

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT Corp  
Form POS AM  
April 01, 2011  
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As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 1, 2011

Registration No. 333-168789

**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
Washington, D.C. 20549

**Post-Effective Amendment No. 1**

**to**

**FORM S-1**

**REGISTRATION STATEMENT**

***UNDER***

***THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933***

**CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**DELAWARE**  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
Incorporation or organization)

**7993**  
(Primary Standard Industrial  
Classification Code Number)  
One Caesars Palace Drive

**62-1411755**  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

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Las Vegas, NV 89109

(702) 407-6000

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including  
area code, of Registrant's Principal Executive Offices)

Michael D. Cohen, Esq.

Vice President and Corporate Secretary

Caesars Entertainment Corporation

One Caesars Palace Drive

Las Vegas, NV 89109

(702) 407-6000

(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

*With a copy to:*

Monica K. Thurmond, Esq.

O Melveny & Myers LLP

7 Times Square

New York, New York 10036

(212) 326-2000

**Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to public:** As soon as practicable after this Registration Statement becomes effective.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, check the following box.

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

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If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer   
Non-accelerated filer  (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

### CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

| Title of each Class of Securities to be Registered | Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price | Amount of Registration Fee <sup>(1)</sup> |
|----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| Common Stock, \$0.01 par value                     | \$ 710,266,000                            | \$ 50,642 <sup>(1)</sup>                  |

(1) Previously paid in connection with prior filings of this Registration Statement.

The registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until the Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

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**EXPLANATORY NOTE**

This Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 of Caesars Entertainment Corporation (the Company), as originally declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) on November 23, 2010, is being filed pursuant to the undertakings in Item 17 of the Registration Statement to include the information contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010, that was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 4, 2011.

The information included in this filing amends this Registration Statement and the Prospectus contained therein. No additional securities are being registered under this Post-Effective Amendment No. 1. All applicable registration fees were paid at the time of the original filing of the Registration Statement.

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**The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.**

**Subject to Completion**

**Preliminary Prospectus dated April 1, 2011**

**PROSPECTUS**

**Shares**

# **Caesars Entertainment Corporation**

**Common Stock**

This prospectus relates solely to the resale of up to an aggregate of shares of our common stock, by the selling stockholders identified in this prospectus (which term as used in this prospectus includes pledgees, donees, transferees or other successors-in-interest). The selling stockholders agreed to acquire the shares in an exempt exchange offer, which closed in November 2010 and which we refer to as the Private Placement. We are registering the offer and sale of the shares to satisfy a condition of closing of the Private Placement.

The selling stockholders may offer the shares from time to time as they may determine through public or private transactions or through other means described in the section entitled Plan of Distribution at prevailing market prices, at prices different than prevailing market prices or at privately negotiated prices. The prices at which the selling stockholders may sell the shares may be determined by the prevailing market price for the shares at the time of sale, may be different than such prevailing market prices or may be determined through negotiated transactions with third parties.

We will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale of these shares by the selling stockholders. We have agreed to pay all expenses relating to registering the securities. The selling stockholders will pay any brokerage commissions and/or similar charges incurred for the sale of these shares.

Prior to the date of this prospectus, there was not a public market for our shares. Because all of the shares offered under this prospectus are being offered by the selling stockholders, we cannot currently determine the price or prices at which our shares may be sold under this prospectus.

**Investing in our common stock involves risks. You should read the section entitled Risk Factors beginning on page 8 for a discussion of certain risks that you should consider before investing in our common stock.**

**Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.**

Prospectus dated \_\_\_\_\_, 2011.

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You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus or to which we have referred you. We have not authorized any other person to provide you with different information. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are not making an offer to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted. You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus is accurate only as of the date on the front cover of this prospectus. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since that date.

We have proprietary rights to a number of trademarks used in this prospectus that are important to our business, including, without limitation, Caesars Entertainment, Caesars Palace, Harrah's, Total Rewards, World Series of Poker, Horseshoe, Paris Las Vegas, Flamingo Las Vegas and Ballys. We have omitted the ® and ™ trademark designations for such trademarks named in this prospectus.

**Dealer Prospectus Delivery Obligation**

Until \_\_\_\_\_, 2011, all dealers that effect transactions in these securities, whether or not participating in this offering, may be required to deliver a prospectus. This is in addition to the dealer's obligation to deliver a prospectus when acting as an underwriter and with respect to unsold allotments or subscriptions.



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**PROSPECTUS SUMMARY**

*The following summary contains information about Caesars Entertainment Corporation and its common stock. It does not contain all of the information that may be important to you in making a decision to participate in the offering. For a more complete understanding of Caesars Entertainment Corporation, we urge you to read this prospectus carefully, including the sections entitled Risk Factors, Cautionary Statements Concerning Forward Looking Statements and Where You Can Find Additional Information. Unless otherwise noted or indicated by the context, the term Caesars refers to Caesars Entertainment Corporation (formerly Harrah's Entertainment, Inc.), we, us and our refer to Caesars and its consolidated subsidiaries, and CEOC refers to Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc. (formerly Harrah's Operating Company, Inc.).*

**Our Company**

We are one of the world's largest casino entertainment providers. As of December 31, 2010, we owned, operated or managed, through various subsidiaries, 52 casinos in 12 U.S. states and seven countries. The vast majority of these casinos operate in the United States and England, primarily under the Caesars, Harrah's and Horseshoe brand names in the United States. As of December 31, 2010, our facilities had an aggregate of approximately three million square feet of gaming space and approximately 42,000 hotel rooms. Our industry-leading customer loyalty program, Total Rewards, has over 40 million members. We use the Total Rewards system to market promotions and to generate customer play when they travel among our markets in the United States and Canada. In addition, we own an online gaming business, providing for real money casino, bingo and poker in the United Kingdom and play for fun offerings in other jurisdictions. We intend to offer real money online casino and poker gaming in legally compliant jurisdictions going forward. We also own and operate the World Series of Poker tournament and brand.

We have grown rapidly over the years through growth in our core operating business and through a series of strategic acquisitions that have strengthened our scale, geographic diversity and market leading position. In 1998 we completed our acquisition of Showboat, Inc., and in 1999 we purchased Rio Hotel & Casino, Inc. In 2000 we completed the purchase of Players International. During the next five years, we acquired Harveys Casino Resorts (2001), Horseshoe Gaming Holding Corp. (2004), the rights to the World Series of Poker (2004) and the Imperial Palace Hotel & Casino in Las Vegas (2005). We also acquired Caesars Entertainment, Inc. in 2005 for \$9.3 billion, which was, at the time, the largest merger in the history of the gaming industry. In 2010 we acquired Planet Hollywood Resort and Casino, or Planet Hollywood, in Las Vegas. Additionally, we have expanded internationally, completing the acquisitions of London Clubs International plc, or London Clubs, in 2006 and Macau Orient Golf, located on a 175-acre site on the Cotai strip in Macau, in 2007.

We revolutionized the approach our industry takes with respect to marketing by introducing our Total Rewards loyalty program in 1997. Continual improvements have been made throughout the years enabling our system to remain the most effective in the industry and enabling us to grow and sustain revenues more effectively than our largest competitors and generate cross-market play, which we define as play by a guest in a property outside the home market of their primary gaming property, among our casinos. In support of our Total Rewards loyalty program, we created the Winner's Information Network, or WINet, the industry's first sophisticated nationwide customer database. In combination, these systems supported the first technology-based customer relationship management strategy implemented in the gaming industry and have enabled our management teams to enhance overall operating results and outperform our competition.

We have established a rich history of industry leading growth and expansion since we commenced casino operations in 1937 and became a publicly listed company in 1971. We were the first gaming company to be listed on the New York Stock Exchange, or NYSE. In 1980, we were acquired by Holiday Inns, Inc. and were delisted from the NYSE. In 1995, we again became a stand-alone company and resumed trading on the NYSE.



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On January 28, 2008, Caesars was acquired by affiliates of Apollo Global Management, LLC ( Apollo ) and TPG Capital, LP ( TPG ) and, together with Apollo, the Sponsors ) in an all-cash transaction, hereinafter referred to as the Acquisition, valued at approximately \$30.7 billion, including the assumption of \$12.4 billion of debt and the incurrence of approximately \$1.0 billion of acquisition costs. As a result of the Acquisition, our stock is no longer publicly traded. Currently, the issued and outstanding shares of common stock of Caesars are owned by entities affiliated with Apollo, TPG, Paulson & Co. Inc., certain co-investors and members of management.

### **Recent Events**

#### **Octavius Tower and the Linq Senior Secured Term Loan**

On February 24, 2011, Caesars announced that it has commenced marketing efforts in the pursuit of securing a \$400.0 million senior secured term loan facility, the proceeds of which will be used to complete two Las Vegas development projects: the completion of the Octavius Tower at Caesars Palace and the construction of a Retail, Dining, and Entertainment district known as the Linq , between the Imperial Palace and the Flamingo, that will be anchored by the world's largest observation wheel. Subsequently, Caesars raised the amount of financing that it wishes to secure to \$450.0 million. The Octavius Tower project will consist of completing the fit-out and remaining construction on approximately 660 rooms and suites, and will also include the design and construction of an additional 3 high-end villas. The Linq will consist of approximately 200,000 square feet of leasable space and will also include a 550 ft observation wheel. The total cost to complete the projects will be approximately \$600.0 million. We plan to initiate these development projects in a phased approach, beginning in 2011, assuming the financing is completed.

### **The Sponsors**

#### **Apollo**

Founded in 1990, Apollo is a leading global alternative asset manager with offices in New York, Los Angeles, London, Frankfurt, Luxembourg, Singapore, Hong Kong and Mumbai. As of December 31, 2010, Apollo had assets under management of \$67.6 billion in its private equity, capital markets and real estate businesses.

#### **TPG**

TPG is a private investment partnership that was founded in 1992 and as of December 31, 2010 had approximately \$48 billion of assets under management. Through its investment platforms, TPG Capital, TPG Growth and TPG Biotech, the firm has extensive experience with global public and private investments executed through leveraged buyouts, recapitalizations, spinouts, joint ventures, growth investments and restructurings. The firm is headquartered in Fort Worth, and has offices in San Francisco, London, Hong Kong, New York, Melbourne, Moscow, Mumbai, Paris, Luxembourg, Beijing, Shanghai, Singapore and Tokyo.

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**Organizational Structure**

The chart below depicts our organizational structure.

- (1) All shares held by funds affiliated with and controlled by the Sponsors and their co-investors, representing 89.3% of Caesars outstanding common stock, are subject to an irrevocable proxy that gives Hamlet Holdings, the members of which are comprised of an equal number of individuals affiliated with each of the Sponsors, sole voting and sole dispositive power with respect to such shares.
- (2) Consists of captive insurance subsidiaries, Harrah's BC, Inc. and Caesars Interactive Entertainment, Inc., which owns the World Series of Poker brand.
- (3) Consists of Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc. and its subsidiaries, which owned, operated and/or managed 46 of the 52 casinos for Caesars as of December 31, 2010.
- (4) Consists of Harrah's Las Vegas, Rio, Flamingo Las Vegas, Harrah's Atlantic City, Paris Las Vegas and Harrah's Laughlin. The CMBS Entities and their respective subsidiaries do not guarantee or pledge their assets as security for any indebtedness of CEOC and are not directly liable for any obligations thereunder. CEOC and its subsidiaries do not guarantee or pledge their assets as security for any indebtedness of the CMBS Entities and are not directly liable for any obligations thereunder.

**Additional Information**

Our principal executive offices are located at One Caesars Palace Drive, Las Vegas, NV 89109, and our telephone number is (702) 407-6000. The address of our internet site is [www.caesars.com](http://www.caesars.com). This internet address is provided for informational purposes only and is not intended to be a hyperlink. Accordingly no information in this internet address is included or incorporated by reference herein.

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**Summary of the Terms of the Common Stock**

The following summary describes the principal terms of Caesars common stock. The Description of Capital Stock section of this prospectus contains more detailed descriptions of the terms and conditions of Caesars common stock.

|                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Shares of common stock offered for resale by the Selling Stockholders in this offering | 7,102,660 shares                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Shares of common stock outstanding                                                     | 71,809,719 shares as of December 31, 2010                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Common stock voting rights                                                             | Each share of Caesars common stock will entitle its holder to one vote.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Dividend policy                                                                        | We intend to retain all future earnings, if any, for use in the operation of our business and to fund future growth. We do not anticipate paying any dividends for the foreseeable future. The decision whether to pay dividends will be made by our board of directors in light of conditions then existing, including factors such as our results of operations, financial condition and requirements, business conditions and covenants under any applicable contractual arrangements, including our indebtedness. |
| Use of proceeds                                                                        | We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of the shares of common stock pursuant to this prospectus.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Risk factors                                                                           | Please see the section entitled Risk Factors included in this prospectus for a discussion of some of the factors you should carefully consider before deciding to invest in our common stock.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

Except as otherwise indicated, all information in this prospectus:

does not give effect to 4,242,002 shares of our common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding options as of December 31, 2010, at a weighted-average exercise price of \$80.75 per share;

does not give effect to 32,593 shares of our common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding warrants as of December 31, 2010, included in the number of options outstanding disclosed above, at a weighted-average exercise price of \$100.00 per share; and

does not give effect to 458,050 shares of our common stock reserved for future issuance under the Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. Management Equity Incentive Plan.

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**Summary Historical Consolidated Financial Data of Caesars Entertainment Corporation**

The following table presents our summary historical consolidated financial information as of and for the periods presented. The summary historical consolidated financial information as of December 31, 2009 and 2010, and for the periods from January 1, 2008 through January 27, 2008 and from January 28, 2008 through December 31, 2008, and the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2010 have been derived from, and should be read in conjunction with, our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. The summary historical financial information as of December 31, 2008 has been derived from our audited consolidated financial statements not included in this prospectus.

Although Caesars continued as the same legal entity after the Acquisition, the financial information is presented as the Predecessor period for the period preceding the Acquisition and as the Successor periods for the periods succeeding the Acquisition. As a result of the application of purchase accounting as of the date of the Acquisition, the financial information for the Successor periods and Predecessor period are presented on different bases and are, therefore, not comparable.

You should read this data in conjunction with the Selected Historical Consolidated Financial Data, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and our financial statements and notes thereto included elsewhere in this prospectus. The audited consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2009 and 2010, and for the periods from January 1, 2008 through January 27, 2008 and from January 28, 2008 through December 31, 2008, and the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2010 have been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm.

**Table of Contents****Caesars Entertainment Corporation****Summary Historical Consolidated Financial Data**

|                                                                            | Predecessor                                    |                                                 | Successor                                                    |                   |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
|                                                                            | Jan. 1,<br>2008<br>through<br>Jan. 27,<br>2008 | Jan. 28,<br>2008<br>through<br>Dec. 31,<br>2008 | Year Ended<br>December 31,<br>2009                      2010 |                   |
| <b>(In millions except share and per share data)</b>                       |                                                |                                                 |                                                              |                   |
| <b>Consolidated Statement of Operations</b>                                |                                                |                                                 |                                                              |                   |
| Revenues                                                                   |                                                |                                                 |                                                              |                   |
| Casino                                                                     | \$ 614.6                                       | \$ 7,476.9                                      | \$ 7,124.3                                                   | \$ 6,917.9        |
| Food and beverage                                                          | 118.4                                          | 1,530.2                                         | 1,479.3                                                      | 1,510.6           |
| Rooms                                                                      | 96.4                                           | 1,174.5                                         | 1,068.9                                                      | 1,132.3           |
| Management fees                                                            | 5.0                                            | 59.1                                            | 56.6                                                         | 39.1              |
| Other                                                                      | 42.7                                           | 624.8                                           | 592.4                                                        | 576.3             |
| Less: casino promotional allowances                                        | (117.0)                                        | (1,498.6)                                       | (1,414.1)                                                    | (1,357.6)         |
| <b>Net revenues</b>                                                        | <b>760.1</b>                                   | <b>9,366.9</b>                                  | <b>8,907.4</b>                                               | <b>8,818.6</b>    |
| Operating Expenses                                                         |                                                |                                                 |                                                              |                   |
| Direct                                                                     |                                                |                                                 |                                                              |                   |
| Casino                                                                     | 340.6                                          | 4,102.8                                         | 3,925.5                                                      | 3,948.9           |
| Food and beverage                                                          | 50.5                                           | 639.5                                           | 596.0                                                        | 621.3             |
| Rooms                                                                      | 19.6                                           | 236.7                                           | 213.5                                                        | 259.4             |
| Property general and administrative and other                              | 178.2                                          | 2,143.0                                         | 2,018.8                                                      | 2,061.7           |
| Depreciation and amortization                                              | 63.5                                           | 626.9                                           | 683.9                                                        | 735.5             |
| Project opening costs                                                      | 0.7                                            | 28.9                                            | 3.6                                                          | 2.1               |
| Write-downs, reserves and recoveries                                       | 4.7                                            | 16.2                                            | 107.9                                                        | 147.6             |
| Impairment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets          |                                                | 5,489.6                                         | 1,638.0                                                      | 193.0             |
| (Income)/loss in non-consolidated affiliates                               | (0.5)                                          | 2.1                                             | 2.2                                                          | 1.5               |
| Corporate expense                                                          | 8.5                                            | 131.8                                           | 150.7                                                        | 140.9             |
| Acquisition and integration costs                                          | 125.6                                          | 24.0                                            | 0.3                                                          | 13.6              |
| Amortization of intangible assets                                          | 5.5                                            | 162.9                                           | 174.8                                                        | 160.8             |
| <b>Total operating expenses</b>                                            | <b>796.9</b>                                   | <b>13,604.4</b>                                 | <b>9,515.2</b>                                               | <b>8,286.3</b>    |
| (Loss)/income from operations                                              | (36.8)                                         | (4,237.5)                                       | (607.8)                                                      | 532.3             |
| Interest expense, net of interest capitalized                              | (89.7)                                         | (2,074.9)                                       | (1,892.5)                                                    | (1,981.6)         |
| Gains on early extinguishments of debt                                     |                                                | 742.1                                           | 4,965.5                                                      | 115.6             |
| Other income, including interest income                                    | 1.1                                            | 35.2                                            | 33.0                                                         | 41.7              |
| (Loss)/income from continuing operations before income taxes               | (125.4)                                        | (5,535.1)                                       | 2,498.2                                                      | (1,292.0)         |
| Benefit/(provision) for income taxes                                       | 26.0                                           | 360.4                                           | (1,651.8)                                                    | 468.7             |
| (Loss)/income from continuing operations, net of tax                       | (99.4)                                         | (5,174.7)                                       | 846.4                                                        | (823.3)           |
| Income from discontinued operations, net of tax                            | 0.1                                            | 90.4                                            |                                                              |                   |
| <b>Net (loss)/income</b>                                                   | <b>(99.3)</b>                                  | <b>(5,084.3)</b>                                | <b>846.4</b>                                                 | <b>(823.3)</b>    |
| Less: net income attributable to non-controlling interests                 | (1.6)                                          | (12.0)                                          | (18.8)                                                       | (7.8)             |
| <b>Net (loss)/income attributable to Caesars Entertainment Corporation</b> | <b>(100.9)</b>                                 | <b>(5,096.3)</b>                                | <b>827.6</b>                                                 | <b>(831.1)</b>    |
| Preferred stock dividends                                                  |                                                | (297.8)                                         | (354.8)                                                      |                   |
| <b>Net (loss)/income attributable to common stockholders</b>               | <b>\$ (100.9)</b>                              | <b>\$ (5,394.1)</b>                             | <b>\$ 472.8</b>                                              | <b>\$ (831.1)</b> |

Earnings per share basic

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|                                                         |           |                    |           |                   |           |                   |                   |
|---------------------------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|-------------------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|
| (Loss)/income from continuing operations                | \$        | (0.54)             | \$        | (134.59)          | \$        | 11.62             | (14.58)           |
| Discontinued operations, net                            |           |                    |           | 2.22              |           |                   |                   |
| <b>Net (loss)/income</b>                                | <b>\$</b> | <b>(0.54)</b>      | <b>\$</b> | <b>(132.37)</b>   | <b>\$</b> | <b>11.62</b>      | <b>\$ (14.58)</b> |
| Earnings per share diluted                              |           |                    |           |                   |           |                   |                   |
| (Loss)/income from continuing operations                | \$        | (0.54)             | \$        | (134.59)          | \$        | 6.88              | \$ (14.58)        |
| Discontinued operations, net                            |           |                    |           | 2.22              |           |                   |                   |
| <b>Net (loss)/income</b>                                | <b>\$</b> | <b>(0.54)</b>      | <b>\$</b> | <b>(132.37)</b>   | <b>\$</b> | <b>6.88</b>       | <b>\$ (14.58)</b> |
| Dividends declared per common share                     | \$        |                    | \$        |                   | \$        |                   | \$                |
| <b>Basic weighted-average common shares outstanding</b> |           | <b>188,122,643</b> |           | <b>40,749,898</b> |           | <b>40,684,515</b> | <b>57,016,007</b> |
| Diluted weighted-average common shares outstanding      |           | 188,122,643        |           | 40,749,898        |           | 120,225,295       | 57,016,007        |

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|                                                              | <b>Predecessor<br/>January 1,<br/>2008<br/>through<br/>January 27,<br/>2008</b> | <b>January 28,<br/>2008<br/>through<br/>December 31,<br/>2008</b> | <b>Successor<br/>Year Ended<br/>December 31,</b> |             |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-------------|
|                                                              |                                                                                 |                                                                   | <b>2009</b>                                      | <b>2010</b> |
| <b>(Dollars in millions)</b>                                 |                                                                                 |                                                                   |                                                  |             |
| <b>Balance Sheet Data (at period end)</b>                    |                                                                                 |                                                                   |                                                  |             |
| Cash and cash equivalents                                    |                                                                                 | \$ 650.5                                                          | \$ 918.1                                         | \$ 987.0    |
| Working capital                                              |                                                                                 | (536.4)                                                           | (6.6)                                            | 207.7       |
| Total assets                                                 |                                                                                 | 31,048.6                                                          | 28,979.2                                         | 28,587.7    |
| Total book value of debt                                     |                                                                                 | 23,208.9                                                          | 18,943.1                                         | 18,841.1    |
| Total stockholders' (deficit)/equity                         |                                                                                 | (1,360.8)                                                         | (867.0)                                          | 1,672.6     |
| <b>Other Financial Data</b>                                  |                                                                                 |                                                                   |                                                  |             |
| Capital expenditures, net of change in construction payables | \$ 125.6                                                                        | \$ 1,181.4                                                        | \$ 464.5                                         | \$ 160.7    |

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**RISK FACTORS**

*You should carefully consider the risk factors set forth below, as well as the other information contained in this prospectus. The risks described below are not the only risks facing us. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or those we currently view to be immaterial may also materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations. Any of the following risks could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations. In such a case, you may lose all or a part of your original investment.*

**Risks Related to Our Indebtedness**

***Our substantial indebtedness could adversely affect our ability to raise additional capital to fund our operations, limit our ability to react to changes in the economy or our industry and prevent us from making debt service payments.***

We are a highly leveraged company. As of December 31, 2010, we had \$21,847.7 million face value of outstanding indebtedness and our current debt service obligations for the 12 months subsequent to December 31, 2010 was \$1,701.0 million, which includes required interest payments of \$1,645.4 million. These amounts do not include up to \$1,118.3 million of notes that are held by our wholly owned subsidiary, Harrah's BC, Inc. (HBC), all of which are deemed outstanding by CEOC but not by Caesars.

Our substantial indebtedness could:

limit our ability to borrow money for our working capital, capital expenditures, development projects, debt service requirements, strategic initiatives or other purposes;

make it more difficult for us to satisfy our obligations with respect to our indebtedness, and any failure to comply with the obligations of any of our debt instruments, including restrictive covenants and borrowing conditions, could result in an event of default under the agreements governing our indebtedness;

require us to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations to the repayment of our indebtedness thereby reducing funds available to us for other purposes;

limit our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our operations or business;

make us more highly leveraged than some of our competitors, which may place us at a competitive disadvantage;

make us more vulnerable to downturns in our business or the economy;

restrict us from making strategic acquisitions, developing new gaming facilities, introducing new technologies or exploiting business opportunities;

affect our ability to renew gaming and other licenses; and

limit, along with the financial and other restrictive covenants in our indebtedness, among other things, our ability to borrow additional funds or dispose of assets.



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Furthermore, our interest expense could increase if interest rates increase due to certain of our debt being variable-rate debt.

***Despite our substantial indebtedness, we may still be able to incur significantly more debt. This could intensify the risks described above.***

We and our subsidiaries may be able to incur substantial indebtedness at any time, and from time to time, including in the near future. Although the terms of the agreements governing our indebtedness contain

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restrictions on our ability to incur additional indebtedness, these restrictions are subject to a number of important qualifications and exceptions, and the indebtedness incurred in compliance with these restrictions could be substantial.

For example, as of December 31, 2010, we had \$1,510.2 million available for additional borrowing under our senior secured revolving credit facility after giving effect to \$119.8 million in outstanding letters of credit thereunder, all of which would be secured. None of our existing indebtedness limits the amount of debt that may be incurred by Caesars. Our senior secured credit facilities allow for one or more future issuances of additional secured notes or loans, which may include, in each case, indebtedness secured on a pari passu basis with the obligations under the senior secured credit facilities and our first lien notes. This indebtedness could be used for a variety of purposes, including financing capital expenditures, refinancing or repurchasing our outstanding indebtedness, including existing unsecured indebtedness, or for general corporate purposes. We have raised and expect to continue to raise debt, including secured debt, to directly or indirectly refinance our outstanding unsecured debt on an opportunistic basis, as well as development opportunities.

### *Our debt agreements contain restrictions that limit our flexibility in operating our business.*

Our senior secured credit facilities, the CMBS Loans and the indentures governing most of our existing notes contain, and any future indebtedness of ours would likely contain, a number of covenants that impose significant operating and financial restrictions on us, including restrictions on our ability to, and on our subsidiaries' ability to, among other things:

incur additional debt or issue certain preferred shares;

pay dividends on or make distributions in respect of our capital stock or make other restricted payments;

make certain investments;

sell certain assets;

create liens on certain assets;

consolidate, merge, sell or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of our assets;

enter into certain transactions with our affiliates; and

designate our subsidiaries as unrestricted subsidiaries.

As a result of these covenants, we are limited in the manner in which we conduct our business, and we may be unable to engage in favorable business activities or finance future operations or capital needs.

We have pledged and will pledge a significant portion of our assets as collateral under our senior secured credit facilities, our real estate facility loans, our first lien notes, our second lien notes, the senior secured loan of PHW Las Vegas, LLC, or PHW Las Vegas, or the senior secured loan of Chester Downs. If any of these lenders accelerate the repayment of borrowings, there can be no assurance that we will have sufficient assets to repay our indebtedness.

Under our senior secured credit facilities, we are required to satisfy and maintain specified financial ratios. Our ability to meet those financial ratios can be affected by events beyond our control, and there can be no assurance that we will meet those ratios. A failure to comply with the covenants contained in our senior secured credit facilities or our other indebtedness could result in an event of default under the facilities or the existing agreements, which, if not cured or waived, could have a material adverse affect on our business, financial condition and results of

operations. In the event of any default under our senior secured credit facilities or our other indebtedness, the lenders thereunder:

will not be required to lend any additional amounts to us;

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could elect to declare all borrowings outstanding, together with accrued and unpaid interest and fees, to be due and payable and terminate all commitments to extend further credit; or

require us to apply all of our available cash to repay these borrowings.

Such actions by the lenders could cause cross defaults under our other indebtedness. If we were unable to repay those amounts, the lenders under our senior secured credit facilities, our CMBS Loans and our first and second lien notes could proceed against the collateral granted to them to secure that indebtedness.

If the indebtedness under our first and second lien notes, senior secured credit facilities, CMBS Loans or our other indebtedness were to be accelerated, there can be no assurance that our assets would be sufficient to repay such indebtedness in full.

***We may be unable to generate sufficient cash to service all of our indebtedness, and may be forced to take other actions to satisfy our obligations under our indebtedness that may not be successful.***

Our ability to satisfy our debt obligations will depend upon, among other things:

our future financial and operating performance, which will be affected by prevailing economic conditions and financial, business, regulatory and other factors, many of which are beyond our control; and

our future ability to borrow under our senior secured credit facilities, the availability of which depends on, among other things, our complying with the covenants in our senior secured credit facilities.

We may be unable to generate sufficient cash flow from operations, or unable to draw under our senior secured credit facilities or otherwise, in an amount sufficient to fund our liquidity needs.

If our cash flows and capital resources are insufficient to service our indebtedness, we may be forced to reduce or delay capital expenditures, sell assets, seek additional capital or restructure or refinance our indebtedness. These alternative measures may not be successful and may not permit us to meet our scheduled debt service obligations. Our ability to restructure or refinance our debt will depend on the condition of the capital markets and our financial condition at such time. Any refinancing of our debt could be at higher interest rates and may require us to comply with more onerous covenants, which could further restrict our business operations. For example, the interest rates on our first and second lien notes are substantially higher than the interest rates under our CEOC senior secured credit facility. In addition, the terms of existing or future debt agreements may restrict us from adopting some of these alternatives. In the absence of such operating results and resources, we could face substantial liquidity problems and might be required to dispose of material assets or operations to meet our debt service and other obligations. We may not be able to consummate those dispositions for fair market value or at all. Furthermore, any proceeds that we could realize from any such dispositions may not be adequate to meet our debt service obligations then due. Neither the Sponsors nor any of their respective affiliates has any continuing obligation to provide us with debt or equity financing.

### **Risks Related to Our Business**

***If we are unable to effectively compete against our competitors, our profits will decline.***

The gaming industry is highly competitive and our competitors vary considerably in size, quality of facilities, number of operations, brand identities, marketing and growth strategies, financial strength and capabilities, level of amenities, management talent and geographic diversity. We also compete with other non-gaming resorts and vacation areas, and with various other entertainment businesses. Our competitors in each market that we participate may have substantially greater financial, marketing and other resources than we do, and there can be no assurance that they will not in the future engage in aggressive pricing action to compete with us. Although we believe we are currently able to compete effectively in each of the various markets in which we

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participate, we cannot assure you that we will be able to continue to do so or that we will be capable of maintaining or further increasing our current market share. Our failure to compete successfully in our various markets could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flow.

In recent years, with fewer new markets opening for development, many casino operators have been reinvesting in existing markets to attract new customers or to gain market share, thereby increasing competition in those markets. As companies have completed new expansion projects, supply has typically grown at a faster pace than demand in some markets, including Las Vegas, our largest market, and competition has increased significantly. For example, CityCenter, a large development of resorts and residences, opened in December 2009 in Las Vegas. The expansion of existing casino entertainment properties, the increase in the number of properties and the aggressive marketing strategies of many of our competitors have increased competition in many markets in which we operate, and this intense competition is expected to continue. These competitive pressures have and are expected to continue to adversely affect our financial performance in certain markets, including Atlantic City.

In particular, our business may be adversely impacted by the additional gaming and room capacity in Nevada, New Jersey, New York, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Mississippi, Missouri, Maryland, Michigan, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Illinois, Ohio, Louisiana, Ontario, South Africa, Uruguay, United Kingdom, Egypt and/or other projects not yet announced which may be competitive in the other markets where we operate or intend to operate. Several states, such as Kentucky, Texas and Massachusetts, and Indian tribes are also considering enabling the development and operation of casinos or casino-like operations in their jurisdictions. In addition, our operations located in New Jersey and Nevada may be adversely impacted by the expansion of Indian gaming in New York and California, respectively.

***The recent downturn in the national economy, the volatility and disruption of the capital and credit markets and adverse changes in the global economy could negatively impact our financial performance and our ability to access financing.***

The recent severe economic downturn and adverse conditions in the local, regional, national and global markets have negatively affected our operations, and may continue to negatively affect our operations in the future. During periods of economic contraction such as the current period, our revenues may decrease while some of our costs remain fixed or even increase, resulting in decreased earnings. Gaming and other leisure activities we offer represent discretionary expenditures and participation in such activities may decline during economic downturns, during which consumers generally earn less disposable income. For example, key determinants of our revenues and operating performance include hotel ADR, number of gaming trips and average spend per trip by our customers. Our average system-wide ADR was \$109 in 2007, compared to \$86 in 2010. Given that 2007 was the peak year for our financial performance and the gaming industry in the United States in general, we may not attain those financial levels in the near term, or at all. If we fail to increase ADR or any other similar metric in the near term, our revenues may not increase and, as a result, we may not be able to pay down our existing debt, fund our operations, fund planned capital expenditures or achieve expected growth rates, all of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Even an uncertain economic outlook may adversely affect consumer spending in our gaming operations and related facilities, as consumers spend less in anticipation of a potential economic downturn. Furthermore, other uncertainties, including national and global economic conditions, terrorist attacks or other global events, could adversely affect consumer spending and adversely affect our operations.

***We are subject to extensive governmental regulation and taxation policies, the enforcement of which could adversely impact our business, financial condition and results of operations.***

We are subject to extensive gaming regulations and political and regulatory uncertainty. Regulatory authorities in the jurisdictions where we operate have broad powers with respect to the licensing of casino operations and may revoke, suspend, condition or limit our gaming or other licenses, impose substantial fines and take other actions, any one of which could adversely impact our business, financial condition and results of

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operations. For example, revenues and income from operations were negatively impacted during July 2006 in Atlantic City by a three-day government-imposed casino shutdown. Furthermore, in many jurisdictions where we operate, licenses are granted for limited durations and require renewal from time to time. For example, in Iowa, our ability to continue our gaming operations is subject to a referendum every eight years or at any time upon petition of the voters in the county in which we operate; the most recent referendum which approved our ability to continue to operate our casinos occurred on November 2, 2010. There can be no assurance that continued gaming activity will be approved in any referendum in the future. If we do not obtain the requisite approval in any future referendum, we will not be able to operate our gaming operations in Iowa, which would negatively impact our future performance.

From time to time, individual jurisdictions have also considered legislation or referendums, such as bans on smoking in casinos and other entertainment and dining facilities, which could adversely impact our operations. For example, the City Council of Atlantic City passed an ordinance in 2007 requiring that we segregate at least 75% of the casino gaming floor as a nonsmoking area, leaving no more than 25% of the casino gaming floor as a smoking area. Illinois also passed the Smoke Free Illinois Act which became effective January 1, 2008, and bans smoking in nearly all public places, including bars, restaurants, work places, schools and casinos. The Act also bans smoking within 15 feet of any entrance, window or air intake area of these public places. These smoking bans have adversely affected revenues and operating results at our properties. The likelihood or outcome of similar legislation in other jurisdictions and referendums in the future cannot be predicted, though any smoking ban would be expected to negatively impact our financial performance.

The casino entertainment industry represents a significant source of tax revenues to the various jurisdictions in which casinos operate. From time to time, various state and federal legislators and officials have proposed changes in tax laws, or in the administration of such laws, including increases in tax rates, which would affect the industry. If adopted, such changes could adversely impact our business, financial condition and results of operations.

***The development and construction of new hotels, casinos and gaming venues and the expansion of existing ones are susceptible to delays, cost overruns and other uncertainties, which could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.***

We may decide to develop, construct and open new hotels, casinos and other gaming venues in response to opportunities that may arise. Future development projects and acquisitions may require significant capital commitments, the incurrence of additional debt, guarantees of third party-debt, the incurrence of contingent liabilities and an increase in amortization expense related to intangible assets, which could have an adverse effect upon our business, financial condition and results of operations. The development and construction of new hotels, casinos and gaming venues and the expansion of existing ones, such as our recent expansion at Caesars Palace in Las Vegas, are susceptible to various risks and uncertainties, such as:

the existence of acceptable market conditions and demand for the completed project;

general construction risks, including cost overruns, change orders and plan or specification modification, shortages of equipment, materials or skilled labor, labor disputes, unforeseen environmental, engineering or geological problems, work stoppages, fire and other natural disasters, construction scheduling problems and weather interferences;

changes and concessions required by governmental or regulatory authorities;

the ability to finance the projects, especially in light of our substantial indebtedness;

delays in obtaining, or inability to obtain, all licenses, permits and authorizations required to complete and/or operate the project; and

disruption of our existing operations and facilities.

Moreover, our development and expansion projects are sometimes jointly pursued with third parties. These joint development or expansion projects are subject to risks, in addition to those disclosed above, as they are



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dependent on our ability to reach and maintain agreements with third parties. For example, although we executed a definitive agreement in December 2010 with Rock Gaming, LLC to jointly develop two casinos in Ohio, we can give no assurances that the development project will be undertaken.

Our failure to complete any new development or expansion project, or consummate any joint development or expansion projects, as planned, on schedule, within budget or in a manner that generates anticipated profits, could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

### ***Acts of terrorism and war, popular uprisings, natural disasters and severe weather may negatively impact our future profits.***

Terrorist attacks and other acts of war or hostility have created many economic and political uncertainties. We cannot predict the extent to which terrorism, security alerts or war, popular uprisings or hostilities in Iraq and Afghanistan and other countries throughout the world will continue to directly or indirectly impact our business and operating results. For example, our operations in Cairo, Egypt were negatively affected from the popular uprising there in January 2011. As a consequence of the threat of terrorist attacks and other acts of war or hostility in the future, premiums for a variety of insurance products have increased, and some types of insurance are no longer available. Given current conditions in the global insurance markets, we are substantially uninsured for losses and interruptions caused by terrorist acts and acts of war. If any such event were to affect our properties, we would likely be adversely impacted.

In addition, natural and man-made disasters such as major fires, floods, hurricanes, earthquakes and oil spills could also adversely impact our business and operating results. For example, four of our properties were closed for an extended period of time due to the damage sustained from Hurricanes Katrina and Rita in August and September 2005, respectively. Such events could lead to the loss of use of one or more of our properties for an extended period of time and disrupt our ability to attract customers to certain of our gaming facilities. If any such event were to affect our properties, we would likely be adversely impacted. Additionally, the Gulf of Mexico oil spill that began in April 2010 may have adversely affected our results in that region due to lower levels of tourism and increased costs of food, including seafood.

In most cases, we have insurance that covers portions of any losses from a natural disaster, but it is subject to deductibles and maximum payouts in many cases. Although we may be covered by insurance from a natural disaster, the timing of our receipt of insurance proceeds, if any, is out of our control.

Additionally, a natural disaster affecting one or more of our properties may affect the level and cost of insurance coverage we may be able to obtain in the future, which may adversely affect our financial position.

As our operations depend in part on our customers' ability to travel, severe or inclement weather can also have a negative impact on our results of operations.

### ***Work stoppages and other labor problems could negatively impact our future profits.***

Some of our employees are represented by labor unions. A lengthy strike or other work stoppage at one of our casino properties or construction projects could have an adverse effect on our business and results of operations. From time to time, we have also experienced attempts to unionize certain of our non-union employees. While these efforts have achieved only limited success to date, we cannot provide any assurance that we will not experience additional and more successful union activity in the future. There has been a trend towards unionization for employees in Atlantic City and Las Vegas. The impact of this union activity is undetermined and could negatively impact our profits.



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***Our obligation to fund multi-employer pension plans to which we contribute may have an adverse impact on us.***

We contribute to and participate in various multi-employer pension plans for employees represented by certain unions. We are required to make contributions to these plans in amounts established under collective bargaining agreements. We do not administer these plans and, generally, are not represented on the boards of trustees of these plans. The Pension Protection Act enacted in 2006, or the PPA, requires under-funded pension plans to improve their funding ratios. Based on the information available to us, we believe that some of the multi-employer plans to which we contribute are either critical or endangered as those terms are defined in the PPA. We cannot determine at this time the amount of additional funding, if any, we may be required to make to these plans. However, plan assessments could have an adverse impact on our results of operations or cash flows for a given period. Furthermore, under current law, upon the termination of a multi-employer pension plan, or in the event of a withdrawal by us, which we consider from time to time, or a mass withdrawal or insolvency of contributing employers, we would be required to make payments to the plan for our proportionate share of the plan's unfunded vested liabilities. Any termination of a multi-employer plan, or mass withdrawal or insolvency of contributing employers, could require us to contribute an amount under a plan of rehabilitation or surcharge assessment that would have a material adverse impact on our consolidated financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

***We may not realize all of the anticipated benefits of current or potential future acquisitions.***

Our ability to realize the anticipated benefits of acquisitions will depend, in part, on our ability to integrate the businesses of such acquired company with our businesses. The combination of two independent companies is a complex, costly and time consuming process. This process may disrupt the business of either or both of the companies, and may not result in the full benefits expected. The difficulties of combining the operations of the companies, including our recent acquisitions of Planet Hollywood in Las Vegas and Thistledown Racetrack in Cleveland, Ohio, include, among others:

coordinating marketing functions;

unanticipated issues in integrating information, communications and other systems;

unanticipated incompatibility of purchasing, logistics, marketing and administration methods;

retaining key employees;

consolidating corporate and administrative infrastructures;

the diversion of management's attention from ongoing business concerns; and

coordinating geographically separate organizations.

We may be unable to realize in whole or in part the benefits anticipated for any current or future acquisitions.

***We may not realize any or all of our projected cost savings, which would have a negative effect on our results of operations and could have a negative effect on our stock price.***

Beginning in the third quarter of 2008, we initiated a company-wide cost savings plan in an effort to align our expenses with current revenue levels. While these efforts have allowed us to realize, as of December 31, 2010, approximately \$648.8 million in savings since we initiated our cost savings plan, our continued reduction efforts may fail to achieve similar or continued savings. Although we believe, as of December 31, 2010, there were \$207.5 million of estimated cost savings yet-to-be realized from these initiatives, we may not realize some or all of these projected savings without impairing our revenues. Our cost savings plans are intended to increase our effectiveness and efficiency in our operations without impairing our revenues and margins. Our cost savings plan is subject to numerous risks and uncertainties that may change at

any time, and, therefore, our actual savings may differ materially from what we anticipate. For example, cutting advertising expenses may have an

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unintended negative affect on our revenues. In addition, our expected savings from procurement may be affected by unexpected increases in the cost of raw materials.

### ***We may be required to pay our future tax obligation on our deferred cancellation of debt income.***

Under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, or the ARRA, we will receive temporary federal tax relief under the Delayed Recognition of Cancellation of Debt Income, or CODI, rules. The ARRA contains a provision that allows for a deferral for tax purposes of CODI for debt reacquired in 2009 and 2010, followed by recognition of CODI ratably from 2014 through 2018. In connection with the debt that we reacquired in 2009 and 2010, we have deferred related CODI of \$3.6 billion for tax purposes (net of Original Issue Discount (OID) interest expense, some of which must also be deferred to 2014 through 2018 under the ARRA). We are required to include one-fifth of the deferred CODI, net of deferred and regularly scheduled OID, in taxable income each year from 2014 through 2018. To the extent that our federal taxable income exceeds our available federal net operating loss carry forwards in those years, we will have a cash tax obligation. Our tax obligations related to CODI could be substantial and could materially and adversely affect our cash flows as a result of tax payments. For more information on the debt that we reacquired in 2009 and 2010, see Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation Capital Resources Issuances and Redemptions.

### ***The risks associated with our international operations could reduce our profits.***

Some of our properties are located outside the United States, and our 2006 acquisition of London Clubs has increased the percentage of our revenue derived from operations outside the United States. International operations are subject to inherent risks including:

variation in local economies;

currency fluctuation;

greater difficulty in accounts receivable collection;

trade barriers;

burden of complying with a variety of international laws; and

political and economic instability.

For example, the political instability in Egypt due to the uprisings in January 2011 has negatively affected our properties there.

### ***The loss of the services of key personnel could have a material adverse effect on our business.***

The leadership of our chief executive officer, Mr. Loveman, and other executive officers has been a critical element of our success. The death or disability of Mr. Loveman or other extended or permanent loss of his services, or any negative market or industry perception with respect to him or arising from his loss, could have a material adverse effect on our business. Our other executive officers and other members of senior management have substantial experience and expertise in our business and have made significant contributions to our growth and success. The unexpected loss of services of one or more of these individuals could also adversely affect us. We are not protected by key man or similar life insurance covering members of our senior management. We have employment agreements with our executive officers, but these agreements do not guarantee that any given executive will remain with us.

***If we are unable to attract, retain and motivate employees, we may not be able to compete effectively and will not be able to expand our business.***

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Our success and ability to grow are dependent, in part, on our ability to hire, retain and motivate sufficient numbers of talented people, with the increasingly diverse skills needed to serve clients and expand our business,

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in many locations around the world. Competition for highly qualified, specialized technical and managerial, and particularly consulting personnel, is intense. Recruiting, training, retention and benefit costs place significant demands on our resources. Additionally our substantial indebtedness and the recent downturn in the gaming, travel and leisure sectors have made recruiting executives to our business more difficult. The inability to attract qualified employees in sufficient numbers to meet particular demands or the loss of a significant number of our employees could have an adverse effect on us.

*We are or may become involved in legal proceedings that, if adversely adjudicated or settled, could impact our financial condition.*

From time to time, we are defendants in various lawsuits or other legal proceedings relating to matters incidental to our business. The nature of our business subjects us to the risk of lawsuits filed by customers, past and present employees, competitors, business partners, Indian tribes and others in the ordinary course of business. As with all legal proceedings, no assurance can be provided as to the outcome of these matters and in general, legal proceedings can be expensive and time consuming. For example, we may have potential liability arising from a class action lawsuit against Hilton Hotels Corporation relating to employee benefit obligations. We may not be successful in the defense or prosecution of these lawsuits, which could result in settlements or damages that could significantly impact our business, financial condition and results of operations.

### **Risks Related to this Offering**

*An active trading market for our common stock may not develop.*

Prior to this offering, there has not been a public market for our common stock. We cannot predict the extent to which investor interest in us will lead to the development of an active trading market or how liquid that market might become. If an active trading market does not develop, you may have difficulty selling any of our common stock that you buy. The offering price for our common stock may not be indicative of prices that will prevail in the open market following this offering. Consequently, you may not be able to sell our common stock at prices equal to or greater than the price you paid in this offering.

In addition, a listing of our common stock may not have occurred on or prior to the date on which you buy your shares of our common stock. We have not applied to list the common stock on any securities exchange, and we are not required to do so as a condition to the Private Placement. Although we have agreed to use our reasonable best efforts to achieve a listing of our common stock on the Nasdaq Stock Market, or Nasdaq, or NYSE in connection with the Paulson Investors' exercise of their demand registration right to an underwritten offering, we have 60 days to file the registration statement with the SEC following receipt of written notice from the Paulson Investors that they are exercising their demand registration right. In addition, we cannot assure you that we will be successful in our efforts to achieve such a listing.

*Future sales or the possibility of future sales of a substantial amount of our common stock may depress the price of shares of our common stock.*

Future sales or the availability for sale of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market could adversely affect the prevailing market price of our common stock and could impair our ability to raise capital through future sales of equity securities.

As of March 15, 2011, 71,799,659 shares of our common stock were outstanding, all of which are the same class of voting common stock. All of the outstanding shares of our common stock are eligible for resale under Rule 144 or Rule 701 of the Securities Act, subject to volume limitations and applicable holding period requirements. The Sponsors have the ability to cause us to register the resale of its shares, and our management members who hold shares will have the ability to include their shares in such registration.

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We may issue shares of common stock or other securities from time to time as consideration for future acquisitions and investments or for any other reason that our board of directors, or Board, deems advisable. If any such acquisition or investment is significant, the number of shares of our common stock, or the number or aggregate principal amount, as the case may be, of other securities that we may issue may in turn be substantial. We may also grant registration rights covering those shares of common stock or other securities in connection with any such acquisitions and investments. As of March 15, 2011, options to purchase 4,048,383 shares of common stock are outstanding under our Management Equity Incentive Plan, assuming no changes to the plan, and includes warrants to purchase 32,593 shares of our common stock. We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-8 covering the shares issuable under our Management Equity Incentive Plan. Accordingly, such shares are freely tradable.

We cannot predict the size of future issuances of our common stock or other securities or the effect, if any, that future issuances and sales of our common stock or other securities, including future sales by the Sponsors, will have on the market price of our common stock. Sales of substantial amounts of common stock (including shares of common stock issued in connection with an acquisition), or the perception that such sales could occur, may adversely affect prevailing market prices for our common stock.

***The price and trading volume of our common stock may fluctuate significantly, and you could lose all or part of your investment.***

Even if an active trading market develops upon completion of the listing of our common stock, the market price of our common stock may be highly volatile and could be subject to wide fluctuations. In addition, the trading volume of our common stock may fluctuate and cause significant price variations to occur. Volatility in the market price of our common stock may prevent you from being able to sell your shares at or above the price you paid for your shares of common stock. The market price for our common stock could fluctuate significantly for various reasons, including:

our operating and financial performance and prospects;

our quarterly or annual earnings or those of other companies in our industry;

conditions that impact demand for our products and services;

the public's reaction to our press releases, other public announcements and filings with the SEC;

changes in earnings estimates or recommendations by securities analysts who track our common stock;

market and industry perception of our success, or lack thereof, in pursuing our growth strategy;

strategic actions by us or our competitors, such as acquisitions or restructurings;

changes in government and environmental regulation, including gaming taxes;

changes in accounting standards, policies, guidance, interpretations or principles;

arrival and departure of key personnel;

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the number of shares to be publicly traded after this offering;

changes in our capital structure;

sales of common stock by us or members of our management team; and

changes in general market, economic and political conditions in the United States and global economies or financial markets, including those resulting from natural disasters, terrorist attacks, popular uprisings, acts of war and responses to such events.

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In addition, in recent years, the stock market has experienced significant price and volume fluctuations. This volatility has had a significant impact on the market price of securities issued by many companies, including companies in the gaming, lodging, hospitality and entertainment industries. The changes frequently appear to occur without regard to the operating performance of the affected companies. Hence, the price of our common stock could fluctuate based upon factors that have little or nothing to do with us, and these fluctuations could materially reduce our share price.

***Apollo and TPG control us, and their interests may conflict with or differ from your interests as a stockholder.***

Hamlet Holdings, LLC ( Hamlet Holdings ), the members of which are comprised of an equal number of individuals affiliated with each of the Sponsors, beneficially owns approximately 89.3% of our common stock pursuant to an irrevocable proxy providing Hamlet Holdings with sole voting and sole dispositive power over those shares. As a result, the Sponsors have the power to elect all of our directors. Therefore, the Sponsors have the ability to vote on any transaction that requires the approval of our Board or our stockholders, including the approval of significant corporate transactions such as mergers and the sale of substantially all of our assets. The interests of the Sponsors could conflict with or differ from the interests of other holders of our common stock. For example, the concentration of ownership held by the Sponsors could delay, defer or prevent a change of control of us or impede a merger, takeover or other business combination which another stockholder may otherwise view favorably. Additionally, the Sponsors are in the business of making or advising on investments in companies it holds, and may from time to time in the future acquire interests in or provide advice to businesses that directly or indirectly compete with certain portions of our business or are suppliers or customers of ours. One or both of the Sponsors may also pursue acquisitions that may be complementary to our business, and, as a result, those acquisition opportunities may not be available to us. A sale of a substantial number of shares of stock in the future by funds affiliated with the Sponsors or their co-investors could cause our stock price to decline. So long as Hamlet Holdings continues to hold the irrevocable proxy, they will continue to be able to strongly influence or effectively control our decisions.

In addition, we have an executive committee that serves at the discretion of our Board and is authorized to take such actions as it reasonably determines appropriate. Currently, the executive committee may act by a majority of its members, provided that at least one member affiliated with TPG and Apollo must approve any action of the executive committee. See Management Committees of Our Board of Directors Executive Committee for a further discussion.

***Our stockholders are subject to extensive governmental regulation and if a stockholder is found unsuitable by the gaming authority, that stockholder would not be able to beneficially own our common stock directly or indirectly.***

In many jurisdictions, gaming laws can require any of our stockholders to file an application, be investigated, and qualify or have his, her or its suitability determined by gaming authorities. Gaming authorities have very broad discretion in determining whether an applicant should be deemed suitable. Subject to certain administrative proceeding requirements, the gaming regulators have the authority to deny any application or limit, condition, restrict, revoke or suspend any license, registration, finding of suitability or approval, or fine any person licensed, registered or found suitable or approved, for any cause deemed reasonable by the gaming authorities. For additional information on the criteria used in making determinations regarding suitability, see Gaming Regulatory Overview.

For example, under Nevada gaming laws, each person who acquires, directly or indirectly, beneficial ownership of any voting security, or beneficial or record ownership of any non-voting security or any debt security, in a public corporation which is registered with the Nevada Gaming Commission, or the Gaming Commission, may be required to be found suitable if the Gaming Commission has reason to believe that his or her acquisition of that ownership, or his or her continued ownership in general, would be inconsistent with the declared public policy of Nevada, in the sole discretion of the Gaming Commission. Any person required by the



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Gaming Commission to be found suitable shall apply for a finding of suitability within 30 days after the Gaming Commission's request that he or she should do so and, together with his or her application for suitability, deposit with the Nevada Gaming Control Board, or the Control Board, a sum of money which, in the sole discretion of the Control Board, will be adequate to pay the anticipated costs and charges incurred in the investigation and processing of that application for suitability, and deposit such additional sums as are required by the Control Board to pay final costs and charges.

Furthermore, any person required by a gaming authority to be found suitable, who is found unsuitable by the gaming authority, may not hold directly or indirectly the beneficial ownership of any voting security or the beneficial or record ownership of any nonvoting security or any debt security of any public corporation which is registered with the gaming authority beyond the time prescribed by the gaming authority. A violation of the foregoing may constitute a criminal offense. A finding of unsuitability by a particular gaming authority impacts that person's ability to associate or affiliate with gaming licensees in that particular jurisdiction and could impact the person's ability to associate or affiliate with gaming licensees in other jurisdictions.

Many jurisdictions also require any person who acquires beneficial ownership of more than a certain percentage of voting securities of a gaming company and, in some jurisdictions, non-voting securities, typically 5%, to report the acquisition to gaming authorities, and gaming authorities may require such holders to apply for qualification or a finding of suitability, subject to limited exceptions for institutional investors that hold a company's voting securities for investment purposes only.

Some jurisdictions may also limit the number of gaming licenses in which a person may hold an ownership or controlling interest. In Indiana, for example, state law allows us to only hold two gaming licenses within Indiana.

***Because we have not paid dividends since the Acquisition and do not anticipate paying dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future, you should not expect to receive dividends on shares of our common stock.***

We have no present plans to pay cash dividends to our stockholders and, for the foreseeable future, intend to retain all of our earnings for use in our business. The declaration of any future dividends by us is within the discretion of our Board and will be dependent on our earnings, financial condition and capital requirements, as well as any other factors deemed relevant by our Board.

***We will be a controlled company within the meaning of the Nasdaq or NYSE rules and, as a result, will qualify for, and intend to rely on, exemptions from certain corporate governance requirements.***

Upon the closing of this offering, Hamlet Holdings will continue to control a majority of our voting common stock. As a result, we will be a controlled company within the meaning of the Nasdaq or NYSE corporate governance standards. Under the Nasdaq or NYSE rules, a company of which more than 50% of the voting power is held by an individual, group or another company is a controlled company and may elect not to comply with certain Nasdaq or NYSE corporate governance requirements, including:

the requirement that a majority of the Board consists of independent directors;

the requirement that we have a nominating/corporate governance committee that is composed entirely of independent directors;

the requirement that we have a compensation committee that is composed entirely of independent directors; and

the requirement for an annual performance evaluation of the nominating/corporate governance and compensation committees.

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Following this offering, we intend to utilize these exemptions. As a result, we will not have a majority of independent directors nor will our nominating/corporate governance and compensation committees consist entirely of independent directors and we will not be required to have an annual performance evaluation of the nominating/corporate governance and compensation committees. See Management. Accordingly, you will not have the same protections afforded to stockholders of companies that are subject to all of the Nasdaq or NYSE corporate governance requirements.

***Although we already file periodic reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Section 13 of the Exchange Act of 1934, becoming a company with publicly traded common stock will increase our expenses and administrative burden.***

As a company with publicly traded common stock, we will incur legal, accounting and other expenses that we did not incur as a company without a publicly traded equity security. In addition, our administrative staff will be required to perform additional tasks. For example, in anticipation of becoming a company with publicly traded common stock, we will need to create or revise the roles and duties of our Board committees and retain a transfer agent. Once our common stock is publicly traded, we will also be required to hold an annual meeting for our stockholders, which will require us to expend resources to prepare, print and mail a proxy statement relating to the annual meeting.

In addition, changing laws, regulations and standards relating to corporate governance and public disclosure, including the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and related regulations implemented by the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, or Dodd-Frank, which amended Sarbanes-Oxley, among other federal laws, are creating uncertainty for public companies, increasing legal and financial compliance costs and making some activities more time consuming. Dodd-Frank, signed into law on July 21, 2010, effects comprehensive changes to the regulation of financial services in the United States and will subject us to additional federal regulation. We cannot predict with any certainty the requirements of the regulations ultimately adopted or how Dodd-Frank and such regulations will impact the cost of compliance for a company with publicly traded common stock. We are currently evaluating and monitoring developments with respect to Dodd-Frank and other new and proposed rules and cannot predict or estimate the amount of the additional costs we may incur or the timing of such costs. These laws, regulations and standards are subject to varying interpretations, in many cases due to their lack of specificity, and, as a result, their application in practice may evolve over time as new guidance is provided by regulatory and governing bodies. This could result in continuing uncertainty regarding compliance matters and higher costs necessitated by ongoing revisions to disclosure and governance practices. We intend to invest resources to comply with evolving laws, regulations and standards, and this investment may result in increased general and administrative expenses and a diversion of management's time and attention from revenue-generating activities to compliance activities. If our efforts to comply with new laws, regulations and standards differ from the activities intended by regulatory or governing bodies due to ambiguities related to practice, regulatory authorities may initiate legal proceedings against us and our business may be harmed. We also expect that being a company with publicly traded common stock and these new rules and regulations will make it more expensive for us to obtain director and officer liability insurance, and we may be required to accept reduced coverage or incur substantially higher costs to obtain coverage. These factors could also make it more difficult for us to attract and retain qualified members of our board of directors, particularly to serve on our audit committee, and qualified executive officers.

***Our bylaws and certificate of incorporation contain provisions that could discourage another company from acquiring us and may prevent attempts by our stockholders to replace or remove our current management.***

Provisions of our bylaws and our certificate of incorporation may delay or prevent a merger or acquisition that stockholders may consider favorable, including transactions in which you might otherwise receive a premium for your shares. In addition, these provisions may frustrate or prevent any attempts by our stockholders to replace or remove our current management by making it more difficult for stockholders to replace or remove

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our directors. For example, we will authorize the issuance of blank check preferred stock without any need for action by stockholders.

Our issuance of shares of preferred stock could delay or prevent a change of control of us. Our Board has the authority to cause us to issue, without any further vote or action by the stockholders, shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share, in one or more series, to designate the number of shares constituting any series, and to fix the rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions thereof, including dividend rights, voting rights, rights and terms of redemption, redemption price or prices and liquidation preferences of such series. The issuance of shares of preferred stock may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of our company without further action by the stockholders, even where stockholders are offered a premium for their shares.

Together, these charter and statutory provisions could make the removal of management more difficult and may discourage transactions that otherwise could involve payment of a premium over prevailing market prices for our common stock. Furthermore, the existence of the foregoing provisions, as well as the significant common stock beneficially owned by the Sponsors, could limit the price that investors might be willing to pay in the future for shares of our common stock. They could also deter potential acquirers of our company, thereby reducing the likelihood that you could receive a premium for your common stock in an acquisition.

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**CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

This prospectus contains or may contain forward-looking statements intended to qualify for the safe harbor from liability established by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. We have based these forward-looking statements on our current expectations about future events. Further, statements that include words such as may, will, project, might, expect, believe, anticipate, intend, could, would, estimate, continue or pursue words or other words or expressions of similar meaning may identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are found at various places throughout the prospectus. These forward-looking statements, including, without limitation, those relating to future actions, new projects, strategies, future performance, the outcome of contingencies such as legal proceedings, and future financial results, wherever they occur in this prospectus, are necessarily estimates reflecting the best judgment of our management and involve a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those suggested by the forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements should, therefore, be considered in light of various important factors set forth under Risk Factors and elsewhere in this prospectus, including, without limitation, forward-looking statements included in this prospectus. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us, or persons acting on our behalf, are expressly qualified in their entirety by these cautionary statements.

In addition to the risk factors set forth under Risk Factors, important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from estimates or projections contained in the forward-looking statements include without limitation:

the impact of the our significant indebtedness;

the impact, if any, of unfunded pension benefits under the multi-employer pension plans;

the effect of local and national economic, credit and capital market conditions on the economy in general, and on the gaming and hotel industries in particular;

construction factors, including delays, increased costs of labor and materials, availability of labor and materials, zoning issues, environmental restrictions, soil and water conditions, weather and other hazards, site access matters and building permit issues;

the effects of environmental and structural building conditions relating to our properties;

the ability to timely and cost-effectively integrate companies that we acquire into our operations;

the ability to realize the expense reductions from our cost savings programs;

access to available and reasonable financing on a timely basis;

changes in laws, including increased tax rates, smoking bans, regulations or accounting standards, third-party relations and approvals, and decisions, disciplines and fines of courts, regulators and governmental bodies;

litigation outcomes and judicial and governmental body actions, including gaming legislative action, referenda, regulatory disciplinary actions and fines and taxation;

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the ability of our customer-tracking, customer loyalty and yield-management programs to continue to increase customer loyalty and same store sales or hotel sales;

our ability to recoup costs of capital investments through higher revenues;

acts of war or terrorist incidents, severe weather conditions, political uprisings or natural disasters;

access to insurance on reasonable terms for our assets;

abnormal gaming holds;

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the potential difficulties in employee retention and recruitment as a result of our substantial indebtedness, the recent downturn in the gaming and hotel industries, or any other factor;

the effects of competition, including locations of competitors and operating and market competition; and

the other factors set forth under **Risk Factors** above.

You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this prospectus. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or release any revisions to these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this prospectus or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, except as required by law.

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**MARKET AND INDUSTRY DATA AND FORECASTS**

Information regarding market share, market position and industry data pertaining to our business contained in this prospectus consists of our estimates based on data and reports compiled by industry sources and professional organizations, including National Indian Gaming Commission, Casino City's North American Gaming Almanac, 2010 AGA Survey of Casino Entertainment, Las Vegas Convention and Visitors Authority, Smith Travel Research, Nevada State Gaming Control Board Nevada Gaming Abstract, South Jersey Transportation Authority, New Jersey Casino Control Commission, H2 Gaming Capital, Macau Gaming Inspection and Coordination Bureau, European Casino Association, the public filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission of MGM Resorts International, Las Vegas Sands Corp., Wynn Resorts, Limited, Ameristar Casinos, Inc., Penn National Gaming, Inc. and Pinnacle Entertainment, Inc. and on our management's knowledge of our business and markets.

Although we believe that the third-party sources are reliable, we have not independently verified market industry data provided by third parties or by industry or general publications, and we do not take any further responsibility for this data. Similarly, while we believe our internal estimates with respect to our industry are reliable, our estimates have not been verified by any independent sources, and we cannot assure you that they are accurate. While we are not aware of any misstatements regarding any industry data presented in this prospectus, our estimates, in particular as they relate to market share and our general expectations, involve risks and uncertainties and are subject to change based on various factors, including those discussed under Risk Factors.

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**USE OF PROCEEDS**

We are registering these shares of common stock for resale by the selling stockholders in connection with the Private Placement. We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of the shares offered by this prospectus. The net proceeds from the sale of the shares offered by this prospectus will be received by the selling stockholders.



**Table of Contents****CAPITALIZATION**

The following table sets forth our capitalization as of December 31, 2010.

You should read this table in conjunction with Selected Historical Consolidated Financial Data, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, Description of Indebtedness and our financial statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus.

| <b>(In millions)</b>                                       | <b>As of December<br/>31,<br/>2010</b> |
|------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents                                  | \$ 987.0                               |
| Debt:                                                      |                                        |
| Term loan <sup>(1)</sup>                                   | \$ 6,783.4                             |
| Revolving credit facility <sup>(2)</sup>                   |                                        |
| First lien notes                                           | 2,049.7                                |
| Second lien notes <sup>(3)</sup>                           | 2,930.8                                |
| PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan                          | 423.8                                  |
| Subsidiary guaranteed unsecured senior debt <sup>(4)</sup> | 489.1                                  |
| Unsecured senior notes <sup>(5)</sup>                      | 665.6                                  |
| CMBS Financing                                             | 5,182.3                                |
| Other <sup>(6)</sup>                                       | 316.4                                  |
| Total long-term debt, including current portion            | 18,841.1                               |
| Equity                                                     | 1,672.6                                |
| Total capitalization                                       | \$ 20,513.7                            |

- (1) Upon the closing of the Acquisition, CEOC entered into a seven-year \$7,250 million term loan facility, all of which was drawn at the closing of the Acquisition. The outstanding borrowings under the term loan have been increased by the Incremental Loan drawn in October 2009 and have been reduced by payments made subsequent to the Acquisition. Caesars guarantees this facility, and all of the material wholly owned domestic subsidiaries of CEOC have pledged their assets to secure this facility.
- (2) Upon the closing of the Acquisition, CEOC entered into the senior secured credit facilities, which included a \$2,000 million revolving credit facility that was reduced to \$1,630 million due to debt retirements subsequent to the closing of the Acquisition. At December 31, 2010, \$1,510.2 million of borrowing capacity was available under our revolving credit facility, with an additional \$119.8 million committed to back letters of credit. Caesars guarantees this facility, and all of the material wholly owned domestic subsidiaries of CEOC have pledged their assets to secure this facility.
- (3) Consists of the book values of \$214.8 million face value of 10.0% Second-Priority Notes due 2015, book values of \$847.6 million face value of 10.0% Second-Priority Notes due 2018 issued in connection with the exchange offers that were consummated on December 24, 2008, book values of \$3,705.5 million face value of 10.0% Second-Priority Notes due 2018 issued in connection with the exchange offers that were consummated on April 15, 2009, and book values of \$750 million face value of 12.75% Second-Priority Notes due 2018 issued during April 2010. Such amounts are inclusive of amounts paid in fees in connection with such exchange offers. The aggregate face value of such notes is \$5,517.9 million.
- (4) Consists of \$478.6 million of 10.75% Senior Notes due 2016 and \$10.5 million of 10.75%/11.5% Senior Toggle Notes due 2018. All of this indebtedness is guaranteed on a joint and several basis by Caesars and each of the Subsidiary Pledgors.
- (5) Consist of the book values of the following notes: \$125.2 million face value of 5.375% Senior Notes due 2013, \$364.6 million face value of 5.625% Senior Notes due 2015, \$153.9 million face value of 5.75% Senior Notes due 2017, \$248.7 million face value of 6.5% Senior Notes due 2016, \$0.6 million face value of 7% Senior Notes due 2013 and \$0.2 million face value of Floating Rate Contingent Convertible Senior



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Notes due 2024, all of which are obligations of CEOC and guaranteed by Caesars. The aggregate face value of such notes is \$893.2 million. As a result of the Private Placement, HBC holds \$427.2 million face value of the outstanding 5.625% Senior Notes due 2015, \$384.9 million face value of the outstanding 5.75% Senior Notes due 2017 and \$324.4 million face value of the outstanding 6.5% Senior Notes due 2016.

- (6) Consists of the book values of the following debt: \$248.4 million of 12.375% senior secured term loan due 2016 incurred by Chester Downs, \$67.1 million of principal obligations to fund Clark County, Nevada, Special Improvement District bonds and \$11.8 million of miscellaneous other indebtedness.

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**SELECTED HISTORICAL CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA**

The following table presents our selected historical consolidated financial data as of and for the periods presented. The selected historical consolidated financial data as of December 31, 2009 and 2010 and the periods from January 1, 2008 through January 27, 2008 and from January 28, 2008 through December 31, 2008, and for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2010, have been derived from, and should be read in conjunction with, our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. The selected historical consolidated financial and other data for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2007 and as of December 31, 2006, 2007 and 2008 have been derived from our audited consolidated financial statements not included in this prospectus.

You should read this data in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and our financial statements and the related notes thereto included elsewhere in this prospectus.

**Table of Contents****Caesars Entertainment Corporation****Selected Historical Consolidated Financial Data**

| (In millions, except per share data)                                | Predecessor                        |                                    | Jan.<br>1, 2008<br>through<br>Jan. 27, 2008 | Jan. 28,<br>2008<br>through<br>Dec. 31, 2008 | Successor                          |                                    |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
|                                                                     | Year Ended<br>December 31,<br>2006 | Year Ended<br>December 31,<br>2007 |                                             |                                              | Year Ended<br>December 31,<br>2009 | Year Ended<br>December 31,<br>2010 |
| <b>Revenues</b>                                                     |                                    |                                    |                                             |                                              |                                    |                                    |
| Casino                                                              | \$ 7,868.6                         | \$ 8,831.0                         | \$ 614.6                                    | \$ 7,476.9                                   | \$ 7,124.3                         | \$ 6,917.9                         |
| Food and beverage                                                   | 1,577.7                            | 1,698.8                            | 118.4                                       | 1,530.2                                      | 1,479.3                            | 1,510.6                            |
| Rooms                                                               | 1,240.7                            | 1,353.6                            | 96.4                                        | 1,174.5                                      | 1,068.9                            | 1,132.3                            |
| Management fees                                                     | 89.1                               | 81.5                               | 5.0                                         | 59.1                                         | 56.6                               | 39.1                               |
| Other                                                               | 611.0                              | 695.9                              | 42.7                                        | 624.8                                        | 592.4                              | 576.3                              |
| Less: casino promotional allowances                                 | (1,713.2)                          | (1,835.6)                          | (117.0)                                     | (1,498.6)                                    | (1,414.1)                          | (1,357.6)                          |
| Net revenues                                                        | 9,673.9                            | 10,825.2                           | 760.1                                       | 9,366.9                                      | 8,907.4                            | 8,818.6                            |
| <b>Operating Expenses</b>                                           |                                    |                                    |                                             |                                              |                                    |                                    |
| <b>Direct</b>                                                       |                                    |                                    |                                             |                                              |                                    |                                    |
| Casino                                                              | 3,902.6                            | 4,595.2                            | 340.6                                       | 4,102.8                                      | 3,925.5                            | 3,948.9                            |
| Food and beverage                                                   | 697.6                              | 716.5                              | 50.5                                        | 639.5                                        | 596.0                              | 621.3                              |
| Rooms                                                               | 256.6                              | 266.3                              | 19.6                                        | 236.7                                        | 213.5                              | 259.4                              |
| Property general and administrative and other                       | 2,206.8                            | 2,421.7                            | 178.2                                       | 2,143.0                                      | 2,018.8                            | 2,061.7                            |
| Depreciation and amortization                                       | 667.9                              | 817.2                              | 63.5                                        | 626.9                                        | 683.9                              | 735.5                              |
| Project opening costs                                               | 20.9                               | 25.5                               | 0.7                                         | 28.9                                         | 3.6                                | 2.1                                |
| Write-downs, reserves and recoveries                                | 62.6                               | (59.9)                             | 4.7                                         | 16.2                                         | 107.9                              | 147.6                              |
| Impairment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets   | 20.7                               | 169.6                              |                                             | 5,489.6                                      | 1,638.0                            | 193.0                              |
| (Income)/loss in non-consolidated affiliates                        | (3.6)                              | (3.9)                              | (0.5)                                       | 2.1                                          | 2.2                                | 1.5                                |
| Corporate expense                                                   | 177.5                              | 138.1                              | 8.5                                         | 131.8                                        | 150.7                              | 140.9                              |
| Acquisition and integration costs                                   | 37.0                               | 13.4                               | 125.6                                       | 24.0                                         | 0.3                                | 13.6                               |
| Amortization of intangible assets                                   | 70.7                               | 73.5                               | 5.5                                         | 162.9                                        | 174.8                              | 160.8                              |
| Total operating expenses                                            | 8,117.3                            | 9,173.2                            | 796.9                                       | 13,604.4                                     | 9,515.2                            | 8,286.3                            |
| Income/(loss) from operations                                       | 1,556.6                            | 1,652.0                            | (36.8)                                      | (4,237.5)                                    | (607.8)                            | 532.3                              |
| Interest expense, net of interest capitalized                       | (670.5)                            | (800.8)                            | (89.7)                                      | (2,074.9)                                    | (1,892.5)                          | (1,981.6)                          |
| (Losses)/gains on early extinguishments of debt                     | (62.0)                             | (2.0)                              |                                             | 742.1                                        | 4,965.5                            | 115.6                              |
| Other income, including interest income                             | 10.7                               | 43.3                               | 1.1                                         | 35.2                                         | 33.0                               | 41.7                               |
| Income/(loss) from continuing operations before income taxes        | 834.8                              | 892.5                              | (125.4)                                     | (5,535.1)                                    | 2,498.2                            | (1,292.0)                          |
| (Provision)/benefit for income taxes                                | (295.6)                            | (350.1)                            | 26.0                                        | 360.4                                        | (1,651.8)                          | 468.7                              |
| Income/(loss) from continuing operations, net of tax                | 539.2                              | 542.4                              | (99.4)                                      | (5,174.7)                                    | 846.4                              | (823.3)                            |
| Income from discontinued operations, net of tax                     | 11.9                               | 92.2                               | 0.1                                         | 90.4                                         |                                    |                                    |
| Net income/(loss)                                                   | 551.1                              | 634.6                              | (99.3)                                      | (5,084.3)                                    | 846.4                              | (823.3)                            |
| Less: net income attributable to non-controlling interests          | (15.3)                             | (15.2)                             | (1.6)                                       | (12.0)                                       | (18.8)                             | (7.8)                              |
| Net income/(loss) attributable to Caesars Entertainment Corporation | 535.8                              | 619.4                              | (100.9)                                     | (5,096.3)                                    | 827.6                              | (831.1)                            |
| Preferred stock dividends                                           |                                    |                                    |                                             | (297.8)                                      | (354.8)                            |                                    |
| Net income/(loss) attributable to common stockholders               | \$ 535.8                           | \$ 619.4                           | \$ (100.9)                                  | \$ (5,394.1)                                 | \$ 472.8                           | \$ (831.1)                         |

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|                                          |    |      |    |      |    |        |             |    |       |    |         |
|------------------------------------------|----|------|----|------|----|--------|-------------|----|-------|----|---------|
| <b>Earnings per share basic</b>          |    |      |    |      |    |        |             |    |       |    |         |
| Income/(loss) from continuing operations | \$ | 2.85 | \$ | 2.83 | \$ | (0.54) | \$ (134.59) | \$ | 11.62 | \$ | (14.58) |
| Discontinued operations, net             |    | 0.06 |    | 0.50 |    |        | 2.22        |    |       |    |         |
| Net income/(loss)                        | \$ | 2.91 | \$ | 3.33 | \$ | (0.54) | \$ (132.37) | \$ | 11.62 | \$ | (14.58) |
| <b>Earnings per share diluted</b>        |    |      |    |      |    |        |             |    |       |    |         |
| Income/(loss) from continuing operations | \$ | 2.79 | \$ | 2.77 | \$ | (0.54) | \$ (134.59) | \$ | 6.88  | \$ | (14.58) |
| Discontinued operations, net             |    | 0.06 |    | 0.48 |    |        | 2.22        |    |       |    |         |
| Net income/(loss)                        | \$ | 2.85 | \$ | 3.25 | \$ | (0.54) | \$ (132.37) | \$ | 6.88  | \$ | (14.58) |
| Dividends declared per common share      | \$ | 1.53 | \$ | 1.60 | \$ |        | \$          | \$ |       | \$ |         |

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| (In millions except share data)                              | Predecessor                        |                                    | Jan. 1, 2008<br>through<br>Jan. 27, 2008 | Successor                                    |                                           |            |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|------------|
|                                                              | Year Ended<br>December 31,<br>2006 | Year Ended<br>December 31,<br>2007 |                                          | Jan. 28,<br>2008<br>through<br>Dec. 31, 2008 | Year Ended December 31,<br>2009      2010 |            |
| Basic weighted-average common shares outstanding             | 183,961,197                        | 186,274,374                        | 188,122,643                              | 40,749,898                                   | 40,684,515                                | 57,016,007 |
| Diluted weighted-average common shares outstanding           | 187,996,983                        | 190,557,097                        | 188,122,643                              | 40,749,898                                   | 120,225,295                               | 57,016,007 |
| <b>Balance Sheet Data (at period end)</b>                    |                                    |                                    |                                          |                                              |                                           |            |
| Cash and cash equivalents                                    | \$ 799.6                           | \$ 710.0                           |                                          | \$ 650.5                                     | \$ 918.1                                  | \$ 987.0   |
| Working capital                                              | (610.2)                            | (126.1)                            |                                          | (536.4)                                      | (6.6)                                     | 207.7      |
| Total assets                                                 | 22,284.9                           | 23,357.7                           |                                          | 31,048.6                                     | 28,979.2                                  | 28,587.7   |
| Total book value of debt                                     | 12,089.9                           | 12,440.4                           |                                          | 23,208.9                                     | 18,943.1                                  | 18,841.1   |
| Total stockholders equity/(deficit)                          | 6,123.5                            | 6,679.1                            |                                          | (1,360.8)                                    | (867.0)                                   | 1,672.6    |
| <b>Other Financial Data</b>                                  |                                    |                                    |                                          |                                              |                                           |            |
| Capital expenditures, net of change in construction payables | \$ 2,500.1                         | \$ 1,376.7                         | \$ 125.6                                 | \$ 1,181.4                                   | \$ 464.5                                  | \$ 160.7   |

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**DIVIDEND POLICY**

We intend to retain all future earnings, if any, for use in the operation of our business and to fund future growth. We do not anticipate paying any dividends for the foreseeable future. The decision whether to pay dividends will be made by our Board in light of conditions then existing, including factors such as our results of operations, financial condition and requirements, business conditions and covenants under any applicable contractual arrangements, including our indebtedness.



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**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF  
FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

In November 2010, Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. changed its name to Caesars Entertainment Corporation. Caesars Entertainment Corporation, a Delaware corporation, was incorporated on November 2, 1989, and prior to such date operated under predecessor companies. In this discussion, the words "Caesars Entertainment," "Company," "we," "our," and "us" refer to Caesars Entertainment Corporation, together with its subsidiaries where appropriate.

**Overview**

We are one of the largest casino entertainment providers in the world. As of December 31, 2010, we owned, operated or managed 52 casinos in seven countries, but primarily in the United States and England. Our casino entertainment facilities operate primarily under the Harrah's, Caesars and Horseshoe brand names in the United States, and include land-based casinos and casino hotels, dockside casinos, a combination greyhound racetrack and casino, a combination thoroughbred racetrack and casino, a combination harness racetrack and casino, casino clubs and managed casinos. We are focused on building customer loyalty through a unique combination of customer service, excellent products, unsurpassed distribution, operational excellence and technology leadership and on exploiting the value of our major hotel/casino brands and our loyalty program, Total Rewards. We believe that the customer-relationship marketing and business-intelligence capabilities fueled by Total Rewards are constantly bringing us closer to our customers so we better understand their preferences, and from that understanding, we are able to improve the entertainment experiences that we offer accordingly.

On January 28, 2008, Caesars Entertainment was acquired by affiliates of Apollo and TPG in an all-cash transaction, hereinafter referred to as the Acquisition, valued at approximately \$30.7 billion, including the assumption of \$12.4 billion of debt and the incurrence of approximately \$1.0 billion of acquisition costs. Holders of Caesars Entertainment stock received \$90.00 in cash for each outstanding share of common stock. As a result of the Acquisition, the then issued and outstanding shares of non-voting common stock and the non-voting preferred stock of Caesars Entertainment were owned by entities affiliated with Apollo and TPG and certain co-investors and members of management, and the then issued and outstanding shares of voting common stock of Caesars Entertainment were owned by Hamlet Holdings LLC, which is owned by certain individuals affiliated with Apollo and TPG. As a result of the Acquisition, our stock is no longer publicly traded. During 2010, our shares of non-voting common stock and non-voting preferred stock were converted to a recently issued class of voting common stock, and our existing voting stock was canceled, as more fully described in Note 9 to our Consolidated Financial Statements, "Preferred and Common Stock," included herein.

**Regional Aggregation**

The executive officers of our Company review operating results, assess performance and make decisions related to the allocation of resources on a property-by-property basis. We believe, therefore, that each property is an operating segment and that it is appropriate to aggregate and present the operations of our Company as one reportable segment. In order to provide more meaningful information than would be possible on a consolidated basis, our casino properties as of December 31, 2010, have been grouped as follows to facilitate discussion of our operating results:

| <b>Las Vegas</b>                  | <b>Atlantic City</b>             | <b>Louisiana/Mississippi</b> | <b>Iowa/Missouri</b>       |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Caesars Palace                    | Harrah's Atlantic City           | Harrah's New Orleans         | Harrah's St. Louis         |
| Bally's Las Vegas                 | Showboat Atlantic City           | Harrah's Louisiana Downs     | Harrah's North Kansas City |
| Flamingo Las Vegas <sup>(a)</sup> | Bally's Atlantic City            | Horseshoe Bossier City       | Harrah's Council Bluffs    |
| Harrah's Las Vegas                | Caesars Atlantic City            | Grand Biloxi                 | Horseshoe Council Bluffs/  |
| Paris Las Vegas                   | Harrah's Chestert <sup>(b)</sup> | Harrah's Tunica              | Bluffs Run                 |
| Rio                               |                                  | Horseshoe Tunica             |                            |
| Imperial Palace                   |                                  | Tunica Roadhouse Hotel &     |                            |

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Bill s Gamblin Hall & Saloon  
Planet Hollywood Resort

Casino

& Casino<sup>(b)</sup>

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|                                                       |                                      |                                                                        |
|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Illinois/Indiana</b><br>Horseshoe Southern Indiana | <b>Other Nevada</b><br>Harrah's Reno | <b>Managed/International/Other</b><br>Harrah's Ak-Chiff <sup>(f)</sup> |
| Harrah's Joliet <sup>(a)</sup>                        | Harrah's Lake Tahoe                  | Harrah's Cherokee <sup>(d)</sup>                                       |
| Horseshoe Hammond                                     | Harrah's Laughlin                    | Harrah's Rincón <sup>(f)</sup>                                         |
| Harrah's Metropolis                                   | Harveys Lake Tahoe                   | Conrad Punta del Este <sup>(e)</sup>                                   |
|                                                       |                                      | Caesars Windsor <sup>(e)</sup>                                         |
|                                                       |                                      | London Clubs International <sup>(f)</sup>                              |

(a) Includes O'Shea's Casino, which is adjacent to this property.

(b) Acquired February 19, 2010.

(c) We have approximately 95 percent ownership interest in this property.

(d) Managed.

(e) We have a 50 percent interest in Windsor Casino Limited, which operates this property. The province of Ontario owns the complex.

(f) We operate/manage ten casino clubs in the provinces of the United Kingdom and two in Egypt. We have a 70 percent ownership interest in and manage one casino club in South Africa.

**Consolidated Operating Results**

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP), we have separated our historical financial results for the periods subsequent to the Acquisition (the Successor periods) and the period prior to the Acquisition (the Predecessor period). However, we have also combined results for the Successor and Predecessor periods for 2008 in the presentations below because we believe that it enables a meaningful presentation and comparison of results. As a result of the application of purchase accounting as of the Acquisition date, financial information for the Successor periods and the Predecessor period are presented on different bases and, therefore, are not comparable. We have reclassified certain amounts for prior periods to conform to our 2010 presentation.

Because the financial results for 2010, 2009 and 2008 include significant impairment charges for goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets, the following tables also present separately income/(loss) from operations before such impairment charges and the impairment charges to provide more meaningful comparisons of results. This presentation is not in accordance with GAAP.

| (In millions)                                                          | Successor  |            | Jan. 28, 2008<br>through<br>Dec. 31, 2008 | Predecessor<br>Jan. 1, 2008<br>through<br>Jan. 27, 2008 | Combined<br>2008 | Percentage<br>Increase/<br>(Decrease) |           |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
|                                                                        | 2010       | 2009       |                                           |                                                         |                  | 10 vs. 09                             | 09 vs. 08 |
| Casino revenues                                                        | \$ 6,917.9 | \$ 7,124.3 | \$ 7,476.9                                | \$ 614.6                                                | \$ 8,091.5       | (2.9)%                                | (12.0)%   |
| Net revenues                                                           | 8,818.6    | 8,907.4    | 9,366.9                                   | 760.1                                                   | 10,127.0         | (1.0)%                                | (12.0)%   |
| Income/(loss) from operations                                          | 532.3      | (607.8)    | (4,237.5)                                 | (36.8)                                                  | (4,274.3)        | N/M                                   | 85.8%     |
| Impairment of intangible assets,<br>including goodwill                 | 193.0      | 1,638.0    | 5,489.6                                   |                                                         | 5,489.6          | N/M                                   | N/M       |
| Income/(loss) from operations<br>before impairment charges             | 725.3      | 1,030.2    | 1,252.1                                   | (36.8)                                                  | 1,215.3          | (29.6)%                               | (15.2)%   |
| (Loss)/income from continuing<br>operations, net of tax                | (823.3)    | 846.4      | (5,174.7)                                 | (99.4)                                                  | (5,274.1)        | N/M                                   | N/M       |
| Net (loss)/income attributable to<br>Caesars Entertainment Corporation | (831.1)    | 827.6      | (5,096.3)                                 | (100.9)                                                 | (5,197.2)        | N/M                                   | N/M       |

N/M = Not Meaningful



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The Company's 2010 net revenues decreased approximately 1.0 percent to \$8,818.6 million from \$8,907.4 million in 2009, as incremental revenues associated with our February 2010 acquisition of Planet Hollywood were unable to offset the continuing impact of the weak economic environment on customers' discretionary spending.

Income from operations for the year ended December 31, 2010 was \$532.3 million, compared with a loss from operations of \$607.8 million for the same period in 2009. Included in income/(loss) from operations for 2010 and 2009 were impairment charges for goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets totaling \$193.0 million and \$1,638.0 million, respectively. Prior to consideration of these impairment charges, income from operations for the year ended December 31, 2010 decreased to \$725.3 million from \$1,030.2 million in the prior year. The decline was driven by the income impact of reduced revenues and the previously disclosed contingent liability reserve and asset reserve charges recorded during the second quarter 2010, which were partially offset by a tangible asset impairment charge in 2009 that did not recur in 2010 and the benefit of a \$23.5 million property tax accrual adjustment recorded in the fourth quarter 2010.

Loss from continuing operations, net of tax, for the year ended December 31, 2010 was \$823.3 million compared with income from continuing operations, net of tax, of \$846.4 million for the year-ago period. Loss from continuing operations, net of tax, for the year ended December 31, 2010 included i) the aforementioned impairment charges for intangible assets and ii) gains related to the early extinguishment of debt of \$115.6 million. Income from continuing operations, net of tax, for the year ended December 31, 2009 included i) the aforementioned impairment charges for intangible assets and ii) gains related to the early extinguishment of debt of \$4,965.5 million. Gains on early extinguishments of debt in the year ended December 31, 2009 represented discounts related to the exchange of certain outstanding debt for new debt in the second quarter, CMBS debt repurchases in the fourth quarter, and purchases of certain of our debt in the open market during 2009. The gains were partially offset by the write-off of market value premiums and unamortized debt issue costs. These events are discussed more fully in the Liquidity and Capital Resources section that follows herein.

Revenues for the year ended December 31, 2009 declined as compared to 2008 as a result of reduced customer visitation and spend per trip due to the impact of the recession on customers' discretionary spending, as well as reduced aggregate demand, which impacted average daily room rates. The earnings impact of the declines in revenue in 2009 as compared to 2008 was partially offset by company-wide cost savings initiatives that began in the third quarter of 2008. The year ended December 31, 2008 included charges of \$5,489.6 million related to impairment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets, and expenses incurred in connection with the Acquisition, primarily related to accelerated vesting of employee stock options, stock appreciation rights (SARs) and restricted stock, and higher interest expense. Offsetting a portion of these costs in 2008 were net gains on the early extinguishments of debt and proceeds received from the settlement of insurance claims related to hurricane damage in 2005.

**Regional Operating Results**

On a consolidated basis, when compared with 2009, visitation by our rated players decreased 1 percent and the amount spent per rated-player trip decreased approximately 2 percent. Average daily room rates and occupancy were generally flat for 2010.

For the Las Vegas region, when compared with 2009, visitation by our rated players increased 4 percent for 2010, and the amount spent per rated-player trip decreased 4 percent. From a hotel perspective, revenue increased 9.2 percent when compared to 2009, as our occupancy increased 1.8 percentage points and our average daily room rates decreased 3 percent.

For the Atlantic City region, when compared with 2009, visitation by our rated players decreased 1 percent for 2010, and the amount spent per rated-player trip decreased 7 percent. From a hotel perspective, revenue increased 5 percent when compared to 2009, as our occupancy percentage was relatively consistent with the prior year and our average daily room rates increased 5 percent.

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For the remainder of our United States markets, visitation by our rated players for 2010 was down 3 percent while customer spend per rated trip increased 2 percent.

Further discussion of our results by region follow:

**Las Vegas Results**

| (In millions)                                          | Successor  |            | Predecessor                               |                                             | Combined<br>2008 | Percentage<br>Increase/(Decrease) |           |
|--------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|
|                                                        | 2010       | 2009       | Jan. 28, 2008<br>through<br>Dec. 31, 2008 | Jan. 1,<br>2008<br>through<br>Jan. 27, 2008 |                  | 10 vs. 09                         | 09 vs. 08 |
| Casino revenues                                        | \$ 1,544.4 | \$ 1,476.0 | \$ 1,579.9                                | \$ 138.7                                    | \$ 1,718.6       | 4.6%                              | (14.1)%   |
| Net revenues                                           | 2,834.8    | 2,698.0    | 3,000.6                                   | 253.6                                       | 3,254.2          | 5.1%                              | (17.1)%   |
| Income/(loss) from operations                          | 349.9      | (681.0)    | (1,988.0)                                 | 51.9                                        | (1,936.1)        | N/M                               | 64.8%     |
| Impairment of intangible assets,<br>including goodwill |            | 1,130.9    | 2,579.4                                   |                                             | 2,579.4          | N/M                               | N/M       |
| Income from operations before<br>impairment charges    | 349.9      | 449.9      | 591.4                                     | 51.9                                        | 643.3            | (22.2)%                           | (30.1)%   |
| Operating margin                                       | 12.3%      | (25.2)%    | (66.3)%                                   | 20.5%                                       | (59.5)%          | 37.5 pts                          | 34.3 pts  |
| Operating margin before<br>impairment charges          | 12.3%      | 16.7%      | 19.7%                                     | 20.5%                                       | 19.8%            | (4.4) pts                         | (3.1) pts |

On February 19, 2010, Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc. ( CEOC ), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Caesars Entertainment Corporation, acquired 100% of the equity interests of PHW Las Vegas, LLC ( PHW Las Vegas ), which owns the Planet Hollywood Resort and Casino ( Planet Hollywood ) located in Las Vegas, Nevada. Net revenues and income from continuing operations before income taxes (excluding transaction costs associated with the acquisition) of Planet Hollywood subsequent to the date of acquisition through December 31, 2010 are included in consolidated results from operations.

Hotel occupancy remained above 90 percent, and revenues for the year ended December 31, 2010 increased 5.1 percent in the Las Vegas Region from 2009 due to our February 2010 acquisition of Planet Hollywood. On a same-store basis, revenues declined 3.5 percent for the year ended December 31, 2010, resulting primarily from decreased spend per visitor. Increased labor and depreciation expenses in the region combined with the income impact of reduced same-store revenues resulted in reduced income from operations for 2010, before consideration of impairment charges. Income from operations for the year ended December 31, 2010 includes incremental depreciation associated with the Caesars Palace expansions placed into service late in 2009, increased levels of remediation costs during 2010 at two properties within the region, and the write-off of assets associated with certain capital projects. Loss from operations for the year ended December 31, 2009 includes charges of \$1,130.9 million related to impairment of intangible assets in the region.

An expansion and renovation of Caesars Palace Las Vegas was completed in stages during 2009 on the Octavius Tower, a new hotel tower with 110,000 square feet of additional meeting and convention space, three 10,000-square-foot luxury villa suites and an expanded pool and garden area. We have deferred completion of approximately 660 rooms, including 75 luxury suites, in the hotel tower expansion as a result of current economic conditions impacting the Las Vegas tourism sector. The convention center and the remainder of the expansion project, other than the deferred rooms, was completed during 2009. The Company has incurred capital expenditures of approximately \$640.3 million on this project through December 31, 2010. The Company does not expect to incur significant additional capital expenditures on this project until construction on the deferred

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rooms is resumed, at which time the Company estimates that between approximately \$90.0 million and \$110.0 million will be required to complete the project. We anticipate initiating activity on this project during 2011. See Prospectus Summary Recent Developments Octavius Tower and the Linq Senior Secured Term Loan for more information about our plans regarding Octavius Tower and another development project, the Linq.

For the year ended December 31, 2009, revenues and income from operations before impairment charges were lower than in 2008, driven by lower spend per customer and declines in the group-travel business due to the recession. While hotel occupancy was strong at approximately 90%, average room rates declined due to the impact of reduced aggregate demand. Loss from operations for 2008 included charges of \$2,579.4 million recorded for the impairment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets.

**Atlantic City Results**

| (In millions)                                          | Successor  |            | Jan. 28,<br>2008<br>through<br>Dec. 31, 2008 | Predecessor<br>Jan. 1,<br>2008<br>through<br>Jan. 27, 2008 | Combined<br>2008 | Percentage<br>Increase/(Decrease) |           |
|--------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|
|                                                        | 2010       | 2009       |                                              |                                                            |                  | 10 vs. 09                         | 09 vs. 08 |
| Casino revenues                                        | \$ 1,696.8 | \$ 1,894.5 | \$ 2,111.8                                   | \$ 163.4                                                   | \$ 2,275.2       | (10.4)%                           | (16.7)%   |
| Net revenues                                           | 1,899.9    | 2,025.9    | 2,156.0                                      | 160.8                                                      | 2,316.8          | (6.2)%                            | (12.6)%   |
| Income/(loss) from operations                          | 83.7       | 28.3       | (415.4)                                      | 18.7                                                       | (396.7)          | N/M                               | N/M       |
| Impairment of intangible assets,<br>including goodwill |            | 178.7      | 699.9                                        |                                                            | 699.9            | N/M                               | N/M       |
| Income from operations before<br>impairment charges    | 83.7       | 207.0      | 284.5                                        | 18.7                                                       | 303.2            | (59.6)%                           | (31.7)%   |
| Operating margin                                       | 4.4%       | 1.4%       | (19.3)%                                      | 11.6%                                                      | (17.1)%          | 3.0 pts                           | 18.5 pts  |
| Operating margin before<br>impairment charges          | 4.4%       | 10.2%      | 13.2%                                        | 11.6%                                                      | 13.1%            | (5.8) pts                         | (2.9) pts |

The Atlantic City market continues to be affected by the current economic environment as well as competition from new casinos outside of Atlantic City and the mid-2010 introduction of table games in the Pennsylvania market.

Reduced customer spend per trip and increased competition from other markets led to lower Atlantic City Region revenues during the year ended December 31, 2010. Income from operations for the year ended December 31, 2009 included a charge of \$178.7 million related to impairment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets at certain of the region's properties. Income from operations for the year ended December 31, 2010 was lower than the prior year, prior to consideration of the impairment charge, as cost-saving initiatives were unable to offset the income impact of reduced revenues and increased marketing and labor-related expenses. Income from operations for the year ended December 31, 2010 also included the write-off of assets associated with certain capital projects.

Revenues for 2009 were lower than in 2008 due to reduced visitor volume and spend per trip, as well as competition from slot parlors in Pennsylvania. Income from operations before impairment charges for 2009 was also lower than in 2008 as cost savings initiatives were insufficient to offset the earnings impact of the reduced revenues and increased marketing expenses. These adverse factors were partially offset by the full-year impact of the 2008 expansion of the Harrah's Atlantic City property.

**Table of Contents****Louisiana/Mississippi Results**

| (In millions)                                          | Successor  |            | Predecessor                               |                                             | Combined<br>2008 | Percentage<br>Increase/(Decrease) |            |
|--------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|
|                                                        | 2010       | 2009       | Jan. 28, 2008<br>through<br>Dec. 31, 2008 | Jan. 1,<br>2008<br>through<br>Jan. 27, 2008 |                  | 10 vs. 09                         | 09 vs. 08  |
| Casino revenues                                        | \$ 1,096.4 | \$ 1,140.8 | \$ 1,252.7                                | \$ 99.0                                     | \$ 1,351.7       | (3.9)%                            | (15.6)%    |
| Net revenues                                           | 1,193.4    | 1,245.2    | 1,340.8                                   | 106.1                                       | 1,446.9          | (4.2)%                            | (13.9)%    |
| Income from operations                                 | 69.9       | 181.4      | 28.3                                      | 10.1                                        | 38.4             | (61.5)%                           | N/M        |
| Impairment of intangible<br>assets, including goodwill | 51.0       | 6.0        | 328.9                                     |                                             | 328.9            | N/M                               | N/M        |
| Income from operations<br>before impairment charges    | 120.9      | 187.4      | 357.2                                     | 10.1                                        | 367.3            | (35.5)%                           | (49.0)%    |
| Operating margin                                       | 5.9%       | 14.6%      | 2.1%                                      | 9.5%                                        | 2.7%             | (8.7) pts                         | 11.9 pts   |
| Operating margin before<br>impairment charges          | 10.1%      | 15.0%      | 26.6%                                     | 9.5%                                        | 25.4%            | (4.9) pts                         | (10.4) pts |

Reduced visitation and customer spend per trip unfavorably impacted the Louisiana/ Mississippi Region revenues during the year ended December 31, 2010. Income from operations for the year ended December 31, 2010 included a charge of \$51.0 million related to impairment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets at one of the region's properties. Income from operations for the year ended December 31, 2009 included a charge of \$6.0 million related to impairment of intangible assets at one of the region's properties. Income from operations for the year ended December 31, 2010 was lower than in 2009, prior to consideration of impairment charges, as cost-saving initiatives were unable to offset the income impact of reduced revenues and increased marketing expenses.

Revenues for 2009 in the region were lower compared to 2008 driven by lower visitor volume due to the current economic environment. Included in income from operations for 2008 were \$328.9 million of impairment charges for goodwill and other non-amortizing assets of certain properties within the region. Prior to the consideration of impairment charges and the insurance proceeds received in 2008 of \$185.4 million from the final settlement of claims related to 2005 hurricane damage at certain properties, income from operations before impairment charges for 2009 improved slightly when compared to 2008 primarily as a result of cost savings initiatives within the region. During December 2009, we rebranded Sheraton Tunica to Tunica Roadhouse. For the rebranding, the property was closed for a minimal amount of time, during a traditionally quiet period, resulting in limited disruptions to operations.

Construction began in third quarter 2007 on a casino and resort in Biloxi. We have halted construction on this project, and continue to evaluate our development options. As of December 31, 2010, approximately \$180.0 million had been spent on this project.



**Table of Contents****Iowa/Missouri Results**

| (In millions)                                       | Successor |          | Predecessor                         |                                    | Combined | Percentage Increase/(Decrease) |           |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------|--------------------------------|-----------|
|                                                     | 2010      | 2009     | Jan. 28, 2008 through Dec. 31, 2008 | Jan. 1, 2008 through Jan. 27, 2008 |          | 10 vs. 09                      | 09 vs. 08 |
| Casino revenues                                     | \$ 688.4  | \$ 707.3 | \$ 678.7                            | \$ 52.5                            | \$ 731.2 | (2.7)%                         | (3.3)%    |
| Net revenues                                        | 735.4     | 756.6    | 727.0                               | 55.8                               | 782.8    | (2.8)%                         | (3.3)%    |
| Income from operations                              | 171.0     | 187.5    | 108.2                               | 7.7                                | 115.9    | (8.8)%                         | 61.8%     |
| Impairment of intangible assets, including goodwill | 9.0       |          | 49.0                                |                                    | 49.0     | N/M                            | N/M       |
| Income from operations before impairment charges    | 180.0     | 187.5    | 157.2                               | 7.7                                | 164.9    | (4.0)%                         | 13.7%     |
| Operating margin                                    | 23.3%     | 24.8%    | 14.9%                               | 13.8%                              | 14.8%    | (1.5) pts                      | 10.0 pts  |
| Operating margin before impairment charges          | 24.5%     | 24.8%    | 21.6%                               | 13.8%                              | 21.1%    | (0.3) pts                      | 3.7 pts   |

Revenues in the region declined for the year ended December 31, 2010 from 2009 due to new competition in the region and lower customer spend per trip. Income from operations for the year ended December 31, 2010 included a charge of \$9.0 million related to impairment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets at one of the region's properties. Income from operations for the year ended December 31, 2010 declined from 2009 primarily due to the income impact of revenue declines.

Revenues for 2009 at our Iowa and Missouri properties were slightly lower compared to the same period in 2008 driven by the weak economy that impacted guest visitation. The region was also impacted by severe winter storms during the fourth quarter of 2009 which also affected guest visitation. Income from operations before impairment charges and operating margin in 2009 were higher than in the prior year due primarily to cost savings initiatives.

**Illinois/Indiana Results**

| (In millions)                                       | Successor  |            | Predecessor                         |                                    | Combined   | Percentage Increase/(Decrease) |           |
|-----------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
|                                                     | 2010       | 2009       | Jan. 28, 2008 through Dec. 31, 2008 | Jan. 1, 2008 through Jan. 27, 2008 |            | 10 vs. 09                      | 09 vs. 08 |
| Casino revenues                                     | \$ 1,152.9 | \$ 1,180.7 | \$ 1,102.5                          | \$ 86.9                            | \$ 1,189.4 | (2.4)%                         | (0.7)%    |
| Net revenues                                        | 1,160.1    | 1,172.3    | 1,098.7                             | 85.5                               | 1,184.2    | (1.0)%                         | (1.0)%    |
| Income/(loss) from operations                       | 119.0      | (35.4)     | (505.9)                             | 8.7                                | (497.2)    | N/M                            | 92.9%     |
| Impairment of intangible assets, including goodwill | 58.0       | 180.7      | 617.1                               |                                    | 617.1      | N/M                            | N/M       |
| Income from operations before impairment charges    | 177.0      | 145.3      | 111.2                               | 8.7                                | 119.9      | 21.8%                          | 21.2%     |
| Operating margin                                    | 10.3%      | (3.0)%     | (46.0)%                             | 10.2%                              | (42.0)%    | 13.3 pts                       | 39.0 pts  |
| Operating margin before impairment charges          | 15.3%      | 12.4%      | 10.1%                               | 10.2%                              | 10.1%      | 2.9 pts                        | 2.3 pts   |

Revenues in the region decreased for the year ended December 31, 2010 from 2009 due to decreased customer spend per trip. Income from operations for the year ended December 31, 2010 included a charge of \$58.0 million related to impairment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets at certain of the

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region's properties, partially offset by the benefit of a \$23.5 million property tax accrual adjustment recorded in the fourth quarter 2010. Loss from operations for the year ended December 31, 2009 included a charge of \$180.7 million related to impairment of intangible assets at certain of the region's properties. Income from operations, prior to consideration of impairment charges, increased for the year ended December 31, 2010 relative to 2009 as a result of reduced marketing expenses and the aforementioned property tax accrual adjustment.

For the year ended December 31, 2009, revenues were relatively unchanged compared to 2008 due to the full year impact of the 2008 expansion of the Horseshoe Hammond property, which offset the revenue declines at other properties in the region. The Horseshoe Hammond renovation and expansion was completed in August 2008. Cost savings initiatives at properties in the region also contributed to the increase in income from operations before impairment charges in 2009.

**Other Nevada Results**

| (In millions)                                          | Successor |          | Predecessor                               |                                             | Combined<br>2008 | Percentage<br>Increase/(Decrease) |           |
|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|
|                                                        | 2010      | 2009     | Jan. 28, 2008<br>through<br>Dec. 31, 2008 | Jan. 1,<br>2008<br>through<br>Jan. 27, 2008 |                  | 10 vs. 09                         | 09 vs. 08 |
| Casino revenues                                        | \$ 351.0  | \$ 372.0 | \$ 425.4                                  | \$ 30.2                                     | \$ 455.6         | (5.6)%                            | (18.3)%   |
| Net revenues                                           | 447.5     | 472.6    | 534.0                                     | 38.9                                        | 572.9            | (5.3)%                            | (17.5)%   |
| (Loss)/income from operations                          | (13.9)    | 47.3     | (255.9)                                   | 0.5                                         | (255.4)          | N/M                               | N/M       |
| Impairment of intangible assets,<br>including goodwill | 49.0      | 4.0      | 318.5                                     |                                             | 318.5            | N/M                               | N/M       |
| Income from operations before<br>impairment charges    | 35.1      | 51.3     | 62.6                                      | 0.5                                         | 63.1             | (31.6)%                           | (18.7)%   |
| Operating margin                                       | (3.1)%    | 10.0%    | (47.9)%                                   | 1.3%                                        | (44.6)%          | (13.1) pts                        | 54.6 pts  |
| Operating margin before<br>impairment charges          | 7.8%      | 10.9%    | 11.7%                                     | 1.3%                                        | 11.0%            | (3.1) pts                         | (0.1) pts |

Results for the year ended December 31, 2010 for the Other Nevada Region declined from 2009 due to lower visitation and decreased customer spend per trip. Also contributing to the decline in income from operations for the year ended December 31, 2010 was a charge of \$49.0 million, recorded during the second quarter of 2010, related to the impairment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets at one of the region's properties.

For 2009, revenues from our Nevada properties outside of Las Vegas were lower than in 2008 due to lower guest visitation and lower customer spend per trip. Cost-savings initiatives implemented throughout 2009 partially offset the earnings impact of the net revenue declines. During December 2009, we announced the permanent closure of Bill's Lake Tahoe effective in January 2010, which was later sold in February 2010. The closure and sale were the result of several years of declining business levels at that property.

**Table of Contents****Managed and International Results**

| (In millions)                                                  | Successor |          | Predecessor                               |                                             | Combined<br>2008 | Percentage<br>Increase/(Decrease) |           |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|
|                                                                | 2010      | 2009     | Jan. 28, 2008<br>through<br>Dec. 31, 2008 | Jan. 1,<br>2008<br>through<br>Jan. 27, 2008 |                  | 10 vs. 09                         | 09 vs. 08 |
| <b>Revenues</b>                                                |           |          |                                           |                                             |                  |                                   |           |
| Managed                                                        | \$ 43.9   | \$ 56.3  | \$ 59.1                                   | \$ 5.0                                      | \$ 64.1          | (22.0)%                           | (12.2)%   |
| International                                                  | 431.1     | 403.8    | 375.7                                     | 51.2                                        | 426.9            | 6.8%                              | (5.4)%    |
| Net revenues                                                   | \$ 475.0  | \$ 460.1 | \$ 434.8                                  | \$ 56.2                                     | \$ 491.0         | 3.2%                              | (6.3)%    |
| <b>Income/(loss) from operations</b>                           |           |          |                                           |                                             |                  |                                   |           |
| Managed                                                        | \$ 11.9   | \$ 19.4  | \$ 22.1                                   | \$ 4.0                                      | \$ 26.1          | (38.7)%                           | (25.7)%   |
| International                                                  | 10.5      | (23.0)   | (276.0)                                   | 2.2                                         | (273.8)          | N/M                               | 91.6%     |
| Income/(loss) from operations                                  | \$ 22.4   | \$ (3.6) | \$ (253.9)                                | \$ 6.2                                      | \$ (247.7)       | N/M                               | 98.5%     |
| <b>Impairment of intangible assets,<br/>including goodwill</b> |           |          |                                           |                                             |                  |                                   |           |
| Managed                                                        | \$        | \$       | \$                                        | \$                                          | \$               | N/M                               | N/M       |
| International                                                  | 6.0       | 31.0     | 210.8                                     |                                             | 210.8            | N/M                               | N/M       |
| Total charges                                                  | \$ 6.0    | \$ 31.0  | \$ 210.8                                  | \$                                          | \$ 210.8         | N/M                               | N/M       |
| <b>Income/(loss) from operations before<br/>impairment</b>     |           |          |                                           |                                             |                  |                                   |           |
| Managed                                                        | \$ 11.9   | \$ 19.4  | \$ 22.1                                   | \$ 4.0                                      | \$ 26.1          | (38.7)%                           | (25.7)%   |
| International                                                  | 16.5      | 8.0      | (65.2)                                    | 2.2                                         | (63.0)           | N/M                               | N/M       |
| Income/(loss) from operations before<br>impairment             | \$ 28.4   | \$ 27.4  | \$ (43.1)                                 | \$ 6.2                                      | \$ (36.9)        | 3.6%                              | N/M       |

Managed and international results include income from our managed properties and Thistledown Racetrack, and the results of our international properties.

**Managed**

We manage three tribal casinos. The table below gives the location and expiration date of the current management contracts for our three tribal casino properties as of December 31, 2010.

| Casino            | Location                   | Expiration of<br>Management Agreement |
|-------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Harrah's Rincon   | near San Diego, California | November 2013                         |
| Harrah's Cherokee | Cherokee, North Carolina   | November 2011                         |
| Harrah's Ak-Chin  | near Phoenix, Arizona      | December 2014                         |

In December 2010, we formed Rock Ohio Caesars LLC, a joint venture with Rock Gaming, LLC, created to pursue casino developments in Cincinnati and Cleveland. Pursuant to the agreements forming the joint venture, we have committed to invest up to \$200 million for an approximately 30% interest in the joint venture. As part of our investment, we also plan to contribute Thistledown Racetrack (Thistledown), a non-casino racetrack located outside Cleveland, Ohio, to the joint venture. Based upon this commitment, we have included Thistledown as a

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managed property. As of December 31, 2010 we have invested approximately \$64.0 million in the joint venture.

The decline in revenues from our managed properties for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, when compared to their respective prior periods, reflects the impact of the current economic environment on our managed properties, partially offset by incremental revenues of \$7.2 million associated with our July 2010 acquisition of Thistledown.

**Table of Contents****International**

Our international results include the operations of our property in Punta del Este, Uruguay, and our London Clubs International Limited ( London Clubs ) entities. As of December 31, 2010, London Clubs owns or manages ten casinos in the United Kingdom, two in Egypt and one in South Africa. During 2009, one of the London Clubs owned properties, Fifty, was closed and liquidated.

Revenues for the year ended December 31, 2010 increased over 2009 due to increased visitation and increased spend per trip at our Uruguay and London Clubs properties. Income from operations for the year ended December 31, 2010 included a charge of \$6.0 million related to impairment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets at our international properties. Income from operations for the year ended December 31, 2009 included a charge of \$31.0 million related to impairment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets. Prior to consideration of impairment charges, international income from operations significantly increased for the year ended December 31, 2010 when compared with 2009 due to strong revenue performance and cost-saving initiatives.

Revenues for London Clubs decreased slightly in 2009 when compared to 2008 as the increase in local currency revenues attributable to the full-year impact in 2009 of two new properties which opened in 2008 was insufficient to offset the adverse movements in exchange rates. Loss from operations in 2009 was improved compared to 2008 as a result of the \$210.8 million impairment charge recorded in 2008 compared to the \$31.0 million charged in 2009. Income from operations before impairment in 2009 improved when compared to a loss from operations before impairment in 2008 due to the income impact of increased revenues and cost savings initiatives throughout the international properties.

**Other Factors Affecting Net Income**

| Expense/(income)<br>(In millions)                                 | Successor |           | Predecessor<br>Jan. 1,<br>2008<br>through<br>Jan. 27, 2008 | Combined<br>2008 | Percentage<br>Increase/(Decrease)         |           |           |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
|                                                                   | 2010      | 2009      |                                                            |                  | Jan. 28, 2008<br>through<br>Dec. 31, 2008 | 10 vs. 09 | 09 vs. 08 |
| Corporate expense                                                 | \$ 140.9  | \$ 150.7  | \$ 131.8                                                   | \$ 8.5           | \$ 140.3                                  | (6.5)%    | 7.4%      |
| Write-downs, reserves and recoveries                              | 147.6     | 107.9     | 16.2                                                       | 4.7              | 20.9                                      | N/M       | N/M       |
| Impairment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets | 193.0     | 1,638.0   | 5,489.6                                                    |                  | 5,489.6                                   | N/M       | N/M       |
| Acquisition and integration costs                                 | 13.6      | 0.3       | 24.0                                                       | 125.6            | 149.6                                     | N/M       | (99.8)%   |
| Amortization of intangible assets                                 | 160.8     | 174.8     | 162.9                                                      | 5.5              | 168.4                                     | (8.0)%    | 3.8%      |
| Interest expense, net                                             | 1,981.6   | 1,892.5   | 2,074.9                                                    | 89.7             | 2,164.6                                   | 4.7%      | (12.6)%   |
| (Gains)/losses on early extinguishments of debt                   | (115.6)   | (4,965.5) | (742.1)                                                    |                  | (742.1)                                   | (97.7)%   | N/M       |
| Other income                                                      | (41.7)    | (33.0)    | (35.2)                                                     | (1.1)            | (36.3)                                    | 26.4%     | (9.1)%    |
| (Benefit)/provision for income taxes                              | (468.7)   | 1,651.8   | (360.4)                                                    | (26.0)           | (386.4)                                   | N/M       | N/M       |
| Income attributable to non-controlling interests                  | 7.8       | 18.8      | 12.0                                                       | 1.6              | 13.6                                      | (58.5)%   | 38.2%     |
| Income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes          |           |           | (90.4)                                                     | (0.1)            | (90.5)                                    | N/M       | N/M       |

N/M = Not meaningful

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***Corporate Expense***

Corporate expense decreased in 2010 from the comparable period in 2009 due primarily to expenses incurred in connection with our April 2009 debt exchange transaction that did not recur during 2010 and reduced expense associated with incentive compensation, partially offset by increased labor-related expenses for year ended December 31, 2010 when compared with the same period of 2009.

Corporate expense increased in 2009 from 2008 due to certain non-capitalizable expenses related to the debt exchange offer and other advisory services, partially offset by the continued realization of cost-savings initiatives that began in the third quarter of 2008.

Corporate expense includes expenses associated with share-based compensation plans in the amounts of \$18.1 million, \$16.4 million, \$15.8 million, and \$2.9 million for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, the Successor period from January 28, 2008 through December 31, 2008, and the Predecessor period from January 1, 2008 through January 27, 2008, respectively.

***Write-downs, reserves and recoveries***

Write-downs, reserves and recoveries include various pre-tax charges to record certain long-lived tangible asset impairments, contingent liability or litigation reserves or settlements, project write-offs, demolition costs, remediation costs, recoveries of previously recorded reserves and other non-routine transactions. Given the nature of the transactions included within write-downs, reserves and recoveries, these amounts are not expected to be comparable from year-to-year, nor are the amounts expected to follow any particular trend from year-to-year.

Write-downs, reserves and recoveries for 2010 were \$147.6 million, compared with \$107.9 million in 2009. Included in write-downs, reserves and recoveries for the year ended December 31, 2010 with no comparable amounts in 2009 is an accrual of \$25.0 million (see Note 14, Commitments and Contingent Liabilities to the Consolidated Financial Statements, included herein), and a charge of approximately \$52.2 million to fully reserve a note receivable balance related to land and predevelopment costs contributed to a venture for development of a casino project in Philadelphia with which we were involved prior to December 2005. Also included in write-downs, reserves and recoveries for the year ended December 31, 2010 were charges of \$29.0 million to write-off assets associated with certain capital projects in the Las Vegas and Atlantic City regions.

Amounts incurred during 2010 for remediation costs were \$42.7 million, and increased by \$3.4 million when compared to 2009.

Write-downs, reserves and recoveries in 2009 of \$107.9 million increased when compared with \$20.9 million in 2008. Included in the amounts for 2008 are insurance proceeds related to the 2005 hurricanes totaling \$185.4 million. Prior to these insurance proceeds, write-downs, reserves and recoveries for 2008 were \$206.3 million. Amounts incurred in 2009 for remediation costs were \$39.3 million, a decrease of \$25.6 million from similar costs in 2008. We recorded \$59.3 million in impairment charges for long-lived tangible assets during 2009, an increase of \$19.7 million when compared to 2008. The majority of the 2009 charge was related to the Company's office building in Memphis, Tennessee due to the relocation to Las Vegas, Nevada of those corporate functions formerly performed at that location. We recorded \$34.8 million in charges related to efficiency projects that were also a result of the relocation.

Also during 2009, associated with its closure and ultimate liquidation, we wrote off the assets and liabilities on one of our London Club properties. Because the assets and liabilities were in a net liability position, a pre-tax gain of \$9.0 million was recognized in the fourth quarter of 2009. The recognized gain was partially offset by charges related to other projects. 2009 also included a reversal of an accrual for approximately \$30.0 million due to a judgment against the Company that was vacated in third quarter of 2009. This amount was previously charged to write-downs, reserves and recoveries in 2006 and was reversed accordingly upon the vacated judgment.

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For additional discussion of write-downs, reserves and recoveries, refer to Note 11, Write-downs, Reserves and Recoveries, to our Consolidated Financial Statements, included herein.

### ***Impairment of intangible assets***

During the fourth quarter of each year, we perform annual assessments for impairment of goodwill and other intangible assets that are not subject to amortization as of September 30. We perform assessments for impairment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets more frequently if impairment indicators exist.

During 2010, due to the relative impact of weak economic conditions on certain properties in the Other Nevada and Louisiana/Mississippi regions, we performed an interim assessment of goodwill and certain non-amortizing intangible assets for impairment during the second quarter, which resulted in an impairment charge of \$100.0 million. During the third quarter, we completed a preliminary annual assessment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets as of September 30, which resulted in an impairment charge of \$44.0 million. We finalized our annual assessment during the fourth quarter, and as a result of the final assessment, we recorded an impairment charge of \$49.0 million, which brought the aggregate charges recorded for the year ended December 31, 2010 to \$193.0 million.

During 2009, we performed an interim assessment of goodwill and certain non-amortizing intangible assets for impairment during the second quarter, due to the relative impact of weak economic conditions on certain properties in the Las Vegas market, which resulted in an impairment charge of \$297.1 million. During the third quarter, we completed a preliminary annual assessment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets as of September 30, which resulted in an impairment charge of \$1,328.6 million. We finalized our annual assessment during the fourth quarter, and as a result of the final assessment, we recorded an impairment charge of approximately \$12.3 million, which brought the aggregate charges recorded for the year ended December 31, 2009 to approximately \$1,638.0 million.

Our 2008 analysis indicated that certain of our goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets were impaired based upon projected performance which reflected factors impacted by the then-current market conditions, including lower valuation multiples for gaming assets, higher discount rates resulting from turmoil in the credit markets, and the completion of our 2009 budget and forecasting process. As a result of our projected deterioration in financial performance, an impairment charge of \$5,489.6 million was recorded in the fourth quarter of 2008. For additional discussion of impairment of intangible assets, refer to Note 5, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, to our Consolidated Financial Statements, included herein.

### ***Acquisition and integration costs***

Acquisition and integration costs in 2010 include costs in connection with our acquisitions of Planet Hollywood and Thistledown Racetrack, and costs associated with potential development and investment activities.

Acquisition and integration costs in 2008 include costs incurred in connection with the Acquisition, including the expense related to the accelerated vesting of employee stock options, SARs and restricted stock.

### ***Amortization of intangible assets***

Amortization of intangible assets was lower in 2010 when compared to 2009 due to lower intangible asset balances as a result of certain contract rights being fully amortized during 2009.

Amortization expense associated with intangible assets for 2009 was slightly higher than the amounts recorded in 2008 due to the amounts in 2008 including only eleven months of amortization of post-Acquisition intangible assets.

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***Interest Expense***

Interest expense increased by \$89.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, compared to the same period in 2009. Interest expense is reported net of capitalized interest of \$1.4 million and \$32.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The majority of the capitalized interest in 2009 related to the Caesars Palace expansion in Las Vegas. Prior to the consideration of capitalized interest, interest expense increased by \$58.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, compared to the same period in 2009 due primarily to (i) debt issuances that occurred in the second quarter of 2010 that resulted in higher debt levels and a higher weighted average interest rate; and (ii) changes in hedging designations related to our \$6,500.0 million interest rate cap agreement related to our CMBS Financing and one interest rate swap agreement. Interest expense for the year ended December 31, 2010, as a result of interest rate swap agreements and interest rate cap agreements, included (i) \$76.6 million of gains due to measured ineffectiveness for derivatives designated as hedging instruments; (ii) \$1.9 million of expense due to changes in fair value for derivatives not designated as hedging instruments; and (iii) \$36.3 million of expense due to amortization of deferred losses frozen in Other Comprehensive Income ( OCI ). At December 31, 2010, our variable-rate debt, excluding \$5,810.1 million of variable-rate debt for which we have entered into interest rate swap agreements, represents approximately 36% of our total debt, while our fixed-rate debt is approximately 64% of our total debt.

Interest expense declined by \$272.1 million in the year ended December 31, 2009 compared to the same period in 2008 primarily due to lower debt levels resulting from debt exchanges completed in April 2009 and December 2008 and debt purchases on the open market during 2009. Interest expense for 2009, as a result of interest rate swap agreements and interest rate cap agreement, was (i) reduced \$7.6 million due to measured ineffectiveness; (ii) increased \$3.8 million due to amortization of deferred losses frozen in OCI; and (iii) increased \$12.1 million due to losses originally deferred in OCI and subsequently reclassified to interest expense associated with hedges for which the forecasted future transactions are no longer probable of occurring. At December 31, 2009, our variable-rate debt, excluding \$5,810 million of variable-rate debt for which we have entered into interest rate swap agreements, represents approximately 37% of our total debt, while our fixed-rate debt is approximately 63% of our total debt.

For additional discussion of interest expense, refer to Note 7, Debt, to our Consolidated Financial Statements, included herein.

***(Gains)/losses on early extinguishments of debt***

Gains on early extinguishments of debt were \$115.6 million in the year ended December 31, 2010. In the fourth quarter of 2009, we purchased \$948.8 million of face value of CMBS Loans for \$237.2 million. Pursuant to the terms of the amendment, we agreed to pay lenders selling CMBS Loans during the fourth quarter 2009 an additional \$47.4 million for their loans previously sold. This additional liability was recorded as a loss on early extinguishment of debt during the first quarter of 2010 and was paid during the fourth quarter of 2010.

In May 2010, we extinguished \$216.8 million face value of bonds and paid down amounts outstanding under our revolving credit facility, recognizing a pre-tax loss on the transaction of approximately \$4.7 million.

In June 2010, we purchased \$46.6 million face value of CMBS Loans for \$22.6 million, recognizing a net gain on the transaction of approximately \$23.3 million during the second quarter of 2010. In September 2010, in connection with the execution of an amendment to our CMBS Financing, as more fully discussed in the Liquidity and Capital Resources section below, we purchased \$123.8 million face value of CMBS Loans for \$37.1 million and recognized a pre-tax gain on the transaction of approximately \$77.4 million, net of deferred finance charges.

In December 2010, we purchased \$191.3 million face value of CMBS Loans for \$95.6 millions, recognizing a net gain on the transaction of approximately \$66.9 million, net of deferred finance charges and discounts on the CMBS Loans.



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Gains on early extinguishments of debt of \$4,965.5 million in the year ended December 31, 2009 related to multiple debt transactions initiated throughout the year, including i) the exchange of approximately \$3,648.8 million principal amount of new 10% second-priority senior secured notes due in 2018 for approximately \$5,470.1 million aggregate principal amount of outstanding debt with maturity dates ranging from 2010 to 2018; ii) the purchase of approximately \$1,601.5 million principal amount of outstanding debt through tender offers or open market purchases; and iii) the early retirement of approximately \$948.8 million principal amount of CMBS Loans represented discounts related to the exchange of certain outstanding debt for new debt in the second quarter, CMBS debt repurchases in the fourth quarter, and purchases of certain of our debt in the open market during 2009. The gains were partially offset by the write-off of market value premiums and unamortized debt issue costs.

Gains on early extinguishments of debt of \$742.1 million in 2008 represented discounts related to the exchange of certain debt for new debt and purchases of certain of our debt in connection with an exchange offer in December 2008 and in the open market. The gains were partially offset by the write-off of market value premiums and unamortized deferred financing costs.

For additional discussion of extinguishments of debt, refer to Note 7, Debt, to our Consolidated Financial Statements, included herein.

### ***Other income***

As a result of the cancellation of our debt investment in certain predecessor entities of PHW Las Vegas in exchange for the equity of PHW Las Vegas, the Company recognized a gain of \$7.1 million to adjust our investment to reflect the estimated fair value of consideration paid for the acquisition. This gain is reflected in Other income, including interest income, in our Consolidated Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2010. In addition, other income for all periods presented included insurance policy proceeds related to the Company's deferred compensation plan.

### ***Income tax (benefit)/provision***

For the year ended December 31, 2010, we recorded tax benefit of \$468.7 million on pre-tax loss from continuing operations of \$1,292.0 million, compared with an income tax provision of \$1,651.8 million on pre-tax income from continuing operations of \$2,498.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. Income tax benefit for the year ended December 31, 2010 was favorably impacted by the effects of state income tax benefits and other discrete items.

Income tax benefit for the year ended December 31, 2010 was primarily attributable to tax benefits associated with operating losses, partially offset by the non-deductibility of the impairment charges on goodwill and international income taxes. In 2009, income tax expense was primarily attributable to the tax impact of gains on early extinguishments of debt and the non-deductibility of the impairment charges on goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets. Refer to Note 12 Income Taxes, to our Consolidated Financial Statements, included herein.

### ***Other items***

Discontinued operations for 2008 reflects insurance proceeds of \$87.3 million, after taxes, representing the final funds received that were in excess of the net book value of the impacted assets and costs and expenses that were reimbursed under our business interruption claims for a 2005 hurricane that caused damage to our Grand Casino Gulfport property.

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### **Liquidity And Capital Resources**

#### ***Cost Savings Initiatives***

Over the past three years, in light of the severe economic downturn and adverse conditions in the travel and leisure industry generally, Caesars Entertainment has undertaken comprehensive cost reduction efforts to right-size expenses with business levels. The efforts have included organizational restructurings within our functional and operating units, reduction of employee travel and entertainment expenses, rationalization of our corporate-wide marketing expenses, and procurement savings, among others. During the fourth quarter of 2010, the Company began a new initiative to attempt to reinvent certain aspects of its functional and operating units in an effort to gain significant further cost reductions and streamline our operations.

Since the inception of our cost initiatives programs, Caesars Entertainment has identified \$856.3 million in estimated cost savings, of which approximately \$648.8 million had been realized as of December 31, 2010. Included in the \$856.3 million program size are additional initiatives that total \$153.2 million identified during the fourth quarter of 2010.

#### ***Capital Spending and Development***

In addition to the development and expansion projects discussed in the *Regional Operating Results* section, we also perform on-going refurbishment and maintenance at our casino entertainment facilities to maintain our quality standards, and we continue to pursue development and acquisition opportunities for additional casino entertainment facilities that meet our strategic and return on investment criteria. Prior to the receipt of necessary regulatory approvals, the costs of pursuing development projects are expensed as incurred. Construction-related costs incurred after the receipt of necessary approvals are capitalized and depreciated over the estimated useful life of the resulting asset. Project opening costs are expensed as incurred.

Our planned development projects, if they go forward, will require, individually and in the aggregate, significant capital commitments and, if completed, may result in significant additional revenues. The commitment of capital, the timing of completion and the commencement of operations of casino entertainment development projects are contingent upon, among other things, negotiation of final agreements and receipt of approvals from the appropriate political and regulatory bodies. We must also comply with covenants and restrictions set forth in our debt agreements. Cash needed to finance projects currently under development as well as additional projects being pursued is expected to be made available from operating cash flows, established debt programs, joint venture partners, specific project financing, guarantees of third-party debt and additional debt offerings. Our capital spending for the year ended December 31, 2010 totaled approximately \$160.7 million. Estimated total capital expenditures for 2011 are expected to be between \$425.0 million and \$500.0 million.

Capital spending in 2009 totaled approximately \$464.5 million. Our capital spending for the combined Predecessor and Successor periods of 2008 totaled approximately \$1,307.0 million.

#### ***Liquidity***

We generate substantial cash flows from operating activities, as reflected on the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows in our audited Consolidated Financial Statements, included herein. We use the cash flows generated by our operations to fund debt service, to reinvest in existing properties for both refurbishment and expansion projects and to pursue additional growth opportunities via new development. When necessary, we supplement the cash flows generated by our operations with funds provided by financing activities to balance our cash requirements.

Our ability to fund our operations, pay our debt obligations and fund planned capital expenditures depends, in part, upon economic and other factors that are beyond our control, and disruptions in capital markets and restrictive covenants related to our existing debt could impact our ability to secure additional funds through

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financing activities. We believe that our cash and cash equivalents balance, our cash flows from operations and the financing sources discussed herein will be sufficient to meet our normal operating requirements during the next twelve months and to fund capital expenditures. In addition, we may consider issuing additional debt in the future to refinance existing debt or to finance specific capital projects. In connection with the Acquisition, we incurred substantial additional debt, which has significantly impacted our financial position.

We cannot assure you that our business will generate sufficient cash flows from operations, or that future borrowings will be available to us, to fund our liquidity needs and pay our indebtedness. If we are unable to meet our liquidity needs or pay our indebtedness when it is due, we may have to reduce or delay refurbishment and expansion projects, reduce expenses, sell assets or attempt to restructure our debt. In addition, we have pledged a significant portion of our assets as collateral under certain of our debt agreements, and if any of those lenders accelerate the repayment of borrowings, there can be no assurance that we will have sufficient assets to repay our indebtedness.

During 2010, in conjunction with filing our 2009 tax return, we implemented several accounting method changes for tax purposes including a method change to deduct currently certain repairs and maintenance expenditures which had been previously capitalized. As a result of the combination of the tax accounting method changes with our net operating loss, we reported a taxable loss for 2009 of \$1,248.9 million. Approximately \$170.9 million of this loss was carried back to the 2008 tax year to offset federal taxable income recognized and tax payable from that year. In addition, under a new tax law, we elected to extend our loss carryback period. As a result, approximately \$630.3 million of the 2009 taxable loss was carried back to 2006. We received an income tax refund of approximately \$220.8 million, net of interest due on the 2008 tax payable, in the fourth quarter 2010.

Our cash and cash equivalents totaled \$987.0 million at December 31, 2010, compared to \$918.1 million at December 31, 2009. The following provides a summary of our cash flows for the Successor periods ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, the Successor period from January 28, 2008 through December 31, 2008, and the Predecessor period from January 1, 2008 through January 27, 2008:

| (In millions)                                                       | Successor |          |                                           | Predecessor                              | Combined<br>2008 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------|-------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|------------------|
|                                                                     | 2010      | 2009     | Jan. 28, 2008<br>through<br>Dec. 31, 2008 | Jan. 1, 2008<br>through<br>Jan. 27, 2008 |                  |
| Cash provided by operating activities                               | \$ 170.8  | \$ 220.2 | \$ 522.1                                  | \$ 7.2                                   | \$ 529.3         |
| Capital investments                                                 | (160.7)   | (464.5)  | (1,181.4)                                 | (125.6)                                  | (1,307.0)        |
| Investments in and advances to non-consolidated affiliates          | (64.0)    | (66.9)   | (5.9)                                     |                                          | (5.9)            |
| Investments in subsidiaries                                         | (44.6)    |          |                                           |                                          |                  |
| Cash acquired in business acquisitions, net of transaction costs    | 14.0      |          |                                           |                                          |                  |
| Insurance proceeds for hurricane losses for continuing operations   |           |          | 98.1                                      |                                          | 98.1             |
| Insurance proceeds for hurricane losses for discontinued operations |           |          | 83.3                                      |                                          | 83.3             |
| Payment for the Acquisition                                         |           |          | (17,490.2)                                |                                          | (17,490.2)       |
| Other investing activities                                          | (32.6)    | 8.1      | (18.1)                                    | 1.5                                      | (16.6)           |
| Cash used in operating/investing activities                         | (117.1)   | (303.1)  | (17,992.1)                                | (116.9)                                  | (18,109.0)       |
| Cash provided by financing activities                               | 187.4     | 570.7    | 18,027.0                                  | 17.3                                     | 18,044.3         |
| Cash provided by discontinued operations                            |           |          | 4.7                                       | 0.5                                      | 5.2              |
| Effect of deconsolidation of variable interest entities             | (1.4)     |          |                                           |                                          |                  |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents                | \$ 68.9   | \$ 267.6 | \$ 39.6                                   | \$ (99.1)                                | \$ (59.5)        |

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The increase in cash and cash equivalents from 2009 to 2010 was primarily due to the scaling back of capital spending in our investing activities, and due to the net cash impact of our debt related activities. For additional information regarding cash provided by financing activities, refer to the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows in our Consolidated Financial Statements, included herein.

**Capital Resources**

The majority of our debt is due in 2015 and beyond. Payments of short-term debt obligations and other commitments are expected to be made from operating cash flows and from borrowings under our established debt programs. Long-term obligations are expected to be paid through operating cash flows, refinancing of debt, joint venture partners or, if necessary, additional debt offerings.

The following table presents our outstanding debt as of December 31, 2010 and 2009:

| Detail of Debt (dollars in millions)                    | Final Maturity | Rate(s) at Dec. 31, 2010 | Face Value at Dec 31, 2010 | Book Value at Dec 31, 2010 | Book Value at Dec. 31, 2009 |
|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <b>Credit Facilities and Secured Debt</b>               |                |                          |                            |                            |                             |
| Term Loans B1-B3                                        | 2015           | 3.29%-3.30%              | \$ 5,815.1                 | \$ 5,815.1                 | \$ 5,835.3                  |
| Term Loans B4                                           | 2016           | 9.5%                     | 990.0                      | 968.3                      | 975.3                       |
| Revolving Credit Facility                               | 2014           | 3.23%-3.75%              |                            |                            | 427.0                       |
| Senior Secured notes                                    | 2017           | 11.25%                   | 2,095.0                    | 2,049.7                    | 2,045.2                     |
| CMBS financing                                          | 2015*          | 3.25%                    | 5,189.6                    | 5,182.3                    | 5,551.2                     |
| Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes                    | 2018           | 12.75%                   | 750.0                      | 741.3                      |                             |
| Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes                    | 2018           | 10.0%                    | 4,553.1                    | 2,033.3                    | 1,959.1                     |
| Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes                    | 2015           | 10.0%                    | 214.8                      | 156.2                      | 150.7                       |
| Secured debt                                            | 2010           | 6.0%                     |                            |                            | 25.0                        |
| Chester Downs term loan                                 | 2016           | 12.375%                  | 248.4                      | 237.5                      | 217.2                       |
| PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan                       | 2015**         | 3.12%                    | 530.5                      | 423.8                      |                             |
| Other                                                   | Various        | 4.25%-6.0%               | 1.4                        | 1.4                        |                             |
| <b>Subsidiary-guaranteed debt</b>                       |                |                          |                            |                            |                             |
| Senior Notes, including senior interim loans            | 2016           | 10.75%                   | 478.6                      | 478.6                      | 478.6                       |
| Senior PIK Toggle Notes, including senior interim loans | 2018           | 10.75%/11.5%             | 10.5                       | 10.5                       | 9.4                         |
| <b>Unsecured Senior Debt</b>                            |                |                          |                            |                            |                             |
| 5.5%                                                    | 2010           | 5.5%                     |                            |                            | 186.9                       |
| 8.0%                                                    | 2011           | 8.0%                     |                            |                            | 12.5                        |
| 5.375%                                                  | 2013           | 5.375%                   | 125.2                      | 101.6                      | 95.5                        |
| 7.0%                                                    | 2013           | 7.0%                     | 0.6                        | 0.6                        | 0.7                         |
| 5.625%                                                  | 2015           | 5.625%                   | 364.6                      | 273.9                      | 319.5                       |
| 6.5%                                                    | 2016           | 6.5%                     | 248.7                      | 183.8                      | 251.9                       |
| 5.75%                                                   | 2017           | 5.75%                    | 153.9                      | 105.5                      | 151.3                       |
| Floating Rate Contingent Convertible Senior Notes       | 2024           | 0.51%                    | 0.2                        | 0.2                        | 0.2                         |
| <b>Unsecured Senior Subordinated Notes</b>              |                |                          |                            |                            |                             |
| 7.875%                                                  | 2010           | 7.875%                   |                            |                            | 142.5                       |
| 8.125%                                                  | 2011           | 8.125%                   |                            |                            | 11.4                        |
| <b>Other Unsecured Borrowings</b>                       |                |                          |                            |                            |                             |
| 5.3% special improvement district bonds                 | 2035           | 5.3%                     | 67.1                       | 67.1                       | 68.4                        |
| Other                                                   | Various        | Various                  | 1.0                        | 1.0                        | 18.1                        |
| <b>Capitalized Lease Obligations</b>                    |                |                          |                            |                            |                             |
| 6.42%-9.8%                                              | to 2020        | 6.42%-9.8%               | 9.4                        | 9.4                        | 10.2                        |
| <b>Total debt</b>                                       |                |                          | <b>21,847.7</b>            | <b>18,841.1</b>            | <b>18,943.1</b>             |
| <b>Current portion of long-term debt</b>                |                |                          | <b>(57.0)</b>              | <b>(55.6)</b>              | <b>(74.3)</b>               |
| <b>Long-term debt</b>                                   |                |                          | <b>\$ 21,790.7</b>         | <b>\$ 18,785.5</b>         | <b>\$ 18,868.8</b>          |



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\* We are permitted to extend the maturity of the CMBS Loans from 2013 to 2015, subject to satisfying certain conditions, in connection with the amendment to the CMBS Facilities.

\*\* The Planet Hollywood Las Vegas senior secured loan is subject to extension options moving its maturity from 2011 to 2015, subject to certain conditions.

Book values of debt as of December 31, 2010 are presented net of unamortized discounts of \$3,006.6 million. As of December 31, 2009, book values are presented net of unamortized discounts of \$3,108.9 million and unamortized premiums of \$0.1 million.

Our current maturities of debt include required interim principal payments on each of our Term Loans, our Chester Downs term loan, and the special improvement district bonds.

As of December 31, 2010, aggregate annual principal maturities for the four years subsequent to 2011 were as follows, assuming all conditions to extending the maturities of the CMBS Financing and the Planet Hollywood Las Vegas senior secured loan are met, and such maturities are extended: 2012, \$47.6 million; 2013, \$172.6 million; 2014, \$45.1 million; and 2015, \$12,059.7 million.

*Credit Agreement*

In connection with the Acquisition, CEOC entered into the senior secured credit facilities (the Credit Facilities ). This financing is neither secured nor guaranteed by Caesars Entertainment's other direct, wholly-owned subsidiaries, including the subsidiaries that own properties that are security for the CMBS Financing.

As of December 31, 2010, our Credit Facilities provide for senior secured financing of up to \$8,435.1 million, consisting of (i) senior secured term loan facilities in an aggregate principal amount of \$6,805.1 million with \$5,815.1 million maturing on January 20, 2015 and \$990.0 million maturing on October 31, 2016, and (ii) a senior secured revolving credit facility in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$1,630.0 million, maturing January 28, 2014, including both a letter of credit sub-facility and a swingline loan sub-facility. The term loans under the Credit Facilities require scheduled quarterly payments of \$7.5 million, with the balance due at maturity. A total of \$6,805.1 million face amount of borrowings were outstanding under the Credit Facilities as of December 31, 2010, with \$119.8 million of the revolving credit facility committed to outstanding letters of credit. After consideration of these borrowings and letters of credit, \$1,510.2 million of additional borrowing capacity was available to the Company under its revolving credit facility as of December 31, 2010.

*CMBS Financing*

In connection with the Acquisition, the CMBS Closing Assets were spun out of CEOC to Caesars Entertainment. As of the Acquisition date, the CMBS Closing Assets were Harrah's Las Vegas, Rio, Flamingo Las Vegas, Harrah's Atlantic City, Showboat Atlantic City, Harrah's Lake Tahoe, Harveys Lake Tahoe and Bill's Lake Tahoe. The CMBS Closing Assets borrowed \$6,500 million of CMBS Financing. The CMBS Financing is secured by the assets of the CMBS Closing Assets and certain aspects of the financing are guaranteed by Caesars Entertainment. On May 22, 2008, Paris Las Vegas and Harrah's Laughlin and their related operating assets were spun out of CEOC to Caesars Entertainment and became property secured under the CMBS loans, and Harrah's Lake Tahoe, Harveys Lake Tahoe, Bill's Lake Tahoe and Showboat Atlantic City were transferred to CEOC from Caesars Entertainment as contemplated under the debt agreements effective pursuant to the Acquisition.

On August 31, 2010, we executed an agreement with the lenders to amend the terms of our CMBS Financing to, among other things, (i) provide our subsidiaries that are borrowers under the CMBS mortgage loan and/or related mezzanine loans ( CMBS Loans ) the right to extend the maturity of the CMBS Loans, subject to certain conditions, by up to 2 years until February 2015, (ii) amend certain terms of the CMBS Loans with respect to reserve requirements, collateral rights, property release prices and the payment of management fees,

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(iii) provide for ongoing mandatory offers to repurchase CMBS Loans using excess cash flow from the CMBS entities at discounted prices, (iv) provide for the amortization of the mortgage loan in certain minimum amounts upon the occurrence of certain conditions and (v) provide for certain limitations with respect to the amount of excess cash flow from the CMBS entities that may be distributed to us. Any CMBS Loan purchased pursuant to the amendments will be canceled.

In the fourth quarter of 2009, we purchased \$948.8 million of face value of CMBS Loans for \$237.2 million. Pursuant to the terms of the amendment as initially agreed to on March 5, 2010, we agreed to pay lenders selling CMBS Loans during the fourth quarter 2009 an additional \$47.4 million for their loans previously sold, to be paid no later than December 31, 2010. This additional liability was recorded as a loss on early extinguishment of debt during the first quarter of 2010 and was paid during the fourth quarter of 2010.

In June 2010, we purchased \$46.6 million face value of CMBS Loans for \$22.6 million, recognizing a net gain on the transaction of approximately \$23.3 million during the second quarter of 2010. In September 2010, in connection with the execution of the amendment, we purchased \$123.8 million face value of CMBS Loans for \$37.1 million, of which \$31.0 million was paid at the closing of the CMBS amendment, and the remainder of which was paid during fourth quarter 2010. We recognized a pre-tax gain on the transaction of approximately \$77.4 million, net of deferred finance charges. In December 2010, we purchased \$191.3 million of face value of CMBS Loans for \$95.6 million, recognizing a pre-tax gain of \$66.9 million, net of deferred finance charges.

As part of the amendment to the CMBS Financing, in order to extend the maturity of the CMBS Loans under the extension option, we are required to extend our interest rate cap agreement to cover the two years of extended maturity of the CMBS Loans, with a maximum aggregate purchase price for such extended interest rate cap for \$5.0 million. We funded the \$5.0 million obligation on September 1, 2010 in connection with the closing of the CMBS Loan amendment.

*PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan*

On February 19, 2010, CEOC acquired 100% of the equity interests of PHW Las Vegas, which owns the Planet Hollywood Resort and Casino located in Las Vegas, Nevada. In connection with this transaction, PHW Las Vegas assumed a \$554.3 million, face value, senior secured loan, and a subsidiary of CEOC cancelled certain debt issued by PHW Las Vegas predecessor entities. The outstanding amount is secured by the assets of PHW Las Vegas, and is non-recourse to other subsidiaries of the Company.

In connection with the transaction and the assumption of debt, PHW Las Vegas entered into the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as trustee for The Credit Suisse First Boston Mortgage Securities Corp. Commercial Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates, Series 2007-TFL2 ( Lender ). The maturity date for this loan is December 2011, with two extension options (subject to certain conditions), which, if exercised, would extend maturity until April 2015. At December 31, 2010, the loan has been classified as long-term in our Consolidated Balance Sheet, included in our Consolidated Financial Statements included herein, because the Company has both the intent and ability to exercise the extension options. PHW Las Vegas is an unrestricted subsidiary of CEOC and therefore not a borrower under CEOC's Credit Facilities. A subsidiary of CEOC manages the property for PHW Las Vegas for a fee.

PHW Las Vegas may, at its option, voluntarily prepay the loan in whole or in part upon twenty (20) days prior written notice to Lender. PHW Las Vegas is required to prepay the loan in (i) the amount of any insurance proceeds received by Lender for which Lender is not obligated to make available to PHW Las Vegas for restoration in accordance with the terms of the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement, (ii) the amount of any proceeds received from the operator of the timeshare property adjacent to the Planet Hollywood Resort and Casino, subject to the limitations set forth in the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement and (iii) the amount of any excess cash remaining after application of the cash management provisions of the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement.

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### *Other Financing Transactions*

During 2009, Chester Downs and Marina LLC ( Chester Downs ), a majority-owned subsidiary of CEOC and owner of Harrah s Chester, entered into an agreement to borrow under a senior secured term loan with a principal amount of \$230.0 million and borrowed such amount, net of original issue discount. The proceeds of the term loan were used to pay off intercompany debt due to CEOC and to repurchase equity interests from certain minority partners of Chester Downs. As a result of the purchase of these equity interests, CEOC currently owns 95.0% of Chester Downs.

On October 8, 2010, Chester Downs amended its existing senior secured term loan facility to obtain an additional \$40.0 million term loan. The additional loan has substantially the same terms as the existing term loan with respect to interest rates, maturity and security. The proceeds of the additional term loans were used for general corporate purposes, including the repayment of indebtedness and capital expenditures.

### *Exchange Offers, Debt Repurchases and Open Market Purchases*

From time to time, we may retire portions of our outstanding debt in open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. These repurchases will be funded through available cash from operations and from our established debt programs. Such repurchases are dependent on prevailing market conditions, the Company s liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors.

On April 15, 2009, CEOC completed private exchange offers to exchange approximately \$3,648.8 million aggregate principal amount of new 10.0% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2018 for approximately \$5,470.1 million principal amount of its outstanding debt due between 2010 and 2018. The new notes are guaranteed by Caesars Entertainment and are secured on a second-priority lien basis by substantially all of CEOC s and its subsidiaries assets that secure the senior secured credit facilities. In addition to the exchange offers, a subsidiary of Caesars Entertainment paid approximately \$96.7 million to purchase for cash certain notes of CEOC with an aggregate principal amount of approximately \$522.9 million maturing between 2015 and 2017. The notes purchased pursuant to this tender offer remained outstanding for CEOC but reduce Caesars Entertainment s outstanding debt on a consolidated basis. Additionally, CEOC paid approximately \$4.8 million in cash to purchase notes of approximately \$24.0 million aggregate principal amount from retail holders that were not eligible to participate in the exchange offers. As a result of the exchange and tender offers, we recorded a pre-tax gain in the second quarter 2009 of approximately \$4,023.0 million.

On October 22, 2009, CEOC completed cash tender offers for certain of its outstanding debt securities with maturities in 2010 and 2011. CEOC purchased \$4.5 million principal amount of its 5.5% senior notes due 2010, \$17.2 million principal amount of its 7.875% senior subordinated notes due 2010, \$19.6 million principal amount of its 8.0% senior notes due 2011 and \$4.2 million principal amount of its 8.125% senior subordinated notes due 2011 for an aggregate consideration of approximately \$44.5 million.

As a result of the receipt of the requisite consent of lenders having loans made under the Senior Unsecured Interim Loan Agreement ( Interim Loan Agreement ) representing more than 50% of the sum of all loans outstanding under the Interim Loan Agreement, waivers or amendments of certain provisions of the Interim Loan Agreement to permit CEOC, from time to time, to buy back loans at prices below par from specific lenders in the form of voluntary prepayments of the loans by CEOC on a non-pro rata basis are now operative. Included in the exchanged debt discussed above are approximately \$296.9 million of 10.0% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes that were exchanged for approximately \$442.3 million principal amount of loans surrendered in the exchange offer for loans outstanding under the Interim Loan Agreement. As a result of these transactions, all loans outstanding under the Interim Loan Agreement have been retired.



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As a result of the 2009 exchange and tender offers, the CMBS Financing repurchases, and purchases of our debt on the open market, we recorded a pre-tax gain in 2009 of \$4,965.5 million arising from early extinguishment of debt, comprised as follows:

| (In millions)                                                        | Year ended<br>Dec. 31, 2009 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <b>Face value of CEOC Open Market Purchases:</b>                     |                             |
| 5.50% due 7/01/2010                                                  | \$ 68.0                     |
| 7.875% due 3/15/2010                                                 | 111.5                       |
| 8.00% due 02/01/2011                                                 | 37.7                        |
| 8.125% due 05/15/2011                                                | 178.2                       |
| 5.375% due 12/15/2013                                                | 87.2                        |
| 10.75% due 1/28/2016                                                 | 265.0                       |
| <b>Face value of other Caesars Subsidiary Open Market Purchases:</b> |                             |
| 5.625% due 06/01/2015                                                | \$ 138.0                    |
| 5.750% due 06/01/2017                                                | 169.0                       |
| 6.50% due 06/01/2016                                                 | 24.0                        |
| Total Face Value of open market purchases                            | 1,078.6                     |
| Cash paid for open market purchases                                  | (657.0)                     |
| Net cash gain on open market purchases                               | 421.6                       |
| Write-off of unamortized discounts and fees                          | (167.2)                     |
| Gain on CMBS repurchases                                             | 688.1                       |
| Gain on debt exchanges                                               | 4,023.0                     |
| Aggregate gains on early extinguishments of debt                     | \$ 4,965.5                  |

Under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, or the ARRA, the Company will receive temporary federal tax relief under the Delayed Recognition of Cancellation of Debt Income, or CODI, rules. The ARRA contains a provision that allows for a deferral for tax purposes of CODI for debt reacquired in 2009 and 2010, followed by recognition of CODI ratably from 2014 through 2018. In connection with the debt that we reacquired in 2009 and 2010, we have deferred related CODI of \$3.6 billion for tax purposes (net of Original Issue Discount (OID) interest expense, some of which must also be deferred to 2014 through 2018 under the ARRA). We are required to include one-fifth of the deferred CODI, net of deferred and regularly scheduled OID, in taxable income each year from 2014 through 2018. For state income tax purposes, certain states have conformed to the Act and others have not.

*Issuances and Redemptions*

During the second quarter of 2010, CEOC completed the offering of \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount of 12.75% second-priority senior secured notes due 2018 and used the proceeds of this offering to redeem or repay the following outstanding debt:

| Debt (dollars in millions)       | Maturity | Interest Rate | Face Value |
|----------------------------------|----------|---------------|------------|
| 5.5% Senior Notes                | 2010     | 5.5%          | \$ 191.6   |
| 8.0% Senior Notes                | 2011     | 8.0%          | 13.2       |
| 8.125% Senior Subordinated Notes | 2011     | 8.125%        | 12.0       |
| Revolving Credit Facility        | 2014     | 3.23%-3.25%   | 525.0      |

In connection with the retirement of the outstanding senior and senior subordinated notes above, CEOC recorded a pre-tax loss of \$4.7 million during the second quarter of 2010.

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On June 3, 2010, Caesars announced an agreement under which affiliates of each of Apollo, TPG and the Paulson Investors were to exchange approximately \$1,118.3 million face amount of debt for approximately 15.7% of the common equity of Caesars Entertainment, subject to regulatory approvals and certain other conditions. In connection with the transaction, Apollo, TPG, and the Paulson Investors purchased approximately \$835.4 million, face amount, of CEOC notes that were held by another subsidiary of Caesars Entertainment for aggregate consideration of approximately \$557.0 million, including accrued interest. The notes that were purchased, together with \$282.9 million face amount of notes they had previously acquired, were exchanged for equity in the fourth quarter of 2010 and the notes exchanged for equity are held by a subsidiary of Caesars Entertainment and remain outstanding for purposes of CEOC. The exchange was 10 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of notes tendered. Accrued and unpaid interest on the notes held by affiliates of each of Apollo and TPG was also paid in shares of common stock at the same exchange ratio. The above exchange resulted in the issuance of 11,270,331 shares of common stock.

The notes exchanged for equity are held by a subsidiary of Caesars Entertainment and remain outstanding for purposes of CEOC.

### *Interest and Fees*

Borrowings under the Credit Facilities, other than borrowings under the Incremental Loans, bear interest at a rate equal to the then-current LIBOR rate or at a rate equal to the alternate base rate, in each case plus an applicable margin. As of December 31, 2010, the Credit Facilities, other than borrowings under the Incremental Loans, bore interest at LIBOR plus 300 basis points for the term loans and a portion of the revolver loan and 150 basis points over LIBOR for the swingline loan and at the alternate base rate plus 200 basis points for the remainder of the revolver loan.

Borrowings under the Incremental Loans bear interest at a rate equal to either the alternate base rate or the greater of (i) the then-current LIBOR rate or (ii) 2.0%; in each case plus an applicable margin. At December 31, 2010, borrowings under the Incremental Loans bore interest at the minimum base rate of 2.0%, plus 750 basis points.

In addition, on a quarterly basis, we are required to pay each lender (i) a commitment fee in respect of any unborrowed amounts under the revolving credit facility and (ii) a letter of credit fee in respect of the aggregate face amount of outstanding letters of credit under the revolving credit facility. As of December 31, 2010, the Credit Facilities bore a commitment fee for unborrowed amounts of 50 basis points.

We make monthly interest payments on our CMBS Financing. Our Senior Secured Notes, including the Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes, and our unsecured debt have semi-annual interest payments, with the majority of those payments on June 15 and December 15. Our previously outstanding senior secured notes that were retired as part of the exchange offers had semi-annual interest payments on February 1 and August 1 of every year.

The amount outstanding under the PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan bears interest, payable to third party lenders on a monthly basis, at a rate per annum equal to LIBOR plus 1.530%. Interest only participations of PHW Las Vegas bear interest at a fixed rate equal to \$7.3 million per year, payable to a subsidiary of Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc. that owns such participations.

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*Collateral and Guarantors*

CEOC's Credit Facilities are guaranteed by Caesars Entertainment, and are secured by a pledge of CEOC's capital stock, and by substantially all of the existing and future property and assets of CEOC and its material, wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries, including a pledge of the capital stock of CEOC's material, wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries and 65% of the capital stock of the first-tier foreign subsidiaries, in each case subject to exceptions. The following casino properties have mortgages under the Credit Facilities:

| <b>Las Vegas</b>              | <b>Atlantic City</b>   | <b>Louisiana/Mississippi</b>      | <b>Iowa/Missouri</b>                |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Caesars Palace                | Bally's Atlantic City  | Harrah's New Orleans (Hotel only) | Harrah's St. Louis                  |
| Bally's Las Vegas             | Caesars Atlantic City  | Harrah's Louisiana Downs          | Harrah's Council Bluffs             |
| Imperial Palace               | Showboat Atlantic City | Horseshoe Bossier City            | Horseshoe Council Bluffs/Bluffs Run |
|                               |                        | Tunica                            |                                     |
| Bill's Gamblin' Hall & Saloon |                        | Horseshoe Tunica                  |                                     |
|                               |                        | Tunica Roadhouse Hotel & Casino   |                                     |
|                               |                        |                                   |                                     |
| <b>Illinois/Indiana</b>       | <b>Other Nevada</b>    |                                   |                                     |
| Horseshoe Southern Indiana    | Harrah's Reno          |                                   |                                     |
| Harrah's Metropolis           | Harrah's Lake Tahoe    |                                   |                                     |
| Horseshoe Hammond             | Harveys Lake Tahoe     |                                   |                                     |

Additionally, certain undeveloped land in Las Vegas also is mortgaged.

In connection with PHW Las Vegas Amended and Restated Loan Agreement, Caesars Entertainment entered into a Guaranty Agreement (the Guaranty) for the benefit of Lender pursuant to which Caesars Entertainment guaranteed to Lender certain recourse liabilities of PHW Las Vegas. Caesars Entertainment's maximum aggregate liability for such recourse liabilities is limited to \$30.0 million provided that such recourse liabilities of PHW Las Vegas do not arise from (i) events, acts, or circumstances that are actually committed by, or voluntarily or willfully brought about by Caesars Entertainment or (ii) event, acts, or circumstances (regardless of the cause of the same) that provide actual benefit (in cash, cash equivalent, or other quantifiable amount) to the Registrant, to the full extent of the actual benefit received by the Registrant. Pursuant to the Guaranty, Caesars Entertainment is required to maintain a net worth or liquid assets of at least \$100.0 million.

*Restrictive Covenants and Other Matters*

The Credit Facilities require compliance on a quarterly basis with a maximum net senior secured first lien debt leverage test. In addition, the Credit Facilities include negative covenants, subject to certain exceptions, restricting or limiting CEOC's ability and the ability of its restricted subsidiaries to, among other things: (i) incur additional debt; (ii) create liens on certain assets; (iii) enter into sale and lease-back transactions; (iv) make certain investments, loans and advances; (v) consolidate, merge, sell or otherwise dispose of all or any part of its assets or to purchase, lease or otherwise acquire all or any substantial part of assets of any other person; (vi) pay dividends or make distributions or make other restricted payments; (vii) enter into certain transactions with its affiliates; (viii) engage in any business other than the business activity conducted at the closing date of the loan or business activities incidental or related thereto; (ix) amend or modify the articles or certificate of incorporation, by-laws and certain agreements or make certain payments or modifications of indebtedness; and (x) designate or permit the designation of any indebtedness as Designated Senior Debt.

Caesars Entertainment is not bound by any financial or negative covenants contained in CEOC's credit agreement, other than with respect to the incurrence of liens on and the pledge of its stock of CEOC.

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All borrowings under the senior secured revolving credit facility are subject to the satisfaction of customary conditions, including the absence of a default and the accuracy of representations and warranties, and the requirement that such borrowing does not reduce the amount of obligations otherwise permitted to be secured under our new senior secured credit facilities without ratably securing the retained notes.

Certain covenants contained in CEOC's credit agreement require the maintenance of a senior first priority secured debt to last twelve months (LTM) Adjusted EBITDA (Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization), as defined in the agreements, ratio (Senior Secured Leverage Ratio). The June 3, 2009 amendment and waiver to our credit agreement excludes from the Senior Secured Leverage Ratio (a) the \$1,375.0 million Original First Lien Notes issued June 15, 2009 and the \$720.0 million Additional First Lien Notes issued on September 11, 2009 and (b) up to \$250.0 million aggregate principal amount of consolidated debt of subsidiaries that are not wholly owned subsidiaries. Certain covenants contained in CEOC's credit agreement governing its senior secured credit facilities, the indenture and other agreements governing CEOC's 10.0% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2015 and 2018, and our first lien notes restrict our ability to take certain actions such as incurring additional debt or making acquisitions if we are unable to meet defined Adjusted EBITDA to Fixed Charges, senior secured debt to LTM Adjusted EBITDA and consolidated debt to LTM Adjusted EBITDA ratios. The covenants that restrict additional indebtedness and the ability to make future acquisitions require an LTM Adjusted EBITDA to Fixed Charges ratio (measured on a trailing four-quarter basis) of 2.0:1.0. Failure to comply with these covenants can result in limiting our long-term growth prospects by hindering our ability to incur future indebtedness or grow through acquisitions.

The indenture governing the 10.75% Senior Notes, 10.75%/11.5% Senior Toggle Notes and the agreements governing the other cash pay debt and PIK toggle debt limit CEOC's (and most of its subsidiaries') ability to among other things: (i) incur additional debt or issue certain preferred shares; (ii) pay dividends or make distributions in respect of our capital stock or make other restricted payments; (iii) make certain investments; (iv) sell certain assets; (v) with respect to CEOC only, engage in any business or own any material asset other than all of the equity interest of CEOC so long as certain investors hold a majority of the notes; (vi) create or permit to exist dividend and/or payment restrictions affecting its restricted subsidiaries; (vii) create liens on certain assets to secure debt; (viii) consolidate, merge, sell or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of its assets; (ix) enter into certain transactions with its affiliates; and (x) designate its subsidiaries as unrestricted subsidiaries. Subject to certain exceptions, the indenture governing the notes and the agreements governing the other cash pay debt and PIK toggle debt will permit us and our restricted subsidiaries to incur additional indebtedness, including secured indebtedness.

We believe we are in compliance with CEOC's credit agreement and indentures, including the Senior Secured Leverage Ratio, as of December 31, 2010. If our LTM Adjusted EBITDA were to decline significantly from the level achieved in 2010, it could cause us to exceed the Senior Secured Leverage Ratio and could be an Event of Default under CEOC's credit agreement. However, we could implement certain actions in an effort to minimize the possibility of a breach of the Senior Secured Leverage Ratio, including reducing payroll and other operating costs, deferring or eliminating certain maintenance, delaying or deferring capital expenditures, or selling assets. In addition, under certain circumstances, our credit agreement allows us to apply the cash contributions received by CEOC as a capital contribution to cure covenant breaches. However, there is no guarantee that such contributions will be able to be secured.

The CMBS Financing includes negative covenants, subject to certain exceptions, restricting or limiting the ability of the borrowers and operating companies under the CMBS Financing (collectively, the CMBS Borrowers) to, among other things: (i) incur additional debt; (ii) create liens on assets; (iii) make certain investments, loans and advances; (iv) consolidate, merge, sell or otherwise dispose of all or any part of its assets or to purchase, lease or otherwise acquire all or any substantial part of assets of any other person; (v) enter into certain transactions with its affiliates; (vi) engage in any business other than the ownership of the properties and business activities ancillary thereto; and (vi) amend or modify the articles or certificate of incorporation, bylaws and certain agreements. The CMBS Financing also includes affirmative covenants that require the CMBS

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Borrowers to, among other things, maintain the borrowers as special purpose entities, maintain certain reserve funds in respect of FF&E, taxes, and insurance, and comply with other customary obligations for CMBS real estate financings. In addition, the CMBS Financing obligates the CMBS Borrowers to apply excess cash flow from the CMBS Closing Assets in certain specified manners, depending on the outstanding principal amount of various tranches of the CMBS loans and other factors. These obligations will limit the amount of excess cash flow from the CMBS Borrowers that may be distributed to Caesars Entertainment Corporation. For example, the CMBS Borrowers are required to use 100% of excess cash flow to make ongoing mandatory offers on a quarterly basis to purchase CMBS mezzanine loans at discounted prices from the holders thereof. To the extent such offers are accepted, such excess cash flow will need to be so utilized and will not be available for distribution to Caesars Entertainment. To the extent such offers are not accepted with respect to any fiscal quarter, the amount of excess cash flow that may be distributed to Caesars Entertainment is limited to 85% of excess cash flow with respect to such quarter. In addition, the CMBS Financing provides that once the aggregate principal amount of the CMBS mezzanine loans is less than or equal to \$625.0 million, the mortgage loan will begin to amortize on a quarterly basis in an amount equal to the greater of 100% of excess cash flow for such quarter and \$31.25 million. If the CMBS mortgage loan begins to amortize, the excess cash flow from the CMBS Borrowers will need to be utilized in connection with such amortization and will not be available for distribution to Caesars Entertainment.

### *Derivative Instruments*

We account for derivative instruments in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 815 (Accounting for Derivatives and Hedging Activities, ) which requires that all derivative instruments be recognized in the financial statements at fair value. Any changes in fair value are recorded in the statements of operations or in other comprehensive income/(loss), depending upon whether or not the derivative is designated and qualifies for hedge accounting, the type of hedge transaction and the effectiveness of the hedge. The estimated fair values of our derivative instruments are based on market prices obtained from dealer quotes. Such quotes represent the estimated amounts we would receive or pay to terminate the contracts.

Our derivative instruments contain a credit risk that the counterparties may be unable to meet the terms of the agreements. We minimize that risk by evaluating the creditworthiness of our counterparties, which are limited to major banks and financial institutions. Our derivatives are recorded at their fair values, adjusted for the credit rating of the counterparty if the derivative is an asset, or adjusted for the credit rating of the Company if the derivative is a liability.

**Table of Contents***Derivative Instruments Interest Rate Swap Agreements*

We use interest rate swaps to manage the mix of our debt between fixed and variable rate instruments. As of December 31, 2010 we have entered into 13 interest rate swap agreements, three of which have effective dates starting in 2011. As a result of staggering the effective dates, we have a notional amount of \$6,500.0 million outstanding through April 25, 2011, and a notional amount of \$5,750.0 million outstanding beginning after April 25, 2011. The difference to be paid or received under the terms of the interest rate swap agreements is accrued as interest rates change and recognized as an adjustment to interest expense for the related debt. Changes in the variable interest rates to be paid or received pursuant to the terms of the interest rate swap agreements will have a corresponding effect on future cash flows. The major terms of the interest rate swap agreements as of December 31, 2010 are as follows.

| Effective Date     | Notional Amount<br>(In millions) | Fixed Rate<br>Paid | Variable Rate<br>Received as of<br>Dec. 31,<br>2010 | Next Reset Date  | Maturity Date    |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| April 25, 2007     | \$ 200                           | 4.898%             | 0.288%                                              | January 25, 2011 | April 25, 2011   |
| April 25, 2007     | 200                              | 4.896%             | 0.288%                                              | January 25, 2011 | April 25, 2011   |
| April 25, 2007     | 200                              | 4.925%             | 0.288%                                              | January 25, 2011 | April 25, 2011   |
| April 25, 2007     | 200                              | 4.917%             | 0.288%                                              | January 25, 2011 | April 25, 2011   |
| April 25, 2007     | 200                              | 4.907%             | 0.288%                                              | January 25, 2011 | April 25, 2011   |
| September 26, 2007 | 250                              | 4.809%             | 0.288%                                              | January 25, 2011 | April 25, 2011   |
| September 26, 2007 | 250                              | 4.775%             | 0.288%                                              | January 25, 2011 | April 25, 2011   |
| April 25, 2008     | 2,000                            | 4.276%             | 0.288%                                              | January 25, 2011 | April 25, 2013   |
| April 25, 2008     | 2,000                            | 4.263%             | 0.288%                                              | January 25, 2011 | April 25, 2013   |
| April 25, 2008     | 1,000                            | 4.172%             | 0.288%                                              | January 25, 2011 | April 25, 2012   |
| April 26, 2011     | 250                              | 1.351%             | %                                                   | April 26, 2011   | January 25, 2015 |
| April 26, 2011     | 250                              | 1.347%             | %                                                   | April 26, 2011   | January 25, 2015 |
| April 26, 2011     | 250                              | 1.350%             | %                                                   | April 26, 2011   | January 25, 2015 |

The variable rate on our interest rate swap agreements did not materially change as a result of the January 25, 2011 reset.

Prior to February 15, 2008, our interest rate swap agreements were not designated as hedging instruments; therefore, gains or losses resulting from changes in the fair value of the swaps were recognized in interest expense in the period of the change. On February 15, 2008, eight of our interest rate swap agreements for notional amounts totaling \$3,500.0 million were designated as cash flow hedging instruments for accounting purposes and on April 1, 2008, the remaining swap agreements were designated as cash flow hedging instruments for accounting purposes.

During October 2009, we borrowed \$1,000.0 million under the Incremental Loans and used a majority of the net proceeds to temporarily repay most of our revolving debt under the Credit Facility. As a result, we no longer had a sufficient amount of outstanding debt under the same terms as our interest rate swap agreements to support hedge accounting treatment for the full \$6,500.0 million in interest rate swaps. Thus, as of September 30, 2009, we removed the cash flow hedge designation for the \$1,000.0 million swap agreement, freezing the amount of deferred losses recorded in Other Comprehensive Income associated with this swap agreement, and reducing the total notional amount on interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedging instruments to \$5,500.0 million. Beginning October 1, 2009, we began amortizing deferred losses frozen in Other Comprehensive Income into income over the original remaining term of the hedged forecasted transactions that are still considered to be probable of occurring. For the year ended December 31, 2010, we recorded \$8.7 million as an increase to interest expense, and we will record an additional \$8.7 million as an increase to interest expense and other comprehensive income over the next twelve months, all related to deferred losses on the \$1,000.0 million interest rate swap.

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During the fourth quarter of 2009, we re-designated approximately \$310.1 million of the \$1,000.0 million swap as a cash flow hedging instrument. Also, on September 29, 2010, we entered into three forward interest rate swap agreements for notional amounts totaling \$750.0 million that have been designated as cash flow hedging instruments. As a result, at December 31, 2010, \$5,810.1 million of our total interest rate swap notional amount of \$7,250.0 million remained designated as hedging instruments for accounting purposes. Any future changes in fair value of the portion of the interest rate swap not designated as a hedging instrument will be recognized in interest expense during the period in which the changes in value occur.

### *Derivative Instruments Interest Rate Cap Agreements*

On January 28, 2008, we entered into an interest rate cap agreement to partially hedge the risk of future increases in the variable rate of the CMBS Financing. The interest rate cap agreement, which was effective January 28, 2008 and terminates February 13, 2013, is for a notional amount of \$6,500.0 million at a LIBOR cap rate of 4.5%. The interest rate cap was designated as a cash flow hedging instrument for accounting purposes on May 1, 2008.

On November 30, 2009, June 7, 2010, September 1, 2010 and December 13, 2010, we purchased and extinguished approximately \$948.8 million, \$46.6 million, \$123.8 million and \$191.3 million, respectively, of the CMBS Financing. The hedging relationship between the CMBS Financing and the interest rate cap has remained effective subsequent to each debt extinguishment. As a result of the extinguishments in the fourth quarter of 2009, second quarter 2010, third quarter 2010, and fourth quarter 2010, we reclassified approximately \$12.1 million, \$0.8 million, \$1.5 million and \$3.3 million, respectively, of deferred losses out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income and into interest expense associated with hedges for which the forecasted future transactions are no longer probable of occurring.

On January 31, 2010, we removed the cash flow hedge designation for the \$6,500.0 million interest rate cap, freezing the amount of deferred losses recorded in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss associated with the interest rate cap. Beginning February 1, 2010, we began amortizing deferred losses frozen in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss into income over the original remaining term of the hedge forecasted transactions that are still probable of occurring. For the year ending December 31, 2010, we recorded \$19.2 million as an increase to interest expense, and we will record an additional \$20.9 million as an increase to interest expense and Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss over the next twelve months, all related to deferred losses on the interest rate cap.

On January 31, 2010, we re-designated \$4,650.2 million of the interest rate cap as a cash flow hedging instrument for accounting purposes. Any future changes in fair value of the portion of the interest rate cap not designated as a hedging instrument will be recognized in interest expense during the period in which the changes in value occur.

On April 5, 2010, as required under the PHW Las Vegas Amended and Restated Loan Agreement, we entered into an interest rate cap agreement to partially hedge the risk of future increases in the variable rate of the PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan. The interest rate cap agreement is for a notional amount of \$554.3 million at a LIBOR cap rate of 5.0%, and matures on December 9, 2011. To give proper consideration to the prepayment requirements of the PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan, we have designated \$525.0 million of the \$554.3 million notional amount of the interest rate cap as a cash flow hedging instrument for accounting purposes.

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The following table represents the fair values of derivative instruments in the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2010 and 2009:

| (In millions)                                            | Asset Derivatives          |            |                            |            | Liability Derivatives      |            |                            |            |
|----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------|----------------------------|------------|----------------------------|------------|----------------------------|------------|
|                                                          | 2010                       |            | 2009                       |            | 2010                       |            | 2009                       |            |
|                                                          | Balance Sheet Location     | Fair Value | Balance Sheet Location     | Fair Value | Balance Sheet Location     | Fair Value | Balance Sheet Location     | Fair Value |
| <b>Derivatives designated as hedging instruments</b>     |                            |            |                            |            |                            |            |                            |            |
| Interest Rate Swaps                                      |                            | \$         |                            | \$         | Accrued expenses           | \$ (21.6)  |                            | \$         |
| Interest Rate Swaps                                      | Deferred charges and other | 11.6       |                            |            | Deferred credits and other | (305.5)    | Deferred credits and other | (337.6)    |
| Interest Rate Cap                                        | Deferred charges and other | 3.7        | Deferred charges and other | 56.8       |                            |            |                            |            |
| Subtotal                                                 |                            | 15.3       |                            | 56.8       |                            | (327.1)    |                            | (337.6)    |
| <b>Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments</b> |                            |            |                            |            |                            |            |                            |            |
| Interest Rate Swaps                                      |                            |            |                            |            | Deferred credits and other | (32.2)     | Deferred credits and other | (37.6)     |
| Interest Rate Cap                                        | Deferred charges and other | 1.5        | Deferred charges and other |            |                            |            |                            |            |
| Subtotal                                                 |                            | 1.5        |                            |            |                            | (32.2)     |                            | (37.6)     |
| <b>Total Derivatives</b>                                 |                            | \$ 16.8    |                            | \$ 56.8    |                            | \$ (359.3) |                            | \$ (375.2) |

The following table represents the effect of derivative instruments in the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009 for amounts transferred into or out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss:

| (In millions)                                            | Amount of (Gain) or Loss on Derivatives Recognized in OCI (Effective Portion) |         | Location of (Gain) or Loss Reclassified From Accumulated OCI Into Income (Effective Portion) | Amount of (Gain) or Loss Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income (Effective Portion) |         | Location of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income on Derivatives (Ineffective Portion) | Amount of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income on Derivatives (Ineffective Portion) |          |
|----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
|                                                          | 2010                                                                          | 2009    |                                                                                              | 2010                                                                                       | 2009    |                                                                                      | 2010                                                                               | 2009     |
| <b>Derivatives designated as hedging instruments</b>     |                                                                               |         |                                                                                              |                                                                                            |         |                                                                                      |                                                                                    |          |
| Interest Rate Contracts                                  | \$ 99.2                                                                       | \$ 20.9 | Interest Expense                                                                             | \$ 36.3                                                                                    | \$ 15.1 | Interest Expense                                                                     | \$ (76.6)                                                                          | \$ (7.6) |
| <b>Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments</b> |                                                                               |         |                                                                                              |                                                                                            |         |                                                                                      |                                                                                    |          |
| Interest Rate Contracts                                  |                                                                               |         |                                                                                              |                                                                                            |         | Interest Expense                                                                     | \$ 1.9                                                                             | \$ (7.6) |



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In addition to the impact on interest expense from amounts reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss, the difference to be paid or received under the terms of the interest rate swap agreements is recognized as interest expense and is paid quarterly. This cash settlement portion of the interest rate swap agreements increased interest expense for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 by approximately \$265.8 million and \$214.2 million, respectively.

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A change in interest rates on variable-rate debt will impact our financial results. For example, assuming a constant outstanding balance for our variable-rate debt, excluding the \$5,810.1 million of variable-rate debt for which our interest rate swap agreements are designated as hedging instruments for accounting purposes, for the next twelve months, a hypothetical 1% increase in corresponding interest rates would increase interest expense for the twelve months following December 31, 2010 by approximately \$62.4 million. At December 31, 2010, our weighted average USD LIBOR rate for our variable rate debt was 0.2679%. A hypothetical reduction of this rate to 0% would decrease interest expense for the next twelve months by approximately \$16.7 million. At December 31, 2010, our variable-rate debt, excluding the aforementioned \$5,810.1 million of variable-rate debt hedged against interest rate swap agreements, represents approximately 36% of our total debt, while our fixed-rate debt is approximately 64% of our total debt.

**Guarantees of Third Party Debt and Other Obligations and Commitments**

The following tables summarize our contractual obligations and other commitments as of December 31, 2010.

| Contractual Obligations <sup>(a)</sup>                   | Total       | Payments due by Period |              |              |                  |
|----------------------------------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------------|
|                                                          |             | Less than<br>1 year    | 1-3<br>years | 4-5<br>years | After 5<br>years |
|                                                          |             | (In millions)          |              |              |                  |
| Debt, face value <sup>(c)</sup>                          | \$ 21,838.3 | \$ 51.8                | \$ 216.0     | \$ 12,104.8  | \$ 9,465.7       |
| Capital lease obligations                                | 9.4         | 5.2                    | 4.2          |              |                  |
| Estimated interest payments <sup>(b)(c)</sup>            | 9,366.1     | 1,645.4                | 3,080.0      | 2,537.6      | 2,103.1          |
| Operating lease obligations                              | 2,210.6     | 84.4                   | 142.6        | 124.1        | 1,859.5          |
| Purchase orders obligations                              | 49.9        | 49.9                   |              |              |                  |
| Guaranteed payments to State of Louisiana <sup>(d)</sup> | 15.0        | 15.0                   |              |              |                  |
| Community reinvestment                                   | 83.4        | 6.4                    | 11.7         | 11.8         | 53.5             |
| Construction commitments                                 | 35.9        | 35.9                   |              |              |                  |
| Entertainment obligations                                | 84.8        | 39.8                   | 41.9         | 3.1          |                  |
| Other contractual obligations                            | 578.3       | 91.2                   | 118.8        | 92.4         | 275.9            |
|                                                          | \$ 34,271.7 | \$ 2,025.0             | \$ 3,615.2   | \$ 14,873.8  | \$ 13,757.7      |

- (a) In addition to the contractual obligations disclosed in this table, we have unrecognized tax benefits that, based on uncertainties associated with the items, we are unable to make reasonably reliable estimates of the period of potential cash settlements, if any, with taxing authorities. (See Note 12, *Income Taxes*, to our Consolidated Financial Statements included herein.)
- (b) Estimated interest for variable rate debt included in this table is based on rates at December 31, 2010. Estimated interest includes the estimated impact of our interest rate swap and interest rate cap agreements.
- (c) Estimated interest assumes the extension of maturities of the CMBS Loans from 2013 to 2015 and the PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan from 2011 to 2015, resulting in a net increase of interest of approximately \$469.1 million.
- (d) In February 2008, we entered into an agreement with the State of Louisiana whereby we extended our guarantee of a \$60.0 million annual payment obligation of Jazz Casino Company, LLC, our wholly-owned subsidiary and owner of Harrah's New Orleans, to the State of Louisiana. The agreement ends March 31, 2011.

| Contractual Obligations    | Total<br>amounts<br>committed | Amounts of Commitment Per Year |              |              |                  |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------------|
|                            |                               | Less than<br>1 year            | 1-3<br>years | 4-5<br>years | After 5<br>years |
|                            |                               | (In millions)                  |              |              |                  |
| Letters of credit          | \$ 119.8                      | \$ 119.8                       | \$           | \$           | \$               |
| Minimum payments to tribes | 16.9                          | 12.8                           | 3.5          | 0.6          |                  |

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The agreements pursuant to which we manage casinos on Indian lands contain provisions required by law that provide that a minimum monthly payment be made to the tribe. That obligation has priority over scheduled repayments of borrowings for development costs and over the management fee earned and paid to the manager. In the event that insufficient cash flow is generated by the operations to fund this payment, we must pay the shortfall to the tribe. Subject to certain limitations as to time, such advances, if any, would be repaid to us in future periods in which operations generate cash flow in excess of the required minimum payment. These commitments will terminate upon the occurrence of certain defined events, including termination of the management contract. Our aggregate monthly commitment for the minimum guaranteed payments pursuant to the contracts for the three managed Indian-owned facilities now open, which extend for periods of up to 48 months from December 31, 2010, is \$1.2 million. Each of these casinos currently generates sufficient cash flows to cover all of its obligations, including its debt service.

## **Competitive Pressures**

The gaming industry is highly competitive and our competitors vary considerably in size, quality of facilities, number of operations, brand identities, marketing and growth strategies, financial strength and capabilities, level of amenities, management talent and geographic diversity. We also compete with other non-gaming resorts and vacation areas, and with various other entertainment businesses. Our competitors in each market may have substantially greater financial, marketing and other resources than we do and there can be no assurance that they will not in the future engage in aggressive pricing action to compete with us. Although we believe we are currently able to compete effectively in each of the various markets in which we participate, we cannot make assurances that we will be able to continue to do so or that we will be capable of maintaining or further increasing our current market share. Our failure to compete successfully in our various markets could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flow.

In recent years, with fewer new markets opening for development, many casino operators have been reinvesting in existing markets to attract new customers or to gain market share, thereby increasing competition in those markets. As companies have completed expansion projects, supply has typically grown at a faster pace than demand in some markets and competition has increased significantly. The expansion of existing casino entertainment properties, the increase in the number of properties and the aggressive marketing strategies of many of our competitors have increased competition in many markets in which we operate, and this intense competition is expected to continue. These competitive pressures have affected, and are expected to continue to adversely affect our financial performance in certain markets.

Several states and Indian tribes are also considering enabling the development and operation of casinos or casino-like operations in their jurisdictions.

Although, historically, the short-term effect of such competitive developments on our Company generally has been negative, we are not able to determine the long-term impact, whether favorable or unfavorable, that development and expansion trends and events will have on current or future markets. We also cannot determine the long-term impact of the financial crisis on the economy, and casinos specifically. In the short-term, the current financial crisis has stalled or delayed some of our capital projects, as well as those of many of our competitors. In addition, our substantial indebtedness could limit our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our operations or business and restrict us from developing new gaming facilities, introducing new technologies or exploiting business opportunities, all of which could place us at a competitive disadvantage. We believe that the geographic diversity of our operations; our focus on multi-market customer relationships; our service training, our rewards and customer loyalty programs; and our continuing efforts to establish our brands as premier brands upon which we have built strong customer loyalty have well-positioned us to face the challenges present within our industry. We utilize the unique capabilities of WINet, a sophisticated nationwide customer database, and Total Rewards, a nationwide loyalty program that allows our customers to earn complimentary items and other benefits for playing at our casinos. We believe these sophisticated marketing tools provide us with competitive advantages, particularly with players who visit more than one market.

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### **Significant Accounting Policies And Estimates**

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements, included herein, have been prepared in conformity with GAAP, and accordingly, our accounting policies have been disclosed in Note 1, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, to our Consolidated Financial Statements, included herein. We consider accounting estimates to be critical accounting policies when:

the estimates involve matters that are highly uncertain at the time the accounting estimate is made; and

different estimates or changes to estimates could have a material impact on the reported financial position, changes in financial position, or results of operations

When more than one accounting principle, or method of its application, is generally accepted, we select the principle or method that we consider to be the most appropriate when given the specific circumstances. Application of these accounting principles requires us to make estimates about the future resolution of existing uncertainties. Estimates are typically based upon historical experience, current trends, contractual documentation, and other information, as appropriate. Due to the inherent uncertainty involving estimates, actual results reported in the future may differ from those estimates. In preparing these financial statements, we have made our best estimates and judgments of the amounts and disclosures included in the financial statements, giving regard to materiality. The following summarizes our critical accounting policies.

#### ***Property and Equipment***

We have significant capital invested in our property and equipment, the book value of which represents approximately 62.1% of our total assets as of December 31, 2010. Judgments are made in determining the estimated useful lives of assets, salvage values to be assigned to assets and if or when an asset has been impaired. The accuracy of these estimates affects the amount of depreciation expense recognized in our financial results and whether we have a gain or loss on the disposal of an asset. We assign lives to our assets based on our standard policy, which is established by management as representative of the useful life of each category of asset. We review the carrying value of our property and equipment whenever events and circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable from the estimated future cash flows expected to result from its use and eventual disposition. The factors considered by management in performing this assessment include current operating results, trends and prospects, as well as the effect of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors. In estimating expected future cash flows for determining whether an asset is impaired, assets are grouped at the operating unit level, which for most of our assets is the individual casino.

#### ***Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets***

The purchase price of an acquisition is allocated to the underlying assets acquired and liabilities assumed based upon their estimated fair values at the date of acquisition. We determine the estimated fair values after review and consideration of relevant information including discounted cash flows, quoted market prices and estimates made by management. To the extent the purchase price exceeds the fair value of the net identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed, such excess is allocated to goodwill.

During the fourth quarter of each year, we perform annual assessments for impairment of goodwill and other intangible assets that are not subject to amortization as of September 30. We perform assessments for impairment of goodwill and other intangible assets more frequently if impairment indicators exist.

During 2010, due to the relative impact of weak economic conditions on certain properties in the Other Nevada and Louisiana/Mississippi regions, we performed an interim assessment of goodwill and certain intangible assets for impairment during the second quarter, which resulted in an impairment charge of \$100.0 million. During the third quarter, we completed a preliminary annual assessment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets as of September 30, which resulted in an impairment charge of \$44.0 million.

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We finalized our annual assessment during the fourth quarter, and as a result of the final assessment, we recorded a charge of \$49.0 million, which brought the aggregate charges recorded for the year ended December 31, 2010 to \$193.0 million.

During 2009, we performed an interim assessment of goodwill and certain intangible assets for impairment during the second quarter, due to the relative impact of weak economic conditions on certain properties in the Las Vegas market, which resulted in an impairment charge of \$297.1 million. During the third quarter, we completed a preliminary annual assessment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets as of September 30, which resulted in an impairment charge of \$1,328.6 million. We finalized our annual assessment during the fourth quarter, and as a result of the final assessment, we recorded a charge of approximately \$12.3 million, which brought the aggregate charges recorded for the year ended December 31, 2009 to approximately \$1,638.0 million.

We determine estimated fair value of a reporting unit as a function, or multiple, of EBITDA combined with estimated future cash flows discounted at rates commensurate with the Company's capital structure and the prevailing borrowing rates within the casino industry in general. We determine the estimated fair values of our intangible assets by using the relief from royalty and excess earnings methods under the income approach. After consideration of the impairment charges recorded in 2010 and 2009, we have approximately \$8,132.7 million in goodwill and other intangible assets in our Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2010 as compared to \$8,408.2 million at December 31, 2009.

The annual evaluation of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets requires the use of estimates about future operating results, valuation multiples and discount rates of each reporting unit to determine their estimated fair value. Changes in these assumptions can materially affect these estimates. Thus, to the extent the economy deteriorates during 2011, discount rates increase significantly, or the Company does not meet its projected performance, the Company could have additional impairment to record within its 2011 financial statements, and such impairments could be material. This is especially true for our Las Vegas region which has a significant portion of our remaining goodwill as of December 31, 2010. In accordance with GAAP, once an impairment of goodwill or other intangible asset has been recorded, it cannot be reversed.

### ***Total Rewards Point Liability Program***

Our customer loyalty program, Total Rewards, offers incentives to customers who gamble at certain of our casinos throughout the United States. Under the program, customers are able to accumulate, or bank, reward credits over time that they may redeem at their discretion under the terms of the program. The reward credit balance will be forfeited if the customer does not earn a reward credit over the prior six-month period. As a result of the ability of the customer to bank the reward credits, we accrue the expense of reward credits, after consideration of estimated forfeitures (referred to as breakage), as they are earned.

The value of the cost to provide reward credits is expensed as the reward credits are earned and is included in Casino expense on our Consolidated Statements of Operations. To arrive at the estimated cost associated with reward credits, estimates and assumptions are made regarding incremental marginal costs of the benefits, breakage rates and the mix of goods and services for which reward credits will be redeemed. We use historical data to assist in the determination of estimated accruals. At December 31, 2010 and 2009, \$57.7 million and \$53.2 million, respectively, were accrued for the cost of anticipated Total Rewards credit redemptions.

In addition to reward credits, customers at certain of our properties can earn points based on play that are redeemable in cash (cash-back points). In 2007, certain of our properties introduced a modification to the cash-back program whereby points are redeemable in playable credits at slot machines where, after one play-through, the credits can be cashed out. We accrue the cost of cash-back points and the modified program, after consideration of estimated breakage, as they are earned. The cost is recorded as contra-revenue and included in Casino promotional allowances on our Consolidated Statements of Operations. At December 31, 2010 and 2009, the liability related to outstanding cash-back points, which is based on historical redemption activity, was \$1.2 million and \$2.8 million, respectively.

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### ***Allowance for Doubtful Accounts***

We reserve an estimated amount for receivables that may not be collected. Methodologies for estimating allowance for doubtful accounts range from specific reserves to various percentages applied to aged receivables. Historical collection rates are considered, as are customer relationships, in determining specific reserves. At December 31, 2010 and 2009, we had \$216.3 million and \$207.1 million, respectively, in our allowance for doubtful accounts. As with many estimates, management must make judgments about potential actions by third parties in establishing and evaluating our reserves for allowance for doubtful accounts.

### ***Self-Insurance Accruals***

We are self-insured up to certain limits for costs associated with general liability, workers' compensation and employee health coverage. Insurance claims and reserves include accruals of estimated settlements for known claims, as well as accruals of actuarial estimates of incurred but not reported claims. At December 31, 2010 and 2009, we had total self-insurance accruals reflected in our Consolidated Balance Sheets of \$215.7 million and \$209.6 million, respectively. In estimating these reserves, we consider historical loss experience and make judgments about the expected levels of costs per claim. We also rely on consultants to assist in the determination of certain estimated accruals. These claims are accounted for based on actuarial estimates of the undiscounted claims, including those claims incurred but not reported. We believe the use of actuarial methods to account for these liabilities provides a consistent and effective way to measure these highly judgmental accruals; however, changes in health care costs, accident frequency and severity and other factors can materially affect the estimates for these liabilities. We regularly monitor the potential for changes in estimates, evaluate our insurance accruals and adjust our recorded provisions.

### ***Income Taxes***

We are subject to income taxes in the United States (including federal and state) and numerous foreign jurisdictions in which we operate. We record income taxes under the asset and liability method, whereby deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized based on the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases, and attributable to operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. ASC 740 ( *Income Taxes* ) requires a reduction of the carrying amounts of deferred tax assets by a valuation allowance if, based on the available evidence, it is more likely than not that such assets will not be realized. Accordingly, the need to establish valuation allowances for deferred tax assets is assessed periodically based on the ASC 740 more likely than not realization threshold. This assessment considers, among other matters, the nature, frequency and severity of current and cumulative losses, forecasts of future profitability, the duration of statutory carryforward periods, our experience with operating loss and tax credit carryforwards not expiring unused, and tax planning alternatives.

The effect on the income tax provision and deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. We have previously provided a valuation allowance on foreign tax credits, certain foreign and state net operating losses ( *NOLs* ), and other deferred foreign and state tax assets. Certain foreign and state *NOLs* and other deferred foreign and state tax assets were not deemed realizable because they are attributable to subsidiaries that are not expected to produce future earnings.

We adopted the directives of ASC 740 regarding uncertain income tax positions on January 1, 2007. We classify reserves for tax uncertainties within *Accrued expenses* and *Deferred credits and other* in our Consolidated Balance Sheets, separate from any related income tax payable or deferred income taxes. In accordance with ASC 740's directives regarding uncertain tax positions, reserve amounts relate to any potential income tax liabilities resulting from uncertain tax positions, as well as potential interest or penalties associated with those liabilities.

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We file income tax returns, including returns for our subsidiaries, with federal, state, and foreign jurisdictions. We are under regular and recurring audit by the Internal Revenue Service ( IRS ) on open tax positions, and it is possible that the amount of the liability for unrecognized tax benefits could change during the next twelve months.

### ***Derivative Instruments***

We account for derivative instruments in accordance with ASC 815 ( Derivatives and Hedging ), which requires that all derivative instruments be recognized in the financial statements at fair value. Any changes in fair value are recorded in the statements of operations or in other comprehensive income/(loss) within the equity section of the balance sheets, depending upon whether or not the derivative is designated and qualifies for hedge accounting, the type of hedge transaction and the effectiveness of the hedge. The estimated fair values of our derivative instruments are based on market prices obtained from dealer quotes. Such quotes represent the estimated amounts we would receive or pay to terminate the contracts.

Our derivative instruments contain a credit risk that the counterparties may be unable to meet the terms of the agreements. We minimize that risk by evaluating the creditworthiness of our counterparties, which are limited to major banks and financial institutions. Our derivatives are recorded at their fair values, adjusted for the credit rating of the counterparty if the derivative is an asset, or adjusted for the credit rating of the Company if the derivative is a liability.

### **Recently Issued and Proposed Accounting Standards**

For discussions of the adoption and potential impacts of recently issued accounting standards, refer to Note 2, Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements, to our Consolidated Financial Statements, included herein.

### **Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk**

Market risk is the risk of loss arising from adverse changes in market rates and prices, such as interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates and commodity prices. Our primary exposure to market risk is interest rate risk associated with our debt. We attempt to limit our exposure to interest rate risk by managing the mix of our debt between fixed-rate and variable-rate obligations. Of our \$18,841.1 million total book value of debt at December 31, 2010, we have entered into interest rate swap agreements to fix the interest rate on \$5,810.1 million of variable rate debt, and \$6,715.2 million of debt remains subject to variable interest rates.

We use interest rate swaps to manage the mix of our debt between fixed and variable rate instruments. As of December 31, 2010 we have entered into 13 interest rate swap agreements, three of which have effective dates starting in 2011. As a result of staggering the effective dates, we have a notional amount of \$6,500 million outstanding through April 25, 2011, and a notional amount of \$5,750 million outstanding beginning after April 25, 2011. All of our interest rate swap agreements fix the floating rates of interest to fixed rates.

In addition to the swap agreements, we entered into an interest rate cap agreement for a notional amount of \$6,500.0 million at a LIBOR cap rate of 4.5% and an interest rate cap agreement for a notional amount of \$554.3 million at a LIBOR cap rate of 5.0%. Assuming a constant outstanding balance for our variable rate debt for the next twelve months, a hypothetical 1% increase in interest rates would increase interest expense for the next twelve months by approximately \$62.4 million. At December 31, 2010, the weighted average USD LIBOR rate on our variable rate debt was 0.268%. A hypothetical reduction of this rate to 0% would decrease interest expense for the next twelve months by approximately \$16.7 million.

We do not purchase or hold any derivative financial instruments for trading purposes.

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The table below provides information as of December 31, 2010, about our financial instruments that are sensitive to changes in interest rates, including debt obligations and interest rate swaps. For debt obligations, the table presents principal cash flows and related weighted average interest rates by maturity dates. Principal amounts are used to calculate the payments to be exchanged under the related agreement(s) and weighted average variable rates are based on implied forward rates in the yield curve as of December 31, 2010.

| (\$ in millions)                                 | 2011       | 2012       | 2013       | 2014    | 2015       | Thereafter | Total       | Fair Value                 |
|--------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|------------|------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| <b>Liabilities</b>                               |            |            |            |         |            |            |             |                            |
| <b>Long-term debt</b>                            |            |            |            |         |            |            |             |                            |
| Fixed rate                                       | \$ 47.1    | \$ 37.5    | \$ 162.6   | \$ 35.1 | \$ 6,324.6 | \$ 8,525.6 | \$ 15,132.5 | \$ 14,255.3 <sup>(1)</sup> |
| Average interest rate                            | 7.6%       | 7.0%       | 5.7%       | 6.9%    | 3.7%       | 10.4%      | 7.5%        |                            |
| Variable rate                                    | \$ 10.0    | \$ 10.0    | \$ 10.0    | \$ 10.0 | \$ 5,735.1 | \$ 940.1   | \$ 6,715.2  | \$ 5,745.5 <sup>(1)</sup>  |
| Average interest rate                            | 9.5%       | 9.5%       | 9.5%       | 9.5%    | 4.2%       | 9.5%       | 4.2%        |                            |
| <b>Interest Rate Derivatives</b>                 |            |            |            |         |            |            |             |                            |
| <b>Interest rate swaps</b>                       |            |            |            |         |            |            |             |                            |
| <b>Variable to fixed notional contract value</b> |            |            |            |         |            |            |             |                            |
|                                                  | \$ 1,500.0 | \$ 1,000.0 | \$ 4,000.0 | \$      | \$ 750.0   | \$         | \$ 7,250.0  | \$ (347.7)                 |
| Average pay rate                                 | 4.1%       | 3.8%       | 3.2%       | 1.3%    | 1.3%       |            | 3.7%        |                            |
| Average receive rate                             | 0.4%       | 1.1%       | 1.9%       | 3.1%    | 2.9%       |            | 1.0%        |                            |
| Interest rate cap                                | \$ 554.3   | \$         | \$ 6,500.0 | \$      | \$         | \$         | \$ 7,054.3  | \$ 5.2                     |

(1) The fair values are based on the borrowing rates currently available for debt instruments with similar terms and maturities and market quotes of the Company's publicly traded debt.

As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, our long-term variable rate debt reflects borrowings under our senior secured credit facilities provided to us by a consortium of banks with a total capacity of \$8,435.1 and \$8,465.0 million, respectively. The interest rates charged on borrowings under these facilities are a function of the London Inter-Bank Offered Rate ( LIBOR ). As such, the interest rates charged to us for borrowings under the facilities are subject to change as LIBOR changes.

Foreign currency translation gains and losses were not material to our results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2010, and 2009, the Successor period from January 28, 2008 through December 31, 2008, nor the Predecessor period from January 1, 2008 through January 27, 2008. Our only material ownership interests in businesses in foreign countries are London Clubs, Macau Orient Golf and an approximate 95% ownership of a casino in Uruguay. Therefore, we have not been subject to material foreign currency exchange rate risk from the effects that exchange rate movements of foreign currencies would have on our future operating results or cash flows.

From time to time, we hold investments in various available-for-sale equity securities; however, our exposure to price risk arising from the ownership of these investments is not material to our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.



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**INDUSTRY**

**Introduction**

Based on 2009 reported gaming revenues, we estimate the size of the global casino gaming industry in major gaming markets worldwide to be approximately \$100 billion. Revenues in the United States are split among commercial casinos (including racetrack casinos) and tribal casinos at \$31 billion and \$27 billion, respectively. Domestic casino gaming revenues had steadily grown on an annualized basis to \$34.1 billion in 2007 until the last three years when, during the global economic recession, they contracted to \$30.7 billion in 2009.

Source: 2010 AGA Survey of Casino Entertainment

For the nine months ended September 30, 2010, as compared to the prior year period, discretionary spending has increased in sectors such as amusement parks, retail sales, lodging and cruise lines, while gaming revenues have actually decreased slightly. As such, there remains significant upside potential in gaming revenues as compared to other discretionary consumer sectors.

The following key trends are currently affecting the gaming industry:

***Expansion of existing and new jurisdictions.*** Domestically, several states are in the process of either expanding existing gaming offerings or legalizing gaming activities where they are currently illegal. These locations are generally regional in nature and should increase overall gaming spending and open up new opportunities for ownership and management of casinos. For example, Pennsylvania recently expanded gaming by allowing table games and in Ohio a voter referendum in November 2009 amended the state constitution to allow casinos in four cities. Internationally, there are numerous countries that are in the process of legalizing or liberalizing the rules under which gaming activities can be undertaken as the economy recovers.

***Limited supply expansion in established gaming markets.*** We estimate there will be limited supply introduced into established markets in the foreseeable future, in part due to a lack of available construction financing and the limited number of available licenses in certain jurisdictions. The lack of additional supply being introduced should lead to increased revenues and profits among established enterprises.

***Favorable travel industry trends.*** Our industry is heavily dependent upon both the leisure and business traveler. The trends in both of these areas have turned positive over the past few quarters, as evidenced by increasing hotel occupancy, visitor counts and convention space booking.

***Continuing legalization of online gaming.*** Online gaming is currently only legal in a limited number of jurisdictions, but additional jurisdictions, including the United States, are considering legalizing online gaming. Prior to the Unlawful Internet Gambling Enforcement Act being passed in 2006, published reports estimate that the United States online poker industry generated \$1.5 billion in revenues. A recent H2 Gaming Capital study anticipates that the global online gaming market will grow to \$36 billion in revenues by 2012.

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### **United States**

Casino gambling was first legalized in the U.S. by the State of Nevada in 1931. Since then, the industry has grown to 443 commercial casinos in 13 states with over \$30.7 billion of gross gaming revenue, according to the American Gaming Association, or AGA. Additionally, according to the AGA, the relatively recent development of Tribal gaming establishments has created another 456 gaming operations across 29 states. According to Casino City's North American Gaming Almanac, there are over 680,000 slots and 26,000 table games (including poker) in the U.S., including Tribal casinos.

Historically, the U.S. gaming industry was predominately located in two cities, Las Vegas, NV and Atlantic City, NJ. In 2009, the Las Vegas Strip and Atlantic City generated approximately \$9.5 billion of revenue and accounted for approximately 31% of the total commercial casino revenues in the U.S. However, as casinos have gained more recognition as a key source of entertainment, jobs, and income, and as the demand for gaming has increased, there has been an increased proliferation of gaming in other regional markets. The following chart shows total revenues in the top 10 casino markets in the U.S. for 2009:

Source: 2010 AGA Survey of Casino Entertainment

### **Las Vegas**

Las Vegas is the largest and most prominent gaming market in the U.S. with 182 licensed casinos, 127,800 nonrestricted slot machines, 4,470 licensed tables and \$8.8 billion of gaming revenue in 2009 for Clark County. Las Vegas' 148,940 hotel rooms consistently exhibit occupancy rates in the 80% - 90% range and are home to 18 of the 25 largest hotels in the world. During the past 10-15 years, Las Vegas has successfully focused on attracting more than just gamblers as operators have invested in non-gaming amenities. As a result, Las Vegas has become one of the nation's most popular convention center destinations and draws travelers attracted to the city's fine dining, shopping, and entertainment, as well as the gaming facilities. The city drew 37.5 million and 36.4 million visitors in 2008 and 2009, respectively.

For most of its history, Las Vegas effectively illustrated a supply-generated market dynamic. Each new wave of mega-resort openings leading up to the recent recession has expanded the Las Vegas market in terms of visitation and total revenues. Between 1970 and 2007, visitor volumes have increased at a faster pace than the Las Vegas room supply. This in turn generated room demand and led to consistently strong occupancy rates. In addition, the average length of stay and amount spent per trip has increased as Las Vegas has evolved from a one-dimensional casino town into a diversified destination-resort market. Prior to the recent recession, the Las Vegas market has shown consistent growth over the long term, both in terms of visitation and expenditures, and

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has exhibited one of the highest hotel occupancy rates of any major market in the U.S. According to the Las Vegas Convention and Visitors Authority, the number of visitors traveling to Las Vegas increased significantly over the last 19 years, from 21.0 million visitors in 1990 to a peak of 39.2 million visitors in 2007 before declining due to the recent economic downturn. Over this period, Las Vegas hotel room inventory has been highly correlated with visitation. Below is a chart showing Las Vegas hotel room inventory and visitation over that period and a chart comparing Las Vegas occupancy with that of other major U.S. markets.

Source: Las Vegas Convention and Visitors Authority

Source: State visitor associations

The development and expansion of mega-resorts along the Strip has been a primary generator of the recent visitation growth in the market. As the Strip has continued to evolve there has been a substantial shift in revenue mix, with an increased focus on non-gaming amenities. Industry analysts believe that there are three primary influences for this shift in recent years:

- (1) newer, larger and more diverse resorts

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(2) greater focus on the convention market and

(3) new marketing campaigns targeting a broader customer base.

As the total room inventory in Las Vegas has grown via the increasing presence of mega-resorts, there has been a corresponding impact in non-gaming revenues. According to Nevada State Gaming Control Board Nevada Gaming Abstract, while gaming revenues have continued to grow in terms of absolute dollars, from \$2.3 billion in 1990 to \$5.5 billion in 2009 (4.7% compound annual growth rate, or CAGR), the percentage of total Strip casino-hotel resort revenues represented by gaming has declined substantially over the past 17 years, from 58% of total revenues in 1990 to just 39% in 2009.

Las Vegas continues to be an intensely competitive market with continued increases in new development and expansions. In April 2005, Wynn Resorts opened the first new resort on the Strip since 1999. Along with Wynn's opening, several other competitors have recently opened new resorts or made announcements of their planned capital expenditures in the area. In early 2008, the Las Vegas Sands opened an adjacent property to the Venetian Resort and Casino, named the Palazzo. Wynn Resorts also completed a new property adjacent to Wynn Las Vegas, called Encore, which opened in late 2008. In December 2009, MGM Resorts International opened CityCenter, a multi-use property on 67 acres of land on the Strip between Bellagio and Monte Carlo. Deutsche Bank opened the Cosmopolitan, a new hotel-casino situated between the Bellagio and CityCenter, in December 2010. Consistent with these trends, we are investing capital in the Las Vegas market to further bolster our leading market position. In particular, the LINQ expansion will dramatically improve our food and beverage and retail offerings as well as further solidifying our leading position on the premier corner of the Strip.

In the nine months ended September 30, 2010, there has been some improvement across a number of key measures in Las Vegas, including gaming revenue, revenue per available room, visitor volume, total room nights occupied, ADR, convention attendance and average daily auto traffic. However, the current state of the national economy has affected the bottom line of Nevada casinos. In 2009, gaming revenues decreased as customers cut their discretionary spending, in some cases, dramatically. A company's vulnerability will be determined by the duration and depth of the economic downturn.

### **Atlantic City**

Atlantic City first legalized gaming in 1976 and is now the second largest gaming market in the U.S. Home to 11 casinos and over 30,000 slots, the Atlantic City market benefits from attractive demographics with 42 million adults within a 300 mile radius. 2009 brought 30.4 million visitors, according to the South Jersey Transportation Authority.

Atlantic City gaming revenues rose steadily since the introduction of gaming in New Jersey to a peak of \$5.2 billion in 2006. Growth from 2001 to 2006 in the Atlantic City market can be attributed primarily to the expansion of select properties (Tropicana, Bally's) and the opening of the Borgata Hotel, Casino and Spa. The Borgata, a joint venture between Boyd Gaming Corporation and MGM Resorts International, opened in July 2003, in Atlantic City's Marina District. The Borgata was the first casino to open in Atlantic City since April 1990.

Due to the introduction of competitive gaming options in the northeast region of the U.S. and the recent global economic recession, Atlantic City gaming revenues have fallen to \$3.9 billion as of 2009. Several recent trends have negatively impacted Atlantic City properties. In 2004, Pennsylvania passed legislation to legalize slot machines at seven horse racing tracks, five independent slot parlors and two resort slot parlors. At least four of these facilities are expected to be in the greater Philadelphia area. Currently, ten facilities have opened in Pennsylvania with the balance expected to open after 2009. Movements are underway to legalize slot machines at the New Jersey Meadowlands. Additionally, Atlantic City enacted a partial smoking ban on April 15, 2007. Revenues have been impacted in the periods following the enactment, in some cases, dramatically. Competition from Pennsylvania and New York, and the national economy, severely affected the Atlantic City market in 2008

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and continued through 2010. We expect the recent declines in Atlantic City to stabilize as gaming expansion in the Mid-Atlantic region slows, and the Atlantic City Partnership, with the support of the New Jersey state government, is focusing on four key areas to encourage future growth in the city: safety, marketing, regulatory reform and the Community Redevelopment Investment Act.

### **Regional Markets**

Regional markets have become increasingly popular with both casino operators and customers. Casinos are choosing to invest more capital in these regions as capital expenditure requirements are low relative to other major markets and several major markets have already been largely penetrated. Customers are visiting these locations more often due to both their close proximity and as an alternative form of entertainment. Additionally, an increasing number of states have been taking a more liberal approach to legalizing casinos as gaming has become a mainstream form of leisure entertainment with the potential to generate significant tax revenues. States with regional commercial gaming properties include Colorado, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Louisiana, Maryland, Michigan, Mississippi, Missouri, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, West Virginia, Delaware, Florida and New York.

In the nine months ended September 30, 2010, regional markets have stabilized or are improving as job losses and housing declines moderated, minimal new competition has emerged and customer spend and visits stabilized.

Many regional casinos directly compete with Tribal gaming properties. Tribal gaming began with the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act of 1988, which permitted states to authorize tribes to operate casinos on Indian reservations. Recently many tribes have built Las Vegas style casinos, with high-class accommodations and different forms of entertainment, such as concerts, as a way to entice younger people to their casinos.

### **International Markets**

International gaming growth is expected to continue. Macau is located on the Southeast coast of China to the western bank of the Pearl River Delta. Macau gaming revenue has grown from \$2.8 billion in 2000 to \$14.9 billion in 2009. The rapid pace of new casino growth in Macau should benefit casino operators who hold concessions, as well as gaming equipment suppliers. Other major international gaming markets include Australia, New Zealand, Malaysia, Singapore, Great Britain and South Africa.

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**BUSINESS**

**Overview**

We are one of the world's largest casino entertainment providers. Our business is primarily conducted through a wholly owned subsidiary, Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc., or CEOC, although certain material properties are not owned by CEOC. As of December 31, 2010, we owned, operated or managed, through various subsidiaries, 52 casinos in 12 U.S. states and seven countries. The vast majority of these casinos operate in the United States and England, primarily under the Caesars, Harrah's and Horseshoe brand names in the United States. Our casino entertainment facilities include 33 land-based casinos, 12 riverboat or dockside casinos, three managed casinos on Indian lands in the United States, one operated casino in Canada, one combination greyhound racetrack and casino, one combination thoroughbred racetrack and casino and one harness racetrack and casino. Our 33 land-based casinos include one in Uruguay, nine in England, one in Scotland, two in Egypt and one in South Africa. As of December 31, 2010, our facilities had an aggregate of approximately three million square feet of gaming space and approximately 42,000 hotel rooms. Our industry-leading customer loyalty program, Total Rewards, has over 40 million members. We use the Total Rewards system to market promotions and to generate customer play when they travel among our markets in the United States and Canada. In addition, we own an online gaming business, providing for real money casino, bingo and poker games in the United Kingdom and play for fun offerings in other jurisdictions. We intend to offer real money online casino and poker gaming in legally compliant jurisdictions going forward. We also own and operate the World Series of Poker tournament and brand.

On January 28, 2008, Caesars was acquired by affiliates of the Sponsors in an all-cash transaction valued at approximately \$30.7 billion. Holders of Caesars stock received \$90.00 in cash for each outstanding share of common stock. Currently, the issued and outstanding shares of common stock of Caesars are owned by entities affiliated with Apollo, TPG, the Paulson Investors, certain co-investors and members of management.

**Description of Business**

We have established a rich history of industry leading growth and expansion since we commenced casino operations in 1937. We own or manage casino entertainment facilities in more areas throughout the United States than any other participant in the casino industry. In addition to casinos, our facilities typically include hotel and convention space, restaurants and non-gaming entertainment facilities.

In southern Nevada, Harrah's Las Vegas, Rio All-Suite Hotel & Casino, Caesars Palace, Bally's Las Vegas, Flamingo Las Vegas, Paris Las Vegas, Planet Hollywood Resort and Casino, Imperial Palace Hotel & Casino, Bill's Gamblin' Hall & Saloon and Hot Spot Oasis are located in Las Vegas, and draw customers from throughout the United States. Harrah's Laughlin is located near both the Arizona and California borders and draws customers primarily from the southern California and Phoenix metropolitan areas and, to a lesser extent, from throughout the U.S. via charter aircraft.

In northern Nevada, Harrah's Lake Tahoe and Harveys Resort & Casino are located near Lake Tahoe and Harrah's Reno is located in downtown Reno. These facilities draw customers primarily from northern California, the Pacific Northwest and Canada.

Our Atlantic City casinos, Harrah's Resort Atlantic City, Showboat Atlantic City, Caesars Atlantic City and Bally's Atlantic City, draw customers primarily from the Philadelphia metropolitan area, New York and New Jersey.

Harrah's Chester is a combination harness racetrack and casino located approximately six miles south of Philadelphia International Airport which draws customers primarily from the Philadelphia metropolitan area and Delaware. We have a 95 percent ownership interest in this property.

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Our Chicagoland dockside casinos, Harrah's Joliet in Joliet, Illinois, and Horseshoe Hammond in Hammond, Indiana, draw customers primarily from the greater Chicago metropolitan area. In southern Indiana, we own Horseshoe Southern Indiana, a dockside casino complex located in Elizabeth, Indiana, which draws customers primarily from northern Kentucky, including the Louisville metropolitan area, and southern Indiana, including Indianapolis.

In Louisiana, we own Harrah's New Orleans, a land-based casino located in downtown New Orleans, which attracts customers primarily from the New Orleans metropolitan area. In northwest Louisiana, Horseshoe Bossier City, a dockside casino, and Harrah's Louisiana Downs, a thoroughbred racetrack with slot machines, both located in Bossier City, cater to customers in northwestern Louisiana and east Texas, including the Dallas/Fort Worth metropolitan area.

On the Mississippi gulf coast, we own the Grand Casino Biloxi, located in Biloxi, Mississippi, which caters to customers in southern Mississippi, southern Alabama and northern Florida.

Harrah's North Kansas City and Harrah's St. Louis, both dockside casinos, draw customers from the Kansas City and St. Louis metropolitan areas, respectively. Harrah's Metropolis is a dockside casino located in Metropolis, Illinois, on the Ohio River, drawing customers from southern Illinois, western Kentucky and central Tennessee.

Horseshoe Tunica, Harrah's Tunica and Tunica Roadhouse Hotel & Casino, dockside casino complexes located in Tunica, Mississippi, are approximately 30 miles from Memphis, Tennessee and draw customers primarily from the Memphis area and, to a lesser extent, from throughout the U.S. via charter aircraft.

Horseshoe Casino and Bluffs Run Greyhound Park, a land-based casino and pari-mutuel facility, and Harrah's Council Bluffs Casino & Hotel, a dockside casino facility, are located in Council Bluffs, Iowa, across the Missouri River from Omaha, Nebraska. At Horseshoe Casino and Bluffs Run Greyhound Park, we own the assets other than gaming equipment, and lease these assets to the Iowa West Racing Association, or IWRA, a nonprofit corporation, and we manage the facility for the IWRA under a management agreement expiring in October 2024. Iowa law requires that a qualified nonprofit corporation hold Bluffs Run's gaming and pari-mutuel licenses and own its gaming equipment. The license to operate Harrah's Council Bluffs Casino & Hotel is held jointly with IWRA, the qualified sponsoring organization. The Sponsorship and Operations Agreement between IWRA and us terminates on December 31, 2015, subject to our option to extend the term of the agreement for five succeeding three year terms, provided we are not in default.

In December 2010, we formed a joint venture, Rock Ohio Caesars LLC, with Rock Gaming, LLC, to pursue casino developments in Cincinnati and Cleveland. The properties, Horseshoe Cleveland Casino and Horseshoe Cincinnati Casino, are under development and expected to open (in the first quarter of 2012 and late 2012, respectively) assuming completion of the regulatory and licensing process.

Caesars Windsor, located in Windsor, Ontario, draws customers primarily from the Detroit metropolitan area and the Conrad Resort & Casino located in Punta Del Este, Uruguay, draws customers primarily from Argentina and Uruguay.

We own or manage four casinos in London: the Sportsman, the Golden Nugget, the Playboy Club London, formerly known as The Rendezvous, and The Casino at the Empire. Our casinos in London draw customers primarily from the London metropolitan area as well as international visitors. We also own Alea Nottingham, Alea Glasgow, Alea Leeds, Manchester235, Rendezvous Brighton and Rendezvous Southend-on-Sea in the provinces of the United Kingdom, which primarily draw customers from their local areas. Pursuant to a concession agreement, we also operate two casinos in Cairo, Egypt, The London Club Cairo (which is located at the Ramses Hilton) and Caesars Cairo (which is located at the Four Seasons Cairo), which draw customers primarily from other countries in the Middle East. Emerald Safari, located in the province of Gauteng in South Africa, draws customers primarily from South Africa.

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We also earn fees through our management of three casinos for Indian tribes:

- i Harrah's Phoenix Ak-Chin, located near Phoenix, Arizona, which we manage for the Ak-Chin Indian Community under a management agreement that expires in December 2014. Harrah's Phoenix Ak-Chin draws customers from the Phoenix metropolitan area;
- i Harrah's Cherokee Casino and Hotel, which we manage for the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians on their reservation in Cherokee, North Carolina under a management contract that expires in November 2011. Harrah's Cherokee draws customers from eastern Tennessee, western North Carolina, northern Georgia and South Carolina; and
- i Harrah's Rincon Casino and Resort, located near San Diego, California, which we manage for the Rincon San Luiseno Band of Mission Indians under a management agreement that expires in November 2013. Harrah's Rincon draws customers from the San Diego metropolitan area and Orange County, California.

We own and operate Bluegrass Downs, a harness racetrack located in Paducah, Kentucky, and own a one-half interest in Turfway Park LLC, which is the owner of the Turfway Park thoroughbred racetrack in Boone County, Kentucky. Turfway Park LLC owns a minority interest in Kentucky Downs LLC, which is the owner of the Kentucky Downs racetrack located in Simpson County, Kentucky.

We also own and operate the Thistledown Racetrack, a thoroughbred racing facility, located near Cleveland, Ohio.

We also operate the World Series of Poker tournaments, and we license trademarks for a variety of products and businesses related to this brand. We also have real money online gaming operations in the United Kingdom, as well as license agreements in place for online real money gaming alliances in France and Italy expected to launch in 2011. In addition, we offer online play-for-fun poker applications to residents in most countries in the world, including the United States.

We also own Macau Orient Golf located on a 175-acre site on the Cotai strip in Macau.

Additional information about our casino entertainment properties is set forth below in Properties.

We were incorporated on November 2, 1989 in Delaware, and prior to such date operated under predecessor companies. Our principal executive offices are located at One Caesars Palace Drive, Las Vegas, Nevada 89109, telephone (702) 407-6000. Until January 28, 2008, our common stock was traded on the NYSE under the symbol HET.

**Sales and Marketing**

We believe that our distribution system of casino entertainment facilities provides us the ability to generate play by our customers when they travel among markets, which we refer to as cross-market play. In addition, we have several critical multi-property markets like Las Vegas, Atlantic City and Tunica, and we have seen increased revenue from customers visiting multiple properties in the same market. We believe our industry-leading customer loyalty program, Total Rewards, in conjunction with this distribution system, allows us to capture a growing share of our customers' gaming budget and compete more effectively.

Our Total Rewards program is structured in tiers, providing customers an incentive to consolidate their play at our casinos. Total Rewards customers are able to earn Tier Credits and Reward Credits and redeem those credits at substantially all of our casino entertainment facilities located in the U.S. and Canada for on-property entertainment expenses. Total Rewards members can also earn Tier Credits and Reward Credits for non-gaming



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purchases at our facilities. Depending on their level of play with us in a calendar year, customers may be designated as either Gold, Platinum, Diamond, or Seven Stars customers. Customers who do not participate in Total Rewards are encouraged to join, and those with a Total Rewards card are encouraged to consolidate their play through targeted promotional offers and rewards.

We have developed a database containing information for our customers and aspects of their casino gaming play. We use this information for marketing promotions, including through direct mail campaigns and the use of electronic mail and our website.

## **Patents and Trademarks**

The development of intellectual property is part of our overall business strategy, and we regard our intellectual property to be an important element of our success. While our business as a whole is not substantially dependent on any one patent or combination of several of our patents or other intellectual property, we seek to establish and maintain our proprietary rights in our business operations and technology through the use of patents, copyrights, trademarks and trade secret laws. We file applications for and obtain patents, copyrights and trademarks in the United States and in foreign countries where we believe filing for such protection is appropriate. We also seek to maintain our trade secrets and confidential information by nondisclosure policies and through the use of appropriate confidentiality agreements. We have obtained thirty-two patents in the United States and ten patents in other countries. Our U.S. patents have patent terms that variously expire between 2011 and 2025.

We have not applied for patents or the registration of all of our technology or trademarks, as the case may be, and may not be successful in obtaining the patents and trademarks that we have applied for. Despite our efforts to protect our proprietary rights, parties may infringe our patents and use information that we regard as proprietary and our rights may be invalidated or unenforceable. The laws of some foreign countries do not protect proprietary rights to as great an extent as do the laws of the United States. In addition, others may be able independently to develop substantially equivalent intellectual property.

We hold the following trademarks used in this document: Bally's, Bill's, Bluffs Run, Caesars, Caesars Palace, Flamingo, Grand Casino, Harrah's, Harveys, Horseshoe, Louisiana Downs, Paris, Reward Credits, Rio, Showboat, Seven Stars, Thistledown, Total Rewards, Tunica Roadhouse, World Series of Poker and WSOP. Trademark rights are perpetual provided that the mark remains in use by us or a licensee. In addition, we hold trademark licenses for Planet Hollywood used in connection with the Planet Hollywood Resort & Casino in Las Vegas, NV, which will expire on February 19, 2045, and for Imperial Palace used in connection with the Imperial Palace Las Vegas hotel and casino, which will expire on December 23, 2012. We consider all of these marks, and the associated name recognition, to be valuable to our business.

## **Competition**

We own, operate or manage land-based, dockside, riverboat and Indian casino facilities in most U.S. casino entertainment jurisdictions. We also own, operate or manage properties in Canada, the provinces of the United Kingdom, South Africa, Egypt and Uruguay. We compete with numerous casinos and casino hotels of varying quality and size in the market areas where our properties are located. We also compete with other non-gaming resorts and vacation areas, and with various other entertainment businesses. The casino entertainment business is characterized by competitors that vary considerably by their size, quality of facilities, number of operations, brand identities, marketing and growth strategies, financial strength and capabilities, level of amenities, management talent and geographic diversity.

In most markets, we compete directly with other casino facilities operating in the immediate and surrounding market areas. In some markets, we face competition from nearby markets in addition to direct competition within our market areas.

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In recent years, with fewer new markets opening for development, competition in existing markets has intensified. Many casino operators, including us, have invested in expanding existing facilities, developing new facilities, and acquiring established facilities in existing markets, such as our acquisition of Caesars Entertainment, Inc. in 2005 and our renovated and expanded facility in Hammond, Indiana. This expansion of

existing casino entertainment properties, the increase in the number of properties and the aggressive marketing strategies of many of our competitors has increased competition in many markets in which we compete, and this intense competition can be expected to continue.

The expansion of casino entertainment into new markets, such as the expansion of tribal casino opportunities in New York and California and the approval of gaming facilities and introduction of table games in Pennsylvania present competitive issues for us which have had a negative impact on our financial results.

The casino entertainment industry is also subject to political and regulatory uncertainty. See Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Consolidated Operating Results and Regional Operating Results.

## **2010 Events**

*Planet Hollywood.* On February 19, 2010, we completed the acquisition of the Planet Hollywood Resort and Casino located in Las Vegas, Nevada. Planet Hollywood is adjacent to Paris Las Vegas and gives us seven contiguous resorts on the east side of the Las Vegas Strip.

*LINQ Project.* In June 2010, we announced plans to build a retail and entertainment development between our Flamingo and Imperial Palace casinos, on the east side of the Las Vegas Strip, which we refer to as the LINQ project. The estimated \$500 million project anticipates the construction of bars, restaurants, shops and entertainment along a 1,200-foot pedestrian walkway. Over 20 bars and restaurants opening to the street will be anchored by a giant observation wheel that will reach heights of over 550 feet. We intend to rely on foot traffic in this area to capture an increased share of existing visitors' entertainment budget.

*Ohio.* On May 25, 2010, we entered into a new agreement to purchase the assets of Thistledown Racetrack, a thoroughbred racing facility located in Cleveland, Ohio. The purchase was completed on July 28, 2010.

In December 2010, we formed a joint venture, Rock Ohio Caesars LLC, with Rock Gaming, LLC, to pursue casino developments in Cincinnati and Cleveland. Pursuant to the agreements forming the joint venture, we have committed to invest up to \$200 million for an approximately 30% interest in the joint venture. As part of our investment, we also plan to contribute Thistledown to the joint venture. The casino developments will be managed by subsidiaries of Caesars. Completion of the casino developments is subject to a number of conditions, including, without limitation, the joint venture's ability to obtain financing for development of the projects, the adoption of final rules and regulations by the Ohio casino control commission (once appointed), and receipt of necessary licensing to operate casinos in the State of Ohio.

*Company Name Change.* In November 2010, we changed our name to Caesars Entertainment Corporation. The Harrah's name will continue to be one of the Company's primary brands, along with Caesars, Horseshoe, Total Rewards and World Series of Poker.

## **Employee Relations**

We have approximately 69,000 employees through our various subsidiaries. Approximately 26,000 employees are covered by collective bargaining agreements with certain of our subsidiaries, relating to certain casino, hotel and restaurant employees at certain of our properties. Most of our employees covered by collective bargaining agreements are located at our properties in Las Vegas and Atlantic City. Our collective bargaining agreements with employees located at our Atlantic City properties expire at various times throughout 2011 and 2015 and our collective bargaining agreements with our employees located at our Las Vegas properties expire at various times between 2011 and 2014.

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The following table sets forth information about our casino entertainment facilities as of December 31, 2010:

**Summary of Property Information**

| <b>Property</b>                           | <b>Type of Casino</b>                                  | <b>Casino<br/>Space<br/>Sq. Ft.<sup>(a)</sup></b> | <b>Slot<br/>Machines<sup>(a)</sup></b> | <b>Table<br/>Games<sup>(a)</sup></b> | <b>Hotel<br/>Rooms<br/>&amp;<br/>Suites<sup>(a)</sup></b> |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>Atlantic City, New Jersey</i>          |                                                        |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
| Harrah's Atlantic City                    | Land-based                                             | 177,000                                           | 2,870                                  | 170                                  | 2,590                                                     |
| Showboat Atlantic City                    | Land-based                                             | 120,100                                           | 2,650                                  | 110                                  | 1,330                                                     |
| Bally's Atlantic City                     | Land-based                                             | 167,200                                           | 3,430                                  | 210                                  | 1,760                                                     |
| Caesars Atlantic City                     | Land-based                                             | 140,800                                           | 2,520                                  | 180                                  | 1,140                                                     |
| <i>Las Vegas, Nevada</i>                  |                                                        |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
| Harrah's Las Vegas                        | Land-based                                             | 90,600                                            | 1,410                                  | 100                                  | 2,530                                                     |
| Rio                                       | Land-based                                             | 117,300                                           | 1,110                                  | 90                                   | 2,520                                                     |
| Caesars Palace                            | Land-based                                             | 131,100                                           | 1,400                                  | 170                                  | 3,290                                                     |
| Paris Las Vegas                           | Land-based                                             | 95,300                                            | 1,120                                  | 90                                   | 2,920                                                     |
| Bally's Las Vegas                         | Land-based                                             | 66,200                                            | 1,030                                  | 60                                   | 2,810                                                     |
| Flamingo Las Vegas <sup>(b)</sup>         | Land-based                                             | 76,800                                            | 1,270                                  | 130                                  | 3,460                                                     |
| Imperial Palace                           | Land-based                                             | 118,000                                           | 790                                    | 60                                   | 2,640                                                     |
| Bill's Gamblin' Hall & Saloon             | Land-based                                             | 42,500                                            | 360                                    | 50                                   | 200                                                       |
| Hot Spot Oasis                            | Land-based                                             | 1,000                                             | 20                                     |                                      |                                                           |
| Planet Hollywood Resort and Casino        | Land-based                                             | 108,900                                           | 1,190                                  | 90                                   | 2,500                                                     |
| <i>Laughlin, Nevada</i>                   |                                                        |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
| Harrah's Laughlin                         | Land-based                                             | 56,000                                            | 890                                    | 30                                   | 1,510                                                     |
| <i>Reno, Nevada</i>                       |                                                        |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
| Harrah's Reno                             | Land-based                                             | 41,600                                            | 810                                    | 50                                   | 930                                                       |
| <i>Lake Tahoe, Nevada</i>                 |                                                        |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
| Harrah's Lake Tahoe                       | Land-based                                             | 57,500                                            | 820                                    | 70                                   | 510                                                       |
| Harveys Lake Tahoe                        | Land-based                                             | 71,500                                            | 780                                    | 80                                   | 740                                                       |
| <i>Chicago, Illinois area</i>             |                                                        |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
| Harrah's Joliet (Illinois) <sup>(9)</sup> | Dockside                                               | 38,900                                            | 1,190                                  | 20                                   | 200                                                       |
| Horseshoe Hammond (Indiana)               | Dockside                                               | 108,200                                           | 3,110                                  | 150                                  |                                                           |
| <i>Metropolis, Illinois</i>               |                                                        |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
| Harrah's Metropolis                       | Dockside                                               | 31,000                                            | 1,150                                  | 30                                   | 260                                                       |
| <i>Southern Indiana</i>                   |                                                        |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
| Horseshoe Southern Indiana                | Dockside                                               | 86,600                                            | 1,840                                  | 100                                  | 500                                                       |
| <i>Council Bluffs, Iowa</i>               |                                                        |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
| Harrah's Council Bluffs                   | Dockside                                               | 28,000                                            | 920                                    | 30                                   | 250                                                       |
| Horseshoe Council Bluffs <sup>(d)</sup>   | Greyhound racing<br>facility and land-<br>based casino | 78,800                                            | 1,800                                  | 70                                   |                                                           |
| <i>Tunica, Mississippi</i>                |                                                        |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
| Horseshoe Tunica                          | Dockside                                               | 63,000                                            | 1,570                                  | 80                                   | 510                                                       |

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|                                 |          |         |       |    |       |
|---------------------------------|----------|---------|-------|----|-------|
| Harrah's Tunica                 | Dockside | 136,000 | 1,370 | 70 | 1,360 |
| Tunica Roadhouse Hotel & Casino | Dockside | 31,000  | 800   | 20 | 130   |

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| <b>Property</b>                                        | <b>Type of Casino</b> | <b>Casino<br/>Space<br/>Sq. Ft.<sup>(a)</sup></b> | <b>Slot<br/>Machines<sup>(a)</sup></b> | <b>Table<br/>Games<sup>(a)</sup></b> | <b>Hotel<br/>Rooms<br/>&amp;<br/>Suites<sup>(a)</sup></b> |
|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>Mississippi Gulf Coast</i>                          |                       |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
| Grand Casino Biloxi                                    | Dockside              | 28,800                                            | 830                                    | 30                                   | 490                                                       |
| <i>St. Louis, Missouri</i>                             |                       |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
| Harrah's St. Louis                                     | Dockside              | 109,000                                           | 2,660                                  | 80                                   | 500                                                       |
| <i>North Kansas City, Missouri</i>                     |                       |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
| Harrah's North Kansas City                             | Dockside              | 60,100                                            | 1,720                                  | 60                                   | 390                                                       |
| <i>New Orleans, Louisiana</i>                          |                       |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
| Harrah's New Orleans                                   | Land-based            | 125,100                                           | 2,020                                  | 120                                  | 450                                                       |
| <i>Bossier City, Louisiana</i>                         |                       |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
| Louisiana Downs <sup>(e)</sup>                         | Thoroughbred          |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
|                                                        | racetrack             |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
|                                                        | and land-             |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
|                                                        | based casino          | 14,900                                            | 1,050                                  |                                      |                                                           |
| Horseshoe Bossier City                                 | Dockside              | 29,900                                            | 1,360                                  | 70                                   | 610                                                       |
| <i>Chester, Pennsylvania</i>                           |                       |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
| Harrah's Chester <sup>(f)</sup>                        | Harness               |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
|                                                        | racetrack             |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
|                                                        | and land-             |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
|                                                        | based casino          | 110,500                                           | 2,960                                  | 120                                  |                                                           |
| <i>Phoenix, Arizona</i>                                |                       |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
| Harrah's Ak-Chin <sup>(g)</sup>                        | Indian                |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
|                                                        | Reservation           | 50,300                                            | 1,090                                  | 30                                   | 150                                                       |
| <i>Cherokee, North Carolina</i>                        |                       |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
| Harrah's Cherokee <sup>(h)</sup>                       | Indian                |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
|                                                        | Reservation           | 140,900                                           | 3,640                                  | 50                                   | 1,110                                                     |
| <i>San Diego, California</i>                           |                       |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
| Harrah's Rincon <sup>(i)</sup>                         | Indian                |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
|                                                        | Reservation           | 72,900                                            | 1,990                                  | 70                                   | 660                                                       |
| <i>Punta del Este, Uruguay</i>                         |                       |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
| Conrad Punta del Este Resort and Casino <sup>(j)</sup> | Land-based            | 44,500                                            | 470                                    | 60                                   | 300                                                       |
| <i>Ontario, Canada</i>                                 |                       |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
| Caesars Windsor <sup>(k)</sup>                         | Land-based            | 100,000                                           | 2,330                                  | 80                                   | 760                                                       |
| <i>United Kingdom</i>                                  |                       |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
| Golden Nugget                                          | Land-based            | 5,100                                             | 40                                     | 20                                   |                                                           |
| Playboy Club London                                    | Land-based            | 6,200                                             | 20                                     | 20                                   |                                                           |
| The Sportsman                                          | Land-based            | 5,200                                             | 50                                     | 20                                   |                                                           |
| Rendezvous Brighton                                    | Land-based            | 7,800                                             | 70                                     | 30                                   |                                                           |
| Rendezvous Southend-on-Sea                             | Land-based            | 8,700                                             | 50                                     | 30                                   |                                                           |
| Manchester235                                          | Land-based            | 11,500                                            | 60                                     | 30                                   |                                                           |
| The Casino at the Empire                               | Land-based            | 20,900                                            | 100                                    | 30                                   |                                                           |
| Alea Nottingham                                        | Land-based            | 10,000                                            | 50                                     | 20                                   |                                                           |
| Alea Glasgow                                           | Land-based            | 15,000                                            | 50                                     | 30                                   |                                                           |

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Alea Leeds

Land-based

10,300

50

30

78

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| <b>Property</b>               | <b>Type of Casino</b> | <b>Casino<br/>Space<br/>Sq. Ft.<sup>(a)</sup></b> | <b>Slot<br/>Machines<sup>(a)</sup></b> | <b>Table<br/>Games<sup>(a)</sup></b> | <b>Hotel<br/>Rooms<br/>&amp;<br/>Suites<sup>(a)</sup></b> |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>Egypt</i>                  |                       |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
| The London Clubs Cairo-Ramses | Land-based            | 2,700                                             | 40                                     | 20                                   |                                                           |
| Caesars Cairo                 | Land-based            | 5,500                                             | 30                                     | 20                                   |                                                           |
| <i>South Africa</i>           |                       |                                                   |                                        |                                      |                                                           |
| Emerald Safari <sup>(i)</sup> | Land-based            | 37,700                                            | 660                                    | 30                                   | 190                                                       |

- (a) Approximate.
- (b) Information includes O'Sheas Casino, which is adjacent to this property.
- (c) We have an 80 percent ownership interest in and manage this property.
- (d) The property is owned by the Company, leased to the operator, and managed by the Company for the operator for a fee pursuant to an agreement that expires in October 2024. This information includes the Bluffs Run greyhound racetrack that operates at the property.
- (e) We own a 49 percent share of a joint venture that owns a 150-room hotel located near the property.
- (f) We have approximately 95 percent ownership interest in this property.
- (g) Managed.
- (h) We have a 50 percent interest in Windsor Casino Limited, which operates this property. The Province of Ontario owns the complex.
- (i) We have a 70 percent interest in and manage this property. During 2010 we sold twenty five percent of the shares in this property as required to a Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment shareholder.

**Legal Proceedings.**

We are party to ordinary and routine litigation incidental to our business. We do not expect the outcome of any pending litigation to have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

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**GAMING REGULATORY OVERVIEW**

**General**

The ownership and operation of casino entertainment facilities are subject to pervasive regulation under the laws, rules and regulations of each of the jurisdictions in which we operate. Gaming laws are based upon declarations of public policy designed to ensure that gaming is conducted honestly, competitively and free of criminal and corruptive elements. Since the continued growth and success of gaming is dependent upon public confidence, gaming laws protect gaming consumers and the viability and integrity of the gaming industry, including prevention of cheating and fraudulent practices. Gaming laws may also be designed to protect and maximize state and local revenues derived through taxation and licensing fees imposed on gaming industry participants and enhance economic development and tourism. To accomplish these public policy goals, gaming laws establish procedures to ensure that participants in the gaming industry meet certain standards of character and fitness, or suitability. In addition, gaming laws require gaming industry participants to:

Establish and maintain responsible accounting practices and procedures;

Maintain effective controls over their financial practices, including establishment of minimum procedures for internal fiscal affairs and the safeguarding of assets and revenues;

Maintain systems for reliable record keeping;

File periodic reports with gaming regulators; and

Maintain strict compliance with various laws, regulations and required minimum internal controls pertaining to gaming.

Typically, regulatory environments in the jurisdictions in which we operate are established by statute and are administered by a regulatory agency or agencies with interpretive authority with respect to gaming laws and regulations and broad discretion to regulate the affairs of owners, managers, and persons/entities with financial interests in gaming operations. Among other things, gaming authorities in the various jurisdictions in which we operate:

Adopt rules and regulations under the implementing statutes;

Make appropriate investigations to determine if there has been any violation of laws or regulations;

Enforce gaming laws and impose disciplinary sanctions for violations, including fines and penalties;

Review the character and fitness of participants in gaming operations and make determinations regarding their suitability or qualification for licensure;

Grant licenses for participation in gaming operations;



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Collect and review reports and information submitted by participants in gaming operations;

Review and approve transactions, such as acquisitions or change-of-control transactions of gaming industry participants, securities offerings and debt transactions engaged in by such participants; and

Establish and collect fees and/or taxes.

### **Licensing and Suitability Determinations**

Gaming laws require us, each of our subsidiaries engaged in gaming operations, certain of our directors, officers and employees, and in some cases, our stockholders and holders of our debt securities, to obtain licenses or findings of suitability from gaming authorities. Licenses or findings of suitability typically require a determination that the applicant qualifies or is suitable. Gaming authorities have very broad discretion in determining whether an applicant qualifies for licensing or should be deemed suitable. Subject to certain administrative proceeding requirements, the gaming regulators have the authority to deny any application or

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limit, condition, restrict, revoke or suspend any license, registration, finding of suitability or approval, or fine any person licensed, registered or found suitable or approved, for any cause deemed reasonable by the gaming authorities. Criteria used in determining whether to grant a license or finding of suitability, while varying between jurisdictions, generally include consideration of factors such as:

The financial stability, integrity and responsibility of the applicant, including whether the operation is adequately capitalized in the jurisdiction and exhibits the ability to maintain adequate insurance levels;

The quality of the applicant's casino facilities;

The amount of revenue to be derived by the applicable jurisdiction through operation of the applicant's gaming facility;

The applicant's practices with respect to minority hiring and training; and

The effect on competition and general impact on the community.

In evaluating individual applicants, gaming authorities consider the individual's reputation for good character and criminal and financial history and the character of those with whom the individual associates.

Many jurisdictions limit the number of licenses granted to operate gaming facilities within the jurisdiction, and some jurisdictions limit the number of licenses granted to any one gaming operator. For example, in Indiana, state law allows us to only hold two gaming licenses. Licenses under gaming laws are generally not transferable unless the transfer is approved by the requisite regulatory agency. Licenses in many of the jurisdictions in which we conduct gaming operations are granted for limited durations and require renewal from time to time. In Iowa, our ability to continue our casino operations is subject to a referendum every eight years or at any time upon petition of the voters in the county in which we operate; the most recent referendum occurred in 2010. Our New Orleans casino operates under a contract with the Louisiana gaming authorities which extends until 2014, with a ten-year renewal period. There can be no assurance that any of our licenses or any of the above mentioned contracts will be renewed, or with respect to our gaming operations in Iowa, that continued gaming activity will be approved in any referendum.

Most jurisdictions have statutory or regulatory provisions that govern the required action that must be taken in the event that a license is revoked or not renewed. For example, under Indiana law, a trustee approved by gaming authorities will assume complete operational control of our riverboat in the event our license is revoked or not renewed, and will be authorized to take any action necessary to sell the property if we are unable to find a suitable buyer within 180 days.

In addition to us and our direct and indirect subsidiaries engaged in gaming operations, gaming authorities may investigate any individual or entity having a material relationship to, or material involvement with, any of these entities to determine whether such individual is suitable or should be licensed as a business associate of a gaming licensee. Certain jurisdictions require that any change in our directors or officers, including the directors or officers of our subsidiaries, must be approved by the requisite regulatory agency. Our officers, directors and certain key employees must also file applications with the gaming authorities and may be required to be licensed, qualified or be found suitable in many jurisdictions. Gaming authorities may deny an application for licensing for any cause which they deem reasonable. Qualification and suitability determinations require submission of detailed personal and financial information followed by a thorough investigation. The burden of demonstrating suitability is on the applicant, who must pay all the costs of the investigation. Changes in licensed positions must be reported to gaming authorities and in addition to their authority to deny an application for licensure, qualification or a finding of suitability, gaming authorities have jurisdiction to disapprove of a change in a corporate position.

If gaming authorities were to find that an officer, director or key employee fails to qualify or is unsuitable for licensing or unsuitable to continue having a relationship with us, we would have to sever all relationships with such person. In addition, gaming authorities may require us to terminate the employment of any person who refuses to file appropriate applications.



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Moreover, in many jurisdictions, any of our stockholders or holders of our debt securities may be required to file an application, be investigated, and qualify or have his, her or its suitability determined. For example, under Nevada gaming laws, each person who acquires, directly or indirectly, beneficial ownership of any voting security, or beneficial or record ownership of any non-voting security or any debt security in a public corporation which is registered with the Nevada Gaming Commission, or the Gaming Commission, such as Caesars, may be required to be found suitable if the Gaming Commission has reason to believe that his or her acquisition of that ownership, or his or her continued ownership in general, would be inconsistent with the declared public policy of Nevada, in the sole discretion of the Gaming Commission. Any person required by the Gaming Commission to be found suitable shall apply for a finding of suitability within 30 days after the Gaming Commission's request that he or she should do so and, together with his or her application for suitability, deposit with the Nevada Gaming Control Board, or the Gaming Board, a sum of money which, in the sole discretion of the Gaming Board, will be adequate to pay the anticipated costs and charges incurred in the investigation and processing of that application for suitability, and deposit such additional sums as are required by the Gaming Board to pay final costs and charges.

Furthermore, any person required by a gaming authority to be found suitable, who is found unsuitable by the gaming authority, shall not be able to hold directly or indirectly the beneficial ownership of any voting security or the beneficial or record ownership of any nonvoting security or any debt security of any public corporation which is registered with the gaming authority, such as Caesars, beyond the time prescribed by the gaming authority. A violation of the foregoing may constitute a criminal offense. A finding of unsuitability by a particular gaming authority impacts that person's ability to associate or affiliate with gaming licensees in that particular jurisdiction and could impact the person's ability to associate or affiliate with gaming licensees in other jurisdictions.

Many jurisdictions also require any person who acquires beneficial ownership of more than a certain percentage of our voting securities and, in some jurisdictions, our non-voting securities, typically 5%, to report the acquisition to gaming authorities, and gaming authorities may require such holders to apply for qualification or a finding of suitability. Most gaming authorities, however, allow an institutional investor to apply for a waiver that allows the institutional investor to acquire, in most cases, up to 15% of our voting securities without applying for qualification or a finding of suitability. An institutional investor is generally defined as an investor acquiring and holding voting securities in the ordinary course of business as an institutional investor, and not for the purpose of causing, directly or indirectly, the election of a majority of the members of our board of directors, any change in our corporate charter, bylaws, management, policies or operations, or those of any of our gaming affiliates, or the taking of any other action which gaming authorities find to be inconsistent with holding our voting securities for investment purposes only. An application for a waiver as an institutional investor requires the submission of detailed information about the company and its regulatory filings, the name of each person that beneficially owns more than 5% of the institutional investor's voting securities or other equivalent and a certification made under oath or penalty for perjury, that the voting securities were acquired and are held for investment purposes only. Even if a waiver is granted, an institutional investor generally may not take any action inconsistent with its status when the waiver was granted without once again becoming subject to the foregoing reporting and application obligations. A change in the investment intent of an institutional investor must be reported to certain regulatory authorities immediately after its decision.

Notwithstanding, each person who acquires directly or indirectly, beneficial ownership of any voting security, or beneficial or record ownership of any nonvoting security or any debt security in our company may be required to be found suitable if a gaming authority has reason to believe that such person's acquisition of that ownership would otherwise be inconsistent with the declared policy of the jurisdiction.

Generally, any person who fails or refuses to apply for a finding of suitability or a license within the prescribed period after being advised it is required by gaming authorities may be denied a license or found unsuitable, as applicable. The same restrictions may also apply to a record owner if the record owner, after request, fails to identify the beneficial owner. Any person found unsuitable or denied a license and who holds,

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directly or indirectly, any beneficial ownership of our securities beyond such period of time as may be prescribed by the applicable gaming authorities may be guilty of a criminal offense. Furthermore, we may be subject to disciplinary action if, after we receive notice that a person is unsuitable to be a stockholder or to have any other relationship with us or any of our subsidiaries, we:

pay that person any dividend or interest upon our voting securities;

allow that person to exercise, directly or indirectly, any voting right conferred through securities held by that person;

pay remuneration in any form to that person for services rendered or otherwise; or

fail to pursue all lawful efforts to require such unsuitable person to relinquish his voting securities including, if necessary, the immediate purchase of said voting securities for cash at fair market value.

Although many jurisdictions generally do not require the individual holders of debt securities such as notes to be investigated and found suitable, gaming authorities may nevertheless retain the discretion to do so for any reason, including but not limited to, a default, or where the holder of the debt instruments exercises a material influence over the gaming operations of the entity in question. Any holder of debt securities required to apply for a finding of suitability or otherwise qualify must generally pay all investigative fees and costs of the gaming authority in connection with such an investigation. If the gaming authority determines that a person is unsuitable to own a debt security, we may be subject to disciplinary action, including the loss of our approvals, if without the prior approval of the gaming authority, we:

pay to the unsuitable person any dividend, interest or any distribution whatsoever;

recognize any voting right by the unsuitable person in connection with those securities;

pay the unsuitable person remuneration in any form; or

make any payment to the unsuitable person by way of principal, redemption, conversion exchange, liquidation or similar transaction. Certain jurisdictions impose similar restrictions in connection with debt securities and retain the right to require holders of debt securities to apply for a license or otherwise be found suitable by the gaming authority.

Under New Jersey gaming laws, if a holder of our debt or equity securities is required to qualify, the holder may be required to file an application for qualification or divest itself of the securities. If the holder files an application for qualification, it must place the securities in trust with an approved trustee. If the gaming regulatory authorities approve interim authorization, and while the application for plenary qualification is pending, such holder may, through the approved trustee, continue to exercise all rights incident to the ownership of the securities. If the gaming regulatory authorities deny interim authorization, the trust shall become operative and the trustee shall have the authority to exercise all the rights incident to ownership, including the authority to dispose of the securities and the security holder shall have no right to participate in casino earnings and may only receive a return on its investment in an amount not to exceed the actual cost of the investment (as defined by New Jersey gaming laws). If the security holder obtains interim authorization but the gaming authorities later find reasonable cause to believe that the security holder may be found unqualified, the trust shall become operative and the trustee shall have the authority to exercise all rights incident to ownership pending a determination on such holder's qualifications. However, during the period the securities remain in trust, the security holder may petition the New Jersey gaming authorities to direct the trustee to dispose of the trust property and distribute proceeds of the trust to the security holder in an amount not to exceed the lower of the actual cost of the investment or the value of the securities on the date the trust became operative. If the security holder is ultimately found unqualified, the trustee is required to sell the securities and to distribute the proceeds of the sale to the applicant in an amount not exceeding the lower of the actual cost of the investment or the value of the securities on the date the trust became operative and to distribute the remaining proceeds to the state. If the security holder is found qualified, the trust agreement will be

terminated.

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The Certificates of Incorporation of Caesars and CEOC contain provisions establishing the right to redeem the securities of disqualified holders if necessary to avoid any regulatory sanctions, to prevent the loss or to secure the reinstatement of any license or franchise, or if such holder is determined by any gaming regulatory agency to be unsuitable, has an application for a license or permit denied or rejected, or has a previously issued license or permit rescinded, suspended, revoked or not renewed. The Certificates of Incorporation also contain provisions defining the redemption price and the rights of a disqualified security holder. In the event a security holder is disqualified, the New Jersey gaming authorities are empowered to propose any necessary action to protect the public interest, including the suspension or revocation of the licenses for the casinos we own in New Jersey.

Many jurisdictions also require that manufacturers and distributors of gaming equipment and suppliers of certain goods and services to gaming industry participants be licensed and require us to purchase and lease gaming equipment, supplies and services only from licensed suppliers.

## **Violations of Gaming Laws**

If we or our subsidiaries violate applicable gaming laws, our gaming licenses could be limited, conditioned, suspended or revoked by gaming authorities, and we and any other persons involved could be subject to substantial fines. Further, a supervisor or conservator can be appointed by gaming authorities to operate our gaming properties, or in some jurisdictions, take title to our gaming assets in the jurisdiction, and under certain circumstances, earnings generated during such appointment could be forfeited to the applicable jurisdictions. Furthermore, violations of laws in one jurisdiction could result in disciplinary action in other jurisdictions. As a result, violations by us of applicable gaming laws could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, prospects and results of operations.

## **Reporting and Recordkeeping Requirements**

We are required periodically to submit detailed financial and operating reports and furnish any other information about us and our subsidiaries which gaming authorities may require. Under federal law, we are required to record and submit detailed reports of currency transactions involving greater than \$10,000 at our casinos and Suspicious Activity Reports, or SARCs, if the facts presented so warrant. Some jurisdictions require us to maintain a log that records aggregate cash transactions in the amount of \$3,000 or more. We are required to maintain a current stock ledger which may be examined by gaming authorities at any time. We may also be required to disclose to gaming authorities upon request the identities of the holders of our debt or other securities. If any securities are held in trust by an agent or by a nominee, the record holder may be required to disclose the identity of the beneficial owner to gaming authorities. Failure to make such disclosure may be grounds for finding the record holder unsuitable. In Indiana, we are required to submit a quarterly report to gaming authorities disclosing the identity of all persons holding interests of 1% or greater in a riverboat licensee or holding company. Gaming authorities may also require certificates for our stock to bear a legend indicating that the securities are subject to specified gaming laws. In certain jurisdictions, gaming authorities have the power to impose additional restrictions on the holders of our securities at any time.

## **Review and Approval of Transactions**

Substantially all material loans, leases, sales of securities and similar financing transactions by us and our subsidiaries must be reported to, or approved by, gaming authorities. Neither we nor any of our subsidiaries may make a public offering of securities without the prior approval of certain gaming authorities if the securities or the proceeds therefrom are intended to be used to construct, acquire or finance gaming facilities in such jurisdictions, or to retire or extend obligations incurred for such purposes. Such approval, if given, does not constitute a recommendation or approval of the investment merits of the securities subject to the offering. Changes in control through merger, consolidation, stock or asset acquisitions, management or consulting agreements, or otherwise, require prior approval of gaming authorities in certain jurisdictions. Entities seeking to

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acquire control of us or one of our subsidiaries must satisfy gaming authorities with respect to a variety of stringent standards prior to assuming control. Gaming authorities may also require controlling stockholders, officers, directors and other persons having a material relationship or involvement with the entity proposing to acquire control, to be investigated and licensed as part of the approval process relating to the transaction.

Certain gaming laws and regulations in jurisdictions we operate in establish that certain corporate acquisitions opposed by management, repurchases of voting securities and corporate defense tactics affecting us or our subsidiaries may be injurious to stable and productive corporate gaming, and as a result, prior approval may be required before we may make exceptional repurchases of voting securities (such as repurchases which treat holders differently) above the current market price and before a corporate acquisition opposed by management can be consummated. In certain jurisdictions, the gaming authorities also require prior approval of a plan of recapitalization proposed by the board of directors of a publicly traded corporation which is registered with the gaming authority in response to a tender offer made directly to the registered corporation's stockholders for the purpose of acquiring control of the registered corporation.

Because licenses under gaming laws are generally not transferable, our ability to grant a security interest in any of our gaming assets is limited and may be subject to receipt of prior approval from gaming authorities. A pledge of the stock of a subsidiary holding a gaming license and the foreclosure of such a pledge may be ineffective without the prior approval of gaming authorities. Moreover, our subsidiaries holding gaming licenses may be unable to guarantee a security issued by an affiliated or parent company pursuant to a public offering, or pledge their assets to secure payment of the obligations evidenced by the security issued by an affiliated or parent company, without the prior approval of gaming authorities. We are subject to extensive prior approval requirements relating to certain borrowings and security interests with respect to our New Orleans casino. If the holder of a security interest wishes operation of the casino to continue during and after the filing of a suit to enforce the security interest, it may request the appointment of a receiver approved by Louisiana gaming authorities, and under Louisiana gaming laws, the receiver is considered to have all our rights and obligations under our contract with Louisiana gaming authorities.

Some jurisdictions also require us to file a report with the gaming authority within a prescribed period of time following certain financial transactions and the offering of debt securities. Were they to deem it appropriate, certain gaming authorities reserve the right to order such transactions rescinded.

Certain jurisdictions require the implementation of a compliance review and reporting system created for the purpose of monitoring activities related to our continuing qualification. These plans require periodic reports to senior management of our company and to the regulatory authorities.

Certain jurisdictions require that an independent audit committee oversee the functions of surveillance and internal audit departments at our casinos.

## **License Fees and Gaming Taxes**

We pay substantial license fees and taxes in many jurisdictions, including the counties, cities, and any related agencies, boards, commissions, or authorities, in which our operations are conducted, in connection with our casino gaming operations, computed in various ways depending on the type of gaming or activity involved. Depending upon the particular fee or tax involved, these fees and taxes are payable either daily, monthly, quarterly or annually. License fees and taxes are based upon such factors as:

a percentage of the gross revenues received;

the number of gaming devices and table games operated;

franchise fees for riverboat casinos operating on certain waterways; and

admission fees for customers boarding our riverboat casinos.





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In many jurisdictions, gaming tax rates are graduated with the effect of increasing as gross revenues increase. Furthermore, tax rates are subject to change, sometimes with little notice, and we have recently experienced tax rate increases in a number of jurisdictions in which we operate. A live entertainment tax is also paid in certain jurisdictions by casino operations where entertainment is furnished in connection with the selling or serving of food or refreshments or the selling of merchandise.

### **Operational Requirements**

In many jurisdictions, we are subject to certain requirements and restrictions on how we must conduct our gaming operations. In many jurisdictions, we are required to give preference to local suppliers and include minority owned and women owned businesses in construction projects to the maximum extent practicable.

Some jurisdictions also require us to give preferences to minority owned and women owned businesses in the procurement of goods and services. Some of our operations are subject to restrictions on the number of gaming positions we may have, the minimum or maximum wagers allowed by our customers, and the maximum loss a customer may incur within specified time periods.

Our land based casino in New Orleans operates under a contract with the Louisiana Gaming Control Board and the Louisiana Economic Development and Gaming Act and related regulations. Under this authority, our New Orleans casino is subject to not only many of the foregoing operational requirements, but also to restrictions on our food and beverage operations, including with respect to the size, location and marketing of eating establishments at our casino entertainment facility. Furthermore, with respect to the hotel tower, we are subject to restrictions on the number of rooms within the hotel, the amount of meeting space within the hotel and how we may market and advertise the rates we charge for rooms.

In Mississippi, we are required to include adequate parking facilities (generally 500 spaces or more) in close proximity to our existing casino complexes, as well as infrastructure facilities, such as hotels, that will amount to at least 25% of the casino cost. The infrastructure requirement was increased to 100% of the casino cost for any new casinos in Mississippi.

To comply with requirements of Iowa gaming laws, we have entered into management agreements with Iowa West Racing Association, a non-profit organization. The Iowa Racing and Gaming Commission has issued a joint license to Iowa West Racing Association and Harveys Iowa Management Company, Inc. for the operation of the Harrah's Council Bluffs Casino, which is an excursion gambling boat that is now permanently moored, and issued a license for the Horseshoe Council Bluffs Casino at Bluffs Run Greyhound Park which is a full service, land based casino and a greyhound racetrack. The company operates both facilities pursuant to the management agreements.

The United Kingdom Gambling Act of 2005 which became effective in September 2007, replaced the Gaming Act 1968, and removed most of the restrictions on advertng. Though the 2005 Act controls marketing, advertising gambling is now controlled by the Advertising Standards Authority through a series of codes of practise. Known as the CAP codes, the codes offer guidance on the content of print, television and radio advertisements.

### **Indian Gaming**

The terms and conditions of management contracts and the operation of casinos and all gaming on Indian land in the United States are subject to the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act of 1988, or IGRA, which is administered by the National Indian Gaming Commission, or NIGC, the gaming regulatory agencies of tribal governments, and Class III gaming compacts between the tribes for which we manage casinos and the states in which those casinos are located. IGRA established three separate classes of tribal gaming Class I, Class II and Class III. Class I includes all traditional or social games solely for prizes of minimal value played by a tribe in connection with celebrations or ceremonies. Class II gaming includes games such as bingo, pulltabs,

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punchboards, instant bingo and non-banked card games (those that are not played against the house) such as poker. Class III gaming includes casino-style gaming such as banked table games like blackjack, craps and roulette, and gaming machines such as slots and video poker, as well as lotteries and pari-mutuel wagering. Harrah's Ak-Chin Phoenix and Rincon provide Class II gaming and, as limited by the tribal-state compact, Class III gaming. The Eastern Band Cherokee Casino currently provides only Class III gaming.

IGRA prohibits all forms of Class III gaming unless the tribe has entered into a written agreement or compact with the state that specifically authorizes the types of Class III gaming the tribe may offer. These compacts may address, among other things, the manner and extent to which each state will conduct background investigations and certify the suitability of the manager, its officers, directors, and key employees to conduct gaming on tribal lands. We have received our permanent certification from the Arizona Department of Gaming as management contractor for the Ak-Chin Indian Community's casino, a Tribal-State Compact Gaming Resource Supplier Finding of Suitability from the California Gambling Control Commission in connection with management of the Rincon San Luiseno Band of Mission Indians casino, and have been licensed by the relevant tribal gaming authorities to manage the Ak-Chin Indian Community's casino, the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians' casino and the Rincon San Luiseno Band of Mission Indians' casino, respectively.

IGRA requires NIGC approval of management contracts for Class II and Class III gaming as well as the review of all agreements collateral to the management contracts. Management contracts which are not so approved are void. The NIGC will not approve a management contract if a director or a 10% stockholder of the management company:

is an elected member of the Native American tribal government which owns the facility purchasing or leasing the games;

has been or is convicted of a felony gaming offense;

has knowingly and willfully provided materially false information to the NIGC or the tribe;

has refused to respond to questions from the NIGC; or

is a person whose prior history, reputation and associations pose a threat to the public interest or to effective gaming regulation and control, or create or enhance the chance of unsuitable activities in gaming or the business and financial arrangements incidental thereto.

In addition, the NIGC will not approve a management contract if the management company or any of its agents have attempted to unduly influence any decision or process of tribal government relating to gaming, or if the management company has materially breached the terms of the management contract or the tribe's gaming ordinance, or a trustee, exercising due diligence, would not approve such management contract. A management contract can be approved only after the NIGC determines that the contract provides, among other things, for:

adequate accounting procedures and verifiable financial reports, which must be furnished to the tribe;

tribal access to the daily operations of the gaming enterprise, including the right to verify daily gross revenues and income;

minimum guaranteed payments to the tribe, which must have priority over the retirement of development and construction costs;

a ceiling on the repayment of such development and construction costs; and

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a contract term not exceeding five years and a management fee not exceeding 30% of net revenues (as determined by the NIGC); provided that the NIGC may approve up to a seven year term and a management fee not to exceed 40% of net revenues if NIGC is satisfied that the capital investment required, and the income projections for the particular gaming activity require the larger fee and longer term.

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Management contracts can be modified or cancelled pursuant to an enforcement action taken by the NIGC based on a violation of the law or an issue affecting suitability.

Indian tribes are sovereign with their own governmental systems, which have primary regulatory authority over gaming on land within the tribes jurisdiction. Therefore, persons engaged in gaming activities, including us, are subject to the provisions of tribal ordinances and regulations on gaming. These ordinances are subject to review by the NIGC under certain standards established by IGRA. The NIGC may determine that some or all of the ordinances require amendment, and that additional requirements, including additional licensing requirements, may be imposed on us. The possession of valid licenses from the Ak-Chin Indian Community, the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians and the Rincon San Luiseno Band of Mission Indians, are ongoing conditions of our agreements with these tribes.

## **Riverboat Casinos**

In addition to all other regulations applicable to the gaming industry generally, some of our riverboat casinos are also subject to regulations applicable to vessels operating on navigable waterways, including regulations of the U.S. Coast Guard. These requirements set limits on the operation of the vessel, mandate that it must be operated by a minimum complement of licensed personnel, establish periodic inspections, including the physical inspection of the outside hull, and establish other mechanical and operational rules.

## **Racetracks**

We own a full service casino which includes a full array of table games in conjunction with a greyhound racetrack in Council Bluffs, Iowa. The casino operation and the greyhound racing operation are regulated by the same state agency and are subject to the same regulatory structure established for all Iowa gaming facilities. A single operating license covers both parts of the operation in Council Bluffs. We also own slot machines at a thoroughbred racetrack in Bossier City, Louisiana, and we own a combination harness racetrack and casino in southeastern Pennsylvania in which the company, through various subsidiary entities, owns a 95% interest in the entity licensed by the Pennsylvania Gaming Control Board. Generally, our slot operations at the Iowa racetrack is regulated in the same manner as our other gaming operations in Iowa. In addition, regulations governing racetracks are typically administered separately from our other gaming operations (except in Iowa), with separate licenses and license fee structures. For example, racing regulations may limit the number of days on which races may be held. In Kentucky, we own and operate Bluegrass Downs, a harness racetrack located in Paducah, and hold a one-half interest in Turfway Park LLC, which is the owner of the Turfway Park thoroughbred racetrack in Boone County. Turfway Park LLC also owns a minority interest in Kentucky Downs LLC, which is the owner of the Kentucky Downs racetrack. These Kentucky racetracks are licensed and regulated by the Kentucky Horse Racing Commission and are subject to the same regulatory structure established for all Kentucky racing facilities. As of July 27, 2010, we also own and operate Thistledown Racetrack, a thoroughbred racetrack located in Cleveland, Ohio, which is regulated by the Ohio State Racing Commission and subject to the same regulatory structure established for all Ohio racing facilities.

## **Internet**

An affiliate of the Company, Caesars Interactive Entertainment, Inc., engages in lawful online internet gaming activity in the United Kingdom through two outside third party operators. This internet gaming is offered to residents of the United Kingdom by the third party operators pursuant to licenses issued to these operators by the Gibraltar Regulatory Authority. Gibraltar is a United Kingdom white listed jurisdiction which allows operators to legally advertise online gaming services in the United Kingdom. To date, the key gaming regulatory authorities governing online internet gaming are the Gibraltar Regulatory Authority, the Alderney Gambling Control Commission and the Isle of Man Gambling Supervision Commission. Italy and France recently legalized online internet gaming by private companies and, in June 2010, Denmark passed legislation legalizing online internet gaming. Caesars Interactive Entertainment, Inc., recently entered into agreements with third parties for the use of the World Series of Poker brand on online gaming websites in Italy and France.

**Table of Contents****MANAGEMENT****Executive Officers and Directors**

The following table provides information regarding Caesars' executive officers and members of Caesars' board of directors as of February 28, 2011. Because of Caesars' status as a privately-held company, it does not currently hold shareholder meetings nor does it have a policy or procedures with respect to stockholder recommendations for nominees to the Board of Directors (the "Board"). In addition, Caesars does not currently have a policy with respect to the consideration of diversity in identifying director nominees.

| <b>Name</b>             | <b>Age</b> | <b>Position(s)</b>                                                                 |
|-------------------------|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Gary W. Loveman         | 50         | Chairman of the Board, President, Chief Executive Officer and Director             |
| Jonathan S. Halkyard    | 46         | Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer                                  |
| Timothy R. Donovan      | 55         | Chief Regulatory and Compliance Officer, Senior Vice President and General Counsel |
| Thomas M. Jenkin        | 56         | Western Division President                                                         |
| Janis L. Jones          | 62         | Senior Vice President of Communications and Government Relations                   |
| Katrina R. Lane         | 45         | Senior Vice President and Chief Technology Officer                                 |
| Donald P. Marrantino    | 51         | Eastern Division President                                                         |
| David W. Norton         | 42         | Senior Vice President and Chief Marketing Officer                                  |
| John R. Payne           | 42         | Central Division President                                                         |
| Mary H. Thomas          | 44         | Senior Vice President, Human Resources                                             |
| Jeffrey Benjamin        | 49         | Director                                                                           |
| David Bonderman         | 68         | Director                                                                           |
| Jonathan Coslet         | 46         | Director                                                                           |
| Kelvin Davis            | 47         | Director                                                                           |
| Karl Peterson           | 40         | Director                                                                           |
| Eric Press              | 45         | Director                                                                           |
| Marc Rowan              | 48         | Director                                                                           |
| David B. Sambur         | 30         | Director                                                                           |
| Lynn C. Swann           | 59         | Director                                                                           |
| Jinlong Wang            | 54         | Director                                                                           |
| Christopher J. Williams | 53         | Director                                                                           |

**Gary W. Loveman** has been a Director since 2000; Chairman of the Board since January 1, 2005; Chief Executive Officer since January 2003; President since April 2001. He has over 12 years of experience in retail marketing and service management, and he previously served as an associate professor at the Harvard University Graduate School of Business. He holds a bachelors degree from Wesleyan University and a Ph.D. in Economics from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. Mr. Loveman also serves as a director of Coach, Inc., a designer and marketer of high-quality handbags and women's and men's accessories, and FedEx Corporation, a world-wide provider of transportation, e-commerce and business services, each of which are traded on the New York Stock Exchange.

**Jonathan S. Halkyard** became our Chief Financial Officer in August 2006 and a Senior Vice President in July 2005. He served as Treasurer from November 2003 through July 2010. He served as a Vice President from November 2002 to July 2005, Assistant General Manager-Harrah's Las Vegas from May 2002 to November 2002 and Vice President and Assistant General Manager-Harrah's Lake Tahoe from September 2001 to May 2002.

**Timothy R. Donovan** became our Senior Vice President and General Counsel in April 2009. He also became our Chief Regulatory and Compliance Officer in January 2011. Prior to joining us, Mr. Donovan served as Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary of Republic Services, Inc. from December

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2008 to March 2009 after a merger with Allied Waste Industries, Inc., where he served in the same capacities from April 2007 to December 2008. Mr. Donovan earlier served as Executive Vice President Strategy & Business Development and General Counsel of Tenneco, Inc. from July 1999 to March 2007.

**Thomas M. Jenkin** became our Western Division President in January 2004. He served as Senior Vice President-Southern Nevada from November 2002 to December 2003 and Senior Vice President and General Manager-Rio from July 2001 to November 2002.

**Janis L. Jones** became our Senior Vice President of Communications and Government Relations in November 1999. Prior to joining Caesars, Ms. Jones served as Mayor of Las Vegas from 1991 to 1999.

**Katrina R. Lane** became our Senior Vice President and Chief Technology Officer in February 2009. She served as our Vice President-Channel Marketing from March 2004 to February 2009.

**Donald P. Marrandino** became our Eastern Division President in October 2009. He served as Las Vegas Regional President from September 2005 to September 2009, Northern Nevada Regional President from June 2005 to September 2005, and Senior Vice President and General Manager of Harrah's Lake Tahoe and Harveys Lake Tahoe from October 2003 to June 2005.

**David W. Norton** became our Senior Vice President and Chief Marketing Officer in January 2008. Prior to that role, Mr. Norton served as our Senior Vice President-Relationship Marketing from January 2003 to January 2008. Prior to becoming a Senior Vice President, Mr. Norton served as Vice President-Loyalty Marketing from October 1998 to January 2003.

**John W. R. Payne** became our Central Division President in January 2007. Before becoming Central Division President, Mr. Payne served as Atlantic City Regional President from January 2006 to December 2006, Gulf Coast Regional President from June 2005 to January 2006, Senior Vice President and General Manager-Harrah's New Orleans from November 2002 to June 2005 and Senior Vice President and General Manager-Harrah's Lake Charles from March 2000 to November 2002.

**Mary H. Thomas** became our Senior Vice President, Human Resources in January 2006. Prior to joining us, Ms. Thomas served as Senior Vice President-Human Resources North America for Allied Domecq Spirits & Wines from October 2000 to December 2005.

**Jeffrey Benjamin** became a member of our board of directors in January 2008 upon consummation of the Acquisition. He has nearly 25 years of experience in the investment industry and has extensive experience serving on the boards of directors of other public and private companies, including Mandalay Resort Group, another gaming company. He has been senior advisor to Cyrus Capital Partners since June 2008 and serves as a consultant to Apollo Global Management, LLC with respect to investments in the gaming industry. He was senior advisor to Apollo Global Management, LLC from 2002 to 2008. He holds a bachelors degree from Tufts University and a masters degree from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology Sloan School of Management. He has previously served on the boards of directors of Goodman Global Holdings, Inc., Dade Behring Holdings, Inc., Chiquita Brands International, Inc., McLeod USA, Mandalay Resort Group and Virgin Media Inc. Mr. Benjamin also currently serves on the boards of directors of Spectrum Group International, Inc., and Exco Resources, Inc.

**David Bonderman** became a member of our board of directors in January 2008 upon consummation of the Acquisition. Mr. Bonderman is a founding partner of TPG. Prior to forming TPG in 1993, Mr. Bonderman was Chief Operating Officer of the Robert M. Bass Group, Inc. (now doing business as Keystone Group, L.P.) in Fort Worth, Texas. He holds a bachelors degree from the University of Washington and a law degree from Harvard University. He has previously served on the boards of directors of Gemplus International SA, Burger King Holdings, Inc., Ducati Motor Holding SPA, Korea First Bank, Mobilcom AG, Washington Mutual, Inc., IASIS

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Healthcare LLC, Burger King Corporation, and Gemalto N.V. Mr. Bonderman also currently serves on the boards of directors of Univision Communications, Inc., Energy Future Holdings Corp., General Motors Company, Armstrong World Industries, Inc., CoStar Group, Inc. and Ryanair Holdings PLC, of which he is Chairman.

**Jonathan Coslet** became a member of our board of directors in January 2008 upon consummation of the Acquisition. Mr. Coslet is a senior partner of TPG and its Chief Investment Officer. Mr. Coslet has over 20 years of experience in financing, analyzing, investing in and/or advising public and private companies and their board of directors. He holds a bachelors degree from the University of Pennsylvania Wharton School and an M.B.A. from Harvard University. He has previously served on the boards of directors of Burger King Corporation, J.Crew Group, Inc., Fidelity National Information Services, Inc., Oxford Health Plans, Inc., PPOM, L.P. (now part of Cofinity, an Aetna Company) and Vivra Incorporated. Mr. Coslet also currently serves on the boards of directors of The Neiman Marcus Group, Inc., PETCO Animal Supplies, Inc., Biomet, Inc., Quintiles Transnational Corporation and IASIS Healthcare Corporation.

**Kelvin Davis** became a member of our board of directors in January 2008 upon consummation of the Acquisition. Mr. Davis is a senior partner of TPG and Head of TPG's North American Buyouts Group, incorporating investments in all non-technology industry sectors. Prior to joining TPG in 2000, Mr. Davis was President and Chief Operating Officer of Colony Capital, Inc, a private international real estate-related investment firm which he co-founded in 1991. He holds a bachelors degree from Stanford University and an M.B.A. from Harvard University. He has previously served on the boards of directors of Aleris International, Inc., Graphic Packaging Holding Company, Kraton Polymers LLC, and Metro-Goldwyn Mayer, Inc. Mr. Davis also currently serves on the boards of directors of Kraton Performance Polymers, Inc., Univision Communications, Inc. and ST Residential, LLC. He is a member of Caesars' Executive and Human Resources Committees.

**Karl Peterson** became a member of our board of directors in January 2008 upon consummation of the Acquisition. Mr. Peterson is a partner of TPG where he leads the firm's investment activities in Travel & Leisure and Media & Entertainment. He rejoined TPG Capital in 2004 after serving as President and Chief Executive Officer of Hotwire, Inc. Mr. Peterson led Hotwire, Inc. from inception through its sale to IAC/InterActiveCorp. Before his work at Hotwire, Inc., Mr. Peterson was a principal of TPG in San Francisco and as an investment banker for Goldman Sachs & Co. He holds a bachelors degree from the University of Notre Dame and has previously served on the board of directors of Univision Communications, Inc. Mr. Peterson also currently serves on the boards of directors of Norwegian Cruise Lines and Sabre Holdings Corporation. He is a member of Caesars' Audit and Finance Committees.

**Eric Press** became a member of our board of directors in January 2008 upon consummation of the Acquisition. Mr. Press has been a Partner at Apollo Global Management, LLC since 2007 and has been a Partner with other Apollo entities since 1998. Mr. Press has significant experience in making and managing investments for Apollo. He has nearly 20 years of experience in financing, analyzing, investing in and/or advising public and private companies and their board of directors. He holds a bachelors degree in economics from Harvard University and a law degree from Yale University. He has previously served on the board of directors of Quality Distribution, Inc. AEP Industries, WMC Finance Corp. and Innkeepers USA Trust. Mr. Press also serves on the boards of directors of Prestige Cruise Holdings, Inc., Noranda Aluminum, Affinion Group Holdings, Inc., Metals USA Holdings Corp., Apollo Commercial Real Estate Finance, Inc., Athene, and Verso Paper Corp. He is a member of Caesars' Audit Committee.

**Marc Rowan** became a member of our board of directors in January 2008 upon consummation of the Acquisition. Mr. Rowan is a founding partner of Apollo Global Management, LLC. He has more than 25 years of experience in financing, analyzing, investing in and/or advising public and private companies and their board of directors. He holds a bachelors degree from the University of Pennsylvania and an M.B.A. from The Wharton School. He has previously served on the boards of directors of AMC Entertainment, Inc., Culligan Water



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Technologies, Inc., Furniture Brands International, Mobile Satellite Ventures, National Cinemedia, Inc., National Financial Partners, Inc., New World Communications, Inc., Quality Distribution, Inc., Samsonite Corporation, SkyTerra Communications Inc., Unity Media SCA, The Vail Corporation, and Wyndham International, Inc. Mr. Rowan also serves on the boards of directors of the general partner of AAA Guernsey Limited, Athene Re, Countrywide plc and Norwegian Cruise Lines. He is a member of Caesars Executive, Finance and Human Resources Committees.

**David B. Sambur** became a member of our board of directors in November 2010. Mr. Sambur joined Apollo in 2004. Mr. Sambur has experience in financing, analyzing, investing in and/ or advising public and private companies and their board of directors. Prior to joining Apollo, Mr. Sambur was a member of the Leveraged Finance Group of Salomon Smith Barney Inc. Mr. Sambur serves on the board of directors of Verso Paper and Momentive Performance Materials Holdings. Mr. Sambur graduated summa cum laude and Phi Beta Kappa from Emory University with a BA in Economics.

**Lynn C. Swann** became a member of our board of directors in April 2008. Mr. Swann has served as president of Swann, Inc., a consulting firm specializing in marketing and communications since 1976 and as managing director of Diamond Edge Capital Partners, LLC, a New York based finance company, since December 2007. Mr. Swann was also a broadcaster for the American Broadcasting Company from 1976 to 2005. He holds a bachelors degree from the University of Southern California. Mr. Swann also serves on the boards of directors of Hershey Entertainment and Resorts Company, H. J. Heinz Company and Transdel Pharmaceuticals. He is a member of Caesars 162(m) Plan Committee and Human Resources Committee.

**Jinlong Wang** became a member of our board of directors in November 2010. Mr. Wang has served as Senior Vice President Business Development and Chairman of Starbucks Coffee International Company Limited since June 2009. Mr. Wang has also served as Chairman and Acting President of Starbucks Greater China since March 2010. From October 2005 to June 2009, Mr. Wang served as Senior Vice President of Starbucks Corporation and President of Starbucks Greater China, during which time he was responsible for overseeing Starbucks activities in the greater China market. In January 2003, Mr. Wang became Vice Chairman and President of Shanghai Buddies CVS Co. Ltd., or Buddies, a joint venture in the convenience chain store industry. Prior to his time at Buddies, Mr. Wang held various positions for different divisions of Starbucks, including Vice President International Business Development, and Vice President and Director of Starbucks Law and Corporate Affairs department. Before joining Starbucks, Mr. Wang was an attorney at Preston Gates & Ellis LLP and Milbank, Tweed, Hadley & McCloy LLP. Mr. Wang is a director of various Starbucks entities and High Growth Investment Group (Hong Kong) Limited. He is a member of Caesars Audit Committee.

**Christopher J. Williams** became a member of our board of directors in April 2008. Mr. Williams has been Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of Williams Capital Group, L.P., an investment bank, since 1994, and Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of Williams Capital Management, LLC, an investment management firm, since 2002. He holds a bachelors degree from Harvard University and an M.B.A. from the Dartmouth College Tuck School of Business. Mr. Williams was a director of Caesars from November 2003 to January 2008, and was a member of the Audit Committee. Mr. Williams also serves of the boards of directors for The Partnership for New York City, the National Association of Securities Professionals, and Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. He is Chairman of Caesars Audit Committee and is a member of the 162(m) Plan Committee.

## **Committees of Our Board of Directors**

### ***Board Committees***

Our Board has five standing committees: an audit committee, a human resources committee, a finance committee, an executive committee and a 162(m) plan committee.

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### ***Audit Committee***

Prior to January 28, 2008, the Audit Committee was composed of Barbara T. Alexander, Stephen F. Bollenbach, Gary G. Michael and Christopher J. Williams. Each of these individuals had been determined by our board to be independent and were designated as audit committee financial experts. After the closing of the Acquisition, the Audit Committee was reconstituted with two members: Karl Peterson and Eric Press. Christopher J. Williams was appointed to the Audit Committee in April 2008. In December 2010, Mr. Jinlong Wang was appointed to the Audit Committee. In light of our status as a privately-held company and the absence of a public trading market for our common stock, our board has not designated any member of the Audit Committee as an audit committee financial expert. Though not formally considered by our board given that our common stock is not registered or traded on any national securities exchange, based upon the listing standards of the NYSE, the national securities exchange upon which our common stock was listed prior to the Acquisition, we do not believe that either of Messrs. Peterson or Press would be considered independent because of their relationships with certain affiliates of the Sponsors and other entities which hold a significant percentage of our outstanding common stock, and other relationships with us.

### ***Human Resources Committee***

See Executive Compensation Compensation Discussion and Analysis Corporate Governance Our Human Resources Committee.

### ***162(m) Plan Committee***

Our 162(m) Plan Committee consists of Lynn C. Swann and Christopher J. Williams. The 162(m) Plan Committee reviews and approves compensation that is intended to qualify as performance based compensation under Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code. For more information about our 162(m) Plan Committee, please see Executive Compensation Compensation Discussion and Analysis Corporate Governance Our Human Resources Committee.

### ***Finance Committee***

Our Finance Committee consists of Karl Peterson and Marc Rowan. The Finance Committee has been delegated oversight of our financial matters, primarily relating to indebtedness and financing transactions.

### ***Executive Committee***

Our Executive Committee consists of Gary Loveman, as chairperson, Kelvin Davis and Marc Rowan. The Executive Committee has all the powers of our Board in the management of our business and affairs, including without limitation, the establishment of additional committees or subcommittees of our Board and the delegation of authority to such committees and subcommittees, and may act on behalf of our Board to the fullest extent permitted under Delaware law and our organizational documents. The Executive Committee serves at the pleasure of our Board and may act by a majority of its members, provided that at least one member affiliated with TPG and Apollo must approve any action of the Executive Committee. This committee and any requirements or voting mechanics or participants may continue or be changed once Apollo and TPG no longer own a controlling interest in us.

### ***Code of Ethics***

Since 2003, we have had a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, or the Code, that applies to our Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President, Chief Operating Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer and is intended to qualify as a code of ethics as defined by rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission. This Code is designed to deter wrongdoing and to promote:

honest and ethical conduct, including the ethical handling of actual or apparent conflicts of interest between personal and professional relationships;

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full, fair, accurate, timely, and understandable disclosure in reports and documents that we file with, or submit to, the SEC and in other public communications made by us;

compliance with applicable governmental laws, rules and regulations;

prompt internal reporting to an appropriate person or persons identified in the Code of violations of the Code; and

accountability for adherence to the Code.

This Code is available on our website at [www.caesars.com](http://www.caesars.com) under Investor Relations Corporate Governance.

## **Board Leadership Structure and Risk Oversight**

Our Board's leadership structure combines the positions of chief executive officer and chairman of the Board. We believe this leadership structure is appropriate due, in part, to our Sponsors control of our common stock and our Board. The Board has not designated a lead independent director.

The Board exercises its role in the oversight of risk as a whole and through the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee receives regular reports from the Company's risk management and compliance departments.

## **Executive Compensation**

### *Compensation Discussion and Analysis*

### *Corporate Governance*

*Our Human Resources Committee.* The Human Resources Committee (the HRC) serves as the Company's compensation committee with the specific purpose of designing, approving, and evaluating the administration of the Company's compensation plans, policies, and programs. The HRC ensures that compensation programs are designed to encourage high performance, promote accountability and align employee interests with the interests of the Company's stockholders. The HRC is also charged with reviewing and approving the compensation of the Chief Executive Officer and our other senior executives, including all of the named executive officers. The HRC operates under the Caesars Entertainment Corporation Human Resources Committee Charter. The HRC Charter was last updated on April 15, 2008, and it is reviewed no less than once per year with any recommended changes presented to the Board of Directors of the Company (the Board) for approval.

The HRC consists of Kelvin Davis, Marc Rowan and Lynn Swann. Mr. Swann was appointed in December 2010. The qualifications of the Committee members stem from roles as corporate leaders, private investors, and board members of several large corporations. Their knowledge, intelligence, and experience in company operations, financial analytics, business operations, and understanding of human capital management enables the members to carry out the objectives of the HRC.

In fulfilling its responsibilities, the HRC shall be entitled to delegate any or all of its responsibilities to a subcommittee of the HRC or to specified executives of the Company, except that it shall not delegate its responsibilities for any matters where it has determined such compensation is intended to comply with the exemptions under Section 16(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

In February 2009, the Board of Directors formed the 162(m) Plan Committee comprised of two members: Lynn C. Swann and Christopher J. Williams. The purpose of the 162(m) Plan Committee is to administer the Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. 2009 Senior Executive Incentive Plan.

*HRC Consultant Relationships.* The HRC has the authority to engage services of independent legal counsel, consultants and subject matter experts in order to analyze, review, recommend and approve actions with regard to Board compensation, executive officer compensation, or general compensation and plan provisions. The



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Company provides for appropriate funding for any such services commissioned by the Committee. These consultants are used by the HRC for purposes of executive compensation review, analysis, and recommendations. The HRC has engaged and expects to continue to engage external consultants for the purposes of determining Chief Executive Officer and other senior executive compensation. No executive compensation consultants were engaged by the Board in 2010.

### *2010 HRC Activity*

During four meetings in 2010, as delineated in the Human Resources Committee Charter and as outlined below, the HRC performed various tasks in accordance with their assigned duties and responsibilities, including:

**Chief Executive Officer Compensation:** reviewed and approved corporate goals and objectives relating to the compensation of the Chief Executive Officer, evaluated the performance of the Chief Executive Officer in light of these approved corporate goals and objectives and established the equity compensation and annual bonus of the Chief Executive Officer based on such evaluation.

**Other Senior Executive Compensation:** set base compensation, annual bonus (other than those executives that receive bonuses under the 2009 Senior Executive Incentive Plan) and equity compensation for all senior executives, which included an analysis relative to our competition peer group.

**Executive Compensation Plans:** reviewed status of various executive compensation plans, programs and incentives, including the Annual Management Bonus Plan, the Company's various deferred compensation plans and the Company's various equity plans, and implemented a new bonus plan, the Revenue Growth Incentive Plan.

**Employee Benefit Plans:** approved the 2010 Restatement of the Savings and Retirement Plan.

**Committee Charter:** reviewed the Human Resources Committee Charter.

**Role of Human Resources Committee.** The Company does not have a publicly traded common stock and therefore does not conduct shareholder meetings nor does it hold votes on executive compensation for named executive officers. The Company's HRC has sole authority in setting the material compensation of the Company's senior executives, including base pay, incentive pay (other than those executives that receive bonuses under the 2009 Senior Executive Incentive Plan) and equity awards. The HRC receives information and input from senior executives of the Company and outside consultants (as described below) to help establish these material compensation determinations, but the HRC is the final arbiter on these decisions.

**Role of company executives in establishing compensation.** When determining the pay levels for the Chief Executive Officer and our other senior executives, the HRC solicits advice and counsel from internal as well as external resources. Internal Company resources include the Chief Executive Officer, Senior Vice President of Human Resources and Vice President of Compensation, Benefits and Human Resource Systems and Services. The Senior Vice President of Human Resources is responsible for developing and implementing the Company's business plans and strategies for all company-wide human resource functions, as well as day-to-day human resources operations. The Vice President of Compensation, Benefits and Human Resource Systems and Services is responsible for the design, execution, and daily administration of the Company's compensation, benefits, and human resources shared-services operations. Both of these Human Resources executives attend the HRC meetings, at the request of the HRC, and act as a source of informational resources and serve in an advisory capacity. The Corporate Secretary is also in attendance at each of the HRC meetings and oversees the legal aspects of the Company's executive compensation and benefit plans, updates the HRC regarding changes in laws and regulations affecting the Company's compensation policies, and records the minutes of each HRC meeting. The Chief Executive Officer also attends HRC meetings.

In 2010, the HRC communicated directly with the Chief Executive Officer and top Human Resources executives in order to obtain external market data, industry data, internal pay information, individual and



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Company performance results, and updates on regulatory issues. The HRC also delegated specific tasks to the Human Resources executives in order to facilitate the decision making process and to assist in the finalization of meeting agendas, documentation, and compensation data for HRC review and approval.

The Chief Executive Officer annually reviews the performance of our senior executives and, based on these reviews, recommends to the HRC compensation for all senior executives, other than his own compensation. The HRC, however, has the discretion to modify the recommendations and makes the final decisions regarding material compensation to senior executives, including base pay, incentive pay (other than those executives that receive bonuses under the 2009 Senior Executive Incentive Plan), and equity awards.

*Role of outside consultants in establishing compensation.* The Company's internal Human Resources executives regularly engage outside consultants related to the Company's compensation policies. Standing consulting relationships are held with several global consulting firms specializing in executive compensation, human capital management, and board of director pay practices. During 2010, the services engaged for the HRC as set forth below:

1. Towers Watson provided us with advice regarding our equity compensation plan and other long term incentives within the Company's Long Term Incentive (LTI) program. Towers Watson also provided advice in developing an equity compensation plan for our proposed public offering of common stock. Towers Watson also provided external benchmarking data to compare against current compensation policies.
2. Mercer Human Resources Consulting was retained by the Savings & Retirement Plan (401k) and Executive Deferred Compensation Plan Investment Committees to advise these Committees on investment management performance, monitoring, investment policy development, and investment manager searches. Mercer also provides plan design, compliance, and operational consulting for the Company's qualified defined contribution plan and non-qualified deferred compensation plans.

The consultants provided the information described above to the Company's compensation and benefits departments to help formulate information that is then provided to the HRC. The consultants did not interact with each other in 2010, as they each work on discrete areas of compensation. The Company engaged Mercer Human Resources Consulting to perform consulting services for the Company regarding its 401(k) Plan and its Executive Deferred Compensation Plans. The fees for these services for 2010 were approximately \$429,000 for the 401(k) Plan and approximately \$64,000 for the Executive Deferred Compensation Plans.

### ***Objectives of Compensation Programs***

The Company's executive compensation program is designed to achieve the following objectives:

Align our rewards strategy with our business objectives, including enhancing stockholder value and customer satisfaction;

Support a culture of strong performance by rewarding employees for results;

Attract, retain and motivate talented and experienced executives; and

Foster a shared commitment among our senior executives by aligning the Company's and their individual goals.

These objectives are ever present and are at the forefront of our compensation philosophy and all compensation design decisions.

### ***Compensation Philosophy***

The Company's compensation philosophy provides the foundation upon which all compensation programs are built. Our goal is to compensate our executives with a program that rewards loyalty, results-driven individual performance, and dedication to the organization's overall success.

These principles define our compensation



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philosophy and are used to align our compensation programs with our business objectives. Further, the HRC specifically outlines in its charter the following duties and responsibilities in shaping and maintaining the Company's compensation philosophy:

Assess whether the components of executive compensation support the Company's culture and business goals;

Consider the impact of executive compensation programs on stockholders;

Consider issues and approve policies regarding qualifying compensation for executives for tax deductibility purposes;

Approve the appropriate balance of fixed and variable compensation; and

Approve the appropriate role of performance based and retention based compensation.

Executive compensation programs reward our executives for their contributions in achieving the Company's mission of providing outstanding customer service and attaining strong financial results, as discussed in more detail below. The Company's executive compensation policy is designed to attract and retain high caliber executives and motivate them to superior performance for the benefit of the Company's stockholders.

Various Company policies are in place to shape our executive pay plans, including:

Salaries are linked to competitive factors, internal equity, and can be increased as a result of successful job performance;

Our annual bonus programs are competitively based and provide incentive compensation based on our financial performance and customer service scores;

Long-term incentives are tied to enhancing stockholder value and to our financial performance; and

Qualifying compensation paid to senior executives is designed to maximize tax deductibility, where possible.

The executive compensation practices are to compensate executives primarily on performance, with a large portion of potential compensation at risk. In the past, the HRC has set senior executive compensation with two driving principals in mind: (1) delivering financial results to our stockholders and (2) ensuring that our customers receive a great experience when visiting our properties. To that end, historically the HRC has set our senior executive compensation so that at least 50% of our senior executives' total compensation be at risk based on these objectives.

In 2008, as a result of the Acquisition and no public market for our common stock, the HRC changed our long-term compensation philosophy by awarding megagrant equity awards in lieu of our historical practice of annual equity grants. However, the HRC continues to review our equity awards, especially in light of the severe economic downturn experienced the last several years.

### *Compensation Program Design*

The executive compensation program is designed with our executive compensation objectives in mind and is comprised of fixed and variable pay plans, cash and non-cash plans, and short and long-term payment structures in order to recognize and reward executives for their contributions to the Company today and in the future.



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The table below reflects our short-term and long-term executive compensation programs during 2010:

| <b>Short-term</b>                    | <b>Long-term</b>                       |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| <b><i>Fixed and Variable Pay</i></b> | <b><i>Variable Pay</i></b>             |
| Base Salary                          | Equity Awards                          |
| Annual Management Bonus Plan         | Executive Supplemental Savings Plan II |
| 2009 Senior Executive Incentive Plan | Revenue Growth Incentive Plan          |

The Company periodically assesses and evaluates the internal and external competitiveness for all components of the executive compensation program. Internally, we look at critical and key positions that are directly linked to the profitability and viability of the Company. We ensure that the appropriate hierarchy of jobs is in place with appropriate ratios of Chief Executive Officer compensation to other senior executive compensation. We believe the appropriate ratio of Chief Executive Officer compensation compared to other senior executives ranges from 2:1 on the low end to 6:1 on the high end. These ratios are merely a reference point for the HRC in setting the compensation of our Chief Executive Officer, and were set after reviewing the job responsibilities of our Chief Executive Officer versus other senior executives and market practice. Internal equity is based on qualitative job evaluation methods, span of control, required skills and abilities, and long-term career growth opportunities. Externally, benchmarks are used to provide guidance and to ensure that our ability to attract, retain and recruit talented senior executives is intact. Due to the highly competitive nature of the gaming industry as well as the competitiveness across industries for talented senior executives, it is important for our compensation programs to provide us the ability to internally develop executive talent, as well as recruit highly qualified senior executives.

The overall design of the executive compensation program and the elements thereof is a culmination of years of development and compensation plan design adjustments. Each year the plans are reviewed for effectiveness, competitiveness, and legislative compliance. The current plans have been put into place with the approval of the HRC and in support of the principles of the compensation philosophy and objectives of the Company's pay practices and policies.

In 2009, the Company's Human Resources department conducted a review of compensation practices of competitors in the gaming industry and the Human Resources department continued to review and update the analysis in 2010. The review covered a range of senior roles and competitive practices. As a result of this review, the HRC believes that the current compensation program adequately compensates and provides incentive to our executives. The companies comprising our peer group for the 2009 review and 2010 update were:

Ameristar Casinos, Inc.

Boyd Gaming Corporation

Isle of Capri Casinos

Las Vegas Sands Corp.

MGM Resorts International

Penn National Gaming, Inc.

Station Casinos, Inc.

Trump Entertainment Resorts

Wynn Resorts, Limited

*Impact of Performance on Compensation*

The impact of individual performance on compensation is present in base pay merit increases, setting the annual bonus plan payout percentages as compared to base pay, and the amount of equity awards granted. The impact of the Company's financial performance and customer satisfaction is present in the calculation of the

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annual bonus payment and the intrinsic value of equity awards. Supporting a performance culture and providing compensation that is directly linked to outstanding individual and overall financial results is at the core of the Company's compensation philosophy and human capital management strategy.

For senior executives, the most significant compensation plans that are directly affected by the attainment of performance goals are the Annual Management Bonus Plan and Senior Executive Incentive Plan. The bonus plan performance criteria, target percentages, and plan awards under the Annual Management Bonus Plan for the bonus payments for fiscal 2010 (paid in 2011) were set in February 2010; however, the HRC continued its past practice of periodically reviewing performance criteria against plan. In July 2010, the adjusted EBITDA target component for the Annual Management Bonus Plan was reset. The bonus plan performance criteria, target percentages, and plan awards under the Senior Executive Incentive Plan were set in February 2010. The financial measurements used to determine the bonus under the Annual Management Bonus Plan are adjusted EBITDA and corporate expense. The non-financial measurement used to determine plan payments is customer satisfaction. The financial measure for the Senior Executive Incentive Plan is EBITDA, as more fully described below.

Based on performance goals set by the HRC each year, there are minimum requirements that must be met in order for a bonus plan payment to be provided under the Annual Management Bonus Plan. Just as bonus payments are increased as performance goals are exceeded, results falling short of goals reduce or eliminate bonus payments. In order for participants of the Annual Management Bonus Plan to receive a bonus, a minimum attainment of 90% of financial and customer satisfaction scores approved by the HRC must be met.

## **Elements of Compensation**

### *Elements of Active Employment Compensation and Benefits*

The total direct compensation mix for each Named Executive Officer (NEO) varies. For our Chief Executive Officer, the allocation for 2010 was 39% for base salary and 61% for annual bonus. For the other NEOs in 2010, the average allocation was 66% for base salary and 34% for annual bonus. Each compensation element is considered individually and as a component within the total compensation package. In reviewing each element of our senior executives' compensation, the HRC reviews peer data, internal and external benchmarks, the performance of the Company over the past 12 months (as compared to the Company's internal plan as well as compared to other gaming companies) and the executive's individual performance. Prior compensation and wealth accumulation is considered when making decisions regarding current and future compensation; however, it has not been a decision point used to cap a particular compensation element.

### *Base Salary*

Salaries are reviewed each year and increases, if any, are based primarily on an executive's accomplishment of various performance objectives and salaries of executives holding similar positions within the peer group, or within our Company. Adjustments in base salary may be attributed to one of the following:

**Merit:** increases in base salary as a reward for meeting or exceeding objectives during a review period. The size of the increase is directly tied to predefined and weighted objectives (qualitative and quantitative) set forth at the onset of the review period. The greater the achievement in comparison to the goals, generally, the greater the increase. Merit increases can sometimes be distributed as lump-sum bonuses rather than increasing base salary.

**Market:** increases in base salary as a result of a competitive market analysis, or in coordination with a long term plan to pay a position at a more competitive level.

**Promotional:** increases in base salary as a result of increased responsibilities associated with a change in position.

**Additional Responsibilities:** increases in base salary as a result of additional duties, responsibilities, or organizational change. A promotion may be, but is not necessarily, involved.



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Retention: increases in base salary as a result of a senior executive s being recruited by or offered a position by another employer. All of the above reasons for base salary adjustments for senior executives must be approved by the HRC and are not guaranteed as a matter of practice or in policy.

Our Chief Executive Officer did not receive an increase in base salary in 2010 due to the general economic environment. In February 2009, the Company implemented a 5% reduction in base salary for management employees, including the NEOs. Effective January 1, 2010, the 5% base salary reduction was revoked for management employees, with the exception of members of senior management, including the NEOs. In July 2010, the HRC retracted the 5% salary reduction in place for members of our senior management, including the NEOs, with the exception of our Chief Executive Officer.

### *Senior Executive Incentive Plan*

In December 2008, the Harrah s Entertainment, Inc. 2009 Senior Executive Incentive Plan was approved by the HRC and our sole voting stockholder, to be effective January 1, 2009. The awards granted pursuant to the Senior Executive Incentive Plan are intended to qualify as performance-based compensation under Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Eligibility to participate in the Senior Executive Incentive Plan is limited to senior executives of Caesars and its subsidiaries who are or at some future date may be, subject to Section 16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The 162(m) Plan Committee selected the Senior Executive Incentive Plan participants for 2010 in March 2010. The Senior Executive Incentive Plan s performance goals are based upon Caesars EBITDA. The 162(m) Plan Committee set criteria of 0.5% of EBITDA for 2010 in March 2010. Subject to the foregoing and to the maximum award limitations, no awards will be paid for any period unless Caesars achieves positive EBITDA.

The 162(m) Plan Committee has determined that Messrs. Loveman and Halkyard and other executive officers will participate in the Senior Executive Incentive Plan for the year 2011. As noted above, the 162(m) Plan Committee has authority to reduce bonuses earned under the Senior Executive Incentive Plan and also has authority to approve bonuses outside of the Senior Executive Incentive Plan to reward executives for special personal achievement.

The 162(m) Plan Committee has discretion to decrease bonuses under the Senior Executive Incentive Plan and it has been the 162(m) Plan Committee s practice to decrease the bonuses by reference to the achieved performance goals and bonus formulas used under the Annual Management Bonus Plan discussed below. Senior Executive Incentive Plan bonuses were awarded to our NEOs in 2011 for 2010 performance under the Senior Executive Incentive Plan. See Summary Compensation Table.

### *Annual Management Bonus Plan*

The Annual Management Bonus Plan (the Bonus Plan ) provides the opportunity for the Company s senior executives and other participants to earn an annual bonus payment based on meeting corporate financial and non-financial goals. These goals are set at the beginning of each fiscal year by the HRC. Beginning in 2009 and continuing for 2010, the HRC approved a change to the Bonus Plan that allowed the HRC to revise financial goals on a semi-annual basis if external economic conditions indicated that the original goals did not correctly anticipate movements of the broader economy. Under the Bonus Plan, the goals can pertain to operating income, pre-tax earnings, return on sales, earnings per share, a combination of objectives, or another objective approved by the HRC. For Messrs. Jenkin and Payne, who participated in the Bonus Plan for 2010, the objectives also include EBITDA and customer satisfaction for their respective divisions. The goals may change annually to support the Company s short or long-term business objectives. For the 2010 plan year, the Bonus Plan s goal consisted of a combination of EBITDA, corporate expense, and customer satisfaction improvement. Although officers that participated in the Senior Executive Incentive Plan during 2010 do not participate in the Bonus Plan, goals are set for all officers under this plan. The measurement used to gauge the attainment of these goals is called the corporate score.

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For 2010, financial goals are comprised of these separate measures, representing up to 90 percent of the corporate score.

Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization ( EBITDA ): This is a common measure of company performance in the gaming industry and as bases for valuation of gaming companies and, in the case of Adjusted EBITDA, as a measure of compliance with certain debt covenants. Adjusted EBITDA comprised 70% of the corporate score for 2010, and the target was set, after adjustment, at \$1,958 million for 2010.

Corporate Expense: In the current economic environment, it is important for the Company to match decreased revenues with expenses. Corporate expense comprised 20% of the corporate score for 2010, and the target was set at \$444 million for 2010.

Non-financial goals consist of one key measurement: customer satisfaction. We believe we distinguish ourselves from competitors by providing excellent customer service. Supporting our property team members who have daily interaction with our external customers is critical to maintaining and improving guest service. Customer satisfaction is measured by surveys of our loyalty program (Total Rewards) customers taken by a third party. These surveys are taken weekly across a broad spectrum of customers. Customers are asked to rate our casinos performance using a simple A-B-C-D-F rating scale. The survey questions focus on friendly/helpful and wait time in key operating areas, such as beverage service, slot services, Total Rewards, cashier services and hotel operation services. Each of our casino properties work against an annual baseline defined by a composite of their performance in these key operating areas from previous years. Customer satisfaction comprised 10% of the corporate score for 2010, and the target was set at a 3% change from non-A to A scores for 2010.

In February 2010, the HRC determined the thresholds for the corporate score for 2010. Bonus plan payments would not be paid if Adjusted EBITDA was less than 90 percent of target, if corporate expense exceeded 10% or more of target or if there was less than a one percent shift in non-A to A customer satisfaction scores.

After the corporate score has been determined, a bonus matrix approved by the HRC provides for bonus amounts of participating executive officers and other participants that will result in the payment of a specified percentage of the participant s salary if the target objective is achieved. This percentage of salary is adjusted upward or downward based upon the level of corporate score achievement.

In April 2005, the HRC reviewed a report on executive compensation that it commissioned from the Hay Group. Based on that report, the HRC approved an enhancement to the bonus target percentages for the Chief Executive Officer and other senior executives. This enhancement affects the target bonus percentages by applying a multiplier triggered by a corporate score of 1.1 or greater. The multiplier starts at 121% and caps at 250% for a corporate score of 1.1 and 1.5, respectively.

After the end of the fiscal year, the Chief Executive Officer assesses the Company s performance against the financial and customer satisfaction targets set by the HRC. Taking into account the Company s performance against the targets set by the HRC, the Chief Executive Officer will develop and recommend a performance score of 0 to 1.5 to the HRC.

The HRC has the authority under the Annual Management Bonus Plan to adjust any goal or bonus points with respect to executive officers, including no payment under the Bonus Plan. These decisions are subjective and based generally on a review of the circumstances affecting results to determine if any events were unusual or unforeseen.

The 2010 corporate score of 88 was approved by the HRC in January 2011. Divisional Presidents may earn bonuses based on the performance of the properties in their divisions see Summary Compensation Table.



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In February 2011, the HRC approved a change to the Bonus Plan to include a cross market play component for non-corporate employees, including Messrs. Jenkin and Payne.

In February 2011, the HRC approved raising the corporate score ceiling from a maximum of 150 points at 110% of EBITDA plan performance to 200 points at 120% of EBITDA plan performance. This change was made to reward management (including the NEOs) increased bonuses for an extraordinary performance against plan. As a result of the change, management (including the NEOs) could receive a maximum of up to 3 times their target bonus percentage of annual salary if maximum points are achieved under the Bonus Plan.

### *Cross Market Bonus Plan*

In February 2011, the HRC approved a new incentive plan for all management (including the NEOs) designed to promote cooperation between our properties to increase customer visitation across the Company's properties. The Cross Market Bonus Plan is intended as a supplement to the Bonus Plan for 2011, and is applicable only to employees who do not earn a bonus under the Bonus Plan. Each of the Company's properties has a cross market target equivalent to the cross market target component of the Bonus Plan applicable to non-corporate employees, including Messrs. Jenkin and Payne. However, while the cross market component of the Bonus Plan is subject to the achievement of minimum EBITDA plan results, the Cross Market Bonus Plan is independent of financial results at properties. The combined intent of the Bonus Plan and the Cross Market Bonus Plan was to provide management with incentive to promote cross market play across the entire Company, irrespective of property financial performance.

### *Customer Service Jackpot Plan*

In February 2011, the HRC approved a new incentive plan for all management (including the NEOs) designed to incent greatly enhanced performance against the Company's customer service metric. The Customer Service Jackpot functions as a supplement to the Bonus Plan in 2011, and is measured against the same customer service metric as the Bonus Plan. In order to qualify for an award under the Customer Service Jackpot, a property must have a minimum positive shift of non-A to A customer scores of 6.0%, which is double the shift that earns the maximum customer service bonus points in the Bonus Plan, and the Company considers the Customer Service Jackpot to be an award for the achievement of two year's worth of maximum service performance in a single year. Payout of the Customer Service Jackpot is targeted at 5% of an employee's base salary for all management.

### *Corporate Expense Jackpot Plan*

In February 2011, the HRC approved a new incentive plan for all corporate management (including the NEOs) designed to incent the Company's corporate employees to pursue aggressive cost savings. The Corporate Expense Jackpot functions as a supplement to the Bonus Plan, and is measured against the same corporate expense metric as in the Bonus Plan for corporate employees. In order to qualify for an award under the Corporate Expense Jackpot, the final corporate expense figure for 2011 must come in 13% below the target corporate expense figure for 2011. The Company considers cost savings to be an integral objective in 2011, and believes the Corporate Expense Jackpot incents corporate employees to be aggressive in order to reach this greatly enhanced savings target. Payout of the Corporate Expense Jackpot is targeted at 5% of an employee's base salary for all management.

### *Revenue Growth Incentive Plan*

In February 2010, the HRC approved a new medium-term Revenue Growth Incentive Plan (RGIP) for certain members of management (including the NEOs) designed to promote incremental revenue growth over a two year period (beginning on January 1, 2010) and bridge the gap between the Company's current compensation (salary, bonus, benefits) and longer-term compensation offering (equity plan). The RGIP is intended as a special,

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one-time bonus program for the purpose of promoting top-line revenue growth in excess of the Company's currently forecasted revenue growth over the two year bonus period. The HRC believes that after several years of promoting cost cutting it is now an appropriate time to focus on revenue growth. The RGIP will also provide a liquid medium-term incentive program, as it will allow management and NEOs the ability to earn cash in the medium-term, as opposed to our equity plan which is longer term and currently not liquid.

Senior executives and other management employees are eligible to participate in the RGIP; payments will be determined and paid in early 2013. Payout of the RGIP is contingent on achievement of revenue growth at distinct thresholds above current forecasts. To ensure the RGIP is a value added program, payout of the bonus is also subject to the meeting of a minimum EBITDA margin threshold equal to or greater than the final consolidated EBITDA margin for the 2009 calendar year.

For 2010 and 2011, the sole goal of the RGIP is growth in revenue above the rate forecasted by the Company. Incremental Revenue Growth is defined as an increase in the percentage of revenue growth year over year above the growth rate forecasted by the Company. For the RGIP, payout levels of the bonus have been set at three incremental growth thresholds: 0.75%, 1.0% and 1.5% incremental revenue growth. These thresholds were set by looking at past growth rates and also the Company's current five year predictions.

Achievement of 0.75% incremental revenue growth over the bonus period results in a payout of the RGIP at the target payout rate. The 1.0% and 1.5% incremental growth levels are stretch goals for the program and result in payouts at a premium percentage above the target payout. For the Company's senior executives and officers the payout premiums are 125% and 150% of annual salary, respectively.

Subject to the discretion of the HRC, the revenue goals of the RGIP program will be subject to adjustment based on changes in the general economy. The plan review will occur in a manner similar to that included as part of the Annual Management Bonus Plan in which both positive and negative changes in the economy are taken into account. The HRC will have the final determination on the financial goals, and any changes to such goals, under the RGIP.

In July 2010, the HRC determined to modify the time period for the RGIP. The RGIP has been shifted forward six months, and will now run during the two year period from July 1, 2010 thru June 30, 2012. The HRC determined to shift the RGIP forward by six months because (a) the plan was not rolled out to employees until March 2010 and (b) the continuing economic downturn in the gaming industry in the first half of 2010.

Like the Bonus Plan, the Cross Market Bonus Plan, the Customer Service Jackpot Plan, the Corporate Expense Jackpot Plan, and the Revenue Growth Incentive Plan are discretionary, including making no payments under the plans.

### *Equity Awards*

In February 2008, the Board of Directors approved and adopted the Harrah's Entertainment Management Equity Incentive Plan (the Equity Plan). The purpose of the Equity Plan is to promote our long term financial interests and growth by attracting and retaining management and other personnel and key service providers with the training, experience and ability to enable them to make a substantial contribution to the success of our business; to motivate management personnel by means of growth-related incentives to achieve long range goals; and to further the alignment of interests of participants with those of our stockholders. Except for options awarded under a predecessor plan that were rolled over into the Company by Mr. Loveman, all awards under prior plans were exchanged in the Acquisition.

The performance based options vest based on investment return to our stockholders following the Acquisition. One-half of the performance based options become eligible to vest upon the stockholders receiving cash proceeds equal to two times their amount invested in the Acquisition (the 2X options), and one-half of the

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performance based options become eligible to vest upon the stockholders receiving cash proceeds equal to three times their amount invested (the 3X options ). In addition, the performance based options may vest earlier at lower thresholds upon liquidity events prior to December 31, 2011, as well as pro-rata, in certain circumstances.

The combination of time and performance based vesting of the options is designed to compensate executives for long term commitment to the Company, while motivating sustained increases in our financial performance and helping ensure the stockholders have received an appropriate return on their invested capital.

*2010 Amendments to Equity Plan and Supplemental Grants*

During the Summer of 2009, senior management expressed concern over employee morale, motivation and retention due, in part, to the depressed value of the equity grants awarded under the Equity Plan in February 2008. The equity grants in February 2008 were mega-grants in lieu of the traditional annual equity grants. However, due to the severe economic recession that has occurred the last two years, the common stock underlying the option grants from February 2008 is currently valued at below the exercise price of the options. In August 2009, the Company discussed with the HRC various proposals for improving the long-term compensation package for management. The Company engaged Watson Wyatt, now Towers Watson, to provide guidance and external perspective in reviewing the long-term compensation for management.

The HRC was presented additional data at its December 2009 meeting regarding the long-term compensation packages of management. At the February 2010 HRC meeting, the HRC approved the RGIP (as discussed above) and various changes to the Equity Plan.

On February 23, 2010, the HRC adopted an amendment to the Equity Plan. The amendment provides for an increase in the available number shares of non-voting common stock for which options may be granted to 4,566,919 shares.

The amendment also revised the vesting hurdles for performance-based options under the Equity Plan. The performance options vest if the return on investment in the Company by the Sponsors achieve a specified return. Previously, 50% of the performance-based options vested upon a 2x return and 50% vested upon a 3x return. The triggers were revised to 1.5x and 2.5x, respectively. In addition, a pro-rata portion of the 2.5x options will vest if the Sponsors achieve a return on their investment that is greater than 2.0x, but less than 2.5x. The pro rata portion will increase on a straight line basis from zero to a participant's total number of 2.5x options depending upon the level of returns that the Sponsors realize between 2.0x and 2.5x.

In addition, in February 2010, the HRC approved supplemental equity grants for all of the NEOs and certain other management in an effort to enhance the value of grants under the Equity Plan. The supplemental grants contained solely time-vested options, vesting over 5 years; however, there is no vesting until after the 2nd anniversary from the grant date, and thereafter the options vest at 25% per year.

In February 2010, the HRC approved the following supplemental grants to the NEOs:

| Executive         | Number of Shares of<br>Time Based<br>Options | Number of Shares of<br>Performance Based Options |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Gary Loveman      | 457,998                                      |                                                  |
| Peter Murphy      | 57,089                                       |                                                  |
| Thomas Jenkin     | 81,177                                       |                                                  |
| John Payne        | 51,502                                       |                                                  |
| Jonathan Halkyard | 53,341                                       |                                                  |

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### *Conversion of Preferred Stock to Common Stock*

In connection with the assessment of long-term incentives for the management team, the HRC determined, in light of the severe economic turmoil the last two years, that the 15% annual dividend paid on the non-voting preferred stock was a disproportionate share of the equity value of the Company. Therefore, the HRC determined that it would recommend to the Board of Directors and the Company's shareholders that (a) the preferred stock dividend be eliminated, (b) the conversion price for non-voting preferred stock be at the original value of the Company's non-voting common stock (in other words, as if the non-voting preferred stock never was entitled to a dividend) and (c) that the non-voting preferred stock be converted to non-voting common stock.

In February 2010, the Board of Directors approved (upon recommendation of the HRC) revisions to the Certificate of Designation for the non-voting preferred stock to eliminate dividends (including all existing accrued but unpaid dividends) and to specify that the conversion right of the non-voting preferred stock be at the original value of the Company's non-voting common stock. In March 2010, Hamlet Holdings LLC (the holder of all of the Company's voting common stock) and holders of a majority of our non-voting preferred stock approved the revisions to the Certificate of Designation. Also in March 2010, the holders of a majority of our non-voting preferred stock agreed to convert all of the non-voting preferred stock to non-voting common stock.

### *Conversion of Non-voting Common Stock to Voting Common Stock*

In November 2010, certain affiliates of Paulson & Co. Inc. (the Paulson Investors) and certain affiliates of the Sponsors, exchanged \$835.4 million of 5.625% senior notes due 2015, 6.5% senior notes due 2016 and 5.75% senior notes due 2017 of CEOC they had acquired from a subsidiary of Caesars, together with \$282.9 million of Notes they had previously acquired for shares of Caesars voting common stock at an exchange ratio of 10 shares per \$1,000 principal amount of Notes tendered. We refer to the foregoing as the Private Placement. As a result, the Paulson Investors own approximately 9.9% of the Caesars common stock outstanding. Further, in connection with the Private Placement with certain affiliates of the Paulson Investors, the Company converted all non-voting common stock into voting shares of common stock and canceled the existing class of voting common stock.

### *Employment Agreements*

We have entered into employment agreements with each of our NEOs. The HRC and the board of directors put these agreements in place in order to attract and retain the highest quality executives. At least annually, the Company's compensation department reviews our termination and change in control arrangements against peer companies as part of its review of the Company's overall compensation package for executives to ensure that it is competitive. The compensation department's analysis is performed by reviewing each of our executives under several factors, including the individual's role in the organization, the importance of the individual to the organization, the ability to replace the executive if he/she were to leave the organization, and the level of competitiveness in the marketplace to replace an executive while minimizing the affect to the on-going business of the Company. The compensation department presents its assessment to the HRC for feedback. The HRC reviews the information and determines if changes are necessary to the termination and severance packages of our executives.

### *Policy Concerning Tax Deductibility*

The HRC's policy with respect to qualifying compensation paid to its executive officers for tax deductibility purposes is that executive compensation plans will generally be designed and implemented to maximize tax deductibility. However, non-deductible compensation may be paid to executive officers when necessary for competitive reasons or to attract or retain a key executive, or where achieving maximum tax deductibility would be considered disadvantageous to the best interests of the Company. The Company's Senior Executive Incentive Plan is designed to comply with Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code so that annual bonuses paid under these plans, if any, will be eligible for deduction by the Company. See Senior Executive Incentive Plan above.

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### *Stock Ownership Requirements*

As a company that does not have a listed equity security, we do not have a policy regarding stock ownership.

### *Chief Executive Officer's Compensation*

The objectives of our Chief Executive Officer are approved annually by the HRC. These objectives are revisited each year. The objectives for 2010 were:

meeting or improving financial targets by enhancing technology in marketing and guest service, building upon momentum in group sales business, achieving higher levels of marketing functionality and continuing to identify efficiency opportunities;

optimizing capital structure by controlling capital spending, reducing leverage and securing liquidity;

assuring customer satisfaction and loyalty through operational and service excellence and technological innovation;

continuing multi-faceted employee engagement initiatives to increase motivation and retention; and

pursuing new business growth opportunities for the Company.

The HRC's assessment of the Chief Executive Officer's performance is based on a subjective review of performance against these objectives. Specific weights may be assigned to particular objectives at the discretion of the HRC, and those weightings, or more focused objectives are communicated to the Chief Executive Officer at the time the goals are set forth. However, no specific weights were set against the Chief Executive Officer's objectives in 2010.

As Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Loveman's base salary was based on his performance, his responsibilities and the compensation levels for comparable positions in other companies in the hospitality, gaming, entertainment, restaurant and retail industries. Merit increases in his salary are a subjective determination by the HRC, which bases its decision upon his prior year's performance versus his objectives as well as upon an analysis of competitive salaries. Although base salary increases are subjective, the HRC reviews Mr. Loveman's base salary against peer groups, his roles and responsibilities within the Company, his contribution to the Company's success and his individual performance against his stated objective criteria.

The 162(m) Plan Committee used the Senior Executive Incentive Plan to determine the Chief Executive Officer's bonus for 2010. Under this plan, a bonus is based on the Company achieving a specific financial objective. For 2010, the objective was based on the Company's EBITDA, as more fully described above. The 162(m) Plan Committee has discretion to reduce bonuses (as permitted by Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code), and it is the normal practice of the 162(m) Plan Committee to reduce the Chief Executive Officer's bonus by reference to the achievement of performance goals and bonus formulas used under the Annual Management Bonus Plan. For 2010, the 162(m) Plan Committee made the determination to award a bonus to the Chief Executive Officer. See Summary Compensation Table.

Mr. Loveman's salary, bonus and equity awards differ from those of our other named executive officers in order to (a) keep Mr. Loveman's compensation in line with Chief Executive Officers of other gaming, hotel and lodging companies, as well as other consumer oriented companies, (b) compensate him for the role as the leader and public face of the Company and (c) compensate him for attracting and retaining the Company's senior executive team.

### *Personal Benefits and Perquisites*

During 2010, all of our NEOs received a financial counseling reimbursement benefit, and were eligible to participate in the Company's deferred compensation plan, the Executive Supplemental Savings Plan II (ESSP II), and the Company's health and welfare benefit plans, including the Harrah's Savings and Retirement Plan. In



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previous years, the NEOs also received matching amounts from the Company pursuant to the plan documents, which are the same percentages of salary for all employees eligible for these plans. However, in February 2009, Company matching was suspended for the Savings and Retirement Plan and ESSP II and has not been re-instated to date.

Additionally, we provided for Mr. Loveman's personal use of company aircraft at certain times during 2010. Lodging and certain other expenses were incurred by Messrs. Loveman and Murphy for use during their Las Vegas-based residence. We also provided security for Mr. Loveman and his family. The decision to provide Mr. Loveman with the personal security benefit was prompted by the results of an analysis provided by an independent professional consulting firm specializing in executive safety and security. Based on these results, the HRC approved personal security services to Mr. Loveman and his family.

These perquisites are more fully described in the Summary Compensation Table set forth herein.

Our use of perquisites as an element of compensation is limited. We do not view perquisites as a significant element of our comprehensive compensation structure, but do believe that they can be used in conjunction with base salary to attract, motivate and retain individuals in a competitive environment.

Under the Company's group life insurance program, senior executives, including the NEOs, are eligible for an employer provided life insurance benefit equal to three times their base annual salary, with a maximum benefit of \$5.0 million. Mr. Loveman is provided with a life insurance benefit of \$3.5 million under our group life insurance program and additional life insurance policies with a benefit of \$2.5 million. In addition to group long term disability benefits, the Chief Executive Officer and all other NEOs, with the exception of Mr. Murphy, are covered under a Company-paid individual long-term disability insurance policy paying an additional \$5,000 monthly benefit and Mr. Loveman receives a supplemental short-term disability policy with a \$10,000 monthly benefit.

## **Elements of Post-Employment Compensation and Benefits**

### *Employment Arrangements*

*Chief Executive Officer.* Mr. Loveman entered into an employment agreement on January 28, 2008 (as amended to date), which provides that Mr. Loveman will serve as Chief Executive Officer and President until January 28, 2013, and the agreement shall extend for additional one year terms thereafter unless terminated by the Company or Mr. Loveman at least 60 days prior to each anniversary thereafter. Additionally, pursuant to the agreement, Mr. Loveman received a grant of stock options pursuant to the Equity Plan (described above). Mr. Loveman's annual salary is \$2,000,000, subject to annual merit reviews by the Human Resources Committee. In February 2009, Mr. Loveman agreed to reduce his salary to \$1,900,000 as part of a broader management reduction of salaries, and despite the retraction of the reduction of base salary for the other NEOs in July 2010, Mr. Loveman's annual salary remains at \$1,900,000.

Pursuant to his employment agreement, Mr. Loveman is entitled to participate in the annual incentive bonus compensation programs with a minimum target bonus of 1.5 times his annual salary. In addition, the agreement entitles Mr. Loveman to an individual long-term disability policy with a \$180,000 annual maximum benefit and an individual long term disability excess policy with an additional \$540,000 annual maximum benefit, subject to insurability.

Mr. Loveman is also entitled to life insurance with a death benefit of at least three times the greater of his base annual salary and \$2,000,000. In addition, Mr. Loveman is entitled to financial counseling reimbursed by the Company, up to \$50,000 per year. The agreement also requires Mr. Loveman, for security purposes, to use the Company's aircraft, or other private aircraft, for himself and his family for business and personal travel. The agreement also provides that Mr. Loveman will be provided with accommodations while performing his duties in Las Vegas, and the Company will also pay Mr. Loveman a gross-up payment for any taxes incurred for such accommodations. Our Board can terminate the employment agreement with or without cause, and Mr. Loveman can resign, at any time.

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If the Company terminates the agreement without cause, or if Mr. Loveman resigns for good reason:

Mr. Loveman will be paid, in equal installments over a 24-month period, two times the greater of his base annual salary and \$2,000,000 plus his target bonus;

Mr. Loveman will continue to have the right to participate in Company benefit plans (other than bonus and long-term incentive plans) for a period of two years beginning on the date of termination; and

his pro-rated bonus (at target) for the year of termination.

Cause is defined under the agreement as:

- (i) the willful failure of Mr. Loveman to substantially perform his duties with the Company or to follow a lawful reasonable directive from the Board of Directors of the Company (other than any such failure resulting from incapacity due to physical or mental illness), after a written demand for substantial performance is delivered to Mr. Loveman by the Board which specifically identifies the manner in which the Board believes that Mr. Loveman has willfully not substantially performed his duties or has willfully failed to follow a lawful reasonable directive and Mr. Loveman is given a reasonable opportunity (not to exceed thirty (30) days) to cure any such failure, if curable.
- (ii) (a) any willful act of fraud, or embezzlement or theft by Mr. Loveman, in each case, in connection with his duties under the employment agreement or in the course of his employment or (b) Mr. Loveman's admission in any court, or conviction of, or plea of nolo contendere to, a felony that could reasonably be expected to result in damage to the business or reputation of the Company.
- (iii) Mr. Loveman being found unsuitable for or having a gaming license denied or revoked by the gaming regulatory authorities in Arizona, California, Colorado, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, or North Carolina.
- (iv) (x) Mr. Loveman's willful and material violation of, or noncompliance with, any securities laws or stock exchange listing rules, including, without limitation, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, provided that such violation or noncompliance resulted in material economic harm to the Company, or (y) a final judicial order or determination prohibiting Mr. Loveman from service as an officer pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 or the rules of the New York Stock Exchange.

Good Reason is defined under the agreement as: without Mr. Loveman's express written consent, the occurrence of any of the following circumstances unless, in the case of paragraphs (a), (d), (e), (f), or (g) such circumstances are fully corrected prior to the date of termination specified in the written notice given by Mr. Loveman notifying the Company of his resignation for Good Reason:

- (a) The assignment to Mr. Loveman of any duties materially inconsistent with his status as Chief Executive Officer of the Company or a material adverse alteration in the nature or status of his responsibilities, duties or authority;
- (b) The requirement that Mr. Loveman report to anyone other than the Board;
- (c) The failure of Mr. Loveman to be elected/re-elected as a member of the Board;



- (d) A reduction by the Company in Mr. Loveman's annual base salary of Two Million Dollars (\$2,000,000.00), as the same may be increased from time to time pursuant by the HRC;
  
- (e) The relocation of the Company's principal executive offices from Las Vegas, Nevada, to a location more than fifty (50) miles from such offices, or the Company's requiring Mr. Loveman either: (i) to be based anywhere other than the location of the Company's principal offices in Las Vegas (except for required travel on the Company's business to an extent substantially consistent with Mr. Loveman's present business travel obligations); or (ii) to relocate his primary residence from Boston to Las Vegas;

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- (f) The failure by the Company to pay to Mr. Loveman any material portion of his current compensation, except pursuant to a compensation deferral elected by Mr. Loveman, or to pay to Mr. Loveman any material portion of an installment of deferred compensation under any deferred compensation program of the Company within thirty (30) days of the date such compensation is due;
- (g) The failure by the Company to continue in effect compensation plans (and Mr. Loveman's participation in such compensation plans) which provide benefits on an aggregate basis that are not materially less favorable, both in terms of the amount of benefits provided and the level of Mr. Loveman's participation relative to other participants at Mr. Loveman's grade level, to those in which Mr. Loveman is participating as of January 28, 2008;
- (h) The failure by the Company to continue to provide Mr. Loveman with benefits substantially similar to those enjoyed by him under the Savings and Retirement Plan and the life insurance, medical, health and accident, and disability plans in which Mr. Loveman is participating as of January 28, 2008, the taking of any action by the Company which would directly or indirectly materially reduce any of such benefits or deprive Mr. Loveman of any material fringe benefit enjoyed by Mr. Loveman as of January 28, 2008, except as permitted by the employment agreement;
- (i) Delivery of a written Notice of non-renewal of the employment agreement by the Company to Mr. Loveman; or
- (j) The failure of the Company to obtain a satisfactory agreement from any successor to assume and agree to perform the employment agreement.

Mr. Loveman waived his right to terminate his employment agreement for Good Reason in connection with the 5% reduction of his base annual salary implemented in February 2009.

If the Company terminates the agreement for Cause or Mr. Loveman terminates without Good Reason, Mr. Loveman's salary will end as of the termination date.

After his employment with the Company terminates for any reason, Mr. Loveman will be entitled to participate in the Company's group health insurance plans applicable to corporate executives, including family coverage, for his lifetime. The Company will pay 80% of the premium on an after-tax basis for this coverage, and Mr. Loveman will incur imputed taxable income equal to the amount of the Company's payment. When Mr. Loveman becomes eligible for Medicare coverage, the Company's group health insurance plan will become secondary, and Mr. Loveman will be eligible for the same group health benefits as normally provided to our other retired management directors. He will incur imputed taxable income equal to the premium cost of this benefit.

If a change in control were to occur during the term of Mr. Loveman's employment agreement, and his employment was terminated involuntarily or he resigned for Good Reason within two years after the change in control, or if his employment was involuntarily terminated within six months before the change in control by reason of the request of the buyer, Mr. Loveman would be entitled to receive the benefits described above under termination without Cause by the Company or by Mr. Loveman for Good Reason, except that (a) the multiplier would be three times (in lieu of two times) and (b) the payment would be in a lump sum (as opposed to over a 24-month period). In addition, if the payments are subject to a federal excise tax imposed on Mr. Loveman (the "Excise Tax"), the employment agreement requires the Company to pay Mr. Loveman an additional amount (the "Gross-Up Payment") so that the net amount retained by Mr. Loveman after deduction of any Excise Tax on the change in control payments and all Excise Taxes and other taxes on the Gross-Up Payment, will equal the initial change in control payment, less normal taxes.

The agreement provides that Mr. Loveman will not compete with the Company or solicit employees to leave the Company above a certain grade level for a period of two years after termination of his active full time employment (which for this purpose does not include the salary continuation period).

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### **Named Executive Officer Employment Arrangements**

We also have employment agreements with our other NEOs and members of our senior management team, which provide for a base salary, subject to merit increases as the HRC may approve. We entered into employment agreements on February 28, 2008 with Jonathan S. Halkyard, Thomas M. Jenkin, and John W. R. Payne and with Peter E. Murphy on October 14, 2009. The agreements of Messrs. Jenkin, Halkyard, and Payne expire January 28, 2012; and the agreement with Mr. Murphy expires October 14, 2013. Mr. Murphy left the company in January 2011. Below is a description of the material terms and conditions of these employment agreements.

The agreement with each of Messrs. Halkyard, Jenkin and Payne is for a term of four years beginning on the closing of the Acquisition and is automatically renewed for successive one year terms unless either the Company or the executive delivers a written notice of nonrenewal at least 60 days prior to the end of the term. The agreement with Mr. Murphy was for a term of four years commencing with his employment with the Company and is automatically renewed for successive one year terms unless either the Company or the executive delivers a written notice of nonrenewal at least 60 days prior to the end of the term.

Pursuant to the employment agreements, the executives will receive base salaries as follows: Mr. Halkyard, \$600,000; Mr. Jenkin, \$1,200,000, Mr. Murphy, \$1,250,000, and Mr. Payne, \$925,000. In February 2009, Messrs Halkyard, Jenkin, and Payne agreed to reduce their respective base salaries by 5% as part of a broader management reduction of salaries. In August 2009, Mr. Halkyard was given a market based salary increase to \$700,000 and took a 5% reduction of that salary to \$665,000. In January 2010, Mr. Payne was given a market based salary increase to \$1,025,000 and took a 5% reduction of that salary to \$973,750. The 5% salary reductions were reinstated for each of the executives discussed above in July 2010. The HRC will review base salaries on an annual basis with a view towards merit increases (but not decreases) in such salary. In addition, each executive will participate in the Company's annual incentive bonus program applicable to the executive's position and shall have the opportunity to earn an annual bonus based on the achievement of performance objectives. Mr. Murphy's target bonus shall be at least 75% of his base salary. In addition, the agreement provides for a stock option grant to be made following the effective date of the employment agreement with vesting based on both the passage of time and the achievement of performance objectives. Mr. Murphy's agreement also provides that he will be provided with accommodations while performing his duties in Las Vegas, and the Company will also pay Mr. Murphy a gross-up payment for any taxes incurred for such accommodations.

Each NEO will be entitled to participate in benefits and perquisites at least as favorable to the executive as such benefits and perquisites currently available to the executives, group health insurance, long term disability benefits, life insurance, financial counseling, vacation, reimbursement of expenses, director and officer insurance and the ability to participate in the Company's 401(k) plan. With the exception of Mr. Murphy, if (a) the executive attains age fifty (50) and, when added to his or her number of years of continuous service with the Company, including any period of salary continuation, the sum of his or her age and years of service equals or exceeds sixty-five (65), and at any time after the occurrence of both such events Executive's employment is terminated and his employment then terminates either (1) without cause or (2) due to non-renewal of the agreement, or (b) the executive attains age fifty-five (55) and, when added to his number of years of continuous service with the company, including any period of salary continuation, the sum of his age and years of service equals or exceeds sixty-five (65) and Executive's employment is terminated other than for cause, he will be entitled to lifetime coverage under our group health insurance plan. The executive will be required to pay 20% of the premium for this coverage and the Company will pay the remaining premium, which will be imputed taxable income to the executive. This insurance coverage terminates if the executive competes with the Company. Mr. Murphy's agreement does not provide for lifetime coverage under our group health insurance plan.

Upon a termination without cause (as defined in the employment agreement and set forth below), a resignation by the executive for good reason (as defined in the employment agreement and set forth below) or upon the Company's delivery of a non-renewal notice, the executive shall be entitled to his accrued but unused vacation, unreimbursed business expenses and base salary earned but not paid through the date of termination. In

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addition, the executive will receive a cash severance payment equal to 1.5 times his base salary payable in equal installments during the 18 months following such termination and pro-rated bonus for the year in which the termination occurs based on certain conditions. Also, Mr. Murphy is entitled to payment of any bonus for the year of termination (pro-rata) if the HRC awards such bonus. In the event that the executive's employment is terminated by reason of his disability, he will be entitled to apply for the Company's long term disability benefits, and, if he is accepted for such benefits, he will receive 18 months of base salary continuation offset by any long term disability benefits to which he is entitled during such period of salary continuation. Furthermore, during the time that the executive receives his base salary during the period of salary continuation, he will be entitled to all benefits. Payment of any severance benefits is contingent upon the execution of a general release in favor of the Company and its affiliates.

Cause under the employment agreements is defined as:

- (i) The willful failure of executive to substantially perform executive's duties with the Company or to follow a lawful, reasonable directive from the Board or the Chief Executive Officer of the Company (the CEO) or such other executive officer to whom executive reports (other than any such failure resulting from incapacity due to physical or mental illness), after a written demand for substantial performance is delivered to executive by the Board (or the CEO, as applicable) which specifically identifies the manner in which the Board (or the CEO, as applicable) believes that executive has willfully not substantially performed executive's duties or has willfully failed to follow a lawful, reasonable directive;
- (ii) (A) Any willful act of fraud, or embezzlement or theft, by executive, in each case, in connection with executive's duties hereunder or in the course of executive's employment hereunder or (B) executive's admission in any court, or conviction of, or plea of nolo contendere to, a felony;
- (iii) Executive being found unsuitable for or having a gaming license denied or revoked by the gaming regulatory authorities in any jurisdiction in which the Company conducts gaming operations;
- (iv) (A) Executive's willful and material violation of, or noncompliance with, any securities laws or stock exchange listing rules, including, without limitation, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, provided that such violation or noncompliance resulted in material economic harm to the Company, or (B) a final judicial order or determination prohibiting executive from service as an officer pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 or the rules of the New York Stock Exchange; or
- (v) A willful breach by executive of non competition provisions or confidentiality provisions of the agreement.

For purposes of definition, no act or failure to act on the part of executive, shall be considered willful unless it is done, or omitted to be done, by executive in bad faith and without reasonable belief that executive's action or omission was in the best interests of the Company. Any act, or failure to act, based upon authority given pursuant to a resolution duly adopted by the Board or based upon the advice of counsel for the Company shall be conclusively presumed to be done, or omitted to be done, by executive in good faith and in the best interests of the Company. The cessation of employment of executive shall not be deemed to be for Cause unless and until executive has been provided with written notice of the claim(s) against him or her under the above provision(s) and a reasonable opportunity (not to exceed thirty (30) days) to cure, if possible, and to contest said claim(s) before the Board.

Good Reason under the employment agreements is defined as:

The occurrence, without executive's express written consent, of any of the following circumstances unless such circumstances are fully corrected prior to the date of termination specified in the written notice given by executive notifying the Company of his or her intention to terminate his or her Employment for Good Reason:

- (a) A reduction by the Company in executive's annual base salary, other than a reduction in base salary that applies to a similarly situated class of employees of the Company or its affiliates;



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- (b) Any material diminution in the duties or responsibilities of executive as of the date of the employment agreement; provided that a change in control of the Company that results in the Company becoming part of a larger organization will not, in and of itself and unaccompanied by any material diminution in the duties or responsibilities of executive, constitute Good Reason;
- (c) (i) The failure by the Company to pay or provide to executive any material portion of his or her then current Base Salary or then current benefits under the employment agreement (except pursuant to a compensation deferral elected by executive) or (ii) the failure to pay executive any material portion of deferred compensation under any deferred compensation program of the Company within thirty (30) days of the date such compensation is due and permitted to be paid under Section 409A of the Code, in each case other than any such failure that results from a modification to any compensation arrangement or benefit plan that is generally applicable to similarly situated officers;
- (d) The Company's requiring executive to be based anywhere other than Atlantic City, New Orleans or Las Vegas, depending on the NEO (except for required travel on the Company's business to an extent substantially consistent with executive's present business travel obligations); or
- (e) The Company's failure to obtain a satisfactory agreement from any successor to assume and agree to perform the employment agreement.

Mr. Murphy's agreement includes the following additional provision in its definition of "Good Reason":

- (f) The executive being required to report to anyone other than the CEO.

The executives each have covenants to not compete, not to solicit and not to engage in communication in a manner that is detrimental to the business. The executive's non-compete period varies based on the type of termination that the executive has. If the executive has a voluntary termination of employment with the Company without Good Reason, the non-compete period is six months. If the Company has terminated the executive's employment without cause, or the executive has terminated for Good Reason, the Company has delivered a notice of non-renewal to the executive or if the executive's employment terminates by reason of disability, the non-compete period is for 18 months. If the executive's employment is terminated for cause, the non-compete period is for six months. The non-solicitation and non-communication periods last for 18 months following termination. A breach of the non-compete covenant will cause the Company's obligations under the agreement to terminate. In addition, the executives each have confidentiality obligations.

*Severance Agreements*

We entered into severance agreements with each of the NEOs, other than Messrs. Loveman and Murphy. The severance agreements related to a change in control, which occurred pursuant to the definition of change in control in the severance agreements on January 28, 2008 as a result of the Acquisition. We believe these agreements reinforce and encourage the attention and dedication of our executives if they are faced with the possibility of a change in control of the Company that could affect their employment. The Severance Agreements of Messrs. Jenkin and Halkyard became effective January 1, 2004. The Severance Agreement of Mr. Payne became effective January 1, 2007. These agreements expired by their terms on February 1, 2010.

The severance agreements provided, under the circumstances described below, for a compensation payment (the "Compensation Payment") of:

three times annual compensation (which includes salary and bonus (calculated as the average of the executive's annual bonuses for the three highest calendar years during the five calendar years preceding the calendar year in which the change in control occurred) amounts but excludes restricted stock vestings and compensation or dividends related to restricted stock, stock options or stock appreciation rights).

any bonus accrued for the prior year and pro-rata for the current year up to the date of termination.



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an additional payment (the **Gross-Up Payment** ) so that the net amount retained on the payments made under the Severance Agreement ( **Severance Payments** ) which are subject to a federal excise tax imposed on the executive (the **Excise Tax** ) will equal the initial Severance Payments less normal taxes.

life, accident and health insurance benefits for twenty four months substantially similar to those which the executive was receiving immediately prior to termination.

reasonable legal fees and expenses incurred by the executive as a result of termination.

The severance agreements entitled each of them to the Compensation Payment after a change in control if, within two years of the change in control, their employment was terminated without cause, or they resigned with Good Reason, or if their employment was terminated without cause within six months before a change in control at the request of the buyer.

Good Reason is defined under the severance agreements as, without the executive's express written consent, the occurrence after Change in Control of the Company, of any of the following circumstances unless such circumstances occur by reason of their death, disability or the executive's voluntary termination or voluntary retirement, or, in the case of paragraphs (i), (ii), (iii), (iv) or (v), such circumstances are fully corrected prior to the date of termination, respectively, given in respect thereof:

- (i) The assignment to executive of any duties materially inconsistent with his status immediately prior to the Change in Control or a material adverse alteration in the nature or status of his or her responsibilities;
- (ii) A reduction by the Company in executive's annual base salary as in effect on the date of the severance agreement or as the same may have been increased from time to time;
- (iii) The relocation of the Company's executive offices where executive is located just prior to the Change in Control to a location more than fifty (50) miles from such offices, or the Company's requiring executive to be based anywhere other than the location of such executive offices (except for required travel on the Company's business to an extent substantially consistent with your business travel obligations during the year prior to the Change in Control);
- (iv) The failure by the Company to pay to executive any material portion of current compensation, except pursuant to a compensation deferral elected by executive required by agreement, or to pay any material portion of an installment of deferred compensation under any deferred compensation program of the Company within thirty (30) days of the date such compensation is due;
- (v) Except as permitted by any agreement, the failure by the Company to continue in effect any compensation plan in which executive is participating immediately prior to the Change in Control which is material to executive's total compensation, including but not limited to, the Company's annual bonus plan, the ESSP, or the Stock Option Plan or any substitute plans, unless an equitable arrangement (embodied in an ongoing substitute or alternative plan) has been made with respect to such plan, or the failure by the Company to continue executive's participation therein (or in such substitute or alternative plan) on a basis not materially less favorable, both in terms of the amount of benefits provided and the level of your participation relative to other participants at grade level;
- (vi) The failure by the Company to continue to provide executive with benefits substantially similar to those enjoyed by executive under the Savings and Retirement Plan and the life insurance, medical, health and accident, and disability plans in which executive is participating at the time of the Change in Control, the taking of any action by the Company which would directly or indirectly materially reduce any of such benefits or deprive executive of any material fringe benefit enjoyed by executive at the time of Change in Control;



(vii) The failure of the Company to obtain a satisfactory agreement from any successor to assume and agree to perform this Agreement; or

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(viii) Any purported termination of executive's employment by the Company which is not effected pursuant to a notice of termination satisfying the requirements set forth in the severance agreement.

A Change in Control is defined in the Severance Agreements as the occurrence of any of the following:

1. any person becomes the beneficial owner of 25% or more of our then outstanding voting securities, regardless of comparative voting power of such securities;
2. within a two-year period, members of the Board of Directors at the beginning of such period and their approved successors no longer constitute a majority of the Board;
3. the closing of a merger or other reorganization where the voting securities of the Company prior to the merger or reorganization represent less than a majority of the voting securities after the merger or consolidation; or
4. stockholder approval of the liquidation or dissolution of the Company.

In addition to payments described above, under the severance agreements, NEOs receive accelerated vesting of certain stock options, or if the executive's employment terminates subsequent to a change in control or within six months before the change in control by request of the buyer, accelerated vesting of all options ( Accelerated Payments ). Any unvested restricted stock and stock options granted prior to 2001 vested automatically upon a change in control regardless of whether the executive is terminated, as will any stock options granted in 2001 or later which are not assumed by the acquiring company. All unvested stock options granted in 2001 and later, including those assumed by the acquiring company, will vest if the executive becomes eligible for a Compensation Payment. At the election of the Company, the Company may cash out all or part of the executive's outstanding and unexercised options, with the cash payment based upon the higher of the closing price of the Company's common stock on the date of termination and the highest per share price for Company common stock actually paid in connection with any change in control. The Acquisition constituted a Change in Control under the Severance Agreements and all equity awards held by Messrs. Jenkin, Halkyard, and Payne were cancelled and cashed-out at the Acquisition consideration of \$90.00 per share (less applicable exercise prices and withholding taxes).

None of the executives was entitled to the Compensation Payment after a change in control if their termination is (i) by the Company for Cause, or (ii) voluntary and not for Good Reason (as defined above).

For purposes of the severance agreements, Cause shall mean:

- (i) willful failure to perform substantially duties or to follow a lawful reasonable directive from a supervisor or the Board, as applicable, (other than any such failure resulting from incapacity due to physical or mental illness), after a written demand for substantial performance is delivered by a supervisor or the Board, as applicable, which specifically identifies the manner in which a supervisor or the Board, as applicable, believe that the executive has not substantially performed his or her duties or to follow a lawful reasonable directive and you are given a reasonable opportunity (not to exceed thirty (30) days) to cure any such failure to substantially perform, if curable;
- (ii) (A) any willful act of fraud, or embezzlement or theft, in each case, in connection with the executive's duties to the Company of in the course of employment with the Company or (B) admission in any court, or conviction of, a felony involving moral turpitude, fraud, or embezzlement, theft or misrepresentation, in each case against the Company;
- (iii) being found unsuitable for or having a gaming license denied or revoked by the gaming regulatory authorities in Arizona, California, Colorado, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, Nevada, New Jersey, New York and North Carolina; or

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- (iv) (A) willful and material violation of, or noncompliance with, any securities laws or stock exchange listing rules, including, without limitation, the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002 if applicable, provided that

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such violation or noncompliance resulted in material economic harm to the Company, or (B) a final judicial order of determination prohibiting the executive from service as an officer pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules of the New York Stock Exchange.

If an executive officer became entitled to payments under a severance agreement ( *Severance Payments* ) which were subject to a federal excise tax imposed on the executive (the *Excise Tax* ), the severance agreements require the Company to pay the executive an additional amount (the *Gross-Up Payment* ) so that the net amount retained by the executive after deduction of any Excise Tax on the Severance Payments and all Excise Taxes and other taxes on the Gross-Up Payment, will equal the initial Severance Payments less normal taxes.

Each severance agreement had a term of one calendar year and could be renewed automatically each year starting January 1 unless we give the executive six months notice of non-renewal. In cases where a potential change in control (as defined) has occurred or the non-renewal is done in contemplation of a potential change in control, we must give the executive one year's notice. Each severance agreement provides that if a change in control occurs during the original or extended term of the agreement, then the agreement will automatically continue in effect for a period of 24 months beyond the month in which the change in control occurred. Therefore, since the Acquisition was a change in control under the severance agreement, each NEO's severance agreement continued in effect until February 1, 2010.

## **Deferred Compensation Plans**

The Company has one deferred compensation plan, the Executive Supplemental Savings Plan II ( *ESSP II* ), currently active, although there are five other plans that contain deferred compensation assets: Harrah's Executive Deferred Compensation Plan ( *EDCP* ), the Harrah's Executive Supplemental Savings Plan ( *ESSP* ), Harrah's Deferred Compensation Plan ( *DCP* ), the Restated Park Place Entertainment Corporation Executive Deferred Compensation Plan, and the Caesars World, Inc. Executive Security Plan.

Further deferrals into the EDCP were terminated in 2001 when the HRC approved the ESSP, which permitted certain key employees, including executive officers, to make deferrals of specified percentages of salary and bonus. No deferrals were allowed after December 2004 into ESSP, and the Company approved the ESSP II, which complies with the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 and allowed deferrals starting in 2005. ESSP II, similar to ESSP, allows participants to choose from a selection of varied investment alternatives and the results of these investments will be reflected in their deferral accounts. To assure payment of these deferrals, a trust fund was established similar to the escrow fund for the EDCP. The trust fund is funded to match the various types of investments selected by participants for their deferrals.

ESSP and ESSP II do not provide a fixed interest rate, as the EDCP and DCP do, and therefore the market risk of plan investments is borne by participants rather than the Company. To encourage EDCP participants to transfer their account balances to the ESSP thereby reducing the Company's market risk, the Company approved a program in 2001 that provided incentives to a limited number of participants to transfer their EDCP account balances to the ESSP. Under this program, a currently employed EDCP participant who was five or more years away from becoming vested in the EDCP retirement rate, including any executive officers who were in this group, received an enhancement in his or her account balance if the participant elected to transfer the account balance to the ESSP. The initial enhancement was the greater of (a) twice the difference between the participant's termination account balance and retirement account balance, (b) 40% of the termination account balance, not to exceed \$100,000, or (c) four times the termination account balance not to exceed \$10,000. Upon achieving eligibility for the EDCP retirement rate (age 55 and 10 years of service), the participant electing this program will receive an additional enhancement equal to 50% of the initial enhancement. Pursuant to the ESSP, the additional enhancement vested upon the closing of the Acquisition. Mr. Loveman elected to participate in this enhancement program, and therefore no longer has an account in the EDCP.

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Mr. Jenkin maintained a balance in the EDCP during 2010. Under the EDCP, the executive earns the retirement rate under the EDCP if he attains (1) specified age and service requirements (55 years of age plus 10 years of service or 60 years of age) or (2) attains specified age and service requirements (is at least 50 years old, and when added to years of service, equals 65 or greater) and if his employment is terminated without cause pursuant to his employment agreement. The executive receives service credit under the EDCP for any salary continuation and non-compete period. Additionally, if an executive is separated from service within 24 months of the Acquisition, the executive earns the retirement rate under the EDCP. Mr. Jenkin has met the requirements to earn the retirement rate.

While further deferrals into the EDCP were terminated, and while most EDCP participants transferred their EDCP account balance to the ESSP, amounts deferred pursuant to the EDCP prior to its termination and not transferred to the ESSP remain subject to the terms and conditions of the EDCP and will continue to earn interest as described above.

Under the deferred compensation plans, the Acquisition required that the trust and escrow fund be fully funded.

**Summary Compensation Table**

The Summary Compensation Table below sets forth certain compensation information concerning the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and our three additional most highly compensated executive officers during 2010.

| (a)<br>Name and Principal Position                                      | (b)<br>Year | (c)<br>Salary<br>(\$) | (d)<br>Bonus Awards <sup>(1)</sup><br>(\$) | (e)<br>Stock Awards <sup>(1)</sup><br>(\$) | (f)<br>Option Awards <sup>(1)</sup><br>(\$) | (g)<br>Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation <sup>(2)</sup><br>(\$) | (h)<br>Change in Pension Value and Nonqualified-Deferred Compensation Earnings <sup>(3)</sup><br>(\$) | (i)<br>All Other Compensation <sup>(5)</sup><br>(\$) | (j)<br>Total<br>(\$) |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Gary W. Loveman,<br>President and Chief Executive Officer               | 2010        | 1,900,000             |                                            |                                            | 12,398,006                                  | 2,700,000                                                            |                                                                                                       | 1,268,906                                            | 18,266,912           |
|                                                                         | 2009        | 1,919,231             |                                            |                                            |                                             | 3,000,000                                                            |                                                                                                       | 1,047,079                                            | 5,966,310            |
|                                                                         | 2008        | 2,000,000             |                                            |                                            | 36,389,259                                  |                                                                      |                                                                                                       | 1,237,724                                            | 39,626,983           |
| Jonathan S. Halkyard,<br>Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer | 2010        | 675,365               |                                            |                                            | 1,443,941                                   | 336,000                                                              |                                                                                                       | 18,534                                               | 2,473,840            |
|                                                                         | 2009        | 605,731               |                                            |                                            |                                             | 349,867                                                              |                                                                                                       | 25,610                                               | 981,208              |
|                                                                         | 2008        | 600,000               |                                            |                                            | 2,988,615                                   |                                                                      |                                                                                                       | 38,964                                               | 3,627,579            |
| Thomas M. Jenkin,<br>President, Western Division                        | 2010        | 1,157,769             |                                            |                                            | 2,197,461                                   | 500,000                                                              | 17,147                                                                                                | 35,898                                               | 3,908,275            |
|                                                                         | 2009        | 1,151,538             |                                            |                                            |                                             | 767,289                                                              | 116,834                                                                                               | 33,188                                               | 2,068,849            |
|                                                                         | 2008        | 1,200,000             |                                            |                                            | 4,019,211                                   |                                                                      | 248,968                                                                                               | 33,058                                               | 5,501,237            |
| John W. R. Payne,<br>President, Central Division                        | 2010        | 985,274               |                                            |                                            | 1,394,159                                   | 825,000                                                              |                                                                                                       | 34,356                                               | 3,238,789            |
|                                                                         | 2009        | 887,645               |                                            |                                            |                                             | 904,574                                                              |                                                                                                       | 22,781                                               | 1,815,000            |
|                                                                         | 2008        | 978,365               |                                            |                                            | 2,885,592                                   | 277,500                                                              |                                                                                                       | 38,820                                               | 4,180,277            |
| Peter E. Murphy,<br>President-Strategy and Development <sup>(4)</sup>   | 2010        | 1,250,000             |                                            |                                            | 1,545,399                                   | 800,000                                                              |                                                                                                       | 96,340                                               | 3,691,739            |
|                                                                         | 2009        | 225,962               |                                            |                                            | 1,857,595                                   | 169,471                                                              |                                                                                                       | 20,347                                               | 2,273,375            |

(1) The value of stock awards, option awards and stock appreciation rights was determined as required by Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 718, (formerly, Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004), Share-Based Payment (SFAS No. 123(R))). See Note 18, Employee Benefit Plans, to our consolidated financial statements included herein for details on assumptions used in the valuation. Performance based awards are valued using a Monte Carlo simulation option pricing model. This model approach provides a probable outcome fair value for these types of awards. The estimated maximum potential value for the performance awards, and the related total Option Awards fair values for the 2008 awards, respectively, were \$20,930,927 and \$38,717,969 for Mr. Loveman; \$1,169,520 and \$3,118,732 for Mr. Halkyard; \$1,572,800 and \$4,194,196 for Mr. Jenkin; and \$1,129,199 and \$3,011,223 for Mr. Payne. The estimated maximum potential values for the performance awards, and the related total Option Award fair values for the 2009 awards, respectively, were \$711,274 and \$1,896,719 for Mr. Murphy.



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- (2) Other than for Mr. Payne, no Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation bonuses were approved for the NEOs for 2008.
- (3) Includes above market earnings on the balance the executives maintain in the EDCP. Mr. Jenkin has met the requirements to earn the retirement rate of interest. In October 1995, the HRC approved a fixed retirement rate of 15.5% for all account balances under the EDCP as of December 31, 1995 (subject to plan minimum rates contained in the EDCP). The interest rates on post 1995 deferrals continue to be approved each year by the HRC. The retirement rate on post 1995 deferrals during 2010 was the EDCP's minimum retirement rate of 8.22%.
- (4) Mr. Murphy joined the Company October 14, 2009 and left the Company in January 2011.
- (5) All Other Compensation includes the amounts in the following table:

| Name                 | Year | Executive Security (\$) | Allocated amount for aircraft usage (\$) | Allocated amount for company lodging and the associated taxes (\$) | Financial Planning (\$) |
|----------------------|------|-------------------------|------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Gary W. Loveman      | 2010 | 412,890                 | 464,630                                  | 229,369                                                            |                         |
|                      | 2009 | 394,529                 | 330,618                                  | 185,192                                                            |                         |
|                      | 2008 | 442,186                 | 460,086                                  | 155,387                                                            |                         |
| Jonathan S. Halkyard | 2010 |                         |                                          |                                                                    |                         |
|                      | 2009 |                         |                                          |                                                                    |                         |
|                      | 2008 |                         |                                          |                                                                    |                         |
| Thomas M. Jenkin     | 2010 |                         |                                          |                                                                    |                         |
|                      | 2009 |                         |                                          |                                                                    |                         |
|                      | 2008 |                         |                                          |                                                                    |                         |
| John W. R. Payne     | 2010 |                         |                                          |                                                                    |                         |
|                      | 2009 |                         |                                          |                                                                    |                         |
|                      | 2008 |                         |                                          |                                                                    |                         |
| Peter E. Murphy      | 2010 |                         |                                          | 58,078                                                             | 30,000                  |
|                      | 2009 |                         |                                          |                                                                    |                         |

All other compensation is detailed in the above table only to the extent that the amount of any individual perquisite item exceeds the greater of \$25,000 or 10% of the executive's total perquisites.

Mr. Loveman is required to have executive security protection which is provided at the Company's cost; See Compensation Discussion & Analysis Personal Benefits and Perquisites for additional information.

The amounts allocated to Mr. Loveman for personal and/or commuting aircraft usage is calculated based on the incremental cost to us of fuel, trip-related maintenance, crew travel expenses, on-board catering, landing fees, trip-related hangar/parking costs and other miscellaneous variable costs. Since our aircraft are used primarily for business travel, we do not include the fixed costs that do not change based on usage, such as pilots' salaries, depreciation of the purchase costs of the Company-owned aircraft, fractional ownership commitment fees, and the cost of maintenance not specifically related to trips. For security reasons, Mr. Loveman is required to use Company aircraft for personal and business travel.

The amounts allocated to Mr. Loveman and Mr. Murphy for company lodging while in Las Vegas and the associated taxes are based on the respective taxable earnings for such lodging.

The Company does not provide a fixed benefit pension plan for its executives but maintains a deferred compensation plan, the Executive Supplemental Savings Plan II (ESSP II), under which the executives may defer a portion of their compensation. The ESSP II is a variable investment plan that allows the executives to direct their investments by choosing among several investment alternatives.

*Discussion of Summary Compensation Table*

Each of our named executive officers has entered into employment agreements with the Company that relate to the benefits that the named executive officers receive upon termination. See Executive Compensation Compensation Discussion & Analysis Elements of Post Employment Compensation and Benefits Employment Arrangements for additional information.

**Table of Contents****Grants of Plan-Based Awards**

The following table gives information regarding potential incentive compensation for 2010 to our executive officers named in the Summary Compensation Table. Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards approved for 2009 and 2010 are included in the Non Equity Incentive Plan Compensation column in the Summary Compensation Table.

| Name                 | Grant Date       | Estimated Future Payouts Under Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards <sup>(1)</sup> |             |              | Estimated Future Payouts Under Equity Incentive Plan Awards |            |             | Option Awards: Number of Securities Underlying Options (#) | Exercise or Base Price of Option Awards (\$/Sh) | Share Value On Grant Date (\$/Sh) | Grant date fair value of option awards (\$) |
|----------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
|                      |                  | Threshold (\$)                                                                 | Target (\$) | Maximum (\$) | Threshold (#)                                               | Target (#) | Maximum (#) |                                                            |                                                 |                                   |                                             |
| Gary W. Loveman      | n/a<br>2/23/2010 |                                                                                | 2,850,000   | 7,125,000    |                                                             |            |             | 457,998                                                    | 56.08                                           | 56.08                             | 12,398,006                                  |
| Jonathan S. Halkyard | n/a<br>2/23/2010 |                                                                                | 405,219     | 607,829      |                                                             |            |             | 53,341                                                     | 56.08                                           | 56.08                             | 1,443,941                                   |
| Thomas M. Jenkin     | n/a<br>2/23/2010 |                                                                                | 868,327     | 1,736,654    |                                                             |            |             | 81,177                                                     | 56.08                                           | 56.08                             | 2,197,461                                   |
| John W. R. Payne     | n/a<br>2/23/2010 |                                                                                | 738,956     | 1,477,911    |                                                             |            |             | 51,502                                                     | 56.08                                           | 56.08                             | 1,394,159                                   |
| Peter E. Murphy      | n/a<br>2/23/2010 |                                                                                | 937,500     | 1,406,250    |                                                             |            |             | 57,089                                                     | 56.08                                           | 56.08                             | 1,545,399                                   |

(1) Represents potential threshold, target and maximum incentive compensation for 2010. Amounts actually paid for 2010 are described in the Non Equity Incentive Plan Compensation column in the Summary Compensation Table.

**Discussion of Grants of Plan Based Awards Table**

In February 2008, the Board of Directors approved and adopted the Caesars Entertainment Corporation Management Equity Incentive Plan (the Equity Plan). The purpose of the Equity Plan is to promote our long term financial interests and growth by attracting and retaining management and other personnel and key service providers with the training, experience and ability to enable them to make a substantial contribution to the success of our business; to motivate management personnel by means of growth-related incentives to achieve long range goals; and to further the alignment of interests of participants with those of our stockholders. For a more detailed discussion of how equity grants are determined, see Executive Compensation Compensation Discussion & Analysis Elements of Compensation Equity Awards.

On January 27, 2008, Mr. Loveman and the Company entered into a stock option rollover agreement that provides for the conversion of options to purchase shares of the Company prior to the Acquisition into options to purchase shares of the Company following the Acquisition with such conversion preserving the intrinsic spread value of the converted option. The rollover option is immediately exercisable with respect to 133,133 shares of non-voting common stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$25.00 per share. The rollover options expire on June 17, 2012.



**Table of Contents****Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End**

In February 2008, the Board of Directors approved and adopted the Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. Management Equity Incentive Plan. Grants to each of our named executive officers under this plan are listed below. See Executive Compensation Compensation Discussion and Analysis Elements of Compensation-Equity Awards for more information.

| Name                 | Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options Exercisable (#) | Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Vested Options (#) | Options Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Unearned Options (#) | Options Exercise Price (\$) | Options Expiration Date |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Gary W. Loveman      | 133,133                                                             | 186,692                                                                                      | 280,037                                                                                                | 25.00                       | 6/17/2012               |
|                      |                                                                     |                                                                                              | 549,224                                                                                                | 100.00                      | 2/27/2018               |
|                      |                                                                     |                                                                                              | 457,998                                                                                                | 100.00                      | 2/27/2018               |
|                      |                                                                     |                                                                                              | 56.08                                                                                                  | 2/23/2020                   |                         |
| Jonathan S. Halkyard |                                                                     | 20,459                                                                                       | 30,688                                                                                                 | 100.00                      | 2/27/2018               |
|                      |                                                                     |                                                                                              | 30,688                                                                                                 | 100.00                      | 2/27/2018               |
|                      |                                                                     |                                                                                              | 53,341                                                                                                 | 56.08                       | 2/23/2020               |
| Thomas M. Jenkin     |                                                                     | 27,514                                                                                       | 41,271                                                                                                 | 100.00                      | 2/27/2018               |
|                      |                                                                     |                                                                                              | 41,270                                                                                                 | 100.00                      | 2/27/2018               |
|                      |                                                                     |                                                                                              | 81,177                                                                                                 | 56.08                       | 2/23/2020               |
| John W. R. Payne     |                                                                     | 19,754                                                                                       | 29,630                                                                                                 | 100.00                      | 2/27/2018               |
|                      |                                                                     |                                                                                              | 29,630                                                                                                 | 100.00                      | 2/27/2018               |
|                      |                                                                     |                                                                                              | 51,502                                                                                                 | 56.08                       | 2/23/2020               |
| Peter E. Murphy      |                                                                     | 13,041                                                                                       | 52,165                                                                                                 | 51.79                       | 12/1/2019               |
|                      |                                                                     |                                                                                              | 39,124                                                                                                 | 51.79                       | 12/1/2019               |
|                      |                                                                     |                                                                                              | 57,089                                                                                                 | 56.08                       | 2/23/2020               |

**Option Exercises and Stock Vested**

The following table gives certain information concerning stock option and stock award exercises and vesting during 2010.

| Name                 | Option Awards Number of Shares Vesting (#) | Stock Awards Number of Shares Vesting (#) | Value Realized on Exercise (\$) |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Gary W. Loveman      | 93,346                                     |                                           |                                 |
| Jonathan S. Halkyard | 10,229                                     |                                           |                                 |
| Thomas M. Jenkin     | 13,757                                     |                                           |                                 |
| John W. R. Payne     | 9,877                                      |                                           |                                 |
| Peter E. Murphy      | 13,041                                     |                                           |                                 |

For discussion of how equity grants are determined, see Executive Compensation Compensation Discussion & Analysis Elements of Compensation Equity Awards.



**Table of Contents****Nonqualified Deferred Compensation**

| Name                 | Executive Contributions in 2010 (\$) <sup>(1)</sup> | Registrant Contributions in 2010 (\$) <sup>(1)</sup> | Aggregate Earnings in 2010 (\$) <sup>(1)</sup> | Aggregate Withdrawals Distributions (\$) | Aggregate Balance in 2010 (\$) <sup>(2)</sup> |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Gary W. Loveman      |                                                     |                                                      | 4,994                                          |                                          | 51,157                                        |
| Jonathan S. Halkyard | 307,507                                             |                                                      | 95,810                                         |                                          | 970,335                                       |
| Thomas M. Jenkin     |                                                     |                                                      | 540,211                                        |                                          | 4,947,050                                     |
| John W. R. Payne     |                                                     |                                                      | 1,590                                          |                                          | 12,959                                        |
| Peter E. Murphy      |                                                     |                                                      |                                                |                                          |                                               |

(1) The following deferred compensation contribution and earnings amounts were reported in the 2010 Summary Compensation Table.

| Name                 | Contributions in 2010 (\$) | Above Market Earnings in 2010 (\$) |
|----------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Gary W. Loveman      |                            |                                    |
| Jonathan S. Halkyard | 307,507                    |                                    |
| Thomas M. Jenkin     |                            | 17,147                             |
| John W. R. Payne     |                            |                                    |
| Peter E. Murphy      |                            |                                    |

All other earnings were at market rates from deferred compensation investments directed by the executives.

(2) The following deferred compensation contribution and earnings amounts were reported in the Summary Compensation Table in previous years.

| Name                 | Prior Year Contributions and Above Market Earnings Amounts (\$) |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Gary W. Loveman      | 12,484,249                                                      |
| Jonathan S. Halkyard | 629,551                                                         |
| Thomas M. Jenkin     | 953,973                                                         |
| John W. R. Payne     | 801,986                                                         |
| Peter E. Murphy      |                                                                 |

**Discussion of Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Table**

The Company does not provide a fixed benefit pension plan for its executives but maintains deferred compensation plans (collectively, DCP) and an Executive Supplemental Savings Plan II (ESSP II). During 2010, certain key employees, including executive officers, could defer a portion of their salary and bonus into the ESSP II. The ESSP II is a variable investment plan that allows the executives to direct their investments by choosing among several investment alternatives. The contributions of the executives and the Company into the ESSP II during 2010 are reflected in the above table. The earnings of the executives in 2010 on current and prior year deferrals are also reflected in the above table.

The ESSP II replaced our Executive Supplemental Savings Plan (ESSP) for future deferrals beginning on January 1, 2005. No deferrals were allowed after December 2004 into ESSP. The Company approved the ESSP II, which complies with the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 and allowed deferrals starting in 2005. Mr. Halkyard maintains a balance in the ESSP and his earnings for 2010 are included in the above table.

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Mr. Jenkin currently maintains a balance in the Executive Deferred Compensation Plan ( EDCP ). Under the EDCP, the executive earns the retirement rate under the EDCP if he attains (a) specified age and service

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requirements (55 years of age plus 10 years of service or 60 years of age) or (2) attains specified age and service requirements (is at least 50 years old, and when added to years of service, equals 65 or greater) and if his employment is terminated without cause pursuant to his employment agreement. The executive receives service credit under the EDCP for any salary continuation and non-compete period.

Additionally, if an executive is separated from service within 24 months of the Acquisition, the executive earns the retirement rate under the EDCP. Mr. Jenkin has met the requirements under the EDCP to earn the retirement rate. Deferrals into the EDCP were terminated in 2001. The Human Resources Committee approves the EDCP retirement rate (which cannot be lower than a specified formula rate) annually. In October 1995, the Human Resources Committee approved a fixed retirement rate of 15.5% for all account balances under the EDCP as of December 31, 1995 (subject to plan minimum rates contained in the EDCP). The interest rates on post-1995 deferrals continue to be approved each year by the Committee. The retirement rate on post-1995 deferrals during 2010 was the Plan's minimum retirement rate of 8.22%. Mr. Jenkin's earnings in 2010 under the EDCP are included in the above table.

The table below shows the investment funds available under the ESSP and the ESSP II and the annual rate of return for each fund for the year ended December 31, 2010:

| Name of Fund                 | 2010<br>Rate of Return |
|------------------------------|------------------------|
| 500 Index Trust B            | 14.85%                 |
| Aggressive Growth Lifecycle  | 11.69%                 |
| American Growth Trust        | 18.24%                 |
| American International Trust | 6.88%                  |
| M International Equity       | 4.61%                  |
| Conservative Lifecycle       | 8.99%                  |
| Equity-Income Trust          | 15.23%                 |
| Growth Lifecycle             | 11.27%                 |
| Inflation Managed            | 8.78%                  |
| Managed Bond                 | 8.96%                  |
| Mid Cap Stock Trust          | 23.07%                 |
| Mid Value Trust              | 16.16%                 |
| Moderate Lifecycle           | 10.02%                 |
| Money Market Trust B         | 0.03%                  |
| Real Estate Securities Trust | 29.20%                 |
| Small Cap Growth Trust       | 22.14%                 |
| Small Cap Value Trust        | 26.15%                 |

Pursuant to the terms of the DCP and ESSP II, any unvested amounts of the participants in the plans became fully vested upon the Acquisition.

***Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change of Control***

We have entered into employment agreements with the named executive officers that require us to make payments and provide various benefits to the executives in the event of the executive's termination or a change of control in the Company. The terms of the agreements are described above under Executive Compensation Compensation Discussion and Analysis Elements of Post-Employment Compensation and Benefits Employment Arrangements. The estimated value of the payments and benefits due to the executives pursuant to their agreements under various termination events are detailed below.

The following tables show the estimated amount of potential cash severance payable to each of the named executive officers, as well as the estimated value of continuing benefits, based on compensation and benefit levels in effect on December 31, 2010.

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For each of the named executive officers, we have assumed that their employment was terminated on December 31, 2010, and the market value of their unvested equity awards was \$42 per share, which was the fair market value of our stock (as determined by the HRC) as of December 31, 2010. Due to the numerous factors involved in estimating these amounts, the actual value of benefits and amounts to be paid can only be determined upon an executive's termination of employment.

|                                                       | Voluntary<br>Termination<br>(\$) | Retirement<br>(\$) | Involuntary<br>Not for<br>Cause<br>Termination<br>(\$) | For Cause<br>Termination<br>(\$) | Involuntary<br>or Good<br>Reason<br>Termination<br>(Change in<br>Control) (\$) | Disability<br>(\$) <sup>(1)</sup> | Death<br>(\$) |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| <b>Gary W. Loveman</b>                                |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                  |                                                                                |                                   |               |
| <b>Compensation:</b>                                  |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                  |                                                                                |                                   |               |
| Base Salary                                           |                                  |                    | 9,700,000                                              |                                  | 14,550,000                                                                     | 4,000,000                         |               |
| Short Term Incentive                                  |                                  |                    | 2,850,000                                              |                                  | 2,850,000                                                                      |                                   |               |
| <b>Benefits and Perquisites:</b>                      |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                  |                                                                                |                                   |               |
| Post-retirement Health Care <sup>(2)</sup>            | 292,897                          | 292,897            | 292,897                                                | 292,897                          | 292,897                                                                        | 292,897                           |               |
| Medical Benefits                                      |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                  |                                                                                |                                   | 17,161        |
| Life & Accident Insurance and Benefits <sup>(3)</sup> |                                  |                    | 22,538                                                 |                                  | 22,538                                                                         | 22,538                            | 6,000,000     |
| Disability Insurance and Benefits <sup>(4)</sup>      |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                  |                                                                                | 80,000 per mo.                    |               |
| Financial Planning                                    |                                  |                    | 50,000                                                 |                                  | 50,000                                                                         |                                   |               |
| <b>Totals</b>                                         | 292,897                          | 292,897            | 12,915,435                                             | 292,897                          | 17,765,435                                                                     | 4,315,435 and<br>80,000 per mo.   | 6,017,161     |

(1) Base salary payments will be offset by disability payments.

(2) Reflects the estimated present value of all future premiums under the Company's health plans.

(3) Reflects the estimated present value of the cost of coverage for life and accident insurance policies and the estimated amount of proceeds payable to the executive's beneficiaries in the event of the executive's death.

(4) Reflects the estimated amount of proceeds payable to the executive in the event of the executive's disability.

|                                                       | Voluntary<br>Termination<br>(\$) | Retirement<br>(\$) | Involuntary<br>Not for<br>Cause<br>Termination<br>(\$) | For Cause<br>Termination<br>(\$) | Involuntary<br>or Good<br>Reason<br>Termination<br>(Change in<br>Control) (\$) | Disability<br>(\$) <sup>(1)</sup> | Death<br>(\$) |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| <b>Jonathan S. Halkyard</b>                           |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                  |                                                                                |                                   |               |
| <b>Compensation:</b>                                  |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                  |                                                                                |                                   |               |
| Base Salary                                           |                                  |                    | 1,050,000                                              |                                  | 1,050,000                                                                      | 1,050,000                         |               |
| Short Term Incentive                                  |                                  |                    | 336,000                                                |                                  | 336,000                                                                        |                                   |               |
| <b>Benefits and Perquisites:</b>                      |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                  |                                                                                |                                   |               |
| Post-retirement Health Care <sup>(2)</sup>            |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                  |                                                                                | 345,167                           |               |
| Life & Accident Insurance and Benefits <sup>(3)</sup> |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                  |                                                                                |                                   | 1,710,000     |
| Disability Insurance and Benefits <sup>(4)</sup>      |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                  |                                                                                | 30,000 per mo.                    |               |
| <b>Totals</b>                                         |                                  |                    | 1,386,000                                              |                                  | 1,386,000                                                                      | 1,395,167 and<br>30,000 per mo.   | 1,710,000     |

(1) Base salary payments will be offset by disability payments.

(2) Reflects the estimated present value of all future premiums under the Company's health plans.

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- (3) Reflects the estimated present value of the cost of coverage for life and accident insurance policies and the estimated amount of proceeds payable to the executive's beneficiaries in the event of the executive's death.
- (4) Reflects the estimated amount of proceeds payable to the executive in the event of the executive's disability.

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|                                                          | Voluntary<br>Termination<br>(\$) | Retirement<br>(\$) | Involuntary<br>Not for<br>Cause<br>Termination<br>(\$) | For<br>Cause<br>Termination<br>(\$) | Involuntary<br>or Good<br>Reason<br>Termination<br>(Change in<br>Control) (\$) | Disability<br>(\$) <sup>(1)</sup> | Death<br>(\$) |
|----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| <b>Thomas M. Jenkin</b>                                  |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                     |                                                                                |                                   |               |
| <b>Compensation:</b>                                     |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                     |                                                                                |                                   |               |
| Base Salary                                              |                                  |                    | 1,800,000                                              |                                     | 1,800,000                                                                      | 1,800,000                         |               |
| Short Term Incentive                                     |                                  |                    | 500,000                                                |                                     | 500,000                                                                        |                                   |               |
| <b>Benefits and Perquisites:</b>                         |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                     |                                                                                |                                   |               |
| Post-retirement Health Care <sup>(2)</sup>               | 233,252                          | 233,252            | 233,252                                                |                                     | 233,252                                                                        | 233,252                           |               |
| Life & Accident Insurance and<br>Benefits <sup>(3)</sup> |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                     |                                                                                |                                   | 3,420,000     |
| Disability Insurance and Benefits <sup>(4)</sup>         |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                     |                                                                                | 30,000 per mo.                    |               |
| <b>Totals</b>                                            | 233,252                          | 233,252            | 2,533,252                                              |                                     | 2,533,252                                                                      | 2,033,252 and<br>30,000 per mo.   | 3,420,000     |

- (1) Base salary payments will be offset by disability payments.
- (2) Reflects the estimated present value of all future premiums under the Company's health plans.
- (3) Reflects the estimated present value of the cost of coverage for life and accident insurance policies and the estimated amount of proceeds payable to the executive's beneficiaries in the event of the executive's death.
- (4) Reflects the estimated present value of the cost of coverage for disability insurance and the amount of proceeds payable to the executive in the event of the executive's disability.

|                                                          | Voluntary<br>Termination<br>(\$) | Retirement<br>(\$) | Involuntary<br>Not for<br>Cause<br>Termination<br>(\$) | For<br>Cause<br>Termination<br>(\$) | Involuntary<br>or Good<br>Reason<br>Termination<br>(Change in<br>Control) (\$) | Disability<br>(\$) <sup>(1)</sup> | Death<br>(\$) |
|----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| <b>John W. R. Payne</b>                                  |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                     |                                                                                |                                   |               |
| <b>Compensation:</b>                                     |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                     |                                                                                |                                   |               |
| Base Salary                                              |                                  |                    | 1,537,500                                              |                                     | 1,537,500                                                                      | 1,537,500                         |               |
| Short Term Incentive                                     |                                  |                    | 825,000                                                |                                     | 825,000                                                                        |                                   |               |
| <b>Benefits and Perquisites:</b>                         |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                     |                                                                                |                                   |               |
| Post-retirement Health Care <sup>(2)</sup>               |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                     |                                                                                | 381,498                           |               |
| Life & Accident Insurance and<br>Benefits <sup>(3)</sup> |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                     |                                                                                |                                   | 2,637,000     |
| Disability Insurance and<br>Benefits <sup>(4)</sup>      |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                     |                                                                                | 30,000 per mo.                    |               |
| <b>Totals</b>                                            |                                  |                    | 2,362,500                                              |                                     | 2,362,500                                                                      | 1,918,998 and<br>30,000 per mo.   | 2,637,000     |

- (1) Base salary payments will be offset by disability payments.
- (2) Reflects the estimated present value of all future premiums under the Company's health plans.
- (3) Reflects the estimated present value of the cost of coverage for life and accident insurance policies and the estimated amount of proceeds payable to the executive's beneficiaries in the event of the executive's death.
- (4) Reflects the estimated present value of the cost of coverage for disability insurance and the amount of proceeds payable to the executive in the event of the executive's disability.



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|                                                          | Voluntary<br>Termination<br>(\$) | Retirement<br>(\$) | Involuntary<br>Not for<br>Cause<br>Termination<br>(\$) | For<br>Cause<br>Termination<br>(\$) | Involuntary<br>or Good<br>Reason<br>Termination<br>(Change in<br>Control) (\$) | Disability<br>(\$) <sup>(1)</sup> | Death<br>(\$) |
|----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| <b>Peter E. Murphy</b>                                   |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                     |                                                                                |                                   |               |
| <b>Compensation:</b>                                     |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                     |                                                                                |                                   |               |
| Base Salary                                              |                                  |                    | 1,875,000                                              |                                     | 1,875,000                                                                      | 1,875,000                         |               |
| Short Term Incentive                                     |                                  |                    | 800,000                                                |                                     | 800,000                                                                        |                                   |               |
| <b>Benefits and Perquisites:</b>                         |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                     |                                                                                |                                   |               |
| Post-retirement Health Care <sup>(2)</sup>               |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                     |                                                                                |                                   |               |
| Life & Accident Insurance and<br>Benefits <sup>(3)</sup> |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                     |                                                                                |                                   | 3,500,000     |
| Disability Insurance and<br>Benefits <sup>(4)</sup>      |                                  |                    |                                                        |                                     |                                                                                | 25,000 per mo.                    |               |
| <b>Totals</b>                                            |                                  |                    | 2,675,000                                              |                                     | 2,675,000                                                                      | 1,875,000 and<br>25,000 per mo.   | 3,500,000     |

(1) Base salary payments will be offset by disability payments.

(2) Reflects the estimated present value of all future premiums under the Company's health plans.

(3) Reflects the estimated present value of the cost of coverage for life and accident insurance policies and the estimated amount of proceeds payable to the executive's beneficiaries in the event of the executive's death.

(4) Reflects the estimated amount of proceeds payable to the executive in the event of the executive's disability.

**Compensation of Directors**

The following table sets forth the compensation provided by the Company to non-management directors during 2010:

| Name                                   | Fees Earned<br>or Paid<br>in Cash<br>(\$) | Option<br>Awards<br>(\$) | Change in<br>Pension<br>Value<br>and<br>Nonqualified<br>Deferred<br>Compensation<br>Earnings<br>(\$) | All Other<br>Compensation<br>(\$) | Total (\$) |
|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|
| Jeffrey Benjamin                       |                                           |                          |                                                                                                      |                                   |            |
| David Bonderman                        |                                           |                          |                                                                                                      |                                   |            |
| Anthony Civale <sup>(1)</sup>          |                                           |                          |                                                                                                      |                                   |            |
| Jonathan Coslet                        |                                           |                          |                                                                                                      |                                   |            |
| Kelvin Davis                           |                                           |                          |                                                                                                      |                                   |            |
| Karl Peterson                          |                                           |                          |                                                                                                      |                                   |            |
| Eric Press                             |                                           |                          |                                                                                                      |                                   |            |
| Marc Rowan                             |                                           |                          |                                                                                                      |                                   |            |
| David Sambur <sup>(2)</sup>            |                                           |                          |                                                                                                      |                                   |            |
| Lynn C. Swann                          | 75,000                                    |                          |                                                                                                      |                                   | 75,000     |
| Jinlong Wang <sup>(2)</sup>            |                                           |                          |                                                                                                      |                                   |            |
| Christopher J. Williams <sup>(3)</sup> | 130,000                                   |                          |                                                                                                      |                                   | 130,000    |

(1) Mr. Civale resigned from the Board effective November 19, 2010.

(2) Mr. Sambur and Mr. Wang were elected to the Board effective November 19, 2010.

(3) Mr. Williams also serves on the NJ/PA Audit Committee. For his services on the NJ/PA Audit Committee, Mr. Williams was paid an annual retainer of \$30,000 in 2010.



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In 2010, only Mr. Williams and Mr. Swann received compensation for their services as a member of our Board of Directors. Mr. Williams and Mr. Swann received a one-time option grant on July 1, 2008, which vests ratably over five years from the date of election to our Board. Mr. Williams received an option to purchase 2,822 shares of common stock and Mr. Swann received an option to purchase 2,117 shares of common stock. In January 2011, Mr. Swann received an option to purchase an additional 575 shares of common stock and Mr. Wang received an option to purchase 2,301 shares of common stock. In addition, each of these directors received annual cash compensation paid monthly in arrears. Mr. Williams receives \$100,000 annually and Mr. Swann received \$75,000 annually for 2010. Mr. Swann's compensation for 2011 will increase to \$90,000 with his appointment to serve on the HRC. Mr. Wang's compensation for 2011 shall be \$100,000 annually. The remaining directors do not receive compensation for their service as a member of our Board of Directors. All of our directors are reimbursed for any expenses incurred in connection with their service.

**Human Resources Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation**

The HRC is comprised of three members: Kelvin Davis, Marc Rowan and Lynn Swann. Mr. Swann was appointed in December 2010. None of these individuals are current or former officers or employees of the Company or any of our subsidiaries. During 2010, none of our executive officers served as a director or member of a compensation committee (or other committee serving an equivalent function) of any other entity whose executive officers served as a director or member of our Human Resources Committee.

**Table of Contents****SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT**

The following table lists the beneficial ownership of our common stock as of March 15, 2011, by Hamlet Holdings LLC, the Sponsors, the Paulson Investors, all current directors, our named executive officers and all directors and executive officers as a group, and the percentage of shares beneficially owned by such beneficial owners. All shares held by funds affiliated with and controlled by the Sponsors and their co-investors, representing 89.3% of our outstanding common stock are subject to an irrevocable proxy that gives Hamlet Holdings sole voting and sole dispositive power with respect to such shares.

| Name                                                                | Shares of Stock<br>Beneficially Owned | Percentage of Shares<br>Beneficially<br>Owned |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Apollo Funds <sup>(1)(2)</sup>                                      |                                       |                                               |
| TPG Funds <sup>(1)(3)(4)</sup>                                      |                                       |                                               |
| Hamlet Holdings <sup>(1)(5)</sup>                                   | 64,153,667                            | 89.3%                                         |
| Paulson Investors <sup>(6)</sup>                                    | 7,102,660                             | 9.9%                                          |
| Jeffrey Benjamin <sup>(7)</sup>                                     |                                       |                                               |
| David Bonderman <sup>(3)(4)</sup>                                   |                                       |                                               |
| Jonathan Coslet <sup>(8)</sup>                                      |                                       |                                               |
| Kelvin Davis <sup>(9)</sup>                                         |                                       |                                               |
| Jonathan S. Halkyard <sup>(11)</sup>                                | 47,882                                | *                                             |
| Thomas M. Jenkin <sup>(11)</sup>                                    | 63,546                                | *                                             |
| Gary W. Loveman <sup>(11)</sup>                                     | 563,170                               | *                                             |
| John W. R. Payne <sup>(11)</sup>                                    | 40,216                                | *                                             |
| Karl Peterson <sup>(9)</sup>                                        |                                       |                                               |
| Eric Press <sup>(7)</sup>                                           |                                       |                                               |
| Marc Rowan <sup>(2)</sup>                                           |                                       |                                               |
| David B. Sambur <sup>(7)</sup>                                      |                                       |                                               |
| Lynn C. Swann <sup>(11)</sup>                                       | 846                                   | *                                             |
| Jinlong Wang                                                        |                                       |                                               |
| Christopher J. Williams <sup>(11)</sup>                             | 1,693                                 | *                                             |
| All directors and executive officers as a group <sup>(10)(11)</sup> | 829,795                               | 1.1%                                          |

\* Indicates less than 1%

- (1) Each of Apollo Hamlet Holdings, LLC ( Apollo Hamlet ) and Apollo Hamlet Holdings B, LLC ( Apollo Hamlet B ) and together with Apollo Hamlet, the Apollo Funds ), TPG Hamlet Holdings, LLC ( TPG Hamlet ) and TPG Hamlet Holdings B, LLC ( TPG Hamlet B, ) and together with TPG Hamlet, the TPG Funds ), and Co-Invest Hamlet Holdings B, LLC ( Co-Invest B ) and Co-Invest Hamlet Holdings, Series LLC ( Co-Invest LLC ) and together with Co-Invest B, the Co-Invest Funds ), have granted an irrevocable proxy (the Irrevocable Proxy ) in respect of all of the shares of common stock held by such entity to Hamlet Holdings, irrevocably constituting and appointing Hamlet Holdings, with full power of substitution, its true and lawful proxy and attorney-in-fact to: (i) vote all of the shares of the common stock held by such entity at any meeting (and any adjournment or postponement thereof) of Caesars stockholders, and in connection with any written consent of Caesar s stockholders, and (ii) direct and effect the sale, transfer or other disposition of all or any part of the shares of common stock held by that entity, if, as and when so determined in the sole discretion of Hamlet Holdings.
- (2) Apollo Hamlet, Apollo Hamlet B and the Co-Invest Funds directly hold an aggregate of 48,943,964 shares of common stock, all of which are subject to the Irrevocable Proxy. Each of Apollo Hamlet Holdings, LLC and Apollo Hamlet Holdings B, LLC is an affiliate of, and is controlled by, affiliates of Apollo. Apollo Management VI, L.P., an affiliate of Apollo, is one of two managing members of each of the Co-Invest Funds. Messrs. Black, Harris and Rowan serve as the managers of Apollo Hamlet and Apollo Hamlet B, and also serve as the executive officers and managers of Apollo and its affiliated investment managers and advisors. Messrs. Black, Harris and Rowan are also members of Hamlet Holdings. The Apollo Funds, the

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- Co-Invest Funds, Apollo and each of its affiliates, and Messrs. Black, Harris and Rowan, each disclaim beneficial ownership of any shares of common stock beneficially owned by Hamlet Holdings pursuant to the Irrevocable Proxy, or directly held by Apollo Hamlet, Apollo Hamlet B or the Co-Invest Funds, in which such person does not have a pecuniary interest. The address of the Apollo Funds, Apollo and Apollo's investment management affiliates, and Messrs. Black, Harris and Rowan is c/o Apollo Global Management, LLC, 9 West 57th Street, 43rd Floor, New York, New York 10019. The address of the Co-Invest Funds is c/o Apollo Global Management, LLC, 9 West 57th Street, 43rd Floor, New York, New York 10019 and c/o TPG Capital, L.P., 301 Commerce Street, Suite 3300, Fort Worth, Texas 76102.
- (3) The TPG Funds and the Co-Invest Funds directly hold an aggregate of 48,943,964 shares of Caesars common stock, all of which are subject to the Irrevocable Proxy. The TPG Funds disclaim beneficial ownership of the common stock held by Hamlet Holdings pursuant to the Irrevocable Proxy. The address of the TPG Funds is c/o TPG Capital, L.P., 301 Commerce Street, Suite 3300, Fort Worth, Texas 76102.
  - (4) David Bonderman and James G. Coulter are directors, officers and shareholders of TPG Group Holdings (SBS) Advisors, Inc., which is the general partner of TPG Group Holdings (SBS), L.P., which is the sole member of TPG Holdings I-A, LLC, which is the general partner of TPG Holdings I, L.P. which is the sole member of TPG GenPar V Advisors, LLC, which is the general partner of TPG GenPar V, L.P., which is the general partner of TPG V Hamlet AIV, L.P. which is the managing member of TPG Hamlet. TPG GenPar V, L.P. is also the managing member of TPG Hamlet B and a managing member of each of the Co-Invest Funds. Messrs. Bonderman and Coulter are also members of Hamlet Holdings. Messrs. Bonderman and Coulter disclaim beneficial ownership of the common stock held by Hamlet Holdings pursuant to the Irrevocable Proxy. The address of each Messrs. Bonderman and Coulter is c/o TPG Capital, L.P., 301 Commerce Street, Suite 3300, Fort Worth, Texas 76102.
  - (5) All shares held by the Apollo Funds, the TPG Funds and the Co-Invest Funds, representing 89.3% of Caesars' outstanding common stock, are subject to the Irrevocable Proxy granting Hamlet Holdings sole voting and sole dispositive power with respect to such shares. The members of Hamlet Holdings are Leon Black, Joshua Harris and Marc Rowan, each of whom is affiliated with Apollo, and David Bonderman, James G. Coulter and Jonathan Coslet, each of whom is affiliated with the TPG Funds. Each member holds approximately 17% of the limited liability company interests of Hamlet Holdings.
  - (6) Includes all of the common stock held by funds and accounts managed by Paulson & Co. Inc., which include Paulson Credit Opportunities Master Ltd., Paulson Recovery Master Fund Ltd., Paulson Advantage Master Ltd. and Paulson Advantage Plus Master Ltd. The address of Paulson & Co. Inc. is 1251 Avenue of the Americas, 50th Floor, New York, NY 10020.
  - (7) Jeffrey Benjamin, Eric Press and David Sambur are each affiliated with Apollo or its affiliated investment managers and advisors. Messrs. Benjamin, Press and Sambur each disclaim beneficial ownership of the shares of common stock that are beneficially owned by Hamlet Holdings, or directly held by any of the Apollo Funds or the Co-Invest Funds. The address of Messrs. Benjamin, Press and Sambur is c/o Apollo Global Management, LLC, 9 West 57th Street, 43rd Floor, New York, New York 10019.
  - (8) Jonathan Coslet is a Senior Partner of TPG Capital, L.P. and a member of Hamlet Holdings. TPG Capital, L.P. is an affiliate of (a) the TPG Funds, (b) the Co-Invest Funds, and (c) Hamlet Holdings. Mr. Coslet disclaims beneficial ownership of the securities subject to the Irrevocable Proxy. The address of Mr. Coslet is c/o TPG Capital, L.P., 301 Commerce Street, Suite 3300, Fort Worth, Texas 76102.
  - (9) Kelvin Davis is a Senior Partner and Karl Peterson is a Partner of TPG Capital, L.P. and each is an officer of Hamlet Holdings. TPG Capital, L.P. is an affiliate of (a) the TPG Funds, (b) the Co-Invest Funds, and (c) Hamlet Holdings. Each of Messrs. Davis and Peterson disclaim beneficial ownership of the securities subject to the Irrevocable Proxy. The address of Messrs. Davis and Peterson is c/o TPG Capital, L.P., 301 Commerce Street, Suite 3300, Fort Worth, Texas 76102.
  - (10) Unless otherwise specified, the address of each of our named executive officers is c/o Caesars Entertainment Corporation, One Caesars Palace Drive, Las Vegas, Nevada 89109.
  - (11) Includes common stock that may be acquired within 60 days pursuant to outstanding stock options: Mr. Halkyard, 30,688 shares; Mr. Jenkin, 41,271 shares; Mr. Loveman, 413,170 shares; Mr. Payne, 29,630 shares; Mr. Swann, 846 shares; Mr. Williams, 1,693 shares; and 581,626 shares for all directors and executive officers as a group.

**Table of Contents****SELLING STOCKHOLDERS**

The selling stockholders may from time to time offer and sell any or all of our shares set forth below pursuant to this prospectus. When we refer to selling stockholders in this prospectus, we mean the persons listed in the table below, and the pledgees, donees, permitted transferees, assignees, successors and others who later come to hold any of the selling stockholders' interests in our shares other than through a public sale.

Certain selling stockholders may be deemed underwriters as defined in the Securities Act. Any profits realized by the selling stockholders may be deemed underwriting commissions.

The following table sets forth, as of the date of this prospectus, the name of the selling stockholders for whom we are registering shares for resale to the public, and the number of shares that each selling stockholder may offer pursuant to this prospectus. The shares offered by the selling stockholders were issued pursuant to exemptions from the registration requirements of the Securities Act. The selling stockholders represented to us that they were qualified institutional buyers or accredited investors and were acquiring our shares for investment and had no present intention of distributing the shares. We have agreed to file a registration statement covering the shares received by the selling stockholders. We have filed with the SEC, under the Securities Act, a Registration Statement on Form S-1 with respect to the resale of the shares from time to time by the selling stockholders, and this prospectus forms a part of that registration statement.

Based on information provided to us by the selling stockholders and as of the date the same was provided to us, assuming that the selling stockholders sell all the shares beneficially owned by them that have been registered by us and do not acquire any additional shares during the offering, the selling stockholders will not own any shares other than those appearing in the column entitled "Number of Shares Owned After the Offering." We cannot advise as to whether the selling stockholders will in fact sell any or all of such shares. In addition, the selling stockholders may have sold, transferred or otherwise disposed of, or may sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of, at any time and from time to time, the shares in transactions exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act after the date on which it provided the information set forth on the table below.

| <b>Selling Stockholder</b>       | <b>Number of Shares That May Be Sold</b> | <b>Percentage of Shares Outstanding</b> | <b>Number of Shares Owned After the Offering</b> |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Paulson Investors <sup>(1)</sup> | 7,102,660                                | 9.9%                                    | 0                                                |

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes all of the common stock held by funds and accounts managed by Paulson & Co. Inc., which include Paulson Credit Opportunities Master Ltd., Paulson Recovery Master Fund Ltd., Paulson Advantage Master Ltd. and Paulson Advantage Plus Master Ltd., after giving effect to the Private Placement and the Reclassification, assuming that the Paulson Investors tender \$710.3 million of notes in the Private Placement. The address of Paulson & Co. Inc. is 1251 Avenue of the Americas, 50th Floor, New York, NY 10020.

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### **CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

#### **Related Party Transaction Policy**

Our Board has approved a related party transaction policy and procedures which gives our Audit Committee the power to approve or disapprove potential related party transactions of our directors and executive officers, their immediate family members and entities where they hold a 5% or greater beneficial ownership interest. The Audit Committee is charged with reviewing all relevant facts and circumstances of a related party transaction, including if the transaction is on terms comparable to those that could be obtained in arm's length dealings with an unrelated third party and the extent of the person's interest in the transaction.

The policy has pre-approved the following related party transactions:

Compensation to an executive officer or director that is reported in the company's public filings and has been approved by the Human Resources Committee or our Board;

Transactions where the interest arises only from (a) the person's position as a director on the related party's board; (b) direct or indirect ownership of less than 5% of the related party or (c) the person's position as a partner with the related party with less than 5% interest and not the general partner of the partnership; and

Transactions involving services as a bank depository of funds, transfer agent, registrar, trustee under a trust indenture or similar services.

Related Party Transaction is defined as a transaction, arrangement or relationship (or any series of similar transactions, arrangements or relationships) in which we (including any of our subsidiaries) were, are or will be a participant and the amount involved exceeds \$120,000, and in which any related person had, has or will have a direct or indirect interest.

The following discussion reflects our relationships and related party transactions entered into in connection with the Acquisition and does not reflect relationships prior to that time.

#### **2009 Cash Tender Offer**

On March 5, 2009, Hamlet Tender, LLC and Hamlet FW LLC, and/or one or more additional investment vehicles formed or to be formed by Apollo and TPG and certain other co-investors launched a \$250 million cash tender offer for up to approximately \$676 million aggregate principal amount of the 10% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2015 and 2018 of CEOC, Hamlet Tender, LLC and Hamlet FW LLC were formed and are controlled by affiliates of Apollo and TPG.

#### **Hamlet Holdings Operating Agreement**

All holders of Hamlet Holdings' equity securities are parties to Hamlet Holdings' limited liability company operating agreement. The operating agreement provides, among other things, for the various responsibilities of the members. The members include Leon Black, Joshua Harris and Marc Rowan, each of whom is affiliated with Apollo, or the Apollo Members, and David Bonderman, James Coulter and Jonathan Coslet, each of whom is affiliated with TPG (the TPG Members) and, together with the Apollo Members, the Members). The Members have the full and exclusive right to manage Hamlet Holdings and the consent of at least one Apollo Member and one TPG Member is required for all decisions by or on behalf of Hamlet Holdings. The operating agreement also contains customary indemnification rights.

#### **Stockholders' Agreement**

In connection with the Acquisition, Hamlet Holdings, the Sponsors and certain of their affiliates, the co-investors and certain of their affiliates entered into a stockholders' agreement with us. The stockholders'





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agreement contains, among other things, the agreement among the stockholders to restrict their ability to transfer our stock as well as rights of first refusal, tag-along rights, drag-along rights and piggyback rights. Pursuant to the stockholders' agreement, certain of the stockholders have, subject to certain exceptions, preemptive rights on future offerings of our equity securities by us. The stockholders' agreement also provides the stockholders with certain rights with respect to the approval of certain matters and the designation of nominees to serve on our Board, as well as registration rights of our securities that they own including any securities purchased in this offering.

Our Board was initially comprised of at least nine (9) directors, (i) four (4) of whom were designated by the Apollo Members and (ii) four (4) of whom were designated by the TPG Members, and (iii) one (1) of whom shall be the chairman. As ownership in us by either of the Sponsors decreases, the stockholders' agreement provides for the reduction in the number of directors each of the Apollo Members or TPG Members can designate.

Pursuant to the stockholders' agreement, approval of our Board and at least two directors (one designated by Apollo Members and one designated by TPG Members) are required for various transactions by us, including, among other things, our liquidation, dissolution, merger, sale of all or substantially all of our assets as well as the issuance of our securities in connection with certain acquisitions and joint ventures.

## **Management Investor Rights Agreement**

In connection with the Acquisition, we entered into a Management Investor Rights Agreement with certain of our holders of securities, including certain members of our management. The agreement governs certain aspects of our relationship with our management securityholders. The agreement, among other things:

restricts the ability of management securityholders to transfer our shares of non-voting common stock, with certain exceptions, prior to a qualified public offering;

allows the Sponsors to require management securityholders to participate in sale transactions in which the Sponsors sell more than 40% of their shares of non-voting common stock;

allows management securityholders to participate in sale transactions in which the Sponsors sell shares of non-voting common stock, subject to certain exceptions;

allows management securityholders to participate in registered offerings in which the Sponsors sell their shares of non-voting common stock, subject to certain limitations;

allows management securityholders below the level of senior vice president to require us to repurchase shares of non-voting common stock in the event that a management securityholder below the level of senior vice president experiences an economic hardship prior to an initial public offering, subject to annual limits on the company's repurchase obligations;

allows management securityholders to require us to repurchase shares of non-voting common stock upon termination of employment without cause or for good reason; and

allows us to repurchase, subject to applicable laws, all or any portion of our non-voting common stock held by management securityholders upon the termination of their employment with us or our subsidiaries, in certain circumstances.

The agreement will terminate upon the earliest to occur of the dissolution of Hamlet Holdings or the occurrence of any event that reduces the number of securityholders to one.

The agreement, was amended on November 22, 2010 to reflect the reclassification of our non-voting common stock to voting common stock.



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### **Services Agreement**

Upon the completion of the Acquisition, the Sponsors and their affiliates entered into a services agreement with the Company relating to the provision of certain financial and strategic advisory services and consulting services. The Company paid the Sponsors a one time transaction fee of \$200 million for structuring the Acquisition and will pay an annual fee for their management services and advice equal to the greater of \$30 million and 1% of the Company's earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization. Also, under the services agreement, the Sponsors have the right to act, in return for additional fees based on a percentage of the gross transaction value, as our financial advisor or investment banker for any merger, acquisition, disposition, financing or the like if we decide we need to engage someone to fill such a role. We have agreed to indemnify the Sponsors and their affiliates and their directors, officers and representatives for losses relating to the services contemplated by the services agreement and the engagement of affiliates of the Sponsors pursuant to, and the performance by them of the services contemplated by, the services agreement.

### **Shared Services Agreement**

CEOC entered into a shared services agreement with the CMBS Entities, pursuant to which CEOC will provide to the CMBS Entities certain corporate services. The services include but are not limited to: information technology services; website management services; operations and production services; vendor relationship management services; strategic sourcing services; real estate services; development services; construction services; finance and accounting services; procurement services; treasury and trust services; human resources services; marketing and public relations services; legal services; insurance services; corporate/executive services; payroll services; security and surveillance services; government relation services; communication services; consulting services; and data access services.

Pursuant to the agreement, CEOC granted the CMBS Entities the right to use certain software and other intellectual property rights granted or licensed to us and/or our direct or indirect subsidiaries. The agreement provides that the cost of the services described above will be allocated between CEOC and the CMBS Entities on the property-level basis that we have historically used to allocate such costs, and on a 70%/30% basis for those costs that have not previously been allocated to the various properties, or pursuant to such other methods as our Board determines in good faith to be an equitable allocation of such costs between us and the CMBS Entities. The agreement also memorializes certain short-term cash management arrangements and other operating efficiencies that reflect the way in which we have historically operated our business. Payments made to CEOC under the shared services agreement are subordinated to the obligations of the CMBS Entities under the CMBS Financing. In addition, the agreement provides that certain insurance proceeds payable in respect of assets underlying the CMBS Financing and CEOC properties will be paid first to the CMBS Entities to the extent of amounts payable thereto. The agreement terminates in January 2014 and may be terminated by the parties at any time prior to January 2014.

### **License Agreement**

One of our subsidiaries entered into license agreements with certain of the CMBS Entities pursuant to which the CMBS Entities license certain trademarks that are owned or licensed by such subsidiary.

### **Irrevocable Proxy**

On November 22, 2010, affiliates of the Sponsors and their co-investors entered into an irrevocable proxy vesting voting and dispositive control of their common stock of Caesars in Hamlet Holdings. As a result, Hamlet Holdings has voting and dispositive control of approximately 89.3% of our common stock outstanding.

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**Director Independence**

As of February 28, 2011, our Board was comprised of Jeffrey Benjamin, David Bonderman, Jonathan Coslet, Kelvin Davis, Gary Loveman, Karl Peterson, Eric Press, Marc Rowan, David B. Sambur, Lynn C. Swann, Jinlong Wang and Christopher J. Williams. Though not formally considered by our Board given that our securities were not then registered or traded on any national securities exchange, based upon the listing standards of the New York Stock Exchange, the national securities exchange upon which our common stock was listed prior to the Acquisition, we do not believe that Messrs. Benjamin, Bonderman, Coslet, Davis, Loveman, Peterson, Press, Rowan or Sambur would be considered independent because of their relationships with certain affiliates of the funds and other entities which have sole voting and dispositive control over 89.3% of our outstanding voting common stock, and other relationships with us.

One of our former directors, Stephen F. Bollenbach, was Co-Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Hilton Hotels Corporation. Mr. Bollenbach resigned as a director effective January 28, 2008, in connection with the Acquisition.

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**DESCRIPTION OF INDEBTEDNESS**

**Credit Facility Agreement and Incremental Facility Amendment**

*Overview.* In connection with the Acquisition, CEOC entered into the Credit Facilities. This financing is neither secured nor guaranteed by Caesars' other direct, wholly owned subsidiaries, including the subsidiaries that own properties that are security for the CMBS Financing and certain of CEOC's subsidiaries that are unrestricted subsidiaries. In late 2009, CEOC completed cash tender offers for certain of its outstanding debt, and in connection with these tender offers, CEOC borrowed \$1,000.0 million of new term loans under its Credit Facilities pursuant to the Incremental Loans.

As of December 31, 2010, CEOC's senior secured Credit Facilities provided for senior secured financing of up to \$8,435.1 million, consisting of (i) senior secured term loan facilities in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$6,805.1 million, with \$5,815.1 million maturing on January 28, 2015 and \$990.0 million maturing on October 31, 2016, and (ii) a senior secured revolving credit facility in an aggregate principal amount up to \$1,630.0 million, maturing January 28, 2014, including both a letter of credit sub-facility and a swingline loan sub-facility. A total of \$6,805.1 million face amount of borrowings were outstanding under the Credit Facilities as of December 31, 2010, with \$119.8 million of the revolving credit facility committed to outstanding letters of credit. After consideration of these borrowings and letters of credit, \$1,510.2 million of additional borrowing capacity was available to us under the Credit Facilities as of December 31, 2010.

The Credit Facilities allow us to request one or more incremental term loan facilities and/or increase commitments under our revolving facility in an aggregate amount of up to \$750.0 million, subject to certain conditions and receipt of commitments by existing or additional financial institutions or institutional lenders.

All borrowings under the senior secured revolving credit facility are subject to the satisfaction of customary conditions, including the absence of a default and the accuracy of representations and warranties, and the requirement that such borrowing does not reduce the amount of obligations otherwise permitted to be secured under our new senior secured credit facilities without ratably securing the retained notes.

Proceeds from the term loan drawn on the closing date were used to refinance existing debt and pay expenses related to the Acquisition. Proceeds of the revolving loan draws, swingline and letters of credit will be used for working capital and general corporate purposes. Proceeds from the Incremental Loans were used to refinance or retire existing debt and to provide additional liquidity.

*Interest and Fees.* Borrowings under the Credit Facilities, other than borrowings under the Incremental Loans, bear interest at a rate equal to the then-current LIBOR rate or at a rate equal to the alternate base rate, in each case plus an applicable margin. The Incremental Loans bear interest at a rate equal to the greater of the then current LIBOR rate subject to a 2.00% floor or at a rate equal to the alternate base rate, in each case plus an applicable margin. In addition, on a quarterly basis, we are required to pay each lender (i) a commitment fee in respect of any unused commitments under the revolving credit facility and (ii) a letter of credit fee in respect of the aggregate face amount of outstanding letters of credit under the revolving credit facility. As of December 31, 2010, the Credit Facilities, other than borrowings under the Incremental Loans, bore interest at LIBOR plus 300 basis points for the term loans and a portion of the revolver loan, and at the alternate base rate plus 150 basis points for the swingline loan and at the alternate base rate plus 200 basis points for the remainder of the revolver loan, and bore a commitment fee for unborrowed amounts of 50 basis points.

We make monthly interest payments on our CMBS Financing. Our Senior Secured Notes, including the Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes, and our unsecured debt have semi-annual interest payments, with the majority of those payments on June 15 and December 15. Our previously outstanding senior secured notes that were retired as part of the exchange offers had semi-annual interest payments on February 1 and August 1 of every year.

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*Collateral and Guarantors.* CEOC's Credit Facilities are guaranteed by Caesars, and are secured by a pledge of CEOC's capital stock, and by substantially all of the existing and future property and assets of CEOC and its material, wholly owned domestic subsidiaries other than certain unrestricted subsidiaries, including a pledge of the capital stock of CEOC's material, wholly owned domestic subsidiaries and 65% of the capital stock of the first-tier foreign subsidiaries, in each case subject to exceptions. The following casino properties have mortgages under the Credit Facilities.

|                               |                        |                                 |                                  |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| <b>Las Vegas</b>              | <b>Atlantic City</b>   | <b>Louisiana/Mississippi</b>    | <b>Iowa/Missouri</b>             |
| Caesars Palace                | Bally's Atlantic City  | Harrah's New Orleans            | Harrah's St. Louis               |
| Bally's Las Vegas             | Caesars Atlantic City  | (Hotel only)                    | Harrah's Council Bluffs          |
| Imperial Palace               | Showboat Atlantic City | Harrah's Louisiana Downs        | Horseshoe Council Bluffs/ Bluffs |
| Bill's Gamblin' Hall & Saloon |                        | Horseshoe Bossier City          | Run                              |
|                               |                        | Harrah's Tunica                 |                                  |
|                               |                        | Horseshoe Tunica                |                                  |
|                               |                        | Tunica Roadhouse Hotel & Casino |                                  |
| <b>Illinois/Indiana</b>       | <b>Other Nevada</b>    |                                 |                                  |
| Horseshoe Southern Indiana    | Harrah's Reno          |                                 |                                  |
| Harrah's Metropolis           | Harrah's Lake Tahoe    |                                 |                                  |
| Horseshoe Hammond             | Harveys Lake Tahoe     |                                 |                                  |

Additionally, certain undeveloped land in Las Vegas also is mortgaged.

*Restrictive Covenants and Other Matters.* The Credit Facilities require compliance on a quarterly basis with a maximum net senior secured first lien debt leverage test. In addition, the Credit Facilities include negative covenants, subject to certain exceptions, restricting or limiting CEOC's ability and the ability of its restricted subsidiaries to, among other things: (i) incur additional debt; (ii) create liens on certain assets; (iii) enter into sale and lease-back transactions (iv) make certain investments, loans and advances; (v) consolidate, merge, sell or otherwise dispose of all or any part of its assets or to purchase, lease or otherwise acquire all or any substantial part of assets of any other person; (vi) pay dividends or make distributions or make other restricted payments; (vii) enter into certain transactions with its affiliates; (viii) engage in any business other than the business activity conducted at the closing date of the loan or business activities incidental or related thereto; (ix) amend or modify the articles or certificate of incorporation, by-laws and certain agreements or make certain payments or modifications of indebtedness; and (x) designate or permit the designation of any indebtedness as Designated Senior Debt.

Caesars is not bound by any financial or negative covenants contained in CEOC's credit agreement, other than with respect to the incurrence of liens on and the pledge of its stock of CEOC.

All borrowings under the senior secured revolving credit facility are subject to the satisfaction of customary conditions, including the absence of a default and the accuracy of representations and warranties, and the requirement that such borrowing does not reduce the amount of obligations otherwise permitted to be secured under our new senior secured credit facilities without ratably securing the retained notes.

Certain covenants contained in CEOC's credit agreement require the maintenance of a Senior Secured Leverage Ratio, which is the ratio of senior first priority secured debt to last twelve months' adjusted EBITDA of CEOC, as calculated pursuant to the agreements. The June 3, 2009 amendment and waiver to our credit agreement excludes from the Senior Secured Leverage Ratio (a) the \$1,375.0 million first lien notes issued June 15, 2009 and the \$720.0 million first lien notes issued on September 11, 2009 and (b) up to \$250.0 million aggregate principal amount of consolidated debt of subsidiaries that are not wholly owned subsidiaries. Certain covenants contained in the credit agreement governing the Credit Facilities and the indentures and other agreements governing CEOC's second lien notes and first lien notes restrict our ability to take certain actions such as incurring additional debt or making acquisitions if we are unable to meet adjusted EBITDA to Fixed Charges,

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senior secured debt to last twelve months adjusted EBITDA and consolidated debt to last twelve months adjusted EBITDA ratios, in each case as calculated pursuant to the applicable agreements. The covenants that restrict additional indebtedness and the ability to make future acquisitions require a last twelve months adjusted EBITDA to Fixed Charges ratio (measured on a trailing four-quarter basis) of 2.0:1.0. Failure to comply with these covenants can result in limiting our long-term growth prospects by hindering our ability to incur future indebtedness or grow through acquisitions.

We believe we are in compliance with CEOC's credit agreement and indentures, including the Senior Secured Leverage Ratio, as of December 31, 2010. If CEOC's last twelve months Adjusted EBITDA were to decline significantly from the level achieved at December 31, 2010, it could cause CEOC to exceed the Senior Secured Leverage Ratio and could be an Event of Default under CEOC's credit agreement. However, we could implement certain actions in an effort to minimize the possibility of a breach of the Senior Secured Leverage Ratio, including reducing payroll and other operating costs, deferring or eliminating certain maintenance, delaying or deferring capital expenditures, or selling assets. In addition, under certain circumstances, our credit agreement allows us to apply the cash contributions received by CEOC as a capital contribution to cure covenant breaches. However, there is no guarantee that such contributions will be able to be secured.

### **Retained Notes**

As of December 31, 2010, CEOC had an aggregate principal amount of \$2,029.7 million face value of notes that remained outstanding upon the closing of the Acquisition, consisting of the following series:

\$125.2 million aggregate principal amount of 5.375% Senior Notes due 2013;

\$791.8 million aggregate principal amount of 5.625% Senior Notes due 2015;

\$573.1 million aggregate principal amount of 6.5% Senior Notes due 2016;

\$538.8 million aggregate principal amount of 5.75% Senior Notes due 2017; and

\$0.8 million aggregate principal amount of debt securities not tendered in Tender Offers.

The \$427.2 million, \$324.4 million and \$384.9 million of notes due in 2015, 2016 and 2017, respectively, pursuant to the consummation of the Private Placement are not deemed outstanding for purposes of Caesars.

These notes contain covenants that limit the amount of secured indebtedness we may incur and our ability to enter into sale/leaseback transactions. Caesars is a guarantor of these notes. Subject to the terms of the Credit Facilities and the indenture governing the notes, we may refinance these notes with debt that is guaranteed by our subsidiaries and/or secured by their and our assets.

### **First Lien Notes**

CEOC currently has an aggregate principal amount of face value of \$2,095.0 million Senior Secured Notes due 2017. These notes are CEOC's senior obligations and rank equally and ratably with all of its existing and future senior indebtedness and senior to any of its subordinated indebtedness, and are secured by first-priority liens, subject to permitted liens, by the assets of the subsidiaries that have pledged their assets to secure the Credit Facilities. These notes are guaranteed by Caesars.

### **Second Lien Notes**

CEOC currently has 10.0% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes with a face value of \$214.8 million due 2015, 10.0% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes with a face value of \$847.6 million due 2018, 10.0% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes with a face value of \$3,705.5 million due 2018 and 12.75% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes with a face value of \$750.0 million due 2018. These notes are secured by a second priority security interest in substantially all of CEOC's and its subsidiaries' property and assets that secure the Credit Facilities. These liens are

junior in priority to the liens on substantially the same collateral securing the Credit Facilities. The notes are guaranteed by Caesars.



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### **Guaranteed Senior Notes**

In connection with the Acquisition, CEOC issued unsecured senior indebtedness that was guaranteed by the subsidiaries that have pledged their assets to secure the Credit Facilities. Of this guaranteed senior indebtedness, \$489.1 million remains outstanding, consisting of \$478.6 million of 10.75% Senior Notes due 2016 and \$10.5 million of 10.75%/11.5% Senior Toggle Notes due 2018. These notes do not contain operating covenants.

### **CMBS Financing**

In connection with the Acquisition, six of our properties, or the CMBS properties, and their related assets were spun out of CEOC. The CMBS properties borrowed \$6,500.0 million of CMBS Financing and the CMBS Financing is secured by the assets of the CMBS properties and certain aspects of the financing are guaranteed by Caesars. During the 2009 fourth quarter, we entered into and completed purchase and sale agreements with certain lenders to acquire mezzanine loans (together with the CMBS mortgage loan, the CMBS Loans under our CMBS Financing. In the fourth quarter of 2009, Caesars purchased \$948.8 million face value of our outstanding CMBS Loans for \$237.2 million. Pursuant to the CMBS Amendment, we have agreed to pay lenders selling CMBS Loans during the fourth quarter of 2009 an additional \$47.4 million for their loans previously sold, to be paid no later than December 31, 2010. This additional liability was paid during the fourth quarter of 2010. In June 2010, we purchased \$46.6 million face value of CMBS Loans for \$22.6 million. In September 2010, in connection with the execution of the amendment, we purchased \$123.8 million face value of CMBS Loans for \$37.1 million, of which \$31.0 million was paid at the closing of the CMBS amendment, and the remainder of which was paid during fourth quarter 2010. In December 2010, we purchased \$191.3 million of face value of CMBS Loans for \$95.6 million, which left a balance of \$5,189.6 million outstanding under the CMBS Loans at December 31, 2010.

On August 31, 2010, Caesars subsidiaries that are borrowers and the lenders under our CMBS Financing amended the terms of the CMBS Financing to, among other things, (i) provide our subsidiaries that are borrowers under the CMBS Loans the right to extend the maturity of the CMBS Loans, subject to certain conditions, by up to two years until February 2015, (ii) amend certain terms of the CMBS Loans with respect to reserve requirements, collateral rights, property release prices and the payment of management fees, (iii) provide for ongoing mandatory offers to repurchase CMBS Loans using excess cash flow from the CMBS Entities at discounted prices of thirty to fifty cents per dollar, (iv) provide for the amortization of the mortgage loan in certain minimum amounts upon the occurrence of certain conditions and (v) provide for certain limitations with respect to the amount of excess cash flow from the CMBS entities that may be distributed to us. Any CMBS Loan purchased pursuant to the CMBS Amendment will be cancelled.

### **Other Indebtedness**

As of December 31, 2010, we had other indebtedness in the aggregate principal amount of \$857.8 million as described below.

\$530.5 million of debt borrowed by PHW Las Vegas under a senior secured term loan;

\$248.4 million of debt borrowed by a subsidiary of CEOC (Chester Downs) under a senior secured term loan;

\$67.1 million of principal obligations to fund Clark County, Nevada, Special Improvement District bonds; and

\$11.8 million of miscellaneous other indebtedness.

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**DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK**

Our authorized capital stock consists of 1,250,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and 125,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share, the rights and preferences of which may be designated by the board of directors.

All of our existing stock is validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable. The discussion below describes the most important terms of our capital stock, certificate of incorporation and bylaws. Because it is only a summary, it does not contain all the information that may be important to you. For a complete description refer to our certificate of incorporation and bylaws, copies of which have been filed as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part, and to the applicable provisions of the Delaware General Corporation Law.

**Common Stock**

*Voting Rights.* The holders of Caesars common stock are entitled to one vote per share on all matters submitted for action by the stockholders.

*Dividend Rights.* Subject to any preferential rights of any then outstanding preferred stock, all shares of Caesars common stock are entitled to share equally in any dividends Caesars board of directors may declare from legally available sources.

*Liquidation Rights.* Upon liquidation or dissolution of Caesars, whether voluntary or involuntary, after payment in full of the amounts required to be paid to holders of any then outstanding preferred stock, all shares of Caesars common stock will be entitled to share equally in the assets available for distribution to stockholders after payment of all of Caesars prior obligations.

*Other Matters.* The holders of Caesars new common stock have no preemptive or conversion rights, and Caesars common stock is not be subject to further calls or assessments by Caesars. There are no redemption or sinking fund provisions applicable to the common stock except those described below under Certain Redemption Provisions. Except as described below under Certain Anti-Takeover, Limited Liability and Indemnification Provisions, a majority vote of common stockholders is generally required to take action under our certificate of incorporation and bylaws. The rights, preferences and privileges of holders of our common stock are subject to the terms of any series of preferred stock that may be issued in the future.

**Preferred Stock**

Our board of directors, without further stockholder approval, is able to issue, from time to time, up to an aggregate of 125,000,000 shares of preferred stock in one or more series and to fix or alter the designations, preferences, rights and any qualifications, limitations or restrictions of the shares of each such series thereof, including the dividend rights, dividend rates, conversion rights, voting rights, terms of redemption (including sinking fund provisions), redemption prices or prices, liquidation preferences and the number of shares constituting any series or designations of such series. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the rights of each holder of preferred stock will be subject at all times to compliance with all gaming and other statutes, laws, rules and regulations applicable to us or such holder at that time. Upon closing of this offering, there will be no shares of preferred stock outstanding. Our board of directors may authorize the issuance of preferred stock with voting or conversion rights that could adversely affect the voting power or other rights of the holders of common stock. The issuance of preferred stock, while providing flexibility in connection with possible future financings and acquisitions and other corporate purposes could, under certain circumstances, have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of us might harm the market price of our common stock. See Certain Anti-Takeover, Limited Liability and Indemnification Provisions.

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### **Certain Redemption Provisions**

Caesars' certificate of incorporation contains provisions establishing the right to redeem the securities of disqualified holders if necessary to avoid any regulatory sanctions, to prevent the loss or to secure the reinstatement of any license or franchise, or if such holder is determined by any gaming regulatory agency to be unsuitable, has an application for a license or permit denied or rejected, or has a previously issued license or permit rescinded, suspended, revoked or not renewed. The certificate of incorporation also contains provisions defining the redemption price and the rights of a disqualified security holder.

### **Registration Rights**

The Sponsors each have demand registration rights with respect to the Caesars stock they currently own and both Sponsors and the co-investors can participate in any demand registration initiated by either Sponsor. To the extent the number of securities offered in any such offering has to be limited based upon the opinion of the underwriter or underwriters of such offering, the securities to be offered shall include (i) first, securities to be allocated pro rata among the Sponsors and their co-investors and (ii) second, only if all the securities referred to in clause (i) have been included, securities that Caesars proposes to include in such demand registration.

The Sponsors and their co-investors also have piggyback registration rights for any other offering not covered by a demand registration, provided that the co-investors can only participate if a Sponsor is participating in such offering as a selling stockholder. To the extent the number of securities offered in any such offering has to be limited based upon the opinion of the underwriter or underwriters of such offering, the securities to be offered shall include (i) first, all of the securities proposed to be sold in such offering by Caesars or any person exercising a contractual right to a demand registration, (ii) second, only if all the securities referred to in clause (i) have been included, securities to be allocated pro rata among the Sponsors and their co-investors, and (iii) third, only if all of the securities referred to in clause (ii) have been included, any other securities eligible for inclusion in such registration.

Caesars' management stockholders also have piggyback registration rights in connection with any registered offering of Caesars stock. To the extent the number of securities offered in any such offering has to be limited based upon the opinion of the underwriter or underwriters of such offering, the securities to be offered shall include (i) first, all of the securities proposed to be sold in such offering by Caesars or any person exercising a contractual right to a demand registration, (ii) second, only if all the securities referred to in clause (i) have been included, securities to be allocated pro rata among the Sponsors and their co-investors, and (iii) third, only if all of the securities referred to in clause (ii) have been included, the securities held by management together with any other securities eligible for inclusion in such registration.

The Paulson Investors have a demand registration right with respect to the shares of common stock the Paulson Investors received in the Private Placement, provided that Caesars common stock has not been listed on the New York Stock Exchange or Nasdaq Stock Market, or a Qualified IPO has not occurred, and Caesars has agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to ensure that a Qualified IPO is achieved in connection with any registration statement filed pursuant to such demand registration right. Additionally, the Paulson Investors have piggyback registration rights with respect to any registration statement filed by Caesars with respect to any offering of its common stock on its own behalf, including any Qualified IPO, or on behalf of third parties, in each case subject to the registration rights of other holders discussed above.

### **Certain Anti-Takeover, Limited Liability and Indemnification Provisions**

We are governed by the Delaware General Corporation Law. Caesars' certificate of incorporation and bylaws will contain provisions that could make more difficult the acquisition of us by means of a tender offer, a proxy contest or otherwise, or to remove or place our current management.

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*Blank Check Preferred Stock.* Caesars' certificate of incorporation authorizes the issuance of blank check preferred stock that could be issued by our board of directors to increase the number of outstanding shares or establish a stockholders rights plan making a takeover more difficult and expensive.

*Limitation of Officer and Director Liability and Indemnification Arrangements.* Caesars' certificate of incorporation limits the liability of our officers and directors to the maximum extent permitted by Delaware law. Delaware law provides that directors will not be personally liable for monetary damages for breach of their fiduciary duties as directors, except liability for:

any breach of their duty of loyalty to the corporation or its stockholders;

acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law;

unlawful payments of dividends or unlawful stock repurchases or redemptions; or

any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit.

This charter provision has no effect on any non-monetary remedies that may be available to Caesars or its stockholders, nor does it relieve Caesars or its officers or directors from compliance with federal or state securities laws. The certificate also generally provides that Caesars shall indemnify, to the fullest extent permitted by law, any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit, investigation, administrative hearing or any other proceeding by reason of the fact that he is or was a director or officer of Caesars, or is or was serving at our request as a director, officer, employee or agent of another entity, against expenses incurred by him in connection with such proceeding. An officer or director shall not be entitled to indemnification by Caesars if:

the officer or director did not act in good faith and in a manner reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, Caesars' best interests; or

with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, the officer or director had reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful. These charter and bylaw provisions and provisions of Delaware law may have the effect of delaying, deterring or preventing a change of control of Caesars.

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**SHARES ELIGIBLE FOR FUTURE SALE**

Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for our common stock, and no predictions can be made about the effect, if any, that market sales of shares of our common stock or the availability of such shares for sale will have on the market price prevailing from time to time. Nevertheless, the actual sale of, or the perceived potential for the sale of, our common stock in the public market may have an adverse effect on the market price for the common stock and could impair our ability to raise capital through future sales of our securities. See Risk Factors Risks Related to this Offering Future sales or the possibility of future sales of a substantial amount of our common stock may depress the price of shares of our common stock.

**Sale of Restricted Shares**

As of March 15, 2011, we have 71,799,659 shares of our common stock outstanding, all of which are voting common stock, excluding shares reserved at March 15, 2011 for issuance upon exercise of options that have been granted under our stock option plans, 931,533 of which were exercisable at such date. Of these shares, the 7,102,660 shares of our common stock to be sold in this offering will be freely tradable without restriction or further registration under the Securities Act, except for any shares which may be acquired by any of our affiliates as that term is defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act, which will be subject to the resale limitations of Rule 144. The remaining 64,696,999 shares of our common stock outstanding will be restricted securities, as that term is defined in Rule 144, and may in the future be sold without restriction under the Securities Act to the extent permitted by Rule 144 or any applicable exemption under the Securities Act.

**Stock Option Plan**

We have filed a registration statement on Form S-8 under the Securities Act with the SEC to register 4,566,919 shares of our common stock issued under our Management Equity Incentive Plan. As of the date of this prospectus, we have granted options to purchase 4,048,383 shares of our common stock under our Management Equity Incentive Plan, of which 931,533 shares are vested and exercisable. Following the completion of any vesting periods, shares of our common stock issuable upon the exercise of options granted or to be granted under our plan will be freely tradable without restriction under the Securities Act, unless such shares are held by any of our affiliates.

**Rule 144**

In general, under Rule 144 under the Securities Act, a person (or persons whose shares are aggregated) who is not deemed to have been an affiliate of ours at any time during the three months preceding a sale, and who has beneficially owned restricted securities within the meaning of Rule 144 for at least six months (including any period of consecutive ownership of preceding non-affiliated holders) would be entitled to sell those shares, subject only to the availability of current public information about us. A non-affiliated person who has beneficially owned restricted securities within the meaning of Rule 144 for at least one year would be entitled to sell those shares without regard to the provisions of Rule 144.

A person (or persons whose shares are aggregated) who is deemed to be an affiliate of ours and who has beneficially owned restricted securities within the meaning of Rule 144 for at least six months would be entitled to sell within any three-month period a number of shares that does not exceed the greater of one percent of the then outstanding shares of our common stock or the average weekly trading volume of our common stock reported through the New York Stock Exchange during the four calendar weeks preceding such sale. Such sales are also subject to certain manner of sale provisions, notice requirements and the availability of current public information about us.

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**Rule 701**

In general, under Rule 701 of the Securities Act as currently in effect, any of our employees, consultants or advisors who purchases shares of our common stock from us in connection with a compensatory stock or option plan or other written agreement is eligible to resell those shares 90 days after the effective date of the offering in reliance on Rule 144, but without compliance with some of the restrictions, including the holding period, contained in Rule 144.

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**CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS**

The following is a general discussion of certain U.S. federal income tax considerations with respect to the ownership and disposition of our common stock applicable to non-U.S. holders. This discussion is based on current provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or the Code, existing and proposed U.S. Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder, and administrative rulings and court decisions in effect as of the date hereof, all of which are subject to change at any time, possibly with retroactive effect.

For purposes of this discussion, the term *non-U.S. holder* means a beneficial owner of our common stock other than:

a citizen or resident of the United States;

a corporation, or other entity taxable as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States, any state thereof or the District of Columbia;

an estate, the income of which is includible in gross income for U.S. federal income tax purposes regardless of its source; or

a trust if (1) a court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust and one or more U.S. persons (as defined in the Code) have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust, or (2) it has a valid election in effect under applicable U.S. Treasury regulations to be treated as a domestic trust.

It is assumed for purposes of this discussion that a non-U.S. holder holds shares of our common stock as a capital asset within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code (generally, property held for investment). This discussion does not address all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be important to a non-U.S. holder in light of that holder's particular circumstances or that may be applicable to non-U.S. holders subject to special treatment under U.S. federal income tax law (including, for example, financial institutions, dealers in securities, traders in securities that elect mark-to-market treatment, insurance companies, tax-exempt entities, holders who acquired our common stock pursuant to the exercise of employee stock options or otherwise as compensation, entities or arrangements treated as partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes, holders liable for the alternative minimum tax, controlled foreign corporations, passive foreign investment companies, certain former citizens or former long-term residents of the United States, and holders who hold our common stock as part of a hedge, straddle, constructive sale or conversion transaction). In addition, this discussion does not address U.S. federal tax laws other than those pertaining to the U.S. federal income tax, nor does it address any aspects of U.S. state, local or non-U.S. taxes.

If an entity or arrangement treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes holds shares of our common stock, the tax treatment of a person treated as a partner generally will depend on the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. Persons that for U.S. federal income tax purposes are treated as a partner in a partnership holding shares of our common stock should consult their own tax advisors.

**THIS SUMMARY IS NOT INTENDED TO CONSTITUTE A COMPLETE DESCRIPTION OF ALL TAX CONSEQUENCES RELATING TO THE OWNERSHIP AND DISPOSITION OF OUR COMMON STOCK. HOLDERS OF OUR COMMON STOCK SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS REGARDING THE TAX CONSEQUENCES TO THEM (INCLUDING THE APPLICATION AND EFFECT OF ANY STATE, LOCAL, NON-U.S. INCOME AND OTHER TAX LAWS) OF THE OWNERSHIP AND DISPOSITION OF OUR COMMON STOCK.**

*Dividends*

Although we do not anticipate that we will pay any dividends on our common stock, to the extent dividends are paid to non-U.S. holders, such distributions will be subject to U.S. federal income tax withholding at a rate of

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30% (or lower rate provided by an applicable income tax treaty). To obtain a reduced rate of withholding under an applicable income tax treaty, a non-U.S. holder generally will be required to provide us or our paying agent with a properly completed IRS Form W-8BEN certifying the non-U.S. holder's entitlement to benefits under that treaty. In certain cases, additional requirements may need to be satisfied to avoid the imposition of U.S. withholding tax. See *Recently Enacted Federal Tax Legislation* below for further details.

If the dividends are effectively connected with the non-U.S. holder's conduct of a trade or business within the United States (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, are attributable to a U.S. permanent establishment maintained by such non-U.S. holder), withholding should not apply, so long as the appropriate certifications are made by such non-U.S. holder. See *Effectively Connected Income* below for additional information on the U.S. federal income tax considerations applicable with respect to such effectively connected dividends.

### ***Gain on Disposition of our Common Stock***

Subject to the discussion below under *Backup Withholding and Information Reporting* and *Recently Enacted Federal Tax Legislation*, a non-U.S. holder generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax or withholding tax on any gain realized upon the sale or other taxable disposition of our common stock unless:

the gain is effectively connected with the conduct, by such non-U.S. holder, of a trade or business in the United States (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, is attributable to a non-U.S. holder's U.S. permanent establishment), in which case the gain will be subject to tax in the manner described below under *Effectively Connected Income* ;

the non-U.S. holder is an individual who is present in the United States for a period or periods aggregating 183 days or more during the calendar year in which the sale or disposition occurs and certain other conditions are met (in which case the gain (reduced by any U.S.-source capital losses) will be subject to 30% tax); or

we are, or have been, a United States real property holding corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, at any time during the shorter of the five-year period preceding such disposition and the non-U.S. holder's holding period in our common stock; provided, that so long as our common stock is regularly traded on an established securities market, generally a non-U.S. holder would be subject to taxation with respect to a taxable disposition of our common stock, only if at any time during that five-year or shorter period it owned more than 5% directly or by attribution, of that class of common stock.

It is unclear whether we are, or will be, a U.S. real property holding corporation during the relevant period described in the third bullet point above. Under U.S. federal income tax laws, we will be a United States real property holding corporation if at least 50% of the fair market value of our assets has consisted of United States real property interests. If we were treated as a U.S. real property holding corporation during the relevant period described in the third bullet point above, any taxable gains recognized by a non-U.S. holder on the sale or other taxable disposition of our common stock would be subject to tax as if the gain were effectively connected with the conduct of the non-U.S. holder's trade or business in the United States. See *Effectively Connected Income*. In addition, the transferee of our common stock would generally be required to withhold tax, under U.S. federal income tax laws, in an amount equal to 10% of the amount realized by the non-U.S. holder on the sale or other taxable disposition of our common stock. The rules regarding U.S. real property interests are complex, and non-U.S. holders are urged to consult with their own tax advisors on the application of these rules based on their particular circumstances.

### ***Effectively Connected Income***

If a dividend received on our common stock, or a sale or other taxable disposition of our common stock, is treated as effectively connected with a non-U.S. holder's conduct of a trade or business in the United States, such non-U.S. holder will generally be exempt from withholding tax on any such dividend and any gain realized on



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such a disposition, provided such non-U.S. holder complies with certain certification requirements (generally on IRS Form W-8ECI). Instead such non-U.S. holder will generally be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net income basis on any such gains or dividends in the same manner as if such holder were a U.S. person (as defined in the Code). In addition, a non-U.S. holder that is a foreign corporation may be subject to a branch profits tax at a rate of 30% (or lower rate provided by an applicable income tax treaty) on such holder's earnings and profits for the taxable year that are effectively connected with such holder's conduct of a trade or business in the United States (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, attributable to such holder's U.S. permanent establishment), subject to adjustments.

### ***Information Reporting and Backup Withholding***

Generally, we must report to our non-U.S. holders and the IRS the amount of dividends paid during each calendar year, if any, and the amount of any tax withheld. These information reporting requirements apply even if no withholding is required (e.g., because the distributions are effectively connected with the non-U.S. holder's conduct of a United States trade or business, or withholding is eliminated by an applicable income tax treaty). This information also may be made available under a specific treaty or agreement with the tax authorities in the country in which the non-U.S. holder resides or is established.

Backup withholding, however, generally will not apply to distributions to a non-U.S. holder of shares of our common stock provided the non-U.S. holder furnishes to us or our paying agent the required certification as to its non-U.S. status, such as by providing a valid IRS Form W-8BEN or IRS Form W-8ECI, or certain other requirements are met. Notwithstanding the foregoing, backup withholding may apply if either we or our paying agent has actual knowledge, or reason to know, that the non-U.S. holder is a U.S. person (as defined in the Code) that is not an exempt recipient.

Backup withholding is not an additional tax but merely an advance payment, which may be refunded to the extent it results in an overpayment of tax and the appropriate information is timely supplied by the non-U.S. holder to the IRS.

### ***Recently Enacted Federal Tax Legislation***

On March 18, 2010, President Obama signed the Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment (HIRE) Act, or the HIRE Act, which includes a revised version of a bill known as the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act of 2009 or FATCA. Under FATCA, foreign financial institutions (which include most hedge funds, private equity funds, mutual funds, securitization vehicles and any other investment vehicles regardless of their size) must comply with new information reporting rules with respect to their U.S. account holders and investors or confront a new withholding tax. More specifically, a foreign financial institution or other foreign entity that does not comply with the FATCA reporting requirements will generally be subject to a new 30% withholding tax with respect to any withholdable payments made after December 31, 2012. For this purpose, withholdable payments include most U.S.-source payments otherwise subject to nonresident withholding tax and also include the entire gross proceeds from the sale of any equity or debt instruments of U.S. issuers. The new FATCA withholding tax will apply even if the payment would otherwise not be subject to U.S. nonresident withholding tax (e.g., because it is capital gain treated as foreign source income under the Code). Treasury is authorized to provide rules for implementing the FATCA withholding regime and coordinating the FATCA withholding regime with the existing nonresident withholding tax rules.

FATCA withholding will not apply to withholdable payments made directly to foreign governments, international organizations, foreign central banks of issue and individuals, and Treasury is authorized to provide additional exceptions.

As noted above, the new FATCA withholding and information reporting requirements generally will apply to withholdable payments made after December 31, 2012. Non-U.S. holders are urged to consult with their own tax advisors regarding the effect, if any, of the FATCA provisions to them based on their particular circumstances.

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In addition, on March 30, 2010, the President signed into law the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, or the Reconciliation Act. The Reconciliation Act will require certain individuals, estates and trusts to pay a 3.8% Medicare surtax on net investment income including, among other things, interest, dividends, royalties, rents, gross income from a trade or business involving passive activities, and net gain from disposition of property (other than property held in a trade or business). This surtax will apply for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012 and may apply in respect of our common stock. Non-U.S. holders are urged to consult with their own tax advisors regarding the effect, if any, of the Reconciliation Act on their ownership and disposition of our common stock.

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**PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION**

We are registering the shares covered by this prospectus to permit the selling stockholders to conduct public secondary trading of these shares from time to time after the date of this prospectus. We will not receive any of the proceeds of the sale of the shares offered by this prospectus. The aggregate proceeds to the selling stockholders from the sale of the shares will be the purchase price of the shares less any discounts and commissions. Each selling stockholder reserves the right to accept and, together with their respective agents, to reject, any proposed purchases of shares to be made directly or through agents.

The selling stockholders and any of their pledgees, assignees and successors-in-interest may, from time to time, sell any or all of their shares of common stock offered by this prospectus on any stock exchange, market or trading facility on which the shares are traded or in private transactions. These sales may be at fixed or negotiated prices. The selling stockholders may use any one or more of the following methods when selling the shares offered by this prospectus:

ordinary brokerage transactions and transactions in which the broker dealer solicits purchasers;

block trades in which the broker dealer will attempt to sell the shares as agent but may position and resell a portion of the block as principal to facilitate the transaction;

purchases by a broker dealer as principal and resale by the broker dealer for its account;

an exchange distribution in accordance with the rules of the applicable exchange;

privately negotiated transactions;

broker dealers may agree with the selling stockholders to sell a specified number of such shares at a stipulated price per share;

a combination of any such methods of sale; and

any other method permitted pursuant to applicable law.

Broker dealers engaged by the selling stockholders may arrange for other brokers dealers to participate in sales. Broker dealers may receive commissions or discounts from the selling stockholders (or, if any broker dealer acts as agent for the purchaser of shares, from the purchaser) in amounts to be negotiated. The selling stockholders do not expect these commissions and discounts to exceed what is customary in the types of transactions involved.

To our knowledge, there are currently no plans, arrangements or understandings between any selling stockholder and any underwriter, broker-dealer or agent regarding the sale of the shares by the selling stockholders.

We can give no assurances as to the development of liquidity or trading market for the shares.

Any shares covered by this prospectus that qualify for sale under Rule 144 or Rule 144A of the Securities Act may be sold under Rule 144 or Rule 144A rather than under this prospectus. The shares covered by this prospectus may also be sold to non-U.S. persons outside the U.S. in accordance with Regulation S under the Securities Act rather than under this prospectus. The shares may be sold in some states only through registered or licensed brokers or dealers. In addition, in some states the shares may not be sold unless it has been registered or qualified for sale or an exemption from registration or qualification is available and complied with.



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**LEGAL MATTERS**

The validity of the shares of common stock being offered hereby will be passed upon for us by O Melveny & Myers LLP, New York, New York.

**EXPERTS**

The consolidated financial statements included in this prospectus and the related consolidated financial statement schedule included elsewhere in the Registration Statement, and the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting have been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their reports appearing herein and elsewhere in the Registration Statement. Such consolidated financial statements and consolidated financial statement schedule are included in reliance upon the reports of such firm given upon their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

**WHERE YOU CAN FIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

We are required to file annual and quarterly reports and other information with the SEC. You may read and copy any materials we file with the SEC at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, N.E., Room 1580, Washington, D.C., 20549. Please call 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the operation of the Public Reference Room. Our filings will also be available to the public from commercial document retrieval services and at the web site maintained by the SEC at <http://www.sec.gov>. Our reports and other information that we have filed, or may in the future file, with the SEC are not incorporated by reference into and do not constitute part of this prospectus.

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, referred to as the Securities Act, with respect to the shares of our common stock offered by this prospectus. This prospectus, filed as part of the registration statement, does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statement or the exhibits and schedules thereto as permitted by the rules and regulations of the SEC. For further information about us and our common stock, you should refer to the registration statement. This prospectus summarizes provisions that we consider material of certain contracts and other documents to which we refer you. Because the summaries may not contain all of the information that you may find important, you should review the full text of those documents.

We have not authorized anyone to give you any information or to make any representations about us or the transactions we discuss in this prospectus other than those contained in this prospectus. If you are given any information or representations about these matters that is not discussed in this prospectus, you must not rely on that information. This prospectus is not an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy securities anywhere or to anyone where or to whom we are not permitted to offer or sell securities under applicable law.

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**CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION**

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**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of

Caesars Entertainment Corporation

Las Vegas, Nevada

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Caesars Entertainment Corporation and subsidiaries (formerly known as Harrah's Entertainment, Inc.) (the Company) as of December 31, 2010 and 2009 (Successor Company), and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity/(deficit) and comprehensive (loss)/income, and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, the period January 28, 2008 through December 31, 2008 (Successor Company), and the period January 1, 2008 through January 27, 2008 (Predecessor Company). Our audits also included the consolidated financial statement schedule listed at Item 16 (b). These consolidated financial statements and consolidated financial statement schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements and consolidated financial statement schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Caesars Entertainment Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2010 and 2009 (Successor Company), and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, the period January 28, 2008 through December 31, 2008 (Successor Company), and the period January 1, 2008 through January 27, 2008 (Predecessor Company), in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also, in our opinion, such consolidated financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2010, based on the criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission, and our report dated March 4, 2011, expressed an unqualified opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Las Vegas, Nevada

March 4, 2011

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**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of

Caesars Entertainment Corporation

Las Vegas, Nevada

We have audited the internal control over financial reporting of Caesars Entertainment Corporation and subsidiaries (formerly known as Harrah's Entertainment, Inc.) (the Company) as of December 31, 2010, based on criteria established in *Internal Control Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting appearing in the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Caesars Entertainment Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2010. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed by, or under the supervision of, the company's principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, and effected by the company's board of directors, management, and other personnel to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of the inherent limitations of internal control over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. Also, projections of any evaluation of the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2010, based on the criteria established in *Internal Control Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated financial statements and consolidated financial statement schedule as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010. Our report dated March 4, 2011 expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements and consolidated financial statement schedule.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Las Vegas, Nevada

March 4, 2011





**Table of Contents****CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS****(In millions, except share amounts)**

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <b>As of December 31,</b> |                |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <b>2010</b>               | <b>2009</b>    |
| <b>Assets</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                           |                |
| Current assets                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                           |                |
| Cash and cash equivalents                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | \$ 987.0                  | \$ 918.1       |
| Receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$216.3 and \$207.1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 393.2                     | 323.5          |
| Deferred income taxes                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 175.8                     | 148.2          |
| Prepayments and other                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 184.1                     | 156.4          |
| Inventories                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 50.4                      | 52.7           |
| <b>Total current assets</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <b>1,790.5</b>            | <b>1,598.9</b> |
| Land, buildings, riverboats and equipment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                           |                |
| Land and land improvements                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 7,405.9                   | 7,291.9        |
| Buildings, riverboats and improvements                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 9,449.2                   | 8,896.2        |
| Furniture, fixtures and equipment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 2,242.0                   | 2,029.1        |
| Construction in progress                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 661.0                     | 988.8          |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 19,758.1                  | 19,206.0       |
| Less: accumulated depreciation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | (1,991.5)                 | (1,281.2)      |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 17,766.6                  | 17,924.8       |
| Assets held for sale                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                           | 16.7           |
| Goodwill                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 3,420.9                   | 3,456.9        |
| Intangible assets other than goodwill                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 4,711.8                   | 4,951.3        |
| Investments in and advances to non-consolidated affiliates                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 94.0                      | 94.0           |
| Deferred charges and other                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 803.9                     | 936.6          |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | \$ 28,587.7               | \$ 28,979.2    |
| <b>Liabilities and Stockholders Equity/(Deficit)</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                           |                |
| Current liabilities                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                           |                |
| Accounts payable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | \$ 251.4                  | \$ 260.8       |
| Interest payable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 201.5                     | 195.6          |
| Accrued expenses                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 1,074.3                   | 1,074.8        |
| Current portion of long-term debt                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 55.6                      | 74.3           |
| <b>Total current liabilities</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <b>1,582.8</b>            | <b>1,605.5</b> |
| Long-term debt                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 18,785.5                  | 18,868.8       |
| Deferred credits and other                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 923.1                     | 872.5          |
| Deferred income taxes                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 5,623.7                   | 5,856.9        |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 26,915.1                  | 27,203.7       |
| Preferred stock; \$0.01 par value; 125,000,000 and 40,000,000 shares authorized, 0 and 19,893,515 shares issued and outstanding (net of 0 and 42,020 shares held in treasury) as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively                                                                                                                                           |                           | 2,642.5        |
| Stockholders equity/(deficit)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                           |                |
| Common stock; voting; \$0.01 par value; 1,250,000,000 shares authorized; 71,809,719 shares issued and outstanding (net of 154,346 shares held in treasury) as of December 31, 2010 and non-voting and voting; \$0.01 par value; 80,000,020 shares authorized; 40,672,302 shares issued and outstanding (net of 85,907 shares held in treasury) as of December 31, 2009 | 0.7                       | 0.4            |

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|                                                                        |                    |                    |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Additional paid-in capital                                             | 6,906.5            | 3,480.0            |
| Accumulated deficit                                                    | (5,105.6)          | (4,269.3)          |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss                                   | (168.8)            | (134.0)            |
| Total Caesars Entertainment Corporation Stockholders' equity/(deficit) | 1,632.8            | (922.9)            |
| Non-controlling interests                                              | 39.8               | 55.9               |
| Total stockholders' equity/(deficit)                                   | 1,672.6            | (867.0)            |
|                                                                        | <b>\$ 28,587.7</b> | <b>\$ 28,979.2</b> |

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these consolidated statements.

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**CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

(In millions, except share and per share amounts)

|                                                                     | Year Ended<br>Dec. 31,<br>2010 | Successor<br>Year Ended<br>Dec. 31,<br>2009 | Jan. 28, 2008<br>through<br>Dec. 31, 2008 | Predecessor<br>Jan. 1, 2008<br>through<br>Jan. 27, 2008 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Revenues</b>                                                     |                                |                                             |                                           |                                                         |
| Casino                                                              | \$ 6,917.9                     | \$ 7,124.3                                  | \$ 7,476.9                                | \$ 614.6                                                |
| Food and beverage                                                   | 1,510.6                        | 1,479.3                                     | 1,530.2                                   | 118.4                                                   |
| Rooms                                                               | 1,132.3                        | 1,068.9                                     | 1,174.5                                   | 96.4                                                    |
| Management fees                                                     | 39.1                           | 56.6                                        | 59.1                                      | 5.0                                                     |
| Other                                                               | 576.3                          | 592.4                                       | 624.8                                     | 42.7                                                    |
| Less: casino promotional allowances                                 | (1,357.6)                      | (1,414.1)                                   | (1,498.6)                                 | (117.0)                                                 |
| Net revenues                                                        | 8,818.6                        | 8,907.4                                     | 9,366.9                                   | 760.1                                                   |
| <b>Operating expenses</b>                                           |                                |                                             |                                           |                                                         |
| <b>Direct</b>                                                       |                                |                                             |                                           |                                                         |
| Casino                                                              | 3,948.9                        | 3,925.5                                     | 4,102.8                                   | 340.6                                                   |
| Food and beverage                                                   | 621.3                          | 596.0                                       | 639.5                                     | 50.5                                                    |
| Rooms                                                               | 259.4                          | 213.5                                       | 236.7                                     | 19.6                                                    |
| Property, general, administrative and other                         | 2,061.7                        | 2,018.8                                     | 2,143.0                                   | 178.2                                                   |
| Depreciation and amortization                                       | 735.5                          | 683.9                                       | 626.9                                     | 63.5                                                    |
| Project opening costs                                               | 2.1                            | 3.6                                         | 28.9                                      | 0.7                                                     |
| Write-downs, reserves and recoveries                                | 147.6                          | 107.9                                       | 16.2                                      | 4.7                                                     |
| Impairment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets   | 193.0                          | 1,638.0                                     | 5,489.6                                   |                                                         |
| Loss/(income) on interests in non-consolidated affiliates           | 1.5                            | 2.2                                         | 2.1                                       | (0.5)                                                   |
| Corporate expense                                                   | 140.9                          | 150.7                                       | 131.8                                     | 8.5                                                     |
| Acquisition and integration costs                                   | 13.6                           | 0.3                                         | 24.0                                      | 125.6                                                   |
| Amortization of intangible assets                                   | 160.8                          | 174.8                                       | 162.9                                     | 5.5                                                     |
| Total operating expenses                                            | 8,286.3                        | 9,515.2                                     | 13,604.4                                  | 796.9                                                   |
| Income/(loss) from operations                                       | 532.3                          | (607.8)                                     | (4,237.5)                                 | (36.8)                                                  |
| Interest expense, net of capitalized interest                       | (1,981.6)                      | (1,892.5)                                   | (2,074.9)                                 | (89.7)                                                  |
| Gains on early extinguishments of debt                              | 115.6                          | 4,965.5                                     | 742.1                                     |                                                         |
| Other income, including interest income                             | 41.7                           | 33.0                                        | 35.2                                      | 1.1                                                     |
| (Loss)/income from continuing operations before income taxes        | (1,292.0)                      | 2,498.2                                     | (5,535.1)                                 | (125.4)                                                 |
| Benefit/(provision) for income tax                                  | 468.7                          | (1,651.8)                                   | 360.4                                     | 26.0                                                    |
| (Loss)/income from continuing operations, net of tax                | (823.3)                        | 846.4                                       | (5,174.7)                                 | (99.4)                                                  |
| <b>Discontinued operations</b>                                      |                                |                                             |                                           |                                                         |
| Income from discontinued operations                                 |                                |                                             | 141.5                                     | 0.1                                                     |
| Provision for income taxes                                          |                                |                                             | (51.1)                                    |                                                         |
| Income from discontinued operations, net                            |                                |                                             | 90.4                                      | 0.1                                                     |
| Net (loss)/income                                                   | (823.3)                        | 846.4                                       | (5,084.3)                                 | (99.3)                                                  |
| Less: net income attributable to non-controlling interests          | (7.8)                          | (18.8)                                      | (12.0)                                    | (1.6)                                                   |
| Net (loss)/income attributable to Caesars Entertainment Corporation | (831.1)                        | 827.6                                       | (5,096.3)                                 | (100.9)                                                 |

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|                                                       |            |             |              |             |
|-------------------------------------------------------|------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| Preferred stock dividends                             |            | (354.8)     |              | (297.8)     |
| Net (loss)/income attributable to common stockholders | \$ (831.1) | \$ 472.8    | \$ (5,394.1) | \$ (100.9)  |
| Earnings per share - basic                            |            |             |              |             |
| (Loss)/income from continuing operations              | \$ (14.58) | \$ 11.62    | \$ (134.59)  | \$ (0.54)   |
| Discontinued operations, net                          |            |             | 2.22         |             |
| Net(loss)/income                                      | \$ (14.58) | \$ 11.62    | \$ (132.37)  | \$ (0.54)   |
| Earnings per share - diluted                          |            |             |              |             |
| (Loss)/income from continuing operations              | \$ (14.58) | \$ 6.88     | \$ (134.59)  | \$ (0.54)   |
| Discontinued operations, net                          |            |             | 2.22         |             |
| Net (loss)/income                                     | \$ (14.58) | \$ 6.88     | \$ (132.37)  | \$ (0.54)   |
| Basic weighted-average common shares outstanding      | 57,016,007 | 40,684,515  | 40,749,898   | 188,122,643 |
| Diluted weighted-average common shares outstanding    | 57,016,007 | 120,225,295 | 40,749,898   | 188,122,643 |

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these consolidated statements.

**Table of Contents****CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY/(DEFICIT)****AND COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)/INCOME**

(In millions)

|                                                                                                                           | Common Stock          |         | Additional<br>Paid-in-<br>Capital | Retained<br>Earnings/<br>(Accumulated<br>Deficit) | Accumulated<br>Other<br>Comprehensive<br>Income/(Loss) | Non-controlling<br>Interests | Total      | Comprehensive<br>Income/(Loss) |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                           | Shares<br>Outstanding | Amount  |                                   |                                                   |                                                        |                              |            |                                |
| Balance at December 31, 2007,<br>Predecessor                                                                              | 188.8                 | \$ 18.9 | \$ 5,395.4                        | \$ 1,197.2                                        | \$ 15.4                                                | \$ 52.2                      | \$ 6,679.1 |                                |
| Net loss                                                                                                                  |                       |         |                                   | (100.9)                                           |                                                        | 1.6                          | (99.3)     | \$ (99.3)                      |
| Foreign currency translation<br>adjustments, net of tax                                                                   |                       |         |                                   |                                                   | (1.8)                                                  |                              | (1.8)      | (1.8)                          |
| Non-controlling distributions, net of<br>contributions                                                                    |                       |         |                                   |                                                   |                                                        | (0.6)                        | (0.6)      |                                |
| Acceleration of predecessor incentive<br>compensation plans, including<br>share-based compensation expense,<br>net of tax |                       |         | 156.0                             |                                                   |                                                        |                              | 156.0      |                                |
| 2008 Comprehensive Loss,<br>Predecessor                                                                                   |                       |         |                                   |                                                   |                                                        |                              |            | \$ (101.1)                     |
| Balance at January 27, 2008,<br>Predecessor                                                                               | 188.8                 | \$ 18.9 | \$ 5,551.4                        | \$ 1,096.3                                        | \$ 13.6                                                | \$ 53.2                      | \$ 6,733.4 |                                |
| Redemption of Predecessor equity                                                                                          | (188.8)               | (18.9)  | (5,551.4)                         | (1,096.3)                                         | (13.6)                                                 |                              | (6,680.2)  |                                |
| Issuance of Successor common stock                                                                                        | 40.7                  | 0.4     | 4,085.0                           |                                                   |                                                        |                              | 4,085.4    |                                |
| Balance at January 28, 2008,<br>Successor                                                                                 | 40.7                  | \$ 0.4  | \$ 4,085.0                        | \$                                                | \$                                                     | \$ 53.2                      | \$ 4,138.6 |                                |

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**Table of Contents****CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS (DEFICIT)/EQUITY****AND COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)/INCOME**

(In millions)

|                                                                                                             | Common Stock          |        | Additional<br>Paid-in-<br>Capital | Retained<br>Earnings/<br>(Accumulated<br>Deficit) | Accumulated<br>Other<br>Comprehensive<br>Income/(Loss) | Non-controlling<br>Interests | Total        | Comprehensive<br>Income/(Loss) |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
|                                                                                                             | Shares<br>Outstanding | Amount |                                   |                                                   |                                                        |                              |              |                                |
| Balance at January 28, 2008, Successor                                                                      | 40.7                  | \$ 0.4 | \$ 4,085.0                        | \$                                                | \$                                                     | \$ 53.2                      | \$ 4,138.6   |                                |
| Net (loss)/income                                                                                           |                       |        |                                   | (5,096.3)                                         |                                                        | 12.0                         | (5,084.3)    | \$ (5,084.3)                   |
| Share-based compensation                                                                                    |                       |        | 14.0                              |                                                   |                                                        |                              | 14.0         |                                |
| Debt exchange transaction, net of tax                                                                       |                       |        | 25.7                              |                                                   |                                                        |                              | 25.7         |                                |
| Repurchase of treasury shares                                                                               |                       |        | (2.1)                             |                                                   |                                                        |                              | (2.1)        |                                |
| Cumulative preferred stock dividends                                                                        |                       |        | (297.8)                           |                                                   |                                                        |                              | (297.8)      |                                |
| Pension adjustment related to acquisition of London Clubs International, net of tax                         |                       |        |                                   |                                                   | (6.9)                                                  |                              | (6.9)        | (6.9)                          |
| Reclassification of loss on derivative instrument from other comprehensive income to net income, net of tax |                       |        |                                   |                                                   | 0.6                                                    |                              | 0.6          | 0.6                            |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax                                                        |                       |        |                                   |                                                   | (31.2)                                                 | 1.3                          | (29.9)       | (29.9)                         |
| Fair market value of swap agreements, net of tax                                                            |                       |        |                                   |                                                   | (51.9)                                                 |                              | (51.9)       | (51.9)                         |
| Adjustment for ASC 740 tax implications                                                                     |                       |        | 0.3                               |                                                   |                                                        |                              | 0.3          |                                |
| Non-controlling distributions, net of contributions                                                         |                       |        |                                   |                                                   |                                                        | (16.9)                       | (16.9)       |                                |
| Fair market value of interest rate cap agreement on commercial mortgage-backed securities, net of tax       |                       |        |                                   |                                                   | (50.2)                                                 |                              | (50.2)       | (50.2)                         |
| 2008 Comprehensive Loss, Successor                                                                          |                       |        |                                   |                                                   |                                                        |                              |              | \$ (5,222.6)                   |
| Balance at December 31, 2008, Successor                                                                     | 40.7                  | \$ 0.4 | \$ 3,825.1                        | \$ (5,096.3)                                      | \$ (139.6)                                             | \$ 49.6                      | \$ (1,360.8) |                                |

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**Table of Contents****CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS (DEFICIT)/EQUITY****AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS)****(In millions)**

|                                                                                                                     | Common Stock          |        | Additional<br>Paid-in-<br>Capital | Retained<br>Earnings/<br>(Accumulated<br>Deficit) | Accumulated<br>Other<br>Comprehensive<br>Income/(Loss) | Non-controlling<br>Interests | Total        | Comprehensive<br>Income/(Loss) |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                     | Shares<br>Outstanding | Amount |                                   |                                                   |                                                        |                              |              |                                |
| Balance at December 31, 2008, Successor                                                                             | 40.7                  | \$ 0.4 | \$ 3,825.1                        | \$ (5,096.3)                                      | \$ (139.6)                                             | \$ 49.6                      | \$ (1,360.8) |                                |
| Net income                                                                                                          |                       |        |                                   | 827.6                                             |                                                        | 18.8                         | 846.4        | \$ 846.4                       |
| Share-based compensation                                                                                            |                       |        | 16.4                              |                                                   |                                                        |                              | 16.4         |                                |
| Repurchase of treasury shares                                                                                       | *                     | *      | (1.3)                             |                                                   |                                                        |                              | (1.3)        |                                |
| Cumulative preferred stock dividends                                                                                |                       |        | (354.8)                           |                                                   |                                                        |                              | (354.8)      |                                |
| Related party debt exchange transaction,<br>net of tax                                                              |                       |        | 80.1                              |                                                   |                                                        |                              | 80.1         |                                |
| Pension adjustment, net of tax                                                                                      |                       |        |                                   |                                                   | (14.1)                                                 |                              | (14.1)       | (14.1)                         |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments,<br>net of tax                                                             |                       |        |                                   |                                                   | 19.0                                                   | 4.8                          | 23.8         | 23.8                           |
| Fair market value of swap agreements, net<br>of tax                                                                 |                       |        |                                   |                                                   | (27.7)                                                 |                              | (27.7)       | (27.7)                         |
| Adjustment for ASC 740 tax implications                                                                             |                       |        | (2.4)                             |                                                   |                                                        |                              | (2.4)        |                                |
| Purchase of additional interest in<br>subsidiary                                                                    |                       |        | (83.7)                            |                                                   |                                                        | (3.3)                        | (87.0)       |                                |
| Non-controlling distributions, net of<br>contributions                                                              |                       |        |                                   |                                                   |                                                        | (14.0)                       | (14.0)       |                                |
| Fair market value of interest rate cap<br>agreements on commercial mortgage<br>backed securities, net of tax        |                       |        |                                   |                                                   | 15.7                                                   |                              | 15.7         | 15.7                           |
| Reclassification of loss on interest rate<br>cap agreement from other comprehensive<br>income to interest expense   |                       |        |                                   |                                                   | 12.1                                                   |                              | 12.1         | 12.1                           |
| Reclassification of loss on interest rate<br>locks from other comprehensive loss to<br>interest expense, net of tax |                       |        |                                   |                                                   | 0.6                                                    |                              | 0.6          | 0.6                            |
| Other                                                                                                               |                       |        | 0.6                               | (0.6)                                             |                                                        |                              |              |                                |
| 2009 Comprehensive Income, Successor                                                                                |                       |        |                                   |                                                   |                                                        |                              |              | \$ 856.8                       |
| Balance at December 31, 2009, Successor                                                                             | 40.7                  | \$ 0.4 | \$ 3,480.0                        | \$ (4,269.3)                                      | \$ (134.0)                                             | \$ 55.9                      | \$ (867.0)   |                                |

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**Table of Contents****CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY/(DEFICIT)****AND COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)/INCOME****(In millions)**

|                                                                                                                       | Common Stock          |        | Additional<br>Paid-in-<br>Capital | Retained<br>Earnings/<br>(Accumulated<br>Deficit) | Accumulated<br>Other<br>Comprehensive<br>Income/(Loss) | Non-controlling<br>Interests | Total      | Comprehensive<br>Income/(Loss) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                       | Shares<br>Outstanding | Amount |                                   |                                                   |                                                        |                              |            |                                |
| Balance at December 31, 2009, Successor                                                                               | 40.7                  | \$ 0.4 | \$ 3,480.0                        | \$ (4,269.3)                                      | \$ (134.0)                                             | \$ 55.9                      | \$ (867.0) |                                |
| Net (loss)/income                                                                                                     |                       |        |                                   | (831.1)                                           |                                                        | 7.8                          | (823.3)    | (823.3)                        |
| Share-based compensation                                                                                              |                       |        | 17.9                              |                                                   |                                                        | 0.2                          | 18.1       |                                |
| Repurchase of treasury shares                                                                                         | *                     | **     | (1.6)                             |                                                   |                                                        |                              | (1.6)      |                                |
| Cumulative preferred stock dividends                                                                                  |                       |        | (64.6)                            |                                                   |                                                        |                              | (64.6)     |                                |
| Cancellation of cumulative preferred stock dividends in connection with conversion of preferred stock to common stock |                       |        | 717.2                             |                                                   |                                                        |                              | 717.2      |                                |
| Conversion of non-voting perpetual preferred stock to non-voting common stock                                         | 19.9                  | 0.2    | 1,989.6                           |                                                   |                                                        |                              | 1,989.8    |                                |
| Private Placement                                                                                                     | 11.3                  | 0.1    | 768.0                             |                                                   |                                                        |                              | 768.1      |                                |
| Post Retirement Medical, net of tax                                                                                   |                       |        |                                   |                                                   | (1.5)                                                  |                              | (1.5)      | (1.5)                          |
| Pension adjustment, net of tax                                                                                        |                       |        |                                   |                                                   | (4.6)                                                  |                              | (4.6)      | (4.6)                          |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax                                                                  |                       |        |                                   |                                                   | 8.2                                                    | (4.2)                        | 4.0        | 4.0                            |
| Fair market value of swap agreements, net of tax                                                                      |                       |        |                                   |                                                   | (30.3)                                                 |                              | (30.3)     | (30.3)                         |
| Fair market value of interest rate cap agreements, net of tax                                                         |                       |        |                                   |                                                   | (0.1)                                                  |                              | (0.1)      | (0.1)                          |
| Fair market value of interest rate cap agreements on commercial mortgage backed securities, net of tax                |                       |        |                                   |                                                   | (8.8)                                                  |                              | (8.8)      | (8.8)                          |
| Reclassification of loss on interest rate locks from other comprehensive loss to interest expense, net of tax         |                       |        |                                   |                                                   | 0.7                                                    |                              | 0.7        | 0.7                            |
| Unrealized gains/losses on investments, net of tax                                                                    |                       |        |                                   |                                                   | 1.6                                                    |                              | 1.6        |                                |
| Non-controlling distributions, net of contributions                                                                   |                       |        |                                   |                                                   |                                                        | (10.1)                       | (10.1)     |                                |
| Effect of deconsolidation of variable interest entities                                                               |                       |        |                                   | (5.2)                                             |                                                        | (9.8)                        | (15.0)     |                                |
| 2010 Comprehensive Loss, Successor                                                                                    |                       |        |                                   |                                                   |                                                        |                              |            | \$ (863.9)                     |
| Balance at December 31, 2010, Successor                                                                               | 71.8                  | \$ 0.7 | \$ 6,906.5                        | \$ (5,105.6)                                      | \$ (168.8)                                             | \$ 39.8                      | \$ 1,672.6 |                                |

\* Amount rounds to zero but results in a reduction of 0.1 to the rounded totals.

\*\* Amount rounds to zero and does not change rounded totals.

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these consolidated statements.



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**CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

(In millions)

|                                                                                             | 2010           | 2009           | Successor<br>Jan. 28,<br>2008<br>through<br>Dec. 31, 2008 | Predecessor<br>Jan. 1, 2008<br>through<br>Jan. 27, 2008 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Cash flows (used in)/provided by operating activities</b>                                |                |                |                                                           |                                                         |
| Net (loss)/income                                                                           | \$ (823.3)     | \$ 846.4       | \$ (5,084.3)                                              | \$ (99.3)                                               |
| Adjustments to reconcile net (loss)/income to cash flows provided by operating activities:  |                |                |                                                           |                                                         |
| Income from discontinued operations, before income taxes                                    |                |                | (141.5)                                                   | (0.1)                                                   |
| Gain on liquidation of LCI Fifty                                                            |                | (9.0)          |                                                           |                                                         |
| Income from insurance claims for hurricane damage                                           |                |                | (185.4)                                                   |                                                         |
| Gains on early extinguishments of debt                                                      | (115.6)        | (4,965.5)      | (742.1)                                                   |                                                         |
| Depreciation and amortization                                                               | 1,184.2        | 1,145.2        | 1,027.3                                                   | 104.9                                                   |
| Non-cash write-downs, reserves and recoveries, net                                          | 108.1          | 32.0           | 51.7                                                      | (0.1)                                                   |
| Impairment of intangible assets                                                             | 193.0          | 1,638.0        | 5,489.6                                                   |                                                         |
| Share-based compensation expense                                                            | 18.1           | 16.4           | 15.8                                                      | 50.9                                                    |
| Deferred income taxes                                                                       | (467.3)        | 1,541.2        | (466.7)                                                   | (19.0)                                                  |
| Federal income tax refund received                                                          | 220.8          |                |                                                           |                                                         |
| Gain on adjustment of investment                                                            | (7.1)          |                |                                                           |                                                         |
| Tax benefit from stock equity plans                                                         |                |                |                                                           | 42.6                                                    |
| Insurance proceeds for business interruption from hurricane losses                          |                |                | 97.9                                                      |                                                         |
| Net change in long-term accounts                                                            | (12.3)         | 74.7           | (80.1)                                                    | 68.3                                                    |
| Net change in working capital accounts                                                      | (150.6)        | (117.4)        | 403.4                                                     | (167.6)                                                 |
| Other                                                                                       | 22.8           | 18.2           | 136.5                                                     | 26.6                                                    |
| <b>Cash flows provided by operating activities</b>                                          | <b>170.8</b>   | <b>220.2</b>   | <b>522.1</b>                                              | <b>7.2</b>                                              |
| <b>Cash flows (used in)/provided by investing activities</b>                                |                |                |                                                           |                                                         |
| Land, buildings, riverboats and equipment additions, net of change in construction payables | (160.7)        | (464.5)        | (1,181.4)                                                 | (125.6)                                                 |
| Investments in subsidiaries                                                                 | (44.6)         |                |                                                           |                                                         |
| Payment made for partnership interest                                                       | (19.5)         |                |                                                           |                                                         |
| Payment made for Pennsylvania gaming rights                                                 | (16.5)         |                |                                                           |                                                         |
| Cash acquired in business acquisitions, net of transaction costs                            | 14.0           |                |                                                           |                                                         |
| Insurance proceeds for hurricane losses for discontinued operations                         |                |                | 83.3                                                      |                                                         |
| Insurance proceeds for hurricane losses for continuing operations                           |                |                | 98.1                                                      |                                                         |
| Payment for Acquisition                                                                     |                |                | (17,490.2)                                                |                                                         |
| Investments in and advances to non-consolidated affiliates                                  | (64.0)         | (66.9)         | (5.9)                                                     |                                                         |
| Proceeds from other asset sales                                                             | 21.8           | 20.0           | 5.1                                                       | 3.1                                                     |
| Other                                                                                       | (18.4)         | (11.9)         | (23.2)                                                    | (1.6)                                                   |
| <b>Cash flows used in investing activities</b>                                              | <b>(287.9)</b> | <b>(523.3)</b> | <b>(18,514.2)</b>                                         | <b>(124.1)</b>                                          |
| <b>Cash flows provided by/(used in) financing activities</b>                                |                |                |                                                           |                                                         |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt                                                    | 1,332.2        | 2,259.6        | 21,524.9                                                  |                                                         |
| Debt issuance costs and fees                                                                | (64.6)         | (76.4)         | (644.5)                                                   |                                                         |
| Borrowings under lending agreements                                                         | 1,175.0        | 3,076.6        | 433.0                                                     | 11,316.3                                                |
| Repayments under lending agreements                                                         | (1,625.8)      | (3,535.1)      | (6,760.5)                                                 | (11,288.8)                                              |
| Cash paid in connection with early extinguishments of debt                                  | (369.1)        | (1,003.5)      | (2,167.4)                                                 | (87.7)                                                  |
| Scheduled debt retirements                                                                  | (237.0)        | (45.5)         | (6.5)                                                     |                                                         |
| Payment to bondholders for debt exchange                                                    |                |                | (289.0)                                                   |                                                         |
| Equity contribution from buyout                                                             |                |                | 6,007.0                                                   |                                                         |

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|                                                               |              |              |                 |             |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|-------------|
| Purchase of additional interest in subsidiary                 |              | (83.7)       |                 |             |
| Non-controlling interests distributions, net of contributions | (10.1)       | (17.2)       | (14.6)          | (1.6)       |
| Proceeds from exercises of stock options                      |              |              |                 | 2.4         |
| Excess tax (provision)/benefit from stock equity plans        |              |              | (50.5)          | 77.5        |
| Repurchase of treasury shares                                 | (1.6)        | (3.0)        | (3.6)           |             |
| Other                                                         | (11.6)       | (1.1)        | (1.3)           | (0.8)       |
| <b>Cash flows provided by financing activities</b>            | <b>187.4</b> | <b>570.7</b> | <b>18,027.0</b> | <b>17.3</b> |
| Cash flows from discontinued operations                       |              |              |                 |             |
| Cash flows from operating activities                          |              |              | 4.7             | 0.5         |
| Cash flows provided by discontinued operations                |              |              | 4.7             | 0.5         |
| Effect of deconsolidation of variable interest entities       | (1.4)        |              |                 |             |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents          | 68.9         | 267.6        | 39.6            | (99.1)      |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period                | 918.1        | 650.5        | 610.9           | 710.0       |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of period                      | \$ 987.0     | \$ 918.1     | \$ 650.5        | \$ 610.9    |

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these consolidated statements.

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**CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*In November 2010, Harrah's Entertainment Inc. changed its name to Caesars Entertainment Corporation. In these footnotes, the words Company, Caesars Entertainment, we, our and us refer to Caesars Entertainment Corporation, a Delaware corporation, and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, unless otherwise stated or the context requires otherwise.*

**Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

**BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND ORGANIZATION.** As of December 31, 2010, we owned, operated or managed 52 casinos, primarily under the Harrah's, Caesars and Horseshoe brand names in the United States. Our casino entertainment facilities include 33 land-based casinos, 12 riverboat or dockside casinos, three managed casinos on Indian lands in the United States, one managed casino in Canada, one combination thoroughbred racetrack and casino, one combination greyhound racetrack and casino, and one combination harness racetrack and casino. Our 33 land-based casinos include one in Uruguay, nine in England, one in Scotland, two in Egypt and one in South Africa. We view each property as an operating segment and aggregate all operating segments into one reporting segment.

On January 28, 2008, Caesars Entertainment was acquired by affiliates of Apollo Global Management, LLC ( Apollo ) and TPG Capital, LP ( TPG ) in an all cash transaction, hereinafter referred to as the Acquisition. Although Caesars Entertainment continued as the same legal entity after the Acquisition, the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations, the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows and the Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' (Deficit)/Equity and Comprehensive (Loss)/Income for the year ended December 31, 2008 are presented as the Predecessor period for the period prior to the Acquisition and as the Successor period for the period subsequent to the Acquisition. As a result of the application of purchase accounting as of the Acquisition date, the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Successor periods and the Predecessor periods are presented on different bases and are, therefore, not comparable.

**PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION.** Our Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of Caesars Entertainment and its subsidiaries after elimination of all significant intercompany accounts and transactions.

We consolidate into our financial statements the accounts of all wholly-owned subsidiaries, and any partially-owned subsidiary that we have the ability to control. Control generally equates to ownership percentage, whereby investments that are more than 50% owned are consolidated, investments in affiliates of 50% or less but greater than 20% are generally accounted for using the equity method, and investments in affiliates of 20% or less are accounted for using the cost method.

We also consolidate into our financial statements the accounts of any variable interest entity for which we are determined to be the primary beneficiary. Up through and including December 31, 2010, we analyzed our variable interests to determine if the entity that is party to the variable interest is a variable interest entity in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ( ASC ) 810, Consolidation. Our analysis included both quantitative and qualitative reviews. Quantitative analysis is based on the forecasted cash flows of the entity. Qualitative analysis is based on our review of the design of the entity, its organizational structure including decision-making ability, and financial agreements. Based on these analyses, there were no consolidated variable interest entities that were material to our Consolidated Financial Statements.

As discussed in Note 2, Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements, we adopted the provisions of Accounting Standards Update ( ASU ) 2009-17 (Topic 810), Improvements to Financial Reporting by Enterprises Involved with Variable Interest Entities, effective January 1, 2010.

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**CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS.** Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments with an original maturity of less than three months and are stated at the lower of cost or market value.

**ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS.** We reserve an estimated amount for receivables that may not be collected. Methodologies for estimating the allowance for doubtful accounts range from specific reserves to various percentages applied to aged receivables. Historical collection rates are considered, as are customer relationships, in determining specific reserves.

**INVENTORIES.** Inventories, which consist primarily of food, beverage, retail merchandise and operating supplies, are stated at average cost.

**LAND, BUILDINGS, RIVERBOATS AND EQUIPMENT.** As a result of the application of purchase accounting, land, buildings, riverboats and equipment were recorded at their estimated fair value and useful lives as of the Acquisition date. Additions to land, buildings, riverboats and equipment subsequent to the Acquisition are stated at historical cost. We capitalize the costs of improvements that extend the life of the asset. We expense maintenance and repair costs as incurred. Gains or losses on the dispositions of land, buildings, riverboats or equipment are included in the determination of income. Interest expense is capitalized on internally constructed assets at our overall weighted-average borrowing rate of interest. Capitalized interest amounted to \$1.4 million and \$32.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, \$53.3 million for the period from January 28, 2008 through December 31, 2008 and \$2.7 million for the period from January 1, 2008 through January 27, 2008.

We depreciate our buildings, riverboats and equipment for book purposes using the straight-line method over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset or the related lease term, as follows:

|                                   |                   |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Land improvements                 | 12 years          |
| Buildings and improvements        | 5 to 40 years     |
| Riverboats and barges             | 30 years          |
| Furniture, fixtures and equipment | 2 1/2 to 20 years |

We review the carrying value of land, buildings, riverboats and equipment for impairment whenever events and circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable from the estimated future cash flows expected to result from its use and eventual disposition. In cases where undiscounted expected future cash flows are less than the carrying value, an impairment loss is recognized equal to an amount by which the carrying value exceeds the estimated fair value of the asset. The factors considered by management in performing this assessment include current operating results, trends and prospects, and the effect of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors. In estimating expected future cash flows for determining whether an asset is impaired, assets are grouped at the operating unit level, which for most of our assets is the individual property.

Assets held for sale at December 31, 2009 primarily consisted of the building in Memphis, Tennessee which previously housed a majority of the corporate functions. The sale of this building closed in January 2010. Also in January 2010, we closed Bill's Lake Tahoe and later sold the property in February 2010. Neither the financial position of Bill's Lake Tahoe, nor the results of its operations are material to the Consolidated Financial Statements presented herein. As a result, Bill's Lake Tahoe has not been included in either assets held for sale or discontinued operations. We have no assets classified as held for sale at December 31, 2010.

**GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS.** The purchase price of an acquisition is allocated to the underlying assets acquired and liabilities assumed based upon their estimated fair values at the date of acquisition. We determine the estimated fair values after review and consideration of relevant information including discounted cash flows, quoted market prices and estimates made by management. To the extent the purchase price exceeds the fair value of the net identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed, such excess is recorded as goodwill.

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We determine the estimated fair value of each reporting unit as a function, or multiple, of earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ( EBITDA ), combined with estimated future cash flows discounted at rates commensurate with the Company's capital structure and the prevailing borrowing rates within the casino industry in general. Both EBITDA multiples and discounted cash flows are common measures used to value and buy or sell cash-intensive businesses such as casinos. We determine the estimated fair values of our non-amortizing intangible assets other than goodwill by using the relief from royalty and excess earnings methods under the income approach. In estimating expected future cash flows for determining whether an asset is impaired, assets are grouped at the operating unit level, which for most of our assets is the individual casino.

During the fourth quarter of each year, we perform annual assessments for impairment of goodwill and other intangible assets that are not subject to amortization as of September 30. We perform assessments for impairment of goodwill and other intangible assets more frequently if impairment indicators exist. The annual evaluation of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets requires the use of estimates about future operating results, valuation multiples and discount rates of each reporting unit, to determine their estimated fair value. Changes in these assumptions can materially affect these estimates. Once an impairment of goodwill or other intangible assets has been recorded, it cannot be reversed.

See Note 5, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, for additional discussion of goodwill and other intangible assets.

**LONG TERM NOTES RECEIVABLE.** Included in Deferred charges and other in the Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2010 and 2009, is a long term note receivable due in 2012 related to the sale of land in the amount of \$10.5 million and \$9.9 million, respectively. The note is a non-interest bearing note and is recorded at the present value of the future cash flows, utilizing an imputed interest rate of 6.5%. Also included in 2009 is a note receivable in the amount of \$52.2 million related to land and pre-development costs contributed to a venture for development of a casino project in Philadelphia. As more fully described in Note 11, Write-downs, Reserves and Recoveries, this note was fully reserved in 2010. Loan amounts are reviewed periodically and those accounts that are judged to be uncollectible are written down to estimated realizable value.

**UNAMORTIZED DEBT ISSUE COSTS.** Debt discounts or premiums incurred in connection with the issuance of debt are capitalized and amortized to interest expense using the effective interest method. Debt issue costs are amortized to interest expense based on the related debt agreements using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Unamortized discounts or premiums are written off and included in our gain or loss calculations to the extent we retire debt prior to its original maturity date. Unamortized debt issue costs are included in Deferred charges and other in our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

**DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS.** We account for derivative instruments in accordance with ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging, which requires that all derivative instruments be recognized in the financial statements at fair value. Any changes in fair value are recorded in the statements of operations or in other comprehensive income/(loss) within the equity section of the balance sheets, depending upon whether or not the derivative is designated and qualifies for hedge accounting, the type of hedge transaction and the effectiveness of the hedge. The estimated fair values of our derivative instruments are based on market prices obtained from dealer quotes. Such quotes represent the estimated amounts we would receive or pay to terminate the contracts.

Our derivative instruments contain a credit risk that the counterparties may be unable to meet the terms of the agreements. We minimize that risk by evaluating the creditworthiness of our counterparties, which are limited to major banks and financial institutions. Our derivatives are recorded at their fair values, adjusted for the credit rating of the counterparty if the derivative is an asset, or adjusted for the credit rating of the Company if the derivative is a liability. See Note 8, Derivative Instruments, for additional discussion of our derivative instruments.

**TOTAL REWARDS POINT LIABILITY PROGRAM.** Our customer loyalty program, Total Rewards, offers incentives to customers who gamble at certain of our casinos throughout the United States. Under the

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program, customers are able to accumulate, or bank, reward credits over time that they may redeem at their discretion under the terms of the program. The reward credit balance will be forfeited if the customer does not earn a reward credit over the prior six-month period. As a result of the ability of the customer to bank the reward credits, we accrue the expense of reward credits, after consideration of estimated forfeitures (referred to as breakage), as they are earned. The value of the cost to provide reward credits is expensed as the reward credits are earned and is included in direct Casino expense in our Consolidated Statements of Operations. To arrive at the estimated cost associated with reward credits, estimates and assumptions are made regarding incremental marginal costs of the benefits, breakage rates and the mix of goods and services for which reward credits will be redeemed. We use historical data to assist in the determination of estimated accruals. At December 31, 2010 and 2009 we had accrued \$57.7 million and \$53.2 million, respectively, for the estimated cost of Total Rewards credit redemptions. Such amounts are included within Accrued Expenses in the Consolidated Balance Sheets presented herein.

In addition to reward credits, customers at certain of our properties can earn points based on play that are redeemable in cash (cash-back points). In 2007, certain of our properties introduced a modification to the cash-back program whereby points are redeemable in playable credits at slot machines where, after one play-through, the credits can be cashed out. We accrue the cost of cash-back points and the modified program, after consideration of estimated breakage, as they are earned. The cost is recorded as contra-revenue and included in Casino promotional allowance in our Consolidated Statements of Operations. At December 31, 2010 and 2009, the liability related to outstanding cash-back points, which is based on historical redemption activity, was \$1.2 million and \$2.8 million, respectively.

**SELF-INSURANCE ACCRUALS.** We are self-insured up to certain limits for costs associated with general liability, workers' compensation and employee health coverage. Insurance claims and reserves include accruals of estimated settlements for known claims, as well as accruals of actuarial estimates of incurred but not reported claims. In estimating our liabilities, we consider historical loss experience and make judgments about the expected levels of costs per claim. We also rely on actuarial consultants to assist in the determination of such accruals. Our accruals are estimated based upon actuarial estimates of undiscounted claims, including those claims incurred but not reported. We believe the use of actuarial methods to account for these liabilities provides a consistent and effective way to measure these highly judgmental accruals; however, changes in health care costs, accident frequency and severity and other factors can materially affect the estimate for these liabilities.

**REVENUE RECOGNITION.** Casino revenues are measured by the aggregate net difference between gaming wins and losses, with liabilities recognized for funds deposited by customers before gaming play occurs and for chips in the customers' possession. Food and beverage, rooms, and other operating revenues are recognized when services are performed. Advance deposits on rooms and advance ticket sales are recorded as customer deposits until services are provided to the customer. The Company does not recognize as revenue taxes collected on goods or services sold to its customers.

The retail value of accommodations, food and beverage, and other services furnished to guests without charge is included in gross revenues and then deducted as promotional allowances. The estimated cost of providing such promotional allowances is included in casino expenses as follows:

|                   | Successor |          | Jan. 28,<br>2008<br>through<br>Dec. 31, 2008 | Predecessor<br>Jan. 1,<br>2008<br>through<br>Jan. 27, 2008 |
|-------------------|-----------|----------|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| (In millions)     | 2010      | 2009     |                                              |                                                            |
| Food and beverage | \$ 489.5  | \$ 473.4 | \$ 500.6                                     | \$ 42.4                                                    |
| Rooms             | 191.3     | 190.4    | 168.7                                        | 12.7                                                       |
| Other             | 60.0      | 70.6     | 88.6                                         | 5.5                                                        |
|                   | \$ 740.8  | \$ 734.4 | \$ 757.9                                     | \$ 60.6                                                    |



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**ADVERTISING.** The Company expenses the production costs of advertising the first time the advertising takes place. Advertising expense was \$199.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, \$188.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2009, \$253.7 million for the period from January 28, 2008 through December 31, 2008, and \$20.9 million for the period from January 1, 2008 through January 27, 2008, respectively.

**INCOME TAXES.** We are subject to income taxes in the United States (including federal and state) and numerous foreign jurisdictions in which we operate. We record income taxes under the asset and liability method, whereby deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized based on the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases, and attributable to operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. ASC 740, *Income Taxes*, requires a reduction of the carrying amounts of deferred tax assets by a valuation allowance if, based on the available evidence, it is more likely than not that such assets will not be realized. Accordingly, the need to establish valuation allowances for deferred tax assets is assessed periodically based on the ASC 740 more likely than not realization threshold. This assessment considers, among other matters, the nature, frequency and severity of current and cumulative losses, forecasts of future profitability, the duration of statutory carryforward periods, our experience with operating loss and tax credit carryforwards not expiring unused, and tax planning alternatives.

The effect on the income tax provision and deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. We have previously provided a valuation allowance on foreign tax credits, certain foreign and state net operating losses ( NOLs ), and other deferred foreign and state tax assets. Certain foreign and state NOLs and other deferred foreign and state tax assets were not deemed realizable because they are attributable to subsidiaries that are not expected to produce future earnings.

We adopted the directives of ASC 740 regarding uncertain income tax positions on January 1, 2007. We classify reserves for tax uncertainties within *Accrued expenses* and *Deferred credits and other* in our Consolidated Balance Sheets, separate from any related income tax payable or deferred income taxes. In accordance with ASC 740's directives regarding uncertain tax positions, reserve amounts relate to any potential income tax liabilities resulting from uncertain tax positions, as well as potential interest or penalties associated with those liabilities.

We file income tax returns, including returns for our subsidiaries, with federal, state, and foreign jurisdictions. We are under regular and recurring audit by the Internal Revenue Service ( IRS ) on open tax positions, and it is possible that the amount of the liability for unrecognized tax benefits could change during the next twelve months.

**RECLASSIFICATION.** We have recast certain amounts for prior periods to conform to our 2010 presentation.

**USE OF ESTIMATES.** The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ( U.S. GAAP ) requires that we make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Our actual results could differ from those estimates.

### ***Note 2 Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements***

On July 1, 2009 the Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) launched the Accounting Standards Codification (the ASC ), a structural overhaul to U.S. GAAP that changes from a standards-based model (with thousands of individual standards) to a topical based model. For final consensus that have been ratified by the FASB, the ASC is updated with an Accounting Standards Update ( ASU ), which is assigned a number that

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corresponds to the year and that ASUs spot in the progression (e.g., 2010-1 was the first ASU issued in 2010). ASUs replace accounting changes that historically were issued as Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ( SFAS ), FASB Interpretations ( FIN, ) FASB Staff Positions ( FSPs, ) or other types of FASB Standards.

The following are accounting standards adopted or issued during 2010 that could have an impact on our Company.

In December 2010, the FASB issued ASU 2010-29, Disclosure of Supplementary Pro Forma Information for Business Combinations, (ASC Topic 805, Business Combinations ). The amendments in this update specify that if a public entity presents comparative financial statements, the entity should disclose revenue and earnings of the combined entity as though the business combination(s) that occurred during the current year had occurred as of the beginning of the comparable prior annual reporting period only. The amendments in this update are effective prospectively for business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2010. We have elected not to adopt early application. We do not expect that the adoption of the update will have a significant impact on our consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

In December 2010, the FASB issued ASU 2010-28, When to Perform Step 2 of the Goodwill Impairment Test for Reporting Units with Zero or Negative Carrying Amounts, (ASC Topic 350, Intangibles-Goodwill and Other ). The amendment in this update modifies Step 1 of the goodwill impairment test for reporting units with zero or negative carrying amounts. For those reporting units, an entity is required to perform Step 2 of the goodwill impairment test if it is more likely than not that a goodwill impairment exists. In determining whether it is more likely than not that a goodwill impairment exists, an entity should consider whether there are any adverse qualitative factors indicating that an impairment may exist. The amendments in this update are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning on or after December 15, 2010. We are currently assessing what impact the adoption of the update will have on our consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows. As of our 2010 annual assessment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets for impairment, we did not have any reporting units with zero or negative carrying amounts.

In September 2010, the FASB ratified the final consensus of Emerging Issues Task Force ( EITF ) Issue 10-C (ASU 2010-25, Plan Accounting Defined Contribution Pension Plans (Topic 962): Reporting Loans to Participants by Defined Contribution Pension Plans (a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force) ). The Task Force concluded that participant loans should be classified as notes receivables and measured at the unpaid principal balance plus any accrued unpaid interest. The update also excludes participant loans from the credit quality disclosure requirements in ASU 2010-20, Disclosures About the Credit Quality of Financing Receivables and the Allowance for Credit Losses. The update is effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2010, and should be applied retrospectively to all prior periods presented. We are currently assessing what impact the adoption of the update will have on our consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

On July 21, 2010, the Financial Accounting Standard Board ( FASB ) issued Accounting Standards Updates ( ASU ) 2010-20, Disclosures About the Credit Quality of Financing receivables and the Allowance for Credit Losses, (ASC Topic 310, Receivables ). The amendments in the update require more robust and disaggregated disclosures about the credit quality of an entity s financing receivables and its allowance for credit losses. The objective of enhancing these disclosures is to improve financial statement users understanding of the nature of an entity s credit risk associated with its financing receivables and the entity s assessment of that risk in estimating its allowance for credit losses as well as changes in the allowance and the reasons for those changes. The amendments in the update are effective for the first interim or annual reporting period ending on or after December 15, 2010. Because ASU No. 2010-20 applies primarily to financial statement disclosures, it did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

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In April 2010, the FASB issued ASU 2010-16, *Accruals for Casino Jackpot Liabilities*, (ASC Topic 924, *Entertainment Casinos*). The amendments in this update clarify that an entity should not accrue jackpot liabilities (or portions thereof) before a jackpot is won if the entity can avoid paying that jackpot. Instead, jackpots should be accrued and charged to revenue when an entity has the obligation to pay the jackpot. This update applies to both base and progressive jackpots. The amendments in this update are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning on or after December 15, 2010. We have elected not to adopt early application. Upon adoption of this standard on January 1, 2011, we reduced our recorded accruals with a corresponding cumulative effect adjustment to Retained Earnings of approximately \$19.2 million.

We adopted the provisions of ASU No. 2010-06, *Improving Disclosures About Fair Value Measurements*, on February 1, 2010. This update adds new requirements for disclosure about transfers into and out of Level 1 and Level 2 measurements, and separate disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements relating to Level 3 measurements. The ASU also clarifies existing fair value disclosures about the level of disaggregation and about inputs and valuation techniques used to measure fair value. Further, the ASU amends guidance on employers disclosures about postretirement benefit plan assets under ASC 715, *Compensation Retirement Benefits*, to require that disclosures be provided by classes of assets instead of by major categories of assets. Because ASU No. 2010-06 applies only to financial statement disclosures, it did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

In June 2009, the FASB issued ASU 2009-17 (ASC Topic 810), *Improvements to Financial Reporting by Enterprises Involved with Variable Interest Entities*, which was effective as of January 1, 2010. The new standard amends existing consolidation guidance for variable interest entities and requires a company to perform a qualitative analysis when determining whether it must consolidate a variable interest entity. This analysis identifies the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity as the company that has both the power to direct the activities of a variable interest entity that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance and either the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits from the entity that could potentially be significant to the variable interest entity. As a result of the adoption of ASU 2009-17, we have two joint ventures which were consolidated within our financial statements for all periods prior to December 31, 2009, and are no longer consolidated beginning in January 2010.

Selected financial information for 2009 related to the two joint ventures that were deconsolidated is as follows:

| (In millions)                 | Quarter Ended<br>December<br>31, 2009 | Year Ended<br>December 31, 2009 |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Net revenues                  | \$ 8.4                                | \$ 40.3                         |
| (Loss)/income from operations | (0.2)                                 | 1.7                             |

**Note 3 The Acquisition**

The Acquisition was completed on January 28, 2008, and was financed by a combination of borrowings under the Company's new term loan facility due 2015, the issuance of Senior Notes due 2016 and Senior PIK Toggle Notes due 2018, the CMBS Financing (defined below) due 2013, and equity investments by Apollo and TPG, co-investors and members of management. See Note 7, *Debt*, for a discussion of our debt.

The purchase price was approximately \$30.7 billion, including the assumption of \$12.4 billion of debt and the incurrence of approximately \$1.0 billion of transaction costs. All of the outstanding shares of Caesars Entertainment stock were acquired, with shareholders receiving \$90.00 in cash for each outstanding share of common stock.

As a result of the Acquisition, the then issued and outstanding shares of non-voting common stock and the non-voting preferred stock of Caesars Entertainment were owned by entities affiliated with Apollo and TPG and

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certain co-investors and members of management, and the then issued and outstanding shares of voting common stock of Caesars Entertainment were owned by Hamlet Holdings LLC, which is owned by certain individuals affiliated with Apollo and TPG. As a result of the Acquisition, our stock is no longer publicly traded. During 2010, our shares of non-voting common stock and non-voting preferred stock were converted to a recently issued class of voting common stock, and our existing voting stock was canceled, as more fully described in Note 9, Preferred and Common Stock .

The purchase price was allocated to the underlying assets acquired and liabilities assumed based upon their estimated fair values at the date of the Acquisition. We determined the estimated fair values after review and consideration of relevant information including discounted cash flow analyses, quoted market prices and our own estimates. To the extent that the purchase price exceeded the fair value of the net identifiable tangible and intangible assets, such excess was recorded as goodwill.

Goodwill and intangible assets that were determined to have an indefinite life are not being amortized. Patented technology was assigned lives ranging from 1 to 10 years based on the estimated remaining usefulness of that technology for Caesars Entertainment. Amortizing contract rights were assigned lives based on the remaining life of the contract, including any extensions that management is probable to exercise, ranging from 11 months to 11 years. Amortizing customer relationships were given lives of 10 to 14 years based upon attrition rates and computations of incremental value derived from existing relationships.

The following unaudited pro forma consolidated financial information assumes that the Acquisition was completed at the beginning of 2008.

| <b>(In millions)</b>                                       | <b>Year Ended<br/>December 31, 2008</b> |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Net revenues                                               | \$ 10,127.0                             |
| Loss from continuing operations, net of tax                | \$ (5,349.7)                            |
| Net loss attributable to Caesars Entertainment Corporation | \$ (5,272.8)                            |

Pro forma results for the year ended December 31, 2008, include non-recurring charges of \$82.8 million related to the accelerated vesting of stock options, stock appreciation rights (SARs) and restricted stock and \$66.8 million of legal and other professional charges related to the Acquisition.

The unaudited pro forma results are presented for comparative purposes only. The pro forma results are not necessarily indicative of what our actual results would have been had the Acquisition been completed at the beginning of the period, or of future results.

**Note 4 Development and Acquisition Activity****Acquisition of Planet Hollywood**

On February 19, 2010, Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc. ( CEOC ), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Caesars Entertainment Corporation, acquired 100% of the equity interests of PHW Las Vegas, LLC ( PHW Las Vegas ), which owns the Planet Hollywood Resort and Casino ( Planet Hollywood ) located in Las Vegas, Nevada. PHW Las Vegas is an unrestricted subsidiary of CEOC and therefore not a borrower under CEOC 's credit facilities.

The Company paid approximately \$67.2 million, substantially during the second half of 2009, for the combination of i) the Company 's initial debt investment in certain predecessor entities of PHW Las Vegas; and ii) certain interest only participations associated with the debt of certain predecessor entities of PHW Las Vegas. In connection with the cancellation of our debt investment in such predecessor entities of PHW Las Vegas in exchange for the equity of PHW Las Vegas, the Company recognized a gain of \$7.1 million to adjust our investments to reflect the estimated fair value of consideration paid for the acquisition. This gain is reflected in

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Other income, including interest income, in our Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2010. Also, as a result of the acquisition, the Company acquired the net cash balance of PHW Las Vegas, resulting in a positive cash flow for the year ended December 31, 2010 of \$12.5 million, net of closing costs.

In connection with this transaction, PHW Las Vegas assumed a \$554.3 million, face value, senior secured loan, and a subsidiary of CEOC canceled certain debt issued by PHW Las Vegas predecessor entities. In connection with the transaction and the assumption of debt, PHW Las Vegas entered into an amended and restated loan agreement (the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement) as discussed in Note 7, Debt, below.

Selected financial information related to Planet Hollywood for periods subsequent to our date of acquisition is as follows:

| (In millions)          | Quarter ended<br>December<br>31, 2010 | Acquisition<br>through<br>December 31, 2010 |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Net revenues           | \$ 71.4                               | \$ 230.6                                    |
| Income from operations | 10.0                                  | 33.4                                        |

PHW Las Vegas is not a material subsidiary of the Company and, as a result, pro forma information for periods prior to the acquisition of PHW Las Vegas is not provided.

**Purchase Accounting**

The Company accounted for the acquisition of PHW Las Vegas in accordance with ASC 805, Business Combinations, under which the purchase price of the acquisition has been allocated based upon preliminary estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, with the excess of estimated fair value over net tangible and intangible assets acquired recorded as goodwill. The preliminary purchase price allocation includes assets and liabilities of PHW Las Vegas as follows:

| (In millions)                             | February 19, 2010 |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| <b>Assets</b>                             |                   |
| Current assets                            |                   |
| Cash and cash equivalents                 | \$ 31.3           |
| Accounts receivable                       | 16.2              |
| Prepayments and other                     | 6.1               |
| Inventories                               | 1.9               |
| Total current assets                      | 55.5              |
| Land, buildings, riverboats and equipment | 461.0             |
| Goodwill                                  | 16.3              |
| Intangible assets other than goodwill     | 5.4               |
| Deferred charges and other                | 4.6               |
|                                           | 542.8             |
| <b>Liabilities</b>                        |                   |
| Current liabilities                       |                   |
| Accounts payable                          | (1.9)             |
| Interest payable                          | (1.1)             |
| Accrued expenses                          | (28.3)            |
| Current portion of long-term debt         | (4.5)             |
| Total current liabilities                 | (35.8)            |

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|                                 |         |
|---------------------------------|---------|
| Long-term debt, net of discount | (433.3) |
| Deferred credits and other      | (12.6)  |
| Total liabilities               | (481.7) |
| Net assets acquired             | \$ 61.1 |

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During the quarter ended December 31, 2010, the Company continued to review its preliminary purchase price allocation and the supporting valuations and related assumptions. Based upon these reviews, the Company made adjustments to its preliminary purchase price allocation (included in the table above) that resulted in an increase to the recorded goodwill of \$7.1 million in the quarter ended December 31, 2010. The Company has not finalized its review of the purchase price allocation.

### ***Acquisition of Thistledown Racetrack***

On September 15, 2009, we announced that the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware had approved an agreement for the sale of Thistledown Racetrack in Cleveland, Ohio from Magna Entertainment Corporation to CEOC. The closing of the sale was subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions and receipt of all required regulatory approvals. The conditions to closing were never satisfied, and the agreement was never consummated. As a result the agreement was terminated by the seller on May 17, 2010.

On May 25, 2010, CEOC entered into a new agreement to purchase the assets of Thistledown Racetrack. The acquisition was completed on July 28, 2010 at a cost of approximately \$42.5 million. The results of Thistledown Racetrack for periods subsequent to July 28, 2010 were consolidated with our results.

The Company accounted for the acquisition of Thistledown Racetrack in accordance with ASC 805, Business Combinations, under which the purchase price of the acquisition has been allocated based upon preliminary estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, with the excess of estimated fair value over net tangible and intangible assets acquired recorded as goodwill. The preliminary purchase price allocation includes assets, liabilities and net assets acquired of Thistledown Racetrack of \$46.8 million, \$4.3 million and \$42.5 million, respectively.

The Company has not finalized its purchase price allocation. The most significant of the items not finalized is the determination of deferred tax balances associated with differences between the estimated fair values and the tax bases of assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

Thistledown Racetrack is not a significant subsidiary of the Company and, as a result, pro forma information for periods prior to the acquisition of Thistledown Racetrack is not provided.

### ***Joint Venture with Rock Gaming, LLC***

In December 2010, we formed a joint venture, Rock Ohio Caesars LLC, with Rock Gaming, LLC, to pursue casino developments in Cincinnati and Cleveland. Pursuant to the agreements forming the joint venture, we have committed to invest up to \$200.0 million for an approximate 30.0% interest in the joint venture. As part of our investment, we also plan to contribute Thistledown Racetrack to the joint venture. The casino developments will be managed by subsidiaries of Caesars Entertainment Corporation.

Completion of the casino developments is subject to a number of conditions, including, without limitation, the joint venture's ability to obtain financing for development of the projects, the adoption of final rules and regulations by the Ohio casino control commission (once appointed), and receipt of necessary licensing to operate casinos in the State of Ohio.

At December 31, 2010, the Company had invested approximately \$64.0 million into its joint venture with Rock Gaming, LLC, which is included in the line Investments in and advances to nonconsolidated affiliates in our Consolidated Balance Sheet.

### ***Acquisition of Non-Controlling Interest***

During 2009, Chester Downs, a majority-owned subsidiary of CEOC and owner of Harrah's Chester, entered into an agreement to borrow under a senior secured term loan with a principal amount of approximately \$230.0 million and borrowed such amount, net of original issue discount. The proceeds of the term loan were

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used to pay off intercompany debt due to CEOC and to repurchase equity interests from certain minority partners of Chester Downs. As a result of the purchase of these equity interests, CEOC currently owns approximately 95% of Chester Downs. The purchase was accounted for as an equity transaction and, as a result, is included in the financing section within our Statement of Cash Flows.

**Note 5 Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets**

We account for our goodwill and other intangible assets in accordance with ASC 350, Intangible Assets Goodwill and Other, which provides guidance regarding the recognition and measurement of intangible assets and requires at least annual assessments for impairment of intangible assets that are not subject to amortization.

The following table sets forth changes in our goodwill:

| <b>(In millions)</b>         |            |
|------------------------------|------------|
| Balance at December 31, 2008 | \$ 4,902.2 |
| Additions or adjustments     |            |
| Impairments of goodwill      | (1,445.3)  |
| Balance at December 31, 2009 | 3,456.9    |
| Additions or adjustments     | 56.0       |
| Impairments of goodwill      | (92.0)     |
| Balance at December 31, 2010 | \$ 3,420.9 |

In March 2010, the Company paid \$19.5 million to a former owner of Chester Downs for resolution of the final contingency associated with the Company's purchase of additional interest in this property. This payment was recorded as goodwill. The acquisitions of Planet Hollywood and Thistledown Racetrack also added \$36.5 million in goodwill during 2010.

During the fourth quarter of each year, we perform annual assessments for impairment of goodwill and other intangible assets that are not subject to amortization as of September 30. We perform assessments for impairment of goodwill and other intangible assets more frequently if impairment indicators exist. For our assessment, we determine the estimated fair value of each reporting unit as a function, or multiple, of EBITDA, combined with estimated future cash flows discounted at rates commensurate with the Company's capital structure and the prevailing borrowing rates within the casino industry in general. Both EBITDA multiples and discounted cash flows are common measures used to value and buy or sell cash-intensive businesses such as casinos. We determine the estimated fair values of our non-amortizing intangible assets by using the relief from royalty and excess earnings methods under the income approach.

In 2010, due to weak economic conditions in certain gaming markets in which we operate, we performed an interim assessment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets for impairment in the second quarter. This analysis resulted in an impairment charge of \$100.0 million. During the third quarter, we completed a preliminary annual assessment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets as of September 30, which resulted in an impairment charge of \$44.0 million. We finalized our annual assessment during fourth quarter, and as a result of the final assessment, we recorded an impairment charge of \$49.0 million, which brought the aggregate charges recorded for the year ended December 31, 2010 to \$193.0 million. These impairment charges were primarily a result of adjustments to our long-term operating plan.

In 2009, due to the relative impact of weak economic conditions on certain properties in the Las Vegas market, we performed an interim assessment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets for impairment during the second quarter. This analysis resulted in an impairment charge of \$297.1 million. During the third quarter, we completed a preliminary annual assessment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible



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assets as of September 30, which resulted in an impairment charge of \$1,328.6 million. We finalized our annual assessment during fourth quarter, and as a result of the final assessment, we recorded an impairment charge of \$12.3 million, which brought the aggregate charges recorded for the year ended December 31, 2009 to \$1,638.0 million. These impairment charges were primarily a result of adjustments to our long-term operating plan as a result of the then-current economic climate.

Since the date of the Acquisition, we have recorded aggregate impairment charges to goodwill of \$6,075.2 million.

The table below summarizes our impairment charges for goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets:

| (In millions)           | Successor                      |                                | Predecessor<br>Jan. 1,<br>2008<br>through<br>Jan. 27, 2008 |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
|                         | Year Ended<br>Dec. 31,<br>2010 | Year Ended<br>Dec. 31,<br>2009 |                                                            |
|                         |                                |                                | Jan. 28,<br>2008<br>through<br>Dec. 31, 2008               |
| Goodwill                | \$ 92.0                        | \$ 1,445.3                     | \$ 4,537.9                                                 |
| Trademarks              | 20.0                           | 106.7                          | 687.0                                                      |
| Gaming rights and other | 81.0                           | 86.0                           | 264.7                                                      |

Total impairment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets

\$ 193.0      \$ 1,638.0      \$ 5,489.6      \$

The following table provides the gross carrying value and accumulated amortization for each major class of intangible assets other than goodwill:

| (In millions)          | Weighted<br>Average<br>Useful Life<br>(in<br>years) | December 31, 2010            |                             |                           | December 31, 2009           |                             |                           |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
|                        |                                                     | Gross<br>Carrying<br>Amount  | Accumulated<br>Amortization | Net<br>Carrying<br>Amount | Gross<br>Carrying<br>Amount | Accumulated<br>Amortization | Net<br>Carrying<br>Amount |
|                        |                                                     | Amortizing intangible assets |                             |                           |                             |                             |                           |
| Customer relationships | 8.9                                                 | \$ 1,456.9                   | \$ (366.5)                  | \$ 1,090.4                | \$ 1,454.5                  | \$ (240.8)                  | \$ 1,213.7                |
| Contract rights        | 3.8                                                 | 132.5                        | (85.6)                      | 46.9                      | 130.1                       | (66.5)                      | 63.6                      |
| Patented technology    | 5.1                                                 | 93.5                         | (34.1)                      | 59.4                      | 93.5                        | (22.4)                      | 71.1                      |
| Gaming rights          | 13.5                                                | 42.8                         | (7.6)                       | 35.2                      | 42.8                        | (5.0)                       | 37.8                      |
| Trademarks             | 2.1                                                 | 7.8                          | (4.6)                       | 3.2                       | 7.8                         | (3.0)                       | 4.8                       |
|                        |                                                     | \$ 1,733.5                   | \$ (498.4)                  | 1,235.1                   | \$ 1,728.7                  | \$ (337.7)                  | 1,391.0                   |

Non-amortizing intangible assets

|               |  |  |         |  |         |
|---------------|--|--|---------|--|---------|
| Trademarks    |  |  | 1,916.7 |  | 1,937.0 |
| Gaming rights |  |  | 1,560.0 |  | 1,623.3 |
|               |  |  | 3,476.7 |  | 3,560.3 |

Total intangible assets other than goodwill

\$ 4,711.8      \$ 4,951.3

In June 2010, the Company paid \$16.5 million to the State of Pennsylvania for the right to operate table games at Harrah's Chester. This payment was recorded as a non-amortizing intangible asset.



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The aggregate amortization expense for those intangible assets that continue to be amortized was \$160.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, \$174.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2009, \$162.9 million for the period from January 28, 2008 through December 31, 2008, and \$5.5 million for the period from January 1, 2008 through January 27, 2008. Estimated annual amortization expense for the years ending December 31, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015 and thereafter is \$156.2 million, \$154.9 million, \$152.5 million, \$142.3 million, \$142.3 million and \$486.8 million, respectively.

***Note 6 Detail of Accrued Expenses***

Accrued expenses consisted of the following as of December 31:

| <b>(In millions)</b>               | <b>2010</b> | <b>2009</b> |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Self-insurance claims and reserves | \$ 215.7    | \$ 209.6    |
| Payroll and other compensation     | 213.6       | 226.0       |
| Accrued taxes                      | 133.2       | 149.3       |
| Total Rewards liability            | 57.7        | 53.2        |
| Other accruals                     | 454.1       | 436.7       |
|                                    | \$ 1,074.3  | \$ 1,074.8  |

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The following table presents our outstanding debt as of December 31, 2010 and 2009:

| <b>Detail of Debt (dollars in millions)</b>             | <b>Final Maturity</b> | <b>Rate(s) at Dec. 31, 2010</b> | <b>Face Value at Dec. 31, 2010</b> | <b>Book Value at Dec. 31, 2010</b> | <b>Book Value at Dec. 31, 2009</b> |
|---------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Credit Facilities and Secured Debt</b>               |                       |                                 |                                    |                                    |                                    |
| Term Loans B1 - B3                                      | 2015                  | 3.29%-3.30%                     | \$ 5,815.1                         | \$ 5,815.1                         | \$ 5,835.3                         |
| Term Loans B4                                           | 2016                  | 9.5%                            | 990.0                              | 968.3                              | 975.3                              |
| Revolving Credit Facility                               | 2014                  | 3.23%-3.75%                     |                                    |                                    | 427.0                              |
| Senior Secured Notes                                    | 2017                  | 11.25%                          | 2,095.0                            | 2,049.7                            | 2,045.2                            |
| CMBS financing                                          | 2015*                 | 3.25%                           | 5,189.6                            | 5,182.3                            | 5,551.2                            |
| Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes                    | 2018                  | 12.75%                          | 750.0                              | 741.3                              |                                    |
| Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes                    | 2018                  | 10.0%                           | 4,553.1                            | 2,033.3                            | 1,959.1                            |
| Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes                    | 2015                  | 10.0%                           | 214.8                              | 156.2                              | 150.7                              |
| Secured debt                                            | 2010                  | 6.0%                            |                                    |                                    | 25.0                               |
| Chester Downs term loan                                 | 2016                  | 12.375%                         | 248.4                              | 237.5                              | 217.2                              |
| PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan                       | 2015**                | 3.12%                           | 530.5                              | 423.8                              |                                    |
| Other                                                   | Various               | 4.25%-6.0%                      | 1.4                                | 1.4                                |                                    |
| <b>Subsidiary-guaranteed debt</b>                       |                       |                                 |                                    |                                    |                                    |
| Senior Notes, including senior interim loans            | 2016                  | 10.75%                          | 478.6                              | 478.6                              | 478.6                              |
| Senior PIK Toggle Notes, including senior interim loans |                       | 10.75%/                         |                                    |                                    |                                    |
|                                                         | 2018                  | 11.5%                           | 10.5                               | 10.5                               | 9.4                                |
| <b>Unsecured Senior Debt</b>                            |                       |                                 |                                    |                                    |                                    |
| 5.5%                                                    | 2010                  | 5.5%                            |                                    |                                    | 186.9                              |
| 8.0%                                                    | 2011                  | 8.0%                            |                                    |                                    | 12.5                               |
| 5.375%                                                  | 2013                  | 5.375%                          | 125.2                              | 101.6                              | 95.5                               |
| 7.0%                                                    | 2013                  | 7.0%                            | 0.6                                | 0.6                                | 0.7                                |
| 5.625%                                                  | 2015                  | 5.625%                          | 364.6                              | 273.9                              | 319.5                              |
| 6.5%                                                    | 2016                  | 6.5%                            | 248.7                              | 183.8                              | 251.9                              |
| 5.75%                                                   | 2017                  | 5.75%                           | 153.9                              | 105.5                              | 151.3                              |
| Floating Rate Contingent Convertible Senior Notes       | 2024                  | 0.51%                           | 0.2                                | 0.2                                | 0.2                                |
| <b>Unsecured Senior Subordinated Notes</b>              |                       |                                 |                                    |                                    |                                    |
| 7.875%                                                  | 2010                  | 7.875%                          |                                    |                                    | 142.5                              |
| 8.125%                                                  | 2011                  | 8.125%                          |                                    |                                    | 11.4                               |
| <b>Other Unsecured Borrowings</b>                       |                       |                                 |                                    |                                    |                                    |
| 5.3% special improvement district bonds                 | 2035                  | 5.3%                            | 67.1                               | 67.1                               | 68.4                               |
| Other                                                   | Various               | Various                         | 1.0                                | 1.0                                | 18.1                               |
| <b>Capitalized Lease Obligations</b>                    |                       |                                 |                                    |                                    |                                    |
| 6.42%-9.8%                                              | to 2020               | 6.42%-9.8%                      | 9.4                                | 9.4                                | 10.2                               |
| <b>Total debt</b>                                       |                       |                                 | <b>21,847.7</b>                    | <b>18,841.1</b>                    | <b>18,943.1</b>                    |
| <b>Current portion of long-term debt</b>                |                       |                                 | <b>(57.0)</b>                      | <b>(55.6)</b>                      | <b>(74.3)</b>                      |
| <b>Long-term debt</b>                                   |                       |                                 | <b>\$ 21,790.7</b>                 | <b>\$ 18,785.5</b>                 | <b>\$ 18,868.8</b>                 |

\* We are permitted to extend the maturity of the CMBS Loans from 2013 to 2015, subject to satisfying certain conditions, in connection with the amendment to the CMBS Facilities

\*\* The Planet Hollywood Las Vegas senior secured loan is subject to extension options moving its maturity from 2011 to 2015, subject to certain conditions



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Book values of debt as of December 31, 2010 are presented net of unamortized discounts of \$3,006.6 million. As of December 31, 2009, book values are presented net of unamortized discounts of \$3,108.9 million and unamortized premiums of \$0.1 million.

Our current maturities of debt include required interim principal payments on each of our Term Loans, our Chester Downs term loan, and the special improvement district bonds.

As of December 31, 2010, aggregate annual principal maturities for the four years subsequent to 2011 were as follows, assuming all conditions to extending the maturities of the CMBS Financing and the Planet Hollywood Las Vegas senior secured loan are met, and such maturities are extended: 2012, \$47.6 million; 2013, \$172.6 million; 2014, \$45.1 million; and 2015, \$12,059.7 million.

**Credit Agreement**

In connection with the Acquisition, CEOC entered into the senior secured credit facilities (the *Credit Facilities*). This financing is neither secured nor guaranteed by Caesars Entertainment's other direct, wholly-owned subsidiaries, including the subsidiaries that own properties that are security for the CMBS Financing.

As of December 31, 2010, our Credit Facilities provide for senior secured financing of up to \$8,435.1 million, consisting of (i) senior secured term loan facilities in an aggregate principal amount of \$6,805.1 million with \$5,815.1 million maturing on January 20, 2015 and \$990.0 million maturing on October 31, 2016, and (ii) a senior secured revolving credit facility in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$1,630.0 million, maturing January 28, 2014, including both a letter of credit sub-facility and a swingline loan sub-facility. The term loans under the Credit Facilities require scheduled quarterly payments of \$7.5 million, with the balance due at maturity. A total of \$6,805.1 million face amount of borrowings were outstanding under the Credit Facilities as of December 31, 2010, with \$119.8 million of the revolving credit facility committed to outstanding letters of credit. After consideration of these borrowings and letters of credit, \$1,510.2 million of additional borrowing capacity was available to the Company under its revolving credit facility as of December 31, 2010.

**CMBS Financing**

In connection with the Acquisition, eight of our properties (the *CMBS properties*) and their related assets were spun out of Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Caesars Entertainment, to Caesars Entertainment. As of the Acquisition date, the CMBS properties were Harrah's Las Vegas, Rio, Flamingo Las Vegas, Harrah's Atlantic City, Showboat Atlantic City, Harrah's Lake Tahoe, Harveys Lake Tahoe and Bill's Lake Tahoe. The CMBS properties borrowed \$6,500 million of CMBS financing (the *CMBS Financing*). The CMBS Financing is secured by the assets of the CMBS properties and certain aspects of the financing are guaranteed by Caesars Entertainment. On May 22, 2008, Paris Las Vegas and Harrah's Laughlin and their related operating assets were spun out of CEOC to Caesars Entertainment and became property secured under the CMBS loans, and Harrah's Lake Tahoe, Harveys Lake Tahoe, Bill's Lake Tahoe and Showboat Atlantic City were transferred to CEOC from Caesars Entertainment as contemplated under the debt agreements effective pursuant to the Acquisition.

On August 31, 2010, we executed an agreement with the lenders to amend the terms of our CMBS Financing to, among other things, (i) provide our subsidiaries that are borrowers under the CMBS mortgage loan and/or related mezzanine loans (*CMBS Loans*) the right to extend the maturity of the CMBS Loans, subject to certain conditions, by up to 2 years until February 2015, (ii) amend certain terms of the CMBS Loans with respect to reserve requirements, collateral rights, property release prices and the payment of management fees, (iii) provide for ongoing mandatory offers to repurchase CMBS Loans using excess cash flow from the CMBS entities at discounted prices, (iv) provide for the amortization of the mortgage loan in certain minimum amounts upon the occurrence of certain conditions and (v) provide for certain limitations with respect to the amount of excess cash flow from the CMBS entities that may be distributed to us. Any CMBS Loan purchased pursuant to the amendments will be canceled.

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In the fourth quarter of 2009, we purchased \$948.8 million of face value of CMBS Loans for \$237.2 million. Pursuant to the terms of the amendment as initially agreed to on March 5, 2010, we agreed to pay lenders selling CMBS Loans during the fourth quarter 2009 an additional \$47.4 million for their loans previously sold, to be paid no later than December 31, 2010. This additional liability was recorded as a loss on early extinguishment of debt during the first quarter of 2010 and was paid during the fourth quarter of 2010.

In June 2010, we purchased \$46.6 million face value of CMBS Loans for \$22.6 million, recognizing a net gain on the transaction of approximately \$23.3 million during the second quarter of 2010. In September 2010, in connection with the execution of the amendment, we purchased \$123.8 million face value of CMBS Loans for \$37.1 million, of which \$31.0 million was paid at the closing of the CMBS amendment, and the remainder of which was paid during fourth quarter 2010. We recognized a pre-tax gain on the transaction of approximately \$77.4 million, net of deferred finance charges.

In December 2010, we purchased \$191.3 million of face value of CMBS Loans for \$95.6 million, recognizing a pre-tax gain of \$66.9 million, net of deferred finance charges.

As part of the amended CMBS Loan Agreement, in order to extend the maturity of the CMBS Loans under the extension option, we are required to extend our interest rate cap agreement to cover the two years of extended maturity of the CMBS Loans, with a maximum aggregate purchase price for such extended interest rate cap for \$5.0 million. We funded the \$5.0 million obligation on September 1, 2010 in connection with the closing of the CMBS Loan Agreement.

**PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan**

On February 19, 2010, CEOC acquired 100% of the equity interests of PHW Las Vegas, which owns the Planet Hollywood Resort and Casino located in Las Vegas, Nevada. In connection with this transaction, PHW Las Vegas assumed a \$554.3 million, face value, senior secured loan, and a subsidiary of CEOC cancelled certain debt issued by PHW Las Vegas predecessor entities. The outstanding amount is secured by the assets of PHW Las Vegas, and is non-recourse to other subsidiaries of the Company.

In connection with the transaction and the assumption of debt, PHW Las Vegas entered into the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as trustee for The Credit Suisse First Boston Mortgage Securities Corp. Commercial Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates, Series 2007-TFL2 ( Lender ). The maturity date for this loan is December 2011, with two extension options (subject to certain conditions), which, if exercised, would extend maturity until April 2015. At December 31, 2010, the loan has been classified as long-term in our Consolidated Balance Sheet because the Company has both the intent and ability to exercise the extension options. PHW Las Vegas is an unrestricted subsidiary of CEOC and therefore not a borrower under CEOC's Credit Facilities. A subsidiary of CEOC manages the property for PHW Las Vegas for a fee.

PHW Las Vegas may, at its option, voluntarily prepay the loan in whole or in part upon twenty (20) days prior written notice to Lender. PHW Las Vegas is required to prepay the loan in (i) the amount of any insurance proceeds received by Lender for which Lender is not obligated to make available to PHW Las Vegas for restoration in accordance with the terms of the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement, (ii) the amount of any proceeds received from the operator of the timeshare property adjacent to the Planet Hollywood Resort and Casino, subject to the limitations set forth in the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement and (iii) the amount of any excess cash remaining after application of the cash management provisions of the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement.

**Other Financing Transactions**

During 2009, Chester Downs and Marina LLC ( Chester Downs ), a majority-owned subsidiary of CEOC and owner of Harrah's Chester, entered into an agreement to borrow under a senior secured term loan with a principal amount of \$230.0 million and borrowed such amount, net of original issue discount. The proceeds of

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the term loan were used to pay off intercompany debt due to CEOC and to repurchase equity interests from certain minority partners of Chester Downs. As a result of the purchase of these equity interests, CEOC currently owns 95.0% of Chester Downs.

On October 8, 2010, Chester Downs amended its existing senior secured term loan facility to obtain an additional \$40.0 million term loan. The additional loan has substantially the same terms as the existing term loan with respect to interest rates, maturity and security. The proceeds of the additional term loans were used for general corporate purposes, including the repayment of indebtedness and capital expenditures.

### **Exchange Offers, Debt Repurchases and Open Market Purchases**

From time to time, we may retire portions of our outstanding debt in open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. These repurchases will be funded through available cash from operations and from our established debt programs. Such repurchases are dependent on prevailing market conditions, the Company's liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors.

On April 15, 2009, CEOC completed private exchange offers to exchange approximately \$3,648.8 million aggregate principal amount of new 10.0% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2018 for approximately \$5,470.1 million principal amount of its outstanding debt due between 2010 and 2018. The new notes are guaranteed by Caesars Entertainment and are secured on a second-priority lien basis by substantially all of CEOC's and its subsidiaries' assets that secure the senior secured credit facilities. In addition to the exchange offers, a subsidiary of Caesars Entertainment paid approximately \$96.7 million to purchase for cash certain notes of CEOC with an aggregate principal amount of approximately \$522.9 million maturing between 2015 and 2017. The notes purchased pursuant to this tender offer remained outstanding for CEOC but reduce Caesars Entertainment's outstanding debt on a consolidated basis. Additionally, CEOC paid approximately \$4.8 million in cash to purchase notes of approximately \$24.0 million aggregate principal amount from retail holders that were not eligible to participate in the exchange offers. As a result of the exchange and tender offers, we recorded a pre-tax gain in the second quarter 2009 of approximately \$4,023.0 million.

On October 22, 2009, CEOC completed cash tender offers for certain of its outstanding debt securities with maturities in 2010 and 2011. CEOC purchased \$4.5 million principal amount of its 5.5% senior notes due 2010, \$17.2 million principal amount of its 7.875% senior subordinated notes due 2010, \$19.6 million principal amount of its 8.0% senior notes due 2011 and \$4.2 million principal amount of its 8.125% senior subordinated notes due 2011 for an aggregate consideration of approximately \$44.5 million.

As a result of the receipt of the requisite consent of lenders having loans made under the Senior Unsecured Interim Loan Agreement ( "Interim Loan Agreement" ) representing more than 50% of the sum of all loans outstanding under the Interim Loan Agreement, waivers or amendments of certain provisions of the Interim Loan Agreement to permit CEOC, from time to time, to buy back loans at prices below par from specific lenders in the form of voluntary prepayments of the loans by CEOC on a non-pro rata basis are now operative. Included in the exchanged debt discussed above are approximately \$296.9 million of 10.0% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes that were exchanged for approximately \$442.3 million principal amount of loans surrendered in the exchange offer for loans outstanding under the Interim Loan Agreement. As a result of these transactions, all loans outstanding under the Interim Loan Agreement have been retired.



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As a result of the 2009 exchange and tender offers, the CMBS Financing repurchases, and purchases of our debt on the open market, we recorded a pre-tax gain in 2009 of \$4,965.5 million arising from early extinguishment of debt, comprised as follows:

| (In millions)                                                    | Year Ended<br>Dec 31,<br>2009 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>Face value of CEOC Open Market Purchases:</b>                 |                               |
| 5.50% due 7/01/2010                                              | \$ 68.0                       |
| 7.875% due 3/15/2010                                             | 111.5                         |
| 8.00% due 02/01/2011                                             | 37.7                          |
| 8.125% due 05/15/2011                                            | 178.2                         |
| 5.375% due 12/15/2013                                            | 87.2                          |
| 10.75% due 1/28/2016                                             | 265.0                         |
| <b>Face value of other CEC Subsidiary Open Market Purchases:</b> |                               |
| 5.625% due 06/01/2015                                            | \$ 138.0                      |
| 5.750% due 06/01/2017                                            | 169.0                         |
| 6.50% due 06/01/2016                                             | 24.0                          |
| Total Face Value of open market purchases                        | 1,078.6                       |
| Cash paid for open market purchases                              | (657.0)                       |
| Net cash gain on purchases                                       | 421.6                         |
| Write-off of unamortized discounts and debt fees                 | (167.2)                       |
| Gain on CMBS repurchases                                         | 688.1                         |
| Gain on debt exchanges                                           | 4,023.0                       |
| Aggregate gains on early extinguishments of debt                 | \$ 4,965.5                    |

Under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, or the ARRA, the Company will receive temporary federal tax relief under the Delayed Recognition of Cancellation of Debt Income, or CODI, rules. The ARRA contains a provision that allows for a deferral for tax purposes of CODI for debt reacquired in 2009 and 2010, followed by recognition of CODI ratably from 2014 through 2018. In connection with the debt that we reacquired in 2009 and 2010, we have deferred related CODI of \$3.6 billion for tax purposes (net of Original Issue Discount (OID) interest expense, some of which must also be deferred to 2014 through 2018 under the ARRA). We are required to include one-fifth of the deferred CODI, net of deferred and regularly scheduled OID, in taxable income each year from 2014 through 2018. For state income tax purposes, certain states have conformed to the Act and others have not.

**Issuances and Redemptions**

During the second quarter of 2010, CEOC completed the offering of \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount of 12.75% second-priority senior secured notes due 2018 and used the proceeds of this offering to redeem or repay the following outstanding debt:

| Debt (dollars in millions)       | Maturity | Interest Rate | Face Value |
|----------------------------------|----------|---------------|------------|
| 5.5% Senior Notes                | 2010     | 5.5%          | \$ 191.6   |
| 8.0% Senior Notes                | 2011     | 8.0%          | 13.2       |
| 8.125% Senior Subordinated Notes | 2011     | 8.125%        | 12.0       |
| Revolving Credit Facility        | 2014     | 3.23%-3.25%   | 525.0      |

In connection with the retirement of the outstanding senior and senior subordinated notes above, CEOC recorded a pre-tax loss of \$4.7 million during the second quarter of 2010.



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On June 3, 2010, Caesars announced an agreement under which affiliates of each of Apollo, TPG and Paulson & Co. Inc. ( Paulson ) were to exchange approximately \$1,118.3 million face amount of debt for approximately 15.7% of the common equity of Caesars Entertainment, subject to regulatory approvals and certain other conditions. In connection with the transaction, Apollo, TPG, and Paulson purchased approximately \$835.4 million, face amount, of CEOC notes that were held by another subsidiary of Caesars Entertainment for aggregate consideration of approximately \$557.0 million, including accrued interest. The notes that were purchased, together with \$282.9 million face amount of notes they had previously acquired, were exchanged for equity in the fourth quarter of 2010. The notes exchanged for equity are held by a subsidiary of Caesars Entertainment and remain outstanding for purposes of CEOC. The exchange was accounted for as an equity transaction. The exchange is further described in Note 9, Preferred and Common Stock.

### Interest and Fees

Borrowings under the Credit Facilities, other than borrowings under the Incremental Loans, bear interest at a rate equal to the then-current LIBOR rate or at a rate equal to the alternate base rate, in each case plus an applicable margin. As of December 31, 2010, the Credit Facilities, other than borrowings under the Incremental Loans, bore interest at LIBOR plus 300 basis points for the term loans and a portion of the revolver loan and 150 basis points over LIBOR for the swingline loan and at the alternate base rate plus 200 basis points for the remainder of the revolver loan.

Borrowings under the Incremental Loans bear interest at a rate equal to either the alternate base rate or the greater of (i) the then-current LIBOR rate or (ii) 2.0%; in each case plus an applicable margin. At December 31, 2010, borrowings under the Incremental Loans bore interest at the minimum base rate of 2.0%, plus 750 basis points.

In addition, on a quarterly basis, we are required to pay each lender (i) a commitment fee in respect of any unborrowed amounts under the revolving credit facility and (ii) a letter of credit fee in respect of the aggregate face amount of outstanding letters of credit under the revolving credit facility. As of December 31, 2010, the Credit Facilities bore a commitment fee for unborrowed amounts of 50 basis points.

We make monthly interest payments on our CMBS Financing. Our Senior Secured Notes, including the Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes, and our unsecured debt have semi-annual interest payments, with the majority of those payments on June 15 and December 15. Our previously outstanding senior secured notes that were retired as part of the exchange offers had semi-annual interest payments on February 1 and August 1 of every year.

The amount outstanding under the PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan bears interest, payable to third party lenders on a monthly basis, at a rate per annum equal to LIBOR plus 1.530%. Interest only participations of PHW Las Vegas bear interest at a fixed rate equal to \$7.3 million per year, payable to a subsidiary of Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc. that owns such participations.

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**Collateral and Guarantors**

CEOC's Credit Facilities are guaranteed by Caesars Entertainment, and are secured by a pledge of CEOC's capital stock, and by substantially all of the existing and future property and assets of CEOC and its material, wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries, including a pledge of the capital stock of CEOC's material, wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries and 65% of the capital stock of the first-tier foreign subsidiaries, in each case subject to exceptions. The following casino properties have mortgages under the Credit Facilities:

|                              |                        |                                    |                                         |
|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| <b>Las Vegas</b>             | <b>Atlantic City</b>   | <b>Louisiana/Mississippi</b>       | <b>Iowa/Missouri</b>                    |
| Caesars Palace               | Bally's Atlantic City  |                                    | Harrah's St. Louis                      |
| Bally's Las Vegas            | Caesars Atlantic City  | Harrah's New Orleans (Hotel only)  | Harrah's Council Bluffs                 |
| Imperial Palace              | Showboat Atlantic City | Harrah's Louisiana Downs           | Horseshoe Council Bluffs/<br>Bluffs Run |
| Bill's Gamblin Hall & Saloon |                        | Horseshoe Bossier City             |                                         |
|                              |                        | Harrah's Tunica                    |                                         |
|                              |                        | Horseshoe Tunica                   |                                         |
|                              |                        | Tunica Roadhouse Hotel &<br>Casino |                                         |
| <b>Illinois/Indiana</b>      | <b>Other Nevada</b>    |                                    |                                         |
| Horseshoe Southern Indiana   | Harrah's Reno          |                                    |                                         |
| Harrah's Metropolis          | Harrah's Lake Tahoe    |                                    |                                         |
| Horseshoe Hammond            | Harveys Lake Tahoe     |                                    |                                         |

Additionally, certain undeveloped land in Las Vegas also is mortgaged.

In connection with PHW Las Vegas Amended and Restated Loan Agreement, Caesars Entertainment entered into a Guaranty Agreement (the Guaranty) for the benefit of Lender pursuant to which Caesars Entertainment guaranteed to Lender certain recourse liabilities of PHW Las Vegas. Caesars Entertainment's maximum aggregate liability for such recourse liabilities is limited to \$30.0 million provided that such recourse liabilities of PHW Las Vegas do not arise from (i) events, acts, or circumstances that are actually committed by, or voluntarily or willfully brought about by Caesars Entertainment or (ii) event, acts, or circumstances (regardless of the cause of the same) that provide actual benefit (in cash, cash equivalent, or other quantifiable amount) to the Registrant, to the full extent of the actual benefit received by the Registrant. Pursuant to the Guaranty, Caesars Entertainment is required to maintain a net worth or liquid assets of at least \$100.0 million.

**Restrictive Covenants and Other Matters**

The Credit Facilities require compliance on a quarterly basis with a maximum net senior secured first lien debt leverage test. In addition, the Credit Facilities include negative covenants, subject to certain exceptions, restricting or limiting CEOC's ability and the ability of its restricted subsidiaries to, among other things: (i) incur additional debt; (ii) create liens on certain assets; (iii) enter into sale and lease-back transactions; (iv) make certain investments, loans and advances; (v) consolidate, merge, sell or otherwise dispose of all or any part of its assets or to purchase, lease or otherwise acquire all or any substantial part of assets of any other person; (vi) pay dividends or make distributions or make other restricted payments; (vii) enter into certain transactions with its affiliates; (viii) engage in any business other than the business activity conducted at the closing date of the loan or business activities incidental or related thereto; (ix) amend or modify the articles or certificate of incorporation, by-laws and certain agreements or make certain payments or modifications of indebtedness; and (x) designate or permit the designation of any indebtedness as Designated Senior Debt.

Caesars Entertainment is not bound by any financial or negative covenants contained in CEOC's credit agreement, other than with respect to the incurrence of liens on and the pledge of its stock of CEOC.

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All borrowings under the senior secured revolving credit facility are subject to the satisfaction of customary conditions, including the absence of a default and the accuracy of representations and warranties, and the requirement that such borrowing does not reduce the amount of obligations otherwise permitted to be secured under our new senior secured credit facilities without ratably securing the retained notes.

Certain covenants contained in CEOC's credit agreement require the maintenance of a senior first priority secured debt to last twelve months (LTM) Adjusted EBITDA (Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization), as defined in the agreements, ratio (Senior Secured Leverage Ratio). The June 3, 2009 amendment and waiver to our credit agreement excludes from the Senior Secured Leverage Ratio (a) the \$1,375.0 million Original First Lien Notes issued June 15, 2009 and the \$720.0 million Additional First Lien Notes issued on September 11, 2009 and (b) up to \$250.0 million aggregate principal amount of consolidated debt of subsidiaries that are not wholly owned subsidiaries. Certain covenants contained in CEOC's credit agreement governing its senior secured credit facilities, the indenture and other agreements governing CEOC's 10.0% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2015 and 2018, and our first lien notes restrict our ability to take certain actions such as incurring additional debt or making acquisitions if we are unable to meet defined Adjusted EBITDA to Fixed Charges, senior secured debt to LTM Adjusted EBITDA and consolidated debt to LTM Adjusted EBITDA ratios. The covenants that restrict additional indebtedness and the ability to make future acquisitions require an LTM Adjusted EBITDA to Fixed Charges ratio (measured on a trailing four-quarter basis) of 2.0:1.0. Failure to comply with these covenants can result in limiting our long-term growth prospects by hindering our ability to incur future indebtedness or grow through acquisitions.

The indenture governing the 10.75% Senior Notes, 10.75%/11.5% Senior Toggle Notes and the agreements governing the other cash pay debt and PIK toggle debt limit CEOC's (and most of its subsidiaries') ability to among other things: (i) incur additional debt or issue certain preferred shares; (ii) pay dividends or make distributions in respect of our capital stock or make other restricted payments; (iii) make certain investments; (iv) sell certain assets; (v) with respect to CEOC only, engage in any business or own any material asset other than all of the equity interest of CEOC so long as certain investors hold a majority of the notes; (vi) create or permit to exist dividend and/or payment restrictions affecting its restricted subsidiaries; (vii) create liens on certain assets to secure debt; (viii) consolidate, merge, sell or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of its assets; (ix) enter into certain transactions with its affiliates; and (x) designate its subsidiaries as unrestricted subsidiaries. Subject to certain exceptions, the indenture governing the notes and the agreements governing the other cash pay debt and PIK toggle debt will permit us and our restricted subsidiaries to incur additional indebtedness, including secured indebtedness.

We believe we are in compliance with CEOC's credit agreement and indentures, including the Senior Secured Leverage Ratio, as of December 31, 2010. If our LTM Adjusted EBITDA were to decline significantly from the level achieved in 2010, it could cause us to exceed the Senior Secured Leverage Ratio and could be an Event of Default under CEOC's credit agreement. However, we could implement certain actions in an effort to minimize the possibility of a breach of the Senior Secured Leverage Ratio, including reducing payroll and other operating costs, deferring or eliminating certain maintenance, delaying or deferring capital expenditures, or selling assets. In addition, under certain circumstances, our credit agreement allows us to apply the cash contributions received by CEOC as a capital contribution to cure covenant breaches. However, there is no guarantee that such contributions will be able to be secured.

The CMBS Financing includes negative covenants, subject to certain exceptions, restricting or limiting the ability of the borrowers and operating companies under the CMBS Financing (collectively, the CMBS entities) to, among other things: (i) incur additional debt; (ii) create liens on assets; (iii) make certain investments, loans and advances; (iv) consolidate, merge, sell or otherwise dispose of all or any part of its assets or to purchase, lease or otherwise acquire all or any substantial part of assets of any other person; (v) enter into certain transactions with its affiliates; (vi) engage in any business other than the ownership of the properties and business activities ancillary thereto; and (vi) amend or modify the articles or certificate of incorporation, by-laws and certain agreements. The CMBS Financing also includes affirmative covenants that require the CMBS entities to,

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among other things, maintain the borrowers as special purpose entities, maintain certain reserve funds in respect of FF&E, taxes, and insurance, and comply with other customary obligations for CMBS real estate financings. In addition, the CMBS Financing obligates the CMBS entities to apply excess cash flow from the CMBS properties in certain specified manners, depending on the outstanding principal amount of various tranches of the CMBS loans and other factors. These obligations will limit the amount of excess cash flow from the CMBS entities that may be distributed to Caesars Entertainment Corporation. For example, the CMBS entities are required to use 100% of excess cash flow to make ongoing mandatory offers on a quarterly basis to purchase CMBS mezzanine loans at discounted prices from the holders thereof. To the extent such offers are accepted, such excess cash flow will need to be so utilized and will not be available for distribution to Caesars Entertainment Corporation. To the extent such offers are not accepted with respect to any fiscal quarter, the amount of excess cash flow that may be distributed to Caesars Entertainment Corporation is limited to 85% of excess cash flow with respect to such quarter. In addition, the CMBS Financing provides that once the aggregate principal amount of the CMBS mezzanine loans is less than or equal to \$625.0 million, the mortgage loan will begin to amortize on a quarterly basis in an amount equal to the greater of 100% of excess cash flow for such quarter and \$31.25 million. If the CMBS mortgage loan begins to amortize, the excess cash flow from the CMBS entities will need to be utilized in connection with such amortization and will not be available for distribution to Caesars Entertainment Corporation.

**Note 8 Derivative Instruments***Derivative Instruments - Interest Rate Swap Agreements*

We use interest rate swaps to manage the mix of our debt between fixed and variable rate instruments. As of December 31, 2010 we have entered into 13 interest rate swap agreements, three of which have effective dates starting in 2011. As a result of staggering the effective dates, we have a notional amount of \$6,500.0 million outstanding through April 25, 2011, and a notional amount of \$5,750.0 million outstanding beginning after April 25, 2011. The difference to be paid or received under the terms of the interest rate swap agreements is accrued as interest rates change and recognized as an adjustment to interest expense for the related debt. Changes in the variable interest rates to be paid or received pursuant to the terms of the interest rate swap agreements will have a corresponding effect on future cash flows. The major terms of the interest rate swap agreements as of December 31, 2010 are as follows:

| Effective Date     | Notional Amount<br>(In millions) | Fixed Rate Paid | Variable Rate Received as of Dec. 31, 2010 | Next Reset Date  | Maturity Date    |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| April 25, 2007     | \$ 200                           | 4.898%          | 0.288%                                     | January 25, 2011 | April 25, 2011   |
| April 25, 2007     | 200                              | 4.896%          | 0.288%                                     | January 25, 2011 | April 25, 2011   |
| April 25, 2007     | 200                              | 4.925%          | 0.288%                                     | January 25, 2011 | April 25, 2011   |
| April 25, 2007     | 200                              | 4.917%          | 0.288%                                     | January 25, 2011 | April 25, 2011   |
| April 25, 2007     | 200                              | 4.907%          | 0.288%                                     | January 25, 2011 | April 25, 2011   |
| September 26, 2007 | 250                              | 4.809%          | 0.288%                                     | January 25, 2011 | April 25, 2011   |
| September 26, 2007 | 250                              | 4.775%          | 0.288%                                     | January 25, 2011 | April 25, 2011   |
| April 25, 2008     | 2,000                            | 4.276%          | 0.288%                                     | January 25, 2011 | April 25, 2013   |
| April 25, 2008     | 2,000                            | 4.263%          | 0.288%                                     | January 25, 2011 | April 25, 2013   |
| April 25, 2008     | 1,000                            | 4.172%          | 0.288%                                     | January 25, 2011 | April 25, 2012   |
| April 26, 2011     | 250                              | 1.351%          |                                            | April 26, 2011   | January 25, 2015 |
| April 26, 2011     | 250                              | 1.347%          |                                            | April 26, 2011   | January 25, 2015 |
| April 26, 2011     | 250                              | 1.350%          |                                            | April 26, 2011   | January 25, 2015 |

The variable rate on our interest rate swap agreements did not materially change as a result of the January 25, 2011 reset.

Prior to February 15, 2008, our interest rate swap agreements were not designated as hedging instruments; therefore, gains or losses resulting from changes in the fair value of the swaps were recognized in interest expense in the period of the change. On February 15, 2008, eight of our interest rate swap agreements for

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notional amounts totaling \$3,500.0 million were designated as cash flow hedging instruments for accounting purposes and on April 1, 2008, the remaining swap agreements were designated as cash flow hedging instruments for accounting purposes.

During October 2009, we borrowed \$1,000.0 million under the Incremental Loans and used a majority of the net proceeds to temporarily repay most of our revolving debt under the Credit Facility. As a result, we no longer had a sufficient amount of outstanding debt under the same terms as our interest rate swap agreements to support hedge accounting treatment for the full \$6,500.0 million in interest rate swaps. Thus, as of September 30, 2009, we removed the cash flow hedge designation for the \$1,000.0 million swap agreement, freezing the amount of deferred losses recorded in Other Comprehensive Income associated with this swap agreement, and reducing the total notional amount on interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedging instruments to \$5,500.0 million. Beginning October 1, 2009, we began amortizing deferred losses frozen in Other Comprehensive Income into income over the original remaining term of the hedged forecasted transactions that are still considered to be probable of occurring. For the year ended December 31, 2010, we recorded \$8.7 million as an increase to interest expense, and we will record an additional \$8.7 million as an increase to interest expense and other comprehensive income over the next twelve months, all related to deferred losses on the \$1,000.0 million interest rate swap.

During the fourth quarter of 2009, we re-designated approximately \$310.1 million of the \$1,000.0 million swap as a cash flow hedging instrument. Also, on September 29, 2010, we entered into three forward interest rate swap agreements for notional amounts totaling \$750.0 million that have been designated as cash flow hedging instruments. As a result, at December 31, 2010, \$5,810.1 million of our total interest rate swap notional amount of \$7,250.0 million remained designated as hedging instruments for accounting purposes. Any future changes in fair value of the portion of the interest rate swap not designated as a hedging instrument will be recognized in interest expense during the period in which the changes in value occur.

*Derivative Instruments - Interest Rate Cap Agreements*

On January 28, 2008, we entered into an interest rate cap agreement to partially hedge the risk of future increases in the variable rate of the CMBS Financing. The interest rate cap agreement, which was effective January 28, 2008 and terminates February 13, 2013, is for a notional amount of \$6,500 million at a LIBOR cap rate of 4.5%. The interest rate cap was designated as a cash flow hedging instrument for accounting purposes on May 1, 2008.

On November 30, 2009, June 7, 2010, September 1, 2010 and December 13, 2010, we purchased and extinguished approximately \$948.8 million, \$46.6 million, \$123.8 million and \$191.3 million, respectively, of the CMBS Financing. The hedging relationship between the CMBS Financing and the interest rate cap has remained effective subsequent to each debt extinguishment. As a result of the extinguishments in the fourth quarter of 2009, second quarter 2010, third quarter 2010, and fourth quarter 2010, we reclassified approximately \$12.1 million, \$0.8 million, \$1.5 million and \$3.3 million, respectively, of deferred losses out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income and into interest expense associated with hedges for which the forecasted future transactions are no longer probable of occurring.

On January 31, 2010, we removed the cash flow hedge designation for the \$6,500.0 million interest rate cap, freezing the amount of deferred losses recorded in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss associated with the interest rate cap. Beginning February 1, 2010, we began amortizing deferred losses frozen in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss into income over the original remaining term of the hedge forecasted transactions that are still probable of occurring. For the year ending December 31, 2010, we recorded \$19.2 million as an increase to interest expense, and we will record an additional \$20.9 million as an increase to interest expense and Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss over the next twelve months, all related to deferred losses on the interest rate cap.

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On January 31, 2010, we re-designated \$4,650.2 million of the interest rate cap as a cash flow hedging instrument for accounting purposes. Any future changes in fair value of the portion of the interest rate cap not designated as a hedging instrument will be recognized in interest expense during the period in which the changes in value occur.

On April 5, 2010, as required under the PHW Las Vegas Amended and Restated Loan Agreement, we entered into an interest rate cap agreement to partially hedge the risk of future increases in the variable rate of the PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan. The interest rate cap agreement is for a notional amount of \$554.3 million at a LIBOR cap rate of 5.0%, and matures on December 9, 2011. To give proper consideration to the prepayment requirements of the PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan, we have designated \$525.0 million of the \$554.3 million notional amount of the interest rate cap as a cash flow hedging instrument for accounting purposes.

The following table represents the fair values of derivative instruments in the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2010 and 2009:

| (In millions)                                            | Asset Derivatives     |            |                       |            | Liability Derivatives |            |                       |            |
|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------------------|------------|
|                                                          | 2010<br>Balance Sheet |            | 2009<br>Balance Sheet |            | 2010<br>Balance Sheet |            | 2009<br>Balance Sheet |            |
|                                                          | Location              | Fair Value | Location              | Fair Value | Location              | Fair Value | Location              | Fair Value |
| <b>Derivatives designated as hedging instruments</b>     |                       |            |                       |            |                       |            |                       |            |
| Interest Rate Swaps                                      |                       | \$         |                       | \$         | Accrued expenses      | \$ (21.6)  |                       | \$         |
| Interest Rate Swaps                                      | Deferred charges      |            |                       |            | Deferred credits      |            | Deferred credits      |            |
|                                                          | and other             | 11.6       |                       |            | and other             | (305.5)    | and other             | (337.6)    |
| Interest Rate Cap                                        | Deferred charges      |            | Deferred charges      |            |                       |            |                       |            |
|                                                          | and other             | 3.7        | and other             | 56.8       |                       |            |                       |            |
| Subtotal                                                 |                       | 15.3       |                       | 56.8       |                       | (327.1)    |                       | (337.6)    |
| <b>Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments</b> |                       |            |                       |            |                       |            |                       |            |
| Interest Rate Swaps                                      |                       |            |                       |            | Deferred credits      |            | Deferred credits      |            |
|                                                          |                       |            |                       |            | and other             | (32.2)     | and other             | (37.6)     |
| Interest Rate Cap                                        | Deferred charges      |            | Deferred charges      |            |                       |            |                       |            |
|                                                          | and other             | 1.5        | and other             |            |                       |            |                       |            |
| Subtotal                                                 |                       | 1.5        |                       |            |                       | (32.2)     |                       | (37.6)     |
| <b>Total Derivatives</b>                                 |                       | \$ 16.8    |                       | \$ 56.8    |                       | \$ (359.3) |                       | \$ (375.2) |

The following table represents the effect of derivative instruments in the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 for amounts transferred into or out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss:

| (In millions) | Amount of (Gain) or Loss<br>on Derivatives<br>Recognized in OCI<br>(Effective Portion) | Location of (Gain)<br>or Loss Reclassified<br>From Accumulated<br>OCI Into Income | Amount of (Gain)<br>or<br>Loss Reclassified from<br>Accumulated OCI into<br>Income (Effective<br>Portion) | Location of (Gain) or Loss<br>Recognized in Income on<br>Derivatives (Ineffective<br>Portion) | Amount of (Gain)<br>or<br>Loss Recognized in<br>Income on Derivatives<br>(Ineffective<br>Portion) |
|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|



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(Effective Portion)

Derivatives  
designated as

| hedging<br>instruments  | 2010    | 2009    |                  | 2010    | 2009    |                  | 2010      | 2009     |
|-------------------------|---------|---------|------------------|---------|---------|------------------|-----------|----------|
| Interest Rate Contracts | \$ 99.2 | \$ 20.9 | Interest Expense | \$ 36.3 | \$ 15.1 | Interest Expense | \$ (76.6) | \$ (7.6) |

Amount of (Gain) or Loss  
Recognized in Income  
on  
Derivatives

Location of (Gain) or Loss

Derivatives not designated as hedging

Recognized in Income on

| instruments             | Derivatives      | 2010   | 2009     |
|-------------------------|------------------|--------|----------|
| Interest Rate Contracts | Interest Expense | \$ 1.9 | \$ (7.6) |

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In addition to the impact on interest expense from amounts reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss, the difference to be paid or received under the terms of the interest rate swap agreements is recognized as interest expense and is paid quarterly. This cash settlement portion of the interest rate swap agreements increased interest expense for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 by approximately \$265.8 million and \$214.2 million, respectively.

A change in interest rates on variable-rate debt will impact our financial results. For example, assuming a constant outstanding balance for our variable-rate debt, excluding the \$5,810.1 million of variable-rate debt for which our interest rate swap agreements are designated as hedging instruments for accounting purposes, for the next twelve months, a hypothetical 1% increase in corresponding interest rates would increase interest expense for the twelve months following December 31, 2010 by approximately \$62.4 million. At December 31, 2010, our weighted average USD LIBOR rate for our variable rate debt was 0.268%. A hypothetical reduction of this rate to 0% would decrease interest expense for the next twelve months by approximately \$16.7 million. At December 31, 2010, our variable-rate debt, excluding the aforementioned \$5,810.1 million of variable-rate debt hedged against interest rate swap agreements, represents approximately 36% of our total debt, while our fixed-rate debt is approximately 64% of our total debt.

### ***Note 9 Preferred and Common Stock***

#### ***Preferred Stock***

As of December 31, 2009, the authorized preferred stock shares were 40,000,000, par value \$0.01 per share, stated value \$100.00 per share. At December 31, 2010, the Company has authorized 125,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share, none of which are outstanding.

On January 28, 2008, our Board of Directors adopted a resolution authorizing the creation and issuance of a series of preferred stock known as the Non-Voting Perpetual Preferred Stock. The number of shares constituting such series was 20,000,000.

On a quarterly basis, each share of Non-Voting Perpetual Preferred Stock accrued dividends at a rate of 15.0% per annum, compounded quarterly. Dividends were to be paid in cash, when, if, and as declared by the Board of Directors, subject to approval by the appropriate regulators and were cumulative. As of December 31, 2009, such dividends were in arrears \$652.6 million. Non-Voting Perpetual Preferred Stock could be converted into non-voting common stock on a pro rata basis with the consent of the holders of a majority of the Non-Voting Perpetual Preferred Stock. Neither the Non-Voting Perpetual Preferred Stock nor the non-voting common stock had any voting rights.

Upon written notice from the holders of the majority of the outstanding Non-Voting Perpetual Preferred Stock, the Company was to convert each share of Non-Voting Perpetual Preferred Stock into the number of shares of non-voting common stock equal to the stated value plus accumulated dividends, divided by the fair market value of the non-voting common stock as determined by the Board. At December 31, 2009, the conversion rate was equal to 3.99 non-voting common shares per each share of Non-Voting Perpetual Preferred Stock.

In February 2010, the Board of Directors approved revisions to the Certificate of Designation for the Non-Voting Perpetual Preferred Stock to eliminate dividends (including all existing accrued but unpaid dividends totaling \$717.2 million at the revision approval date) and to specify that the conversion right of the Non-Voting Perpetual Preferred Stock be at the original value of the Company's non-voting common stock. In March 2010, Hamlet Holdings LLC (the then holder of all of the Company's voting common stock) and holders of a majority of our Non-Voting Perpetual Preferred Stock approved the revisions to the Certificate of Designation. Also in March 2010, the holders of a majority of our Non-Voting Perpetual Preferred Stock voted to convert all of the non-voting preferred stock to non-voting common stock at the revised conversion rate (the Conversion).

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During 2009, we paid approximately \$1.7 million to purchase 18,932 shares of our outstanding preferred stock from former employees. During 2010, prior to the Conversion, we paid approximately \$0.1 million to purchase 1,642 shares of our outstanding preferred stock from former employees. In connection with the Conversion, all shares of Non-Voting Perpetual Preferred Stock in the treasury were converted to non-voting common stock and are recorded as treasury shares.

*Common Stock*

As of December 31, 2009, the authorized common stock of the Company totaled 80,000,020 shares, consisting of 20 shares of voting common stock, par value \$0.01 per share and 80,000,000 shares of non-voting common stock, par value \$0.01 per share. During 2009, we paid approximately \$1.3 million to purchase 38,706 shares of our outstanding common stock from former employees. Such shares were recorded as treasury shares as of December 31, 2009.

As disclosed above, in March 2010, the holders of our voting common stock and a majority of the holders of our Non-Voting Perpetual Preferred Stock voted to convert all of the Non-Voting Perpetual Preferred Stock to non-voting common stock. As a result of the Conversion, the Company issued 19,935,534 additional shares of non-voting common stock.

On November 22, 2010, the Company amended its Certificate of Incorporation to (i) convert each share of the economic non-voting common stock into one share of newly-created economic voting common stock, par value \$0.01 per share and (ii) cancel each share of non-economic voting common stock (together, the Reclassification). As a result of the amendment, and as of December 31, 2010, the total number of shares of capital stock which the Company shall have authority to issue is 1,375,000,000 shares of capital stock, consisting of 1,250,000,000 shares of voting economic common stock, par value \$.01 per share and 125,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$.01 per share. The holders of common stock shall be entitled to one vote per share on all matters to be voted on by the stockholders of the Company. In the event of any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, holders of common stock shall receive a pro-rata distribution of any remaining assets after payment of or provision for liabilities and the liquidation preference on preferred stock, if any.

As previously described in Note 7, Debt, on November 23, 2010, affiliates of each of Apollo, TPG and Paulson exchanged certain notes for shares of common stock, whereby they each received 10 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of notes they tendered. Accrued and unpaid interest on the notes held by affiliates of each of Apollo and TPG was also paid in shares of common stock at the same exchange ratio. The above exchange resulted in the issuance of 11,270,331 shares of common stock.

During 2010, we paid approximately \$1.5 million to purchase 24,777 shares of our outstanding common stock from former employees. Such shares were recorded as treasury shares as of December 31, 2010.

**Note 10 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss**

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss consists of the following:

| <b>(In millions)</b>                                        | <b>As of December 31,</b> |             |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
|                                                             | <b>2010</b>               | <b>2009</b> |
| Net unrealized losses on derivative instruments, net of tax | \$ (139.3)                | \$ (100.8)  |
| Unrealized gains/losses on investments, net of tax          | 1.6                       |             |
| Post retirement medical, net of tax                         | (1.5)                     |             |
| Foreign currency translation, net of tax                    | (4.0)                     | (12.2)      |
| Minimum pension liability adjustment, net of tax            | (25.6)                    | (21.0)      |
|                                                             | \$ (168.8)                | \$ (134.0)  |

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Write-downs, reserves and recoveries include various pre-tax charges to record certain long-lived tangible asset impairments, contingent liability or litigation reserves or settlements, project write-offs, demolition costs, remediation costs, recoveries of previously recorded reserves and other non-routine transactions. The components of write-downs, reserves and recoveries for continuing operations were as follows:

| (In millions)                                  | Successor |          |                                              | Predecessor                              |
|------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|
|                                                | 2010      | 2009     | Jan. 28,<br>2008<br>through<br>Dec. 31, 2008 | Jan. 1, 2008<br>through<br>Jan. 27, 2008 |
| Impairment of long-lived tangible assets       | \$        | \$ 59.3  | \$ 39.6                                      | \$                                       |
| Write-down of long-term note receivable        | 52.2      |          |                                              |                                          |
| Remediation costs                              | 42.7      | 39.3     | 60.5                                         | 4.4                                      |
| Efficiency projects                            | 1.4       | 34.8     | 29.4                                         | 0.6                                      |
| Demolition costs                               | 0.9       | 2.5      | 9.2                                          | 0.2                                      |
| Loss/(gain) on divested or abandoned assets    | 29.0      | (4.0)    | 34.3                                         |                                          |
| Litigation reserves, awards and settlements    | 20.9      | (23.5)   | 10.1                                         |                                          |
| Termination of contracts                       |           |          | 14.4                                         |                                          |
| Insurance proceeds in excess of deferred costs |           |          | (185.4)                                      |                                          |
| Other                                          | 0.5       | (0.5)    | 4.1                                          | (0.5)                                    |
|                                                | \$ 147.6  | \$ 107.9 | \$ 16.2                                      | \$ 4.7                                   |

For the year ended December 31, 2010, we recorded a \$52.2 million write-down on a long-term note receivable related to land and pre-development costs contributed to a venture for development of a casino project in Philadelphia with which we were involved prior to December 2005. In April 2010, the proposed operator for the project withdrew from the project and the Pennsylvania Gaming Control Board commenced proceedings to revoke the license for the project. As a result, we fully reserved the note during the second quarter of 2010.

For the year ended December 31, 2009, we recorded impairment charges related to long-lived tangible assets of \$59.3 million. The majority of the charge was related to the Company's office building in Memphis, Tennessee due to the relocation to Las Vegas, Nevada of those corporate functions formerly performed at that location. The impairment recorded in 2008 represents declines in the market value of certain assets that were held for sale and reserves for amounts that were not expected to be recovered for other non-operating assets.

Remediation costs relate to remediation projects at certain of our Las Vegas properties.

Efficiency projects expenses in 2010, 2009 and 2008 represent costs incurred to identify and implement efficiency projects aimed at stream-lining corporate and operating functions to achieve cost savings and efficiencies. In 2009, the majority of the costs incurred related to the closing of the office in Memphis, Tennessee, which previously housed certain corporate functions.

Loss/(gain) on divested or abandoned assets represents credits or costs associated with various projects that are determined to no longer be viable. These charges for 2010 primarily relate to write-offs of specific assets associated with certain capital projects in the Las Vegas and Atlantic City regions. During the year ended December 31, 2009, associated with its closure and ultimate liquidation, we wrote off the assets and liabilities on one of our London Club properties. Because the assets and liabilities were in a net liability position, a pre-tax gain of \$9.0 million was recognized in the fourth quarter of 2009. The recognized gain was partially offset by charges related to other projects.

Litigation reserves, awards and settlements include costs incurred or reversed as a result of the Company's involvement in various litigation matters, including contingent losses. During 2010, we recorded a \$25.0 million charge related to the Hilton matter, which is more fully discussed in Note 14, Commitments and Contingent Liabilities. During 2009, an approximate \$30.0 million legal judgment against the Company was vacated by

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court action. This amount was previously charged to write-downs, reserves and recoveries in 2006 and was reversed accordingly upon the vacated judgment. The reversal was partially offset by expenses incurred during 2009 related to other ongoing litigation matters.

Termination of contracts in 2008 represents amounts recognized in connection with concluding long-term lease arrangements.

In first quarter 2008, we entered into a settlement agreement with our insurance carriers related to the remaining unsettled claims associated with damages incurred in Mississippi from Hurricane Katrina in 2005, and the final payment of \$338.1 million was received. Insurance proceeds exceeded the net book value of the impacted assets and costs and expenses that were reimbursable under our business interruption policy, and the excess was recorded as income. The income portion included in write-downs, reserves and recoveries was for those properties that we still owned and operated. Income related to properties that were subsequently sold was included in Discontinued operations in our Consolidated Statements of Operations.

**Note 12 Income Taxes**

The components of income/(loss) from continuing operations before income taxes and the related provision/(benefit) for U.S. and other income taxes were as follows:

| <b>(Loss)/Income from Continuing Operations, before Income Taxes</b> | <b>Successor</b> |             | <b>Jan. 28,</b>      | <b>Predecessor</b>   |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|----------------------|
|                                                                      | <b>2010</b>      | <b>2009</b> | <b>2008</b>          | <b>Jan. 1,</b>       |
| <b>(In millions)</b>                                                 |                  |             | <b>through</b>       | <b>2008</b>          |
|                                                                      |                  |             | <b>Dec. 31, 2008</b> | <b>through</b>       |
|                                                                      |                  |             |                      | <b>Jan. 27, 2008</b> |
| United States                                                        | \$ (1,263.7)     | \$ 2,533.0  | \$ (5,254.5)         | \$ (102.1)           |
| Outside of the U.S.                                                  | (28.3)           | (34.8)      | (280.6)              | (23.3)               |
|                                                                      | \$ (1,292.0)     | \$ 2,498.2  | \$ (5,535.1)         | \$ (125.4)           |

| <b>Income Tax (Benefit)/Provision</b> | <b>Successor</b> |             | <b>Jan. 28,</b>      | <b>Predecessor</b>   |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|----------------------|
|                                       | <b>2010</b>      | <b>2009</b> | <b>2008</b>          | <b>Jan. 1,</b>       |
| <b>(In millions)</b>                  |                  |             | <b>through</b>       | <b>2008</b>          |
|                                       |                  |             | <b>Dec. 31, 2008</b> | <b>through</b>       |
|                                       |                  |             |                      | <b>Jan. 27, 2008</b> |
| United States                         |                  |             |                      |                      |
| Current                               |                  |             |                      |                      |
| Federal                               | \$ (215.1)       | \$          | \$ 113.3             | \$ (11.1)            |
| State                                 | (7.7)            | 24.4        | 9.5                  | (1.2)                |
| Deferred                              |                  |             |                      |                      |
| Federal                               | (200.6)          | 1,461.4     | (476.4)              | (16.3)               |
| State                                 | (56.5)           | 147.8       | 4.7                  | 0.4                  |
| Outside of the U.S.                   |                  |             |                      |                      |
| Current                               | 10.4             | 11.6        | 10.0                 | 2.2                  |
| Deferred                              | 0.8              | 6.6         | (21.5)               |                      |
|                                       | \$ (468.7)       | \$ 1,651.8  | \$ (360.4)           | \$ (26.0)            |

Total income taxes were allocated as follows:

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| Income Tax (Benefit)/Provision         | Successor  |            |                                              | Predecessor                                 |
|----------------------------------------|------------|------------|----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
|                                        | 2010       | 2009       | Jan. 28,<br>2008<br>through<br>Dec. 31, 2008 | Jan. 1,<br>2008<br>through<br>Jan. 27, 2008 |
| (In millions)                          |            |            |                                              |                                             |
| Income/loss from continuing operations | (468.7)    | 1,651.8    | (360.4)                                      | (26.0)                                      |
| Income from discontinued operations    |            |            | 51.1                                         |                                             |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss   | (10.5)     | (3.3)      | (74.0)                                       | (3.1)                                       |
| Additional paid in capital             |            | 54.7       | 13.6                                         | (65.8)                                      |
|                                        | \$ (479.2) | \$ 1,703.2 | \$ (369.7)                                   | \$ (94.9)                                   |

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The differences between the statutory federal income tax rate and the effective tax rate expressed as a percentage of income/(loss) from continuing operations before taxes were as follows:

|                                                                                                                 | 2010    | Successor<br>2009 | Jan. 28,<br>2008<br>through<br>Dec. 31, 2008 | Predecessor<br>Jan. 1,<br>2008<br>through<br>Jan. 27, 2008 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|-------------------|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| Statutory tax rate                                                                                              | (35.0)% | 35.0%             | (35.0)%                                      | (35.0)%                                                    |
| Increases/(decreases) in tax resulting from:                                                                    |         |                   |                                              |                                                            |
| State taxes, net of federal tax benefit (excludes state taxes recorded in reserves for uncertain tax positions) | (5.8)   | 7.2               | 0.4                                          | (0.6)                                                      |
| Valuation Allowance                                                                                             | 3.4     | (3.9)             | (0.4)                                        |                                                            |
| Foreign income taxes, net of credit                                                                             | (1.0)   | 0.9               | 1.1                                          | 1.4                                                        |
| Goodwill                                                                                                        | 2.3     | 19.8              | 27.2                                         | (0.1)                                                      |
| Officers' life insurance/insurance proceeds                                                                     | (0.2)   | (0.3)             | (0.1)                                        | 1.7                                                        |
| Acquisition and integration costs                                                                               |         | 2.6               | 0.1                                          | 12.0                                                       |
| Reserves for uncertain tax positions                                                                            | 0.1     | 4.5               | 0.3                                          | 0.2                                                        |
| Other                                                                                                           | (0.1)   | 0.3               | (0.1)                                        | (0.4)                                                      |
| Effective tax rate                                                                                              | (36.3)% | 66.1%             | (6.5)%                                       | (20.8)%                                                    |

Our 2010 effective tax rate varied from the U.S. statutory rate of 35.0 percent primarily as a result of non-deductible impairments of goodwill (described in Note 5, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets"), state income tax, foreign income tax, and other adjustments.

The major components of the deferred tax assets and liabilities in our Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31 were as follows:

| (In millions)                                                     | 2010     | 2009    |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|---------|
| Deferred tax assets                                               |          |         |
| State net operating losses                                        | \$ 133.7 | \$ 92.5 |
| Foreign net operating losses                                      | 29.7     | 30.0    |
| Federal net operating loss                                        | 371.9    | 169.9   |
| Compensation programs                                             | 90.3     | 91.3    |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts                                   | 105.5    | 82.9    |
| Self-insurance reserves                                           | 17.9     | 25.2    |
| Accrued expenses                                                  | 60.1     | 45.0    |
| Project opening costs and prepaid expenses                        | 43.7     | 5.3     |
| Federal tax credits                                               | 16.5     | 24.1    |
| Federal indirect tax benefits of uncertain state tax positions    | 65.6     | 66.7    |
| Other                                                             | 19.5     | 25.7    |
| Subtotal                                                          | 954.4    | 658.6   |
| Less: valuation allowance                                         | 122.2    | 78.6    |
| Total deferred tax assets                                         | 832.2    | 580.0   |
| Deferred tax liabilities                                          |          |         |
| Depreciation and other property-related items                     | 2,517.2  | 2,358.7 |
| Deferred cancellation of debt income and other debt-related items | 2,107.0  | 2,200.1 |
| Management and other contracts                                    | 14.2     | 20.7    |

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|                                            |            |            |
|--------------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Intangibles                                | 1,640.1    | 1,701.6    |
| Investments in non-consolidated affiliates | 1.6        | 7.6        |
|                                            | 6,280.1    | 6,288.7    |
| Net deferred tax liability                 | \$ 5,447.9 | \$ 5,708.7 |

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Deferred tax assets and liabilities are presented in our Consolidated Balance Sheets as follows:

| (In millions)                       | Successor<br>2010 | Successor<br>2009 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| <b>Assets:</b>                      |                   |                   |
| Deferred income taxes (current)     | \$ 175.8          | \$ 148.2          |
| <b>Liabilities:</b>                 |                   |                   |
| Deferred income taxes (non-current) | \$ 5,623.7        | \$ 5,856.9        |
| <b>Net deferred tax liability</b>   | <b>\$ 5,447.9</b> | <b>\$ 5,708.7</b> |

As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, the Company had federal net operating loss ( NOL ) carryforward of \$1,358.0 million and \$485.4 million, respectively. This NOL will begin to expire in 2029. The federal NOL carryforward per the income tax returns filed included unrecognized tax benefits taken in prior years. Due to application of ASC Topic 740, they are larger than the NOLs for which a deferred tax asset is recognized for financial statement purposes. In addition, the Company had federal general business tax credits carryforward of \$11.3 million which will begin to expire in 2029. As of December 31, 2010, no valuation allowance has been established for the Company's federal NOL carryforward or general business tax credits carryforward deferred tax assets because the Company has sufficient future tax liabilities arising within the carryforward periods. However, the Company will continue to assess the need for an allowance in future periods.

NOL carryforwards for the Company's subsidiaries for state income taxes were \$5,323.2 million and \$2,238.3 million as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The state NOL carryforwards per the income tax returns filed included unrecognized tax benefits taken in prior years. Due to application of ASC Topic 740, they are larger than the NOLs for which a deferred tax asset is recognized for financial statement purposes. The amount of state NOLs subject to a valuation allowance was \$1,078.4 million and \$394.0 million at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. We anticipate that state NOLs in the amount of \$18.2 million will expire in 2011. The remainder of the state NOLs will expire between 2012 and 2030.

NOL carryforwards of the Company's foreign subsidiaries were \$108.9 million and \$107.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The foreign NOLs have an indefinite carryforward period but are subject to a full valuation allowance as the Company believes these assets do not meet the more likely than not criteria for recognition under ASC 740.

As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, the Company had foreign tax credit carryforwards of \$5.2 million and \$24.1 million, respectively. During 2010, the Company amended its 2005 federal tax return to deduct \$22.4 million of the foreign tax credits which were projected to expire in 2015. The remaining foreign tax credit carryforward of \$5.2 million is projected to expire unused in 2012 as the Company does not project to have sufficient future foreign source income in order to utilize this carryforward.

Under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, or the ARRA, we will receive temporary federal tax relief under the Delayed Recognition of Cancellation of Debt Income, or CODI, rules. The ARRA contains a provision that allows for a deferral for tax purposes of CODI for debt reacquired in 2009 and 2010, followed by recognition of CODI ratably from 2014 through 2018. In connection with the debt that we reacquired in 2009 and 2010, we have deferred related CODI of \$3.6 billion for tax purposes (net of Original Issue Discount (OID) interest expense, some of which must also be deferred to 2014 through 2018 under the ARRA). We are required to include one-fifth of the deferred CODI, net of deferred and regularly scheduled OID, in taxable income each year from 2014 through 2018. For state income tax purposes, certain states have conformed to the Act and others have not.

We do not provide for deferred taxes on the excess of the financial reporting over the tax basis in our investments in foreign subsidiaries that are essentially permanent in duration. That excess totaled \$28.2 million at December 31, 2010. The determination of the additional deferred taxes that have not been provided is not practicable.

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As discussed in Note 1, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, we adopted the provisions of ASC 740 regarding uncertain income tax positions, on January 1, 2007. A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amounts of unrecognized tax benefits are as follows:

|                                                              | (in millions) |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| Balance at January 1, 2008                                   | \$ 142.0      |
| Additions based on tax positions related to the current year | 2.0           |
| Additions for tax positions of prior years                   | 16.0          |
| Reductions for tax positions for prior years                 | (12.0)        |
| Settlements                                                  | (12.0)        |
| Expiration of statutes                                       |               |
| Balance at December 31, 2008                                 | \$ 136.0      |
| Additions based on tax positions related to the current year | 123.0         |
| Additions for tax positions of prior years                   | 139.0         |
| Reductions for tax positions for prior years                 | (3.0)         |
| Settlements                                                  | (13.0)        |
| Expiration of statutes                                       | (20.0)        |
| Balance at December 31, 2009                                 | \$ 362.0      |
| Additions based on tax positions related to the current year | 8.8           |
| Additions for tax positions of prior years                   | 224.2         |
| Reductions for tax positions for prior years                 | (26.5)        |
| Settlements                                                  |               |
| Expiration of statutes                                       | (1.1)         |
| Balance at December 31, 2010                                 | \$ 567.4      |

We classify reserves for tax uncertainties within Accrued expenses and Deferred credits and other in our Consolidated Balance Sheets, separate from any related income tax payable or deferred income taxes. In accordance with ASC 740, reserve amounts relate to any potential income tax liabilities resulting from uncertain tax positions as well as potential interest or penalties associated with those liabilities. The increases in the year ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 related to costs associated with the acquisition, cancellation of indebtedness income, cost recovery related to capital and non capital expenditures and other identified uncertain tax positions.

We recognize interest and penalties accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense. We accrued approximately \$10 million, \$9 million, and \$7 million during 2010, 2009, and 2008, respectively. In total, we have accrued balances of approximately \$64 million, \$54 million, and \$45 million for the payment of interest and penalties at December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008, respectively. Included in the balance of unrecognized tax benefits at December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008 are \$312 million, \$255 million, and \$108 million, respectively, of unrecognized tax benefits that, if recognized, would impact the effective tax rate.

We file income tax returns, including returns for our subsidiaries, with federal, state, and foreign jurisdictions. We are under regular and recurring audit by the Internal Revenue Service ( IRS ) on open tax positions, and it is possible that the amount of the liability for unrecognized tax benefits could change during the next twelve months. As a result of the expiration of the statute of limitations and closure of IRS audits, our 2004 and 2005 federal income tax years were closed during the year ended December 31, 2009. As discussed previously, we filed amended 2005 income tax returns in 2010. The IRS could reexamine our 2005 federal income tax year with any resultant adjustments limited to the amount of our amended claim. The IRS audit of our 2006 federal income tax year also concluded during the year ended December 31, 2009. The IRS audit of our 2007 federal income tax year concluded during the quarter ended March 31, 2010. The IRS audit of our 2008 federal income tax year concluded during the quarter ended June 30, 2010. During the quarter ended June 30, 2010, we submitted a protest to the IRS Appeals office regarding several issues from the 2008 IRS audit. We do not believe that it is reasonably possible that these issues will be settled in the next twelve months. The IRS audit of our 2009 federal income tax year commenced early in 2011.

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We are also subject to exam by various state and foreign tax authorities. Tax years prior to 2005 are generally closed for foreign and state income tax purposes as the statutes of limitations have lapsed. However, various subsidiaries could be examined by the New Jersey Division of Taxation for tax years beginning with 1999 due to our execution of New Jersey statute of limitation extensions.

It is reasonably possible that our unrecognized tax benefits will increase or decrease within the next twelve months. These changes may be the result of ongoing audits or settlements. We do not expect the accrual for uncertain tax positions to change significantly over the next twelve months. Audit outcomes and the timing of audit settlements are subject to significant uncertainty. Although the Company believes that adequate provision has been made for such issues, there is the possibility that the ultimate resolution of such issues could have an adverse effect on our earnings. Conversely, if these issues are resolved favorably in the future, the related provision would be reduced, thus having a favorable impact on earnings.

***Note 13 Fair Value Measurements***

We adopted the required provisions of ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, on January 1, 2008. ASC 820 outlines a valuation framework and creates a fair value hierarchy in order to increase the consistency and comparability of fair value measurements and the related disclosures. ASC 820 clarifies that fair value is an exit price, representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. As such, fair value is a market-based measurement that should be determined based upon assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. As a basis for considering such assumptions, ASC 820 establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows:

- Level 1:* Observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that are accessible at the measurement date;
- Level 2:* Inputs, other than quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3:* Unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

The FASB deferred the effective date of ASC 820 to fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008, and interim periods within those fiscal years for non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities, except for items that are recognized or disclosed at estimated fair value in an entity's financial statements on a recurring basis (at least annually). We adopted the provisions of ASC 820 for non-recurring measurements made for non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities on January 1, 2009. Our assessment of goodwill and other intangible assets for impairment includes an assessment using various Level 2 (EBITDA multiples and discount rate) and Level 3 (forecast cash flows) inputs. See Note 5, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, for more information on the application of ASC 820 to goodwill and other intangible assets.

Under ASC 825, Financial Instruments, entities are permitted to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. We did not elect the fair value measurement option under ASC 825 for any of our financial assets or financial liabilities.

**Table of Contents****Items Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis**

The following table shows the fair value of our financial assets and financial liabilities:

| (In millions)          | Balance  | Level 1  | Level 2 | Level 3 |
|------------------------|----------|----------|---------|---------|
| December 31, 2010      |          |          |         |         |
| Assets:                |          |          |         |         |
| Cash equivalents       | \$ 175.7 | \$ 175.7 | \$      | \$      |
| Investments            | 95.4     | 92.7     | 2.7     |         |
| Derivative instruments | 16.8     |          | 16.8    |         |
| Liabilities:           |          |          |         |         |
| Derivative instruments | (359.3)  |          | (359.3) |         |
| December 31, 2009      |          |          |         |         |
| Assets:                |          |          |         |         |
| Cash equivalents       | \$ 132.7 | \$ 132.7 | \$      | \$      |
| Investments            | 88.9     | 73.4     | 15.5    |         |
| Derivative instruments | 56.8     |          | 56.8    |         |
| Liabilities:           |          |          |         |         |
| Derivative instruments | (375.2)  |          | (375.2) |         |

The following section describes the valuation methodologies used to measure fair value, key inputs, and significant assumptions:

*Cash equivalents* Cash equivalents are investments in money market accounts and utilize Level 1 inputs to determine fair value.

*Investments* Investments are primarily debt and equity securities, the majority of which are traded in active markets, have readily determined market values and use Level 1 inputs. Those debt and equity securities for which there are not active markets or the market values are not readily determinable are valued using Level 2 inputs. All of these investments are included in Prepayments and other and Deferred charges and other in our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

*Derivative instruments* The estimated fair values of our derivative instruments are derived from market prices obtained from dealer quotes for similar, but not identical, assets or liabilities. Such quotes represent the estimated amounts we would receive or pay to terminate the contracts. Derivative instruments are included in Deferred charges and other and Deferred credits and other in our Consolidated Balance Sheets. Our derivatives are recorded at their fair values, adjusted for the credit rating of the counterparty if the derivative is an asset, or adjusted for the credit rating of the Company if the derivative is a liability. See Note 8, Derivative Instruments, for more information on our derivative instruments.

**Items Disclosed at Fair Value**

*Long-Term Debt* The fair value of the Company's debt has been calculated based on the borrowing rates available as of December 31, 2010, for debt with similar terms and maturities and market quotes of our publicly traded debt. As of December 31, 2010, the Company's outstanding debt had a fair value of \$20,000.8 million and a carrying value of \$18,841.1 million. The Company's interest rate swaps used for hedging purposes had fair values equal to their carrying values, in the aggregate a liability of \$359.3 million for ten of our interest rate swaps and an asset of \$11.6 million for three of our interest rate swaps. Our interest rate cap agreements had a fair value equal to their carrying values as an asset of \$5.2 million at December 31, 2010. See additional discussion about derivatives in Note 8, Derivative Instruments.

*Interest-only Participations* Late in 2009, a subsidiary of CEOC acquired certain interest only participations payable by certain predecessor entities of PHW Las Vegas. When the Company assumed the debt in connection with the acquisition of Planet Hollywood, these interest only participations survived the transaction

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and remain outstanding as an asset of a subsidiary of CEOC as of December 31, 2010. In connection with both the initial acquisition of the interest only participations and the acquisition of Planet Hollywood, the fair value of these participations was determined based upon valuations as of each date. As the Company owns 100% of the outstanding participations, there is no active market available to determine a trading fair value at any point in time. As a result, the Company does not have the ability to update the fair value of the interest only participations subsequent to their acquisition and valuation, other than by estimating fair value based upon discounted future cash flows. Since discounted cash flows were used as the primary basis for valuation upon their acquisition, and are also being used as the method to determine the amortization of the value of such participations into earnings, the Company believes that the book value of the interest only participations at December 31, 2010 approximates their fair value.

### ***Note 14 Commitments and Contingent Liabilities***

#### ***Contractual Commitments***

We continue to pursue additional casino development opportunities that may require, individually and in the aggregate, significant commitments of capital, up-front payments to third parties and development completion guarantees.

The agreements pursuant to which we manage casinos on Indian lands contain provisions required by law that provide that a minimum monthly payment be made to the tribe. That obligation has priority over scheduled repayments of borrowings for development costs and over the management fee earned and paid to the manager. In the event that insufficient cash flow is generated by the operations to fund this payment, we must pay the shortfall to the tribe. Subject to certain limitations as to time, such advances, if any, would be repaid to us in future periods in which operations generate cash flow in excess of the required minimum payment. These commitments will terminate upon the occurrence of certain defined events, including termination of the management contract. Our aggregate monthly commitment for the minimum guaranteed payments, pursuant to these contracts for the three managed Indian-owned facilities now open, which extend for periods of up to 48 months from December 31, 2010, is \$1.2 million. Each of these casinos currently generates sufficient cash flows to cover all of its obligations, including its debt service.

In February 2008, we entered into an agreement with the State of Louisiana whereby we extended our guarantee of a \$60.0 million annual payment obligation of Jazz Casino Company, LLC, our wholly-owned subsidiary and owner of Harrah's New Orleans, to the State of Louisiana. The agreement ends March 31, 2011.

In addition to the guarantees discussed above, we had total aggregate non-cancelable purchase obligations of \$902.2 million as of December 31, 2010, including construction-related commitments.

#### ***Contingent Liability - Nevada Sales and Use Tax***

The Supreme Court of Nevada decided in early 2008 that food purchased for subsequent use in the provision of complimentary and/or employee meals is exempt from use tax. Previously, such purchases were subject to use tax and the Company has claimed, but not recognized into earnings, a use tax refund totaling \$32.2 million, plus interest, as a result of the 2008 decision. In early 2009, the Nevada Department of Taxation audited our refund claim, but has taken the position that those same purchases are now subject to sales tax; therefore, they subsequently issued a sales tax assessment totaling \$27.4 million plus interest after application of our refund on use tax. While we have established certain reserves against possible loss on this matter, we believe that the Nevada Department of Taxation's position has no merit and we moved the matter to a procedural, administrative hearing before a Nevada Department of Taxation administrative law judge.

On October 21, 2010, the administrative law judge issued a decision and ruled in our favor on a number of key issues. Both the Company and the Nevada Department of Taxation have filed an appeal of the decision with the Nevada Tax Commission.

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*Contingent Liability Employee Benefit Obligations*

In December 1998, Hilton Hotels Corporation (Hilton) spun-off its gaming operations as Park Place Entertainment Corporation (Park Place). In connection with the spin-off, Hilton and Park Place entered into various agreements, including an Employee Benefits and Other Employment Allocation Agreement dated December 31, 1998 (the Allocation Agreement) whereby Park Place assumed or retained, as applicable, certain liabilities and excess assets, if any, related to the Hilton Hotels Retirement Plan (the Hilton Plan) based on the accrued benefits of Hilton employees and Park Place employees. Park Place changed its name to Caesars Entertainment, Inc. and the Company acquired Caesars Entertainment, Inc. in June 2005. In 1999 and 2005, the United States District Court for the District of Columbia certified two nationwide classes in the lawsuit against Hilton and others alleging that the Hilton Plan's benefit formula was backloaded in violation of ERISA, and that Hilton and the other defendants failed to properly calculate Hilton Plan participants' service for vesting purposes. In May 2009, the Court issued a decision granting summary judgment to the plaintiffs. Thereafter, the Court required the parties to attempt to agree on a remedies determination and further required the parties to submit briefs to the Court in support of their positions. On September 7, 2010, the Court issued an opinion resolving certain of Hilton's and the plaintiffs' issues regarding a remedies determination and requiring the parties to confer and take other actions in an effort to resolve the remaining issues. The Court may require the parties to submit additional briefs and schedules to support their positions and intends to hold another hearing before issuing a final judgment. Prior to the Court's latest opinion, we were advised by counsel for the defendants that the plaintiffs have estimated that the damages are in the range of \$180.0 million to \$250.0 million. Counsel for the defendants further advised that approximately \$50.0 million of the damages relates to questions regarding the proper size of the class and the amount, if any, of damages to any additional class members due to issues with Hilton's record keeping.

The Company received a letter from Hilton dated October 7, 2009 notifying the Company for the first time of this lawsuit and alleging that the Company has potential liability for the above described claims under the terms of the Allocation Agreement. Based on the terms of the Allocation Agreement, the Company believes its maximum potential exposure is approximately 30% to 33% of the amount ultimately awarded as damages. The Company is not a party to the proceedings between the plaintiffs and the defendants and has not participated in the defense of the litigation or in any discussions between the plaintiffs and the defendants about potential remedies or damages. Further, the Company does not have access to information sufficient to enable the Company to make an independent judgment about the possible range of loss in connection with this matter. Based on conversations between a representative of the Company and a representative of the defendants, the Company believes it is probable that damages will be at least \$80.0 million and, accordingly, the Company recorded a charge of \$25.0 million in accordance with ASC 450, Contingencies, during the second quarter 2010 in relation to this matter. The Company has not changed its belief regarding the damages which may be awarded in this lawsuit as a result of the aforementioned recent opinion of the Court. The Company also continues to believe that it may have various defenses if a claim under the Allocation Agreement is asserted against the Company, including defenses as to the amount of damages. Because the Company has not had access to sufficient information regarding this matter, we cannot at this time predict the ultimate outcome of this matter or the possible additional loss, if any.

*Self-Insurance*

We are self-insured for various levels of general liability, workers' compensation, employee medical coverage and other coverage. Insurance claims and reserves include accruals of estimated settlements for known claims, as well as accruals of actuarial estimates of incurred but not reported claims. At December 31, 2010 and 2009, we had total self-insurance accruals reflected in our Consolidated Balance Sheets of \$215.7 million and \$209.6 million, respectively.

**Table of Contents****Note 15 Leases**

We lease both real estate and equipment used in our operations and classify those leases as either operating or capital leases following the provisions of ASC 840, Leases. At December 31, 2010, the remaining lives of our operating leases ranged from one to 83 years, with various automatic extensions totaling up to 87 years.

Rental expense, net of income from subleases, is associated with operating leases for continuing operations and is charged to expense in the year incurred. Net rental expense is included within each line of the Statements of Operations dependent upon the nature or use of the assets under lease. Total net rental expense is as follows:

| (In millions) | Successor                  |          | Jan. 28,<br>2008<br>through<br>Dec. 31, 2008 | Predecessor<br>Jan. 1,<br>2008<br>through<br>Jan. 27, 2008 |
|---------------|----------------------------|----------|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
|               | Year Ended<br>December 31, | 2009     |                                              |                                                            |
| Noncancelable | 2010                       | 2009     |                                              |                                                            |
| Minimum       | \$ 90.4                    | \$ 78.7  | \$ 81.8                                      | \$ 7.3                                                     |
| Contingent    | 3.7                        | 4.1      | 5.5                                          | 0.4                                                        |
| Sublease      | (1.6)                      | (0.9)    | (1.0)                                        |                                                            |
| Other         | 71.5                       | 55.5     | 32.9                                         | 2.9                                                        |
|               | \$ 164.0                   | \$ 137.4 | \$ 119.2                                     | \$ 10.6                                                    |

Our future minimum rental commitments as of December 31, 2010 were as follows:

| (In millions)                    | Noncancelable<br>Operating<br>Leases |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 2011                             | \$ 84.4                              |
| 2012                             | 76.1                                 |
| 2013                             | 66.5                                 |
| 2014                             | 62.2                                 |
| 2015                             | 61.9                                 |
| Thereafter                       | 1,859.5                              |
| Total minimum rental commitments | \$ 2,210.6                           |

In addition to these minimum rental commitments, certain of our operating leases provide for contingent rentals based on a percentage of revenues in excess of specified amounts.

**Note 16 Litigation**

The Company is party to ordinary and routine litigation incidental to our business. We do not expect the outcome of any pending litigation to have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

**Table of Contents****Note 17 Supplemental Cash Flow Information**

The increase/(decrease) in Cash and cash equivalents due to the changes in long-term and working capital accounts were as follows:

| (In millions)                          | 2010       | Successor<br>2009 | Jan. 28,<br>2008<br>through<br>Dec. 31, 2008 | Predecessor<br>Jan. 1,<br>2008<br>through<br>Jan. 27, 2008 |
|----------------------------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Long-term accounts</b>              |            |                   |                                              |                                                            |
| Deferred charges and other             | \$ 58.2    | \$ (128.7)        | \$ 19.3                                      | \$ 14.0                                                    |
| Deferred credits and other             | (70.5)     | 203.4             | (99.4)                                       | 54.3                                                       |
| Net change in long-term accounts       | \$ (12.3)  | \$ 74.7           | \$ (80.1)                                    | \$ 68.3                                                    |
| <b>Working capital accounts</b>        |            |                   |                                              |                                                            |
| Receivables                            | \$ (59.6)  | \$ 52.1           | \$ (55.6)                                    | \$ 33.0                                                    |
| Inventories                            | 3.3        | 9.7               | 8.9                                          | (1.4)                                                      |
| Prepayments and other                  | (21.7)     | 40.0              | 48.5                                         | (26.5)                                                     |
| Accounts payable                       | (17.8)     | (47.8)            | (95.8)                                       | 56.9                                                       |
| Accrued expenses                       | (54.8)     | (171.4)           | 497.4                                        | (229.6)                                                    |
| Net change in working capital accounts | \$ (150.6) | \$ (117.4)        | \$ 403.4                                     | \$ (167.6)                                                 |

**Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Paid for Interest and Taxes**

The following table reconciles our Interest expense, net of capitalized interest, per the Consolidated Statements of Operations, to cash paid for interest, net of amount capitalized.

| (In millions)                                                 | 2010       | Successor<br>2009 | Jan. 28,<br>2008<br>through<br>Dec. 31, 2008 | Predecessor<br>Jan. 1,<br>2008<br>through<br>Jan. 27, 2008 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| Interest expense, net of capitalized interest                 | \$ 1,981.6 | \$ 1,892.5        | \$ 2,074.9                                   | \$ 89.7                                                    |
| Adjustments to reconcile to cash paid for interest:           |            |                   |                                              |                                                            |
| Net change in accruals                                        | (12.8)     | 248.4             | (196.4)                                      | 8.7                                                        |
| Amortization of deferred finance charges                      | (76.4)     | (126.8)           | (91.8)                                       | (0.8)                                                      |
| Net amortization of discounts and premiums                    | (163.7)    | (128.2)           | (129.2)                                      | 2.9                                                        |
| Amortization of other comprehensive income                    | (36.3)     | (18.2)            | (0.9)                                        | (0.1)                                                      |
| Rollover of Paid in Kind ( PIK ) interest to principal        | (1.0)      | (62.8)            |                                              |                                                            |
| Change in accrual (related to PIK interest)                   |            | (40.1)            | (68.4)                                       |                                                            |
| Change in fair value of derivative instruments                | 74.7       | 7.6               | (65.0)                                       | (39.2)                                                     |
| Cash paid for interest, net of amount capitalized             | \$ 1,766.1 | \$ 1,772.4        | \$ 1,523.2                                   | \$ 61.2                                                    |
| Cash payments/(receipts) for income taxes, net <sup>(a)</sup> | \$ (190.2) | \$ 31.0           | \$ 11.0                                      | \$ 1.0                                                     |



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<sup>(a)</sup> The 2010 net receipt includes approximately \$220.8 million of federal income tax refund received in the fourth quarter, offset by other federal, state and foreign taxes paid during the year.

Significant non-cash transactions in 2010 included the impairment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets discussed in Note 5, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, the first quarter 2010 conversion of preferred shares into common shares and the elimination of cumulative dividends on such preferred shares discussed in Note 9, Preferred and Common Stock, the second quarter 2010 write-down of long-term note receivable and contingent liability charge discussed in Note 11, Write-downs, Reserves and Recoveries, and the fourth quarter 2010 exchange of debt for equity discussed in Note 7, Debt.

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Significant non-cash transactions in 2009 and 2008 included the Company's accrued, but unpaid, dividends on its preferred shares of \$354.8 million and \$297.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2009 and for the period from January 28, 2008 through December 31, 2008, respectively, the impairment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets discussed in Note 5, Goodwill and other Intangible Assets, the April 2009 debt exchange transaction discussed in Note 7, Debt, and the impairment of long-lived tangible assets and the litigation reserve adjustment, both of which are discussed in Note 11, Write-downs, Reserves and Recoveries.

***Note 18 Employee Benefit Plans***

We have established a number of employee benefit programs for purposes of attracting, retaining and motivating our employees. The following is a description of the basic components of these programs as of December 31, 2010.

***Equity Incentive Awards***

Prior to the completion of the Acquisition, the Company granted stock options, SARs and restricted stock for a fixed number of shares to employees and directors under share-based compensation plans. The exercise prices of the stock options and SARs were equal to the fair market value of the underlying shares at the dates of grant. Compensation expense for restricted stock awards was measured at fair value on the dates of grant based on the number of shares granted and the quoted market price of the Company's common stock. Such value was recognized as expense over the vesting period of the award adjusted for actual forfeitures.

In connection with the Acquisition, on January 28, 2008, outstanding and unexercised stock options and SARs, whether vested or unvested, were cancelled and converted into the right to receive a cash payment equal to the product of (a) the number of shares of common stock underlying the options and (b) the excess, if any, of the Acquisition consideration over the exercise price per share of common stock previously subject to such options, less any required withholding taxes. In addition, outstanding restricted shares vested and became free of restrictions, and each holder received \$90.00 in cash for each outstanding share.

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The following is a summary of activity under the equity incentive plans that were in effect through the effective date of the Acquisition, when all of the stock options and SARs were cancelled and restricted shares were vested:

| Plan                                                        | Outstanding at<br>Jan. 1, 2008 | Predecessor | Outstanding at<br>Jan. 27,<br>2008 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|
|                                                             |                                | Cancelled   |                                    |
| <b>Stock options</b>                                        |                                |             |                                    |
| 2004 Equity Incentive Award Plan                            | 7,303,293                      | 7,303,293   |                                    |
| 2001 Broad-Based Stock Incentive Plan                       | 50,097                         | 50,097      |                                    |
| 2004 Long Term Incentive Plan                               | 537,387                        | 537,387     |                                    |
| 1998 Caesars Plans                                          | 102,251                        | 102,251     |                                    |
| Total options outstanding                                   | 7,993,028                      | 7,993,028   |                                    |
| Weighted average exercise price per option                  | \$ 57.51                       | \$ 57.51    |                                    |
| Weighted average remaining contractual term per option      | 3.5 years                      |             |                                    |
| <b>Options exercisable at January 27, 2008:</b>             |                                |             |                                    |
| <b>Number of options</b>                                    |                                |             |                                    |
| <b>Weighted average exercise price</b>                      |                                |             |                                    |
| <b>Weighted average remaining contractual term</b>          |                                |             |                                    |
| <b>SARs</b>                                                 |                                |             |                                    |
| 2004 Equity Incentive Award Plan                            | 3,229,487                      | 3,229,487   |                                    |
| 2004 Long Term Incentive Plan                               | 27,695                         | 27,695      |                                    |
| Total SARs outstanding                                      | 3,257,182                      | 3,257,182   |                                    |
| Weighted average exercise price per SAR                     | \$ 69.26                       | \$ 69.26    |                                    |
| Weighted average remaining contractual term per SAR         | 5.7 years                      |             |                                    |
| <b>SARs exercisable at January 27, 2008:</b>                |                                |             |                                    |
| <b>Number of SARs</b>                                       |                                |             |                                    |
| <b>Weighted average exercise price</b>                      |                                |             |                                    |
| <b>Weighted average remaining contractual term</b>          |                                |             |                                    |
| <b>Vested</b>                                               |                                |             |                                    |
| <b>Restricted shares</b>                                    |                                |             |                                    |
| 2004 Equity Incentive Award Plan                            | 687,624                        | 687,624     |                                    |
| 2004 Long Term Incentive Plan                               | 36,691                         | 36,691      |                                    |
| Total restricted shares outstanding                         | 724,315                        | 724,315     |                                    |
| Weighted Average Grant date fair value per restricted share | \$ 70.71                       | \$ 70.71    |                                    |

Prior to the Acquisition, certain employees were also granted restricted stock or options to purchase shares of common stock under the Caesars Entertainment, Inc. 2001 Broad-based Stock Incentive Plan (the "2001 Plan"). Two hundred thousand shares were authorized for issuance under the 2001 Plan, which was an equity compensation plan not approved by stockholders.

There were no share-based grants during the period January 1, 2008 through January 27, 2008.

The total intrinsic value of stock options cancelled, SARs cancelled and restricted shares vested at the date of the Acquisition was approximately \$456.9 million, \$225.3 million and \$46.9 million, respectively.

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The following is a summary of the activity for nonvested stock option and SAR grants and restricted share awards as of January 27, 2008 and the changes for the period January 1, 2008 to January 27, 2008:

|                               | Stock Options |                           | Predecessor SARs |                           | Restricted Shares |                           |
|-------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
|                               | Options       | Fair Value <sup>(1)</sup> | SARs             | Fair Value <sup>(1)</sup> | Shares            | Fair Value <sup>(1)</sup> |
| Nonvested at January 1, 2008  | 2,157,766     | \$ 19.87                  | 2,492,883        | \$ 19.51                  | 724,315           | \$ 70.71                  |
| Grants                        |               |                           |                  |                           |                   |                           |
| Vested                        | (1,505,939)   | 19.82                     | (16,484)         | 23.71                     | (724,315)         | 70.71                     |
| Cancelled                     | (651,827)     | 20.00                     | (2,476,399)      | 19.48                     |                   |                           |
| Nonvested at January 27, 2008 |               | \$                        |                  | \$                        |                   | \$                        |

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents the weighted-average grant date fair value per share-based unit, using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model for stock options and SARs and the average high/low market price of the Company's common stock for restricted shares.

The total fair value of stock options and SARs cancelled and restricted shares vested during the period from January 1, 2008, through January 27, 2008, was approximately \$42.9 million, \$48.6 million and \$51.2 million, respectively. The consummation of the Acquisition accelerated the recognition of compensation cost of \$82.8 million, which was included in Acquisition and integration costs in the Consolidated Statements of Operations in the period from January 1, 2008 through January 27, 2008.

*Share-based Compensation Plans Successor Entity*

In February 2008, the Board of Directors approved and adopted the Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. Management Equity Incentive Plan (the Equity Plan), including the ability to grant awards covering up to 3,733,835 shares of our non-voting common stock in February 2008. The Equity Plan authorizes awards that may be granted to management and other personnel and key service providers. Option awards may be either time-based options or performance-based options, or a combination thereof. Time-based options generally vest in equal increments of 20% on each of the first five anniversaries of the grant date. The performance-based options vest based on the investment returns of our stockholders. One-half of the performance-based options become eligible to vest upon the stockholders receiving cash proceeds equal to two times their amount vested, and one-half of the performance-based options become eligible to vest upon the stockholders receiving cash proceeds equal to three times their amount vested subject to certain conditions and limitations. In addition, the performance-based options may vest earlier at lower thresholds upon liquidity events prior to December 31, 2011, as well as pro rata, in certain circumstances. The Equity Plan was amended in December 2008 to allow grants at a price above fair market value, as defined in the Equity Plan.

On February 23, 2010, the Human Resources Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company adopted an amendment to the Equity Plan. The amendment provides for an increase in the available number shares of the Company's non-voting common stock for which awards may be granted to 4,566,919 shares.

The amendment also revised the vesting hurdles for performance-based options under the Plan. The performance options vest if the return on investment in the Company of TPG, Apollo, and their respective affiliates (the Majority Stockholders) achieve a specified return. Previously, 50% of the performance-based options vested upon a 2x return and 50% vested upon a 3x return. The triggers have been revised to 1.5x and 2.5x, respectively. In addition, a pro-rata portion of the 2.5x options will vest if the Majority Stockholders achieve a return on their investment that is greater than 2.0x, but less than 2.5x. The pro rata portion will increase on a straight line basis from zero to a participant's total number of 2.5x options depending upon the level of returns that the Majority Stockholders realize between 2.0x and 2.5x.

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The following is a summary of share-based option activity for the period from January 28, 2008 through December 31, 2008 and for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2010:

| Options                                         | Shares    | Successor Entity                         |                              | Weighted<br>Average<br>Remaining<br>Contractual<br>Term<br>(years) |
|-------------------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                 |           | Weighted<br>Average<br>Exercise<br>Price | Fair<br>Value <sup>(1)</sup> |                                                                    |
| Outstanding at January 28, 2008                 | 133,133   | \$ 25.00                                 | \$ 20.82                     |                                                                    |
| Options granted                                 | 3,417,770 | 99.13                                    | 35.81                        |                                                                    |
| Exercised                                       |           |                                          |                              |                                                                    |
| Cancelled                                       | (379,303) | 100.00                                   | 36.68                        |                                                                    |
| Outstanding at December 31, 2008                | 3,171,600 | \$ 95.91                                 | \$ 35.07                     | 8.9                                                                |
| Exercisable at December 31, 2008 <sup>(2)</sup> | 133,133   | \$ 25.00                                 | \$ 20.82                     | 3.5                                                                |
| Outstanding at December 31, 2008                | 3,171,600 | \$ 95.91                                 | \$ 35.07                     |                                                                    |
| Options granted                                 | 302,496   | 51.79                                    | 17.89                        |                                                                    |
| Exercised                                       |           |                                          |                              |                                                                    |
| Cancelled                                       | (279,921) | 97.99                                    | 33.98                        |                                                                    |
| Outstanding at December 31, 2009                | 3,194,175 | \$ 91.53                                 | \$ 33.45                     | 8.0                                                                |
| Exercisable at December 31, 2009                | 482,528   | \$ 78.49                                 | \$ 31.70                     | 6.4                                                                |
| Outstanding at December 31, 2009                | 3,194,175 | \$ 91.53                                 | \$ 33.45                     |                                                                    |
| Options granted                                 | 1,362,095 | 57.55                                    | 26.85                        |                                                                    |
| Exercised                                       | (244)     | 51.79                                    | 18.19                        |                                                                    |
| Cancelled                                       | (314,024) | 88.17                                    | 33.17                        |                                                                    |
| Outstanding at December 31, 2010                | 4,242,002 | \$ 80.75                                 | \$ 31.46                     | 7.7                                                                |
| Exercisable at December 31, 2010                | 803,130   | \$ 84.41                                 | \$ 33.42                     | 6.1                                                                |

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents the weighted-average grant date fair value per option, using the Monte Carlo simulation option-pricing model for performance-based options, and the Black-Scholes option-pricing model for time-based options.

<sup>(2)</sup> On January 27, 2008, an executive and the Company entered into a stock option rollover agreement that provides for the conversion of options to purchase shares of the Company prior to the Acquisition into options to purchase shares of the Company following the Acquisition with such conversion preserving the intrinsic spread value of the converted option. The rollover option is immediately exercisable with respect to 133,133 shares of non-voting common stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$25.00 per share. The rollover options expire on June 17, 2012.

There are no provisions in the Equity Plan for the issuance of SARs or restricted shares.

The weighted-average grant date fair value of options granted during 2010 was \$26.85. There were 244 stock options exercised during the year ended December 31, 2010.

The Company utilized historical optionee behavioral data to estimate the option exercise and termination rates used in the option-pricing models. The expected term of the options represents the period of time the options were expected to be outstanding based on historical

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trends. Expected volatility was based on the historical volatility of the common stock of Caesars Entertainment and its competitor peer group for a period approximating the expected life. The Company does not expect to pay dividends on common stock. The risk-free interest rate within the expected term was based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant.

As of December 31, 2010, there was approximately \$53.4 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to stock option grants. This cost is expected to be recognized over a remaining weighted-average period

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of 3.1 years. For the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 and for the Successor period from January 28, 2008 through December 31, 2008, the compensation cost that has been charged against income for stock option grants was approximately \$18.0 million, \$16.4 million and \$15.8 million, respectively, of which, for the year ended December 31, 2010, \$9.4 million was included in Corporate expenses and \$8.6 million was included in Property, general, administrative and other in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. For the year ended December 31, 2009, \$7.6 million of compensation cost was included in Corporate expense and \$8.8 million was included in Property, general, administrative and other in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Presented below is a comparative summary of valuation assumptions for the indicated periods:

|                                                          | 2010     | 2009     | 2008<br>Successor |
|----------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|-------------------|
| Expected volatility                                      | 71.4%    | 65.9%    | 35.4%             |
| Expected dividend yield                                  |          |          |                   |
| Expected term (in years)                                 | 6.6      | 6.8      | 6.0               |
| Risk-free interest rate                                  | 2.4%     | 2.5%     | 3.3%              |
| Weighted average fair value per share of options granted | \$ 26.85 | \$ 17.89 | \$ 35.81          |

*Savings and Retirement Plan*

We maintain a defined contribution savings and retirement plan, which, among other things, allows pre-tax and after-tax contributions to be made by employees to the plan. Under the plan, participating employees may elect to contribute up to 50% of their eligible earnings. Prior to February 2009, the Company matched 50% of the first six percent of employees' contributions. In February 2009, Caesars Entertainment announced the suspension of the employer match for all participating employees, where allowed by law or not in violation of an existing agreement. The Acquisition was a change in control under the savings and retirement plan, and therefore, all unvested Company match as of the Acquisition became vested. Amounts contributed to the plan are invested, at the participant's direction, in up to 19 separate funds. Participants become vested in the matching contribution over five years of credited service. Our contribution expense for this plan was \$0.1 million and \$3.2 million, respectively, for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, \$28.5 million for the period from January 28, 2008 to December 31, 2008, and \$2.4 million for the period from January 1, 2008 to January 27, 2008.

*Deferred Compensation Plans*

The Company has one currently active deferred compensation plan, the Executive Supplemental Savings Plan II (ESSP II), although there are five other plans that contain deferred compensation assets: Harrah's Executive Deferred Compensation Plan (EDCP), the Harrah's Executive Supplemental Savings Plan (ESSP), Harrah's Deferred Compensation Plan (CDCP), the Restated Park Place Entertainment Corporation Executive Deferred Compensation Plan, and the Caesars World, Inc. Executive Security Plan. The deferred compensation plans are collectively referred to as DCP.

Amounts deposited into DCP are unsecured liabilities of the Company, the EDCP and CDCP earn interest at rates approved by the Human Resources Committee of the Board of Directors. The other plans, including the ESSP II are variable investment plans, which allow employees to direct their investments by choosing from several investment alternatives. In connection with the 2005 acquisition of Caesars Entertainment, Inc., we assumed the outstanding liability for Caesars Entertainment, Inc.'s deferred compensation plan; however, the balance was frozen and former Caesars employees may no longer contribute to that plan. The total liability included in Deferred credits and other for DCP at December 31, 2010 and 2009 was \$95.1 million and \$98.6 million, respectively. In connection with the administration of one of these plans, we have purchased company-owned life insurance policies insuring the lives of certain directors, officers and key employees.

Beginning in 2005, we implemented the ESSP II for certain executive officers, directors and other key employees of the Company to replace the ESSP. Eligible employees may elect to defer a percentage of their

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salary and/or bonus under ESSP II. Prior to February 2009, the Company had the option to make matching contributions with respect to deferrals of salary to those participants who are eligible to receive matching contributions under the Company's 401(k) plan. In February 2009, the Company eliminated matching contributions with respect to deferrals of salary. Employees immediately vest in their own deferrals of salary and bonus, and vest in Company funded matching and discretionary contributions over five years.

The Acquisition was a change in control under our deferred compensation plans, and therefore, all unvested Company match as of the Acquisition became vested. The change in control also required that the pre-existing trust and escrow funds related to our deferred compensation plans be fully funded.

Subsequent to the Acquisition, contributions by the Company have been segregated in order to differentiate between the fully-funded trusts and escrows prior to the Acquisition and the post-acquisition contributions. In January 2010, the Company funded \$5.6 million into the trust in order to increase the security of the participants' deferred compensation plan benefits.

### *Multi-employer Pension Plan*

We have approximately 26,000 employees covered under collective bargaining agreements, and the majority of those employees are covered by union sponsored, collectively bargained multi-employer pension plans. We contributed and charged to expense \$41.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, \$35.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2009, \$34.7 million for the period from January 28, 2008 to December 31, 2008, and \$3.0 million for the period from January 1, 2008 to January 27, 2008, for such plans. The plans' administrators do not provide sufficient information to enable us to determine our share, if any, of unfunded vested benefits.

### *Pension Commitments*

With the acquisition of London Clubs in December 2006, we assumed a defined benefit plan, which provides benefits based on final pensionable salary. The assets of the plan are held in a separate trustee-administered fund, and death-in-service benefits, professional fees and other expenses are paid by the pension plan. The most recent actuarial valuation of the plan showed a deficit of approximately \$33.9 million, which is recognized as a liability in our Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2010. The London Clubs pension plan is not material to our Company.

As discussed within Note 14, *Commitments and Contingent Liabilities*, with our acquisition of Caesars Entertainment, Inc., we assumed certain obligations related to the Employee Benefits and Other Employment Matters Allocation Agreement by and between Hilton Worldwide, Inc. (formerly Hilton Hotels Corporation) and Caesars Entertainment, Inc. dated December 31, 1998, pursuant to which we shall retain or assume, as applicable, all liabilities and excess assets, if any, related to the Hilton Hotels Retirement Plan based on the ratio of accrued benefits of Hilton employees and the Company's employees covered under the plan. Based on this ratio, our share of any benefit or obligation would be approximately 30 percent of the total. The Hilton Hotels Retirement Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides benefits based on years of service and compensation, as defined. Since December 31, 1996, employees have not accrued additional benefits under this plan. The plan is administered by Hilton Worldwide, Inc. Hilton Worldwide, Inc. has informed the Company that as of December 31, 2010, the plan benefit obligations exceeded the fair value of the plan assets by \$79.3 million, of which \$25.2 million is our share. No contributions to the plan were required during 2010. Expected contributions for 2011 are \$5.1 million, of which \$1.6 million is our share.

### *Note 19 Discontinued Operations*

During 2006, we sold Grand Casino Gulfport, however, pursuant to the sales agreement, we retained all insurance proceeds related to that property. Discontinued operations for the period from January 28, 2008



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through December 31, 2008 included insurance proceeds of \$87.3 million, after taxes, representing the final funds received that were in excess of the net book value of the impacted assets and costs and expenses reimbursed under our business interruption claims for Grand Casino Gulfport.

Summary operating results for discontinued operations is as follows:

| (In millions)                               | Successor |      |                                              | Predecessor                                 |
|---------------------------------------------|-----------|------|----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
|                                             | 2010      | 2009 | Jan. 28,<br>2008<br>through<br>Dec. 31, 2008 | Jan. 1,<br>2008<br>through<br>Jan. 27, 2008 |
| Net revenues                                | \$        | \$   | \$                                           | \$                                          |
| Pre-tax income from discontinued operations | \$        | \$   | \$ 141.5                                     | \$ 0.1                                      |
| Discontinued operations, net of tax         | \$        | \$   | \$ 90.4                                      | \$ 0.1                                      |

**Note 20 Non-consolidated Affiliates**

During late 2009, we invested approximately \$66.9 million to purchase outstanding debt of the Planet Hollywood Resort and Casino ( Planet Hollywood ), located on the Las Vegas strip. This investment was accounted for as a long-term investment recorded at historical cost as of December 31, 2009. The Company converted this investment into equity ownership interests of Planet Hollywood in February 2010, which subsequent to this date is consolidated with the Company, as more fully discussed in Note 4, Development and Acquisition Activity.

As of December 31, 2010, our investments in and advances to non-consolidated affiliates consisted of interests in a company that provides management services to a casino in Windsor, Canada, a horse-racing facility in Florence, Kentucky, a joint venture in a hotel at our combination thoroughbred racetrack and casino in Bossier City, Louisiana, a direct train line from New York City Penn Station to Atlantic City Rail Terminal, a restaurant located inside the Flamingo Hotel and Casino in Las Vegas, Nevada, and our investment in Rock Ohio Caesars, LLC in Ohio.

| (In millions)                                              | As of December 31, |         |
|------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------|
|                                                            | 2010               | 2009    |
| Investments in and advances to non-consolidated affiliates |                    |         |
| Accounted for under the equity method                      | \$ 94.0            | \$ 20.8 |
| Accounted for at historical cost                           |                    | 73.2    |
|                                                            | \$ 94.0            | \$ 94.0 |

**Note 21 Related Party Transactions**

In connection with the Acquisition, Apollo, TPG and their affiliates entered into a services agreement with Caesars Entertainment relating to the provision of financial and strategic advisory services and consulting services. We paid Apollo and TPG a one-time transaction fee of \$200 million for structuring the Acquisition and for assisting with debt financing negotiations. This amount was included in the overall purchase price of the Acquisition. In addition, we pay a monitoring fee for management services and advice. Fees for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 and for the period from January 28, 2008 through December 31, 2008 were \$28.5 million, \$28.7 million and \$27.9 million, respectively. Such fees are included in Corporate expense in our Consolidated Statements of Operations for the applicable Successor periods. We also reimburse Apollo and TPG for expenses that they incur related to their management services.

In connection with our debt exchange in April 2009, certain debt held by Apollo and TPG was exchanged for new debt and the related party gain on that exchange totaling \$80.1 million, net of deferred tax of \$52.3 million, has been recorded to stockholders' equity.



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During the quarter ended June 30, 2009, Apollo and TPG completed their own tender offer and purchased some of our Second Lien Notes.

On June 3, 2010, Caesars announced an agreement under which affiliates of each of Apollo, TPG and Paulson & Co. Inc. ( Paulson ) were to exchange approximately \$1,118.3 million face amount of debt for approximately 15.7% of the common equity of Caesars Entertainment, subject to regulatory approvals and certain other conditions. In connection with the transaction, Apollo, TPG, and Paulson purchased approximately \$835.4 million, face amount, of CEOC notes that were held by another subsidiary of Caesars Entertainment for aggregate consideration of approximately \$557.0 million, including accrued interest. The notes that were purchased, together with \$282.9 million face amount of notes they had previously acquired, were exchanged for equity in the fourth quarter of 2010 and the notes exchanged for equity are held by a subsidiary of Caesars Entertainment and remain outstanding for purposes of CEOC. The exchange was 10 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of notes tendered. Accrued and unpaid interest on the notes held by affiliates of each of Apollo and TPG was also paid in shares of common stock at the same exchange ratio. The above exchange resulted in the issuance of 11,270,331 shares of common stock.

***Note 22 Subsequent Events***

On February 24, 2011, Caesars announced that it has commenced marketing efforts in the pursuit of securing a \$400.0 million Senior Secured Term Loan facility, the proceeds of which will be used to complete two Las Vegas development projects: the completion of the Octavius Tower at Caesars Palace and the construction of a Retail, Dining, and Entertainment district known as the Linq , between the Imperial Palace and the Flamingo, that will be anchored by the world s largest observation wheel. The Octavius Tower project will consist of completing the fit-out and remaining construction on approximately 660 rooms and suites, and will also include the design and construction of an additional 3 high-end villas. The Linq will consist of approximately 200,000 square feet of leasable space and will also include a 550 ft observation wheel. The total cost to complete the projects will be approximately \$600.0 million. We plan to initiate these development projects in a phased approach, beginning in 2011.

***Note 23 Consolidating Financial Information of Guarantors and Issuers***

As of December 31, 2010, CEOC is the issuer of certain debt securities that have been guaranteed by Caesars Entertainment and certain subsidiaries of CEOC. The following consolidating schedules present condensed financial information for Caesars Entertainment, the parent and guarantor; CEOC, the subsidiary issuer; guarantor subsidiaries of CEOC; and non-guarantor subsidiaries of Caesars Entertainment and CEOC, which includes the CMBS properties, as of December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, and for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, the Successor period from January 28, 2008 through December 31, 2008, and the Predecessor period from January 1, 2008, through January 27, 2008.

In connection with the CMBS financing for the Acquisition, CEOC spun off to Caesars Entertainment the following casino properties and related operating assets: Harrah s Las Vegas, Rio, Flamingo Las Vegas, Harrah s Atlantic City, Showboat Atlantic City, Harrah s Lake Tahoe, Harvey s Lake Tahoe and Bill s Lake Tahoe. Upon receipt of regulatory approvals that were requested prior to the closing of the Acquisition, in May 2008, Paris Las Vegas and Harrah s Laughlin and their related operating assets were spun out of CEOC to Caesars Entertainment and Harrah s Lake Tahoe, Harvey s Lake Tahoe, Bill s Lake Tahoe and Showboat Atlantic City and their related operating assets were transferred to CEOC from Caesars Entertainment. We refer to the May spin-off and transfer as the Post-Closing CMBS Transaction. The financial information included in this section reflects ownership of the CMBS properties pursuant to the spin-off and transfer of the Post-Closing CMBS Transaction.

In lieu of providing separate unaudited financial statements for the guarantor subsidiaries, we have included the accompanying condensed consolidating financial statements based on the Securities and Exchange Commission s interpretation and application of ASC 470-10-S99, (Rule 3-10 of the Securities and Exchange Commission s Regulation S-X). Management does not believe that separate financial statements of the guarantor subsidiaries are material to our investors. Therefore, separate financial statements and other disclosures concerning the guarantor subsidiaries are not presented.

**Table of Contents****CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION****(SUCCESSOR ENTITY)****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET****DECEMBER 31, 2010****(In millions)**

|                                                                            | CEC<br>(Parent) | Subsidiary<br>Issuer | Guarantors   | Non-<br>Guarantors | Consolidating/<br>Eliminating<br>Adjustments | Total          |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Assets</b>                                                              |                 |                      |              |                    |                                              |                |
| Current assets                                                             |                 |                      |              |                    |                                              |                |
| Cash and cash equivalents                                                  | \$ 136.0        | \$ 61.0              | \$ 358.2     | \$ 431.8           | \$                                           | \$ 987.0       |
| Receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts                        |                 | 18.0                 | 261.4        | 113.8              |                                              | 393.2          |
| Deferred income taxes                                                      |                 | 66.2                 | 92.6         | 17.0               |                                              | 175.8          |
| Prepayments and other                                                      |                 | 29.0                 | 77.2         | 77.9               |                                              | 184.1          |
| Inventories                                                                |                 | 0.4                  | 32.7         | 17.3               |                                              | 50.4           |
| Intercompany receivables                                                   | 3.7             | 313.0                | 161.9        | 169.1              | (647.7)                                      |                |
| <b>Total current assets</b>                                                | <b>139.7</b>    | <b>487.6</b>         | <b>984.0</b> | <b>826.9</b>       | <b>(647.7)</b>                               | <b>1,790.5</b> |
| Land, buildings, riverboats and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation |                 | 229.8                | 10,457.8     | 7,079.0            |                                              | 17,766.6       |
| Assets held for sale                                                       |                 |                      |              |                    |                                              |                |
| Goodwill                                                                   |                 |                      | 1,646.1      | 1,774.8            |                                              | 3,420.9        |
| Intangible assets other than goodwill                                      |                 | 5.6                  | 4,052.1      | 654.1              |                                              | 4,711.8        |
| Investments in and advances to non-consolidated affiliates                 | 1,002.3         | 13,924.4             | 7.6          | 914.0              | (15,754.3)                                   | 94.0           |
| Deferred charges and other                                                 |                 | 408.2                | 188.4        | 207.3              |                                              | 803.9          |
| Intercompany receivables                                                   | 500.0           | 1,106.7              | 669.5        | 184.2              | (2,460.4)                                    |                |
|                                                                            | \$ 1,642.0      | \$ 16,162.3          | \$ 18,005.5  | \$ 11,640.3        | \$ (18,862.4)                                | \$ 28,587.7    |
| <b>Liabilities and Stockholders Equity/(Deficit)</b>                       |                 |                      |              |                    |                                              |                |
| Current liabilities                                                        |                 |                      |              |                    |                                              |                |
| Accounts payable                                                           | \$ 2.1          | \$ 87.6              | \$ 91.3      | \$ 70.4            | \$                                           | \$ 251.4       |
| Interest payable                                                           |                 | 191.2                | 0.5          | 9.8                |                                              | 201.5          |
| Accrued expenses                                                           | 7.3             | 208.2                | 420.2        | 438.6              |                                              | 1,074.3        |
| Current portion of long-term debt                                          |                 | 30.0                 | 6.7          | 18.9               |                                              | 55.6           |
| Intercompany payables                                                      |                 | 47.9                 | 318.8        | 281.0              | (647.7)                                      |                |
| <b>Total current liabilities</b>                                           | <b>9.4</b>      | <b>564.9</b>         | <b>837.5</b> | <b>818.7</b>       | <b>(647.7)</b>                               | <b>1,582.8</b> |
| Long-term debt                                                             |                 | 13,690.7             | 71.8         | 5,825.0            | (802.0)                                      | 18,785.5       |
| Deferred credits and other                                                 |                 | 646.4                | 164.2        | 112.5              |                                              | 923.1          |
| Deferred income taxes                                                      | (0.2)           | 1,131.3              | 2,536.1      | 1,956.5            |                                              | 5,623.7        |
| Intercompany notes                                                         |                 | 598.1                | 955.2        | 907.1              | (2,460.4)                                    |                |
|                                                                            | 9.2             | 16,631.4             | 4,564.8      | 9,619.8            | (3,910.1)                                    | 26,915.1       |
| Preferred stock                                                            |                 |                      |              |                    |                                              |                |

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|                                                                 |            |             |             |             |               |             |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
| Caesars Entertainment Corporation Stockholders equity/(deficit) | 1,632.8    | (469.1)     | 13,440.7    | 1,980.7     | (14,952.3)    | 1,632.8     |
| Non-controlling interests                                       |            |             |             | 39.8        |               | 39.8        |
| Total Stockholders equity/(deficit)                             | 1,632.8    | (469.1)     | 13,440.7    | 2,020.5     | (14,952.3)    | 1,672.6     |
|                                                                 | \$ 1,642.0 | \$ 16,162.3 | \$ 18,005.5 | \$ 11,640.3 | \$ (18,862.4) | \$ 28,587.7 |

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**Table of Contents****CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION****(SUCCESSOR ENTITY)****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET****DECEMBER 31, 2009****(In millions)**

|                                                                            | CEC<br>(Parent) | Subsidiary<br>Issuer | Guarantors     | Non-<br>Guarantors | Consolidating/<br>Eliminating<br>Adjustments | Total          |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Assets</b>                                                              |                 |                      |                |                    |                                              |                |
| <b>Current assets</b>                                                      |                 |                      |                |                    |                                              |                |
| Cash and cash equivalents                                                  | \$ 122.7        | \$ (15.6)            | \$ 445.2       | \$ 365.8           | \$                                           | \$ 918.1       |
| Receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts                        |                 | 10.2                 | 237.5          | 75.8               |                                              | 323.5          |
| Deferred income taxes                                                      |                 | 60.0                 | 68.4           | 19.8               |                                              | 148.2          |
| Prepayments and other                                                      |                 | 12.5                 | 79.8           | 64.1               |                                              | 156.4          |
| Inventories                                                                |                 | 0.6                  | 33.5           | 18.6               |                                              | 52.7           |
| Intercompany receivables                                                   | 0.2             | 478.4                | 261.3          | 232.5              | (972.4)                                      |                |
| <b>Total current assets</b>                                                | <b>122.9</b>    | <b>546.1</b>         | <b>1,125.7</b> | <b>776.6</b>       | <b>(972.4)</b>                               | <b>1,598.9</b> |
| Land, buildings, riverboats and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation |                 | 240.3                | 10,500.2       | 7,184.3            |                                              | 17,924.8       |
| Assets held for sale                                                       |                 |                      | 16.7           |                    |                                              | 16.7           |
| Goodwill                                                                   |                 |                      | 1,753.0        | 1,703.9            |                                              | 3,456.9        |
| Intangible assets other than goodwill                                      |                 | 6.3                  | 4,230.2        | 714.8              |                                              | 4,951.3        |
| Investments in and advances to non-consolidated affiliates                 | 1,846.1         | 15,056.8             | 70.2           | 627.3              | (17,506.4)                                   | 94.0           |
| Deferred charges and other                                                 |                 | 399.0                | 246.4          | 291.2              |                                              | 936.6          |
| Intercompany receivables                                                   |                 | 1,348.7              | 1,687.8        | 706.9              | (3,743.4)                                    |                |
|                                                                            | \$ 1,969.0      | \$ 17,597.2          | \$ 19,630.2    | \$ 12,005.0        | \$ (22,222.2)                                | \$ 28,979.2    |
| <b>Liabilities and Stockholders (Deficit)/Equity</b>                       |                 |                      |                |                    |                                              |                |
| <b>Current liabilities</b>                                                 |                 |                      |                |                    |                                              |                |
| Accounts payable                                                           | \$              | \$ 97.7              | \$ 104.6       | \$ 58.5            | \$                                           | \$ 260.8       |
| Interest payable                                                           |                 | 184.8                | 1.9            | 8.9                |                                              | 195.6          |
| Accrued expenses                                                           | 8.6             | 205.2                | 449.7          | 411.3              |                                              | 1,074.8        |
| Current portion of long-term debt                                          |                 | 30.0                 | 6.3            | 38.0               |                                              | 74.3           |
| Intercompany payables                                                      | 1.8             | 34.1                 | 412.0          | 524.5              | (972.4)                                      |                |
| <b>Total current liabilities</b>                                           | <b>10.4</b>     | <b>551.8</b>         | <b>974.5</b>   | <b>1,041.2</b>     | <b>(972.4)</b>                               | <b>1,605.5</b> |
| Long-term debt                                                             |                 | 13,601.0             | 98.1           | 5,747.8            | (578.1)                                      | 18,868.8       |
| Deferred credits and other                                                 |                 | 642.9                | 147.8          | 81.8               |                                              | 872.5          |
| Deferred income taxes                                                      |                 | 1,520.1              | 2,446.5        | 1,890.3            |                                              | 5,856.9        |
| Intercompany notes                                                         | 239.0           | 98.1                 | 1,973.5        | 1,432.8            | (3,743.4)                                    |                |
|                                                                            | 249.4           | 16,413.9             | 5,640.4        | 10,193.9           | (5,293.9)                                    | 27,203.7       |
| Preferred stock                                                            | 2,642.5         |                      |                |                    |                                              | 2,642.5        |

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|                                                                       |            |             |             |             |               |             |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
| Total Caesars Entertainment Corporation stockholders (deficit)/equity | (922.9)    | 1,183.3     | 13,989.8    | 1,755.2     | (16,928.3)    | (922.9)     |
| Non-controlling interests                                             |            |             |             | 55.9        |               | 55.9        |
| Total Stockholders (deficit)/equity                                   | (922.9)    | 1,183.3     | 13,989.8    | 1,811.1     | (16,928.3)    | (867.0)     |
|                                                                       | \$ 1,969.0 | \$ 17,597.2 | \$ 19,630.2 | \$ 12,005.0 | \$ (22,222.2) | \$ 28,979.2 |

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**Table of Contents****CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION****(SUCCESSOR ENTITY)****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS****FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010****(In millions)**

|                                                             | CEC<br>(Parent) | Subsidiary<br>Issuer | Other<br>Guarantors | Non-<br>Guarantors | Consolidating/<br>Eliminating<br>Adjustments | Total      |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------|------------|
| <b>Revenues</b>                                             |                 |                      |                     |                    |                                              |            |
| Casino                                                      | \$              | \$ 67.9              | \$ 4,487.6          | \$ 2,362.4         | \$                                           | \$ 6,917.9 |
| Food and beverage                                           |                 | 18.6                 | 852.1               | 639.9              |                                              | 1,510.6    |
| Rooms                                                       |                 | 17.8                 | 591.6               | 522.9              |                                              | 1,132.3    |
| Management fees                                             |                 | 2.6                  | 61.1                | 1.5                | (26.1)                                       | 39.1       |
| Other                                                       |                 | 47.2                 | 359.1               | 335.9              | (165.9)                                      | 576.3      |
| Less: casino promotional allowances                         |                 | (23.6)               | (839.1)             | (494.9)            |                                              | (1,357.6)  |
| <b>Net revenues</b>                                         |                 | 130.5                | 5,512.4             | 3,367.7            | (192.0)                                      | 8,818.6    |
| <b>Operating expenses</b>                                   |                 |                      |                     |                    |                                              |            |
| <b>Direct</b>                                               |                 |                      |                     |                    |                                              |            |
| Casino                                                      |                 | 45.3                 | 2,533.7             | 1,369.9            |                                              | 3,948.9    |
| Food and beverage                                           |                 | 7.8                  | 324.3               | 289.2              |                                              | 621.3      |
| Rooms                                                       |                 | 2.1                  | 121.6               | 135.7              |                                              | 259.4      |
| Property general, administrative and other                  |                 | 52.7                 | 1,290.8             | 859.0              | (140.8)                                      | 2,061.7    |
| Depreciation and amortization                               |                 | 7.3                  | 472.0               | 256.2              |                                              | 735.5      |
| Project opening costs                                       |                 |                      | 0.2                 | 1.9                |                                              | 2.1        |
| Write-downs, reserves and recoveries                        |                 | 27.9                 | 90.6                | 29.1               |                                              | 147.6      |
| Impairment of intangible assets                             |                 |                      | 187.0               | 6.0                |                                              | 193.0      |
| Losses/(income) on interests in non-consolidated affiliates | 816.5           | (295.8)              | (30.9)              | (0.6)              | (487.7)                                      | 1.5        |
| Corporate expense                                           | 23.3            | 85.6                 | 21.6                | 61.6               | (51.2)                                       | 140.9      |
| Acquisition and integration costs                           | 0.8             | 1.9                  | 4.4                 | 6.5                |                                              | 13.6       |
| Amortization of intangible assets                           |                 | 0.7                  | 97.9                | 62.2               |                                              | 160.8      |
| <b>Total operating expenses</b>                             | 840.6           | (64.5)               | 5,113.2             | 3,076.7            | (679.7)                                      | 8,286.3    |
| (Loss)/income from operations                               | (840.6)         | 195.0                | 399.2               | 291.0              | 487.7                                        | 532.3      |
| Interest expense, net of interest capitalized               | (3.1)           | (1,712.2)            | (96.5)              | (392.6)            | 222.8                                        | (1,981.6)  |
| (Losses)/Gains on early extinguishments of debt             |                 | (4.7)                |                     | 120.3              |                                              | 115.6      |
| Other income, including interest income                     | 4.5             | 93.3                 | 59.8                | 106.9              | (222.8)                                      | 41.7       |
| (Loss)/income before income taxes                           | (839.2)         | (1,428.6)            | 362.5               | 125.6              | 487.7                                        | (1,292.0)  |
| Benefit/(provision) for income taxes                        | 8.1             | 642.2                | (131.5)             | (50.1)             |                                              | 468.7      |
| <b>Net (loss)/income</b>                                    | (831.1)         | (786.4)              | 231.0               | 75.5               | 487.7                                        | (823.3)    |
| Less: net income attributable to non-controlling interests  |                 |                      |                     | (7.8)              |                                              | (7.8)      |



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|                                                                        |            |            |          |         |          |            |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|----------|---------|----------|------------|
| Net (loss)/income attributable to Caesars<br>Entertainment Corporation | \$ (831.1) | \$ (786.4) | \$ 231.0 | \$ 67.7 | \$ 487.7 | \$ (831.1) |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|----------|---------|----------|------------|

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## CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION

(SUCCESSOR ENTITY)

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

(In millions)

|                                                             | CEC<br>(Parent) | Subsidiary<br>Issuer | Guarantors | Non-<br>Guarantors | Consolidating/<br>Eliminating<br>Adjustments | Total      |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------|------------|
| Revenues                                                    |                 |                      |            |                    |                                              |            |
| Casino                                                      | \$              | \$ 76.1              | \$ 4,724.9 | \$ 2,323.3         | \$                                           | \$ 7,124.3 |
| Food and beverage                                           |                 | 17.3                 | 842.3      | 619.7              |                                              | 1,479.3    |
| Rooms                                                       |                 | 17.2                 | 601.5      | 450.2              |                                              | 1,068.9    |
| Management fees                                             |                 | 8.5                  | 60.2       | 1.2                | (13.3)                                       | 56.6       |
| Other                                                       |                 | 42.6                 | 373.2      | 317.8              | (141.2)                                      | 592.4      |
| Less: casino promotional allowances                         |                 | (22.6)               | (891.6)    | (499.9)            |                                              | (1,414.1)  |
| Net revenues                                                |                 | 139.1                | 5,710.5    | 3,212.3            | (154.5)                                      | 8,907.4    |
| Operating expenses                                          |                 |                      |            |                    |                                              |            |
| Direct                                                      |                 |                      |            |                    |                                              |            |
| Casino                                                      |                 | 45.9                 | 2,575.6    | 1,304.0            |                                              | 3,925.5    |
| Food and beverage                                           |                 | 9.5                  | 314.8      | 271.7              |                                              | 596.0      |
| Rooms                                                       |                 | 1.8                  | 111.6      | 100.1              |                                              | 213.5      |
| Property general, administrative and other                  |                 | 40.3                 | 1,326.8    | 770.0              | (118.3)                                      | 2,018.8    |
| Depreciation and amortization                               |                 | 8.3                  | 449.5      | 226.1              |                                              | 683.9      |
| Project opening costs                                       |                 |                      | 2.4        | 1.2                |                                              | 3.6        |
| Write-downs, reserves and recoveries                        |                 | (18.8)               | 96.7       | 30.0               |                                              | 107.9      |
| Impairment of intangible assets                             |                 |                      | 1,147.9    | 490.1              |                                              | 1,638.0    |
| (Income)/losses on interests in non-consolidated affiliates | (854.4)         | 598.1                | (49.0)     | 3.9                | 303.6                                        | 2.2        |
| Corporate expense                                           | 40.1            | 91.5                 | 19.1       | 36.2               | (36.2)                                       | 150.7      |
| Acquisition and integration costs                           |                 | 0.3                  |            |                    |                                              | 0.3        |
| Amortization of intangible assets                           |                 | 0.7                  | 112.4      | 61.7               |                                              | 174.8      |
| Total operating expenses                                    | (814.3)         | 777.6                | 6,107.8    | 3,295.0            | 149.1                                        | 9,515.2    |
| Income/(loss) from operations                               | 814.3           | (638.5)              | (397.3)    | (82.7)             | (303.6)                                      | (607.8)    |
| Interest expense, net of interest capitalized               | (1.8)           | (1,660.4)            | (152.3)    | (363.2)            | 285.2                                        | (1,892.5)  |
| Gains on early extinguishments of debt                      |                 | 3,929.6              |            | 1,035.9            |                                              | 4,965.5    |
| Other income, including interest income                     | 0.5             | 96.5                 | 109.8      | 111.4              | (285.2)                                      | 33.0       |
| Income/(loss) before income taxes                           | 813.0           | 1,727.2              | (439.8)    | 701.4              | (303.6)                                      | 2,498.2    |
| Benefit/(provision) for income taxes                        | 14.6            | (1,052.5)            | (203.7)    | (410.2)            |                                              | (1,651.8)  |
| Net income/(loss)                                           | 827.6           | 674.7                | (643.5)    | 291.2              | (303.6)                                      | 846.4      |
| Less: net income attributable to non-controlling interest   |                 |                      |            | (18.8)             |                                              | (18.8)     |

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|                                                                        |          |          |            |          |            |          |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|------------|----------|------------|----------|
| Net income/(loss) attributable to Caesars<br>Entertainment Corporation | \$ 827.6 | \$ 674.7 | \$ (643.5) | \$ 272.4 | \$ (303.6) | \$ 827.6 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|------------|----------|------------|----------|

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## CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION

(SUCCESSOR ENTITY)

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

FOR THE PERIOD

JANUARY 28, 2008 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2008

(In millions)

|                                                              | CEC<br>(Parent) | Subsidiary<br>Issuer | Guarantors | Non-<br>Guarantors | Consolidating/<br>Eliminating<br>Adjustments | Total      |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------|------------|
| Revenues                                                     |                 |                      |            |                    |                                              |            |
| Casino                                                       | \$              | \$ 87.7              | \$ 4,963.3 | \$ 2,425.9         | \$                                           | \$ 7,476.9 |
| Food and beverage                                            |                 | 20.2                 | 868.8      | 641.2              |                                              | 1,530.2    |
| Rooms                                                        |                 | 18.4                 | 648.6      | 507.5              |                                              | 1,174.5    |
| Management fees                                              |                 | 8.0                  | 62.1       | (0.1)              | (10.9)                                       | 59.1       |
| Other                                                        |                 | 41.1                 | 415.7      | 288.5              | (120.5)                                      | 624.8      |
| Less: casino promotional allowances                          |                 | (24.9)               | (973.6)    | (500.1)            |                                              | (1,498.6)  |
| Net revenues                                                 |                 | 150.5                | 5,984.9    | 3,362.9            | (131.4)                                      | 9,366.9    |
| Operating expenses                                           |                 |                      |            |                    |                                              |            |
| Direct                                                       |                 |                      |            |                    |                                              |            |
| Casino                                                       |                 | 54.1                 | 2,696.7    | 1,352.0            |                                              | 4,102.8    |
| Food and beverage                                            |                 | 10.7                 | 334.4      | 294.4              |                                              | 639.5      |
| Rooms                                                        |                 | 1.9                  | 122.3      | 112.5              |                                              | 236.7      |
| Property general, administrative and other                   |                 | 57.0                 | 1,410.3    | 775.1              | (99.4)                                       | 2,143.0    |
| Depreciation and amortization                                |                 | 7.2                  | 432.4      | 187.3              |                                              | 626.9      |
| Project opening costs                                        |                 |                      | 22.5       | 6.4                |                                              | 28.9       |
| Write-downs, reserves and recoveries                         | 9.0             | 42.4                 | 3,399.0    | 2,055.3            | 0.1                                          | 5,505.8    |
| Losses/(income) on interests in non-consolidated affiliates  | 5,072.1         | 3,006.3              | (107.5)    | 1.2                | (7,970.0)                                    | 2.1        |
| Corporate expense                                            | 31.0            | 80.6                 | 23.1       | 29.2               | (32.1)                                       | 131.8      |
| Acquisition and integration costs                            |                 | 24.0                 |            |                    |                                              | 24.0       |
| Amortization of intangible assets                            |                 | 0.6                  | 105.2      | 57.1               |                                              | 162.9      |
| Total operating expenses                                     | 5,112.1         | 3,284.8              | 8,438.4    | 4,870.5            | (8,101.4)                                    | 13,604.4   |
| (Loss)/income from operations                                | (5,112.1)       | (3,134.3)            | (2,453.5)  | (1,507.6)          | 7,970.0                                      | (4,237.5)  |
| Interest expense, net of interest capitalized                |                 | (1,673.7)            | (187.5)    | (520.7)            | 307.0                                        | (2,074.9)  |
| Gains on early extinguishments of debt                       |                 | 742.1                |            |                    |                                              | 742.1      |
| Other income, including interest income                      | 4.9             | 117.5                | 119.0      | 100.8              | (307.0)                                      | 35.2       |
| (Loss)/income from continuing operations before income taxes | (5,107.2)       | (3,948.4)            | (2,522.0)  | (1,927.5)          | 7,970.0                                      | (5,535.1)  |
| Benefit/(provision) for income taxes                         | 10.9            | 315.0                | 40.1       | (5.6)              |                                              | 360.4      |
| (Loss)/income from continuing operations, net of tax         | (5,096.3)       | (3,633.4)            | (2,481.9)  | (1,933.1)          | 7,970.0                                      | (5,174.7)  |

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|                                                                     |              |              |              |              |            |              |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| Discontinued operations                                             |              |              |              |              |            |              |
| Income from discontinued operations                                 |              |              |              | 141.5        |            | 141.5        |
| Provision for income taxes                                          |              |              |              | (51.1)       |            | (51.1)       |
| <b>Income from discontinued operations, net</b>                     |              |              |              |              |            |              |
|                                                                     |              |              |              | 90.4         |            | 90.4         |
| Net (loss)/income                                                   | (5,096.3)    | (3,633.4)    | (2,391.5)    | (1,933.1)    | 7,970.0    | (5,084.3)    |
| Less: net income attributable to non-controlling interest           |              |              |              | (12.0)       |            | (12.0)       |
| Net (loss)/income attributable to Caesars Entertainment Corporation | \$ (5,096.3) | \$ (3,633.4) | \$ (2,391.5) | \$ (1,945.1) | \$ 7,970.0 | \$ (5,096.3) |

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## CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION

(PREDECESSOR ENTITY)

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

FOR THE PERIOD

JANUARY 1, 2008 THROUGH JANUARY 27, 2008

(In millions)

|                                                              | CEC<br>(Parent) | Subsidiary<br>Issuer | Guarantors | Non-<br>Guarantors | Consolidating/<br>Eliminating<br>Adjustments | Total    |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>Revenues</b>                                              |                 |                      |            |                    |                                              |          |
| Casino                                                       | \$              | \$ 5.7               | \$ 400.5   | \$ 208.4           | \$                                           | \$ 614.6 |
| Food and beverage                                            |                 | 1.5                  | 65.7       | 51.2               |                                              | 118.4    |
| Rooms                                                        |                 | 1.3                  | 52.7       | 42.4               |                                              | 96.4     |
| Management fees                                              |                 | 0.7                  | 6.0        | 0.1                | (1.8)                                        | 5.0      |
| Other                                                        |                 | 0.7                  | 26.3       | 22.0               | (6.3)                                        | 42.7     |
| Less: casino promotional allowances                          |                 | (1.5)                | (76.9)     | (38.6)             |                                              | (117.0)  |
| Net revenues                                                 |                 | 8.4                  | 474.3      | 285.5              | (8.1)                                        | 760.1    |
| <b>Operating expenses</b>                                    |                 |                      |            |                    |                                              |          |
| <b>Direct</b>                                                |                 |                      |            |                    |                                              |          |
| Casino                                                       |                 | 4.1                  | 217.8      | 118.7              |                                              | 340.6    |
| Food and beverage                                            |                 | 1.0                  | 26.0       | 23.5               |                                              | 50.5     |
| Rooms                                                        |                 | 0.2                  | 10.0       | 9.4                |                                              | 19.6     |
| Property general, administrative and other                   |                 | 5.6                  | 112.7      | 68.0               | (8.1)                                        | 178.2    |
| Depreciation and amortization                                |                 | 1.1                  | 41.9       | 20.5               |                                              | 63.5     |
| Project opening costs                                        |                 |                      | (0.2)      | 0.9                |                                              | 0.7      |
| Write-downs, reserves and recoveries                         |                 | 0.6                  | (0.4)      | 4.5                |                                              | 4.7      |
| Losses/(income) on interests in non-consolidated affiliates  | 102.3           | (1.3)                | 1.6        | (0.2)              | (102.9)                                      | (0.5)    |
| Corporate expense                                            |                 | 7.9                  | 0.6        |                    |                                              | 8.5      |
| Acquisition and integration costs                            |                 | 125.6                |            |                    |                                              | 125.6    |
| Amortization of intangible assets                            |                 |                      | 5.2        | 0.3                |                                              | 5.5      |
| Total operating expenses                                     | 102.3           | 144.8                | 415.2      | 245.6              | (111.0)                                      | 796.9    |
| (Loss)/income from operations                                | (102.3)         | (136.4)              | 59.1       | 39.9               | 102.9                                        | (36.8)   |
| Interest expense, net of interest capitalized                |                 | (89.3)               | (7.1)      | (27.3)             | 34.0                                         | (89.7)   |
| Other income, including interest income                      |                 | 12.6                 | 9.8        | 12.7               | (34.0)                                       | 1.1      |
| (Loss)/income from continuing operations before income taxes | (102.3)         | (213.1)              | 61.8       | 25.3               | 102.9                                        | (125.4)  |
| Benefit/(provision) for income taxes                         | 1.4             | 56.3                 | (18.9)     | (12.8)             |                                              | 26.0     |
| (Loss)/income from continuing operations, net of tax         | (100.9)         | (156.8)              | 42.9       | 12.5               | 102.9                                        | (99.4)   |

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|                                                                     |            |            |         |         |          |            |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|---------|---------|----------|------------|
| Discontinued operations                                             |            |            |         |         |          |            |
| Income from discontinued operations                                 |            |            | 0.1     |         |          | 0.1        |
| Provision for income taxes                                          |            |            |         |         |          |            |
| Income from discontinued operations, net                            |            |            | 0.1     |         |          | 0.1        |
| Net (loss)/income                                                   | (100.9)    | (156.8)    | 43.0    | 12.5    | 102.9    | (99.3)     |
| Less: net income attributable to non-controlling interests          |            |            |         | (1.6)   |          | (1.6)      |
| Net (loss)/income attributable to Caesars Entertainment Corporation | \$ (100.9) | \$ (156.8) | \$ 43.0 | \$ 10.9 | \$ 102.9 | \$ (100.9) |

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**Table of Contents****CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION****(SUCCESSOR ENTITY)****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS****FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010****(In millions)**

|                                                                                             | <b>CEC<br/>(Parent)</b> | <b>Subsidiary<br/>Issuer</b> | <b>Guarantors</b> | <b>Non-<br/>Guarantors</b> | <b>Consolidating/<br/>Eliminating<br/>Adjustments</b> | <b>Total</b> |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| Cash flows provided by/(used in) operating activities                                       | \$ 753.9                | \$ (516.6)                   | \$ 59.6           | \$ (126.1)                 | \$                                                    | \$ 170.8     |
| Cash flows (used in)/provided by investing activities                                       |                         |                              |                   |                            |                                                       |              |
| Land, buildings, riverboats and equipment additions, net of change in construction payables |                         | (5.3)                        | (93.8)            | (61.6)                     |                                                       | (160.7)      |
| Investments in subsidiaries                                                                 |                         |                              | (2.1)             | (42.5)                     |                                                       | (44.6)       |
| Payment made for partnership interest                                                       |                         |                              |                   | (19.5)                     |                                                       | (19.5)       |
| Payment made for Pennsylvania gaming rights                                                 |                         |                              |                   | (16.5)                     |                                                       | (16.5)       |
| Cash acquired in business acquisitions, net of transaction costs                            |                         | (18.8)                       |                   | 32.8                       |                                                       | 14.0         |
| Investments in and advances to non-consolidated affiliates                                  |                         |                              | (64.0)            |                            |                                                       | (64.0)       |
| Proceeds from other asset sales                                                             |                         |                              | 21.8              | 551.3                      | (551.3)                                               | 21.8         |
| Other                                                                                       |                         |                              | (13.2)            | (5.2)                      |                                                       | (18.4)       |
| Cash flows (used in)/provided by investing activities                                       |                         | (24.1)                       | (151.3)           | 438.8                      | (551.3)                                               | (287.9)      |
| Cash flows provided by/(used in) financing activities                                       |                         |                              |                   |                            |                                                       |              |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt                                                    |                         | 740.8                        |                   | 40.1                       | 551.3                                                 | 1,332.2      |
| Debt issuance costs                                                                         |                         | (17.8)                       |                   | (46.8)                     |                                                       | (64.6)       |
| Borrowings under lending agreements                                                         |                         | 1,175.0                      |                   |                            |                                                       | 1,175.0      |
| Repayments under lending agreements                                                         |                         | (1,602.0)                    |                   | (23.8)                     |                                                       | (1,625.8)    |
| Cash paid in connection with early extinguishments of debt                                  |                         | (219.9)                      |                   | (149.2)                    |                                                       | (369.1)      |
| Scheduled debt retirement                                                                   |                         | (198.5)                      |                   | (38.5)                     |                                                       | (237.0)      |
| Non-controlling interests distributions, net of contributions                               |                         |                              |                   | (10.1)                     |                                                       | (10.1)       |
| Repurchase of treasury shares                                                               | (1.6)                   |                              |                   |                            |                                                       | (1.6)        |
| Other                                                                                       |                         | (2.3)                        |                   | (9.3)                      |                                                       | (11.6)       |
| Transfers (to)/from affiliates                                                              | (739.0)                 | 742.0                        | 4.7               | (7.7)                      |                                                       |              |
| Cash flows (used in)/provided by financing activities                                       | (740.6)                 | 617.3                        | 4.7               | (245.3)                    | 551.3                                                 | 187.4        |
| Effect of deconsolidation of variable interest entities                                     |                         |                              |                   | (1.4)                      |                                                       | (1.4)        |
|                                                                                             | 13.3                    | 76.6                         | (87.0)            | 66.0                       |                                                       | 68.9         |



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|                                                      |          |         |          |          |    |          |
|------------------------------------------------------|----------|---------|----------|----------|----|----------|
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents |          |         |          |          |    |          |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period       | 122.7    | (15.6)  | 445.2    | 365.8    |    | 918.1    |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of period             | \$ 136.0 | \$ 61.0 | \$ 358.2 | \$ 431.8 | \$ | \$ 987.0 |

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**Table of Contents****CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION****(SUCCESSOR ENTITY)****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS****FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009****(In millions)**

|                                                                                             | CEC<br>(Parent) | Subsidiary<br>Issuer | Guarantors | Non-<br>Guarantors | Consolidating/<br>Eliminating<br>Adjustments | Total     |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------|
| Cash flows (used in)/provided by operating activities                                       | \$ (36.8)       | \$ (1,015.0)         | \$ 303.5   | \$ 465.4           | \$ 503.1                                     | \$ 220.2  |
| Cash flows provided by/(used in) investing activities                                       |                 |                      |            |                    |                                              |           |
| Land, buildings, riverboats and equipment additions, net of change in construction payables |                 | 8.6                  | (431.0)    | (42.1)             |                                              | (464.5)   |
| Investments in and advances to non-consolidated affiliates                                  |                 | (66.9)               |            | (213.7)            | 213.7                                        | (66.9)    |
| Proceeds from other asset sales                                                             |                 | 20.0                 |            |                    |                                              | 20.0      |
| Other                                                                                       |                 |                      |            | (11.9)             |                                              | (11.9)    |
| Cash flows (used in)/provided by investing activities                                       |                 | (38.3)               | (431.0)    | (267.7)            | 213.7                                        | (523.3)   |
| Cash flows provided by/(used in) financing activities                                       |                 |                      |            |                    |                                              |           |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt                                                    |                 | 2,043.5              |            | 216.1              |                                              | 2,259.6   |
| Debt issuance costs                                                                         |                 | (70.5)               |            | (5.9)              |                                              | (76.4)    |
| Borrowings under lending agreements                                                         |                 | 3,076.6              |            |                    |                                              | 3,076.6   |
| Repayments under lending agreements                                                         |                 | (3,535.1)            |            |                    |                                              | (3,535.1) |
| Cash paid in connection with early extinguishments of debt                                  |                 | (544.9)              |            | (244.9)            | (213.7)                                      | (1,003.5) |
| Scheduled debt retirement                                                                   |                 | (39.0)               |            | (6.5)              |                                              | (45.5)    |
| Purchase of additional interest in subsidiary                                               |                 |                      | (83.7)     |                    |                                              | (83.7)    |
| Non-controlling interests distributions, net of contributions                               |                 |                      |            | (17.2)             |                                              | (17.2)    |
| Repurchase of treasury shares                                                               | (3.0)           |                      |            |                    |                                              | (3.0)     |
| Other                                                                                       |                 |                      | (1.1)      |                    |                                              | (1.1)     |
| Transfers from/(to) affiliates                                                              | 162.4           | 100.0                | 339.2      | (98.5)             | (503.1)                                      |           |
| Cash flows provided by/(used in) financing activities                                       | 159.4           | 1,030.6              | 254.4      | (156.9)            | (716.8)                                      | 570.7     |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents                                        | 122.6           | (22.7)               | 126.9      | 40.8               |                                              | 267.6     |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period                                              | 0.1             | 7.1                  | 318.3      | 325.0              |                                              | 650.5     |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of period                                                    | \$ 122.7        | \$ (15.6)            | \$ 445.2   | \$ 365.8           | \$                                           | \$ 918.1  |

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**Table of Contents****CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION****(SUCCESSOR ENTITY)****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS****FOR THE PERIOD****JANUARY 28, 2008 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2008****(In millions)**

|                                                                                             | <b>CEC<br/>(Parent)</b> | <b>Subsidiary<br/>Issuer</b> | <b>Guarantors</b> | <b>Non-<br/>Guarantors</b> | <b>Consolidating/<br/>Eliminating<br/>Adjustments</b> | <b>Total</b> |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| Cash flows provided by/(used in) operating activities                                       | \$ 106.6                | \$ (911.5)                   | \$ 1,757.7        | \$ (430.7)                 | \$                                                    | \$ 522.1     |
| Cash flows (used in)/provided by investing activities                                       |                         |                              |                   |                            |                                                       |              |
| Land, buildings, riverboats and equipment additions, net of change in construction payables |                         | (27.8)                       | (945.5)           | (208.1)                    |                                                       | (1,181.4)    |
| Insurance proceeds for hurricane losses from asset recovery                                 |                         |                              | 181.4             |                            |                                                       | 181.4        |
| Payment for Acquisition                                                                     | (17,490.2)              |                              |                   |                            |                                                       | (17,490.2)   |
| Investments in and advances to non-consolidated affiliates                                  |                         |                              |                   | (5.9)                      |                                                       | (5.9)        |
| Proceeds from other asset sales                                                             |                         | 0.1                          | 4.7               | 0.3                        |                                                       | 5.1          |
| Other                                                                                       |                         |                              | (17.4)            | (5.8)                      |                                                       | (23.2)       |
| Cash flows used in investing activities                                                     | (17,490.2)              | (27.7)                       | (776.8)           | (219.5)                    |                                                       | (18,514.2)   |
| Cash flows provided by/(used in) financing activities                                       |                         |                              |                   |                            |                                                       |              |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt                                                    |                         | 15,024.9                     |                   | 6,500.0                    |                                                       | 21,524.9     |
| Debt issuance costs                                                                         |                         | (474.4)                      |                   | (170.1)                    |                                                       | (644.5)      |
| Borrowings under lending agreements                                                         |                         | 433.0                        |                   |                            |                                                       | 433.0        |
| Repayments under lending agreements                                                         |                         | (6,750.2)                    |                   | (10.3)                     |                                                       | (6,760.5)    |
| Cash paid in connection with early extinguishments of debt                                  |                         | (2,167.4)                    |                   |                            |                                                       | (2,167.4)    |
| Scheduled debt retirement                                                                   |                         |                              |                   | (6.5)                      |                                                       | (6.5)        |
| Equity contribution from buyout                                                             | 6,007.0                 |                              |                   |                            |                                                       | 6,007.0      |
| Payment to bondholders for debt exchange                                                    |                         | (289.0)                      |                   |                            |                                                       | (289.0)      |
| Non-controlling interests distributions, net of contributions                               |                         |                              |                   | (14.6)                     |                                                       | (14.6)       |
| Excess tax provision from stock equity plans                                                | (50.5)                  |                              |                   |                            |                                                       | (50.5)       |
| Repurchase of treasury shares                                                               | (3.6)                   |                              |                   |                            |                                                       | (3.6)        |
| Other                                                                                       | 3.6                     | (3.4)                        | (1.3)             | (0.2)                      |                                                       | (1.3)        |
| Transfers from/(to) affiliates                                                              | 11,424.9                | (4,837.7)                    | (929.0)           | (5,658.2)                  |                                                       |              |
| Cash flows provided by/(used in) financing activities                                       | 17,381.4                | 935.8                        | (930.3)           | 640.1                      |                                                       | 18,027.0     |
| Cash flows provided by discontinued operations                                              |                         |                              |                   |                            |                                                       |              |
| Cash flows provided by operating activities                                                 |                         |                              | 4.7               |                            |                                                       | 4.7          |

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|                                                      |        |        |          |
|------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|----------|
| Cash flows provided by discontinued operations       | 4.7    |        | 4.7      |
| Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents | (2.2)  | (3.4)  | 39.6     |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period       | 2.3    | 10.5   | 610.9    |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of period             | \$ 0.1 | \$ 7.1 | \$ 650.5 |

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**Table of Contents****CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION****(PREDECESSOR ENTITY)****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS****FOR THE PERIOD****JANUARY 1, 2008 THROUGH JANUARY 27, 2008****(In millions)**

|                                                                                             | <b>CEC<br/>(Parent)</b> | <b>Subsidiary<br/>Issuer</b> | <b>Guarantors</b> | <b>Non-<br/>Guarantors</b> | <b>Consolidating/<br/>Eliminating<br/>Adjustments</b> | <b>Total</b> |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| Cash flows provided by/(used in) operating activities                                       | \$ 43.9                 | \$ (106.4)                   | \$ (25.3)         | \$ 95.0                    | \$                                                    | \$ 7.2       |
| Cash flows (used in)/provided by investing activities                                       |                         |                              |                   |                            |                                                       |              |
| Land, buildings, riverboats and equipment additions, net of change in construction payables |                         | (1.4)                        | (66.3)            | (57.9)                     |                                                       | (125.6)      |
| Payments for businesses acquired, net of cash acquired                                      |                         |                              |                   | 0.1                        |                                                       | 0.1          |
| Proceeds from other asset sales                                                             |                         |                              | 0.1               | 3.0                        |                                                       | 3.1          |
| Other                                                                                       |                         |                              | (1.2)             | (0.5)                      |                                                       | (1.7)        |
| Cash flows used in investing activities                                                     |                         | (1.4)                        | (67.4)            | (55.3)                     |                                                       | (124.1)      |
| Cash flows provided by/(used in) financing activities                                       |                         |                              |                   |                            |                                                       |              |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt                                                    |                         |                              |                   |                            |                                                       |              |
| Debt issuance costs                                                                         |                         |                              |                   |                            |                                                       |              |
| Borrowings under lender agreements                                                          |                         | 11,316.3                     |                   |                            |                                                       | 11,316.3     |
| Repayments under lending agreements                                                         |                         | (11,288.6)                   |                   | (0.2)                      |                                                       | (11,288.8)   |
| Cash paid in connection with early extinguishments of debt                                  |                         |                              | (87.7)            |                            |                                                       | (87.7)       |
| Non-controlling interests distributions, net of contributions                               |                         |                              |                   | (1.6)                      |                                                       | (1.6)        |
| Proceeds from exercises of stock options                                                    | 2.4                     |                              |                   |                            |                                                       | 2.4          |
| Excess tax benefit from stock equity plans                                                  | 77.5                    |                              |                   |                            |                                                       | 77.5         |
| Other                                                                                       |                         |                              | (0.7)             | (0.1)                      |                                                       | (0.8)        |
| Transfers (to)/from affiliates                                                              | (121.5)                 | 75.4                         | 90.5              | (44.4)                     |                                                       |              |
| Cash flows (used in)/provided by financing activities                                       | (41.6)                  | 103.1                        | 2.1               | (46.3)                     |                                                       | 17.3         |
| Cash flows provided by discontinued operations                                              |                         |                              |                   |                            |                                                       |              |
| Cash flows provided by operating activities                                                 |                         |                              | 0.5               |                            |                                                       | 0.5          |
| Cash flows provided by discontinued operations                                              |                         |                              | 0.5               |                            |                                                       | 0.5          |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents                                        | 2.3                     | (4.7)                        | (90.1)            | (6.6)                      |                                                       | (99.1)       |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period                                              |                         | 15.2                         | 353.1             | 341.7                      |                                                       | 710.0        |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of period                                                    | \$ 2.3                  | \$ 10.5                      | \$ 263.0          | \$ 335.1                   | \$                                                    | \$ 610.9     |



**Table of Contents****Note 24 Quarterly Results of Operations (Unaudited)**

| (In millions)                                                       | First<br>Quarter | Second<br>Quarter | Third<br>Quarter | Fourth<br>Quarter | Year       |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------|
| <b>2010</b>                                                         |                  |                   |                  |                   |            |
| Revenues                                                            | \$ 2,188.4       | \$ 2,220.7        | \$ 2,288.5       | \$ 2,121.0        | \$ 8,818.6 |
| Income/(loss) from operations <sup>(a)</sup>                        | 225.8            | (0.3)             | 175.7            | 131.1             | 532.3      |
| Net loss                                                            | (193.6)          | (272.5)           | (163.2)          | (194.0)           | (823.3)    |
| Net loss attributable to Caesars Entertainment Corporation          | (195.6)          | (274.0)           | (164.8)          | (196.7)           | (831.1)    |
| <b>2009</b>                                                         |                  |                   |                  |                   |            |
| Revenues                                                            | 2,254.7          | 2,271.4           | 2,282.2          | 2,099.1           | 8,907.4    |
| Income/(loss) from operations <sup>(a)</sup>                        | 285.4            | 6.3               | (1,050.2)        | 150.7             | (607.8)    |
| Net (loss)/income <sup>(b)</sup>                                    | (127.4)          | 2,296.8           | (1,621.0)        | 298.3             | 846.4      |
| Net (loss)/income attributable to Caesars Entertainment Corporation | (132.7)          | 2,289.0           | (1,624.3)        | 295.6             | 827.6      |

(a) Income/(loss) from operations includes the following items on a pre-tax basis:

| (In millions)                        | First<br>Quarter | Second<br>Quarter | Third<br>Quarter | Fourth<br>Quarter | Year     |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------|
| <b>2010</b>                          |                  |                   |                  |                   |          |
| Impairment of intangible assets      | \$               | \$ 100.0          | \$ 44.0          | \$ 49.0           | \$ 193.0 |
| Write-downs, reserves and recoveries | 12.5             | 95.1              | 28.7             | 11.3              | 147.6    |
| <b>2009</b>                          |                  |                   |                  |                   |          |
| Impairment of intangible assets      |                  | 297.1             | 1,328.6          | 12.3              | 1,638.0  |
| Write-downs, reserves and recoveries | 27.4             | 26.9              | 24.3             | 29.3              | 107.9    |

(b) The sum of the quarterly amounts do not necessarily equal the annual amount reported, as quarterly amounts are computed independently for each quarter and for the full year. The difference is rounding.



**Table of Contents****Note 25 Earnings Per Share**

The following table reconciles net (loss)/income attributable to Caesars Entertainment Corporation to (loss)/income available to common stockholders used in our calculation of basic earnings per share and to net (loss)/income available to common stockholders used in our calculation of diluted earnings per share. It also reconciles the weighted-average number of common and common equivalent share used in the calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share.

| (In millions, except share and per share amounts)                                                                                                                           | Year ended<br>Dec. 31, 2010 | Successor<br>Year ended<br>Dec. 31, 2009 | Jan. 28, 2008<br>through<br>Dec. 31, 2008 | Predecessor<br>Jan. 1, 2008<br>through<br>Jan. 27, 2008 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| Net (loss)/income attributable to Caesar s Entertainment Corporation                                                                                                        | \$ (831.1)                  | \$ 827.6                                 | \$ (5,096.3)                              | \$ (100.9)                                              |
| Preferred stock dividends                                                                                                                                                   |                             | (354.8)                                  | (297.8)                                   |                                                         |
| Net (loss)/income available to common stockholders used to calculate basic earnings per share                                                                               | (831.1)                     | 472.8                                    | (5,394.1)                                 | (100.9)                                                 |
| Effect of dilutive securities on (loss)/income available to common stockholders                                                                                             |                             | 354.8                                    |                                           |                                                         |
| Net (loss)/income available to common stockholders used to calculate diluted earnings per share                                                                             | \$ (831.1)                  | \$ 827.6                                 | \$ (5,394.1)                              | \$ (100.9)                                              |
| Weighted-average common shares outstanding used in the calculation of basic earnings per share                                                                              | 57,016,007                  | 40,684,515                               | 40,749,898                                | 188,122,643                                             |
| Potential dilution from stock options and warrants                                                                                                                          |                             | 33,063                                   |                                           |                                                         |
| Potential dilution from convertible preferred shares                                                                                                                        |                             | 79,507,717                               |                                           |                                                         |
| Weighted-average common and common equivalent shares used in the calculation of diluted earnings per share                                                                  | 57,016,007                  | 120,225,295                              | 40,749,898                                | 188,122,643                                             |
| Antidilutive stock options, warrants, restricted stock, SARs, convertible debt and convertible preferred shares excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share | 18,184,555                  | 3,008,504                                | 33,605,549                                | 4,469,335                                               |
| Earnings per share on net (loss)/income basic                                                                                                                               | \$ (14.58)                  | \$ 11.62                                 | \$ (132.37)                               | \$ (0.54)                                               |
| Earnings per share on net (loss)/income diluted                                                                                                                             | \$ (14.58)                  | \$ 6.88                                  | \$ (132.37)                               | \$ (0.54)                                               |

**Table of Contents****CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION****CONSOLIDATED VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS**

(In millions)

| Description                                                     | Balance at<br>Beginning<br>of Period | Additions                                 |                                 | Deductions<br>from<br>Reserves | Balance<br>at End<br>of Period |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
|                                                                 |                                      | Charged<br>to<br>Costs<br>and<br>Expenses | Charged<br>to Other<br>Accounts |                                |                                |
| <b>YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010</b>                             |                                      |                                           |                                 |                                |                                |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts                                 |                                      |                                           |                                 |                                |                                |
| Current                                                         | \$ 207.1                             | \$ 66.1                                   | \$                              | \$ (56.9) <sup>(a)</sup>       | \$ 216.3                       |
| Long-term                                                       | \$ 0.3                               | \$                                        | \$                              | \$                             | \$ 0.3                         |
| Liability to sellers under acquisition agreement <sup>(b)</sup> | \$ 1.4                               | \$                                        | \$                              | \$ (0.2)                       | \$ 1.2                         |
| <b>YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009</b>                             |                                      |                                           |                                 |                                |                                |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts                                 |                                      |                                           |                                 |                                |                                |
| Current                                                         | \$ 201.4                             | \$ 72.1                                   | \$ 13.1                         | \$ (79.5) <sup>(a)</sup>       | \$ 207.1                       |
| Long-term                                                       | \$ 0.3                               | \$                                        | \$                              | \$                             | \$ 0.3                         |
| Liability to sellers under acquisition agreement <sup>(b)</sup> | \$ 1.6                               | \$                                        | \$                              | \$ (0.2)                       | \$ 1.4                         |
| <b>YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008</b>                             |                                      |                                           |                                 |                                |                                |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts                                 |                                      |                                           |                                 |                                |                                |
| Current                                                         | \$ 126.2                             | \$ 85.9                                   | \$ 45.3                         | \$ (56.0) <sup>(a)</sup>       | \$ 201.4                       |
| Long-term                                                       | \$ 0.3                               | \$                                        | \$                              | \$                             | \$ 0.3                         |
| Liability to sellers under acquisition agreement <sup>(b)</sup> | \$ 1.8                               | \$                                        | \$                              | \$ (0.2)                       | \$ 1.6                         |

(a) Uncollectible accounts written off, net of amounts recovered.

(b) We acquired Players International, Inc., ( Players ) in March 2000. In 1995, Players acquired a hotel and land adjacent to its riverboat gaming facility in Lake Charles, Louisiana, for cash plus future payments to the seller based on the number of passengers boarding the riverboat casinos during a defined term. In accordance with the guidance provided by ASC 805 regarding the recognition of liabilities assumed in a business combination accounted for as a purchase, Players estimated the net present value of the future payments to be made to the sellers and recorded that amount as a component of the total consideration paid to acquire these assets. Our recording of this liability in connection with the purchase price allocation process following the Players acquisition was originally reported in 2000. Our casino operations in Lake Charles sustained significant damage in late third quarter 2005 as a result of Hurricane Rita. As a result of hurricane damage, and upon the Company's subsequent decision to scale back operations in Lake Charles and ultimately sell the property, the current and long-term portions of this obligation were written down in fourth quarter 2005; the credit was included in Discontinued operations on our Consolidated Statements of Operations. We sold Harrah's Lake Charles in fourth quarter 2006. Prior to the sale, the current and long-term portions of this obligation were included in Liabilities held for sale on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. The remaining

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long-term portion of this liability is included in Deferred credits and other on our Consolidated Balance Sheets; the current portion of this obligation is included in Accrued expenses on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

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Through and including \_\_\_\_\_, 2011 (the 25<sup>th</sup> day after the date of this prospectus), all dealers effecting transactions in these securities, whether or not participating in this offering, may be required to deliver a prospectus. This is in addition to the dealers' obligation to deliver a prospectus when acting as underwriters and with respect to their unsold allotments or subscriptions.

**Shares**

**Common Stock**

**PROSPECTUS**

**, 2011**

**Table of Contents****PART II****INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS****Item 13. Other Expenses of Issuance and Distribution.**

Set forth below is a table of the registration fee for the Securities and Exchange Commission and estimates of all other expenses to be paid by the registrant in connection with the issuance and distribution of the securities described in the registration statement:

|                                                    |                  |
|----------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| SEC registration fee                               | \$ 50,642        |
| National securities exchange listing fee           |                  |
| Financial Industry Regulatory Authority filing fee |                  |
| Printing expenses                                  | 300,000          |
| Legal fees and expenses                            | 1,000,000        |
| Accounting fees and expenses                       | 200,000          |
| Blue Sky fees and expenses                         |                  |
| Transfer agent and registrar fees                  |                  |
| Miscellaneous                                      |                  |
| <br>Total                                          | <br>\$ 1,550,642 |

**Item 14. Indemnification of Directors and Officers.**

Caesars Entertainment Corporation is incorporated under the laws of Delaware.

Section 145 of the Delaware General Corporation Law (the "DGCL") permits each corporation organized thereunder the power to indemnify any person who is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of a corporation or enterprise, against expenses, including attorneys' fees, judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection with any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, other than an action by or in the right of the corporation, by reason of being or having been in any such capacity, if he acted in good faith in a manner reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the corporation, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful.

Section 102(b)(7) of the DGCL enables a corporation in its certificate of incorporation or an amendment thereto to eliminate or limit the personal liability of a director to the corporation or its stockholders of monetary damages for violations of the director's fiduciary duty of care, except (i) for any breach of the director's duty of loyalty to the corporation or its stockholders, (ii) for acts or omissions not in good faith or that involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law, (iii) pursuant to Section 174 of the DGCL (providing for liability of directors for unlawful payment of dividends or unlawful stock purchases or redemptions) or (iv) for any transaction from which a director derived an improper personal benefit.

The bylaws of the registrant indemnifies to the fullest extent of the law every director and officer against expenses incurred by him if he acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interest of the corporation.

In addition, several directors and executive officers have entered or intend to enter into separate contractual indemnity arrangements with Caesars Entertainment Corporation. These arrangements provide for indemnification and the advancement of expenses to these directors and executive officers in circumstances and subject to limitations substantially similar to those described above.

**Item 15. Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities**

During the past three years Caesars Entertainment Corporation (the "Company") has sold the following securities without registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act").



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*Guarantee of 10.75% Senior Cash Pay Notes due 2016*

On February 1, 2008, Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company ( CEOC ) sold \$4,932,417,000 aggregate principal amount of 10.5% senior cash pay notes due 2016 (the senior cash pay notes ). The Company is a guarantor of the senior cash pay notes. Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Banc of America Securities LLC, Credit Suisse Securities (USA), LLC, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Merrill Lynch Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated acted as representatives of the initial purchasers of the sale. The senior cash pay notes were offered only to qualified institutional buyers in reliance on Rule 144A under the Securities Act, and outside the United States, only to non-U.S. investors pursuant to Regulation S.

*Guarantee of 10.75%/11.5% Senior Toggle Notes due 2018*

On February 1, 2008, CEOC sold \$1,402,583,000 aggregate principal amount of 10.5%/11.5% senior toggle notes due 2018 (the senior toggle notes ). The Company is a guarantor of the senior toggle notes. Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Banc of America Securities LLC, Credit Suisse Securities (USA), LLC, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Merrill Lynch Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated acted as representatives of the initial purchasers of the sale. The senior toggle notes were offered only to qualified institutional buyers in reliance on Rule 144A under the Securities Act, and outside the United States, only to non-U.S. investors pursuant to Regulation S.

*Guarantee of 10.0% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2015 and Guarantee of 10.0% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2018*

On December 24 2008, CEOC issued \$214,800,000 aggregate principal amount of 10.0% Senior Secured Notes due 2015 (the 2015 notes ) and \$847,621,000 aggregate principal amount of 10.0% Senior Secured Notes due 2018 (the December 2018 notes ) in connection with a private exchange offer. The Company is a guarantor of the 2015 notes and the December 2018 notes. In the exchange offer, CEOC exchanged the 2015 notes for the following outstanding securities:

\$62,732,000 5.50% Senior Notes due 2010

\$7,356,000 7.875% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2010

\$10,172,000 8.0% Senior Notes due 2011

\$16,447,000 8.125% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2011

\$221,388,000 5.375% Senior Notes due 2013

In the exchange offer, CEOC exchanged the December 2018 notes for the following outstanding securities:

\$405,167,000 5.625% Senior Notes due 2015

\$294,369,000 6.5% Senior Notes due 2016

\$417,550,000 5.75% Senior Notes due 2017

\$1,160,732,000 10.75%/11.5% Senior Toggle Notes due 2018

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\$2,965,925,000 10.75% Senior Notes due 2016.

The exchange offer was made and the 2015 notes and December 2018 notes were offered and issued only to qualified institutional buyers in reliance on Rule 144A under the Securities Act, and outside the United States, only to non-U.S. investors pursuant to Regulation S.

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*Guarantee of 10.00% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2018*

On April 15, 2009, CEOC sold \$3,705,498,000 aggregate principal amount of 10.00% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2018 (the April 2018 notes ) in connection with a private exchange offer. The Company is a guarantor of the April 2018 notes. In the exchange offer, CEOC exchanged the April 2018 notes for the following outstanding securities:

\$85,576,000 5.50% Senior Notes due 2010

\$44,003,000 7.875% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2010

\$1,354,000 8.0% Senior Notes due 2011

\$46,642,000 8.125% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2011

\$65,689,000 5.375% Senior Notes due 2013

\$57,317,000 5.625% Senior Notes due 2015

\$74,496,000 6.5% Senior Notes due 2016

\$68,884,000 5.75% Senior Notes due 2017

\$1,104,203,324 10.75%/11.5% Senior Toggle Notes due 2018

\$3,455,721,000 10.75% Senior Notes due 2016

\$99,673,036 10.75%/11.5% Senior Notes due 2018

\$342,582,493 10.75% Senior Notes due 2016

The April 2018 notes were offered only to qualified institutional buyers in reliance on Rule 144A under the Securities Act, and outside the United States, only to non-U.S. investors pursuant to Regulation S.

*Guarantee of 11.25% Senior Secured Notes due 2017*

On June 10, 2009, Harrah s Operating Escrow LLC and Harrah s Escrow Corporation (the Escrow Issuers ), wholly-owned subsidiaries of CEOC, sold \$1,375,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 11.25% Senior Secured Notes due 2017 (the June 2017 notes ). CEOC assumed the obligations of the Escrow Issuers under the June 2017 notes on June 10, 2009. The Company is a guarantor of the June 2017 notes. Banc of America Securities LLC acted as the representative of the initial purchasers of the sale. The aggregate offering price of the June 2017 notes was \$1,323,093,750 and the aggregate discount provided to the initial purchasers was \$51,906,250. The June 2017 notes were offered only to

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qualified institutional buyers in reliance on Rule 144A under the Securities Act, and outside the United States, only to non-U.S. investors pursuant to Regulation S.

### *Guarantee of 11.25% Senior Secured Notes due 2017*

On September 11, 2009, CEOC, sold \$720,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 11.25% Senior Secured Notes due 2017 (the 2017 notes ). The Company is a guarantor of the 2017 notes. J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., Banc of America Securities LLC, Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC and Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., acted as the representatives of the initial purchasers of the sale. The aggregate offering price of the 2017 notes was \$703,800,000 and the aggregate discount provided to the initial purchasers was \$1,620,000. The 2017 notes were offered only to qualified institutional buyers in reliance on Rule 144A under the Securities Act, and outside the United States, only to non-U.S. investors pursuant to Regulation S.

### *Guarantee of 12.75% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2018*

On April 16, 2010, the Escrow Issuers, wholly-owned subsidiaries of CEOC, sold \$750,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 12.75% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2018 (the 2018 notes ). CEOC assumed

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the obligations of the Escrow Issuers under the 2018 notes on May 20, 2010. The Company is a guarantor of the 2018 notes. Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Banc of America Securities LLC, Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. and J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., acted as the representatives of the initial purchasers of the sale. The aggregate offering price of the 2018 notes was \$748,335,000 and the aggregate discount provided to the initial purchasers was \$1,665,000. The 2018 notes were offered only to qualified institutional buyers in reliance on Rule 144A under the Securities Act, and outside the United States, only to non-U.S. investors pursuant to Regulation S.

*Issuance of Shares of Common Stock*

On November 23, 2010, certain affiliates of Paulson & Co. Inc. (the Paulson Investors ) and certain affiliates of Apollo Global Management, LLC and TPG Capital, LP exchanged \$835.4 million of 5.625% senior notes due 2015, 6.5% senior notes due 2016 and 5.75% senior notes due 2017 of CEOC (collectively, the Long-Term Retained Notes ) they had acquired from a subsidiary of the Company, together with \$282.9 million of Long-Term Retained Notes they had previously acquired, for shares of the Company s common stock at an exchange ratio of 10 shares per \$1,000 principal amount of Long-Term Retained Notes tendered. The above exchange resulted in the issuance of 11,270,331 shares of the Company s common stock. The common stock issued pursuant to the exchange was not registered under the Securities Act, or the securities laws of any state or other jurisdiction, and were offered and sold in reliance on exemptions from the registration requirements of the Securities Act and such other laws. Of these shares, 7,102,660 shares are being registered pursuant to this registration statement.

**Item 16. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.**

**(a) Exhibits**

See the Exhibit Index immediately following the signature pages included in this Registration Statement.

**(b) Financial Statement Schedules**

Schedules for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, are as follows:

Schedule II Consolidated valuation and qualifying accounts.

Schedule I, III, IV, and V are not applicable and have therefore been omitted.

**Item 17. Undertakings.**

The undersigned Registrant hereby undertakes:

- (1) to file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement:
  - (i) to include any prospectus required by section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933 (the Securities Act );
  - (ii) to reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of the registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in the registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) (§230.424(b) of this chapter) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than a 20% change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the Calculation of Registration Fee table in the

effective registration statement; and

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- (iii) to include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in the registration statement or any material change to such information in the registration statement.
  
- (2) that, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.
  
- (3) to remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering.
  
- (4) that, for the purpose of determining liability under the Securities Act to any purchaser, each prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) as part of a registration statement relating to an offering, other than registration statements relying on Rule 430B or other than prospectuses filed in reliance on Rule 430A, shall be deemed to be part of and included in the registration statement as of the date it is first used after effectiveness. Provided, however, that no statement made in a registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement or made in a document incorporated or deemed incorporated by reference into the registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement will, as to a purchaser with a time of contract of sale prior to such first use, supersede or modify any statement that was made in the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or made in any such document immediately prior to such date of first use.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the Registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the Registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the Registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the Registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the Registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issues.

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, Caesars Entertainment Corporation has duly caused this Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Las Vegas, State of Nevada, on the 1<sup>st</sup> day of April 2011.

**CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION**

By: */s/ GARY W. LOVEMAN*  
**Gary W. Loveman**  
**Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

| <b>Signature</b>            | <b>Capacity</b>                                                         | <b>Date</b>   |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| <i>/s/ GARY W. LOVEMAN</i>  | Chairman, Chief Executive                                               | April 1, 2011 |
| <b>Gary W. Loveman</b>      | Officer, President and Director<br><i>(Principal Executive Officer)</i> |               |
| *                           | Senior Vice President                                                   | April 1, 2011 |
| <b>Jonathan S. Halkyard</b> | and Chief Financial Officer<br><i>(Principal Financial Officer)</i>     |               |
| *                           | Vice President, Controller                                              | April 1, 2011 |
| <b>Diane E. Wilfong</b>     | and Chief Accounting Officer<br><i>(Principal Accounting Officer)</i>   |               |
| *                           | Director                                                                | April 1, 2011 |
| <b>Jeffrey Benjamin</b>     |                                                                         |               |
| *                           | Director                                                                | April 1, 2011 |
| <b>David Bonderman</b>      |                                                                         |               |
| *                           | Director                                                                | April 1, 2011 |
| <b>Karl Peterson</b>        |                                                                         |               |
| *                           | Director                                                                | April 1, 2011 |
| <b>Eric Press</b>           |                                                                         |               |
| *                           | Director                                                                | April 1, 2011 |
| <b>Marc Rowan</b>           |                                                                         |               |
| *                           | Director                                                                | April 1, 2011 |

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**Lynn C. Swann**

\*

Director

April 1, 2011

**Christopher J. Williams**

\*

Director

April 1, 2011

**Jonathan Coslet**

\*

Director

April 1, 2011

**Kevin Davis**

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|      | <b>Signature</b>                                                           | <b>Capacity</b> | <b>Date</b>   |
|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|
|      | /s/ DAVID SAMBUR<br><b>David Sambur</b>                                    | Director        | April 1, 2011 |
|      | /s/ JINLONG WANG<br><b>Jinlong Wang</b>                                    | Director        | April 1, 2011 |
| *By: | /s/ MICHAEL D. COHEN<br><b>Michael D. Cohen</b><br><b>Attorney-in-Fact</b> |                 |               |



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**EXHIBIT INDEX**

| <b>Exhibit No.</b> | <b>Exhibit Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 3.1                | Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Caesars Entertainment Corporation, dated November 22, 2010. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed November 24, 2010.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 3.2                | Bylaws of Caesars Entertainment Corporation, as amended on November 22, 2010. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed November 24, 2010.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 4.1                | Certificate of Designation of Non-Voting Perpetual Preferred Stock of Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., dated January 28, 2008. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed January 31, 2008.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 4.2                | Certificate of Amendment to the Certificate of Designation of Non-Voting Perpetual Preferred Stock of Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., dated March 29, 2010. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed March 30, 2010.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 4.3                | Certificate of Elimination of Non-Voting Perpetual Preferred Stock of Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., dated March 29, 2010. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed March 30, 2010.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 4.4                | Indenture, dated as of January 29, 2001, between Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., as Issuer, Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., as Guarantor, and Bank One Trust Company, N.A., as Trustee, relating to the 8.0% Senior Notes Due 2011. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000.)                                                                                                                                                            |
| 4.5                | Indenture, dated as of May 14, 2001, between Park Place Entertainment Corp., as Issuer, and Wells Fargo Bank Minnesota, National Association, as Trustee, with respect to the 8 1/8% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2011. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Registration Statement on Form S-4 of Park Place Entertainment Corporation, File No. 333-62508 filed June 7, 2001.)                                                                                                                                      |
| 4.6                | First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 13, 2005, to Indenture, dated as of May 14, 2001, between Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., Caesars Entertainment, Inc. and Wells Fargo Bank Minnesota, National Association, as Trustee, with respect to the 8 1/8% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2011. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2005.)                                                               |
| 4.7                | Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of July 28, 2005, among Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., as Guarantor, Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., as Issuer, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Trustee, to the Indenture, dated as of May 14, 2001, as amended and supplemented by a First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 13, 2005, with respect to the 8 1/8% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2011. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed August 2, 2005.) |
| 4.8                | Indenture, dated as of April 11, 2003, between Park Place Entertainment Corp., as Issuer, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, with respect to the 7% Senior Notes due 2013. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Registration Statement on Form S-4 of Park Place Entertainment Corporation, File No. 333-104829 filed April 29, 2003.)                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 4.9                | First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 13, 2005, to Indenture, dated as of April 11, 2003, between Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., Caesars Entertainment, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, with respect to the 7% Senior Notes due 2013. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2005.)                                                                                                |

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| <b>Exhibit No.</b> | <b>Exhibit Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 4.10               | Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of July 28, 2005, among Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., as Guarantor, Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., as Issuer, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, to the Indenture, dated as of April 11, 2003, as amended and supplemented by a First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 13, 2005, with respect to the 7% Senior Notes due 2013. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed August 2, 2005.)                |
| 4.11               | Indenture, dated as of December 11, 2003, between Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., as Issuer, Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., as Guarantor, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 5.375% Senior Notes due 2013. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003.)                                                                                                                                               |
| 4.12               | Amended and Restated Indenture, dated as of July 28, 2005, among Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., as Guarantor, Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., as Issuer, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the Floating Rate Contingent Convertible Senior Notes due 2024. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed August 2, 2005.)                                                                                                                         |
| 4.13               | First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 9, 2005, to Amended and Restated Indenture, dated as of July 28, 2005, among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., as Issuer, Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. as Guarantor, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the Floating Rate Contingent Convertible Senior Notes due 2024. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Registration Statement on Form S-3/A of Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., File No. 333-127210 filed September 19, 2005.) |
| 4.14               | Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 8, 2008, to Amended and Restated Indenture, dated as of July 28, 2005, among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., as Issuer, Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. as Guarantor, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the Floating Rate Contingent Convertible Senior Notes due 2024. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007)                                     |
| 4.15               | Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 28, 2008, to Amended and Restated Indenture, dated as of July 28, 2005, among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., as Issuer, Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. as Guarantor, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the Floating Rate Contingent Convertible Senior Notes due 2024. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 28, 2008)                                                          |
| 4.16               | Indenture, dated as of May 27, 2005, between Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., as Issuer, Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., as Guarantor, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 5.625% Senior Notes due 2015. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 3, 2005.)                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 4.17               | First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 19, 2005, to Indenture, dated as of May 27, 2005, between Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., as Issuer, Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., as Guarantor, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 5.625% Senior Notes due 2015. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Registration Statement on Form S-4 of Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., File No. 333-127840 filed August 25, 2005.)                                                         |
| 4.18               | Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 28, 2005, to Indenture, dated as of May 27, 2005, between Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., as Issuer, Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., as Guarantor, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 5.625% Senior Notes due 2015. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed October 3, 2005.)                                                                                                        |

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| <b>Exhibit No.</b> | <b>Exhibit Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 4.19               | Indenture dated as of September 28, 2005, among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., as Issuer, Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., as Guarantor, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 5.75% Senior Notes due 2017. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed October 3, 2005.)                                                                                                                                 |
| 4.20               | Indenture, dated as of June 9, 2006, between Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and U.S. National Bank Association, as Trustee, relating to the 6.50% Senior Notes due 2016. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 14, 2006.)                                                                                                                                                                |
| 4.21               | Officers' Certificate, dated as of June 9, 2006, pursuant to Sections 301 and 303 of the Indenture dated as of June 9, 2006 between Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and U.S. National Bank Association, as Trustee, relating to the 6.50% Senior Notes due 2016. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 14, 2006.)                                                                         |
| 4.22               | Indenture, dated as of February 1, 2008, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 10.75% Senior Cash Pay Notes due 2016 and 10.75%/11.5% Senior Toggle Notes due 2018. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed February 4, 2008.)                                                                                     |
| 4.23               | First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 12, 2008, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 10.75% Senior Cash Pay Notes due 2016 and 10.75%/11.5% Senior Toggle Notes due 2018. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2008.)                                                     |
| 4.24               | Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 9, 2009, to the Indenture, dated as of February 1, 2008, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 10.75% Senior Cash Pay Notes due 2016 and 10.75%/11.5% Senior Toggle Notes due 2018. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2009.) |
| 4.25               | Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 26, 2009, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., the Note Guarantors (as defined therein) and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 10.75% Senior Notes due 2016 and 10.75%/11.5% Senior Toggle Notes due 2018. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 30, 2009.)                                                                           |
| 4.26               | Indenture, dated as of December 24, 2008, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 10.00% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2018 and 10.00% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2015. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4/A filed December 24, 2008.)                                                      |
| 4.27               | First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of July 22, 2009, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 10.00% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2018 and 10.00% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2015. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2009.)                                  |
| 4.28               | Collateral Agreement, dated as of December 24, 2008, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc. as Issuer, each Subsidiary of the Issuer identified therein, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4/A filed December 24, 2008.)                                                                                                                                  |

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| <b>Exhibit No.</b> | <b>Exhibit Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
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| 4.29               | Indenture, dated as of April 15, 2009, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee and as Collateral Agent, relating to the 10.00% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2018. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 20, 2009.)                                                                                                     |
| 4.30               | First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 18, 2009, to Indenture by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, relating to the 10.00% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2018. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2009.)                                                                             |
| 4.31               | Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of December 24, 2008, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., Citigroup Global Markets Inc., as lead dealer manager, and Banc of America Securities LLC., as joint dealer manager. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 30, 2008.)                                                                                                   |
| 4.32               | Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of April 15, 2009, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and J.P. Morgan Securities, Inc., as dealer managers. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 20, 2009.)                                                                                                                                      |
| 4.33               | Indenture, dated as of June 10, 2009, by and among Harrah's Operating Escrow LLC, Harrah's Escrow Corporation, Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, relating to the 11.25% Senior Secured Notes due 2017. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 15, 2009.)                                                                                                                     |
| 4.34               | Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 10, 2009, to the Indenture by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, relating to the 11.25% Senior Secured Notes due 2017. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 15, 2009.)                                                                                                                                               |
| 4.35               | Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 11 2009, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, relating to the 11.25% Senior Secured Notes due 2017. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed September 17, 2009.)                                                                                                                  |
| 4.36               | Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of June 10, 2009, by and among Harrah's Operating Escrow LLC, Harrah's Escrow Corporation, Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and Banc of America Securities LLC, as representative of the initial purchasers. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 15, 2009.)                                                                                    |
| 4.37               | Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of September 11, 2009, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Banc of America Securities LLC, Credit Suisse Securities (USA), LLC, Deutsche Bank Securities, Inc. and J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., as representatives of the initial purchasers. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed September 17, 2009.) |
| 4.38               | Indenture, dated as of April 16, 2010, among Harrah's Operating Escrow LLC, Harrah's Escrow Corporation, Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, relating to the 12¾ Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2018. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 22, 2010.)                                                                                                             |

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| <b>Exhibit No.</b> | <b>Exhibit Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
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| 4.39               | Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of April 16, 2010, by and among Harrah's Operating Escrow LLC, Harrah's Escrow Corporation, Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Banc of America Securities LLC, Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. and J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., as representatives of the initial purchasers. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 22, 2010.)                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 4.40               | Stockholders' Agreement, dated as of January 28, 2008, by and among Apollo Hamlet Holdings, LLC, Apollo Hamlet Holdings B, LLC, TPG Hamlet Holdings, LLC, TPG Hamlet Holdings B, LLC, Co-Invest Hamlet Holdings, Series LLC, Co-Invest Hamlet Holdings B, LLC, Hamlet Holdings LLC and Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., and, solely with respect to Sections 3.01 and 6.07, Apollo Investment Fund VI, L.P. and TPG V Hamlet AIV, L.P. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed February 7, 2008.)                                                                                                                                                             |
| 4.41               | Services Agreement, dated as of January 28, 2008, by and among Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., Apollo Management VI, L.P., Apollo Alternative Assets, L.P. and TPG Capital, L.P. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed February 7, 2008.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 4.42               | Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 20, 2010, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 24, 2010.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 4.43               | Joinder to Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2010, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc. and Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Banc of America Securities LLC, Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. and J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., as representatives of the initial purchasers. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed May 24, 2010.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 4.44               | Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of November 23, 2010, by and between Caesars Entertainment Corporation and Paulson & Co. Inc., on behalf of the several investment funds and accounts managed by it. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed November 24, 2010.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 4.45               | Amended and Restated Management Investor Rights Agreement, dated as of November 22, 2010, by and among Caesars Entertainment Corporation, Hamlet Holdings LLC, Apollo Hamlet Holdings, LLC, Apollo Hamlet Holdings B, LLC, TPG Hamlet Holdings, LLC and TPG Hamlet Holdings B, LLC. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed November 24, 2010.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 4.46               | Irrevocable Proxy, dated as of November 22, 2010, by and among Apollo Hamlet Holdings, LLC, Apollo Hamlet Holdings B, LLC, TPG Hamlet Holdings, LLC, TPG Hamlet Holdings B, LLC, Co-Invest Hamlet Holdings, Series LLC, and Co-Invest Hamlet Holdings B, LLC. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed November 24, 2010.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| *5.1               | Opinion of O'Melveny & Myers LLP.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 10.1               | Credit Agreement, dated as of January 28, 2008, by and among Hamlet Merger Inc., Harrah's Operating Company, Inc. as Borrower, the Lenders party thereto from time to time, Bank of America, N.A., as Administrative Agent and Collateral Agent, Deutsche Bank AG New York Branch, as Syndication Agent, and Citibank, N.A., Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, Goldman Sachs Credit Partners L.P., Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc., and Bear Sterns Corporate Lending, Inc., as Co-Documentation Agents. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed February 7, 2008.) |

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| <b>Exhibit No.</b> | <b>Exhibit Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 10.2               | Amendment and Waiver to Credit Agreement, dated June 3, 2009, by and among Hamlet Merger Inc., Harrah's Operating Company, Inc. as Borrower, the Lenders party thereto from time to time, Bank of America, N.A., as Administrative Agent and Collateral Agent, Deutsche Bank AG New York Branch, as Syndication Agent, and Citibank, N.A., Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, Goldman Sachs Credit Partners L.P., Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc., and Bear Sterns Corporate Lending, Inc., as Co-Documentation Agents. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed June 11, 2009.)                                                  |
| 10.3               | Incremental Facility Amendment, dated September 26, 2009, to Credit Agreement, dated as of January 28, 2008 by and among Hamlet Merger Inc., Harrah's Operating Company, Inc. as Borrower, the Lenders party thereto from time to time, Bank of America, N.A., as Administrative Agent and Collateral Agent, Deutsche Bank AG New York Branch, as Syndication Agent, and Citibank, N.A., Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, Goldman Sachs Credit Partners L.P., Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc., and Bear Sterns Corporate Lending, Inc., as Co-Documentation Agents. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed September 29, 2009.) |
| 10.4               | Amended and Restated Collateral Agreement, dated and effective as of January 28, 2008 (as amended and restated on June 10, 2009), among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., each Subsidiary Party that is party thereto and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed June 11, 2009.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 10.5               | Amended and Restated Guaranty and Pledge Agreement dated and effective as of January 28, 2008 (as amended and restated on June 10, 2009), made by Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. (as successor to Hamlet Merger Inc.) in favor of Bank of America, N.A., as Administrative Agent and Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed June 11, 2009.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 10.6               | Intercreditor Agreement, dated as of January 28, 2008, by and among Bank of America, N.A. as administrative agent and collateral agent under the Credit Agreement, Citibank, N.A. as administrative agent under the Bridge-Loan Agreement and U.S. Bank National Association as Trustee under the Indenture. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 10.7               | Intercreditor Agreement, dated as of December 24, 2008, by and among Bank of America, N.A. as Credit Agreement Agent, each Other First Priority Lien Obligations Agent from time to time, U.S. Bank National Association as Trustee and each collateral agent for any Future Second Lien Indebtedness from time to time. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 10.8               | Joinder and Supplement to the Intercreditor Agreement, dated as of April 15, 2009 by and among U.S. Bank National Association, as new trustee, U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee under the Intercreditor Agreement, Bank of America, N.A., as Credit Agreement Agent under the Intercreditor Agreement, and any other First Lien Agent and Second Priority Agent from time to time party to the Intercreditor Agreement. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 20, 2009.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 10.9               | First Lien Intercreditor Agreement, dated as of June 10, 2009, by and among Bank of America, N.A., as collateral agent for the First Lien Secured Parties and as Authorized Representative for the Credit Agreement Secured Parties, U.S. Bank National Association, as Authorized Representative for the Initial Other First Lien Secured Parties, and each additional Authorized Representative from time to time party to the First Lien Intercreditor Agreement. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed June 11, 2009.)                                                                                                                                                                                        |

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| <b>Exhibit No.</b> | <b>Exhibit Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
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| 10.10              | Joinder and Supplement to Intercreditor Agreement, by and among U.S. Bank National Association, as new trustee, U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee under the Intercreditor Agreement, Bank of America, N.A., as Credit Agreement Agent under the Intercreditor Agreement, U.S. Bank National Association as a Second Priority Agent under the Intercreditor Agreement and any other First Lien Agent and Second Priority Agent from time to time party to the Intercreditor Agreement. (Exhibit A thereto incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.4 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed March 17, 2009.) (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 15, 2009.) |
| 10.11              | Joinder and Supplement to the Intercreditor Agreement, dated as of September 11, 2009 by and among U.S. Bank National Association, as new trustee, U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee under the Intercreditor Agreement, Bank of America, N.A., as Credit Agreement Agent under the Intercreditor Agreement, and any other First Lien Agent and Second Priority Agent from time to time party to the Intercreditor Agreement. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed September 17, 2009.)                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 10.12              | Other First Lien Secured Party Consent, dated as of September 11, 2009, by U.S. Bank National Association, as agent or trustee for persons who shall become Secured Parties under the Amended and Restated Collateral Agreement dated and effective as of January 28, 2008 (as amended and restated on June 10, 2009.) (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed September 17, 2009.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 10.13              | Other First Lien Secured Party Consent, dated as of September 11, 2009, by U.S. Bank National Association, as agent or trustee for persons who shall become Secured Parties under the Amended and Restated Guaranty and Pledge Agreement dated and effective as of January 28, 2008 (as amended and restated on June 10, 2009.) (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed September 17, 2009.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 10.14              | Amended and Restated Loan Agreement, dated as of February 19, 2010, between PHW Las Vegas, LLC and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. as trustee for the Credit Suite First Boston Mortgage Securities Corp. Commercial Pass-Through Certificates, Series 2007-TFL2. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2010.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 10.15              | Guaranty Agreement, dated February 19, 2010, by and between Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as trustee for The Credit Suisse First Boston Mortgage Securities Corp. Commercial Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates, series 2007-TFL2. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed February 25, 2010.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 10.16              | Employment Agreement, made as of January 28, 2008, and amended on March 13, 2009, by and between Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and Gary W. Loveman. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 10.17              | Rollover Option Agreement, dated as of January 28, 2008, by and between Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and Gary W. Loveman. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed February 7, 2008.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 10.18              | Form of Employment Agreement between Harrah's Operating Company, Inc. and Jonathan S. Halkyard, Thomas M. Jenkin and John W. R. Payne. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 11, 2008.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 10.19              | Employment Agreement made as of October 14, 2009 between Harrah's Operating Company, Inc. and Peter E. Murphy. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 10.20              | Summary Plan Description of Executive Term Life Insurance Plan. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1996.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

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| <b>Exhibit No.</b> | <b>Exhibit Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
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| 10.21              | Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. 2009 Senior Executive Incentive Plan, effective January 1, 2009. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 15, 2008.)                                                                                                                                            |
| 10.22              | Trust Agreement dated June 20, 2001 by and between Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and Wells Fargo Bank Minnesota, N.A. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2001.)                                                                                                 |
| 10.23              | Escrow Agreement, dated February 6, 1990, by and between The Promus Companies Incorporated, certain subsidiaries thereof, and Sovran Bank, as escrow agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 29, 1989.)                                                          |
| 10.24              | Amendment to Escrow Agreement dated as of October 29, 1993 among The Promus Companies Incorporated, certain subsidiaries thereof, and NationsBank, formerly Sovran Bank. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1993.)                                             |
| 10.25              | Amendment, dated as of June 7, 1995, to Escrow Agreement among The Promus Companies Incorporated, certain subsidiaries thereof and NationsBank (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 15, 1995.)                                                                                               |
| 10.26              | Amendment, dated as of July 18, 1996, to Escrow Agreement between Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and NationsBank. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1996.)                                                                                                      |
| 10.27              | Amendment, dated as of October 30, 1997, to Escrow Agreement between Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., Harrah's Operating Company, Inc. and NationsBank. (Incorporated by reference from the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1997 filed March 10, 1998, File No. 1-10410.)                                       |
| 10.28              | Amendment to Escrow Agreement, dated April 26, 2000, between Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and Wells Fargo Bank Minnesota, N.A., Successor to Bank of America, N.A (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2000.)                                                    |
| 10.29              | Letter Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank Minnesota, N.A., dated August 31, 2000, concerning appointment as Escrow Agent under Escrow Agreement for deferred compensation plans. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2000.)                                        |
| 10.30              | Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. Amended and Restated Executive Deferred Compensation Trust Agreement dated January 11, 2006 by and between Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007.)                      |
| 10.31              | Amendment to the Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. Amended and Restated Executive Deferred Compensation Trust Agreement effective January 28, 2008 by and between Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007.) |
| 10.32              | Amendment and Restatement of Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. Executive Deferred Compensation Plan, effective August 3, 2007. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2007.)                                                                                                 |
| 10.33              | Amendment and Restatement of Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. Deferred Compensation Plan, effective as of August 3, 2007. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2007.)                                                                                                     |



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| <b>Exhibit No.</b> | <b>Exhibit Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
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| 10.34              | Amendment and Restatement of Park Place Entertainment Corporation Executive Deferred Compensation Plan, effective as of August 3, 2007. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2007.)                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 10.35              | Amendment and Restatement of Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. Executive Supplemental Savings Plan, effective as of August 3, 2007. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2007.)                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 10.36              | Amendment and Restatement of Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. Executive Supplemental Savings Plan II, effective as of August 3, 2007. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2007.)                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 10.37              | First Amendment to the Amendment and Restatement of Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. Amendment and Restatement of Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. Executive Supplemental Savings Plan II, effective as of February 9, 2009. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed February 13, 2009.)                                                                                                                    |
| 10.38              | Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. Management Equity Incentive Plan, as amended February 23, 2010. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed March 1, 2010.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 10.39              | Stock Option Grant Agreement dated February 27, 2008 between Gary W. Loveman and Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2008.)                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 10.40              | Stock Option Grant Agreement dated February 27, 2008 between Jonathan S. Halkyard and Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2008.)                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 10.41              | Stock Option Grant Agreement dated February 27, 2008 between Thomas M. Jenkin and Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2008.)                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 10.42              | Form of Stock Option Grant Agreement dated July 1, 2008 between Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and each of Lynn C. Swann and Christopher J. Williams. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2008.)                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 10.43              | Stock Option Grant Agreement dated December 1, 2009 between Peter E. Murphy and Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 10.44              | Form of Stock Option Grant Agreement dated March 1, 2010 between Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and each of Gary W. Loveman, Jonathan S. Halkyard, Thomas M. Jenkin, John W. R. Payne, and Peter E. Murphy. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009.)                                                                                                                   |
| 10.45              | Joinder and Supplement to the Intercreditor Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2010, by and among U.S. Bank National Association, as new trustee, U.S. Bank National Association, as second priority agent, Bank of America, N.A., as credit agreement agent and U.S. Bank National Association, as other first priority lien obligations agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 24, 2010.) |
| 10.46              | Additional Secured Party Consent, dated as of May 20, 2010, by U.S. Bank National Association, as agent or trustee for persons who shall become Secured Parties under the Collateral Agreement dated as of December 24, 2008. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 24, 2010.)                                                                                                                |

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| <b>Exhibit No.</b> | <b>Exhibit Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 10.47              | Investment and Exchange Agreement, dated as of June 3, 2010, among Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., Harrah's BC, Inc. and Paulson & Co. Inc., on behalf of the several investment funds and accounts managed by it. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 7, 2010.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 10.48              | Investment and Exchange Agreement, dated as of June 3, 2010, among Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., Harrah's BC, Inc., Apollo Management VI, L.P., on behalf of certain affiliated investment funds, and TPG Capital, L.P., on behalf of certain affiliated investment funds. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 7, 2010.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 10.49              | Second Amended and Restated Loan Agreement dated as of August 31, 2010, among Harrah's Las Vegas Propco, LLC, Harrah's Atlantic City Propco, LLC, Rio Propco, LLC, Flamingo Las Vegas Propco, LLC, Harrah's Laughlin Propco, LLC, and Paris Las Vegas Propco, LLC, as Borrower, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Bank of America, N.A., Citibank, N.A., Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Merrill Lynch Mortgage Lending, Inc., Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, Morgan Stanley Mortgage Capital Holdings LLC, German American Capital Corporation, and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.) |
| 10.50              | Second Amended and Restated First Mezzanine Loan Agreement dated as of August 31, 2010, among Harrah's Las Vegas Mezz 1, LLC, Harrah's Atlantic City Mezz 1, LLC, Rio Mezz 1, LLC, Flamingo Las Vegas Mezz 1, LLC, Harrah's Laughlin Mezz 1, LLC, and Paris Las Vegas Mezz 1, LLC, as Borrower, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Bank of America, N.A., Citibank, N.A., Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Merrill Lynch Mortgage Lending, Inc., Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, Blackstone Special Funding (Ireland), and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)                              |
| 10.51              | Second Amended and Restated Second Mezzanine Loan Agreement dated as of August 31, 2010, among Harrah's Las Vegas Mezz 2, LLC, Harrah's Atlantic City Mezz 2, LLC, Rio Mezz 2, LLC, Flamingo Las Vegas Mezz 2, LLC, Harrah's Laughlin Mezz 2, LLC, and Paris Las Vegas Mezz 2, LLC, as Borrower, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Bank of America, N.A., Citibank, N.A., Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Merrill Lynch Mortgage Lending, Inc., Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, Blackstone Special Funding (Ireland), and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)                             |
| 10.52              | Second Amended and Restated Third Mezzanine Loan Agreement dated as of August 31, 2010, among Harrah's Las Vegas Mezz 3, LLC, Harrah's Atlantic City Mezz 3, LLC, Rio Mezz 3, LLC, Flamingo Las Vegas Mezz 3, LLC, Harrah's Laughlin Mezz 3, LLC, and Paris Las Vegas Mezz 3, LLC, as Borrower, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Bank of America, N.A., Citibank, N.A., Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Merrill Lynch Mortgage Lending, Inc., Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, Blackstone Special Funding (Ireland), and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)                              |
| 10.53              | Second Amended and Restated Fourth Mezzanine Loan Agreement dated as of August 31, 2010, among Harrah's Las Vegas Mezz 4, LLC, Harrah's Atlantic City Mezz 4, LLC, Rio Mezz 4, LLC, Flamingo Las Vegas Mezz 4, LLC, Harrah's Laughlin Mezz 4, LLC, and Paris Las Vegas Mezz 4, LLC, as Borrower, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Bank of America, N.A., Citibank, N.A., Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Merrill Lynch Mortgage Lending, Inc., Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, Blackstone Special Funding (Ireland), and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)                             |

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| <b>Exhibit No.</b> | <b>Exhibit Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
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| 10.54              | Second Amended and Restated Fifth Mezzanine Loan Agreement dated as of August 31, 2010, among Harrah's Las Vegas Mezz 5, LLC, Harrah's Atlantic City Mezz 5, LLC, Rio Mezz 5, LLC, Flamingo Las Vegas Mezz 5, LLC, Harrah's Laughlin Mezz 5, LLC, and Paris Las Vegas Mezz 5, LLC, as Borrower, Citibank, N.A., Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, Blackstone Special Funding (Ireland), German American Capital Corporation, and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.) |
| 10.55              | Second Amended and Restated Sixth Mezzanine Loan Agreement dated as of August 31, 2010, among Harrah's Las Vegas Mezz 6, LLC, Harrah's Atlantic City Mezz 6, LLC, Rio Mezz 6, LLC, Flamingo Las Vegas Mezz 6, LLC, Harrah's Laughlin Mezz 6, LLC, and Paris Las Vegas Mezz 6, LLC, as Borrower, Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, German American Capital Corporation, and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)                                                       |
| 10.56              | Second Amended and Restated Seventh Mezzanine Loan Agreement dated as of August 31, 2010, among Harrah's Las Vegas Mezz 7, LLC, Harrah's Atlantic City Mezz 7, LLC, Rio Mezz 7, LLC, Flamingo Las Vegas Mezz 7, LLC, Harrah's Laughlin Mezz 7, LLC, and Paris Las Vegas Mezz 7, LLC, as Borrower, Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)                                                                                          |
| 10.57              | Second Amended and Restated Eighth Mezzanine Loan Agreement dated as of August 31, 2010, among Harrah's Las Vegas Mezz 8, LLC, Harrah's Atlantic City Mezz 8, LLC, Rio Mezz 8, LLC, Flamingo Las Vegas Mezz 8, LLC, Harrah's Laughlin Mezz 8, LLC, and Paris Las Vegas Mezz 8, LLC, as Borrower, Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 10.58              | Second Amended and Restated Ninth Mezzanine Loan Agreement dated as of August 31, 2010, among Harrah's Las Vegas Mezz 9, LLC, Harrah's Atlantic City Mezz 9, LLC, Rio Mezz 9, LLC, Flamingo Las Vegas Mezz 9, LLC, Harrah's Laughlin Mezz 9, LLC, and Paris Las Vegas Mezz 9, LLC, as Borrower, Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 10.59              | Note Sales Agreement dated as of August 31, 2010, among each first mezzanine lender, each second mezzanine lender, each third mezzanine lender, fourth mezzanine lender, fifth mezzanine lender, sixth mezzanine lender, seventh mezzanine lender, eighth mezzanine lender and ninth mezzanine lender, and specified mezzanine lender, Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., each Mortgage Loan Borrower, each Mezzanine Borrower and each Operating Company. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)                                                                                                            |
| 10.60              | Form of Management Agreement entered into between each Mortgage Loan Borrower and its respective Operating Company. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 10.61              | Form of Amended and Restated Operating Lease (Hotel Component) entered into between each Mortgage Loan Borrower, its respective Operating Company and its respective Management Company. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

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| <b>Exhibit No.</b> | <b>Exhibit Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
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| 10.62              | Form of Amended and Restated Operating Lease (Casino Component) entered into between each Mortgage Loan Borrower, its respective Operating Company and its respective Management Company. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 10.63              | Agreement Among Mortgage Noteholders, dated August 31, 2010, among JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Note A-1 Holder, Bank of America, N.A., as Note A-2 Holder, Citibank, N.A., as Note A-3 Holder, Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch, as Note A-4 Holder, German American Capital Corporation, as Note A-5 Holder, Merrill Lynch Mortgage Lending, Inc., as Note A-6 Holder, JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Note A-7 Holder, Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, as Note A-9 Holder, Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent, and Bank of America, N.A. as Servicer. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.) |
| 10.64              | Agreement Among First Mezzanine Noteholders, dated August 31, 2010, among JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Bank of America, N.A., Citibank, N.A., Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Merrill Lynch Mortgage Lending, Inc., Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, Blackstone Special Funding (Ireland), and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 10.65              | Agreement Among Second Mezzanine Noteholders, dated August 31, 2010, among JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Bank of America, N.A., Citibank, N.A., Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Merrill Lynch Mortgage Lending, Inc., Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, Blackstone Special Funding (Ireland), and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 10.66              | Agreement Among Third Mezzanine Noteholders, dated August 31, 2010, among JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Bank of America, N.A., Citibank, N.A., Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Merrill Lynch Mortgage Lending, Inc., Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, Blackstone Special Funding (Ireland), and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 10.67              | Agreement Among Fourth Mezzanine Noteholders, dated August 31, 2010, among JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Bank of America, N.A., Citibank, N.A., Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Merrill Lynch Mortgage Lending, Inc., Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, Blackstone Special Funding (Ireland), and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 10.68              | Agreement Among Fifth Mezzanine Noteholders, dated August 31, 2010, among Citibank, N.A., Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, Blackstone Special Funding (Ireland), German American Capital Corporation, and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 10.69              | Agreement Among Sixth Mezzanine Noteholders, dated August 31, 2010, among Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, German American Capital Corporation, and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

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| <b>Exhibit No.</b> | <b>Exhibit Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
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| 10.70              | Agreement Among Seventh Mezzanine Noteholders, dated August 31, 2010, among Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)                                                         |
| 10.71              | Intercreditor Agreement, dated August 31, 2010, among the senior lender, first mezzanine lender, second mezzanine lender, third mezzanine lender, fourth mezzanine lender, fifth mezzanine lender, sixth mezzanine lender, seventh mezzanine lender, eighth mezzanine lender, and ninth mezzanine lender. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.) |
| 10.72              | Form of Indemnification Agreement entered into by Caesars Entertainment Corporation and each of its directors, executive officers and certain other officers. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on November 16, 2010.)                                                                                                                                     |
| 10.73              | Financial Counseling Plan of Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. as amended June 1996. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1995.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| *21                | Subsidiaries of Caesars Entertainment Corporation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| *23.1              | Consent of Deloitte & Touche LLP, independent registered public accounting firm.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| *23.2              | Consent of O'Melveny & Myers LLP. (Included in Exhibit 5.1.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| **24               | Power of Attorney.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

\* Filed herewith.

\*\* Previously filed.