As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, \$20.8 million and \$23.8 million, respectively, are included in both unpaid loss and loss adjustment expense reserves and reinsurance recoverable

included within Investing, Financing, and Corporate. Also, as of September 30, 2015, Specialty Products includes \$30.6 million related to reinsurance recoverable from AmTrust resulting from the Crop transaction.

Other assets and other liabilities are generally not separately identifiable at the segment level and have therefore⁽²⁾ been included within the investing, financing, and corporate segment. The \$17.2 million as of September 30, 2015 relates to amounts due from AmTrust related to the Crop transaction.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 7. Segment Information

The following tables provide net written premiums, earned premiums and underwriting ratios for OneBeacon's insurance operations by reportable segment and in total, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

(\$ in millions)	Three months ended September 30, 2015			Three months ended September 30, 2014		
	Insurance Operations			Insurance Operations		
	Specialty Products	Specialty Industries	Consolidated	Specialty Products	Specialty Industries	Consolidated
Net written premiums	\$ 133.7	\$ 159.2	\$ 292.9	\$ 188.3	\$ 157.3	\$ 345.6
Earned premiums	122.9	158.5	281.4	151.7	153.7	305.4
Underwriting ratios: ⁽¹⁾						
Loss and LAE	52.8	% 64.7	% 59.5	% 64.7	% 56.7	% 60.6
Expense	41.1	37.9	39.3	32.9	36.4	34.7
Total combined ratio	93.9	% 102.6	% 98.8	% 97.6	% 93.1	% 95.3
(\$ in millions)	Nine months ended September 30, 2015			Nine months ended September 30, 2014		
	Insurance Operations			Insurance Operations		
	Specialty Products	Specialty Industries	Consolidated	Specialty Products	Specialty Industries	Consolidated
Net written premiums	\$ 427.0	\$ 474.2	\$ 901.2	\$ 488.6	\$ 464.0	\$ 952.6
Earned premiums	425.5	461.8	887.3	433.0	439.8	872.8
Underwriting ratios: ⁽¹⁾						
Loss and LAE	56.1	% 62.6	% 59.5	% 64.1	% 55.3	% 59.7
Expense	35.3	38.2	36.8	32.2	37.2	34.7
Total combined ratio	91.4	% 100.8	% 96.3	% 96.3	% 92.5	% 94.4

Underwriting ratios are used to measure the components of underwriting profitability and include: the loss and LAE ratio, calculated by dividing loss and LAE by earned premiums; the expense ratio, calculated by dividing policy acquisition and other underwriting expenses by earned premiums; and the combined ratio, the sum of the loss and LAE ratio and the expense ratio.

NOTE 8. Retirement Plans

OneBeacon sponsors qualified and non-qualified, non-contributory, defined benefit pension plans covering substantially all employees who were employed as of December 31, 2001 and former employees who had met the eligibility requirements, as well as retirees. Current plans include the OneBeacon qualified pension plan (the "Qualified Plan") and the OneBeacon non-qualified pension plan (the "Non-qualified Plan") (collectively the "Plans"). OneBeacon's Plans were frozen and curtailed in 2002 and, as a result, the projected benefit obligation is equal to the accumulated benefit obligation. The benefits for the Plans are based primarily on years of service and employees' compensation through December 31, 2002. OneBeacon's funding policy is consistent with the funding requirements of U.S. federal laws and regulations.

In April 2014, the board of managers of the Qualified Plan's plan sponsor, a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary of the Company, voted to terminate the Qualified Plan as of June 30, 2014. The plan sponsor applied for a determination letter from the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") with respect to the Qualified Plan's tax qualified status at termination and received a favorable determination letter from the IRS on July 23, 2015. The Company currently anticipates the majority of plan assets to be distributed within 12 months of the receipt of the favorable determination letter by way of annuity contract purchases and/or lump sum payments to Plan participants. The purchase of annuities is also subject to the availability of such contracts, with creditworthy insurance companies, at negotiated market terms deemed acceptable to the Plan Sponsor. The Company reserves the right to revoke the termination and does not expect the impact of the termination to be material on the Company's financial position.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 8. Retirement Plans

The components of net periodic benefit cost for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 for the plans were as follows:

(\$ in millions)	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Service cost	\$0.3	\$0.2	\$0.7	\$0.5
Interest cost	1.2	1.2	3.5	3.5
Expected return on plan assets	(2.2	) (2.2	) (6.5	) (6.4
Amortization of unrecognized loss	0.3	0.1	0.9	0.3
Net periodic pension income before special termination benefits	(0.4	) (0.7	) (1.4	) (2.1
Special termination benefits expense ⁽¹⁾	—	—	—	0.3
Total net periodic benefit income	\$(0.4	) \$(0.7	) \$(1.4	) \$(1.8

⁽¹⁾ Special termination benefits for 2014 represent additional payments made from the Qualified Plan to certain vested participants when their employment was terminated due to a reduction in force.

OneBeacon does not expect to make a contribution to its Qualified Plan in 2015. OneBeacon anticipates contributing \$2.2 million to the Non-qualified Plan in 2015, for which OneBeacon has assets held in a rabbi trust. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company contributed \$0.6 million and \$1.6 million, respectively, to the Non-qualified Plan.

NOTE 9. Employee Share-Based Incentive Compensation Plans

OneBeacon's share-based compensation plans include performance shares, restricted shares and restricted stock units (RSU's), which are designed to maximize shareholder value over long periods of time by aligning the financial interests of its management with those of its owners. Performance shares are payable only upon achievement of pre-defined business goals and are valued based on the market value of OneBeacon's common shares at the time awards are earned. Performance shares and restricted stock units are typically paid in cash, though, in some instances, they may be paid in common shares or may be deferred in accordance with the terms of OneBeacon's deferred compensation plan. Restricted shares vest either annually in equal installments over the specified service period or cliff-vest in full after the 3-year service period, depending on the award. OneBeacon expenses the full cost of all its share-based compensation over the requisite service period. The Company recognized expense related to its share-based compensation plans of \$0.4 million and \$1.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$2.4 million and \$4.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 9. Employee Share-Based Incentive Compensation Plans

Performance Shares

The following summarizes performance share activity for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

(\$ in millions)	Three months ended September 30, 2015		2014	
	Target Performance Shares outstanding	Accrued expense	Target Performance Shares outstanding	Accrued expense
Beginning of period	462,147	\$2.4	512,938	\$4.4
Payments and deferrals	—	—	—	—
New awards	—	—	—	—
Forfeitures and net change in assumed forfeitures	—	—	—	—
Expense (income) recognized	—	(0.3)	—	1.1
End of period	462,147	\$2.1	512,938	\$5.5
(\$ in millions)	Nine months ended September 30, 2015		2014	
	Target Performance Shares outstanding	Accrued expense	Target Performance Shares outstanding	Accrued expense
Beginning of period	517,470	\$3.4	493,421	\$4.0
Payments and deferrals ⁽¹⁾	(181,290)	(1.5)	(142,138)	(1.0)
New awards	154,887	—	165,800	—
Forfeitures and net change in assumed forfeitures	(28,920)	—	(4,145)	—
Expense recognized	—	0.2	—	2.5
End of period	462,147	\$2.1	512,938	\$5.5

Performance share payments in 2015 for the 2012-2014 performance cycle were based upon a performance factor ⁽¹⁾ of 45.7%. Performance share payments in 2014 for the 2011-2013 performance cycle were based upon a performance factor of 37.1%.

The following summarizes performance shares outstanding and accrued performance share expense at September 30, 2015 for each performance cycle:

(\$ in millions)	Target OB Performance Shares outstanding	Accrued expense
Performance cycle:		
2013 - 2015	167,300	\$1.3
2014 - 2016	151,810	0.3
2015 - 2017	154,887	0.5
Subtotal	473,997	2.1
Assumed forfeitures	(11,850)	—
Total at September 30, 2015	462,147	\$2.1

If 100% of the outstanding performance shares had been vested on September 30, 2015, the total additional compensation cost to be recognized would have been \$2.0 million, based on current accrual factors (common share

price, accumulated dividends and payout assumptions) at September 30, 2015.

All performance shares earned and paid were settled in cash or by deferral into OneBeacon's deferred compensation plan.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 9. Employee Share-Based Incentive Compensation Plans

Restricted Shares

On February 24, 2015, OneBeacon issued to certain employees 75,950 shares of restricted stock having a grant date fair value of \$1.1 million, which are scheduled to cliff vest in full on January 1, 2018.

On March 1, 2012, OneBeacon issued shares of restricted stock to certain employees. Of these restricted shares, 142,500 restricted shares vested on February 28, 2014 and the remaining 138,500 restricted shares vested on February 28, 2015.

On May 25, 2011, OneBeacon issued to its CEO 630,000 shares of restricted stock, of which 157,500 restricted shares vested on February 22, 2014, 157,500 restricted shares vested on February 22, 2015, and the remaining 315,000 restricted shares are scheduled to vest in equal installments on February 22, 2016 and 2017.

The restricted shares contain dividend participation features and therefore are considered participating securities.

The following summarizes restricted shares activity for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

(\$ in millions)	Three months ended September 30,			
	2015		2014	
	Restricted Shares	Unamortized Issue Date Fair Value	Restricted Shares	Unamortized Issue Date Fair Value
Beginning of period	390,950	\$3.5	612,500	\$4.9
New awards	—	—	—	—
Forfeitures	—	—	—	—
Vested	—	—	—	—
Expense recognized	—	(0.5)	—	(0.7)
End of period	390,950	\$3.0	612,500	\$4.2
(\$ in millions)	Nine months ended September 30,			
	2015		2014	
	Restricted Shares	Unamortized Issue Date Fair Value	Restricted Shares	Unamortized Issue Date Fair Value
Beginning of period	612,500	\$3.5	915,000	\$6.5
New awards	75,950	1.1	—	—
Forfeitures	(1,500)	—	(2,500)	—
Vested	(296,000)	—	(300,000)	—
Expense recognized	—	(1.6)	—	(2.3)
End of period	390,950	\$3.0	612,500	\$4.2

Restricted shares that vested during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 had a grant date fair value of \$4.3 million for each period. No shares vested during the three months ended September 30, 2015 or 2014. As of September 30, 2015, unrecognized compensation expense of \$3.0 million related to restricted stock awards is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.7 years.

Restricted Stock Units

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, 214,430 RSUs were issued, with outstanding RSUs, net of forfeitures, at 204,179 as of September 30, 2015. The RSUs are scheduled to cliff vest in full on January 1, 2018, at which time the RSUs will be paid out in cash or shares at the discretion of the Compensation Committee. The expense associated with the RSUs, which is being recognized over the vesting period, was \$0.2 million and \$0.6 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively.

NOTE 10. Income Taxes

OneBeacon and its Bermuda-domiciled subsidiaries are not subject to Bermuda income tax under current Bermuda law. In the event that there is a change in the current law such that taxes are imposed, OneBeacon and its Bermuda-domiciled subsidiaries would be exempt from such tax until March 31, 2035, pursuant to the Bermuda Exempted Undertakings Tax

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 10. Income Taxes

Protection Act of 1966. OneBeacon also has subsidiaries that operate in Gibraltar, Luxembourg and the United States. U.S. operations are financed with a combination of debt and equity and the financing income currently accounts for the majority of non-U.S. earnings.

OneBeacon's income tax benefit (expense) related to pre-tax income from continuing operations for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, represented net effective tax rates of 20.8% and (22.4)%, respectively, and for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, represented net effective tax rates of (7.0)% and 13.0%, respectively. The effective tax rates for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, were lower than the U.S. statutory rate of 35% due to income generated in jurisdictions other than the United States, principally representing interest income and underwriting income taxed in a jurisdiction with a lower effective tax rate.

Additionally, the rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 was impacted by a \$5.0 million favorable settlement of the 2005-2006 IRS exam, as noted below. For the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, the effective tax rate on non-U.S. income was 2.9% and 1.7%, respectively, and for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, the effective tax rate on non-U.S. income was 1.7% and 1.3%, respectively.

In arriving at the effective tax rate for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, OneBeacon forecasted all income and expense items including the realized and change in unrealized investment gains for the years ending December 31, 2015 and 2014, and included these gains in the effective tax rate calculation.

OneBeacon classifies all interest and penalties on unrecognized tax benefits as part of income tax expense. With few exceptions, OneBeacon is no longer subject to U.S. federal, state or non-U.S. income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2007. On February 14, 2014, OneBeacon received Form 870-AD (Offer to Waive Restrictions on Assessment and Collection Tax Deficiency and to Accept Over assessment) from the IRS Appeals Office relating to the examination of tax years 2005 and 2006. All disputed items have been agreed and resolved with the Joint Committee on Taxation ("JCT"). OneBeacon recorded a tax benefit of \$5.0 million in the first quarter of 2014 relating to the settlement of the IRS examination for tax years 2005 and 2006.

On July 28, 2011, the IRS commenced an examination of OneBeacon's U.S. income tax returns for 2007, 2008 and 2009. On September 1, 2015, OneBeacon received a revised Form 4549-A (Income Tax Discrepancy Adjustments) from the IRS Appeals Office relating to the examination of tax years 2007, 2008 and 2009. The estimated total overpayment, including interest, utilization of alternative minimum and foreign tax credit carryovers and capital loss carrybacks, is \$4.0 million. However, \$2.7 million of the proposed overpayments relate to items for which the expense deduction was disallowed in an earlier year and is being allowed in a year being examined. OneBeacon agrees with the adjustments proposed by the IRS and is awaiting final review by the JCT. Although the timing of the resolution of these issues is uncertain, it is reasonably possible that the resolution could occur within the next twelve months. When ultimately settled, OneBeacon does not expect the resolution of this examination to result in a material adverse change to its financial position.

On September 5, 2013, the IRS commenced an examination of OneBeacon's U.S. income tax returns for 2010, 2011 and 2012. OneBeacon does not expect the resolution of this examination to result in a material change to its financial position.

NOTE 11. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

OneBeacon carries its financial instruments on its balance sheet at fair value with the exception of its investment in qualified affordable housing projects, which is accounted for using the proportional amortization method, and fixed-rate, long-term indebtedness. For certain financial instruments where quoted market prices are not available, other independent valuation techniques and assumptions are used. Because considerable judgment is used, these estimates are not necessarily indicative of amounts that could be realized in a current market exchange. Certain financial instruments are excluded from disclosure, including insurance contracts.

As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the fair value of OneBeacon's 2012 Senior Notes (its fixed-rate, long-term indebtedness) was \$279.8 million and \$286.0 million, respectively, which compared to a carrying value of \$274.8 million and \$274.7 million as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 respectively. The fair value

measurement of the 2012 Senior Notes is classified as Level 2 in the valuation hierarchy and determined based on the volume and frequency of observable transactions.

NOTE 12. Legal Contingencies

OneBeacon, and the insurance and reinsurance industry in general, is routinely subject to claims related litigation and arbitration in the normal course of business, as well as litigation and arbitration that does not arise from, or directly relate to,

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 12. Legal Contingencies

claims activity. OneBeacon's estimates of the costs of settling matters routinely encountered in claims activity are reflected in the reserves for unpaid loss and LAE. See Note 3—"Unpaid Loss and Loss Adjustment Expense ("LAE") Reserves."

OneBeacon evaluates its exposure to non-claims related litigation and arbitration and establishes accruals for litigation and arbitration if it is probable that a loss has been incurred and it can be reasonably estimated. Disclosure of litigation and arbitration is made if it is probable that a loss has been incurred or if there is a reasonable possibility that a loss may have been incurred. Although the ultimate outcome of claims and non-claims related litigation and arbitration, and the amount or range of potential loss at any particular time, is often inherently uncertain, management does not believe that the ultimate outcome of such claims and non-claims related litigation and arbitration will have a material adverse effect on OneBeacon's financial condition, full year results of operations, or cash flows.

The following summarizes significant ongoing non-claims related litigation or arbitration as of September 30, 2015: Runoff Transaction

Subsequent to the closing of the Runoff Transaction, on January 22, 2015, three holders of insurance policies issued by the companies the Company sold to Armour in the Runoff Transaction filed a Petition for Review with the Commonwealth Court of Pennsylvania ("Commonwealth Court") requesting that the Commonwealth Court vacate the Pennsylvania Insurance Department's ("Department") orders approving the Runoff Transaction and denying their right to intervene in the Department's regulatory review of the Runoff Transaction. The Company believes the claims made by the petitioners are without merit and has intervened in the proceedings before the Commonwealth Court to vigorously defend the propriety of the Department's orders in their entirety. The Company believes that the possibility is remote that these proceedings could result in an adverse outcome or have a material financial impact on the Company's financial position in the future.

Deutsche Bank Litigation

In June 2011, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, Law Debenture Company of New York and Wilmington Trust Company (collectively referred to as "Plaintiffs"), in their capacity as trustees for certain senior notes issued by the Tribune Company ("Tribune"), filed lawsuits in various jurisdictions (the "Noteholder Actions") against numerous defendants including OneBeacon, OneBeacon-sponsored benefit plans and other affiliates of White Mountains in their capacity as former shareholders of Tribune seeking recovery of the proceeds from the sale of common stock of Tribune in connection with Tribune's leveraged buyout in 2007 (the "LBO"). Tribune filed for bankruptcy in 2008 in the Delaware bankruptcy court (the "Bankruptcy Court"). The Bankruptcy Court granted Plaintiffs permission to commence these LBO-related actions, and in 2011, the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation granted a motion to consolidate the actions for pretrial matters and transferred all such proceedings to the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. Plaintiffs seek recovery of the proceeds received by the former Tribune shareholders on a theory of constructive fraudulent transfer asserting that Tribune purchased or repurchased its common shares without receiving fair consideration at a time when it was, or as a result of the purchases of shares, was rendered, insolvent. OneBeacon has entered into a joint defense agreement with other affiliates of White Mountains that are defendants in the action. OneBeacon and OneBeacon-sponsored benefit plans received approximately \$32 million for Tribune common stock tendered in connection with the LBO. The Court granted an omnibus motion to dismiss the Noteholder Actions in September 2013 and Plaintiffs' appeal is pending.

In addition, OneBeacon, OneBeacon-sponsored benefit plans and other affiliates of White Mountains in their capacity as former shareholders of Tribune, along with thousands of former Tribune shareholders, have been named as defendants in an adversary proceeding brought by the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors of the Tribune Company (the "Committee"), on behalf of the Tribune Company, which seeks to avoid the repurchase of shares by Tribune in the LBO on a theory of intentional fraudulent transfer (the "Committee Action"). Tribune emerged from bankruptcy in 2012, and a litigation trustee replaced the Committee as plaintiff in the Committee Action. This matter was consolidated for pretrial matters with the Noteholder Actions in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York and was stayed pending the motion to dismiss in the Noteholder Action. An omnibus motion to

dismiss the shareholder defendants in the Committee Action was filed in May 2014. No amount has been accrued in connection with this matter as of September 30, 2015, as the amount of loss, if any, cannot be reasonably estimated.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 13. Earnings (loss) per Share

Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share amounts are based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding, including unvested restricted shares that are considered participating securities. Diluted earnings (loss) per share amounts are based on the weighted average number of common shares including unvested restricted shares. The following table outlines the Company's computation of earnings (loss) per share for net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Three months ended September 30, 2015		2014	Nine months ended September 30, 2015		2014
Earnings (losses) attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders—basic and diluted (in millions):						
Net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders	\$(13.3	)	\$6.0	\$14.2		\$78.6
Allocation of income for participating unvested restricted common shares	—		—	(0.1	)	(0.5
Dividends paid on participating restricted common shares	(0.1	)	(0.2	)	(0.2	)
Total allocation to restricted common shares	(0.1	)	(0.2	)	(0.3	)
Net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders, net of restricted common share amounts	\$(13.4	)	\$5.8	\$13.9		\$77.7
(Over-distributed) undistributed net earnings (in millions):						
Net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders, net of restricted common share amounts	\$(13.4	)	\$5.8	\$13.9		\$77.7
Dividends paid, net of restricted common share amounts	(19.9	)	(19.8	)	(59.8	)
Total (over-distributed) undistributed net earnings, net of restricted common share amounts	\$(33.3	)	\$(14.0	)	\$(45.9	)
Earnings (loss) per share denominator—basic and diluted (in millions):						
Total weighted average common shares outstanding	95.3		95.3	95.3		95.3
Weighted average unvested restricted common shares ⁽¹⁾	(0.4	)	(0.6	)	(0.5	)
Basic and diluted earnings per share denominator	94.9		94.7	94.8		94.6
Earnings (loss) per share attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders—basic and diluted (in dollars):						
Net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders	\$(0.14	)	\$0.05	\$0.15		\$0.82
Dividends declared and paid	(0.21	)	(0.21	)	(0.63	)
(Over-distributed) undistributed earnings	\$(0.35	)	\$(0.16	)	\$(0.48	)

⁽¹⁾ Restricted shares outstanding vest in equal installments upon a stated date or upon the occurrence of a specified event.

Basic and diluted earnings per share amounts for discontinued operations are included in Note 15—"Discontinued Operations."

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 14. Common Shareholders' Equity

Common Shares Repurchased and Retired

On August 22, 2007, the Company's Board authorized the repurchase of up to \$200.0 million of its Class A common shares from time to time, subject to market conditions. Shares may be repurchased on the open market or through privately negotiated transactions. This authorization does not have a stated expiration date. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, no shares were repurchased under the share repurchase authorization. The amount of authorization remaining is \$87.7 million as of September 30, 2015.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, the Company repurchased 112,051 and 106,366 common shares, respectively, to satisfy employee income tax withholding, pursuant to employee benefit plans. Shares repurchased pursuant to employee benefit plans do not reduce the board authorization referred to above.

Dividends on Common Shares

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, the Company declared and paid cash dividends to OneBeacon shareholders of \$60.0 million, or \$0.63 per common share, for each period.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The Company recorded the following changes to accumulated other comprehensive loss for net increases in net benefit plan assets and obligations during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Nine months ended September 30,	
(\$ in millions)	2015	2014
Net change in benefit plan assets and obligations	\$0.9	\$0.2
Income tax expense	(0.3)	(0.1)
Net change in benefit plan assets and obligations, net of tax	\$0.6	\$0.1

NOTE 15. Discontinued Operations

Runoff Business

As described in Note 1—"Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" and Note 2—"Acquisitions and Dispositions," on December 23, 2014, OneBeacon completed the sale of its Runoff Business to Armour. During the second quarter of 2015, the Company recorded the final settlement of certain post-closing items related to the Runoff Transaction, resulting in a positive adjustment to the loss on sale of \$0.3 million after-tax. Prior to the closing of the Runoff Transaction, Bedivere distributed ASIC, an indirect wholly owned insurance subsidiary of the Company, to its immediate parent, as well as cash and investments such that Bedivere contained the target capital on the date of sale pursuant to the stock purchase agreement. In conjunction with the Runoff Transaction, OneBeacon provided financing in the form of surplus notes having a par value of \$101.0 million, which had a fair value of \$64.9 million on the date of sale. These notes are included in other investments on OneBeacon's consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and had a fair value of \$58.0 million and \$65.1 million, respectively (see Note 5—"Investment Securities" for further disclosures regarding these surplus notes). The vast majority of the gross and net run-off unpaid loss and LAE reserves were included in the entities that were transferred to Armour. As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, gross loss and LAE reserves of \$20.8 million and \$23.8 million, respectively, related to the Runoff Business were ceded to Bedivere, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Armour, beginning December 23, 2014, by way of a 100% quota share agreement with ASIC.

Summary of Results of Operations

As described in Note 1—"Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" and Note 2—"Acquisitions and Dispositions," the results of operations for the Runoff Business have been classified as discontinued operations and are presented as such, net of related income taxes, in the statements of operations and comprehensive income and cash flows for all periods.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 15. Discontinued Operations

The following summarizes the results of operations, including related income taxes associated with the business classified as discontinued operations:

(\$ in millions)	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Net written premiums	\$—	\$0.1	\$—	\$(0.1)
Revenues				
Earned premiums	\$—	\$0.3	\$—	\$0.1
Other revenues (expenses)	(0.1)	) —	(0.4)	) —
Total revenues	(0.1)	) 0.3	(0.4)	) 0.1
Expenses				
Loss and loss adjustment expenses	—	—	—	(0.7)
Policy acquisition expenses	—	0.1	—	0.1
Other underwriting expenses	—	0.8	—	2.2
Total expenses	—	0.9	—	1.6
Pre-tax loss	(0.1)	) (0.6)	) (0.4)	) (1.5)
Income tax benefit	—	0.3	—	0.6
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(0.1)	) (0.3)	) (0.4)	) (0.9)
(Loss) gain from sale of discontinued operations, net of tax	—	(7.0)	) 0.3	(7.5)
Net loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$(0.1)	) \$(7.3)	) \$(0.1)	) \$(8.4)

The loss from discontinued operations, net of tax, of \$0.1 million and \$0.4 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, was the result of post-closing expenses incurred in connection with the Runoff Business. The loss from discontinued operations, net of tax, of \$0.3 million and \$0.9 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively, was a result of non-claims expenses related to the Runoff Business, including dedicated staff, and partially offset by favorable activity in loss and LAE.

The gain from sale of discontinued operations, net of tax, of \$0.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 represents a positive adjustment to the estimated loss on sale taking into consideration the final settlement of certain post-closing items.

The loss from sale of discontinued operations, net of tax, was \$7.0 million and \$7.5 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively. In the third quarter of 2014, the Company updated its estimated loss on sale to reflect the change in the valuation of the \$80.9 million face value of surplus notes expected to be issued in conjunction with the closing of the Runoff Transaction. The change in the valuation estimate resulted in an additional loss of \$10.3 million (\$7.0 million after-tax).

The nine months ended September 30, 2014 loss on sale of \$7.5 million included both the \$7.0 million from the third quarter, as well as the net effect of the following two items. First, the Company reduced its estimate of the fair value of the surplus notes expected to be issued at the closing of the Runoff Transaction based on the Company's internal valuation model which, as of June 30, 2014, was \$8.2 million pre-tax (\$5.3 million, after-tax) less than par value of the surplus notes, resulting in a corresponding increase to the estimated loss on sale. Second, the stock purchase agreement was revised during the second quarter of 2014 in part to increase the cap on seller financing, which resulted in the Company recording a \$7.4 million reserve charge (\$4.8 million after-tax) as a reduction to the estimated loss on sale of discontinued operations.

These changes along with certain other adjustments, resulted in a net increase in the estimated loss on sale at that time of \$11.5 million (\$7.5 million after-tax) during the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

OneBeacon made loss and LAE payments related to the Runoff Business of \$16.4 million and \$45.2 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively, and made no such payments after the transaction closed on December 23, 2014.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 15. Discontinued Operations

Loss per Share Related to Discontinued Operations

Basic loss per share amounts are based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding including unvested restricted shares that are considered participating securities. Diluted loss per share amounts are based on the weighted average number of common shares including unvested restricted shares.

The following table outlines the computation of loss per share for discontinued operations attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Loss attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders—basic and diluted (in millions):				
Net loss from discontinued operations attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders	\$(0.1)	) \$(7.3)	) \$(0.1)	) \$(8.4)
Allocation of loss for participating unvested restricted common shares	—	0.1	—	0.1
Net loss from discontinued operations attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders, net of restricted common share amounts	\$(0.1)	) \$(7.2)	) \$(0.1)	) \$(8.3)
Loss per share denominator—basic and diluted (in millions):				
Total weighted average common shares outstanding	95.3	95.3	95.3	95.3
Weighted average unvested restricted common shares ⁽¹⁾	(0.4)	) (0.6)	) (0.5)	) (0.7)
Basic and diluted loss per share denominator	94.9	94.7	94.8	94.6
Loss per share attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders—basic and diluted (in dollars):				
Loss from discontinued operations attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders per share	\$—	) \$(0.07)	) \$—	) \$(0.09)

(1) Restricted shares outstanding vest in equal installments upon a stated date or upon the occurrence of a specified event.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 16. Consolidating Financial Information

The Company has fully and unconditionally guaranteed the 2012 Senior Notes issued by its 100% owned subsidiary, OBH, as well as any draw made by OBH on the Credit Facility, which was undrawn as of September 30, 2015. The following tables present OneBeacon's consolidating balance sheets as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 and cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014. These financial statements reflect the Company's ("guarantor") financial position, results of operations and cash flows on a stand-alone basis, that of OBH ("the issuer") and of the Company's other entities ("non-guarantor subsidiaries") as well as the necessary consolidating adjustments to eliminate intercompany balances and transactions.

Consolidating Balance Sheet As of September 30, 2015 (in millions)	The Company (guarantor)	Non-guarantor subsidiaries	OBH (issuer)	Consolidating adjustments	Consolidated
Assets					
Investment Securities:					
Fixed maturity investments, at fair value	\$ —	\$ 2,054.0	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2,054.0
Short-term investments, at amortized cost (which approximates fair value)	1.8	98.5	—	—	100.3
Common equity securities, at fair value	—	284.4	—	—	284.4
Other investments	—	164.3	—	—	164.3
Total investment securities	1.8	2,601.2	—	—	2,603.0
Cash	—	96.5	0.2	—	96.7
Reinsurance recoverables	—	236.8	—	—	236.8
Premiums receivable	—	268.8	—	—	268.8
Funds held under reinsurance contracts	—	4.6	—	—	4.6
Deferred acquisition costs	—	104.5	—	—	104.5
Ceded unearned premiums	—	41.3	—	—	41.3
Net deferred tax asset	—	147.7	—	0.1	147.8
Investment income accrued	—	10.2	—	—	10.2
Accounts receivable on unsettled investment sales	—	5.7	—	—	5.7
Investments in subsidiaries	998.5	—	1,014.8	(2,013.3)	—
Other assets	0.5	185.4	2.5	—	188.4
Total assets	\$ 1,000.8	\$ 3,702.7	\$ 1,017.5	\$ (2,013.2)	\$ 3,707.8
Liabilities					
Unpaid loss and loss adjustment expense reserves	\$ —	\$ 1,427.4	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,427.4
Unearned premiums	—	625.7	—	—	625.7
Funds held under insurance contracts	—	100.3	—	—	100.3
Debt	—	—	274.8	—	274.8
Accounts payable on unsettled investment purchases	—	20.2	—	—	20.2
Other liabilities	0.4	245.8	9.3	—	255.5
Total liabilities	0.4	2,419.4	284.1	—	2,703.9
OneBeacon's common shareholders' equity and noncontrolling interests					
Total OneBeacon's common shareholders' equity	1,000.4	1,279.8	733.4	(2,013.2)	1,000.4
Total noncontrolling interests	—	3.5	—	—	3.5
	1,000.4	1,283.3	733.4	(2,013.2)	1,003.9

Total OneBeacon's common shareholders' equity
and noncontrolling interests

Total liabilities, OneBeacon's common shareholders' equity and noncontrolling interests	\$ 1,000.8	\$ 3,702.7	\$1,017.5	\$(2,013.2)	\$ 3,707.8
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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 16. Consolidating Financial Information

Consolidating Balance Sheet As of December 31, 2014 (in millions)	The Company (guarantor)	Non-guarantor subsidiaries	OBH (issuer)	Consolidating adjustments	Consolidated
Assets					
Investment Securities:					
Fixed maturity investments, at fair value	\$ —	\$ 1,799.8	\$—	\$ —	\$ 1,799.8
Short-term investments, at amortized cost (which approximates fair value)	18.4	182.5	1.3	—	202.2
Common equity securities, at fair value	—	320.0	—	—	320.0
Convertible fixed maturity investments, at fair value	—	5.0	—	—	5.0
Other investments	—	198.8	—	—	198.8
Total investment securities	18.4	2,506.1	1.3	—	2,525.8
Cash	—	87.0	—	—	87.0
Reinsurance recoverables	—	173.8	—	—	173.8
Premiums receivable	—	241.5	—	—	241.5
Funds held under reinsurance contracts	—	37.1	—	—	37.1
Deferred acquisition costs	—	103.2	—	—	103.2
Ceded unearned premiums	—	17.9	—	—	17.9
Net deferred tax asset	—	131.7	—	0.1	131.8
Investment income accrued	—	10.0	—	—	10.0
Accounts receivable on unsettled investment sales	—	7.2	—	—	7.2
Investments in subsidiaries	1,027.4	—	1,053.0	(2,080.4)	—
Other assets	0.3	180.1	4.4	—	184.8
Assets held for sale	—	58.1	—	—	58.1
Total assets	\$ 1,046.1	\$ 3,553.7	\$ 1,058.7	\$ (2,080.3)	\$ 3,578.2
Liabilities					
Unpaid loss and loss adjustment expense reserves	\$ —	\$ 1,342.2	\$—	\$ —	\$ 1,342.2
Unearned premiums	—	588.3	—	—	588.3
Funds held under insurance contracts	—	81.0	—	—	81.0
Debt	—	—	274.7	—	274.7
Accounts payable on unsettled investment purchases	—	0.5	—	—	0.5
Other liabilities	0.3	234.8	7.1	—	242.2
Total liabilities	0.3	2,246.8	281.8	—	2,528.9
OneBeacon's common shareholders' equity and noncontrolling interests					
Total OneBeacon's common shareholders' equity	1,045.8	1,303.4	776.9	(2,080.3)	1,045.8
Total noncontrolling interests	—	3.5	—	—	3.5
Total OneBeacon's common shareholders' equity and noncontrolling interests	1,045.8	1,306.9	776.9	(2,080.3)	1,049.3
Total liabilities, OneBeacon's common shareholders' equity and noncontrolling interests	\$ 1,046.1	\$ 3,553.7	\$ 1,058.7	\$ (2,080.3)	\$ 3,578.2

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 16. Consolidating Financial Information

Consolidating Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) Three months ended September 30, 2015 (in millions)	The Company (guarantor)	Non-guarantor subsidiaries	OBH (issuer)	Consolidating adjustments	Consolidated
Revenues					
Earned premiums	\$ —	\$ 281.4	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 281.4
Net investment income	—	12.4	—	—	12.4
Net realized and change in unrealized investment gains	—	(29.9)	—	—	(29.9)
Net other revenues	—	3.9	—	—	3.9
Total revenues	—	267.8	—	—	267.8
Expenses					
Loss and loss adjustment expenses	—	167.5	—	—	167.5
Policy acquisition expenses	—	53.8	—	—	53.8
Other underwriting expenses	—	56.4	—	—	56.4
General and administrative expenses	0.9	2.7	0.1	—	3.7
Interest expense	—	—	3.2	—	3.2
Total expenses	0.9	280.4	3.3	—	284.6
Pre-tax loss from continuing operations	(0.9)	(12.6)	(3.3)	—	(16.8)
Income tax (expense) benefit	—	4.1	(0.6)	—	3.5
Net loss from continuing operations	(0.9)	(8.5)	(3.9)	—	(13.3)
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	—	(0.1)	—	—	(0.1)
Loss before equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates	(0.9)	(8.6)	(3.9)	—	(13.4)
Equity in losses of subsidiaries, net of tax	(12.5)	—	(7.7)	20.2	—
Net loss including noncontrolling interests	(13.4)	(8.6)	(11.6)	20.2	(13.4)
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—
Net loss attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders	(13.4)	(8.6)	(11.6)	20.2	(13.4)
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	0.2	—	0.2	(0.2)	0.2
Comprehensive loss attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders	\$ (13.2)	\$ (8.6)	\$ (11.4)	\$ 20.0	\$ (13.2)

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 16. Consolidating Financial Information

Consolidating Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) Three months ended September 30, 2014 (in millions)	The Company (guarantor)	Non-guarantor subsidiaries	OBH (issuer)	Consolidating adjustments	Consolidated
Revenues					
Earned premiums	\$ —	\$ 305.4	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 305.4
Net investment income	—	11.1	—	(0.3)	10.8
Net realized and change in unrealized investment gains	—	(16.3)	—	0.3	(16.0)
Net other revenues	—	1.3	—	—	1.3
Total revenues	—	301.5	—	—	301.5
Expenses					
Loss and loss adjustment expenses	—	185.2	—	—	185.2
Policy acquisition expenses	—	54.6	—	—	54.6
Other underwriting expenses	—	51.2	—	—	51.2
General and administrative expenses	0.5	1.9	—	—	2.4
Interest expense	—	—	3.5	(0.3)	3.2
Total expenses	0.5	292.9	3.5	(0.3)	296.6
Pre-tax income (loss) from continuing operations	(0.5)	8.6	(3.5)	0.3	4.9
Income tax benefit	—	1.0	0.3	(0.2)	1.1
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	(0.5)	9.6	(3.2)	0.1	6.0
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	—	(0.3)	—	—	(0.3)
Loss from sale of discontinued operations, net of tax	—	(7.0)	—	—	(7.0)
Net income (loss) before equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates	(0.5)	2.3	(3.2)	0.1	(1.3)
Equity in losses of subsidiaries, net of tax	(0.8)	—	(3.6)	4.4	—
Net income (loss) including noncontrolling interests	(1.3)	2.3	(6.8)	4.5	(1.3)
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—
Net income (loss) attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders	(1.3)	2.3	(6.8)	4.5	(1.3)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	—	—	—	—	—
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders	\$ (1.3)	\$ 2.3	\$ (6.8)	\$ 4.5	\$ (1.3)

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 16. Consolidating Financial Information

Consolidating Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) Nine months ended September 30, 2015 (in millions)	The Company (guarantor)	Non-guarantor subsidiaries	OBH (issuer)	Consolidating adjustments	Consolidated
Revenues					
Earned premiums	\$ —	\$ 887.3	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 887.3
Net investment income	—	33.0	—	—	33.0
Net realized and change in unrealized investment gains	—	(29.7)	—	—	(29.7)
Net other revenues (expenses)	—	(0.4)	—	—	(0.4)
Total revenues	—	890.2	—	—	890.2
Expenses					
Loss and loss adjustment expenses	—	527.9	—	—	527.9
Policy acquisition expenses	—	161.2	—	—	161.2
Other underwriting expenses	—	165.2	—	—	165.2
General and administrative expenses	3.5	8.3	0.2	—	12.0
Interest expense	—	—	9.7	—	9.7
Total expenses	3.5	862.6	9.9	—	876.0
Pre-tax income (loss) from continuing operations	(3.5)	27.6	(9.9)	—	14.2
Income tax (expense) benefit	—	(0.8)	1.8	—	1.0
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	(3.5)	26.8	(8.1)	—	15.2
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	—	(0.4)	—	—	(0.4)
Gain from sale of discontinued operations, net of tax	—	0.3	—	—	0.3
Income (loss) before equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates	(3.5)	26.7	(8.1)	—	15.1
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries, net of tax	17.6	—	5.2	(22.8)	—
Net income (loss) including noncontrolling interests	14.1	26.7	(2.9)	(22.8)	15.1
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	(1.0)	—	—	(1.0)
Net income (loss) attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders	14.1	25.7	(2.9)	(22.8)	14.1
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	0.6	—	0.6	(0.6)	0.6
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders	\$ 14.7	\$ 25.7	\$(2.3)	\$(23.4)	\$ 14.7

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 16. Consolidating Financial Information

Consolidating Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income Nine months ended September 30, 2014 (in millions)	The Company (guarantor)	Non-guarantor subsidiaries	OBH (issuer)	Consolidating adjustments	Consolidated	
Revenues						
Earned premiums	\$ —	\$ 872.8	\$—	\$—	\$ 872.8	
Net investment income	—	34.2	0.1	(0.9	) 33.4	
Net realized and change in unrealized investment gains	—	25.8	—	(1.0	) 24.8	
Net other revenues	—	3.3	—	—	3.3	
Total revenues	—	936.1	0.1	(1.9	) 934.3	
Expenses						
Loss and loss adjustment expenses	—	520.7	—	—	520.7	
Policy acquisition expenses	—	150.9	—	—	150.9	
Other underwriting expenses	—	152.3	—	—	152.3	
General and administrative expenses	4.0	5.1	0.2	—	9.3	
Interest expense	—	—	10.6	(0.9	) 9.7	
Total expenses	4.0	829.0	10.8	(0.9	) 842.9	
Pre-tax income (loss) from continuing operations	(4.0	) 107.1	(10.7	) (1.0	) 91.4	
Income tax (expense) benefit	—	(15.7	) 3.5	0.3	(11.9	)
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	(4.0	) 91.4	(7.2	) (0.7	) 79.5	
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	—	(0.9	) —	—	(0.9	)
Loss from sale of discontinued operations, net of tax	—	(7.5	) —	—	(7.5	)
Net income (loss) before equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates	(4.0	) 83.0	(7.2	) (0.7	) 71.1	
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries, net of tax	74.2	—	49.3	(123.5	) —	
Net income including noncontrolling interests	70.2	83.0	42.1	(124.2	) 71.1	
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	(0.9	) —	—	(0.9	)
Net income attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders	70.2	82.1	42.1	(124.2	) 70.2	
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	0.1	—	0.1	(0.1	) 0.1	
Comprehensive income attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders	\$ 70.3	\$ 82.1	\$ 42.2	\$ (124.3	) \$ 70.3	

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 16. Consolidating Financial Information

Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows Nine months ended September 30, 2015 (in millions)	The Company (guarantor)	Non-guarantor subsidiaries	OBH (issuer)	Consolidating adjustments	Consolidated
Cash flows from operations:					
Net income (loss) including noncontrolling interests	\$ 14.1	\$ 26.7	\$(2.9)	\$(22.8)	\$ 15.1
Charges (credits) to reconcile net income to cash flows provided from (used for) operations:					
Undistributed losses from subsidiaries	(17.6)	—	(5.2)	22.8	—
Net loss from discontinued operations	—	0.4	—	—	0.4
Net gain from sale of discontinued operations	—	(0.3)	—	—	(0.3)
Net realized and change in unrealized investment gains	—	29.7	—	—	29.7
Net adjustment to gain on sale of business	—	3.7	—	—	3.7
Deferred income tax benefit	—	(14.2)	—	—	(14.2)
Dividends received from subsidiaries	47.0	39.9	44.9	(131.8)	—
Other operating items:					
Net change in loss and LAE reserves	—	85.2	—	—	85.2
Net change in unearned premiums	—	37.4	—	—	37.4
Net change in ceded unearned premiums	—	(23.4)	—	—	(23.4)
Net change in premiums receivable	—	(27.3)	—	—	(27.3)
Net change in reinsurance recoverables on paid and unpaid losses	—	(63.0)	—	—	(63.0)
Net change in funds held under reinsurance contracts	—	32.5	—	—	32.5
Net change in funds held under insurance contracts	—	19.3	—	—	19.3
Net change in other assets and liabilities	1.7	23.0	7.0	—	31.7
Net cash provided from operations—continuing operations	45.2	169.6	43.8	(131.8)	126.8
Net cash used for operations—discontinued operations	—	(0.4)	—	—	(0.4)
Net cash provided from operations	45.2	169.2	43.8	(131.8)	126.4
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Net maturities, purchases and sales of short-term investments	16.6	86.6	(1.3)	—	101.9
Maturities of fixed maturity investments	—	196.8	—	—	196.8
Sales of fixed maturity investments	—	422.2	29.7	59.3	511.2
Sales of common equity securities	—	294.4	—	—	294.4
Sales of convertible fixed maturity investments	—	6.1	—	—	6.1
Return of capital and distributions of other investments	—	24.4	—	—	24.4
Purchases of fixed maturity investments	—	(882.4)	(29.9)	(59.3)	(971.6)
Purchases of common equity securities	—	(278.2)	—	—	(278.2)
Purchases of convertible fixed maturity investments	—	(0.8)	—	—	(0.8)

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Contributions for other investments	—	(2.8	)	—	—	(2.8	)	
Net change in unsettled investment purchases and sales	—	21.3		—	—	21.3		
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	—	56.8		—	—	56.8		
Net acquisitions of property and equipment	—	(10.9	)	—	—	(10.9	)	
Capital contribution from parent	—	2.2		—	(2.2	)	—	
Net cash provided from (used for) investing activities	16.6	(64.3	)	(1.5	)	(2.2	) (51.4	)
Cash flows from financing activities:								
Cash dividends paid to common shareholders	(60.0	)	—	—	—	(60.0	)	
Cash dividends paid to parent	—	(91.9	)	(39.9	)	131.8	—	
Capital contribution to subsidiary	—	—		(2.2	)	2.2	—	
Repurchases and retirements of common stock	(1.8	)	—	—	—	(1.8	)	
Payments on capital lease obligation	—	(3.5	)	—	—	(3.5	)	
Net cash used for financing activities	(61.8	)	(95.4	)	(42.1	)	134.0 (65.3	)
Net increase in cash during period	—	9.5		0.2	—	9.7		
Cash balance at beginning of period	—	87.0		—	—	87.0		
Cash balance at end of period	\$—	\$ 96.5		\$0.2	\$—	\$ 96.7		

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 16. Consolidating Financial Information

Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows Nine months ended September 30, 2014 (in millions)	The Company (guarantor)	Non-guarantor subsidiaries	OBH (issuer)	Consolidating adjustments	Consolidated
Cash flows from operations:					
Net income including noncontrolling interests	\$70.2	\$ 83.0	\$42.1	\$(124.2)	\$ 71.1
Charges (credits) to reconcile net income to cash flows provided from (used for) operations:					
Undistributed earnings from subsidiaries	(74.2)	—	(49.3)	123.5	—
Net loss from discontinued operations	—	0.9	—	—	0.9
Net loss from sale of discontinued operations	—	7.5	—	—	7.5
Net realized and change in unrealized investment gains	—	(25.8)	—	1.0	(24.8)
Deferred income tax expense	—	9.0	—	(0.4)	8.6
Dividends received from subsidiaries	60.4	—	5.0	(65.4)	—
Other operating items:					
Net change in loss and LAE reserves	—	105.3	—	—	105.3
Net change in unearned premiums	—	80.3	—	—	80.3
Net change in ceded unearned premiums	—	(0.4)	—	—	(0.4)
Net change in premiums receivable	—	(55.5)	—	—	(55.5)
Net change in reinsurance recoverables on paid and unpaid losses	—	(24.2)	—	—	(24.2)
Net change in funds held under reinsurance contracts	—	(33.3)	—	—	(33.3)
Net change in funds held under insurance contracts	—	13.5	—	—	13.5
Net change in other assets and liabilities	2.7	(7.7)	2.8	0.1	(2.1)
Net cash provided from operations—continuing operations	59.1	152.6	0.6	(65.4)	146.9
Net cash used for operations—discontinued operations	—	(44.8)	—	—	(44.8)
Net cash provided from operations	59.1	107.8	0.6	(65.4)	102.1
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Net maturities, purchases and sales of short-term investments	2.7	(84.9)	0.7	—	(81.5)
Maturities of fixed maturity investments	—	202.6	—	—	202.6
Sales of fixed maturity investments	—	1,450.0	9.6	—	1,459.6
Sales of common equity securities	—	97.5	—	—	97.5
Sales of convertible fixed maturity investments	—	20.6	—	—	20.6
Return of capital and distributions of other investments	—	11.1	—	—	11.1
Purchases of fixed maturity investments	—	(1,628.8)	(12.4)	—	(1,641.2)
Purchases of common equity securities	—	(63.0)	—	—	(63.0)
Purchases of convertible fixed maturity investments	—	(11.3)	—	—	(11.3)
Contributions for other investments	—	(3.6)	—	—	(3.6)
	—	(6.8)	—	—	(6.8)

Net change in unsettled investment purchases and sales

Net acquisitions of property and equipment	—	(0.9	)	—	—	(0.9	)	
Net cash provided from (used for) investing activities	2.7	(17.5	)	(2.1	)	—	(16.9	)
Cash flows from financing activities:								
Cash dividends paid to common shareholders	(60.0	)	—	—	—	(60.0	)	
Cash dividends paid to parent	—	(65.4	)	—	65.4	—		
Repurchases and retirements of common stock	(1.8	)	—	—	—	(1.8	)	
Payments on capital lease obligation	—	(4.0	)	—	—	(4.0	)	
Net cash used for financing activities	(61.8	)	(69.4	)	—	65.4	(65.8	)
Net increase (decrease) in cash during period	—	20.9		(1.5	)	—	19.4	
Cash balance at beginning of period	—	166.6		1.5		—	168.1	
Cash balance at end of period	\$—	\$ 187.5		\$—		\$—	\$ 187.5	

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ITEM MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF
2. OPERATIONS

The following discussion contains "forward-looking statements." Statements that are not historical in nature are forward-looking statements. OneBeacon cannot promise that its expectations in such forward-looking statements will turn out to be correct. OneBeacon's actual results could be materially different from and worse than its expectations. See "Forward-Looking Statements" on page 67 for specific important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in forward-looking statements.

Overview—Three months ended September 30, 2015 versus three months ended September 30, 2014

We ended the third quarter of 2015 with a book value per share of \$10.50, reflecting a 1.3% decrease, including a quarterly dividend of \$0.21 per share, for the three months ended September 30, 2015.

Net loss attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders was \$13.4 million for the third quarter of 2015, compared to net loss of \$1.3 million for the third quarter of 2014. Pre-tax underwriting income was \$3.7 million for the third quarter of 2015, reflecting a combined ratio of 98.8%, compared to pre-tax underwriting income of \$14.4 million for the third quarter of 2014, reflecting a combined ratio of 95.3%. The decrease in pre-tax underwriting results were driven by Entertainment, Programs, the ocean marine business within IMU, and Healthcare and somewhat offset by Other Professional Lines. The individual components of the combined ratio were impacted by the 100% quota share with AmTrust Financial Services, Inc. (AmTrust), described below, but in total, the Crop underwriting operating segment (including losses and direct expenses) had essentially no effect on the combined ratio. Pre-tax net investment return was negative \$17.5 million for the third quarter of 2015, representing a negative 0.6% total return on average invested assets, driven primarily by lower net realized and change in unrealized gains in our common equity securities portfolio in light of a down equity market, compared to negative \$5.2 million for the third quarter of 2014, representing a negative 0.1% total return on average invested assets.

On July 31, 2015, the Company exited its multiple peril crop insurance (MPCI) business and its related crop-hail business (collectively, "Crop Business") due to the sale of Climate Crop Insurance Agency (CCIA), a managing general agency which had an exclusive agreement with the Company, to an affiliate of AmTrust. As a result of the sale, OneBeacon and CCIA agreed to an early termination of the existing P5Y year agreement. In connection with the termination of the agreement, OneBeacon received a payment of \$3.0 million (pre-tax) recorded in other revenues (Crop Transaction Fee). Also related to the sale, OneBeacon has withdrawn its 2016 Plan of Operations, which previously authorized it to write MPCI for the 2016 Reinsurance Year, and affiliates of AmTrust agreed to reinsure the Company's remaining net Crop Business exposure for the 2015 Reinsurance Year under a related 100% quota share reinsurance agreement which, coupled with other transfer and assignment agreements as well as communications with policyholders and agents, had the effect of assumption reinsurance. As a result of this transaction, we have no material net exposure related to the Crop Business.

During the three months ended September 30, 2015, the Company recorded ceded written premiums of \$35.9 million, ceded earned premiums of \$16.8 million, ceded loss and loss adjustment expenses of \$15.1 million, and ceded insurance acquisition expenses of \$2.8 million as a result of this transaction. Amounts due from AmTrust as of September 30, 2015 include \$30.6 million in reinsurance recoverable on paid and unpaid losses, ceded unearned premiums of \$11.4 million and \$17.2 million in other assets.

Overview—Nine months ended September 30, 2015 versus nine months ended September 30, 2014

We ended the first nine months of 2015 with a book value per share of \$10.50, reflecting a 1.5% increase on an internal rate of return basis, including a quarterly dividend of \$0.21 per share, for the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

Net income attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders was \$14.1 million for the first nine months of 2015, compared to \$70.2 million for the first nine months of 2014. Pre-tax underwriting income was \$33.0 million for the first nine months of 2015, reflecting a combined ratio of 96.3%, compared to pre-tax underwriting income of \$48.9 million for the first nine months of 2014, reflecting a combined ratio of 94.4%. The decrease in pre-tax underwriting results was driven by IMU due to an increase in losses in the current period compared to favorable results in the prior year period. Pre-tax net investment results were \$3.3 million for the first nine months of 2015, representing a 0.3% total return on average invested assets, compared to \$58.2 million for the first nine months of 2014, representing a

2.4% total return on average invested assets, driven primarily by the common equity securities portfolio due to lower equity market performance.

Our net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 included a \$3.7 million negative pre-tax adjustment to the gain on the 2013 sale of Essentia Insurance Company (Essentia) in connection with an assessment from the Michigan Catastrophic Claims Association (MCCA) paid to Markel Corporation pursuant to the indemnification provisions in the stock purchase agreement governing the sale of Essentia, as well as the benefit of the \$3.0 million (pre-tax) Crop Transaction Fee.

In the comparative prior year period, our net income included a \$5.0 million tax benefit resulting from the settlement of an IRS examination for tax years 2005 and 2006.

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Book Value Per Share

The following table presents our book value per share:

(in millions except per share amounts)	September 30, 2015	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Numerator			
OneBeacon's common shareholders' equity	\$ 1,000.4	\$ 1,033.2	\$ 1,045.8
Denominator			
Common shares outstanding ⁽¹⁾	95.3	95.3	95.3
Book value per share ⁽¹⁾	\$ 10.50	\$ 10.85	\$ 10.97
Dividends paid per share, year-to-date	\$ 0.63	\$ 0.42	\$ 0.84

⁽¹⁾ Common shares outstanding includes unvested restricted shares.

Results of Operations

Review of Consolidated Results

A summary of our consolidated financial results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 is as follows:

(\$ in millions)	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Net written premiums	\$ 292.9	\$ 345.6	\$ 901.2	\$ 952.6
Revenues				
Earned premiums	\$ 281.4	\$ 305.4	\$ 887.3	\$ 872.8
Net investment income	12.4	10.8	33.0	33.4
Net realized and change in unrealized investment gains	(29.9)	(16.0)	(29.7)	24.8
Net other revenues (expenses)	3.9	1.3	(0.4)	3.3
Total revenues	267.8	301.5	890.2	934.3
Expenses				
Loss and loss adjustment expense (LAE)	167.5	185.2	527.9	520.7
Policy acquisition expenses	53.8	54.6	161.2	150.9
Other underwriting expenses	56.4	51.2	165.2	152.3
General and administrative expenses	3.7	2.4	12.0	9.3
Interest expense	3.2	3.2	9.7	9.7
Total expenses	284.6	296.6	876.0	842.9
Pre-tax income (loss) from continuing operations	(16.8)	4.9	14.2	91.4
Income tax (expense) benefit	3.5	1.1	1.0	(11.9)
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	(13.3)	6.0	15.2	79.5
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(0.1)	(0.3)	(0.4)	(0.9)
(Loss) gain from sale of discontinued operations, net of tax	—	(7.0)	0.3	(7.5)
Net income (loss) including noncontrolling interests	(13.4)	(1.3)	15.1	71.1
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	—	—	(1.0)	(0.9)
Net income (loss) attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders	(13.4)	(1.3)	14.1	70.2
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	0.2	—	0.6	0.1
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders	\$(13.2)	\$(1.3)	\$ 14.7	\$ 70.3

A summary of our consolidated underwriting income and pre-tax income from continuing operations is as follows:

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	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
(\$ in millions)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Earned premiums	\$281.4	\$305.4	\$887.3	\$872.8
Loss and LAE	(167.5)	(185.2)	(527.9)	(520.7)
Policy acquisition expenses	(53.8)	(54.6)	(161.2)	(150.9)
Other underwriting expenses	(56.4)	(51.2)	(165.2)	(152.3)
Pre-tax underwriting income	3.7	14.4	33.0	48.9
Net investment income	12.4	10.8	33.0	33.4
Net realized and change in unrealized investment gains	(29.9)	(16.0)	(29.7)	24.8
Net other revenues (expenses)	3.9	1.3	(0.4)	3.3
General and administrative expenses	(3.7)	(2.4)	(12.0)	(9.3)
Interest expense	(3.2)	(3.2)	(9.7)	(9.7)
Pre-tax income (loss) from continuing operations	\$(16.8)	\$4.9	\$14.2	\$91.4

The following table provides our consolidated underwriting ratios for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Underwriting ratios:				
Loss and LAE	59.5	% 60.6	% 59.5	% 59.7
Expense	39.3	34.7	36.8	34.7
Total combined ratio	98.8	% 95.3	% 96.3	% 94.4

The impact of certain items to our underwriting ratios was as follows:

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
(Favorable) unfavorable impact				
Point impact on loss and LAE ratio and combined ratio:				
Catastrophe losses, net of reinsurance	1.1 pts	1.6 pts	1.6 pts	1.4 pts
Prior year loss reserve development	—	2.4 pts	(0.2) pts	1.7 pts

Consolidated Results—Three months ended September 30, 2015 versus three months ended September 30, 2014

Our comprehensive loss attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders was \$13.2 million for the third quarter of 2015 compared to a comprehensive loss of \$1.3 million for the third quarter of 2014, with the change driven primarily by a \$12.3 million decrease in pre-tax investment results driven primarily by lower net realized and change in unrealized gains in our common equity securities portfolio in light of a down equity market, and to a lesser extent, the other investment portfolio. Additionally, pre-tax underwriting results decreased \$10.7 million driven by the factors discussed below in "Underwriting Results."

Our total revenues of \$267.8 million for the third quarter of 2015 decreased \$33.7 million from \$301.5 million for the 2014 period, due to a decrease in net earned premiums of \$24.0 million, or 7.9%, primarily from the impact of Crop and other exited businesses, and the \$12.3 million decrease in pre-tax investment results. Total expenses decreased to \$284.6 million for the third quarter of 2015 from \$296.6 million for the comparative 2014 period driven by the impact of Crop and the factors discussed below in "Underwriting Results."

Written Premiums

Consolidated net written premiums were \$292.9 million in the third quarter of 2015, a decrease of 15.2% from the comparative prior year period. The decrease of 15.2% was driven by a \$32.8 million negative premium impact of the Crop business and a \$20.4 million decrease at our Healthcare business, as well as a \$6.3 million decrease in Other Professional Lines. These decreases were partially offset by increases primarily at our newer Programs and Surety businesses of \$10.2 million, in total.

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Underwriting Results

Our pre-tax underwriting income was \$3.7 million for the third quarter of 2015, compared to pre-tax underwriting income of \$14.4 million for the third quarter of 2014.

Our combined ratio for the third quarter of 2015 of 98.8% reflected a 59.5% loss and LAE ratio and a 39.3% expense ratio, which compared to a combined ratio for the third quarter of 2014 of 95.3%, consisting of a 60.6% loss and LAE ratio and a 34.7% expense ratio.

The 1.1 point decrease in the loss and LAE ratio was favorably impacted by Crop, which had an unfavorable impact on the prior period ratio and a favorable impact on the current period ratio which, along with a favorable change in prior accident year losses of 2.4 points and 0.5 points from catastrophe losses, both described in further detail below, was more than off-set by an increase in current accident year non-catastrophe losses compared to the prior year period. The current accident year non-catastrophe loss ratio for the third quarter of 2015 of 58.4%, compared to 56.6% for the 2014 period was favorably impacted by Crop but more than off-set by an unfavorable variance driven by an increase in the frequency of small to medium losses in our ocean marine business within IMU and an increased loss provision in our newer Programs business.

For the third quarter of 2015 favorable development from several businesses, most notably Technology, Specialty Property and Collector Cars and Boats was offset by unfavorable development primarily due to an increase in large and small claims in Entertainment, and to a lesser extent, unusually heavy activity of both large and small claims in the ocean marine business within IMU, and also Programs. The \$7.3 million, or 2.4 points, of net unfavorable loss reserve development for the third quarter of 2014, was driven by unfavorable development in our Other Professional Lines and, to a lesser extent, Management Liability. This unfavorable development for the third quarter of 2014 was partially offset by favorable development primarily in Healthcare.

Catastrophe losses were \$3.1 million, or 1.1 points, for the third quarter of 2015, primarily resulting from wind and thunderstorms in the southern United States, particularly Texas, compared to \$4.9 million, or 1.6 points, for the third quarter of 2014, primarily related to wind and thunderstorms in the central and eastern United States.

The expense ratio increased 4.6 points to 39.3% for the third quarter of 2015, compared to 34.7% for the third quarter of 2014, driven by the impact of the Crop business, with the remaining change primarily due to increased acquisition costs resulting from a change in the mix of business, higher compensation and benefit expenses relative to the prior year period (which included downward incentive adjustments), along with an unfavorable impact to the current year period resulting from benefit plan-related investment performance.

Investments

Net investment income increased to \$12.4 million for the third quarter of 2015, compared to \$10.8 million for the third quarter of 2014. Net realized and change in unrealized investment gains of negative \$29.9 million compared to negative \$16.0 million in the third quarter of 2014, were driven primarily by the common equity securities portfolio in light of a down equity market, and to a lesser extent, the other investment portfolio driven primarily by an \$8.4 million negative valuation adjustment on the surplus notes held resulting from the Runoff Transaction.

Other Revenues (Expenses)

The \$2.6 million favorable change in other revenues (expenses) compared to the third quarter of 2014, was driven the \$3.0 million (pre-tax) Crop Transaction Fee.

Income Taxes

Our income tax benefit (expense) related to pre-tax income from continuing operations for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 represented net effective tax rates of 20.8% and (22.4)%, respectively. The effective tax rates for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, were lower than the U.S. statutory rate of 35% due to income generated in jurisdictions other than the United States, principally representing interest income and underwriting income taxed in a jurisdiction with a lower effective tax rate. The effective tax rate on non-U.S. income for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 was 2.9% and 1.7%, respectively.

Reinsurance Protection

We purchase reinsurance in order to minimize loss from large risks or catastrophic events. We also purchase individual property reinsurance coverage for certain risks to reduce large loss volatility through property-per-risk excess of loss reinsurance programs and individual risk facultative reinsurance. We also maintain excess of loss

casualty reinsurance programs that provide protection for individual risk or catastrophe losses involving workers' compensation, general liability, automobile liability, professional liability or umbrella liability. The availability and cost of reinsurance protection is subject to

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market conditions, which are outside of our control. Limiting our risk of loss through reinsurance arrangements serves to mitigate the impact of large losses; however, the cost of this protection in an individual period may exceed the benefit.

For the three months ended September 30, 2015, our net combined ratio was lower than our gross combined ratio by 6.8 points as a result of the impact in the quarter of entering into the 100% quota share reinsurance agreements related to the Crop business. For the three months ended September 30, 2014, our net combined ratio was higher than our gross combined ratio by 0.3 points as a result of the cost of the reinsurance programs more than offsetting the benefits from ceded losses.

Consolidated Results—Nine months ended September 30, 2015 versus nine months ended September 30, 2014
Our comprehensive income attributable to OneBeacon's common shareholders of \$14.7 million for the first nine months of 2015 compared to \$70.3 million for the first nine months of 2014, with the change driven primarily by a \$54.9 million decrease in pre-tax investment results driven primarily by the common equity securities portfolio due to lower equity market performance, and to a lesser extent, the other investment and fixed maturity investment portfolios.

Our total revenues of \$890.2 million for the first nine months of 2015 decreased \$44.1 million from \$934.3 million for the comparative 2014 period, due primarily to the decreased pre-tax investment results and an unfavorable change in other revenues (expenses) of \$3.7 million, driven by the factors discussed below in "Other Revenues (Expenses)." These decreases were partially offset by an increase in earned premiums of \$14.5 million, or 1.7%, driven primarily by increased earned premiums in our newer Programs and Surety businesses, and partially offset by the impact of the Crop business. Total expenses increased to \$876.0 million for the first nine months of 2015 from \$842.9 million for the comparative 2014 period, driven by factors discussed below in "Underwriting Results."

Written Premiums

Consolidated net written premiums were \$901.2 million in the first nine months of 2015, a decrease of 5.4% from the comparative prior year period. The 5.4% decrease was driven by the impact of the Crop business (\$36.8 million), a decrease at Other Professional Lines (\$29.0 million) primarily resulting from the exit from our lawyers liability business, a decrease at our Healthcare business (\$25.5 million), and the termination of an affiliated reinsurance treaty (\$15.5 million). These decreases were partially offset by increases at our newer Programs and Surety businesses of \$54.1 million, in total.

Underwriting Results

Our pre-tax underwriting income was \$33.0 million for the first nine months of 2015, compared to pre-tax underwriting income of \$48.9 million for the first nine months of 2014.

Our combined ratio for the first nine months of 2015 of 96.3% reflected a 59.5% loss and LAE ratio and a 36.8% expense ratio, which compared to a combined ratio for the first nine months of 2014 of 94.4%, consisting of a 59.7% loss and LAE ratio and a 34.7% expense ratio.

The 0.2 point decrease in the loss and LAE ratio was comprised of a 1.9 point favorable change in prior accident year development mostly offset by a 1.5 point increase in current accident year non-catastrophe losses and a 0.2 point increase in catastrophe losses.

Current accident year non-catastrophe losses for the first nine months of 2015 were \$515.4 million, reflecting a 58.1% loss and LAE ratio, compared to \$494.5 million, reflecting a 56.6% loss and LAE ratio, for the 2014 period, as an increase in that provision for the first nine months of 2015 more than offset the impact of a large loss in Specialty Property in the first nine months of 2014.

Net favorable prior year loss and LAE reserve development was \$1.8 million, or 0.2 points, for the first nine months of 2015 primarily attributable to favorable development from Technology, and to a lesser extent, from Specialty Property, Crop, Surety, Collector Cars and Boats and Government Risks. This favorable development was mostly offset by unfavorable development due to several large losses and small to mid-sized claims in Entertainment, and to a lesser extent, losses in the Company's inland marine business within IMU as well as Tuition Reimbursement and Programs. This compared to \$14.3 million or 1.7 points, of net unfavorable loss reserve development for the first nine months of 2014, primarily attributable to Other Professional Lines, Management Liability, and to a lesser extent, the Accident business and the inland marine business in the IMU underwriting operating segment. This unfavorable

development during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 was partially offset by favorable development in Healthcare, Specialty Property, and the ocean marine business in the IMU underwriting operating segment. Catastrophe losses were \$14.3 million, or 1.6 points, for the first nine months of 2015, primarily resulting from wind and thunderstorms in the southern United States, particularly Texas, and winter storms in the northeastern United States, compared to \$11.9 million, or 1.4 points, for the first nine months of 2014, primarily resulting from wind and thunderstorms in the central and eastern United States, as well as ice and snow storms in the midwestern and northeastern United States.

The expense ratio increased 2.1 points to 36.8% for the first nine months of 2015, compared to the first nine months of 2014, driven by the impact of the Crop business, with the remaining change primarily due to the prior year benefiting from a

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transition services agreement with the buyer of our legacy personal lines business, which was terminated on June 30, 2014, separation costs associated with senior management restructuring incurred in the current year, and increased acquisition costs resulting from a change in the mix of business. These increased expenses were partially offset by lower incentive compensation expense.

Investments

Net investment income decreased slightly to \$33.0 million for the first nine months of 2015, compared to \$33.4 million for the first nine months of 2014. Net realized and change in unrealized investment gains decreased to negative \$29.7 million, compared to positive \$24.8 million in the first nine months of 2014, driven primarily by the common equity securities portfolio due to lower equity market performance, and to a lesser extent, the other investments portfolio driven by a negative valuation adjustment on the surplus notes held resulting from the Runoff Transaction, as well as the fixed maturity investments portfolio driven by interest rate movements.

Other Revenues (Expenses)

The \$3.7 million unfavorable change in other revenues (expenses) for the first nine months of 2015, compared to the first nine months of 2014, was driven by the \$3.7 million negative adjustment to the pre-tax gain on the sale of Essentia in connection with the assessment from the MCCA payable to Markel Corporation pursuant to the indemnification provisions in the stock purchase agreement governing the sale of Essentia. Also included in other revenues (expenses) were a \$1.6 million pre-tax write-off of certain capitalized software in the first nine months of 2015, \$4.3 million in Federal excise taxes incurred in the 2015 period compared to none in the prior year period, as these taxes were recorded as part of underwriting expenses in that period, as well as an additional loss on the sale of real estate of \$1.2 million in the current year. These unfavorable changes were partially offset by the \$3.0 million (pre-tax) Crop Transaction Fee.

Income Taxes

Our income tax benefit (expense) related to pre-tax income from continuing operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 represented net effective tax rates of (7.0)% and 13.0%, respectively. The effective tax rates for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, were lower than the U.S. statutory rate of 35% due to income generated in jurisdictions other than the United States, principally representing interest income and underwriting income taxed in a jurisdiction with a lower effective tax rate and, for the 2014 period, a \$5.0 million favorable settlement of the 2005-2006 IRS exam. The effective tax rate on non-U.S. income for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 was 1.7% and 1.3%, respectively.

Reinsurance Protection

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, our net combined ratio was higher than our gross combined ratio by 0.7 points and 2.8 points, respectively, as a result of the cost of the reinsurance programs more than offsetting the benefits from ceded losses.

Summary of Operations By Segment

Our reportable segments are Specialty Products, Specialty Industries, and Investing, Financing and Corporate. The Specialty Products segment is comprised of nine active underwriting operating segments, representing an aggregation based on those that offer distinct products and tailored coverages and services to a broad customer base across the United States. During the first quarter of 2015, the Company restructured its former Professional Insurance underwriting operating segment into four separate underwriting operating segments: Healthcare, Management Liability, Financial Services and Other Professional Lines. Additionally, Specialty Products includes the Specialty Property, Environmental, Tuition Reimbursement, Programs, and Surety underwriting operating segments, as well as Crop which was exited in the third quarter of 2015.

The Specialty Industries segment is comprised of five active underwriting operating segments, representing an aggregation based on those that focus on solving the unique needs of a particular customer or industry group. The Specialty Industries segment includes the International Marine Underwriters, Technology, Accident, Government Risks, and Entertainment underwriting operating segments.

The Investing, Financing and Corporate segment includes the investing and financing activities for OneBeacon on a consolidated basis, and certain other activities conducted through the Company and our intermediate subsidiaries.

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Specialty Products

Financial results for our Specialty Products reportable segment for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

(\$ in millions)	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Net written premiums	\$133.7	\$188.3	\$427.0	\$488.6
Earned premiums	\$122.9	\$151.7	\$425.5	\$433.0
Loss and LAE	(64.9)	(98.2)	(238.6)	(277.5)
Policy acquisition expenses	(25.5)	(26.6)	(76.3)	(71.4)
Other underwriting expenses	(24.9)	(23.2)	(73.9)	(68.1)
Total underwriting income	7.6	3.7	36.7	16.0
Net other revenues (expenses)	—	(0.3)	—	(0.1)
General and administrative expenses	—	—	—	0.1
Pre-tax income from continuing operations	\$7.6	\$3.4	\$36.7	\$16.0

The following table provides underwriting ratios for Specialty Products for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Underwriting ratios:				
Loss and LAE	52.8 %	64.7 %	56.1 %	64.1 %
Expense	41.1	32.9	35.3	32.2
Total combined ratio	93.9 %	97.6 %	91.4 %	96.3 %

The impact of certain items to our underwriting ratios was as follows:

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
(Favorable) unfavorable impact				
Point impact on loss and LAE ratio and combined ratio:				
Catastrophe losses, net of reinsurance	0.5 pts	1.2 pts	0.4 pts	1.1 pts
Prior year loss reserve development fav/(unfav)	(4.6) pts	4.0 pts	(2.8) pts	2.3 pts

Specialty Products—Three months ended September 30, 2015 versus three months ended September 30, 2014

Net written premiums for Specialty Products decreased to \$133.7 million for the third quarter of 2015 from \$188.3 million for the comparative 2014 period, primarily due to the \$32.8 million negative impact to written premium related to the exit of the Crop business and competitive pressures across most of these businesses, particularly a \$20.4 million decrease at our Healthcare business driven by the complex risks subline and the loss of a few large accounts, and to a lesser extent, due to our exit from the lawyers liability business that was sold in December 2014, and a negative change due to the termination of an affiliated reinsurance treaty. These decreases were offset in small part by increases at our newer Programs and Surety businesses of \$10.2 million in total.

The Specialty Products combined ratio for the third quarter of 2015 decreased to 93.9% from 97.6% for the third quarter of 2014, as the loss and LAE ratio decreased by 11.9 points to 52.8%, partially offset by the expense ratio which increased by 8.2 points to 41.1%.

The 11.9 point decrease in the loss and LAE ratio was driven by the impact of the Crop exit primarily related to the ceded earned premiums and ceded losses under the 100% quota share with AmTrust. The decrease was comprised of an 8.6 point improvement in net prior year loss reserve development, a 2.6 point decrease in current accident year non-catastrophe losses, and a 0.7 point decrease in catastrophe losses.

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The current accident year non-catastrophe loss ratio for the third quarter of 2015 was 56.9%, compared to 59.5% for the third quarter of 2014, due to a favorable impact from the Crop business which was partially offset by higher current accident year provisions made in the 2015 period, most notably for the Programs business driven by higher than expected activity in the property line across Programs.

The third quarter of 2015 results included 4.6 points of net favorable prior year loss reserve development, primarily related to favorable loss reserve development in Specialty Property, Collector Cars and Boats, Surety and Financial Services that was partially offset by unfavorable loss reserve development primarily in our Programs underwriting operating segment. Net unfavorable prior year loss reserve development in the third quarter of 2014 was 4.0 points, primarily related to Other Professional Lines, Management Liability and Financial Services businesses, partially offset by favorable development in our Healthcare business.

The 2015 third quarter results also included fairly benign catastrophe losses of 0.5 points compared with 1.2 points of catastrophe losses in the third quarter of 2014 primarily related to a large hail claim impacting Financial Services and wind and thunderstorms in the midwestern United States impacting Financial Services and Programs.

The 8.2 point increase in the expense ratio for the third quarter of 2015, compared to the third quarter of 2014, was driven by the adverse impact of the Crop business due primarily to ceded earned premiums and ceded expenses under the 100% quota share with AmTrust, with the remaining change primarily due to higher acquisition costs resulting from the change in mix of business and the negative impact of lower earned premiums in the 2015 period.

Specialty Products—Nine months ended September 30, 2015 versus nine months ended September 30, 2014
Net written premiums for Specialty Products decreased to \$427.0 million for the first nine months of 2015 from \$488.6 million for the comparative 2014 period, due to the negative \$36.8 million impact of the Crop business, a \$25.5 million decrease at our Healthcare business, the \$23.4 million impact of our exit from the lawyers liability business that was sold in December of 2014, and a \$15.5 million negative change due to the termination of an affiliated reinsurance treaty, as well as increased competition. These decreases were partially offset by increases in our newer Programs and Surety businesses of \$54.1 million in total.

The Specialty Products combined ratio for the first nine months of 2015 decreased to 91.4% from 96.3% for the first nine months of 2014, as the loss and LAE ratio decreased by 8.0 points to 56.1% and the expense ratio increased by 3.1 points to 35.3%.

The 8.0 point decrease in the loss and LAE ratio was comprised of a 5.1 point improvement in net prior year loss reserve development, a 2.2 point decrease in current accident year non-catastrophe losses, and a 0.7 point decrease in catastrophe losses.

The current accident year non-catastrophe loss ratio for the first nine months of 2015 was 58.5%, compared to 60.7% for the first nine months of 2014, due primarily to the impact of the Crop business, as the prior year period was adversely impacted by lower corn prices, and the impact of a large loss in Specialty Property in the first nine months of 2014 more than offsetting higher current accident year provisions made in the 2015 period, most notably for the Programs business.

Results for the first nine months of 2015 included 2.8 points of net favorable prior year loss reserve development, driven by favorable loss reserve development in Specialty Property, Crop, Surety, Collector Cars and Boats, and Financial Services that was partially offset by unfavorable loss reserve development primarily in our Tuition Reimbursement and Programs underwriting operating segments. Net unfavorable prior year loss reserve development in the first nine months of 2014 was 2.3 points, primarily related to our Other Professional Lines and Management Liability businesses, partially offset by favorable loss reserve development in our Healthcare and Specialty Property businesses.

Catastrophe losses of 0.4 points for the first nine months of 2015 primarily related to wind and thunderstorms in the southern United States compared with 1.1 points of catastrophe losses in the first nine months of 2014 primarily related to wind and thunderstorms in the midwestern United States impacting Financial Services and Programs, as well as ice and snow storms in the midwestern and northeastern United States primarily impacting Financial Services. The 3.1 point increase in the expense ratio for the first nine months of 2015, compared to the first nine months of 2014, was primarily driven by the adverse impact from the Crop business and the prior year benefiting from a transition services agreement with the buyer of our legacy personal lines business, which was terminated on June 30,

2014, as well as separation costs associated with senior management restructuring incurred in the current year. These increased expenses were partially offset by lower incentive compensation expense.

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Specialty Industries

Financial results for our Specialty Industries reportable segment for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

(\$ in millions)	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Net written premiums	\$159.2	\$157.3	\$474.2	\$464.0
Earned premiums	\$158.5	\$153.7	\$461.8	\$439.8
Loss and LAE	(102.6)	(87.0)	(289.3)	(243.2)
Policy acquisition expenses	(28.3)	(28.0)	(84.9)	(79.5)
Other underwriting expenses	(31.5)	(28.0)	(91.3)	(84.2)
Total underwriting income (loss)	(3.9)	10.7	(3.7)	32.9
Net other revenues	0.9	0.5	1.2	0.8
General and administrative expenses	(1.0)	(0.8)	(2.0)	(1.8)
Pre-tax income (loss) from continuing operations	\$(4.0)	\$10.4	\$(4.5)	\$31.9

The following table provides underwriting ratios for Specialty Industries for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Underwriting ratios:				
Loss and LAE	64.7	% 56.7	% 62.6	% 55.3
Expense	37.9	36.4	38.2	37.2
Total combined ratio	102.6	% 93.1	% 100.8	% 92.5

The impact of certain items to our underwriting ratios was as follows:

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
(Favorable) unfavorable impact				
Point impact on loss and LAE ratio and combined ratio:				
Catastrophe losses, net of reinsurance	1.5 pts	2.0 pts	2.7 pts	1.6 pts
Prior year loss reserve development	3.5 pts	0.9 pts	2.3 pts	1.0 pts

Specialty Industries—Three months ended September 30, 2015 versus three months ended September 30, 2014

Net written premiums for Specialty Industries increased slightly to \$159.2 million for the third quarter of 2015 from \$157.3 million for the comparative 2014 period. The increase in the third quarter of 2015 was primarily due to Accident and partially offset by modest decreases at most of the remaining underwriting operating segments.

The Specialty Industries combined ratio for the third quarter of 2015 increased to 102.6%, compared to 93.1% for the third quarter of 2014, primarily due to the loss and LAE ratio of 64.7%, which increased 8.0 points from the comparative 2014 period, while the expense ratio increased 1.5 points to 37.9%.

The 8.0 point increase in the loss and LAE ratio was comprised of a 5.9 point increase in current accident year non-catastrophe losses, a 2.6 point unfavorable change in prior year loss reserve development, and partially offset by a 0.5 point decrease in catastrophe losses.

The current accident year non-catastrophe loss ratio for the third quarter of 2015 was 59.7%, compared to 53.8% for the third quarter of 2014, driven by elevated losses within IMU.

Results for the third quarter of 2015 also included 3.5 points of net unfavorable prior year loss reserve development driven by Entertainment due to an increase in large and small liability claims, as well as property claims, and unusually heavy case incurred activity in the ocean marine business within IMU, partially offset by favorable prior year loss reserve development in Technology. This compared to 0.9 points of net unfavorable prior year loss reserve development in the third

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quarter of 2014 primarily related to Accident and the inland marine business within IMU, partially offset by favorable loss reserve development in Technology.

Results for the third quarter of 2015 also included 1.5 points of catastrophe losses, primarily related to wind and thunderstorms in the southern United States, particularly Texas, impacting IMU and Government Risks. This compared to 2.0 points of catastrophe losses in the third quarter of 2014, primarily related to wind and thunderstorms in the southern and eastern United States impacting IMU.

The 1.5 point increase in the expense ratio for the third quarter of 2015, compared to the third quarter of 2014, was primarily driven by higher compensation and benefit expenses relative to the prior year period which included downward incentive adjustment adjustments.

Specialty Industries—Nine months ended September 30, 2015 versus nine months ended September 30, 2014
Net written premiums for Specialty Industries increased to \$474.2 million for the first nine months of 2015 from \$464.0 million for the comparative 2014 period. The increase in the first nine months of 2015 was primarily due to increases in net written premiums from the Accident underwriting operating segment, and to a lesser extent, Government Risks and Entertainment, partially offset by decreases at IMU and Technology.

The Specialty Industries combined ratio for the first nine months of 2015 increased to 100.8%, compared to 92.5% for the first nine months of 2014, as the loss and LAE ratio increased by 7.3 points to 62.6% and the expense ratio increased 1.0 points to 38.2%.

The 7.3 point increase in the loss and LAE ratio was comprised of a 4.9 point increase in current accident year non-catastrophe losses, a 1.3 point unfavorable change in prior year loss reserve development, and a 1.1 point increase in catastrophe losses.

The current accident year non-catastrophe loss ratio for the first nine months of 2015 was 57.6%, compared to 52.7% for the first nine months of 2014, reflecting an increase in that provision for each of the underwriting operating segments, most notably IMU due to heavy activity in both inland and ocean marine.

Results for the first nine months of 2015 also included 2.3 points of net unfavorable prior year loss reserve development primarily driven by Entertainment due to an increase in large and small liability claims, as well as property claims, and to a lesser extent, elevated claims in IMU which were partially offset by favorable prior year loss reserve development in Technology and to a lesser extent, Government Risks. This compared to 1.0 point of net unfavorable prior year loss reserve development for the first nine months of 2014 primarily related to Accident, driven by development in the transportation business, as well as to our inland marine business within IMU, to Entertainment, and to Government Risks.

Results for the first nine months of 2015 results also included 2.7 points of catastrophe losses, primarily related to winter storms in the northeastern United States impacting IMU and Entertainment, and wind and thunderstorms in the midwestern and southern United States, particularly Texas, impacting Government Risks and IMU. This compared to 1.6 points of catastrophe losses in the first nine months of 2014, primarily related to wind and thunderstorms in the southern and eastern United States impacting IMU, as well as ice and snow storms in the midwestern United States impacting Technology and IMU.

The 1.0 point increase in the expense ratio for the first nine months of 2015, compared to the first nine months of 2014, was driven by the prior year benefiting from a transition services agreement with the buyer of our legacy personal lines business, which was terminated on June 30, 2014.

Investing, Financing and Corporate

A summary of results from our Investing, Financing and Corporate reportable segment for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 is as follows:

(\$ in millions)	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Net investment income	\$12.4	\$10.8	\$33.0	\$33.4
Net realized and change in unrealized investment gains	(29.9)	(16.0)	(29.7)	24.8
Pre-tax investment results	(17.5)	(5.2)	3.3	58.2
Net other revenues (expenses)	3.0	1.1	(1.6)	2.6

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General and administrative expenses	(2.7	)	(1.6	)	(10.0	)	(7.6	)
Interest expense	(3.2	)	(3.2	)	(9.7	)	(9.7	)
Pre-tax income (loss) from continuing operations	\$(20.4	)	\$(8.9	)	\$(18.0	)	\$43.5	)

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Investing, Financing and Corporate—Three months ended September 30, 2015 versus three months ended September 30, 2014

Investing, Financing and Corporate reported a pre-tax loss from continuing operations of \$20.4 million in the third quarter of 2015, compared to a pre-tax loss from continuing operations of \$8.9 million in the third quarter of 2014. The decrease was primarily related to lower investment returns in the third quarter of 2015. As described in greater detail in "Summary of Investment Results" below, net realized and change in unrealized investment gains decreased to negative \$29.9 million in the third quarter of 2015, compared to negative \$16.0 million in the third quarter of 2014, driven primarily by the common equity securities portfolio in light of a down equity market. The lower investment return was modestly offset by a \$1.9 million increase in other revenue (expense) driven primarily by the \$3.0 million (pre-tax) Crop Transaction Fee.

Investing, Financing and Corporate—Nine months ended September 30, 2015 versus nine months ended September 30, 2014

Investing, Financing and Corporate reported a pre-tax loss from continuing operations of \$18.0 million in the first nine months of 2015, compared to pre-tax income from continuing operations of \$43.5 million in the first nine months of 2014. The decrease was primarily related to a \$54.5 million decrease in net realized and change in unrealized investment gains driven primarily by the common equity securities portfolio due to lower equity market performance in the first nine months of 2015 and to a small extent, the \$3.7 million negative adjustment in net other revenues (expenses) in connection with the assessment from the MCCA payable to Markel Corporation pursuant to the indemnification provisions in the stock purchase agreement governing the sale of Essentia. In addition, other revenues (expenses) included a \$1.6 million pre-tax write-off of certain capitalized software, \$4.3 million in Federal excise taxes incurred in the 2015 period compared to none in the prior year period as these taxes were recorded as part of underwriting expenses in that period, as well as an additional loss on the sale of real estate of \$1.2 million in the current year. These decreases were partially offset by the \$3.0 million (pre-tax) Crop Transaction Fee. As described in greater detail in "Summary of Investment Results" below, net realized and change in unrealized investment gains decreased to negative \$29.7 million in the first nine months of 2015, compared to positive \$24.8 million in the first nine months of 2014.

Discontinued Operations

The following summarizes the results of operations, including related income taxes associated with the business classified as discontinued operations:

(\$ in millions)	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Net written premiums	\$—	\$0.1	\$—	\$(0.1)
Revenues				
Earned premiums	\$—	\$0.3	\$—	\$0.1
Net other revenues (expenses)	(0.1)	) —	(0.4)	) —
Total revenues	(0.1)	) 0.3	(0.4)	) 0.1
Expenses				
Loss and loss adjustment expenses	—	—	—	(0.7)
Policy acquisition expenses	—	0.1	—	0.1
Other underwriting expenses	—	0.8	—	2.2
Total expenses	—	0.9	—	1.6
Pre-tax loss	(0.1)	) (0.6)	(0.4)	) (1.5)
Income tax benefit	—	0.3	—	0.6
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(0.1)	) (0.3)	(0.4)	) (0.9)
(Loss) gain from sale of discontinued operations, net of tax	—	(7.0)	) 0.3	(7.5)
Net loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$(0.1)	) \$(7.3)	) \$(0.1)	