

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS INC  
Form 424B3  
June 06, 2011

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Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(3)

File No. 333-159958; 333-165831

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT  
(To prospectus dated March 17, 2011)

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC.

65,000 SHARES OF SERIES C CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED STOCK

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WARRANT TO PURCHASE \$65 MILLION  
OF COMMON STOCK EQUIVALENT JUNIOR PREFERRED STOCK

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RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

We have attached to this prospectus supplement, and incorporated by reference into it, our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2011, our Current Report Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 22, 2011 and our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 31, 2011.

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June 6, 2011

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UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

- QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)  
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2011

OR

- TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)  
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Transition Period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number 001-39095

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC.  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its  
charter)

Georgia  
(State of Incorporation)

58-1807304  
(I.R.S. Employer Identification  
No.)

125 Highway 515  
East  
Blairsville, Georgia  
Address of Principal  
Executive Offices

30512  
(Zip Code)

(706) 781-2265  
(Telephone Number)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

YES  NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

YES  NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of “large accelerated filer”, “accelerated filer” and “smaller reporting company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated  
filer

Non-accelerated filer  (Do not check if a smaller reporting  
company) Smaller Reporting Company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act).

YES  NO

Common stock, par value \$1 per share 104,568,558 shares  
outstanding as of April 30, 2011

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## Part I – Financial Information

## Item 1 – Financial Statements

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC.  
Consolidated Statement of Operations (Unaudited)

(in thousands, except per share data)	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011	2010
<b>Interest revenue:</b>		
Loans, including fees	\$ 61,107	\$ 72,215
Investment securities, including tax exempt of \$259 and \$311	13,604	16,203
Federal funds sold, commercial paper and deposits in banks	819	938
Total interest revenue	75,530	89,356
<b>Interest expense:</b>		
Deposits:		
NOW	1,324	1,854
Money market	2,028	1,757
Savings	77	84
Time	11,732	20,198
Total deposit interest expense	15,161	23,893
Federal funds purchased, repurchase agreements and other short-term borrowings	1,042	1,038
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	590	977
Long-term debt	2,780	2,662
Total interest expense	19,573	28,570
Net interest revenue	55,957	60,786
Provision for loan losses	190,000	75,000
Net interest expense after provision for loan losses	(134,043 )	(14,214 )
<b>Fee revenue:</b>		
Service charges and fees	6,720	7,447
Mortgage loan and other related fees	1,494	1,479
Brokerage fees	677	567
Securities gains, net	55	61
Other	2,892	2,112
Total fee revenue	11,838	11,666
Total revenue	(122,205 )	(2,548 )
<b>Operating expenses:</b>		
Salaries and employee benefits	24,924	24,360
Communications and equipment	3,344	3,273
Occupancy	4,074	3,814
Advertising and public relations	978	1,043
Postage, printing and supplies	1,118	1,225
Professional fees	3,330	1,943
Foreclosed property	64,899	10,813
FDIC assessments and other regulatory charges	5,413	3,626
Amortization of intangibles	762	802
Other	6,429	3,921
Total operating expenses	115,271	54,820

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Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	(237,476 )	(57,368 )
Income tax benefit	(94,990 )	(22,910 )
Net loss from continuing operations	(142,486 )	(34,458 )
Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	-	(101 )
Gain from sale of subsidiary, net of income taxes and selling costs	-	1,266
Net loss	(142,486 )	(33,293 )
Preferred stock dividends and discount accretion	2,778	2,572
Net loss available to common shareholders	\$ (145,264 )	\$ (35,865 )
Loss from continuing operations per common share - Basic / Diluted	\$ (1.57 )	\$ (.39 )
Loss per common share - Basic / Diluted	(1.57 )	(.38 )
Weighted average common shares outstanding - Basic / Diluted	92,330	94,390

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC.  
Consolidated Balance Sheet

(in thousands, except share and per share data)	March 31, 2011 (unaudited)	December 31, 2010 (audited)	March 31, 2010 (unaudited)
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Cash and due from banks	\$ 153,891	\$95,994	\$ 105,613
Interest-bearing deposits in banks	465,656	111,901	99,893
Federal funds sold, commercial paper and short-term investments	470,087	441,562	183,049
Cash and cash equivalents	1,089,634	649,457	388,555
Securities available for sale	1,638,494	1,224,417	1,526,589
Securities held to maturity (fair value \$248,361 and \$267,988)	245,430	265,807	-
Loans held for sale	80,629	-	-
Mortgage loans held for sale	25,364	35,908	21,998
Loans, net of unearned income	4,194,372	4,604,126	4,992,045
Less allowance for loan losses	133,121	174,695	173,934
Loans, net	4,061,251	4,429,431	4,818,111
Assets covered by loss sharing agreements with the FDIC	125,789	131,887	169,287
Premises and equipment, net	179,143	178,239	181,217
Accrued interest receivable	21,687	24,299	30,492
Goodwill and other intangible assets	10,684	11,446	224,394
Foreclosed property	54,378	142,208	136,275
Net deferred tax asset	266,367	166,937	92,986
Other assets	174,742	183,160	247,114
Total assets	\$7,973,592	\$7,443,196	\$7,837,018
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>			
<b>Liabilities:</b>			
<b>Deposits:</b>			
Demand	\$864,708	\$793,414	\$740,727
NOW	1,320,136	1,424,781	1,344,973
Money market	967,938	891,252	729,283
Savings	193,591	183,894	186,699
Time:			
Less than \$100,000	1,576,505	1,496,700	1,643,059
Greater than \$100,000	990,289	1,002,359	1,132,034
Brokered	684,581	676,772	710,813
Total deposits	6,597,748	6,469,172	6,487,588
Federal funds purchased, repurchase agreements, and other short-term borrowings	102,107	101,067	102,480
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	55,125	55,125	114,303
Long-term debt	150,166	150,146	150,086
Unsettled securities purchases	177,532	-	17,588
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	40,766	32,171	39,078
Total liabilities	7,123,444	6,807,681	6,911,123
<b>Shareholders' equity:</b>			
Preferred stock, \$1 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized;			

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Series A; \$10 stated value; 21,700 shares issued and outstanding	217	217	217
Series B; \$1,000 stated value; 180,000 shares issued and outstanding	176,049	175,711	174,727
Series D; \$1,000 stated value; 16,613 shares issued and outstanding	16,613	-	-
Series F; \$1,000 stated value; 195,872 shares issued and outstanding	195,872	-	-
Series G; \$1,000 stated value; 151,185 shares issued and outstanding	151,185	-	-
Common stock, \$1 par value; 200,000,000 shares authorized; 104,515,553, 94,685,003 and 94,175,857 shares issued and outstanding	104,516	94,685	94,176
Common stock issuable; 397,138, 336,437 and 262,002 shares	3,681	3,894	4,127
Capital surplus	655,350	665,496	622,803
Accumulated deficit	(480,831 )	(335,567 )	(15,481 )
Accumulated other comprehensive income	27,496	31,079	45,326
Total shareholders' equity	850,148	635,515	925,895
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$7,973,592	\$7,443,196	\$7,837,018

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.



Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders'  
Equity (Unaudited)  
For the Three Months  
Ended March 31,

(in thousands, except share and per share data)	Preferred Stock					Series G	Common			(Accumulated)	(Accumulated)
	Series A	Series B	Series D	Series F	Series G		Common Stock	Capital	Retained	Deficit)	Other
Balance, December 31, 2009	\$217	\$174,408	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$94,046	\$3,597	\$622,034	\$20,384	\$47,635	\$
Comprehensive income:											
Net loss									(33,293 )		
Other comprehensive income (loss):											
Unrealized holding gains on available for sale securities, net of deferred tax expense and reclassification adjustment											783
Unrealized losses on derivative financial instruments qualifying as cash flow hedges, net of deferred tax benefit											(3,092 )
Comprehensive loss									(33,293 )	(2,309 )	
Common stock issued to dividend Reinvestment plan and employee											

benefit plans (125,021 shares)						124		387		
Amortization of stock option and restricted stock								832		
Vesting of restricted stock (12,447 shares issued, 16,162 shares deferred)						6	444	(450 )		
Deferred compensation plan, net, including dividend equivalents							86			
Dividends on Series A preferred stock									(3 )	
Dividends on Series B preferred stock	319								(2,569 )	
Balance, March 31, 2010	\$217	\$174,727	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$94,176	\$4,127	\$622,803	\$(15,481 )	\$45,326
Balance, December 31, 2010	\$217	\$175,711	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$94,685	\$3,894	\$665,496	\$(335,567)	\$31,079
Comprehensive loss:										
Net loss									(142,486)	
Other comprehensive loss:										
Unrealized holding gains on available for sale securities, net of deferred tax expense and reclassification adjustment										(1,003 )
Unrealized losses on derivative financial instruments qualifying										

as cash					
flow hedges, net					
of					
deferred					
tax benefit					(2,580 )
Comprehensive					
loss				(142,486)	(3,583 )
Preferred for common					
equity exchange					
related to tax					
benefits preservation					
plan (7,755,631					
common shares)	16,613		(7,756 )	(8,857 )	
Common stock issued					
to dividend					
reinvestment plan					
and employee					
benefit plans					
(230,096 shares)			232	143	
Common and					
preferred stock issued					
(17,338,497					
common shares)	195,872	151,185	17,338	(1,866 )	
Amortization of stock					
options and					
restricted					
stock awards					549
Vesting of					
restricted stock					
(7,097					
shares					
issued, 31,910					
shares					
deferred)			7	54	(61 )
Deferred					
compensation plan,					
net,					
including					
dividend equivalents					65
Shares issued					
from deferred					
compensation					
plan (10,491 shares)			10	(332 )	322
Tax on option exercise					
and restricted					
stock					
vesting					(376 )
Dividends on Series A					
preferred stock					(3 )
Dividends on Series B					
preferred stock	338				(2,602 )

Dividends on  
 Series D  
 preferred stock  
 Balance, March  
 31, 2011

(173 )  
 \$217 \$176,049 \$16,613 \$195,872 \$151,185 \$104,516 \$3,681 \$655,350 \$(480,831) \$27,496 \$

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC.  
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011	2010
Operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (142,486 )	\$ (33,293 )
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation, amortization and accretion	4,743	3,814
Provision for loan losses	190,000	75,000
Stock based compensation	549	832
Securities gains, net	(55 )	(61 )
Losses and write downs on sales of other real estate owned	60,605	8,097
Gain from sale of subsidiary	-	(2,110 )
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Other assets and accrued interest receivable	(90,321 )	(11,557 )
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	6,518	(4,956 )
Mortgage loans held for sale	10,544	8,228
Net cash provided by operating activities	40,097	43,994
Investing activities:		
Investment securities held to maturity:		
Proceeds from maturities and calls	21,116	-
Purchases	(1,500 )	-
Investment securities available for sale:		
Proceeds from sales	51,240	40,817
Proceeds from maturities and calls	116,175	200,578
Purchases	(405,979 )	(219,354 )
Net decrease in loans	93,949	65,889
Proceeds from sales of premises and equipment	160	8
Purchases of premises and equipment	(3,604 )	(2,024 )
Net cash received from sale of subsidiary	-	290
Proceeds from sale of other real estate	36,003	21,692
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(92,440 )	107,896
Financing activities:		
Net change in deposits	128,576	(139,051 )
Net change in federal funds purchased, repurchase agreements, and other short-term borrowings	1,040	1,091
Proceeds from issuance of common stock for dividend reinvestment and employee benefit plans	375	511
Proceeds from issuance of common and preferred stock, net of offering costs	362,529	-
Cash dividends on preferred stock	-	(2,253 )
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	492,520	(139,702 )
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	440,177	12,188

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	649,457	376,367
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 1,089,634	\$ 388,555
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$ 17,936	\$ 33,283
Income taxes	1,287	767
Unsettled securities purchases	177,532	17,588

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1 – Accounting Policies

The accounting and financial reporting policies of United Community Banks, Inc. (“United”) and its subsidiaries conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”) and general banking industry practices. The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements have not been audited. All material intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated. A more detailed description of United’s accounting policies is included in the 2010 annual report filed on Form 10-K.

In management’s opinion, all accounting adjustments necessary to accurately reflect the financial position and results of operations on the accompanying financial statements have been made. These adjustments are normal and recurring accruals considered necessary for a fair and accurate presentation. The results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year or any other interim periods.

Foreclosed property is initially recorded at fair value, less estimated costs to sell. If the fair value, less estimated costs to sell at the time of foreclosure, is less than the loan balance, the deficiency is charged against the allowance for loan losses. If the fair value, less cost to sell, of the foreclosed property decreases during the holding period, a valuation allowance is established with a charge to operating expenses. When the foreclosed property is sold, a gain or loss is recognized on the sale for the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the property. Financed sales of foreclosed property are accounted for in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board’s (“FASB”) Accounting Standards Codification Topic 360, Subtopic 20, Real Estate Sales (“ASC 360-20”).

Note 2 – Accounting Standards Updates

In April 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-02, A Creditor’s Determination of Whether a Restructuring Is a Troubled Debt Restructuring (“ASU No. 2011-02”). ASU No. 2011-02 requires a creditor to separately conclude that 1.) the restructuring constitutes a concession and 2.) the debtor is experiencing financial difficulties in order for a modification to be considered a troubled debt restructuring (“TDR”). The guidance was issued to provide clarification and to address diversity in practice in identifying TDR’s. It is effective for United in the third quarter of 2011 and will be applied retrospectively to the beginning of the year. Although evaluation of the impact is not complete, it is not expected to have a material impact on United’s results of operations, financial position, or disclosures.

In April 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-03, Reconsideration of Effective Control in Repurchase Agreements (“ASU No. 2011-03”). ASU No. 2011-03 removes from the assessment of effective control the criterion related to the transferor’s ability to repurchase or redeem financial assets on substantially the agreed terms, even in the event of default by the transferee. In addition, this guidance also eliminates the requirement to demonstrate that a transferor possesses adequate collateral to fund substantially all the cost of purchasing replacement financial assets. It is effective for United for the first quarter of 2012, and is not expected to have a material impact on United’s results of operations, financial position, or disclosures.

Note 3 – Mergers and Acquisitions

On June 19, 2009, United Community Bank (“UCB” or the “Bank”) purchased substantially all the assets and assumed substantially all the liabilities of Southern Community Bank (“SCB”) from the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (“FDIC”), as Receiver of SCB. UCB and the FDIC entered loss sharing agreements regarding future losses incurred on loans and foreclosed loan collateral existing at June 19, 2009. Under the terms of the loss sharing agreements, the

FDIC will absorb 80 percent of losses and share 80 percent of loss recoveries on the first \$109 million of losses and, absorb 95 percent of losses and share in 95 percent of loss recoveries on losses exceeding \$109 million. The term for loss sharing on 1-4 Family loans is ten years, while the term for loss sharing on all other loans is five years.

Under the loss sharing agreement, the portion of the losses expected to be indemnified by FDIC is considered an indemnification asset in accordance with ASC 805 Business Combinations. The indemnification asset, referred to as “estimated loss reimbursement from the FDIC” is included in the balance of “Assets covered by loss sharing agreements with the FDIC” on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. The indemnification asset was recognized at fair value, which was estimated at the acquisition date based on the terms of the loss sharing agreement. The indemnification asset is expected to be collected over a four-year average life. No valuation allowance was required.

Loans, foreclosed property and the estimated FDIC reimbursement resulting from the loss sharing agreements with the FDIC are reported as “assets covered by loss sharing agreements with the FDIC” in the consolidated balance sheet.



UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The table below shows the components of covered assets at March 31, 2011 (in thousands).

(in thousands)	Purchased Impaired Loans	Other Purchased Loans	Other	Total
Commercial (secured by real estate)	\$-	\$35,129	\$-	\$35,129
Commercial (commercial and industrial)	-	3,478	-	3,478
Construction and land development	1,644	13,335	-	14,979
Residential mortgage	145	9,322	-	9,467
Installment	7	229	-	236
Total covered loans	1,796	61,493	-	63,289
Covered foreclosed property	-	-	30,833	30,833
Estimated loss reimbursement from the FDIC	-	-	31,667	31,667
Total covered assets	\$1,796	\$61,493	\$62,500	\$125,789

#### Note 4 – Securities

During the second quarter of 2010, securities available for sale with a fair value of \$315 million were transferred to held to maturity. The securities were transferred at their fair value on the date of transfer. The unrealized gain of \$7.1 million on the transferred securities on the date of transfer is being amortized into interest revenue as an adjustment to the yield on those securities over the remaining life of the transferred securities. Securities are classified as held to maturity when management has the positive intent and ability to hold them until maturity. Securities held to maturity are carried at amortized cost.

The amortized cost, gross unrealized gains and losses and fair value of securities held to maturity at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, are as follows (in thousands). There were no securities classified as held to maturity at March 31, 2010.

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
As of March 31, 2011				
U.S. Government agencies	\$4,989	\$12	\$-	\$5,001
State and political subdivisions	48,497	616	731	48,382
Mortgage-backed securities (1)	191,944	3,041	7	194,978
Total	\$245,430	\$3,669	\$738	\$248,361
As of December 31, 2010				
U.S. Government agencies	\$11,939	\$79	\$-	\$12,018
State and political subdivisions	47,007	416	1,005	46,418
Mortgage-backed securities (1)	206,861	2,700	9	209,552
Total	\$265,807	\$3,195	\$1,014	\$267,988

(1) All are residential type mortgage-backed securities



UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The cost basis, unrealized gains and losses, and fair value of securities available for sale at March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010 and March 31, 2010 are presented below (in thousands).

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
As of March 31, 2011				
U.S. Government agencies	\$94,966	\$16	\$1,204	\$93,778
State and political subdivisions	26,870	983	20	27,833
Mortgage-backed securities (1)	1,388,702	27,617	1,474	1,414,845
Other	103,408	150	1,520	102,038
Total	\$1,613,946	\$28,766	\$4,218	\$1,638,494
As of December 31, 2010				
U.S. Government agencies	\$99,969	\$67	\$1,556	\$98,480
State and political subdivisions	27,600	878	36	28,442
Mortgage-backed securities (1)	963,475	29,204	1,671	991,008
Other	107,811	192	1,516	106,487
Total	\$1,198,855	\$30,341	\$4,779	\$1,224,417
As of March 31, 2010				
U.S. Government agencies	\$306,916	\$553	\$891	\$306,578
State and political subdivisions	63,175	1,450	81	64,544
Mortgage-backed securities (1)	1,101,456	41,754	1,031	1,142,179
Other	13,006	290	8	13,288
Total	\$1,484,553	\$44,047	\$2,011	\$1,526,589

(1) All are residential type mortgage-backed securities

The following table summarizes held to maturity securities in an unrealized loss position as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 (in thousands).

	Less than 12 Months		12 Months or More		Total	
	Fair Value	Unrealized Loss	Fair Value	Unrealized Loss	Fair Value	Unrealized Loss
As of March 31, 2011						
State and political subdivisions	\$21,313	\$731	\$-	\$-	\$21,313	\$731
Mortgage-backed securities	1,942	7	-	-	1,942	7
Total unrealized loss position	\$23,255	\$738	\$-	\$-	\$23,255	\$738
As of December 31, 2010						
State and political subdivisions	\$28,949	\$1,005	\$-	\$-	\$28,949	\$1,005
Mortgage-backed securities	1,951	9	-	-	1,951	9
Total unrealized loss position	\$30,900	\$1,014	\$-	\$-	\$30,900	\$1,014



UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The following table summarizes available for sale securities in an unrealized loss position as of March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010 and March 31, 2010 (in thousands).

	Less than 12 Months		12 Months or More		Total	
	Fair Value	Unrealized Loss	Fair Value	Unrealized Loss	Fair Value	Unrealized Loss
As of March 31, 2011						
U.S. Government agencies	\$73,763	\$1,204	\$-	\$-	\$73,763	\$1,204
State and political subdivisions	1,098	15	11	5	1,109	20
Mortgage-backed securities	292,379	1,474	-	-	292,379	1,474
Other	79,386	1,520	-	-	79,386	1,520
Total unrealized loss position	\$446,626	\$4,213	\$11	\$5	\$446,637	\$4,218
As of December 31, 2010						
U.S. Government agencies	\$68,412	\$1,556	\$-	\$-	\$68,412	\$1,556
State and political subdivisions	1,082	30	12	6	1,094	36
Mortgage-backed securities	59,505	1,630	2,799	41	62,304	1,671
Other	69,985	1,516	-	-	69,985	1,516
Total unrealized loss position	\$198,984	\$4,732	\$2,811	\$47	\$201,795	\$4,779
As of March 31, 2010						
U.S. Government agencies	\$138,233	\$891	\$-	\$-	\$138,233	\$891
State and political subdivisions	2,035	15	3,191	66	5,226	81
Mortgage-backed securities	20,382	151	34,358	880	54,740	1,031
Other	-	-	500	8	500	8
Total unrealized loss position	\$160,650	\$1,057	\$38,049	\$954	\$198,699	\$2,011

At March 31, 2011, there were 38 available for sale securities and 26 held to maturity securities that were in an unrealized loss position. United does not intend to sell nor believes it will be required to sell securities in an unrealized loss position prior to the recovery of their amortized cost basis. Unrealized losses at March 31, 2011 were primarily attributable to changes in interest rates.

Management evaluates securities for other-than-temporary impairment at least on a quarterly basis, and more frequently when economic or market concerns warrant such evaluation. Consideration is given to the length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been less than cost, the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, among other factors. In analyzing an issuer's financial condition, management considers whether the securities are issued by the federal government or its agencies, whether downgrades by bond rating agencies have occurred, and industry analyst's reports. During the first quarter of 2010, United recorded impairment losses of \$950,000 on investments in financial institutions that showed evidence of other-than-temporary impairment. No impairment losses were identified in the first quarter of 2011.

Realized gains and losses are derived using the specific identification method for determining the cost of securities sold. The following table summarizes securities sales activity for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands).

Three Months Ended  
March 31,

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	2011	2010
Proceeds from sales	\$ 51,240	\$ 40,817
Gross gains on sales	\$ 331	\$ 1,260
Gross losses on sales	(276 )	(249 )
Impairment losses	-	(950 )
Net gains on sales of securities	\$ 55	\$ 61
Income tax expense attributable to sales	\$ 21	\$ 24

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
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Securities with a carrying value of \$1.83 billion, \$1.43 billion, and \$1.48 billion were pledged to secure public deposits, FHLB advances and other secured borrowings at March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010 and March 31, 2010.

The amortized cost and fair value of held to maturity and available for sale securities at March 31, 2011, by contractual maturity, are presented in the following table (in thousands).

	Available for Sale		Held to Maturity	
	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
U.S. Government agencies:				
5 to 10 years	\$81,387	\$80,729	\$-	\$-
More than 10 years	13,579	13,049	-	-
	94,966	93,778	-	-
State and political subdivisions:				
Within 1 year	5,265	5,344	-	-
1 to 5 years	13,946	14,523	-	-
5 to 10 years	6,311	6,595	4,989	5,001
More than 10 years	1,348	1,371	-	-
	26,870	27,833	4,989	5,001
Other:				
1 to 5 years	9,906	9,785	1,002	990
5 to 10 years	90,050	89,501	22,040	22,269
More than 10 years	3,452	2,752	25,455	25,123
	103,408	102,038	48,497	48,382
Total securities other than mortgage-backed securities:				
Within 1 year	5,265	5,344	-	-
1 to 5 years	23,852	24,308	1,002	990
5 to 10 years	177,748	176,825	27,029	27,270
More than 10 years	18,379	17,172	25,455	25,123
Mortgage-backed securities	1,388,702	1,414,845	191,944	194,978
	\$1,613,946	\$1,638,494	\$245,430	\$248,361

Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because issuers and borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
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## Note 5 – Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses

Major classifications of loans as of March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010 and March 31, 2010, are summarized as follows (in thousands).

	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010	March 31, 2010
Commercial (secured by real estate)	\$ 1,692,154	\$ 1,761,424	\$ 1,765,204
Commercial construction	213,177	296,582	357,188
Commercial (commercial and industrial)	431,473	441,518	380,331
Total commercial	2,336,804	2,499,524	2,502,723
Residential construction	549,618	695,166	960,372
Residential mortgage	1,186,531	1,278,780	1,390,270
Consumer installment	121,419	130,656	138,680
Total loans	4,194,372	4,604,126	4,992,045
Less allowance for loan losses	133,121	174,695	173,934
Loans, net	\$ 4,061,251	\$ 4,429,431	\$ 4,818,111

The Bank makes loans and extensions of credit to individuals and a variety of firms and corporations located primarily in counties in north Georgia, the Atlanta, Georgia MSA, the Gainesville, Georgia MSA, coastal Georgia, western North Carolina and east Tennessee. Although the Bank has a diversified loan portfolio, a substantial portion of the loan portfolio is collateralized by improved and unimproved real estate and is dependent upon the real estate market.

Changes in the allowance for loan losses for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 are summarized as follows (in thousands).

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011	2010
Balance beginning of period	\$ 174,695	\$ 155,602
Provision for loan losses	190,000	75,000
Charge-offs:		
Commercial (secured by real estate)	48,707	2,936
Commercial construction	49,715	2,211
Commercial (commercial and industrial)	4,362	4,554
Residential construction	92,255	44,190
Residential mortgage	36,676	4,640
Consumer installment	1,096	1,129
Total loans charged-off	232,811	59,660
Recoveries:		
Commercial (secured by real estate)	100	972
Commercial construction	-	5
Commercial (commercial and industrial)	322	444
Residential construction	117	1,090
Residential mortgage	293	89



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Consumer installment	405	392
Total recoveries	1,237	2,992
Net charge-offs	231,574	56,668
Balance end of period	\$ 133,121	\$ 173,934

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

At March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010 and March 31, 2010, loans with a carrying value of \$857 million, \$1.02 billion and \$1.56 billion were pledged as collateral to secure FHLB advances and other contingent funding sources.

The following table presents the balance and activity in the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment and the recorded investment in loans by portfolio segment based on impairment method as of March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010 and March 31, 2010 (in thousands).

	Commercial (Secured by Real Estate)	Commercial Construction	Commercial and Industrial	Residential Construction	Residential Mortgage	Consumer Installment	Unallocated
<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2011</b>							
Allowance for loan losses:							
Beginning balance	\$31,191	\$6,780	\$7,580	\$92,571	\$22,305	\$3,030	\$11,238
Charge-offs	(46,101 )	(24,158 )	(4,363 )	(119,874)	(37,220 )	(1,095 )	-
Recoveries	100	-	322	117	293	405	-
Provision	35,069	23,359	4,048	89,706	39,751	216	(2,149 )
Ending balance	\$20,259	\$5,981	\$7,587	\$62,520	\$25,129	\$2,556	\$9,089
Ending allowance attributable to loans:							
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Collectively evaluated for impairment	20,259	5,981	7,587	62,520	25,129	2,556	9,089
Total ending allowance balance	\$20,259	\$5,981	\$7,587	\$62,520	\$25,129	\$2,556	\$9,089
Loans:							
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$17,154	\$3,624	\$-	\$22,667	\$5,157	\$-	\$-
Collectively evaluated for impairment	1,675,000	209,553	431,473	526,951	1,181,374	121,419	-
Total loans	\$1,692,154	\$213,177	\$431,473	\$549,618	\$1,186,531	\$121,419	\$-
<b>December 31, 2010</b>							
Allowance for loan losses:							
Ending allowance attributable to loans:							
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$268	\$-	\$-	\$644	\$137	\$-	\$-
Collectively evaluated for impairment	30,923	6,780	7,580	91,927	22,168	3,030	11,238
Total ending allowance balance	\$31,191	\$6,780	\$7,580	\$92,571	\$22,305	\$3,030	\$11,238
Loans:							
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$41,818	\$20,311	\$5,874	\$39,505	\$15,468	\$-	\$-
Collectively evaluated for impairment	1,719,606	276,271	435,644	655,661	1,263,312	130,656	-
Total loans	\$1,761,424	\$296,582	\$441,518	\$695,166	\$1,278,780	\$130,656	\$-
<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2010</b>							
Allowance for loan losses:							
Beginning balance	\$19,208	\$5,861	\$6,892	\$93,585	\$17,266	\$2,545	\$10,245
Charge-offs	(2,936 )	(2,211 )	(4,554 )	(44,190 )	(4,640 )	(1,129 )	-
Recoveries	972	5	444	1,090	89	392	-
Provision	4,564	4,772	3,898	53,349	6,642	1,086	689
Ending balance	\$21,808	\$8,427	\$6,680	\$103,834	\$19,357	\$2,894	\$10,934
Ending allowance attributable to loans:							
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$1,272	\$627	\$-	\$4,398	\$529	\$6	\$-
Collectively evaluated for impairment	20,536	7,800	6,680	99,436	18,828	2,888	10,934

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Total ending allowance balance	\$21,808	\$8,427	\$6,680	\$103,834	\$19,357	\$2,894	\$10,934
Loans:							
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$38,519	\$22,268	\$-	\$131,249	\$22,056	\$941	\$-
Collectively evaluated for impairment	1,726,685	334,920	380,331	829,123	1,368,214	137,739	-
Total loans	\$1,765,204	\$357,188	\$380,331	\$960,372	\$1,390,270	\$138,680	\$-

United reviews all loans that are on nonaccrual with a balance of \$500,000 or greater for impairment. A loan is considered impaired when, based on current events and circumstances, it is probable that all amounts due, according to the contractual terms of the loan, will not be collected. Impaired loans are measured based on the present value of expected future cash flows, discounted at the loan's effective interest rate, at the loan's observable market price, or the fair value of the collateral if the loan is collateral dependent. Interest payments received on impaired loans are applied as a reduction of the outstanding principal balance.

In the first quarter 2011, following the completion of a transaction to raise \$380 million in new capital, United's Board of Directors adopted an asset disposition plan which included the bulk sale of \$267 million in classified loans. Those loans were classified as held for sale at the end of the first quarter and were written down to the expected proceeds from the sale. The charge-offs on the loans transferred to held for sale in anticipation of the bulk loan sale which closed on April 18, 2011, increased first quarter 2011 loan charge offs by \$186 million.

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
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Individually evaluated impaired loans at March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010 and March 31, 2010 were as follows (in thousands).

	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010	March 31, 2010
Period-end loans with no allocated allowance for loan losses	\$ 48,602	\$ 115,338	\$ 158,559
Period-end loans with allocated allowance for loan losses	-	7,638	56,474
Total	\$ 48,602	\$ 122,976	\$ 215,033
Amount of allowance for loan losses allocated	\$ -	\$ 1,049	\$ 6,832

The average balances of impaired loans and income recognized on impaired loans while they were considered impaired is presented below for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and March 31, 2010 (in thousands).

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2011	2010
Average balance of individually evaluated impaired loans during period	\$ 95,163	\$ 210,854
Interest income recognized during impairment	-	-
Cash-basis interest income recognized	-	-

The following table presents loans individually evaluated for impairment by class of loans as of March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010 and March 31, 2010 (in thousands).

	March 31, 2011			December 31, 2010			March 31, 2010		
	Unpaid Principal Balance	Allowance for Recorded Investment Losses Allocated	Unpaid Principal Balance	Unpaid Principal Balance	Allowance for Recorded Investment Losses Allocated	Unpaid Principal Balance	Recorded Investment Losses Allocated	Unpaid Principal Balance	Allowance for Recorded Investment Losses Allocated
With no related allowance recorded:									
Commercial (secured by real estate)	\$ 27,811	\$ 17,154	\$ -	\$ 60,238	\$ 39,588	\$ -	\$ 42,498	\$ 34,589	\$ -
Commercial construction	4,360	3,624	-	33,898	20,311	-	21,855	16,018	-
Commercial (commercial and	-	-	-	10,115	5,874	-	-	-	-

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industrial)									
Total									
commercial	32,171	20,778	-	104,251	65,773	-	64,353	50,607	-
Residential									
construction	49,205	22,667	-	59,502	34,597	-	167,166	89,863	-
Residential									
mortgage	8,801	5,157	-	21,528	14,968	-	24,261	18,089	-
Consumer									
installment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total with no									
related allowance									
recorded	90,177	48,602	-	185,281	115,338	-	255,780	158,559	-
With an									
allowance									
recorded:									
Commercial									
(secured by real									
estate)	-	-	-	2,230	2,230	268	4,228	3,930	1,272
Commercial									
construction	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,372	6,250	627
Commercial									
(commercial and									
industrial)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total									
commercial	-	-	-	2,230	2,230	268	12,600	10,180	1,899
Residential									
construction	-	-	-	14,480	4,908	644	53,971	41,386	4,398
Residential									
mortgage	-	-	-	500	500	137	5,488	3,967	529
Consumer									
installment	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,111	941	6
Total with an									
allowance									
recorded	-	-	-	17,210	7,638	1,049	73,170	56,474	6,832
Total	\$ 90,177	\$ 48,602	\$ -	\$ 202,491	\$ 122,976	\$ 1,049	\$ 328,950	\$ 215,033	\$ 6,832

There were no loans more than 90 days past due and still accruing interest at March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010 or March 31, 2010. Nonaccrual loans at March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010 and March 31, 2010 were \$83.8 million, \$179 million and \$281 million, respectively. Nonaccrual loans include both smaller balance homogeneous loans that are collectively evaluated for impairment and individually evaluated impaired loans with larger balances.

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
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The following table presents the recorded investment in nonaccrual loans by loan class as of March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010 and March 31, 2010 (in thousands).

	Nonaccrual Loans					
	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010	March 31, 2010			
Commercial (secured by real estate)	\$ 20,648	\$ 44,927	\$ 45,918			
Commercial construction	3,701	21,374	23,556			
Commercial (commercial and industrial)	2,198	5,611	3,610			
Total commercial	26,547	71,912	73,084			
Residential construction	32,038	54,505	147,326			
Residential mortgage	23,711	51,083	57,920			
Consumer installment	1,473	1,594	2,472			
Total	\$ 83,769	\$ 179,094	\$ 280,802			
Balance as a percentage of unpaid principal	57.3	%	62.2	%	71.6	%

The following table presents the aging of the recorded investment in past due loans as of March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010 and March 31, 2010 by class of loans (in thousands).

As of March 31, 2011	30 - 59 Days Past Due	60 - 89 Days Past Due	Greater Than 90 Days Past Due	Total Past Due	Loans Not Past Due	Total
Commercial (secured by real estate)	\$11,522	\$9,244	\$9,659	\$30,425	\$1,661,729	\$1,692,154
Commercial construction	5,458	1,880	1,237	8,575	204,602	213,177
Commercial (commercial and industrial)	1,485	854	876	3,215	428,258	431,473
Total commercial	18,465	11,978	11,772	42,215	2,294,589	2,336,804
Residential construction	13,349	9,514	13,405	36,268	513,350	549,618
Residential mortgage	16,439	6,658	10,789	33,886	1,152,645	1,186,531
Consumer installment	1,705	346	573	2,624	118,795	121,419
Total loans	\$49,958	\$28,496	\$36,539	\$114,993	\$4,079,379	\$4,194,372
As of December 31, 2010						
Commercial (secured by real estate)	\$10,697	\$3,672	\$19,457	\$33,826	\$1,727,598	\$1,761,424
Commercial construction	4,616	2,917	9,189	16,722	279,860	296,582
Commercial (commercial and industrial)	2,016	2,620	3,092	7,728	433,790	441,518
Total commercial	17,329	9,209	31,738	58,276	2,441,248	2,499,524

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Residential construction	13,599	5,158	34,673	53,430	641,736	695,166
Residential mortgage	24,375	7,780	38,209	70,364	1,208,416	1,278,780
Consumer installment	2,104	462	808	3,374	127,282	130,656
Total loans	\$57,407	\$22,609	\$105,428	\$185,444	\$4,418,682	\$4,604,126

As of March 31, 2010

Commercial (secured by real estate)	\$21,315	\$16,281	\$36,334	\$73,930	\$1,691,274	\$1,765,204
Commercial construction	1,666	7,524	14,876	24,066	333,122	357,188
Commercial (commercial and industrial)	3,327	2,005	1,680	7,012	373,319	380,331
Total commercial	26,308	25,810	52,890	105,008	2,397,715	2,502,723
Residential construction	26,354	22,284	102,193	150,831	809,541	960,372
Residential mortgage	33,570	17,181	47,936	98,687	1,291,583	1,390,270
Consumer installment	1,941	1,213	1,093	4,247	134,433	138,680
Total loans	\$88,173	\$66,488	\$204,112	\$358,773	\$4,633,272	\$4,992,045

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
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There were no specific reserves established for loans considered to be troubled debt restructurings at March 31, 2011. As of December 31, 2010, \$173,000 of specific reserves were allocated to customers whose loan terms have been modified in troubled debt restructurings. United has committed to lend additional amounts totaling up to \$519,000 and \$1.17 million as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively, to customers with outstanding loans that are classified as troubled debt restructurings.

The following table presents additional information on troubled debt restructurings including the number of loan contracts restructured and the pre and post modification recorded investment. Also included in the table are the number of contracts and the recorded investment for those trouble debt restructurings that have subsequently defaulted (dollars in thousands).

	Number of Contracts	Pre-	Post-	Troubled Debt	
		Modification Outstanding	Modification Outstanding	Restructurings That Have Subsequently Defaulted	
		Recorded	Recorded	Number of	Recorded
As of March 31, 2011		Investment	Investment	Contracts	Investment
Commercial (secured by real estate)	29	\$ 25,094	\$ 22,211	3	\$ 1,799
Commercial construction	6	9,622	9,622	-	-
Commercial (commercial and industrial)	5	155	155	-	-
Total commercial	40	34,871	31,988	3	1,799
Residential construction	54	14,582	13,759	4	972
Residential mortgage	32	4,013	3,882	3	278
Consumer installment	7	122	117	-	-
Total loans	133	\$ 53,588	\$ 49,746	10	\$ 3,049
As of December 31, 2010					
Commercial (secured by real estate)	41	\$ 40,649	\$ 36,759	3	\$ 1,402
Commercial construction	16	37,980	37,067	2	1,083
Commercial (commercial and industrial)	7	645	364	1	7
Total commercial	64	79,274	74,190	6	2,492
Residential construction	63	22,012	20,782	11	2,028
Residential mortgage	43	6,574	6,285	4	324
Consumer installment	7	124	124	-	-
Total loans	177	\$ 107,984	\$ 101,381	21	\$ 4,844
As of March 31, 2010					
Commercial (secured by real estate)	36	\$ 30,367	\$ 30,264	1	\$ 747
Commercial construction	8	19,793	18,008	1	311
Commercial (commercial and industrial)	5	248	248	-	-
Total commercial	49	50,408	48,520	2	1,058
Residential construction	31	16,439	14,955	6	1,259
Residential mortgage	25	5,911	5,860	1	3



Consumer installment	6	1,331	1,331	-	-
Total loans	111	\$ 74,089	\$ 70,666	9	\$2,320

### Risk Ratings

United categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt such as: current financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, public information, current economic trends, among other factors. United analyzes loans individually by classifying the loans as to credit risk. This analysis is performed on a continuous basis. United uses the following definitions for its risk ratings:

Watch. Weakness exists that could cause future impairment, including the deterioration of financial ratios, past due status and questionable management capabilities. Collateral values generally afford adequate coverage, but may not be immediately marketable.

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
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Substandard. Specific and well-defined weaknesses exist that may include poor liquidity and deterioration of financial ratios. The loan may be past due and related deposit accounts experiencing overdrafts. Immediate corrective action is necessary.

Doubtful. Specific weaknesses characterized as Substandard that are severe enough to make collection in full unlikely. There is no reliable secondary source of full repayment.

Loss. Loans categorized as Loss have the same characteristics as Doubtful however probability of loss is certain. Loans classified as such are generally charged-off.

Loans not meeting the criteria above that are analyzed individually as part of the above described process are considered to be pass rated loans. Loans listed as not rated are generally new loans that have not yet been assigned a grade or loan payments that have not yet been posted to the loan accounting system.

As of March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010 and March 31, 2010, and based on the most recent analysis performed, the risk category of loans by class of loans is as follows (in thousands).

As of March 31, 2011	Pass	Watch	Substandard	Doubtful / Loss	Not Rated	Total
Commercial (secured by real estate)	\$1,466,583	\$82,715	\$140,299	\$-	\$2,557	\$1,692,154
Commercial construction	166,780	8,205	38,586	-	(394 )	213,177
Commercial (commercial and industrial)	410,133	6,824	18,608	-	(4,092 )	431,473
Total commercial	2,043,496	97,744	197,493	-	(1,929 )	2,336,804
Residential construction	377,590	60,463	112,572	-	(1,007 )	549,618
Residential mortgage	1,052,604	40,779	92,843	-	305	1,186,531
Consumer installment	114,401	626	3,829	-	2,563	121,419
Total loans	\$3,588,091	\$199,612	\$406,737	\$-	\$(68 )	\$4,194,372

As of December 31, 2010

Commercial (secured by real estate)	\$1,475,992	\$82,762	\$201,688	\$-	\$982	\$1,761,424
Commercial construction	174,049	10,413	112,120	-	-	296,582
Commercial (commercial and industrial)	403,986	15,153	22,379	-	-	441,518
Total commercial	2,054,027	108,328	336,187	-	982	2,499,524
Residential construction	398,926	82,973	213,267	-	-	695,166
Residential mortgage	1,101,645	38,378	136,915	-	1,842	1,278,780
Consumer installment	122,056	650	4,872	-	3,078	130,656
Total loans	\$3,676,654	\$230,329	\$691,241	\$-	\$5,902	\$4,604,126

As of March 31, 2010

	\$1,492,357	\$74,964	\$196,711	\$-	\$1,172	\$1,765,204
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Commercial (secured by real estate)						
Commercial construction	245,795	11,833	98,862	-	698	357,188
Commercial (commercial and industrial)	331,798	6,711	39,671	70	2,081	380,331
Total commercial	2,069,950	93,508	335,244	70	3,951	2,502,723
Residential construction	542,627	114,747	300,882	238	1,878	960,372
Residential mortgage	1,203,330	45,996	138,720	136	2,088	1,390,270
Consumer installment	134,194	333	6,388	8	(2,243)	138,680
Total loans	\$3,950,101	\$254,584	\$781,234	\$452	\$5,674	\$4,992,045

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## Note 6 – Foreclosed Property

Major classifications of foreclosed properties at March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010 and March 31, 2010 are summarized as follows (in thousands).

	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010	March 31, 2010		
Commercial (secured by real estate)	\$ 15,500	\$ 25,893	\$ 22,694		
Commercial construction	11,568	17,808	14,435		
Total commercial	27,068	43,701	37,129		
Residential construction	67,406	91,385	82,095		
Residential mortgage	12,927	23,687	27,043		
Total foreclosed property	107,401	158,773	146,267		
Less valuation allowance	53,023	16,565	9,992		
Foreclosed property, net	\$ 54,378	\$ 142,208	\$ 136,275		
 Balance as a percentage of original loan unpaid principal	 30.3	 %	 64.4	 %	 65.9
					%

Activity in the valuation allowance for foreclosed property is presented in the following table (in thousands).

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011	2010
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 16,565	\$ 7,433
Additions charged to expense	48,585	4,579
Direct write downs	(12,127 )	(2,020 )
Balance at end of year	\$ 53,023	\$ 9,992

Expenses related to foreclosed assets include (in thousands).

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011	2010
Net loss on sales	\$ 12,020	\$ 3,518
Provision for unrealized losses	48,585	4,579
Operating expenses, net of rental income	4,294	2,716
Total foreclosed property expense	\$ 64,899	\$ 10,813

## Note 7 – Earnings Per Share

United is required to report on the face of the statement of operations, loss per common share with and without the dilutive effects of potential common stock issuances from instruments such as options, convertible securities and warrants. Basic earnings per common share is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period while the effects of potential common shares outstanding during the period are included in diluted earnings per common share. During the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, United accrued dividends on Series A preferred stock totaling \$3,000. In the first quarter of 2011 and 2010, United accrued dividends of \$2.60 million and \$2.57 million on Series B preferred stock. Additionally, in the first quarter of 2011, United accrued \$173,000 of dividends on Series D preferred stock. The preferred stock dividends were subtracted from net loss in order to arrive at net loss available to common shareholders. There is no dilution from potentially dilutive securities for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, due to the antidilutive effect of the net loss for those periods.

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The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted loss per share for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 (in thousands, except per share data).

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2011	2010
Net loss available to common shareholders	\$ (145,264)	\$ (35,865)
Weighted average shares outstanding:		
Basic	92,330	94,390
Effect of dilutive securities		
Stock options	-	-
Warrants	-	-
Diluted	92,330	94,390
Loss per common share:		
Basic	\$ (1.57 )	\$ (.38 )
Diluted	\$ (1.57 )	\$ (.38 )

At March 31, 2011, United had a number of potentially dilutive securities outstanding including 182,661,503 shares issuable upon the expected conversion of Series F and Series G preferred stock. Such securities are mandatorily convertible to common stock upon shareholder approval. United is requesting shareholder approval at its annual shareholders' meeting on June 16, 2011. Other potentially dilutive securities include a warrant to purchase 1,099,542 common shares at \$12.28 per share issued to the U.S. Treasury in connection with the issuance of United's Series B preferred stock; 648,350 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants attached to trust preferred securities with an exercise price of \$20.00 per share; 3,326,543 shares issuable upon exercise of stock options granted to employees with a weighted average exercise price of \$18.71; 77,075 shares issuable upon completion of vesting of restricted stock awards; 7,058,824 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants exercisable at \$4.25 per share, granted to Fletcher International in connection with the 2010 asset purchase and sale agreement; 12,380,952 shares issuable upon conversion of preferred stock if Fletcher International exercises its option to purchase \$65 million in convertible preferred stock, convertible at \$5.25 per share; 5,813,953 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants, exercisable at \$6.02 per share to be granted to Fletcher International upon exercise of its option to acquire preferred stock; and 7,755,631 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants owned by Elm Ridge Off Shore Fund and Elm Ridge Value Fund, exercisable at \$2.50 per share. Additionally, there were 48,000,000 shares potentially issuable under the indemnification provisions of United's first quarter private equity transaction if a change of ownership is deemed to have occurred under Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code. Management does not believe there was an ownership change prior to, or in connection with, the private equity transaction completed in the first quarter. Therefore management does not expect the indemnity shares to be issued. A final determination on whether a change of ownership occurred and whether the indemnity shares will be issued as a result, is expected to be completed by June 30, 2011.

Note 8 – Derivatives and Hedging Activities

Risk Management Objective of Using Derivatives

United is exposed to certain risks arising from both its business operations and economic conditions. United principally manages its exposures to a wide variety of business and operational risks through management of its core business activities. United manages interest rate risk primarily by managing the amount, sources, and duration of its investment securities portfolio and debt funding and through the use of derivative financial instruments. Specifically, United enters into derivative financial instruments to manage exposures that arise from business activities that result in the receipt or payment of future known and uncertain cash amounts, the value of which are determined by interest rates. United's derivative financial instruments are used to manage differences in the amount, timing, and duration of United's known or expected cash receipts and its known or expected cash payments principally related to United's loans and wholesale borrowings.

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The table below presents the fair value of United's derivative financial instruments as well as their classification on the consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010 and March 31, 2010.

Derivatives designated as hedging instruments under ASC 815 Hedge Accounting (in thousands).

Interest Rate Products	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value		
		March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010	March 31, 2010
Asset derivatives	Other assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,113

As of March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010 and March 31, 2010, United did not have any derivatives in a net liability position.

#### Cash Flow Hedges of Interest Rate Risk

United's objectives in using interest rate derivatives are to add stability to net interest revenue and to manage its exposure to interest rate movements. To accomplish this objective, United primarily uses interest rate swaps as part of its interest rate risk management strategy. For United's variable-rate loans, interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of fixed-rate amounts from a counterparty in exchange for United making variable-rate payments over the life of the agreements without exchange of the underlying notional amount. Interest rate floors designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of variable-rate amounts from a counterparty if interest rates fall below the strike rate on the contract in exchange for an up front premium. United had no active derivative contracts outstanding at March 31, 2011 or December 31, 2010 that were designated as cash flow hedges of interest rate risk.

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives designated, and that qualify as cash flow hedges is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income and is subsequently reclassified into earnings in the period that the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings. During 2010, such derivatives were used to hedge the variable cash flows associated with existing prime-based, variable-rate loans. The ineffective portion of the change in fair value of the derivatives is recognized directly in earnings. During the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, \$1.30 million and \$522,000, respectively, in hedge ineffectiveness was recognized in other fee revenue.

Amounts reported in accumulated other comprehensive income related to derivatives will be reclassified to interest revenue as interest payments are received on United's prime-based, variable-rate loans. At March 31, 2011, the amount included in other comprehensive income represents deferred gains from terminated cash flow hedges where the forecasted hedging transaction is expected to remain effective over the remaining unexpired term of the original contract. Such gains are being deferred and recognized over the remaining life of the contract on a straight line basis. During the three months ended March 31, 2011, United accelerated the reclassification of \$1.30 million in gains from terminated positions as a result of forecasted transactions becoming probable not to occur. During the next twelve months, United estimates that an additional \$10.2 million of the deferred gains on terminated cash flow hedging positions will be reclassified as an increase to interest revenue.

#### Fair Value Hedges of Interest Rate Risk



United is exposed to changes in the fair value of certain of its fixed rate obligations due to changes in LIBOR, a benchmark interest rate. United uses interest rate swaps to manage its exposure to changes in fair value on these instruments attributable to changes in the benchmark interest rate. Interest rate swaps designated as fair value hedges involve the receipt of fixed-rate amounts from a counterparty in exchange for United making variable rate payments over the life of the agreements without the exchange of the underlying notional amount. As of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, United had no active derivatives designated as fair value hedges of interest rate risk.

For derivatives designated and that qualify as fair value hedges, the gain or loss on the derivative as well as the offsetting loss or gain on the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk are recognized in earnings. United includes the gain or loss on the hedged items in the same line item as the offsetting loss or gain on the related derivatives. During the three months ended March 31, 2010, United recognized net gains of \$88,000 related to ineffectiveness of the fair value hedging relationships. United also recognized a net reduction of interest expense of \$1.39 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 related to United's fair value hedges, which includes net settlements on the derivatives. There were no active fair value hedges during the first quarter of 2011.

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Tabular Disclosure of the Effect of Derivative Instruments on the Income Statement

The tables below present the effect of United's derivative financial instruments on the consolidated statement of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010.

Derivatives in Fair Value Hedging Relationships (in thousands).

Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative	Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative		Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Hedged Item	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Other fee revenue	\$ -	\$ (1,195 )	\$ -	\$ 1,283

Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships (in thousands).

	Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Other Comprehensive Income on Derivative (Effective Portion)		Gain (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income into Income (Effective Portion)	
	2011	2010	Location	
			Interest revenue	\$2,923
			Other income	1,303
Interest rate products	\$-	\$1,475	Total	\$4,226
				\$6,012
				522
				\$6,534

Credit-risk-related Contingent Features

United manages its credit exposure on derivatives transactions by entering into a bi-lateral credit support agreement with each counterparty. The credit support agreements require collateralization of exposures beyond specified minimum threshold amounts. The details of these agreements, including the minimum thresholds, vary by counterparty. At March 31, 2011, United had no active derivative positions and therefore no credit support agreements remained in effect.

Note 9 – Stock-Based Compensation

United has an equity compensation plan that allows for grants of incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options, restricted stock awards (also referred to as “nonvested stock” awards), stock awards, performance share awards or stock appreciation rights. Options granted under the plan can have an exercise price no less than the fair market value of the underlying stock at the date of grant. The general terms of the plan include a vesting period (usually four years) with an exercisable period not to exceed ten years. Certain option and restricted stock awards provide for accelerated vesting if there is a change in control (as defined in the plan). As of March 31, 2011, approximately 1,276,000

additional awards could be granted under the plan. Through March 31, 2011, only incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options and restricted stock awards and units had been granted under the plan.

The following table shows stock option activity for the first three months of 2011.

Options	Shares	Weighted-Average Exercise Price	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (\$000)
Outstanding at December 31, 2010	3,391,577	\$ 18.60		
Expired	(65,034 )	12.98		
Outstanding at March 31, 2011	3,326,543	18.71	4.5	\$-
Exercisable at March 31, 2011	2,681,281	19.81	3.8	-

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No options were granted during the first three months of 2011. The fair value of each option is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes model. Because United's option plan has not been in place long enough to gather sufficient information about exercise patterns to establish an expected life, United uses the formula provided by the SEC in SAB No. 107 to determine the expected life of options.

The weighted average assumptions used to determine the fair value of stock options are presented in the table below.

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2011	2010	
Expected volatility	NA	55.00	%
Expected dividend yield	NA	0.00	%
Expected life (in years)	NA	6.25	
Risk-free rate	NA	3.12	%

For 2010, expected volatility was determined using United's historical monthly volatility for over a period of 25 quarters ending December 31, 2009. Compensation expense relating to stock options of \$441,000 and \$662,000, was included in earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Deferred tax benefits of \$172,000 and \$266,000, respectively, were included in the determination of income tax benefit for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2011 and 2010. The amount of compensation expense for both periods was determined based on the fair value of the options at the time of grant, multiplied by the number of options granted that are expected to vest, which was then amortized over the vesting period. The forfeiture rate for options is estimated to be approximately 3% per year. No options were exercised during the first three months of 2011 or 2010.

The table below presents the activity in restricted stock awards for the first three months of 2011.

Restricted Stock	Shares	Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value
Outstanding at December 31, 2010	116,082	\$ 11.94
Vested	(39,007)	10.38
Outstanding at March 31, 2011	77,075	12.73

Compensation expense for restricted stock is based on the fair value of restricted stock awards at the time of grant, which is equal to the value of United's common stock on the date of grant. The value of restricted stock grants that are expected to vest is amortized into expense over the vesting period. For the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, compensation expense of \$107,000 and \$170,000, respectively, was recognized related to restricted stock awards. The total intrinsic value of the restricted stock was \$180,000 at March 31, 2011.

As of March 31, 2011, there was \$1.73 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock options and restricted stock awards granted under the plan. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.6 years. The aggregate grant date fair value of options and restricted stock awards that vested during the

three months ended March 31, 2011, was \$423,000.

Note 10 – Common and Preferred Stock Issued / Common Stock Issuable

United sponsors a Dividend Reinvestment and Share Purchase Plan (“DRIP”) that allows participants who already own United’s common stock to purchase additional shares directly from the company. The DRIP also allows participants to automatically reinvest their quarterly dividends in additional shares of common stock without a commission. United’s 401(k) retirement plan regularly purchases shares of United’s common stock directly from United. In addition, United has an Employee Stock Purchase Program (“ESPP”) that allows eligible employees to purchase shares of common stock at a 5% discount, with no commission charges. For the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, United issued 230,096 and 125,021 shares, respectively, and increased capital by \$375,000 and \$511,000, respectively, through these programs. The DRIP program has been suspended until 2012 when United expects to regain its S-3 filing status.

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United offers its common stock as an investment option in its deferred compensation plan. The common stock component of the deferred compensation plan is accounted for as an equity instrument and is reflected in the consolidated financial statements as common stock issuable. At March 31, 2011 and 2010, 397,138 and 262,002 shares, respectively, were issuable under the deferred compensation plan.

On February 22, 2011, United entered into a share exchange agreement (the "Share Exchange Agreement") with Elm Ridge Offshore Master Fund, Ltd. and Elm Ridge Value Partners, L.P. (collectively referred to as "Elm Ridge Parties"). Under the Share Exchange Agreement, the Elm Ridge Parties agreed to transfer to the Company 7,755,631 shares of the Company's common stock in exchange for 16,613 shares of the Company's cumulative perpetual preferred stock, Series D and warrants to purchase 7,755,631 common shares with an exercise price of \$2.50 per share that expires on August 22, 2013. This exchange transaction did not result in a net increase or decrease to total shareholder's equity for the quarter ended March 31, 2011.

During the first quarter of 2011, United entered into investment agreements (the "Investment Agreements") with Corsair Georgia, L.P. ("Corsair") and a group of institutional investors (the "Additional Investors"). United issued 17,338,497 of the Company's common stock for \$1.90 per share, 195,872 shares of mandatorily convertible cumulative non-voting perpetual preferred stock, Series F (the "Series F Preferred Stock"), and 151,185 shares of mandatorily convertible cumulative non-voting perpetual preferred stock, Series G (the "Series G Preferred Stock"). Under the terms of the Investment Agreements and following receipt of required shareholder approvals, the Series F Preferred Stock will be mandatorily convertible into 103,090,506 shares of voting common stock and the Series G Preferred Stock will be mandatorily convertible into 79,570,997 shares of non-voting common stock. This private placement transaction resulted in an increase to shareholders' equity of \$363 million, net of \$17.5 million in issuance costs. Upon the conversion of the convertible preferred sock, Corsair will own approximately 22.5% of United's pro forma outstanding common stock. The Additional Investors will own approximately 47.2% of United's pro forma outstanding common stock.

Note 11 – Reclassifications

Certain 2010 amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2011 presentation.

Note 12 – Discontinued Operations

On March 31, 2010, United completed the sale of its consulting subsidiary, Brintech, Inc. ("Brintech"). The sales price was \$2.9 million with United covering certain costs related to the sale transaction resulting in a net, pre-tax gain of \$2.1 million. As a result of the sale, Brintech is presented in the consolidated financial statements as a discontinued operation with all revenue and expenses related to the sold operations deconsolidated from the consolidated statement of operations for all periods presented. The net results of operations from Brintech are reported on a separate line on the consolidated statement of operations titled "Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes." The gain from the sale, net of income taxes and selling costs, is presented on a separate line titled "Gain from sale of subsidiary, net of income taxes and selling costs."

Note 13 – Transaction with Fletcher International

On April 1, 2010, United entered into a securities purchase agreement with Fletcher International, Ltd. and the Bank entered into an asset purchase and sale agreement with Fletcher International, Inc. and certain affiliates thereof. Under the terms of the agreements, the Bank sold \$103 million in nonperforming commercial and residential mortgage loans and foreclosed properties to Fletcher's affiliates with a nominal aggregate sales price equal to the Bank's carrying

amount. The nonperforming assets sale transaction closed on April 30, 2010. The consideration for the sale consisted of \$20.6 million in cash and a loan for \$82.4 million. As part of the agreement, Fletcher received a warrant to acquire 7,058,824 shares of United's common stock at a price of \$4.25 per share. In accordance with the terms of the securities purchase agreement, Fletcher has the right during the next two years to purchase up to \$65 million in United's Series C Convertible Preferred Stock. The Series C Convertible Preferred Stock pays a dividend equal to the lesser of 8% or LIBOR plus 4%. The Series C Convertible Preferred Stock is convertible by Fletcher into common stock at \$5.25 per share (12,380,952 shares). If Fletcher has not purchased all of the Series C Convertible Preferred Stock by May 31, 2011, it must pay United 5% of the commitment amount not purchased by such date, and it must pay United an additional 5% of the commitment amount not purchased by May 31, 2012. In addition, Fletcher will receive an additional warrant to purchase \$35 million in common stock at \$6.02 per share (5,813,953 shares) when it purchases the last \$35 million of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock. All of the warrants settle on a cashless exercise basis and the net shares to be delivered upon cashless exercise will be less than what would have been issuable if the warrant had been exercised for cash.

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All of the components of the transaction, including all equity instruments issued under the securities purchase agreement and the notes receivable received as consideration from the sale of nonperforming assets were recorded at fair value. Because the value of the equity instruments and assets exchanged in the transaction exceeded the value of the cash and notes receivable received, United recorded a loss of \$45.3 million on the transaction with Fletcher.

The table below presents a summary of the assets and equity instruments transferred and received at their respective fair values (\$ in thousands, except per share amounts).

	Valuation Approach	Fair Value Hierarchy	Fair Value
Warrants Issued / Assets Transferred to Fletcher at Fair Value:			
Warrant to purchase \$30 million in common stock at \$4.25 per share	Black-Scholes	Level 3	\$17,577
Option to purchase convertible preferred stock and warrant	Monte-Carlo Simulation	Level 3	22,236
Fair value of equity instruments recognized in capital surplus			39,813
Foreclosed properties transferred under Asset Purchase Agreement	Appraised Value	Level 2	33,434
Nonperforming loans transferred under Asset Purchase Agreement	Collateral Appraised Value	Level 2	69,655
Total nonperforming assets transferred			103,089
Total value of assets and equity instruments transferred			142,902
Less - Cash and Notes Receivable Received in Exchange at Fair Value:			
Cash down payment received from asset sale	NA	NA	20,618
Notes receivable (par value \$82,471, net of \$4,531 discount)	Discounted Cash Flows	Level 3	77,940
Total value of cash and notes receivable received			98,558
Fair value of assets and equity instruments transferred in excess of cash and notes received			44,344
Transaction fees			1,005
Loss recognized on Fletcher transaction			\$45,349

The \$17.6 million value of the warrant to purchase \$30 million in common stock was determined as of April 1, 2010, the date the terms were agreed to. The following modeling assumptions were used: dividend yield - 0%; risk-free interest rate - 3.89%; current stock price - \$4.77; term - 9 years; and volatility - 33%. Although most of the modeling assumptions were based on observable data, because of the subjectivity involved in estimating expected volatility, the valuation is considered Level 3.

The \$22.2 million value of the option to purchase convertible preferred stock and warrant was determined by an independent valuation firm using a Monte Carlo Simulation method appropriate for valuing complex securities with derivatives. The model uses 50,000 simulations of daily stock price paths using geometric Brownian motion and



incorporates in a unified way all conversion, exercise and contingency conditions. Because of the significant assumptions involved in the valuation process, not all of which were based on observable data, the valuation is considered to be Level 3.

The \$103 million of nonperforming assets sold were transferred at United's carrying amount which had previously been written down to appraised value. Because the appraisals were based on sales of similar assets (observable data), the valuation is considered to be Level 2.

The \$82.5 million of notes receivable were recorded at their estimated fair value of \$77.9 million, net of a \$4.5 million interest discount, which was determined based on discounted expected cash flows over the term at a rate commensurate with the credit risk inherent in the notes. The contractual rate on the notes is fixed at 3.5% for five years. The discount rate used for purposes of determining the fair value of the notes was 5.48% based on the terms, structure and risk profile of the notes. Note prepayments were estimated based on the expected marketing time for the underlying collateral since the notes require that principal be reduced as the underlying assets are sold. The valuation is considered Level 3 due to estimated prepayments which have a significant impact on the value and are not based on observable data.

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## Note 14 – Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value

## Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The table below presents United's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010 and March 31, 2010, aggregated by the level in the fair value hierarchy within which those measurements fall (in thousands).

March 31, 2011	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<b>Assets</b>				
Securities available for sale:				
U.S. Government agencies	\$-	\$93,778	\$-	\$93,778
State and political subdivisions	-	27,833	-	27,833
Mortgage-backed securities	-	1,410,411	4,434	1,414,845
Other	-	101,688	350	102,038
Deferred compensation plan assets	3,107	-	-	3,107
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$3,107</b>	<b>\$1,633,710</b>	<b>\$4,784</b>	<b>\$1,641,601</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Deferred compensation plan liability	\$3,107	\$-	\$-	\$3,107
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>\$3,107</b>	<b>\$-</b>	<b>\$-</b>	<b>\$3,107</b>
December 31, 2010	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<b>Assets</b>				
Securities available for sale:				
U.S. Government agencies	\$-	\$98,480	\$-	\$98,480
State and political subdivisions	-	28,442	-	28,442
Mortgage-backed securities	-	986,074	4,934	991,008
Other	-	106,137	350	106,487
Deferred compensation plan assets	3,252	-	-	3,252
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$3,252</b>	<b>\$1,219,133</b>	<b>\$5,284</b>	<b>\$1,227,669</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Deferred compensation plan liability	\$3,252	\$-	\$-	\$3,252
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>\$3,252</b>	<b>\$-</b>	<b>\$-</b>	<b>\$3,252</b>
March 31, 2010	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<b>Assets</b>				
Securities available for sale:				
U.S. Government agencies	\$-	\$296,578	\$10,000	\$306,578
State and political subdivisions	-	64,544	-	64,544

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Mortgage-backed securities	-	1,115,153	27,026	1,142,179
Other	-	12,238	1,050	13,288
Deferred compensation plan assets	3,420	-	-	3,420
Derivative financial instruments	-	6,113	-	6,113
Total	\$3,420	\$1,494,626	\$38,076	\$1,536,122
Liabilities				
Deferred compensation plan liability	\$3,420	\$-	\$-	\$3,420
Total liabilities	\$3,420	\$-	\$-	\$3,420

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The following table shows a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances for assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs that are classified as Level 3 values (in thousands).

	Securities Available for Sale
Balance at December 31, 2010	\$ 5,284
Amounts included in earnings	(8 )
Purchases, sales, issuances, settlements, maturities, paydowns, net	(492 )
Balance at March 31, 2011	\$ 4,784

## Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis

United may be required, from time to time, to measure certain assets at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. These include assets that are measured at the lower of cost or market that were recognized at fair value below cost at the end of the period. The table below presents United's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis as of March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010 and March 31, 2010, aggregated by the level in the fair value hierarchy within which those measurements fall (in thousands).

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
March 31, 2011				
Assets				
Loans	\$-	\$-	\$34,241	\$34,241
Loans held for sale	-	-	80,629	80,629
Foreclosed properties	-	-	53,102	53,102
Total	\$-	\$-	\$167,972	\$167,972
December 31, 2010				
Assets				
Loans	\$-	\$-	\$106,904	\$106,904
Foreclosed properties	-	-	85,072	85,072
Total	\$-	\$-	\$191,976	\$191,976
March 31, 2010				
Assets				
Loans	\$-	\$-	\$175,166	\$175,166
Foreclosed properties	-	-	93,060	93,060
Total	\$-	\$-	\$268,226	\$268,226

## Assets and Liabilities Not Measured at Fair Value

For financial instruments that have quoted market prices, those quotes are used to determine fair value. Financial instruments that have no defined maturity, have a remaining maturity of 180 days or less, or reprice frequently to a

market rate, are assumed to have a fair value that approximates reported book value, after taking into consideration any applicable credit risk. If no market quotes are available, financial instruments are valued by discounting the expected cash flows using an estimated current market interest rate for the financial instrument. For off-balance sheet derivative instruments, fair value is estimated as the amount that United would receive or pay to terminate the contracts at the reporting date, taking into account the current unrealized gains or losses on open contracts.

The short maturity of United's assets and liabilities results in having a significant number of financial instruments whose fair value equals or closely approximates carrying value. Such financial instruments are reported in the following balance sheet captions: cash and cash equivalents, mortgage loans held for sale, federal funds purchased, repurchase agreements and other short-term borrowings. The fair value of securities available for sale equals the balance sheet value. As of March 31, 2010 the fair value of interest rate contracts used for balance sheet management was an asset of approximately \$6.11 million. United did not have any active derivative contracts outstanding at March 31, 2011 or December 31, 2010.

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Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant market information and information about the financial instrument. These estimates do not reflect the premium or discount on any particular financial instrument that could result from the sale of United's entire holdings. Because no ready market exists for a significant portion of United's financial instruments, fair value estimates are based on many judgments. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and therefore cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the estimates.

Fair value estimates are based on existing on and off-balance sheet financial instruments without attempting to estimate the value of anticipated future business and the value of assets and liabilities that are not considered financial instruments. Significant assets and liabilities that are not considered financial instruments include the mortgage banking operation, brokerage network, deferred income taxes, premises and equipment and goodwill. In addition, the tax ramifications related to the realization of the unrealized gains and losses can have significant effect on fair value estimates and have not been considered in the estimates.

Off-balance sheet instruments (commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit) are generally short-term and at variable rates. Therefore, both the carrying amount and the estimated fair value associated with these instruments are immaterial.

The carrying amount and fair values for other financial instruments that are not measured at fair value in United's balance sheet at March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010, and March 31, 2010 are as follows (in thousands).

	March 31, 2011		December 31, 2010		March 31, 2010	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Assets:						
Securities held to maturity	\$245,430	\$248,361	\$265,807	\$267,988	\$-	\$-
Loans, net	4,061,251	3,933,549	4,429,431	4,196,142	4,818,111	4,477,941
Liabilities:						
Deposits	6,597,748	6,588,398	6,469,172	6,481,867	6,487,588	6,513,488
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	55,125	58,965	55,125	59,498	114,303	120,422
Long-term debt	150,166	124,603	150,146	93,536	150,086	119,400

#### Note 15 – Subsequent Event

On April 18, 2011, United completed the bulk sale of \$80.6 million of loans that were reported as held for sale at March 31, 2011. The proceeds from the bulk sale were \$86.5 million which will result in an allowance for loan loss recovery in the second quarter of 2011.

Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Forward-Looking Statements

This Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, (the “Securities Act”), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, (the “Exchange Act”), about United and its subsidiaries. These forward-looking statements are intended to be covered by the safe harbor for forward-looking statements provided by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are not statements of historical fact, and can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as “believes”, “expects”, “may”, “will”, “could”, “should”, “projects”, “plans”, “goal”, “targets”, “potential”, “seeks”, “intends”, or “anticipates” or the negative thereof or comparable terminology. Forward-looking statements include discussions of strategy, financial projections, guidance and estimates (including their underlying assumptions), statements regarding plans, objectives, expectations or consequences of various transactions, and statements about the future performance, operations, products and services of United and its subsidiaries. We caution our shareholders and other readers not to place undue reliance on such statements.

Our businesses and operations are and will be subject to a variety of risks, uncertainties and other factors. Consequently, actual results and experience may materially differ from those contained in any forward-looking statements. Such risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results and experience to differ from those projected include, but are not limited to, the risk factors set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, as well as the following:

- the condition of the banking system and financial markets;
  - our ability to become profitable;
- the results of our most recent internal credit stress test may not accurately predict the impact on our financial condition if the economy was to continue to deteriorate;
  - our ability to raise capital as may be necessary;
  - our ability to maintain liquidity or access other sources of funding;
    - changes in the cost and availability of funding;
  - the success of the local economies in which we operate;
- our concentrations of residential and commercial construction and development loans and commercial real estate loans are subject to unique risks that could adversely affect our earnings;
  - changes in prevailing interest rates may negatively affect our net income and the value of our assets;
    - the accounting and reporting policies of United;
  - if our allowance for loan losses is not sufficient to cover actual loan losses;
- we may be subject to losses due to fraudulent and negligent conduct of our loan customers, third party service providers or employees;
  - our ability to fully realize our deferred tax asset balances;
  - competition from financial institutions and other financial service providers;
  - the United States Department of Treasury may change the terms of our Series B Preferred Stock;
    - risks with respect to future expansion and acquisitions;
  - conditions in the stock market, the public debt market and other capital markets deteriorate;
- the impact of the Dodd-Frank Act and related regulations and other changes in financial services laws and regulations;
  - the failure of other financial institutions;
- a special assessment that may be imposed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (“FDIC”) on all FDIC-insured institutions in the future, similar to the assessment in 2009 that decreased our earnings; and
- regulatory or judicial proceedings, board resolutions, informal memorandums of understanding or formal enforcement actions imposed by regulators that occur, or any such proceedings or enforcement actions that is more

severe than we anticipate.

All written or oral forward-looking statements attributable to us or any person acting on our behalf made after the date of this prospectus supplement are expressly qualified in their entirety by the risk factors and cautionary statements set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

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## Overview

The following discussion is intended to provide insight into the results of operations and financial condition of United Community Bank, Inc. (“United”) and its subsidiaries and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes.

United is a bank holding company registered with the Federal Reserve under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 that was incorporated under the laws of the state of Georgia in 1987 and commenced operations in 1988. At March 31, 2011, United had total consolidated assets of \$7.97 billion, total loans of \$4.19 billion, excluding the loans acquired from Southern Community Bank (“SCB”) that are covered by loss sharing agreements and therefore have a different risk profile and loans that were classified as held for sale that have been written down to the expected proceeds from sales based on indicative bids. United also had total deposits of \$6.60 billion and stockholders’ equity of \$850 million.

United’s activities are primarily conducted by its wholly owned Georgia banking subsidiary (the “Bank”). The Bank operations are conducted under a community bank model that operates 27 “community banks” with local bank presidents and boards in north Georgia, the Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, Georgia metropolitan statistical area (the “Atlanta MSA”), the Gainesville, Georgia metropolitan statistical area (the “Gainesville MSA”), coastal Georgia, western North Carolina, and east Tennessee. On March 31, 2010, United sold Brintech, Inc., (“Brintech”) a consulting services firm for the financial services industry, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$2.1 million, net of selling costs. The income statements for all periods presented reflect Brintech as a discontinued operation with revenue, expenses and income taxes related to Brintech removed from revenue, expenses, income taxes and loss from continuing operations. The balance sheet and cash flow statement have not been adjusted to reflect Brintech as a discontinued operation as Brintech’s assets and contribution to cash flows were not material.

Operating loss from continuing operations and operating loss from continuing operations per diluted share are non-GAAP performance measures. United’s management believes that operating performance is useful in analyzing United’s financial performance trends since it excludes items that are non-recurring in nature and therefore most of the discussion in this section will refer to operating performance measures. A reconciliation of these operating performance measures to GAAP performance measures is included in the table on page 34.

United reported a net operating loss from continuing operations of \$142 million for the first quarter of 2011. This compared to a net operating loss from continuing operations of \$34.5 million for the first quarter of 2010. Diluted operating loss from continuing operations per common share was \$1.57 for the first quarter of 2011, compared to a diluted operating loss from continuing operations per common share of \$.39 for the first quarter of 2010. The first quarter of 2011 operating loss reflects the Board of Director’s decision to adopt the Problem Asset Disposition Plan described below under “Recent Developments” to quickly dispose of problem assets following United’s successful Private Placement described below under “Recent Developments.”

United’s operating provision for loan losses was \$190 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011, compared to \$75.0 million for the same period in 2010. During the first quarter of 2011, performing substandard loans with a pre-charge down carrying amount of \$166 million and nonperforming loans with a pre-charge down carrying amount of \$101 million were collectively written down to the expected sales proceeds of \$80.6 million, in conjunction with the Bulk Loan Sale described below under “Recent Developments.” Net charge-offs for the first quarter of 2011 were \$232 million, of which \$186 million related to the transfer of loans to the held for sale classification and \$26.1 million of charge-offs for other first quarter bulk loan sales and foreclosure write downs for accelerated disposition in accordance with the Problem Asset Disposition Plan. As of March 31, 2011, United’s allowance for loan losses of \$133 million, or 3.17% of loans, compared to \$174 million, or 3.48% of loans, at March 31, 2010. Nonperforming assets of \$138 million, which excludes assets of SCB that are covered by loss sharing agreements with the FDIC,

decreased to 1.73% of total assets at March 31, 2011, compared to 4.32% as of December 31, 2010 and 5.32% as of March 31, 2010. The decrease in this ratio was due to the execution of the Problem Asset Disposition Plan and a general improving trend in credit quality indicators.

Taxable equivalent net interest revenue was \$56.4 million for the first quarter of 2011, compared to \$61.3 million for the same period of 2010. The decrease in net interest revenue was primarily the result of lower levels of loans. Average loans for the quarter declined \$574 million from the first quarter of 2010. Net interest margin decreased from 3.49% for the three months ended March 31, 2010 to 3.30% for the same period in 2011. Interest reversals on performing loans that were moved to held for sale accounted for 11 basis points of the 19 basis points decrease. Over the past year, United has maintained above normal levels of liquidity. The level of excess liquidity peaked in the first quarter of 2011 and lowered the margin by approximately 49 basis points. Excess liquidity in the first quarter of 2010 lowered the margin by approximately 18 basis points.

Operating fee revenue increased \$172,000, or 1%, from the first quarter of 2010. The increase was primarily attributable to the acceleration of deferred gains related to the ineffectiveness of terminated cash flow hedges. This helped to offset a decline in service charges and fees, which were down \$727,000, due to regulatory changes requiring customer consent prior to utilizing United's overdraft services.

For the first quarter of 2011, operating expenses of \$115 million were up \$60.5 million from the first quarter of 2010. The increase was primarily due to an increase in foreclosed property costs, in anticipation of the Bulk Loan Sale and other accelerated asset dispositions described below under "Recent Developments." Foreclosed property costs were up \$54.1 million from the first quarter of 2010. Professional fees were \$1.39 million higher in the first quarter of 2011 compared to the same period last year, primarily due to fees related to the Private Placement and Bulk Loan Sale. In addition, FDIC assessments and other regulatory charges increased \$1.79 million, or 49%, from the prior year as a result of a higher assessment rate and a higher level of insured deposits.

## Recent Developments

On February 22, 2011, the Company entered into a share exchange agreement with Elm Ridge Offshore Master Fund, Ltd. and Elm Ridge Value Partners, L.P. (collectively, the “Elm Ridge Parties”). Under the share exchange agreement, the Elm Ridge Parties agreed to transfer to the Company 7,755,631 shares of the Company’s common stock in exchange for 16,613 shares of the Company’s cumulative perpetual preferred stock, Series D and warrants to purchase 7,755,631 common shares. See Note 10 to the consolidated financial statements for further details of the share exchange agreement.

During the first quarter of 2011, United announced its plans to sell \$380 million of common stock in a private placement to a group of investors (the “Private Placement”). United entered into investment agreements (the “Investment Agreements”) with Corsair Georgia, L.P. and a group of institutional investors (collectively, the “Investors”) and closed the Private Placement on March 30, 2011. Pursuant to the Private Placement, the Investors purchased and United issued 17,338,497 of the Company’s existing common stock for \$1.90 per share, \$196 million of mandatorily convertible cumulative non-voting perpetual preferred stock, Series F (the “Series F Preferred Stock”), and \$151 million of mandatorily convertible cumulative non-voting perpetual preferred stock, Series G (the “Series G Preferred Stock”). Under the terms of the Private Placement Agreement and following receipt of required shareholder approvals, the Series F Preferred Stock will be mandatorily convertible into 103,090,506 shares of voting common stock and the Series G Preferred Stock will be mandatorily convertible into 79,570,997 shares of non-voting common stock. Following such conversion at \$1.90 per common share, the Investors will own an aggregate of 120,429,003 shares of common stock and 79,570,997 shares of non-voting common stock, or 69.7% of the Company’s pro forma outstanding common stock. The Private Placement resulted in an increase to shareholders’ equity of \$363 million.

Also during the first quarter of 2011, the Board of Directors approved a plan to sell approximately \$293 million in substandard and nonperforming loans, and to accelerate the disposition of approximately \$142 million in foreclosed properties (the “Problem Asset Disposition Plan”). The substandard and nonperforming loans were sold for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$86.5 million by the Bank in a bulk transaction (the “Bulk Loan Sale”) on April 18, 2011 pursuant to an asset purchase and sale agreement (the “Asset Purchase Agreement”) entered into by the Bank, CF Southeast LLC (“CF Southeast”) and CF Southeast Trust 2011-1 (“CF Trust” and together with CF Southeast, the “Purchasers”). United plans to sell substantially all of the foreclosed properties in the second and third quarters of 2011.

## Critical Accounting Policies

The accounting and reporting policies of United are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”) and conform to general practices within the banking industry. The more critical accounting and reporting policies include United’s accounting for the allowance for loan losses, fair value measurements, and income taxes. In particular, United’s accounting policies related to allowance for loan losses, fair value measurements and income taxes involve the use of estimates and require significant judgment to be made by management. Different assumptions in the application of these policies could result in material changes in United’s consolidated financial position or consolidated results of operations. See “Asset Quality and Risk Elements” herein for additional discussion of United’s accounting methodologies related to the allowance for loan losses.

## GAAP Reconciliation and Explanation

This Form 10-Q contains non-GAAP financial measures, which are performance measures determined by methods other than in accordance with GAAP. Such non-GAAP financial measures include, among others the following: operating provision for loan losses, operating fee revenue, operating revenue, operating expense, operating (loss) income from continuing operations, operating (loss) income, operating earnings (loss) from continuing operations per

share, operating earnings (loss) per share, operating earnings (loss) from continuing operations per diluted share and operating earnings (loss) per diluted share. Management uses these non-GAAP financial measures because it believes they are useful for evaluating our operations and performance over periods of time, as well as in managing and evaluating our business and in discussions about our operations and performance. Management believes these non-GAAP financial measures provide users of our financial information with a meaningful measure for assessing our financial results and credit trends, as well as comparison to financial results for prior periods. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered as a substitute for operating results determined in accordance with GAAP and may not be comparable to other similarly titled financial measures used by other companies. A reconciliation of these operating performance measures to GAAP performance measures is included in on the table on page 34.

## Discontinued Operations

Effective March 31, 2010, United sold its Brintech subsidiary. As a result, the operations of Brintech are being accounted for as a discontinued operation. All revenue, including the gain from the sale, expenses and income taxes relating to Brintech have been deconsolidated from the consolidated statement of operations and are presented on one line titled "Loss from discontinued operations" for all periods presented. Because Brintech's assets, liabilities and cash flows were not material to the consolidated balance sheet and statement of cash flows, no such adjustments have been made to those financial statements.

## Transaction with Fletcher International

### Description of Transaction

On April 1, 2010, the Bank entered into an asset purchase and sale agreement (the "Asset Purchase Agreement") with Fletcher International Inc. ("Fletcher Inc.") and five affiliated limited liability companies ("LLCs") formed by Fletcher Inc. for the purpose of acquiring nonperforming assets under the Asset Purchase Agreement. United has no ownership interest in the LLCs. The asset sale transaction was completed on April 30, 2010 with the Bank transferring nonperforming commercial and residential construction loans and foreclosed properties having a carrying value of \$103 million in exchange for cash of \$20.6 million and notes receivable for \$82.5 million. The loans accrue interest at a fixed rate of 3.5% and mature in five years. Principal and interest payments will be made quarterly based on a 30-year amortization schedule. Fletcher Inc. also contributed cash and securities to the LLCs equal to 17.5% of the purchase price to pre-fund the estimated carrying costs of the assets for approximately three years. These funds are held in escrow as additional collateral on the loans and cannot be removed by Fletcher Inc. without United's consent. The securities that can be held by the LLCs are marketable equity securities and funds managed by Fletcher affiliates. Carrying costs include debt service payments, servicing fees and other direct costs associated with holding and managing the underlying properties.

Also on April 1, 2010, United and Fletcher International Ltd ("Fletcher Ltd", together with Fletcher Inc. and their affiliates, "Fletcher") entered into a securities purchase agreement (the "Securities Purchase Agreement") pursuant to which Fletcher Ltd. agreed to purchase from United, and United agreed to issue and sell to Fletcher Ltd., 65,000 shares of United's Series C convertible preferred stock, par value \$1.00 per share (the "Convertible Preferred Stock"), at a purchase price of \$1,000 per share, for an aggregate purchase price of \$65 million. The Convertible Preferred Stock will bear interest at an annual rate equal to the lesser of 8% or LIBOR + 4%. If all conditions precedent to Fletcher Ltd.'s obligations to purchase the Convertible Preferred Stock have been satisfied and Fletcher Ltd. has not purchased all of the Convertible Preferred Stock by May 26, 2011, it must pay United 5% of the commitment amount not purchased by that date, and it must also pay United an additional 5% of any commitment amount not purchased by May 26, 2012.

The Convertible Preferred Stock is redeemable by Fletcher Ltd. at any time into common stock or non-voting Common Stock Equivalent Junior Preferred Stock ("Junior Preferred Stock") of United, at an equivalent price of \$5.25 per share of common stock (equal to 12,380,952 shares of common stock), subject to certain adjustments. After May 26, 2015, if the closing stock price for United's common stock is above \$12.04, United has the right to require conversion and it is United's intent to convert all of the then outstanding Convertible Preferred Stock into an equivalent amount of common stock or Junior Preferred Stock.

The Securities Purchase Agreement provides that United shall not effect any conversion or redemption of the Convertible Preferred Stock, and Fletcher Ltd. shall not have the right to convert or redeem any portion of the Convertible Preferred Stock, into common stock to the extent such conversion or redemption would result in aggregate issuances to Fletcher Ltd. in excess of 9.75% of the number of shares of common stock that would be

outstanding after giving effect to such conversion or redemption. In the event that United cannot effect a conversion or redemption of the Convertible Preferred Stock into common stock due to this limit, the conversion or redemption shall be effected into an equal number of shares of Junior Preferred Stock.

Concurrently with the payment of the \$10 million deposit under the Asset Purchase Agreement by Fletcher, United granted a warrant to Fletcher to purchase Junior Preferred Stock. The warrant was initially equal to \$15 million and was increased to \$30 million upon the completion of the asset sale pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement. An additional \$35 million warrant will be issued on a dollar for dollar basis by the aggregate dollar amount of the Convertible Preferred Stock purchased under the Securities Purchase Agreement in excess of \$30 million. The \$30 million warrant price is equivalent to \$4.25 per common share (cash exercise equal to 7,058,824 shares of common stock). The \$35 million warrant price is equivalent to \$6.02 per common share (cash exercise equal to 5,813,953 shares of common stock). The warrants may only be exercised by net share settlement (cashless exercise) and are exercisable for nine years from April 1, 2010, subject to limited extension upon certain events specified in the warrant agreement. All of the warrants settle on a cashless basis and the net shares to be issued to Fletcher Ltd. upon exercise of the warrants will be less than the total shares that would have been issuable if the warrants had been exercised for cash payments.

Also, as part of the transaction, United and Fletcher entered into a servicing agreement whereby United will act as servicer of the nonperforming assets for Fletcher in exchange for a servicing fee of 20 basis points. Because the servicing arrangement is considered a normal servicing arrangement and the fee is appropriate for the services provided, United did not recognize a servicing asset or liability related to the servicing agreement.

## Accounting Treatment

Although the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Securities Purchase Agreement are two separate agreements, they were accounted for as part of one transaction because they were entered into simultaneously and the Securities Purchase Agreement was dependent upon the sale of nonperforming assets. United evaluated this transaction to determine whether the transfer should be accounted for as a sale or a secured borrowing and whether the Fletcher LLCs should be consolidated with United. When evaluating whether the transfer should be accounted for as a sale, United primarily evaluated whether control had been surrendered, the rights of Fletcher to exchange and pledge the assets, and whether United retains effective control, which included evaluating any continuing involvement in the assets. Based on the evaluation, the transfer of assets under the Asset Purchase Agreement meets the definition as a sale under current accounting standards and was accounted for as such. United further evaluated whether the Fletcher LLCs should be consolidated which included evaluating whether United has a controlling financial interest and is therefore the primary beneficiary. This evaluation principally included determining whether United directs the activities that have the most significant impact on the LLCs economic performance and whether United has an obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits that could be significant to the LLCs. Based on that evaluation, the LLCs have not been included as part of the consolidated group of subsidiaries in United's consolidated financial statements.

In addition to evaluating the accounting for the transfer of assets, United considered whether the warrant and the option to purchase convertible preferred stock with an additional warrant should be accounted for as liabilities or equity instruments. In making this evaluation, United considered whether Fletcher or any subsequent holders of the instruments could require settlement of the instruments in cash or other assets rather than common or preferred stock. Because the transaction was structured so that the warrants and option to purchase convertible preferred stock and the additional warrant can only be settled through the issuance of common or preferred stock, United concluded that the warrant and option to purchase convertible preferred stock with an additional warrant should be accounted for as equity instruments.

All of the components of the transaction, including all equity instruments issued under the Securities Purchase Agreement and the notes receivable received as consideration from the sale of nonperforming assets were recorded at fair value. Because the value of the equity instruments and assets exchanged in the transaction exceeded the value of the cash and notes receivable received, United recorded a loss of \$45.3 million on the transaction with Fletcher.

The table below presents a summary of the assets and equity instruments transferred and received at their respective fair values (\$ in thousands, except per share amounts).

	Valuation Approach	Fair Value Hierarchy	Fair Value	
Warrants Issued / Assets Transferred to Fletcher at Fair Value:				
Warrant to purchase \$30 million in common stock at \$4.25 per share	Black-Scholes	Level 3	\$ 17,577	(1)
Option to purchase convertible preferred stock and warrant	Monte-Carlo Simulation	Level 3	22,236	(2)
Fair value of equity instruments recognized in capital surplus			39,813	
Foreclosed properties transferred under Asset Purchase Agreement	Appraised Value	Level 2	33,434	(3)
Nonperforming loans transferred under Asset Purchase Agreement	Collateral Appraised Value	Level 2	69,655	(3)

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Total nonperforming assets transferred			103,089	
Total value of assets and equity instruments transferred			142,902	
Cash and Notes Receivable Received in Exchange at Fair Value:				
Cash down payment received from asset sale	NA	NA	20,618	
Notes receivable (par value \$82,471, net of \$4,531 discount)	Discounted Cash Flows	Level 3	77,940	(4)
Total value of cash and notes receivable received			98,558	
Fair value of assets and equity instruments transferred in excess of cash and notes received			44,344	
Transaction fees			1,005	
Loss recognized on Fletcher transaction			45,349	
Tax benefit			(15,367)	
After tax loss			\$ 29,982	



Notes

- (1) The \$17.6 million value of the \$30 million warrant was determined as of April 1, 2010, the date the terms were agreed to and signed. The following modeling assumptions were used: dividend yield - 0%; risk-free interest rate - 3.89%; current stock price - \$4.77; term - 9 years; and volatility - 33%. Although most of the modeling assumptions were based on observable data, because of the subjectivity involved in estimating expected volatility, the valuation is considered Level 3.
- (2) The \$22.2 million value of the option to purchase convertible preferred stock and warrant was determined by an independent valuation firm using a Monte Carlo Simulation method appropriate for valuing complex securities with derivatives. The model uses 50,000 simulations of daily stock price paths using geometric Brownian motion and incorporates in a unified way all conversion, exercise and contingency conditions. Because of the significant assumptions involved in the valuation process, not all of which were based on observable data, the valuation is considered to be Level 3.
- (3) The \$103 million of nonperforming assets sold were transferred at United's carrying value which had been written down to appraised value. Because the appraisals were based on sales of similar assets (observable data), the valuation is considered to be Level 2.
- (4) The \$82.5 million of notes receivable were recorded at their estimated fair value of \$77.9 million, net of a \$4.5 million interest discount, which was determined based on discounted expected cash flows over the term at a rate commensurate with the credit risk inherent in the notes. The contractual rate on the notes is fixed at 3.5% for five years. The discount rate used for purposes of determining the fair value of the notes was 5.48% based on the terms, structure and risk profile of the notes. Note prepayments were estimated based on the expected marketing times for the underlying collateral since the notes require that principal be reduced as the underlying assets are sold. The valuation is considered Level 3 due to estimated prepayments which have a significant impact on the value and are not based on observable data.

Table 1 - Financial Highlights  
Selected Financial Information

(in thousands, except per share data; taxable equivalent)	2011				2010		First Quarter
	First Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Third Quarter	Second Quarter	First Quarter	2011-2010 Change	
<b>INCOME SUMMARY</b>							
Interest revenue	\$ 75,965	\$ 81,215	\$ 84,360	\$ 87,699	\$ 89,849		
Interest expense	19,573	21,083	24,346	26,072	28,570		
Net interest revenue	56,392	60,132	60,014	61,627	61,279	(8 ) %	
Operating provision for loan losses (1)	190,000	47,750	50,500	61,500	75,000		
Operating fee revenue (2)	11,838	12,442	12,861	11,579	11,666	1	
Total operating revenue (1)(2)	(121,770)	24,824	22,375	11,706	(2,055 )		
Operating expenses (3)	115,271	64,918	64,906	58,308	54,820	110	
Loss on sale of nonperforming assets	-	-	-	45,349	-		
Operating loss from continuing operations before taxes	(237,041)	(40,094 )	(42,531 )	(91,951 )	(56,875 )	(317 )	
Operating income tax benefit	(94,555 )	(16,520 )	(16,706 )	(32,419 )	(22,417 )		
Net operating loss from continuing operations (1)(2)(3)	(142,486)	(23,574 )	(25,825 )	(59,532 )	(34,458 )	(314 )	
Noncash goodwill impairment charges	-	-	(210,590)	-	-		
Partial reversal of fraud loss provision, net of tax expense	-	7,179	-	-	-		
Loss from discontinued operations	-	-	-	-	(101 )		
Gain from sale of subsidiary, net of income taxes and selling costs	-	-	-	-	1,266		
Net loss	(142,486)	(16,395 )	(236,415)	(59,532 )	(33,293 )	(328 )	
Preferred dividends and discount accretion	2,778	2,586	2,581	2,577	2,572		
Net loss available to common shareholders	\$ (145,264)	\$ (18,981 )	\$ (238,996)	\$ (62,109 )	\$ (35,865 )		

PERFORMANCE  
MEASURES

Per common share:

Diluted operating loss from continuing operations (1)(2)(3)	\$ (1.57 )	\$ (.28 )	\$ (.30 )	\$ (.66 )	\$ (.39 )	(303 )
Diluted loss from continuing operations	(1.57 )	(.20 )	(2.52 )	(.66 )	(.39 )	(303 )
Diluted loss	(1.57 )	(.20 )	(2.52 )	(.66 )	(.38 )	(313 )
Book value	2.96	4.84	5.14	7.71	7.95	(63 )
Tangible book value (5)	2.89	4.76	5.05	5.39	5.62	(49 )

Key performance ratios:

Return on equity (4)(6)	(147.11 ) %	(17.16 ) %	(148.04 ) %	(35.89 ) %	(20.10 ) %
Return on assets (6)	(7.61 )	(.89 )	(12.47 )	(3.10 )	(1.70 )
Net interest margin (6)	3.30	3.58	3.57	3.60	3.49
Operating efficiency ratio from continuing operations (2)(3)	169.08	89.45	89.38	141.60	75.22
Equity to assets	8.82	8.85	11.37	11.84	11.90
Tangible equity to assets (5)	8.73	8.75	9.19	9.26	9.39
Tangible common equity to assets (5)	5.51	6.35	6.78	6.91	7.13
Tangible common equity to risk-weighted assets (5)	6.40	9.05	9.60	9.97	10.03

## ASSET QUALITY \*

Non-performing loans	\$ 83,769	\$ 179,094	\$ 217,766	\$ 224,335	\$ 280,802
Foreclosed properties	54,378	142,208	129,964	123,910	136,275
Total non-performing assets (NPAs)	138,147	321,302	347,730	348,245	417,077
Allowance for loan losses	133,121	174,695	174,613	174,111	173,934
Operating net charge-offs (1)	231,574	47,668	49,998	61,323	56,668
Allowance for loan losses to loans	3.17 %	3.79 %	3.67 %	3.57 %	3.48 %
Operating net charge-offs to average loans (1)(6)	20.71	4.03	4.12	4.98	4.51
NPAs to loans and foreclosed properties	3.25	6.77	7.11	6.97	8.13
NPAs to total assets	1.73	4.32	4.96	4.55	5.32

AVERAGE  
BALANCES (\$ in  
millions)

Loans	\$ 4,599	\$ 4,768	\$ 4,896	\$ 5,011	\$ 5,173	(11 )
Investment securities	1,625	1,354	1,411	1,532	1,518	7
Earning assets	6,902	6,680	6,676	6,854	7,085	(3 )
Total assets	7,595	7,338	7,522	7,704	7,946	(4 )
Deposits	6,560	6,294	6,257	6,375	6,570	-
Shareholders' equity	670	649	855	912	945	(29 )
Common shares - basic (thousands)	92,330	94,918	94,679	94,524	94,390	
Common shares - diluted (thousands)	92,330	94,918	94,679	94,524	94,390	

AT PERIOD END (\$ in  
millions)

Loans *	\$ 4,194	\$ 4,604	\$ 4,760	\$ 4,873	\$ 4,992	(16 )
Investment securities	1,884	1,490	1,310	1,488	1,527	23
Total assets	7,974	7,443	7,013	7,652	7,837	2
Deposits	6,598	6,469	5,999	6,330	6,488	2
Shareholders' equity	850	636	662	904	926	(8 )
Common shares outstanding (thousands)	104,516	94,685	94,433	94,281	94,176	

(1) Excludes the partial reversal of a previously established provision for fraud-related loan losses of \$11.8 million, net of tax expense of \$4.6 million in the fourth quarter of 2010. Operating charge-offs also exclude the \$11.8 million related partial recovery of the previously charged off amount. (2) Excludes revenue generated by discontinued operations in the first quarter of 2010. (3) Excludes the goodwill impairment charge of \$211 million in the third quarter of 2010 and expenses relating to discontinued operations in the first quarter of 2010. (4) Net loss available to common shareholders, which is net of preferred stock dividends, divided by average realized common equity, which excludes accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). (5) Excludes effect of acquisition related intangibles and associated amortization. (6) Annualized.

\* Excludes loans and foreclosed properties covered by loss sharing agreements with the FDIC.

Table 1 Continued - Operating Earnings to GAAP

## Earnings Reconciliation

## Selected Financial Information

(in thousands, except per share data; taxable equivalent)	2011		2010		
	First Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Third Quarter	Second Quarter	First Quarter
Interest revenue reconciliation					
Interest revenue - taxable equivalent	\$75,965	\$81,215	\$84,360	\$87,699	\$89,849
Taxable equivalent adjustment	(435 )	(497 )	(511 )	(500 )	(493 )
Interest revenue (GAAP)	\$75,530	\$80,718	\$83,849	\$87,199	\$89,356
Net interest revenue reconciliation					
Net interest revenue - taxable equivalent	\$56,392	\$60,132	\$60,014	\$61,627	\$61,279
Taxable equivalent adjustment	(435 )	(497 )	(511 )	(500 )	(493 )
Net interest revenue (GAAP)	\$55,957	\$59,635	\$59,503	\$61,127	\$60,786
Provision for loan losses reconciliation					
Operating provision for loan losses	\$190,000	\$47,750	\$50,500	\$61,500	\$75,000
Partial reversal of special fraud-related provision for loan loss	-	(11,750 )	-	-	-
Provision for loan losses (GAAP)	\$190,000	\$36,000	\$50,500	\$61,500	\$75,000
Total revenue reconciliation					
Total operating revenue	\$(121,770 )	\$24,824	\$22,375	\$11,706	\$(2,055 )
Taxable equivalent adjustment	(435 )	(497 )	(511 )	(500 )	(493 )
Partial reversal of special fraud-related provision for loan loss	-	11,750	-	-	-
Total revenue (GAAP)	\$(122,205 )	\$36,077	\$21,864	\$11,206	\$(2,548 )
Expense reconciliation					
Operating expense	\$115,271	\$64,918	\$64,906	\$103,657	\$54,820
Noncash goodwill impairment charge	-	-	210,590	-	-
Operating expense (GAAP)	\$115,271	\$64,918	\$275,496	\$103,657	\$54,820
Loss from continuing operations before taxes reconciliation					
Operating loss from continuing operations before taxes	\$(237,041 )	\$(40,094 )	\$(42,531 )	\$(91,951 )	\$(56,875 )
Taxable equivalent adjustment	(435 )	(497 )	(511 )	(500 )	(493 )
Noncash goodwill impairment charge	-	-	(210,590 )	-	-
Partial reversal of special fraud-related provision for loan loss	-	11,750	-	-	-
Loss from continuing operations before taxes (GAAP)	\$(237,476 )	\$(28,841 )	\$(253,632 )	\$(92,451 )	\$(57,368 )
Income tax benefit reconciliation					
Operating income tax benefit	\$(94,555 )	\$(16,520 )	\$(16,706 )	\$(32,419 )	\$(22,417 )
Taxable equivalent adjustment	(435 )	(497 )	(511 )	(500 )	(493 )
Partial reversal of special fraud-related provision for loan loss	-	4,571	-	-	-
Income tax benefit (GAAP)	\$(94,990 )	\$(12,446 )	\$(17,217 )	\$(32,919 )	\$(22,910 )
Diluted loss from continuing operations per common share reconciliation					
Diluted operating loss from continuing operations per common share	\$(1.57 )	\$(.28 )	\$(.30 )	\$(.66 )	\$(.39 )

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Noncash goodwill impairment charge	-	-	(2.22	)	-	-	-	-		
Partial reversal of special fraud-related provision for loan loss	-	.08	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Diluted loss from continuing operations per common share (GAAP)	\$(1.57	)	\$(.20	)	\$(2.52	)	\$(.66	)	\$(.39	)
Book value per common share reconciliation										
Tangible book value per common share	\$2.89		\$4.76		\$5.05		\$5.39		\$5.62	
Effect of goodwill and other intangibles	.07		.08		.09		2.32		2.33	
Book value per common share (GAAP)	\$2.96		\$4.84		\$5.14		\$7.71		\$7.95	
Efficiency ratio from continuing operations reconciliation										
Operating efficiency ratio from continuing operations	169.08	%	89.45	%	89.38	%	141.60	%	75.22	%
Noncash goodwill impairment charge	-		-		290.00		-		-	
Efficiency ratio from continuing operations (GAAP)	169.08	%	89.45	%	379.38	%	141.60	%	75.22	%
Average equity to assets reconciliation										
Tangible common equity to assets	5.51	%	6.35	%	6.78	%	6.91	%	7.13	%
Effect of preferred equity	3.22		2.40		2.41		2.35		2.26	
Tangible equity to assets	8.73		8.75		9.19		9.26		9.39	
Effect of goodwill and other intangibles	.09		.10		2.18		2.58		2.51	
Equity to assets (GAAP)	8.82	%	8.85	%	11.37	%	11.84	%	11.90	%
Actual tangible common equity to risk-weighted assets reconciliation										
Tangible common equity to risk-weighted assets	6.40	%	9.05	%	9.60	%	9.97	%	10.03	%
Effect of other comprehensive income	(.58	)	(.62	)	(.81	)	(.87	)	(.85	)
Effect of deferred tax limitation	(5.10	)	(3.34	)	(2.94	)	(2.47	)	(1.75	)
Effect of trust preferred	1.12		1.06		1.06		1.03		1.00	
Effect of preferred equity	5.97		3.52		3.51		3.41		3.29	
Tier I capital ratio (Regulatory)	7.81	%	9.67	%	10.42	%	11.07	%	11.72	%
Net charge-offs reconciliation										
Operating net charge-offs	\$231,574		\$47,668		\$49,998		\$61,323		\$56,668	
Subsequent partial recovery of fraud-related charge-off	-		(11,750	)	-		-		-	
Net charge-offs (GAAP)	\$231,574		\$35,918		\$49,998		\$61,323		\$56,668	
Net charge-offs to average loans reconciliation										
Operating net charge-offs to average loans	20.71	%	4.03	%	4.12	%	4.98	%	4.51	%
Subsequent partial recovery of fraud-related charge-off	-		(1.00	)	-		-		-	
Net charge-offs to average loans (GAAP)	20.71	%	3.03	%	4.12	%	4.98	%	4.51	%

## Results of Operations

United reported a net operating loss from continuing operations of \$142 million for the first quarter of 2011. This compared to a net operating loss from continuing operations of \$34.5 million for the same period in 2010. For the first quarter of 2011, diluted operating loss from continuing operations per share was \$1.57. This compared to diluted operating loss from continuing operations per share of \$.39 for the first quarter of 2010. The first quarter of 2011 operating loss reflects the Board of Director's decision to adopt the Problem Asset Disposition Plan to quickly dispose of problem assets following United's successful Private Placement at the end of the first quarter.

### Net Interest Revenue (Taxable Equivalent)

Net interest revenue (the difference between the interest earned on assets and the interest paid on deposits and borrowed funds) is the single largest component of total revenue. United actively manages this revenue source to provide optimal levels of revenue while balancing interest rate, credit and liquidity risks. Taxable equivalent net interest revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2011 was \$56.4 million, down \$4.89 million, or 8%, from the first quarter of 2010. The decrease in net interest revenue for the first quarter of 2011 compared to the first quarter of 2010 was mostly due to lower average loan balances, although the reversal of \$2.01 million of interest on performing substandard loans reclassified as held for sale in anticipation of the second quarter Bulk Loan Sale also contributed to the decrease. United continues its intense focus on loan and deposit pricing, in an effort to maintain a steady level of net interest revenue, despite continuing attrition in the loan portfolio.

Average loans decreased \$574 million, or 11%, from the first quarter of last year. The decrease in the loan portfolio was a result of the continued slowdown in the housing market as well as the Bulk Loan Sale completed in April 2011. Loan charge-offs, foreclosure activity and management's efforts to rebalance the loan portfolio by reducing the concentration of residential construction loans have all contributed to declining loan balances. While loan balances have declined, United continues to make new loans. During the first quarter of 2011, United funded \$52.6 million in new loans, primarily commercial and small business loans in north Georgia and the Atlanta MSA.

Average interest-earning assets for the first quarter of 2011 decreased \$183 million, or 3%, from the same period in 2010. The decrease of \$574 million in average loans was partially offset by increases of \$107 million in the investment securities portfolio and \$283 million in other interest-earning assets. Loan demand has been weak due to the poor economy and management's efforts to reduce United's exposure to residential construction loans. The increase in the securities portfolio and other interest-earning assets was due to purchases of floating rate mortgage-backed securities and short-term commercial paper in an effort to temporarily invest excess liquidity, including the proceeds from the new capital raised at the end of the first quarter of 2011. Average interest-bearing liabilities decreased \$193 million, or 3%, from the first quarter of 2010 due to the rolling off of higher-cost certificates of deposit as funding needs decreased. The average yield on interest earning assets for the three months ended March 31, 2011, was 4.45%, down 68 basis points from 5.13% for the same period of 2010. Interest reversals on performing loans classified as held for sale as part of the Bulk Loan Sale accounted for approximately 11 basis points of the decrease. Another significant contributing factor to the decrease in the yield on interest earning assets was the shift in earning asset mix from loans, which generally yield a higher rate than other asset classes, to temporary investments which have relatively low yields. In light of the weak economic environment, United maintained above normal levels of liquidity by entering into brokered deposit arrangements and temporarily investing the proceeds in short-term commercial paper and floating rate mortgage-backed securities at a slightly negative spread.

The average cost of interest-bearing liabilities for the first quarter of 2011 was 1.32% compared to 1.86% for the same period of 2010, reflecting the effect of falling rates on United's floating rate liabilities and United's ability to reduce deposit pricing. Also contributing to the overall lower rate on interest-bearing liabilities was a shift in the mix of deposits away from more expensive time deposits toward lower-rate transaction deposits. United's shrinking balance

sheet also permitted the reduction of more expensive wholesale borrowings.

The banking industry uses two ratios to measure relative profitability of net interest revenue. The net interest spread measures the difference between the average yield on interest-earning assets and the average rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities. The interest rate spread eliminates the effect of non-interest-bearing deposits and gives a direct perspective on the effect of market interest rate movements. The net interest margin is an indication of the profitability of a company's investments, and is defined as net interest revenue as a percent of average total interest-earning assets, which includes the positive effect of funding a portion of interest-earning assets with customers' non-interest bearing deposits and stockholders' equity.

For the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, the net interest spread was 3.13% and 3.27%, respectively, while the net interest margin was 3.30% and 3.49%, respectively. The decline in net interest margin for the quarter reflects interest reversals on performing loans that were transferred to the held for sale category. This transfer accounted for 11 basis points of the quarter over quarter decrease of 19 basis points. In addition, the above normal levels of liquidity lowered the net interest margin by approximately 49 basis points in the first quarter of 2011, compared to 18 basis points for the first quarter of 2010.



The following table shows the relationship between interest revenue and expense, and the average amounts of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010.

Table 2 - Average Consolidated Balance Sheets and Net Interest Analysis For the Three Months Ended March 31,

(dollars in thousands, taxable equivalent)	2011			2010		
	Average Balance	Interest	Avg. Rate	Average Balance	Interest	Avg. Rate
<b>Assets:</b>						
<b>Interest-earning assets:</b>						
Loans, net of unearned income (1)(2)	\$ 4,598,860	\$ 61,070	5.39 %	\$ 5,172,847	\$ 72,219	5.66 %
Taxable securities (3)	1,599,481	13,345	3.34	1,487,646	15,892	4.27
Tax-exempt securities (1)(3)	25,827	424	6.57	30,050	509	6.78
Federal funds sold and other interest-earning assets	677,453	1,126	.66	394,348	1,229	1.25
Total interest-earning assets	6,901,621	75,965	4.45	7,084,891	89,849	5.13
<b>Non-interest-earning assets:</b>						
Allowance for loan losses	(169,113 )			(187,288 )		
Cash and due from banks	134,341			104,545		
Premises and equipment	179,353			181,927		
Other assets (3)	548,348			762,228		
Total assets	\$ 7,594,550			\$ 7,946,303		
<b>Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity:</b>						
<b>Interest-bearing liabilities:</b>						
<b>Interest-bearing deposits:</b>						
NOW	\$ 1,373,142	1,324	.39	\$ 1,361,696	1,854	.55
Money market	928,542	2,028	.89	723,470	1,757	.98
Savings	187,423	77	.17	180,448	84	.19
Time less than \$100,000	1,540,342	5,451	1.44	1,692,652	8,891	2.13
Time greater than \$100,000	990,881	4,151	1.70	1,155,776	6,770	2.38
Brokered	698,288	2,130	1.24	736,999	4,537	2.50
Total interest-bearing deposits	5,718,618	15,161	1.08	5,851,041	23,893	1.66
Federal funds purchased and other borrowings	101,097	1,042	4.18	102,058	1,038	4.12
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	55,125	590	4.34	114,388	977	3.46
Long-term debt	150,157	2,780	7.51	150,078	2,662	7.19
Total borrowed funds	306,379	4,412	5.84	366,524	4,677	5.18

Total interest-bearing liabilities	6,024,997	19,573	1.32	6,217,565	28,570	1.86
Non-interest-bearing liabilities:						
Non-interest-bearing deposits	841,351			718,975		
Other liabilities	58,634			64,337		
Total liabilities	6,924,982			7,000,877		
Shareholders' equity	669,568			945,426		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 7,594,550			\$ 7,946,303		
Net interest revenue		\$ 56,392			\$ 61,279	
Net interest-rate spread			3.13 %			3.27 %
Net interest margin (4)			3.30 %			3.49 %

(1) Interest revenue on tax-exempt securities and loans has been increased to reflect comparable interest on taxable securities and loans. The rate used was 39%, reflecting the statutory federal income tax rate and the federal tax adjusted state income tax rate.

(2) Included in the average balance of loans outstanding are loans where the accrual of interest has been discontinued and loans that are held for sale.

(3) Securities available for sale are shown at amortized cost. Pretax unrealized gains of \$27.2 million in 2011 and \$43.2 million in 2010 are included in other assets for purposes of this presentation.

(4) Net interest margin is taxable equivalent net-interest revenue divided by average interest-earning assets.

The following table shows the relative effect on net interest revenue for changes in the average outstanding amounts (volume) of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities and the rates earned and paid on such assets and liabilities (rate). Variances resulting from a combination of changes in rate and volume are allocated in proportion to the absolute dollar amounts of the change in each category.

Table 3 - Change in Interest Revenue and Expense on a Taxable Equivalent Basis  
(in thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2011		
	Volume	Rate	Total
Interest-earning assets:			
Loans	\$ (7,742 )	\$ (3,407 )	\$ (11,149 )
Taxable securities	1,128	(3,675 )	(2,547 )
Tax-exempt securities	(70 )	(15 )	(85 )
Federal funds sold and other interest-earning assets	633	(736 )	(103 )
Total interest-earning assets	(6,051 )	(7,833 )	(13,884 )
Interest-bearing liabilities:			
NOW accounts	16	(546 )	(530 )
Money market accounts	461	(190 )	271
Savings deposits	3	(10 )	(7 )
Time deposits less than \$100,000	(744 )	(2,696 )	(3,440 )
Time deposits greater than \$100,000	(874 )	(1,745 )	(2,619 )
Brokered deposits	(227 )	(2,180 )	(2,407 )
Total interest-bearing deposits	(1,365 )	(7,367 )	(8,732 )
Federal funds purchased & other borrowings	(10 )	14	4
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	(592 )	205	(387 )
Long-term debt	1	117	118
Total borrowed funds	(601 )	336	(265 )
Total interest-bearing liabilities	(1,966 )	(7,031 )	(8,997 )
Decrease in net interest revenue	\$ (4,085 )	\$ (802 )	\$ (4,887 )

#### Provision for Loan Losses

The provision for loan losses is based on management's evaluation of losses inherent in the loan portfolio and corresponding analysis of the allowance for loan losses at quarter-end. The provision for loan losses was \$190 million for the first quarter of 2011, compared to \$75.0 million for the same period in 2010. The amount of provision recorded in the first quarter was the amount required such that the total allowance for loan losses reflected the appropriate balance, in the estimation of management, and was sufficient to cover inherent losses in the loan portfolio. The increase in the provision for loan losses compared to a year ago was primarily due to increased charge-offs recorded in conjunction with the Problem Asset Disposition Plan and transfer of loans to the held for sale category in anticipation of the Bulk Loan Sale. For the three months ended March 31, 2011, net loan charge-offs as an annualized percentage of average outstanding loans were 20.71%, compared to 4.51% for the same periods in 2010. When charge-offs

specifically related to loans transferred to the held for sale classification are excluded, the charge-off rate for the first quarter of 2011 was 4.08%.

As the residential construction and housing markets have struggled, it has been difficult for many builders and developers to obtain cash flow from selling lots and houses needed to service debt. This deterioration of the residential construction and housing market was the primary factor that resulted in higher credit losses and increases in non-performing assets over the last three years. Although a majority of the charge-offs have been within the residential construction and development portion of the portfolio, credit quality deterioration has migrated to other loan categories as unemployment levels have remained high throughout United's markets. Additional discussion on credit quality and the allowance for loan losses is included in the Asset Quality and Risk Elements section of this report on page 42.

## Fee Revenue

Operating fee revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2011 was \$11.8 million, a decrease of \$172,000, or 1%, from the same period of 2010. Fee revenue from continuing operations excludes consulting fees earned by United's Brintech subsidiary which was sold on March 31, 2010. All periods are presented on a continuing operations basis.

The following table presents the components of fee revenue for the first quarters of 2011 and 2010.

Table 4 - Fee Revenue  
(dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Change
	2011	2010	
Service charges and fees	\$ 6,720	\$ 7,447	(10 ) %
Mortgage loan and related fees	1,494	1,479	1
Brokerage fees	677	567	19
Securities gains, net	55	61	
Other	2,892	2,112	37
Total fee revenue	\$ 11,838	\$ 11,666	1

Service charges and fees of \$6.72 million were down \$727,000, or 10%, from the first quarter of 2010. The decrease was primarily due to lower overdraft fees resulting from decreased utilization of our courtesy overdraft services with the recent changes to Regulation E requiring customers to opt in to such services.

Mortgage loans and related fees for the first quarter of 2011 were up \$15,000, or 1%, from the same period in 2010. In the first quarter of 2011, United closed 481 loans totaling \$74.5 million compared with 412 loans totaling \$64.7 million in the first quarter of 2010.

United incurred net securities gains of \$55,000 and \$61,000, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010. The first quarter of 2010 net gain included \$950,000 in impairment charges on trust preferred securities of a bank whose financial condition had deteriorated. The impairment charge was more than offset by realized gains from securities sales.

For the three months ended March 31, 2011, other fee revenue increased \$780,000, or 37%, from the same period in 2010. This increase was due to the ineffectiveness of United's cash flow and fair value hedges. In the first quarter of 2011, United recognized \$1.30 million in income from hedge ineffectiveness compared with \$610,000 in income from hedge ineffectiveness in the first quarter of 2010. Most of the hedge ineffectiveness in 2010 and all of the hedge ineffectiveness in 2011 relates to terminated cash flow hedges where the gains realized on the terminated positions are being deferred over the original term of the derivative instrument. The ineffectiveness, which is caused by a decrease in qualifying prime-based loans, results in the accelerated recognition of the deferred gains.

## Operating Expenses

The following table presents the components of operating expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010. The table is presented to reflect Brintech as a discontinued operation, and accordingly, operating expenses associated with Brintech have been excluded from the table for all periods presented.

Table 5 - Operating Expenses  
(dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended		
	March 31, 2011	2010	Change
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 24,924	\$ 24,360	2 %
Communications and equipment	3,344	3,273	2
Occupancy	4,074	3,814	7
Advertising and public relations	978	1,043	(6 )
Postage, printing and supplies	1,118	1,225	(9 )
Professional fees	3,330	1,943	71
FDIC assessments and other regulatory charges	5,413	3,626	49
Amortization of intangibles	762	802	(5 )
Other	6,429	3,921	64
Total operating expenses excluding foreclosed property expenses	50,372	44,007	14
Foreclosed property expense	64,899	10,813	500
Total operating expenses	\$ 115,271	\$ 54,820	110

Operating expenses for the first quarter of 2011 totaled \$115 million, up \$60.5 million, or 110%, from the first quarter of 2010 mostly reflecting an increase in foreclosed property losses incurred in connection with United's classified asset disposition plans. Excluding foreclosed property costs, total operating expenses were \$50.4 million, up \$6.37 million, or 14%, from a year ago.

Salaries and employee benefits for the first quarter of 2011 were \$24.9 million, up \$564,000, or 2%, from the same period of 2010. The increase was primarily due to higher group medical insurance costs and a lower level of deferred direct loan origination costs. Headcount totaled 1,815 at March 31, 2011, compared to 1,814 at March 31, 2010.

Occupancy expense of \$4.07 million for the first quarter of 2011 was up \$260,000, or 7%, compared to the first quarter of 2010. The increase was due to higher costs for electricity, real estate taxes and insurance for premises and equipment.

Postage, printing and supplies expense for the first quarter of 2011 totaled \$1.12 million, down \$107,000, or 9%, from the same period of 2010. United continued its efforts to encourage customers to accept electronic statements and controlled courier expense through the use of remote capture technology.

Professional fees for the first quarter of 2011 of \$3.33 million were up \$1.39 million, or 71%, from the same period in 2010, primarily due to \$1.00 million of costs associated with the Private Placement and Bulk Loan Sale.

Foreclosed property expense of \$64.9 million for the first quarter of 2011 was up \$54.1 million from the first quarter of 2010, reflecting higher write downs on foreclosed properties to expedite sales under the Problem Asset Disposition Plan. Such write downs for the first quarter of 2011 were \$48.6 million compared to \$4.58 million a year ago. Losses

realized on sales of foreclosed properties were also up in the first quarter of 2011, totaling \$12.0 million compared with \$3.52 million a year ago. This expense category also includes legal fees, property taxes, marketing costs, utility services, maintenance and repair charges, that totaled \$4.29 million for the first quarter of 2011 compared with \$2.72 million a year ago.

FDIC assessments and other regulatory charges of \$5.41 million for the first quarter of 2011, increased \$1.79 million from the first quarter of 2010. The increase was due to an increase in United's assessment rate as well as an increase in insured deposits.

Other expense of \$6.43 million for the first quarter of 2011 increased \$2.51 million from the first quarter of 2010. The increase was primarily due to \$2.60 million of property taxes and other loan collateral costs incurred to prepare loans for the Bulk Loan Sale.

## Income Taxes

Income tax benefit for the first quarter of 2011 was \$95.0 million as compared with income tax benefit of \$22.9 million for the first quarter of 2010, representing an effective tax rate of approximately 40% for both periods. The effective tax rates were different from the statutory tax rates primarily due to interest revenue on certain investment securities and loans that are exempt from income taxes, tax exempt fee revenue, tax credits received on affordable housing investments, and the change in valuation allowance on deferred tax assets as discussed below.

As a result of the Private Placement and the Problem Asset Disposition Plan which includes the Bulk Loan Sale, United expects to accelerate its return to profitability. The change from a pre-tax loss to pre-tax earnings will affect the effective tax rate going forward. Because in aggregate, United's permanent tax differences are generally in United's favor, they tend to reduce the effective tax rate below the blended statutory rate of 38.9% when United has pre-tax earnings and they increase the effective tax rate above the blended statutory rate when United has a pre-tax loss. The effective tax rates can be volatile as earnings or losses approach a break-even point since United would report a tax benefit even if it were to break even as a result of the permanent tax differences. Therefore some volatility in the effective tax rate is expected as United moves from a loss position to positive earnings.

Management determined that it is more likely than not that approximately \$4.81 million at March 31, 2011 and \$3.87 million at March 31, 2010, net of Federal benefit, in state low income housing tax credits will expire unused due to their very short three to five year carry forward period.

At March 31, 2011, United had net deferred tax assets of \$266 million, net of a valuation allowance of \$4.81 million related to state tax credits that are expected to expire unused. Accounting Standards Codification Topic 740, Income Taxes, requires that companies assess whether a valuation allowance should be established against their deferred tax assets based on the consideration of all available evidence using a "more likely than not" standard. Management considers both positive and negative evidence and analyzes changes in near-term market conditions as well as other factors which may impact future operating results. In making such judgments, significant weight is given to evidence that can be objectively verified. At March 31, 2011, management believes that it is more likely than not that, with the exception of those state tax credits that are expected to expire unused due to a relatively short carryforward period of only three to five years, it will be able to realize its deferred tax benefits through its ability to carry losses forward to future profitable years. Despite recent losses and the challenging economic environment, United has a history of strong earnings, is well-capitalized, continues to grow its core customer deposit base while maintaining very high customer satisfaction scores, and has cautiously optimistic expectations regarding future taxable income. The deferred tax assets are analyzed quarterly for changes affecting realizability. United's most recent analysis, which management believes is based on conservative assumptions, indicated that the deferred tax assets will be fully utilized well in advance of the twenty-year carryforward period allowed for net operating losses; however, there can be no guarantee that a valuation allowance will not be necessary in future periods. Inherent in management's assertion that it is more likely than not that United will be able to fully utilize its deferred tax assets is an expectation that United returns to profitability within a short period of time following the execution of the Private Placement and the Problem Asset Disposition Plan. Also important at arriving at that conclusion is the assumption that an "ownership change" as defined by Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and related Internal Revenue Service pronouncements ("Section 382") did not occur as a result of the first quarter Private Placement. Management believes that no such change of control has occurred.

As of February 22, 2011, United adopted a tax benefits preservation plan designed to protect its ability to utilize its substantial tax assets. Those tax assets include net operating losses that it could utilize in certain circumstances to offset taxable income and reduce its federal income tax liability and the future tax benefits from potential net unrealized built in losses. United's ability to use its tax benefits would be substantially limited if it were to experience an ownership change as defined under Section 382. In general, an ownership change would occur if United's "5-percent shareholders," as defined under Section 382, collectively increase their ownership in United by more than 50% over a



rolling three-year period. The tax benefits preservation plan is designed to reduce the likelihood that United will experience an ownership change by discouraging any person or group from becoming a beneficial owner of 4.99% or more of United's common stock then outstanding.

In connection with the tax benefits preservation plan, on February 22, 2011, United entered into a share exchange agreement with the Elm Ridge Parties to transfer to the Company 7,755,631 shares of United's common stock, in exchange for 16,613 shares of the Company's series D preferred shares and warrants to purchase 7,755,631 shares of common stock. Prior to entering into the share exchange agreement, collectively, the Elm Ridge Parties were United's largest shareholder. By exchanging the Elm Ridge Parties' common stock for the Series D Preferred Shares and warrants, United eliminated its only "5-percent shareholder" and, as a result, obtained further protection against an ownership change under Section 382.

Additional information regarding income taxes can be found in Note 15 to the consolidated financial statements filed with United's 2010 Form 10-K.

## Balance Sheet Review

Total assets at March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010 and March 31, 2010 were \$7.97 billion, \$7.44 billion and \$7.84 billion, respectively. Average total assets for the first quarter of 2011 were \$7.60 billion, down from \$7.95 billion in the first quarter of 2010.

## Loans

The following table presents a summary of the loan portfolio.

Table 6 - Loans Outstanding (excludes loans covered by loss share agreement)

(dollars in thousands)

	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010	March 31, 2010
<b>By Loan Type</b>			
Commercial (secured by real estate)	\$ 1,692,154	\$ 1,761,424	\$ 1,765,204
Commercial construction	213,177	296,582	357,188
Commercial (commercial and industrial)	431,473	441,518	380,331
Total commercial	2,336,804	2,499,524	2,502,723
Residential construction	549,618	695,166	960,372
Residential mortgage	1,186,531	1,278,780	1,390,270
Installment	121,419	130,656	138,680
Total loans	\$ 4,194,372	\$ 4,604,126	\$ 4,992,045
<b>As a percentage of total loans:</b>			
Commercial (secured by real estate)	41 %	38 %	35 %
Commercial construction	5	6	7
Commercial (commercial and industrial)	10	10	8
Total commercial	56	54	50
Residential construction	13	15	19
Residential mortgage	28	28	28
Installment	3	3	3
Total	100 %	100 %	100 %
<b>By Geographic Location</b>			
Atlanta MSA	\$ 1,179,362	\$ 1,310,222	\$ 1,404,247
Gainesville MSA	281,591	312,049	372,064
North Georgia	1,531,279	1,688,586	1,813,774
Western North Carolina	639,897	701,798	755,674
Coastal Georgia	312,090	335,020	388,245
East Tennessee	250,153	256,451	258,041
Total loans	\$ 4,194,372	\$ 4,604,126	\$ 4,992,045

Substantially all of United's loans are to customers (including customers who have a seasonal residence in United's market areas) located in the immediate market areas of its community banks in Georgia, North Carolina, and Tennessee, and more than 85% of the loans are secured by real estate. At March 31, 2011, total loans, excluding loans acquired from SCB that are covered by loss sharing agreements with the FDIC and loans classified as held for sale, were \$4.19 billion, a decrease of \$798 million, or 16%, from March 31, 2010. The rate of loan growth began to decline in the first quarter of 2007 and the balances have continued to decline. The decrease in the loan portfolio began with deterioration in the residential construction and housing markets. This deterioration resulted in part in an oversupply of lot inventory, houses and land within United's markets, which further slowed construction activities and acquisition and development projects. The resulting recession that began in the housing market led to high rates of unemployment that resulted in stress in the other segments of United's loan portfolio. Despite the weak economy and lack of loan demand, United has continued to pursue lending opportunities which resulted in \$52.6 million in new loans that were funded in the first quarter of 2011.

## Asset Quality and Risk Elements

United manages asset quality and controls credit risk through review and oversight of the loan portfolio as well as adherence to policies designed to promote sound underwriting and loan monitoring practices. United's credit administration function is responsible for monitoring asset quality, establishing credit policies and procedures and enforcing the consistent application of these policies and procedures among all of the community banks. Additional information on the credit administration function is included in Item 1 under the heading Loan Review and Non-performing Assets in United's Annual Report on Form 10-K.

United classifies performing loans as "substandard" when there is a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the repayment by the borrower and there is a distinct possibility that United could sustain some loss if the deficiency is not corrected. The table below presents performing substandard loans for the last five quarters.

Table 7 - Performing Substandard Loans  
(dollars in thousands)

	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010	September 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010
By Category					
Commercial (sec. by RE)	\$119,651	\$156,765	\$157,245	\$140,805	\$151,573
Commercial construction	34,887	90,745	102,592	78,436	75,304
Commercial & industrial	16,425	16,767	22,251	22,052	35,474
Total commercial	170,963	264,277	282,088	241,293	262,351
Residential construction	80,534	158,770	177,381	149,305	153,799
Residential mortgage	69,119	86,143	86,239	79,484	80,812
Installment	2,352	2,957	4,218	4,364	3,922
Total	\$322,968	\$512,147	\$549,926	\$474,446	\$500,884
By Market					
Atlanta MSA	\$100,200	\$185,327	\$214,676	\$183,612	\$191,009
Gainesville MSA	17,417	33,962	27,097	22,602	27,879
North Georgia	148,228	212,992	229,845	199,498	222,037
North Carolina	27,280	42,335	37,085	34,742	25,749
East Tennessee	6,739	8,308	8,882	8,663	7,105
Coastal Georgia	23,104	29,223	32,341	25,329	27,105
Total loans	\$322,968	\$512,147	\$549,926	\$474,446	\$500,884

At March 31, 2011, performing substandard loans totaled \$323 million and decreased \$189 million from the prior quarter-end, and decreased \$178 million from a year ago. Most of the decrease occurred in United's Atlanta and north Georgia markets and was primarily the result of the reclassification of loans to held for sale in anticipation of our Bulk Loan Sale which was completed on April 18, 2011. The overall trend in performing substandard loans had been declining which was expected to continue absent the loan sale transaction. Residential construction and commercial construction loans showed the most significant decreases as they represented more than 60% of the pre-charge down carrying amount of the aggregate loans included in the loan sale.

Reviews of substandard performing and non-performing loans, past due loans and larger credits, are conducted on a regular basis with management each quarter and are designed to identify risk migration and potential charges to the allowance for loan losses. These reviews are performed by the responsible lending officers and the loan review department and also consider such factors as the financial strength of borrowers, the value of the applicable collateral,

past loan loss experience, anticipated loan losses, changes in risk profile, prevailing economic conditions and other factors. United also uses external loan review in addition to United's internal loan review to ensure the independence of the loan review process.

The following table presents a summary of the changes in the allowance for loan losses for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010.

Table 8 - Allowance for Loan Losses  
(in thousands)

	Asset Disposition Plan		Three Months Ended March 31,			Total	2010 Total
	Bulk Loan Sale (1)		Other Bulk Loan Sales (2)	Foreclosure Charge-Offs (3)	Other Charge-Offs Recoveries		
	Accruing	Nonaccrual	(2)	(3)			
Balance beginning of period						\$ 174,695	\$ 155,602
Provision for loan losses						190,000	75,000
Charge-offs:							
Commercial (secured by real estate)	\$ 29,451	\$ 11,091	\$ 3,318	\$ 1,905	\$ 2,942	48,707	2,936
Commercial construction	32,530	15,328	292	419	1,146	49,715	2,211
Commercial (commercial and industrial)	365	2,303	859	-	835	4,362	4,554
Residential construction	43,018	23,459	3,325	11,693	10,760	92,255	44,190
Residential mortgage	13,917	14,263	1,676	1,538	5,282	36,676	4,640
Installment	86	168	30	24	788	1,096	1,129
Total loans charged-off	119,367	66,612	9,500	15,579	21,753	232,811	59,660
Recoveries:							
Commercial (secured by real estate)	-	-	-	-	100	100	972
Commercial construction	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Commercial (commercial and industrial)	-	-	-	-	322	322	444
Residential construction	-	-	-	-	117	117	1,090
Residential mortgage	-	-	-	-	293	293	89
Installment	-	-	-	-	405	405	392
	-	-	-	-	1,237	1,237	2,992

Total recoveries								
Net charge-offs	\$ 119,367	\$ 66,612	\$ 9,500	\$ 15,579	\$ 20,516	231,574	56,668	
Balance end of period						\$ 133,121	\$ 173,934	
Total loans: *								
At period-end						\$ 4,194,372	\$ 4,992,045	
Average						4,534,294	5,091,474	
Allowance as a percentage of period-end loans						3.17	%	3.48
								%
As a percentage of average loans:								
Net charge-offs						20.71		4.51
Provision for loan losses						16.99		5.97
Allowance as a percentage of non-performing loans								
As reported						159		62
Excluding impaired loans with no allocated reserve						379		142

\* Excludes loans covered by loss sharing agreements with the FDIC

(1) Charge-offs totaling \$186 million were recognized on the bulk loan sale in the first quarter of 2011. The loans were transferred to the loans held for sale category in anticipation of the second quarter bulk loan sale that was completed on April 18, 2011.

(2) Losses on smaller bulk sale transactions completed during the first quarter of 2011.

(3) Loan charge-offs recognized in the first quarter of 2011 related to loans transferred to foreclosed properties. Such charge-offs were elevated in the first quarter as a result of the asset disposition plan, which called for aggressive write downs to expedite sales in the second and third quarters of 2011.

The provision for loan losses charged to earnings was based upon management's judgment of the amount necessary to maintain the allowance at a level appropriate to absorb losses inherent in the loan portfolio at the balance sheet date. The amount each quarter is dependent upon many factors, including growth and changes in the composition of the loan portfolio, net charge-offs, delinquencies, management's assessment of loan portfolio quality, the value of collateral, and other macro-economic factors and trends. The evaluation of these factors is performed quarterly by management through an analysis of the appropriateness of the allowance for loan losses. The decreases in the provision and the stabilization of the level of the allowance for loan losses compared to the previous periods reflects stabilizing trends in substandard loans, leading to an expectation that charge-off levels will continue to decline.

At March 31, 2011, the allowance for loan losses was \$133 million, or 3.17% of loans, compared with \$175 million, or 3.79% of loans, at December 31, 2010 and \$174 million, or 3.48% of loans, at March 31, 2010. The decrease in the allowance for loan losses is consistent with the decrease in classified loans resulting from the execution of the Problem Asset Disposition Plan, including the Bulk Loan Sale which reduced the amount of loss remaining in the loan portfolio.

Management believes that the allowance for loan losses at March 31, 2011 reflects the losses inherent in the loan portfolio. This assessment involves uncertainty and judgment; therefore, the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses cannot be determined with precision and may be subject to change in future periods. In addition, bank regulatory authorities, as part of their periodic examination of the Bank, may require adjustments to the provision for loan losses in future periods if, in their opinion, the results of their review warrant such additions. See the "Critical Accounting Policies" section in United's Annual Report on Form 10-K for additional information on the allowance for loan losses.



## Nonperforming Assets

The table below summarizes non-performing assets, excluding SCB's assets covered by the loss-sharing agreement with the FDIC. Those assets have been excluded from non-performing assets, as the loss-sharing agreement with the FDIC and purchase price adjustments to reflect credit losses effectively eliminate the likelihood of recognizing any losses on the covered assets.

Table 9 - Nonperforming Assets  
(dollars in thousands)

	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010	March 31, 2010
Nonperforming loans*	\$ 83,769	\$ 179,094	\$ 280,802
Foreclosed properties (OREO)	54,378	142,208	136,275
<b>Total nonperforming assets</b>	<b>\$ 138,147</b>	<b>\$ 321,302</b>	<b>\$ 417,077</b>
Nonperforming loans as a percentage of total loans	2.00 %	3.89 %	5.62 %
Nonperforming assets as a percentage of total loans and OREO	3.25	6.77	8.13
Nonperforming assets as a percentage of total assets	1.73	4.32	5.32

\* There were no loans 90 days or more past due that were still accruing at period end.

At March 31, 2011, nonperforming loans were \$83.8 million, compared to \$179 million at December 31, 2010 and \$281 million at March 31, 2010. The ratio of non-performing loans to total loans decreased from December 31, 2010 and March 31, 2010 due the reclassification of nonperforming loans having a pre-charge down carrying amount of \$101 million to held for sale in anticipation of the Bulk Loan Sale in April 2011. Non-performing assets, which include non-performing loans and foreclosed real estate, totaled \$138 million at March 31, 2011, compared with \$321 million at December 31, 2010 and \$417 million at March 31, 2010. In the first quarter of 2011, write-downs totaling \$48.6 million were recorded in conjunction with the Problem Asset Disposition Plan to expedite sales. In addition, United sold \$56.5 million of foreclosed properties. Both of these events helped lower the balance of foreclosed properties by 60% compared to March 31, 2010.

Table 10 - Bulk Loan Sale Summary  
(1)

	Performing Loans			Nonperforming Loans			Total Loans		
	Carrying Amount (2)	Charge-Offs (3)	Loans Held for Sale (4)	Carrying Amount (2)	Charge-Offs (3)	Loans Held for Sale (4)	Carrying Amount (2)	Charge-Offs (3)	Loans Held for Sale (4)
(in thousands)									
BY CATEGORY									
Commercial (sec. by RE)	\$ 40,902	\$ 29,451	\$ 11,451	\$ 17,202	\$ 11,091	\$ 6,111	\$ 58,104	\$ 40,542	\$ 17,562

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Commercial construction	45,490	32,530	12,960	22,440	15,328	7,112	67,930	47,858	20,072
Commercial & industrial	504	365	139	3,398	2,303	1,095	3,902	2,668	1,234
Total commercial	86,896	62,346	24,550	43,040	28,722	14,318	129,936	91,068	38,868
Residential construction	59,747	43,018	16,729	35,509	23,459	12,050	95,256	66,477	28,779
Residential mortgage	19,342	13,917	5,425	21,717	14,263	7,454	41,059	28,180	12,879
Consumer / installment	120	86	34	237	168	69	357	254	103
Total	\$ 166,105	\$ 119,367	\$ 46,738	\$ 100,503	\$ 66,612	\$ 33,891	\$ 266,608	\$ 185,979	\$ 80,629

BY MARKET

Atlanta MSA	\$ 51,647	\$ 37,186	\$ 14,461	\$ 13,755	\$ 8,545	\$ 5,210	\$ 65,402	\$ 45,731	\$ 19,671
Gainesville MSA	4,949	3,563	1,386	3,695	2,442	1,253	8,644	6,005	2,639
North Georgia	80,831	57,969	22,862	70,901	47,699	23,202	151,732	105,668	46,064
Western North Carolina	15,468	11,138	4,330	7,228	4,743	2,485	22,696	15,881	6,815
Coastal Georgia	9,493	6,835	2,658	3,528	2,180	1,348	13,021	9,015	4,006
East Tennessee	3,717	2,676	1,041	1,396	1,003	393	5,113	3,679	1,434
Total	\$ 166,105	\$ 119,367	\$ 46,738	\$ 100,503	\$ 66,612	\$ 33,891	\$ 266,608	\$ 185,979	\$ 80,629

(1) This schedule presents a summary of classified loans included in the bulk loan sale transaction that closed on April 18, 2011.

(2) This column represents the book value, or carrying amount, of the loans prior to charge offs to mark loans to expected proceeds from sale.

(3) This column represents the charge-offs required to adjust the loan balances to the expected proceeds from the sale based on indicative bids received from prospective buyers, including principal payments received or committed advances made after the c

(4) This column represents the expected proceeds from the bulk sale based on indicative bids received from prospective buyers and equals the balance shown on the consolidated balance sheet as loans held for sale.

United's policy is to place loans on non-accrual status when, in the opinion of management, the principal and interest on a loan is not likely to be repaid in accordance with the loan terms or when the loan becomes 90 days past due and is not well secured and in the process of collection. When a loan is classified on non-accrual status, interest previously accrued but not collected is reversed against current interest revenue. Principal and interest payments received on a non-accrual loan are applied to reduce outstanding principal.

The following table summarizes non-performing assets by category and market. As with Tables 6, 7 and 9, assets covered by the loss-sharing agreement with the FDIC, related to the acquisition of SCB, are excluded from this table.

Table 11 - Nonperforming Assets  
by Quarter (1)  
(in thousands)

	March 31, 2011			December 31, 2010			March 31, 2010		
	Nonaccrual Loans	Foreclosed Properties	Total NPAs	Nonaccrual Loans	Foreclosed Properties	Total NPAs	Nonaccrual Loans	Foreclosed Properties	Total NPAs
<b>BY CATEGORY</b>									
Commercial (sec. by RE)	\$20,648	\$7,886	\$28,534	\$44,927	\$23,659	\$68,586	\$45,918	\$21,597	\$67,515
Commercial construction	3,701	11,568	15,269	21,374	17,808	39,182	23,556	14,285	37,841
Commercial & industrial	2,198	-	2,198	5,611	-	5,611	3,610	-	3,610
Total commercial	26,547	19,454	46,001	71,912	41,467	113,379	73,084	35,882	108,966
Residential construction	32,038	25,807	57,845	54,505	78,231	132,736	147,326	74,220	221,546
Residential mortgage	23,711	9,117	32,828	51,083	22,510	73,593	57,920	26,173	84,093
Consumer / installment	1,473	-	1,473	1,594	-	1,594	2,472	-	2,472
Total NPAs	\$83,769	\$54,378	\$138,147	\$179,094	\$142,208	\$321,302	\$280,802	\$136,275	\$417,077
Balance as a % of									
Unpaid Principal	57.3	% 30.3	% 42.4	67.2	% 64.4	% 65.9	71.6	% 67.5	% 70.2
<b>BY MARKET</b>									
Atlanta MSA	\$21,501	\$16,913	\$38,414	\$48,289	\$41,154	\$89,443	\$81,914	\$36,951	\$118,865
Gainesville MSA	4,332	2,157	6,489	5,171	9,273	14,444	17,058	3,192	20,250
North Georgia	30,214	23,094	53,308	83,551	66,211	149,762	109,280	63,128	172,408
Western North Carolina	18,849	7,802	26,651	25,832	11,553	37,385	31,353	8,588	39,941
Coastal Georgia	5,847	3,781	9,628	11,145	11,901	23,046	33,438	21,871	55,309

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East									
Tennessee	3,026	631	3,657	5,106	2,116	7,222	7,759	2,545	10,304
Total									
NPAs	\$83,769	\$54,378	\$138,147	\$179,094	\$142,208	\$321,302	\$280,802	\$136,275	\$417,077

(1) Excludes non-performing loans and foreclosed properties covered by the loss-sharing agreement with the FDIC, related to the acquisition of SCB.

In April 2011, United sold nonperforming loans in the Bulk Loan Sale with a pre-write down carrying amount of \$101 million and performing substandard loans with a pre-write down carrying amount of \$166 million. In anticipation of that sale, United recorded charge-offs of \$186 million and transferred these loans to the held for sale category at March 31, 2011. Nonperforming assets in the residential construction category were \$57.8 million at March 31, 2011, compared with \$222 million at March 31, 2010, a decrease of \$164 million, or 74%. Commercial nonperforming assets decreased from \$109 million at March 31, 2010 to \$46.0 million at March 31, 2011. Residential mortgage non-performing assets of \$32.8 million decreased \$51.3 million from March 31, 2010. While United experienced a reduction in nonperforming assets across all markets, the execution of the Problem Asset Disposition Plan, including the Bulk Loan Sale and the write down of foreclosed properties contributed to a decline in the North Georgia market and Atlanta MSA, where nonperforming asset levels had been particularly elevated.

At March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010, and March 31, 2010 United had \$49.7 million, \$101 million and \$70.7, respectively, in loans with terms that have been modified in a troubled debt restructuring (“TDR”). Included therein were \$6.4 million, \$17.3 million and \$6.08 million of TDRs that were not performing in accordance with their modified terms and were included in nonperforming loans. The remaining TDRs with an aggregate balance of \$43.3 million, \$84.1 million and \$64.6 million, respectively, were performing according to their modified terms and are therefore not considered to be nonperforming assets.

At March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010, and March 31, 2010, there were \$48.6 million, \$123 million and \$215 million, respectively, of loans classified as impaired under the Accounting Standards Codification. Included in impaired loans at March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010 and March 31, 2010, was \$48.6 million, \$115 million and \$159 million, respectively, that did not require specific reserves or had previously been charged down to net realizable value. The balance of impaired loans at December 31, 2010 and March 31, 2010, of \$7.64 million and \$56.5 million, respectively had specific reserves that totaled \$1.05 million and \$6.83 million. At March 31, 2011 there were no impaired loans with specific reserves. The average recorded investment in impaired loans for the quarters ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 was \$95.2 million and \$211 million, respectively. There was no interest revenue recognized on loans while they were impaired for the first three months of 2011 or 2010. United’s policy is to discontinue the recognition of interest revenue for loans classified as impaired under the Financial Accounting Standards Board’s Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) Topic 310-10-35, Receivables, when a loan meets the criteria for nonaccrual status.

The table below summarizes activity in non-performing assets by quarter. Assets covered by loss sharing agreements with the FDIC, related to the acquisition of SCB, are not included in this table.

Table 12 - Activity in Nonperforming Assets by Quarter

(in thousands)

	First Quarter 2011 (1)(2)			Fourth Quarter 2010 (1)			First Quarter 2010 (1)		
	Nonaccrual Loans	Foreclosed Properties	Total NPAs	Nonaccrual Loans	Foreclosed Properties	Total NPAs	Nonaccrual Loans	Foreclosed Properties	Total NPAs
Beginning Balance	\$ 179,094	\$ 142,208	\$ 321,302	\$ 217,766	\$ 129,964	\$ 347,730	\$ 264,092	\$ 120,770	\$ 384,862
Loans placed on non-accrual		-	54,730	81,023	-	81,023	139,030	-	139,030
Payments received	(3,550 )	-	(3,550 )	(7,250 )	-	(7,250 )	(5,733 )	-	(5,733 )
Loan charge-offs	(43,969 )	-	(43,969 )	(47,913 )	-	(47,913 )	(58,897 )	-	(58,897 )
Foreclosures	(17,052 )	17,052	-	(61,432 )	61,432	-	(49,233 )	49,233	-
Capitalized costs	-	270	270	-	170	170	-	320	320
Note / property sales	(11,400 )	(44,547 )	(55,947 )	(3,100 )	(33,509 )	(36,609 )	(8,457 )	(25,951 )	(34,408 )
Loans trans to held for sale			(74,084 )	-	-	-	-	-	-
Write downs	-	(48,585 )	(48,585 )	-	(8,031 )	(8,031 )	-	(4,579 )	(4,579 )
Net gains (losses) on sales	-	(12,020 )	(12,020 )	-	(7,818 )	(7,818 )	-	(3,518 )	(3,518 )
Ending Balance	\$ 83,769	\$ 54,378	\$ 138,147	\$ 179,094	\$ 142,208	\$ 321,302	\$ 280,802	\$ 136,275	\$ 417,077

(1) Excludes non-performing loans and foreclosed properties covered by the loss-sharing agreement with the FDIC, related to the acquisition of SCB.

(2) The NPA activity shown for the first quarter of 2011 is presented with all activity related to loans transferred to the held for sale classification on one line as if those loans were transferred to held for sale at the beginning of the period. During the first quarter of 2011, \$27.1 million in loans transferred to held for sale were placed on nonaccrual, \$1.1 million in payments were received on nonaccrual loans transferred to held for sale and \$66.6 million in charge-offs were recorded on nonaccrual loans transferred to held for sale to mark them down to the expected proceeds from the sale.

Foreclosed property is initially recorded at fair value, less estimated costs to sell. If the fair value, less estimated costs to sell at the time of foreclosure, is less than the loan balance, the deficiency is charged against the allowance for loan losses. If the fair value, less estimated costs to sell, of the foreclosed property decreases during the holding period, a valuation allowance is established with a charge to foreclosed property costs. When the foreclosed property is sold, a gain or loss is recognized on the sale for the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the property. Financed sales of foreclosed property are accounted for in accordance with ASC 360-20, Real Estate Sales. For the first quarters of 2011 and 2010, United transferred \$17.1 million and \$49.2 million, respectively, of loans into foreclosed property. During the same periods, proceeds from sales of OREO were \$44.5 million and \$26.0

million, respectively, which includes \$8.54 million and \$4.26 million of sales that were financed by United, respectively. During the first quarter of 2011, United recorded \$48.6 million in write-downs on foreclosed property in order to expedite sales in the second and third quarter.

#### Investment Securities

The composition of the investment securities portfolio reflects United's investment strategy of maintaining an appropriate level of liquidity while providing a relatively stable source of revenue. The investment securities portfolio also provides a balance to interest rate risk and credit risk in other categories of the balance sheet while providing a vehicle for the investment of available funds, furnishing liquidity, and supplying securities to pledge as required collateral for certain deposits. Total investment securities at March 31, 2011 increased \$357 million from a year ago. The increase in the securities portfolio was a result of a buildup of liquidity resulting partially from strong core deposit growth with little loan demand to invest the proceeds. In addition, United has intentionally sought to maintain above normal amounts of liquidity due to the uncertain economy. United invested the proceeds from deposits in short-term commercial paper and floating rate mortgage-backed securities. United chose floating rate securities because they have less market risk in the event rates begin to rise.

During the second quarter of 2010, United transferred securities available for sale with a fair value of \$315 million to held to maturity. The transferred securities were those that United has the ability and positive intent to hold until maturity. Generally, the transferred securities had longer durations and were more susceptible to market price volatility due to changes in interest rates. At March 31, 2011, United had securities held to maturity with a carrying value of \$245 million and securities available for sale totaling \$1.64 billion. At March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010, and March 31, 2010, the securities portfolio represented approximately 24%, 20%, and 19% of total assets, respectively.

The investment securities portfolio primarily consists of U.S. Government sponsored agency mortgage-backed securities, non-agency mortgage-backed securities, U.S. Government agency securities, corporate bonds, and municipal securities. Mortgage-backed securities rely on the underlying pools of mortgage loans to provide a cash flow of principal and interest. The actual maturities of these securities will differ from contractual maturities because loans underlying the securities can prepay. Decreases in interest rates will generally cause an acceleration of prepayment levels. In a declining interest rate environment, United may not be able to reinvest the proceeds from these prepayments in assets that have comparable yields. In a rising rate environment, the opposite occurs. Prepayments tend to slow and the weighted average life extends. This is referred to as extension risk which can lead to lower levels of liquidity due to the delay of cash receipts and can result in the holding of a below market yielding asset for a longer period of time.

#### Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Goodwill represents the premium paid for acquired companies above the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, including separately identifiable intangible assets. As a result of the significant drop in United's stock price during the third quarter of 2010, United conducted an interim goodwill impairment test to determine if the stock price decline might indicate goodwill was impaired. United's third quarter interim 2010 impairment test indicated that goodwill was in fact impaired and United recorded a charge to earnings for the entire remaining balance of \$211 million. In performing the interim impairment test, United engaged the services of a national third party valuation expert who employed commonly used valuation techniques including an earnings approach that considered discounted future expected cash earnings and three market approaches.

Other intangible assets, primarily core deposit intangibles representing the value of United's acquired deposit base, are amortizing intangible assets that are required to be tested for impairment only when events or circumstances indicate that impairment may exist. There were no events or circumstances that led management to believe that any impairment exists in United's other intangible assets.

#### Deposits

United initiated several programs in early 2009 to improve core earnings by growing customer transaction deposit accounts and lowering overall pricing on deposit accounts to improve its net interest margin and increase net interest revenue. The programs were very successful in increasing core transaction deposit accounts and reducing more costly time deposit balances as United's funding needs decreased due to lower loan demand. United has continued to pursue customer transaction deposits by stressing its high customer satisfaction scores.

Total deposits as of March 31, 2011 were \$6.60 billion, an increase of \$110 million, or 2%, from March 31, 2010. Total non-interest-bearing demand deposit accounts of \$865 million increased \$124 million, or 17%, due to the success of core deposit programs. Also impacted by the programs were NOW, money market and savings accounts of \$2.48 billion which increased \$221 million, or 10%, from March 31, 2010.

Total time deposits, excluding brokered deposits, as of March 31, 2011 were \$2.57 billion, down \$208 million from March 31, 2010. Time deposits less than \$100,000 totaled \$1.58 billion, a decrease of \$66.6 million, or 4%, from a year ago. Time deposits of \$100,000 and greater totaled \$990 million as of March 31, 2011, a decrease of \$142 million, or 13%, from March 31, 2010. United continued to offer low rates on certificates of deposit, allowing balances to decline as United's funding needs declined due to weak loan demand.

#### Wholesale Funding

The Bank is a shareholder in the Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") of Atlanta. Through this affiliation, FHLB secured advances totaled \$55.1 million and \$114 million as of March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. United

anticipates continued use of this short- and long-term source of funds. FHLB advances outstanding at March 31, 2011 had fixed interest rates ranging up to 4.49%. During the third quarter of 2010, United prepaid approximately \$50 million of fixed-rate advances and incurred prepayment charges of \$2.23 million. Additional information regarding FHLB advances is provided in Note 11 to the consolidated financial statements included in United's 2010 Form 10-K.

At March 31, 2011 and 2010, United had \$102 million in repurchase agreements and other short-term borrowings outstanding, United takes advantage of these additional sources of liquidity when rates are favorable compared to other forms of short-term borrowings, such as FHLB advances and brokered deposits.



## Interest Rate Sensitivity Management

The absolute level and volatility of interest rates can have a significant effect on United's profitability. The objective of interest rate risk management is to identify and manage the sensitivity of net interest revenue to changing interest rates, in order to achieve United's overall financial goals. Based on economic conditions, asset quality and various other considerations, management establishes tolerance ranges for interest rate sensitivity and manages within these ranges.

United's net interest revenue, and the fair value of its financial instruments, are influenced by changes in the level of interest rates. United manages its exposure to fluctuations in interest rates through policies established by the Asset/Liability Management Committee ("ALCO"). ALCO meets periodically and has responsibility for approving asset/liability management policies, formulating and implementing strategies to improve balance sheet positioning and/or earnings, and reviewing United's interest rate sensitivity.

One of the tools management uses to estimate the sensitivity of net interest revenue to changes in interest rates is an asset/liability simulation model. Resulting estimates are based upon a number of assumptions for each scenario, including the level of balance sheet growth, loan and deposit repricing characteristics and the rate of prepayments. The ALCO regularly reviews the assumptions for accuracy based on historical data and future expectations, however, actual net interest revenue may differ from model results. The primary objective of the simulation model is to measure the potential change in net interest revenue over time using multiple interest rate scenarios. The base scenario assumes rates remain flat and is the scenario to which all others are compared in order to measure the change in net interest revenue. Policy limits are based on gradually rising and falling rate scenarios, which are compared to this base scenario. Another commonly analyzed scenario is a most-likely scenario that projects the expected change in rates based on the slope of the yield curve. Other scenarios analyzed may include rate shocks, narrowing or widening spreads, and yield curve steepening or flattening. While policy scenarios focus on a twelve month time frame, longer time horizons are also modeled.

United's policy is based on the 12-month impact on net interest revenue of interest rate ramps that increase 200 basis points and decrease 200 basis points from the base scenario. In the ramp scenarios, rates change 25 basis points per month over the initial eight months. The policy limits the change in net interest revenue over the next 12 months to a 10% decrease in either scenario. The policy ramp and base scenarios assume a static balance sheet. Historically low rates on March 31, 2011 and 2010 made use of the down 200 basis points scenario problematic. At March 31, 2011 United's simulation model indicated that a 200 basis point increase in rates would cause an approximate 3.39% increase in net interest revenue over the next twelve months, and a 25 basis point decrease would cause an approximate .09% increase in net interest revenue over the next twelve months. The increase of 3.39% in net interest revenue for a 200 basis point ramp up of interest rates was impacted by the significant amount of excess liquidity at March 31, 2011. If excess liquidity were reduced to a normal level, the 3.39% increase would be reduced to an increase of .11% which is consistent with our policy to manage our interest rate risk closer to a neutral position. At March 31, 2010, United's simulation model indicated that a 200 basis point increase in rates would cause an approximate .65% increase in net interest revenue and a 25 basis point decrease in rates over the next twelve months would cause an approximate .77% increase in net interest revenue.

Interest rate sensitivity is a function of the repricing characteristics of the portfolio of assets and liabilities. These repricing characteristics are the time frames within which the interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities are subject to change in interest rates either at replacement, repricing or maturity during the life of the instruments. Interest rate sensitivity management focuses on the maturity structure of assets and liabilities and their repricing characteristics during periods of changes in market interest rates. Effective interest rate sensitivity management seeks to ensure that both assets and liabilities respond to changes in interest rates within an acceptable timeframe, thereby minimizing the effect of interest rate changes on net interest revenue.

United may have some discretion in the extent and timing of deposit repricing depending upon the competitive pressures in the markets in which it operates. Changes in the mix of earning assets or supporting liabilities can either increase or decrease the net interest margin without affecting interest rate sensitivity. The interest rate spread between an asset and its supporting liability can vary significantly even when the timing of repricing for both the asset and the liability remains the same, due to the two instruments repricing according to different indices.

Varying interest rate environments can create unexpected changes in prepayment levels of assets and liabilities that are not reflected in an interest rate sensitivity gap analysis. These prepayments may have significant effect on the net interest margin. Because of these limitations, an interest sensitivity gap analysis alone generally does not provide an accurate assessment of exposure to changes in interest rates.

In order to manage its interest rate sensitivity, United periodically enters into off-balance sheet contracts that are considered derivative financial instruments. Derivative financial instruments can be a cost-effective and capital-effective means of modifying the repricing characteristics of on-balance sheet assets and liabilities. These contracts generally consist of interest rate swaps under which United pays a variable rate and receives a fixed rate and interest rate floor contracts where United pays a premium up front to a counterparty to the right to be compensated if a specified rate index falls below a pre-determined floor rate.

United's derivative financial instruments are classified as either cash flow or fair value hedges. The change in fair value of cash flow hedges is recognized in other comprehensive income. Fair value hedges recognize currently in earnings both the effect of the change in the fair value of the derivative financial instrument and the offsetting effect of the change in fair value of the hedged asset or liability associated with the particular risk of that asset or liability being hedged. At March 31, 2011, United did not have any active derivative contracts outstanding.

From time to time, United will terminate swap or floor positions when conditions change and the position is no longer necessary to manage United's overall sensitivity to changes in interest rates. In those situations where the terminated swap or floor was in an effective hedging relationship at the time of termination and the hedging relationship is expected to remain effective throughout the original term of the swap or floor, the resulting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the original contract. For swap contracts, the gain or loss is amortized over the remaining original contract term using the straight line method of amortization. For floor contracts, the gain or loss is amortized over the remaining original contract term based on the original floorlet schedule. At March 31, 2011, United had \$15.5 million in gains from terminated derivative positions included in other comprehensive income that will be amortized into earnings over their remaining original contract terms. Approximately \$10.2 million is expected to be reclassified into interest revenue over the next twelve months.

United's policy requires all derivative financial instruments be used only for asset/liability management through the hedging of specific transactions or positions, and not for trading or speculative purposes. Management believes that the risk associated with using derivative financial instruments to mitigate interest rate risk sensitivity is minimal and should not have any material unintended effect on our financial condition or results of operations. In order to mitigate potential credit risk, from time to time United may require the counterparties to derivative contracts to pledge securities as collateral to cover the net exposure.

#### Liquidity Management

The objective of liquidity management is to ensure that sufficient funding is available, at reasonable cost, to meet the ongoing operational cash needs and to take advantage of revenue producing opportunities as they arise. While the desired level of liquidity will vary depending upon a variety of factors, it is the primary goal of United to maintain a sufficient level of liquidity in all expected economic environments. Liquidity is defined as the ability to convert assets into cash or cash equivalents without significant loss and to raise additional funds by increasing liabilities. Liquidity management involves maintaining United's ability to meet the daily cash flow requirements of the Bank's customers, both depositors and borrowers. In addition, because United is a separate entity and apart from the Bank, it must provide for its own liquidity. United is responsible for the payment of dividends declared for its common and preferred shareholders, and interest and principal on any outstanding debt or trust preferred securities.

Two key objectives of asset/liability management are to provide for adequate liquidity in order to meet the needs of customers and to maintain an optimal balance between interest-sensitive assets and interest-sensitive liabilities to optimize net interest revenue. Daily monitoring of the sources and uses of funds is necessary to maintain a position that meets both requirements.

The asset portion of the balance sheet provides liquidity primarily through loan principal repayments and the maturities and sales of securities, as well as the ability to use these as collateral for borrowings on a secured basis. We also maintain excess funds in short-term interest-bearing assets that provide additional liquidity. Mortgage loans held for sale totaled \$25.4 million at March 31, 2011, and typically turn over every 45 days as the closed loans are sold to investors in the secondary market. In addition, at March 31, 2011 United held \$1.2 billion in excess liquidity including \$470 million in short-term commercial paper, \$440 million in balances in excess of reserve requirements at the Federal Reserve Bank and \$300 million in floating rate mortgage-backed securities.

The liability section of the balance sheet provides liquidity through interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing deposit accounts. Federal funds purchased, Federal Reserve short-term borrowings, FHLB advances and securities sold under agreements to repurchase are additional sources of liquidity and represent United's incremental borrowing capacity. These sources of liquidity are generally short-term in nature and are used as necessary to fund asset growth and meet other short-term liquidity needs.

Substantially all of the parent company's liquidity is obtained from subsidiary service fees and dividends from the Bank, which is limited by applicable law.

At March 31, 2011, United had sufficient qualifying collateral to increase FHLB advances by \$979 million and Federal Reserve discount window capacity of \$149 million. United's internal policy limits brokered deposits to 25% of total assets. At March 31, 2011, United had the capacity to increase brokered deposits by \$1.31 billion, subject to certain regulatory approvals, and still remain within this limit. In addition to these wholesale sources, United has the ability to attract retail deposits at any time by competing more aggressively on pricing.

As disclosed in United's consolidated statement of cash flows, net cash provided by operating activities was \$40.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The net loss of \$142 million for the three month period included non-cash expenses for the provision for loan losses of \$190 million and losses and write downs on foreclosed property of \$60.6 million. As an offset, other assets increased \$90.3 million, primarily due to an increase in deferred tax assets. Net cash used in investing activities of \$92.4 million consisted primarily of purchases of securities of \$407 million and purchases of premises and equipment of \$3.60 million, that were offset by proceeds from sales of securities of \$51.2 million, maturities and calls of investment securities of \$137 million, net proceeds from sales of other real estate and notes of \$47.4 million, and a net decrease in loans of \$93.9 million. Net cash provided by financing activities of \$493 million consisted primarily of a net increase of \$129 million in deposits and the proceeds from \$363 million in newly issued common and preferred stock. In the opinion of management, United had a significant excess liquidity position at March 31, 2011, which was sufficient to meet its expected cash flow requirements.

## Capital Resources and Dividends

Shareholders' equity at March 31, 2011 was \$850 million, an increase of \$215 million from December 31, 2010. Accumulated other comprehensive income, which includes unrealized gains and losses on securities available for sale and the unrealized gains and losses on derivatives qualifying as cash flow hedges, is excluded in the calculation of regulatory capital adequacy ratios. Excluding the change in the accumulated other comprehensive income, shareholders' equity increased \$218 million from December 31, 2010.

During the first quarter of 2011, United closed the Private Placement. Pursuant to the Private Placement, the Investors purchased and United issued \$3.29 million of the Company's existing common stock, consisting of 17,338,497 shares, for \$1.90 per share and issued \$347 million in preferred stock consisting of 195,872 shares of Series F Preferred Stock, and 151,185 shares of Series G Preferred Stock. Under the terms of the Private Placement Agreement and following receipt of required shareholder approvals, the Series F Preferred Stock will be mandatorily convertible into 103,090,506 shares of voting common stock and the Series G Preferred Stock will be mandatorily convertible into 79,570,997 shares of non-voting common stock. Following such conversion, the Investors will own an aggregate of 120,429,003 shares of common stock and 79,570,997 shares of non-voting common stock. The Private Placement resulted in an increase to shareholders' equity of \$363 million.

On February 22, 2011, the Company entered into the Share Exchange Agreement with the Elm Ridge Parties. Under the Share Exchange Agreement, the Elm Ridge Parties agreed to transfer to the Company 7,755,631 shares of the Company's common stock in exchange for 16,613 Series D Preferred Shares and warrants to purchase 7,755,631 common shares.

United accrued \$2.3 million in dividends on Series A and Series B preferred stock in the first quarter of 2011 as well as \$173,000 in dividends on Series D preferred stock. United recognizes that cash dividends are an important component of shareholder value, and therefore, intends to provide for cash dividends when earnings, capital levels and other factors permit.

The Board Resolution provides that United may not incur additional indebtedness, pay cash dividends, make payments on our trust preferred securities or repurchase outstanding stock without prior approval of the Federal Reserve. We were not given permission to pay interest on our trust preferred securities and dividends on our preferred stock during the first quarter of 2011. As a result of such deferrals, United may not pay dividends on any of common or preferred stock or trust preferred securities until all accrued and unpaid amounts under the deferred securities have been paid. Effective April 15, 2011, United received approval from the Federal Reserve for payment of currently payable and previously deferred dividends and interest on its preferred stock and trust preferred securities.

The Bank is currently subject to a memorandum of understanding ("MOU") which requires, among other things, that the Bank maintain its Tier 1 leverage ratio at not less than 8% and its total risk-based capital ratio at not less than 10% during the life of the MOU. Additionally, the MOU requires that, prior to declaring or paying any cash dividends to United, the Bank must obtain the written consent of its regulators.

United's common stock trades on the Nasdaq Global Select Market under the symbol "UCBI". Below is a quarterly schedule of high, low and closing stock prices and average daily volume for 2011 and 2010.

Table 13 - Stock Price Information

2011				2010			
High	Low	Close	Avg Daily Volume	High	Low	Close	Avg Daily Volume

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First quarter	\$2.37	\$1.19	\$2.33	1,136,603	\$5.00	\$3.21	\$4.41	882,923
Second quarter					6.20	3.86	3.95	849,987
Third quarter					4.10	2.04	2.24	810,161
Fourth quarter					2.60	1.10	1.95	1,084,578

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System has issued guidelines for the implementation of risk-based capital requirements by U.S. banks and bank holding companies. These risk-based capital guidelines take into consideration risk factors, as defined by regulators, associated with various categories of assets, both on and off-balance sheet. Under the guidelines, capital strength is measured in two tiers that are used in conjunction with risk-weighted assets to determine the risk-based capital ratios. The guidelines require an 8% total risk-based capital ratio, of which 4% must be Tier I capital. However, to be considered well-capitalized under the guidelines, a 10% total risk-based capital ratio is required, of which 6% must be Tier I capital.

Under the risk-based capital guidelines, assets and credit equivalent amounts of derivatives and off-balance sheet items are assigned to one of several broad risk categories according to the obligor, or, if relevant, the guarantor or the nature of the collateral. The aggregate dollar amount in each risk category is then multiplied by the risk weight associated with the category. The resulting weighted values from each of the risk categories are added together, and generally this sum is the company's total risk weighted assets. Risk-weighted assets for purposes of United's capital ratios are calculated under these guidelines.

A minimum leverage ratio is required in addition to the risk-based capital standards and is defined as Tier I capital divided by average assets adjusted for goodwill and deposit-based intangibles. Although a minimum leverage ratio of 3% is required, the Federal Reserve Board requires a bank holding company to maintain a leverage ratio greater than 3% if it is experiencing or anticipating significant growth or is operating with less than well-diversified risks in the opinion of the Federal Reserve Board. The Federal Reserve Board uses the leverage and risk-based capital ratios to assess capital adequacy of banks and bank holding companies.

The following table shows United's capital ratios, as calculated under regulatory guidelines, at March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010 and March 31, 2010.

Table 14 -  
Capital Ratios  
(dollars in  
thousands)

	Regulatory Guidelines		United Community Banks, Inc. (Consolidated)						United Community Bank		
	Well Capitalized	Minimum	March 31, 2011 Pro Forma (1)	Actual	December 31, 2010	March 31, 2010	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010	March 31, 2010		
Risk-based ratios:											
Tier I capital	4.0 %	6.0 %	13.23 %	7.81 %	9.67 %	11.72 %	12.95 %	10.72 %	12.52 %		
Total capital	8.0	10.0	15.72	15.63	12.11	14.45	14.73	12.48	14.37		
Leverage ratio	3.0	5.0	8.54	5.05	6.75	8.15	8.34	7.45	8.65		
Tier I capital			\$627,423	\$370,621	\$483,257	\$622,287	\$611,958	\$534,161	\$664,163		
Total capital			745,721	741,242	605,204	767,099	695,948	621,807	761,777		

(1) Pro forma ratios and capital amounts assume conversion of Series F and Series G preferred stock to common stock as of period-end. Conversion is mandatory following shareholder approval of the transaction which is expected at United's annual shareholders' meeting on June 16, 2011.

United's Tier I capital excludes other comprehensive income, and consists of stockholders' equity and qualifying capital securities, less goodwill and deposit-based intangibles. Tier II capital components include supplemental capital items such as a qualifying allowance for loan losses and qualifying subordinated debt. Tier I capital plus Tier II capital components is referred to as Total Risk-Based capital.

#### Effect of Inflation and Changing Prices

A bank's asset and liability structure is substantially different from that of an industrial firm in that primarily all assets and liabilities of a bank are monetary in nature with relatively little investment in fixed assets or inventories. Inflation has an important effect on the growth of total assets and the resulting need to increase equity capital at higher than normal rates in order to maintain an appropriate equity to assets ratio.

United's management believes the effect of inflation on financial results depends on United's ability to react to changes in interest rates, and by such reaction, reduce the inflationary effect on performance. United has an asset/liability management program to manage interest rate sensitivity. In addition, periodic reviews of banking services and products are conducted to adjust pricing in view of current and expected costs.



Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk

There have been no material changes in United's quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk as of March 31, 2011 from that presented in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010. The interest rate sensitivity position at March 31, 2011 is included in management's discussion and analysis on page 48 of this report.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

United's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, supervised and participated in an evaluation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2011. Based on, and as of the date of that evaluation, United's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective in accumulating and communicating information to management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures of that information under the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms and that the disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that the information required to be disclosed in reports that are filed or submitted by United under the Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms.

There were no significant changes in the internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation.

Part II. Other Information

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

In the ordinary course of operations, United and the Bank are defendants in various legal proceedings. In the opinion of management, there is no pending or threatened proceeding in which an adverse decision could result in a material adverse change in the consolidated financial condition or results of operations of United.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in United's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds – None

Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities – None

Item 4. (Removed and Reserved)

Item 5. Other Information – None

Item 6. Exhibits

3.1 Restated Articles of Incorporation of United Community Banks, Inc., as amended.

3.2 Amended and Restated Bylaws of United Community Banks, Inc., dated September 12, 1997, as amended.

- 4.1 See Exhibits 3.1 and 3.2 for provisions of the Restated Articles of Incorporation, as amended, and Amended and Restated Bylaws, as amended, which define the rights of security holders.

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- 4.2 Tax Benefits Preservation Plan, dated as of February 22, 2011, by and between United Community Banks, Inc. and Illinois Stock Transfer Company, which includes the Company's Articles of Amendment to its Restated Articles of Incorporation, setting forth the rights, restrictions, privileges and preferences of the Junior Participating Preferred Stock, Series E, as Exhibit A and Form of Right Certificate as Exhibit B (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to United Community Banks, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the Commission on February 24, 2011.)
- 4.3 Form of Summary of Rights for Tax Benefits Preservation Plan, dated as of February 22, 2011, by and between United Community Banks, Inc. and Illinois Stock Transfer Company (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to United Community Banks, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the Commission on February 24, 2011.)
- 4.4 Form of Warrant to Purchase Shares of Common Stock issued on February 22, 2011 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to United Community Banks, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the Commission on February 24, 2011.)
- 4.5 Amendment to Tax Benefits Preservation Plan, dated as of March 29, 2011, by and between United Community Banks, Inc. and Illinois Stock Transfer Company (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to United Community Banks, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the Commission on March 31, 2011.)
- 10.1 Investment Agreement, dated as of March 16, 2011, between United Community Banks, Inc. and Corsair Georgia, L.P. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to United Community Banks, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the Commission on March 17, 2011.)
- 10.2 Form of Subscription Agreement, dated as of March 16, 2011, between United Community Banks, Inc. and each Additional Investor. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to United Community Banks, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the Commission on March 17, 2011.)
- 10.3 Asset Purchase and Sale Agreement dated April 18, 2011, among United Community Bank, CF Southeast, LLC and CF Southeast Trust 2011-1
- 31.1 Certification by Jimmy C. Tallent, President and Chief Executive Officer of United Community Banks, Inc., as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification by Rex S. Schuette, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of United Community Banks, Inc., as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32 Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS,  
INC.

/ s / J i m m y C .  
Tallent  
Jimmy C. Tallent  
President and Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

/ s / R e x S .  
Schuette  
Rex S. Schuette  
Executive Vice President and  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)

/ s / A l a n H .  
Kumler  
Alan H. Kumler  
Senior Vice President and Controller  
(Principal Accounting Officer)

Date: May 4, 2011

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ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT  
OF  
UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC.

1.

The name of the corporation is United Community Banks, Inc.

2.

The Restated Articles of Incorporation, as amended, of the corporation are amended by adding the powers, rights, and preferences, and the qualifications, limitations, and restrictions thereof, of the Mandatorily Convertible Cumulative Non-Voting Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series F as set forth in Exhibit A attached hereto and Mandatorily Convertible Cumulative Non-Voting Perpetual Preferred Non-Voting Stock, Series G as set forth in Exhibit B attached hereto.

3.

The amendment was adopted by the board of directors of the corporation at a meeting duly convened and held on March 14, 2011. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 14-2-602 and Article V of the Restated Articles of Incorporation, as amended, of the corporation, shareholder consent was not required.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has executed these Articles of Amendment to the Restated Articles of Incorporation, as amended, of United Community Banks, Inc. this 29th day of March, 2011.

UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC.

By: /s/ Rex S. Schuette  
Name: Rex S. Schuette  
Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

EXHIBIT A

DESIGNATIONS, POWERS, PREFERENCES,  
LIMITATIONS, RESTRICTIONS, AND RELATIVE RIGHTS  
OF  
MANDATORILY CONVERTIBLE CUMULATIVE NON-VOTING PERPETUAL PREFERRED STOCK, SERIES  
F  
OF  
UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC.

First: The name of the Corporation is United Community Banks, Inc., a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Georgia (the "Corporation").

Second: The Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation, as amended, authorize the issuance of 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$1.00 per share, of the Corporation ("Preferred Stock") in one or more series, and authorizes the Board of Directors of the Corporation (the "Board of Directors") to fix by resolution or resolutions the designation and number of shares of such series, and the voting and other powers, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights, and the qualifications, limitations and restrictions thereof, of the shares of such series.

Third: That the following resolution was duly adopted by the Board of Directors as required by O.C.G.A. § 14-2-602 and Article V of the Restated Articles of Incorporation at a meeting duly convened and held on March 14, 2011, at which a quorum was present and acting throughout.

Resolved, that pursuant to the provisions of the Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation, as amended, and applicable law, a series of Preferred Stock, par value \$1.00 per share, of the Corporation be and hereby is created, and that the designation and number of shares of such series, and the voting and other powers, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other rights, and the qualifications, limitations and restrictions thereof, of the shares of such series, are as follows:

RIGHTS AND PREFERENCES

Section 1. Designation. There is hereby created out of the authorized and unissued shares of preferred stock of the Corporation a series of preferred stock designated as the "Mandatorily Convertible Cumulative Non-Voting Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series F" (the "Series F Preferred Stock"). The number of shares constituting such series shall be 195,872. The par value of the Series F Preferred Stock shall be \$1.00 per share, and the liquidation preference shall be \$1,000 per share.

Section 2. Ranking. The Series F Preferred Stock will, with respect to dividend rights and rights on liquidation, winding up and dissolution, rank (i) on a parity with the Corporation's Series A Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, the Fixed Rate Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series B, the Series C Fixed Rate Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, the Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series D, the Junior Participating Preferred Stock, Series E, the Series G Mandatorily Convertible Perpetual Preferred Stock (the "Series G Preferred Stock") and with each other class or series of equity securities of the Corporation the terms of which do not expressly provide that such class or series will rank senior or junior to the Series F Preferred Stock as to dividend rights and rights on liquidation, winding-up and dissolution of the Corporation (collectively referred to as "Parity Securities"), and (ii) senior to the Corporation's common stock, par value \$1.00 per share (the "Common Stock"), the Corporation's non-voting common stock, par value \$1.00 per share (the "Non-Voting Common Stock" and, together with the Common Stock, the "Company Common Stock"), and each other class or series of capital stock of the Corporation outstanding or established after the Effective Date by the Corporation the terms of which do not expressly provide that it ranks on a parity with or senior to the Series F Preferred Stock as to dividend rights and rights on liquidation, winding-up and dissolution of the Corporation (collectively referred to as "Junior Securities"). The Corporation has the power to authorize and/or issue additional shares or classes or series of Junior Securities without the consent of the Holders.

Section 3. Definitions. The following initially capitalized terms shall have the following meanings, whether used in the singular or the plural:

- (a) "Affiliate" of any specified Person means any other Person directly or indirectly controlling or controlled by or under common control with such specified Person. For the purposes of this definition, "control" when used with respect to any specified Person means the power to direct the management and policies of such Person, directly or indirectly, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise; and the terms "controlling" and "controlled" have meanings correlative to the foregoing.
  - (b) "Applicable Conversion Price" means the Conversion Price in effect at any given time.
  - (c) "Articles of Incorporation" means the Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation, as amended.
  - (d) "As-Converted Dividend" means, with respect to any Dividend Period, the product of (i) the pro forma per share semi-annual Common Stock dividend derived by (A) annualizing the last dividend declared during such Dividend Period on the Common Stock and (B) dividing such annualized dividend by two and (ii) the number of shares of Common Stock into which a share of Series F Preferred Stock would then be convertible (assuming receipt of the Stockholder Approval); provided, however, that for any Dividend Period with respect to which no dividend on the Common Stock has been declared, the As-Converted Dividend shall be \$0.00.
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- (e) “BHC Act” means the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended.
- (f) “BHC Affiliated Person” means, with respect to any Person, its Affiliates which for purposes of this definition include all “affiliates” as defined in the BHC Act or Regulation Y of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve.
- (g) “Business Day” means any day that is not Saturday or Sunday and that, in New York City, is not a day on which banking institutions generally are authorized or obligated by law or executive order to be closed.
- (h) “Certificate of Designations” means the Articles of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation, dated March 29, 2011.
- (i) “CIBC Act” means the Change in Bank Control Act of 1978, as amended.
- (j) “Closing Price” of the Common Stock (or other relevant capital stock or equity interest) on any date of determination means the closing sale price or, if no closing sale price is reported, the last reported sale price of the shares of the Common Stock (or other relevant capital stock or equity interest) on The NASDAQ Global Select Market on such date. If the Common Stock (or other relevant capital stock or equity interest) is not traded on The NASDAQ Global Select Market on any date of determination, the Closing Price of the Common Stock (or other relevant capital stock or equity interest) on such date of determination means the closing sale price as reported in the composite transactions for the principal U.S. national or regional securities exchange on which the Common Stock (or other relevant capital stock or equity interest) is so listed or quoted, or, if no closing sale price is reported, the last reported sale price on the principal U.S. national or regional securities exchange on which the Common Stock (or other relevant capital stock or equity interest) is so listed or quoted, or if the Common Stock (or other relevant capital stock or equity interest) is not so listed or quoted on a U.S. national or regional securities exchange, the last quoted bid price for the Common Stock (or other relevant capital stock or equity interest) in the over-the-counter market as reported by Pink OTC Markets Inc. or similar organization, or, if that bid price is not available, the market price of the Common Stock (or other relevant capital stock or equity interest) on that date as determined by a nationally recognized independent investment banking firm retained by the Corporation for this purpose.

For purposes of this Certificate of Designation, all references herein to the “Closing Price” and “last reported sale price” of the Common Stock (or other relevant capital stock or equity interest) on The NASDAQ Global Select Market shall be such closing sale price and last reported sale price as reflected on the website of The NASDAQ Global Select Market (<http://www.nasdaq.com>) and as reported by Bloomberg Professional Service; provided that in the event that there is a discrepancy between the closing sale price or last reported sale price as reflected on the website of The NASDAQ Global Select Market and as reported by Bloomberg Professional Service, the closing sale price and last reported sale price on the website of The NASDAQ Global Select Market shall govern.

- (k) “Common Stock” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.
- (l) “Company Common Stock” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.



- (m) “Conversion Price” means \$1.90, subject to adjustment as set forth herein.
- (n) “Current Market Price” means, on any date, the average of the daily Closing Price per share of the Common Stock or other securities on each of the five consecutive Trading Days preceding the earlier of the day before the date in question and the day before the Ex-Date with respect to the issuance or distribution giving rise to an adjustment to the Conversion Price pursuant to Section 10.
- (o) “Distributed Property” has the meaning set forth in Section 10(a)(iv).
- (p) “Dividend” has the meaning set forth in Section 4(b).
- (q) “Dividend Payment Date” has the meaning set forth in Section 4(b).
- (r) “Dividend Period” has the meaning set forth in Section 4(c).
- (s) “Dividend Rate” means, with respect to any Dividend Period, the sum of (a) the greater of (i) LIBOR and (ii) 2.0% plus (b) 15.0%; provided however if such amount is greater than 18.0%, the Dividend Rate shall be 18.0%.
- (t) “Effective Date” means the date on which shares of the Series F Preferred Stock are first issued.
- (u) “Exchange Property” has the meaning set forth in Section 11(a).
- (v) “Ex-Date”, when used with respect to any issuance or distribution, means the first date on which the Common Stock or other securities trade without the right to receive the issuance or distribution giving rise to an adjustment to the Conversion Price pursuant to Section 10.
- (w) “Holder” means the Person in whose name the shares of the Series F Preferred Stock are registered, which may be treated by the Corporation as the absolute owner of the shares of Series F Preferred Stock for the purpose of making payment and settling the related conversions and for all other purposes.
- (x) “Junior Securities” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.
- (y) “LIBOR” means, with respect to any Dividend Period, the rate for deposits in U.S. dollars for a three-month period that appears on Bloomberg Screen US0003M Index <GO> page (or other applicable page) as of 11:00 a.m. (London time) on the second London Banking Day preceding the first day of that Dividend Period. If the rate described above does not appear on such Bloomberg Screen page, LIBOR will be determined on the basis of the rates at which deposits in U.S. dollars for a three-month period and in a principal amount of not less than \$1,000,000 are offered to prime banks in the London interbank market by four major banks in the London interbank market selected by the Corporation, at approximately 11:00 a.m., London time on the second London Banking Day preceding the first day of that Dividend Period. The Corporation will request the principal London office of each of such banks to provide a quotation of its rate. If at least two such quotations are provided, LIBOR with respect to that Dividend Period will be the arithmetic mean (rounded upward if necessary to the nearest .00001 of 1%) of such quotations. If fewer than two quotations are provided, LIBOR with respect to that Dividend Period will be the arithmetic mean (rounded upward if necessary to the nearest .00001 of 1%) of the rates quoted by three major banks in New York, New York, selected by the Corporation, at approximately 11:00 a.m., New York City time, on the first day of that Dividend Period for loans in U.S. dollars to leading European banks for a three-month period and in a principal amount of not less than \$1,000,000. However, if the banks selected by the Corporation to provide quotations are not quoting as described above, LIBOR for that Dividend Period will be the same as LIBOR as determined for the previous Dividend Period, or in the case of the first Dividend Period, the most recent rate that could have been

determined in accordance with the first sentence of this paragraph had the Series F Preferred Stock been outstanding. The establishment of LIBOR will be final and binding in the absence of manifest error.

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- (z) “Liquidation Preference” means, as to the Series F Preferred Stock, \$1,000 per share (as adjusted for any split, subdivision, combination, consolidation, recapitalization or similar event with respect to the Series F Preferred Stock).
- (aa) “London Banking Day” means any day on which commercial banks are open for general business (including dealings in deposits in U.S. dollars) in London.
- (bb) “Mandatory Conversion Date” means, with respect to the shares of Series F Preferred Stock of any Holder, the second Business Day after which the Corporation has received the Stockholder Approvals (or if a Reorganization Event has theretofore been consummated, the date of consummation of such Reorganization Event) necessary to permit such Holder to convert such shares of Series F Preferred Stock into authorized Common Stock without such conversion resulting in a Violation, provided, however, that if a Mandatory Conversion Date would otherwise occur on or after an Ex-Date for an issuance or distribution that results in an adjustment of the Conversion Price pursuant to Section 10 and on or before the Record Date for such issuance or distribution, such Mandatory Conversion Date shall instead occur on the first calendar day after the Record Date for such issuance or distribution, and provided, further, that if a Mandatory Conversion Date would otherwise occur but such Holder has not received all accrued and unpaid dividends, whether or not declared with respect to any Dividend Period completed prior to such Mandatory Conversion Date, such Mandatory Conversion Date shall instead occur on the first calendar day after such Holder has received all such accrued and unpaid dividends.
- (cc) “Non-Voting Common Stock” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.
- (dd) “Notice of Mandatory Conversion” has the meaning set forth in Section 9(a).
- (ee) “Parity Securities” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.
- (ff) “Person” means a legal person, including any individual, corporation, estate, partnership, joint venture, association, joint-stock company, limited liability company or trust.
- (gg) “Record Date” has the meaning set forth in Section 4(d).
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- (hh) “Reorganization Event” has the meaning set forth in Section 11(a).
- (ii) “Series F Preferred Stock” has the meaning set forth in Section 1.
- (jj) “Series G Preferred Stock” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.
- (kk) “Stockholder Approvals” means all stockholder approvals necessary to (i) approve the conversion of the Series F Preferred Stock into Common Stock for purposes of Rule 5635 of the Nasdaq Stock Market Rules and (ii) amend the Articles of Incorporation to (A) authorize a number of shares of Non-Voting Common Stock sufficient to permit the full conversion of the Series G Preferred Stock into Non-Voting Common Stock and the issuance of certain additional shares of Non-Voting Common Stock and (B) increase the number of authorized shares of Common Stock to at least such number as shall be sufficient to permit the full conversion of the Series F Preferred Stock and the Non-Voting Common Stock.
- (ll) “Trading Day” means a day on which the shares of Common Stock:
- (i) are not suspended from trading on any national or regional securities exchange or association or over-the-counter market at the close of business; and
- (ii) have traded at least once on the national or regional securities exchange or association or over-the-counter market that is the primary market for the trading of the Common Stock.
- (mm) “Violation” means a violation of the stockholder approval requirements of Rule 5635 of the Nasdaq Stock Market Rules.
- (nn) “Voting Securities” has the meaning set forth in the BHC Act and any rules or regulations promulgated thereunder.

Section 4. Dividends. (a) From and after the Effective Date, the Holders shall be entitled to receive, when, as and if declared by the Board of Directors or a duly authorized committee of the Board of Directors, out of funds legally available therefor, cumulative dividends of the type and in the amounts determined as set forth in this Section 4, and no more.

(b) Commencing on the Effective Date, dividends shall accrue and shall be payable semi-annually in arrears on March 30th and September 30th of each year (each, a “Dividend Payment Date”) or, if any such day is not a Business Day, the next Business Day. Dividends payable pursuant to this Section 4, if, when and as declared by the Board of Directors or a duly authorized committee of the Board of Directors, will be, for each outstanding share of Series F Preferred Stock, payable in cash at an annual rate equal to the Dividend Rate multiplied by the sum of (i) the Liquidation Preference plus (ii) all accrued and unpaid dividends for any prior Dividend Period that are payable on such share of Series F Preferred Stock, payable in cash (such dividend, the “Dividend”); provided that, in the event that the As-Converted Dividend for such Dividend Period is greater than the Dividend, each outstanding share of Series F Preferred Stock shall be entitled to receive, when and as declared by the Board of Directors, the As-Converted Dividend rather than the Dividend.

(c) Dividends payable pursuant to Section 4 will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months and, for any Dividend Period greater or less than a full Dividend Period, will be computed on the basis of the actual number of days elapsed in the period divided by 360. The period from the Effective Date to but excluding September 30, 2011 and each period from and including a Dividend Payment Date to but excluding the following Dividend Payment Date is herein referred to as a “Dividend Period”.

(d) Each dividend will be payable to Holders of record as they appear in the records of the Corporation on the applicable record date (each, a “Record Date”), which with respect to dividends payable pursuant to this Section 4, shall be on the fifteenth day of the month immediately prior to the month in which the relevant Dividend Payment Date occurs.

(e) Dividends on the Series F Preferred Stock are cumulative. Such dividends shall begin to accrue and be cumulative from the Effective Date (in the case of the shares of Series F Preferred Stock issued on the Effective Date), shall compound at the relevant rate on each subsequent Dividend Payment Date (i.e., no dividends shall accrue on another dividend unless and until the first Dividend Payment Date for such other dividends has passed without such other dividends having been paid on such date) and shall be payable semi-annually in arrears on each Dividend Payment Date, commencing with the first such Dividend Payment Date.

(f) So long as any shares of Series F Preferred Stock remain outstanding, if all dividends payable pursuant to Section 4 on all outstanding shares of the Series F Preferred Stock for any Dividend Period have not been declared and paid, or declared and funds set aside therefor, the Corporation shall not, directly or indirectly, (x) declare or pay dividends with respect to, or make any distributions on, or, directly or indirectly, redeem, purchase or acquire any of its Junior Securities or (y) directly or indirectly, redeem, purchase or acquire any of its Parity Securities, other than, in each case, (i) redemptions, purchases or other acquisitions of Junior Securities or Parity Securities in connection with any employment contract, benefit plan or other similar arrangement with or for the benefit of any one or more employees, officers, directors or consultants or in connection with a dividend reinvestment plan, (ii) any declaration of a dividend in connection with any stockholders’ rights plan, or the issuance of rights, stock or other property under any stockholders’ rights plan, or the redemption or repurchase of rights pursuant thereto, (iii) conversions or exchanges of Junior Securities or Parity Securities for Junior Securities or Parity Securities, respectively, and (iv) any purchase of fractional interests in shares of the Corporation’s capital stock pursuant to the conversion or exchange provisions of such capital stock or the securities being converted or exchanged. If dividends payable pursuant to Section 4 for any Dividend Payment Date are not paid in full, or declared and funds set aside therefor on the shares of the Series F Preferred Stock and there are issued and outstanding shares of Parity Securities with the same Dividend Payment Date (or, in the case of Parity Securities having dividend payment dates different from the Dividend Payment Dates, on a dividend payment date falling within a Dividend Period applicable to such Dividend Payment Date), then all dividends declared on shares of the Series F Preferred Stock and such Parity Securities on such date or dates, as the case may be, shall be declared pro rata so that the respective amounts of such dividends shall bear the same ratio to each other as full semi-annual dividends per share payable on the shares of the Series F Preferred Stock pursuant to Section 4 and all such Parity Securities otherwise payable on such Dividend Payment Date (or, in the case of Parity Securities having dividend payment dates different from the Dividend Payment Dates, on a dividend payment date falling within a Dividend Period applicable to such Dividend Payment Date) (subject to such dividends on such Parity Securities having been declared by the Board of Directors out of legally available funds and including, in the case of any such Parity Securities that bear cumulative dividends, all accrued but unpaid dividends) bear to each other. However, the foregoing provisions shall not restrict the ability of any Affiliate of the Corporation to engage in any market making transactions in Junior Securities in the ordinary course of business.

(g) If the Mandatory Conversion Date with respect to any share of Series F Preferred Stock is prior to the Dividend Payment Date applicable to any Dividend Period, the Holder of such share of Series F Preferred Stock will not have the right to receive any dividends on the Series F Preferred Stock with respect to such Dividend Period, provided that this provision shall not affect any rights to receive any accrued but unpaid dividends on the Series F Preferred Stock attributable to any Dividend Period completed prior to the Mandatory Conversion Date.

(h) The Corporation, in satisfaction of its obligation to issue preferred stock under any provision of this Certificate of Designations to any Holder, may, in order to minimize the number of its authorized and unissued shares of preferred stock used for such purpose, issue depositary shares for such preferred stock, with such depositary shares and underlying preferred stock being in such denominations as the Corporation and such Holder shall mutually agree.

Section 5. Liquidation. (a) In the event the Corporation voluntarily or involuntarily liquidates, dissolves or winds up, the Holders at the time shall be entitled to receive liquidating distributions in an amount equal to the greater of (i) the Liquidation Preference per share of Series F Preferred Stock plus an amount equal to any accrued but unpaid dividends, whether or not declared, thereon to and including the date of such liquidation and (ii) the payment or distribution to which such Holders would have been entitled if the Series F Preferred Stock were converted into Common Stock (assuming receipt of the Stockholder Approvals) immediately before such liquidation, dissolution or winding-up, out of assets legally available for distribution to the Corporation's stockholders, before any distribution of assets is made to the holders of the Company Common Stock or any other Junior Securities. After payment of the full amount of such liquidation distribution, the Holders shall not be entitled to any further participation in any distribution of assets by the Corporation.

(b) In the event the assets of the Corporation available for distribution to stockholders upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of the affairs of the Corporation, whether voluntary or involuntary, shall be insufficient to pay in full the amounts payable with respect to all outstanding shares of the Series F Preferred Stock and the corresponding amounts payable on any Parity Securities, Holders and the holders of such Parity Securities shall share ratably in any distribution of assets of the Corporation in proportion to the full respective liquidating distributions to which they would otherwise be respectively entitled.

(c) The Corporation's consolidation or merger with or into any other entity, the consolidation or merger of any other entity with or into the Corporation, or the sale of all or substantially all of the Corporation's property or business will not constitute its liquidation, dissolution or winding up.

Section 6. Maturity. The Series F Preferred Stock shall be perpetual unless converted in accordance with this Certificate of Designations.

Section 7. Redemptions.

(a) Optional Redemption. The Series F Preferred Stock may not be redeemed by the Corporation prior to December 31, 2015. After December 31, 2015, the Corporation, at its option, may redeem in whole at any time the shares of Series F Preferred Stock at the time outstanding, upon notice given as provided in Section 7(c) below, at a redemption price per share payable in cash equal to the greater of (i) 150.0% of the sum of (A) the Liquidation Preference, plus (B) all accrued and unpaid dividends, whether or not declared, up to, but excluding, the date fixed for redemption and (ii) 125.0% of (A) the number of shares of Common Stock into which a share of Series F Preferred Stock would be convertible on the Trading Day immediately prior to the date fixed for redemption (assuming receipt of Stockholder Approvals) multiplied by (B) the Closing Price of Common Stock on such Trading Day. The redemption price for any shares of Series F Preferred Stock shall be payable on the redemption date to the Holder of such shares against surrender of the certificate(s) evidencing such shares to the Corporation or its agent. Any declared but unpaid dividends payable on a redemption date that occurs subsequent to a Record Date for a Dividend Period shall not be paid to the Holder entitled to receive the redemption price on the redemption date, but rather shall be paid to the holder of record of the redeemed shares on such Record Date.

(b) No Sinking Fund. The Series F Preferred Stock will not be subject to any mandatory redemption, sinking fund or other similar provisions. Holders of Series F Preferred Stock will have no right to require redemption of any shares of Series F Preferred Stock.

(c) Notice of Redemption. Notice of every redemption of shares of Series F Preferred Stock shall be given by first class mail, postage prepaid, addressed to the Holders of the shares to be redeemed at their respective last addresses appearing on the books of the Corporation. Such mailing shall be at least 30 days and not more than 60 days before the date fixed for redemption; provided, however, that failure to give such notice by mail, or any defect in such notice or in the mailing thereof, to any Holder of shares of Series F Preferred Stock designated for redemption shall not affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of any other shares of Series F Preferred Stock to be so redeemed except as to the Holder to whom the Corporation has failed to give such notice or except as to the Holder to whom notice was defective. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Series F Preferred Stock or any depositary shares representing interests in the Series F Preferred Stock are issued in book-entry form through The Depository Trust Company or any other similar facility, notice of redemption may be given to the Holders of Series F Preferred Stock at such time and in any manner permitted by such facility. Each such notice given to a Holder shall state: (1) the redemption date; (2) the number of shares of Series F Preferred Stock to be redeemed; (3) the redemption price (or manner of determination of the redemption price); and (4) the place or places where certificates for such shares are to be surrendered for payment of the redemption price.

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(d) Effectiveness of Redemption. If notice of redemption has been duly given as provided in Section 7(c) and if on or before the redemption date specified in the notice all funds necessary for the redemption have been set aside by the Corporation, separate and apart from its other funds, in trust for the pro rata benefit of the Holders of the shares called for redemption, so as to be and continue to be available therefor, then, notwithstanding that any certificate for any share so called for redemption has not been surrendered for cancellation, on and after the redemption date unless the Corporation defaults in the payment of the redemption price, in which case such rights shall continue until the redemption price is paid, dividends shall cease to accrue on all shares so called for redemption, all shares so called for redemption shall no longer be deemed outstanding and all rights with respect to such shares shall forthwith on such redemption date cease and terminate, except only the right of the Holders thereof to receive the amount payable on such redemption, without interest. Any funds unclaimed at the end of two years from the redemption date shall, to the extent permitted by law, be released to the Corporation, after which time the Holders of the shares so called for redemption shall look only to the Corporation for payment of the redemption price of such shares. Shares of outstanding Series F Preferred Stock that are redeemed, purchased or otherwise acquired by the Corporation, or converted into another series of Preferred Stock, shall be cancelled and shall revert to authorized but unissued shares of Preferred Stock undesignated as to series.

Section 8. Mandatory Conversion. Effective as of the close of business on the Mandatory Conversion Date with respect to the shares of Series F Preferred Stock of a Holder, all such Holder's shares of Series F Preferred Stock shall automatically convert into shares of Common Stock as set forth below. The number of shares of Common Stock into which a share of Series F Preferred Stock shall be convertible shall be determined by dividing (i) the Liquidation Preference by (ii) the Applicable Conversion Price (subject to the conversion procedures of Section 9 hereof); provided, that the Series F Preferred Stock shall not convert into Common Stock unless and until all accrued and unpaid dividends, whether or not declared, with respect to any Dividend Period completed prior to the Mandatory Conversion Date (but not with respect to the Dividend Period in which the Mandatory Conversion Date occurs) have been paid in cash to the Holders. Upon conversion, Holders shall receive cash in lieu of fractional shares in accordance with Section 13 hereof.

Section 9. Conversion Procedures.

(a) At least one Business Day prior to the Mandatory Conversion Date with respect to shares of any Holder, the Corporation shall provide notice of such conversion to such Holder (such notice a "Notice of Mandatory Conversion"). In addition to any information required by applicable law or regulation, the Notice of Mandatory Conversion with respect to such Holder shall state, as appropriate:

- (i) the Mandatory Conversion Date;
  - (ii) the Applicable Conversion Price;
  - (iii) the number of shares of Common Stock to be issued upon conversion of each share of Series F Preferred Stock held of record by such Holder and subject to such mandatory conversion;
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- (iv) if certificates are to be issued, the place or places where certificates for shares of Series F Preferred Stock held of record by such Holder are to be surrendered for issuance of certificates representing shares of Common Stock; and
- (v) the amount of accrued and unpaid dividends to be paid in cash on each share of Series F Preferred Stock held of record by such Holder prior to such mandatory conversion.
- (b) Effective immediately prior to the close of business on the Mandatory Conversion Date with respect to any shares of Series F Preferred Stock dividends shall no longer be declared on any such shares of Series F Preferred Stock and such shares of Series F Preferred Stock shall cease to be outstanding, in each case, subject to the right of the Holder to receive (i) shares of Common Stock issuable upon such mandatory conversion, (ii) any declared and unpaid dividends on such share to the extent provided in Section 4(g) and (iii) any other payments to which such Holder is otherwise entitled pursuant to Section 5, Section 7, Section 8, Section 11 or Section 13 hereof, as applicable.
- (c) No allowance or adjustment, except pursuant to Section 4 or Section 10, shall be made in respect of dividends payable to holders of the Common Stock of record as of any date prior to the close of business on the Mandatory Conversion Date with respect to any share of Series F Preferred Stock. Prior to the close of business on the Mandatory Conversion Date with respect to any share of Series F Preferred Stock, shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion thereof, or other securities issuable upon conversion of, such share of Series F Preferred Stock shall not be deemed outstanding for any purpose, and the Holder thereof shall have no rights with respect to the Common Stock or other securities issuable upon conversion (including voting rights, rights to respond to tender offers for the Common Stock or other securities issuable upon conversion and rights to receive any dividends or other distributions on the Common Stock or other securities issuable upon conversion) by virtue of holding such share of Series F Preferred Stock.
- (d) Shares of Series F Preferred Stock duly converted in accordance with this Certificate of Designations, or otherwise reacquired by the Corporation, will resume the status of authorized and unissued preferred stock, undesignated as to series and available for future issuance. The Corporation may from time-to-time take such appropriate action as may be necessary to reduce the authorized number of shares of Series F Preferred Stock; provided, however, that the Corporation shall not take any such action if such action would reduce the authorized number of shares of Series F Preferred Stock below the number of shares of Series F Preferred Stock then outstanding.
- (e) The Person or Persons entitled to receive the Common Stock and/or cash, securities or other property issuable upon conversion of Series F Preferred Stock shall be treated for all purposes as the record holder(s) of such shares of Common Stock and/or securities as of the close of business on the Mandatory Conversion Date with respect thereto. In the event that a Holder shall not by written notice designate the name in which shares of Common Stock and/or cash, securities or other property (including payments of cash in lieu of fractional shares) to be issued or paid upon conversion of shares of Series F Preferred Stock should be registered or paid or the manner in which such shares should be delivered, the Corporation shall be entitled to register and deliver such shares, and make such payment, in the name of the Holder and in the manner shown on the records of the Corporation.
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(f) On the Mandatory Conversion Date with respect to any share of Series F Preferred Stock, certificates representing shares of Common Stock shall be issued and delivered to the Holder thereof or such Holder's designee (or, at the Corporation's option such shares shall be registered in book-entry form) upon presentation and surrender of the certificate evidencing the Series F Preferred Stock to the Corporation and, if required, the furnishing of appropriate endorsements and transfer documents and the payment of all transfer and similar taxes.

Section 10. Anti-Dilution Adjustments.

(a) The Conversion Price shall be subject to the following adjustments:

(i) Stock Dividends and Distributions. If the Corporation pays dividends or other distributions on the Company Common Stock in shares of Company Common Stock, then the Conversion Price in effect immediately prior to the Ex-Date for such dividend or distribution will be multiplied by the following fraction:

$$\frac{\text{OS0}}{\text{OS1}}$$

Where,

OS0 = the number of shares of Company Common Stock outstanding immediately prior to Ex-Date for such dividend or distribution.

OS1 = the sum of the number of shares of Company Common Stock outstanding immediately prior to the Ex-Date for such dividend or distribution plus the total number of shares of Company Common Stock constituting such dividend or distribution.

For the purposes of this clause (i), the number of shares of Company Common Stock at the time outstanding shall not include shares acquired by the Corporation. If any dividend or distribution described in this clause (i) is declared but not so paid or made, the Conversion Price shall be readjusted, effective as of the date the Board of Directors publicly announces its decision not to make such dividend or distribution, to such Conversion Price that would be in effect if such dividend or distribution had not been declared (but giving effect to any intervening adjustments that may have been made with respect to the Series F Preferred Stock).

(ii) Subdivisions, Splits and Combination of the Company Common Stock. If the Corporation subdivides, splits or combines the shares of Company Common Stock, then the Conversion Price in effect immediately prior to the effective date of such share subdivision, split or combination will be multiplied by the following fraction:

$$\frac{\text{OS0}}{\text{OS1}}$$

Where,

OS0 = the number of shares of Company Common Stock outstanding immediately prior to the effective date of such share subdivision, split or combination.

OS1 = the number of shares of Company Common Stock outstanding immediately after the opening of business on the effective date of such share subdivision, split or combination.

For the purposes of this clause (ii), the number of shares of Company Common Stock at the time outstanding shall not include shares acquired by the Corporation. If any subdivision, split or combination described in this clause (ii) is announced but the outstanding shares of Company Common Stock are not subdivided, split or combined, the Conversion Price shall be readjusted, effective as of the date the Board of Directors publicly announces its decision not to subdivide, split or combine the outstanding shares of Company Common Stock, to such Conversion Price that would be in effect if such subdivision, split or combination had not been announced (but giving effect to any intervening adjustments that may have been made with respect to the Series F Preferred Stock).

(iii) Issuance of Stock Purchase Rights. If the Corporation issues to all or substantially all holders of the shares of Company Common Stock rights or warrants (other than rights or warrants issued pursuant to a stockholders' rights plan, a dividend reinvestment plan or share purchase plan or other similar plans, including that certain Tax Benefits Preservation Plan, dated February 22, 2011, as amended, between the Corporation and Illinois Stock Transfer Company) entitling them to subscribe for or purchase the shares of Company Common Stock at less than the Current Market Price on the date fixed for the determination of stockholders entitled to receive such rights or warrants, then the Conversion Price in effect immediately prior to the Ex-Date for such distribution will be multiplied by the following fraction:

$$\frac{\text{OS0} + \text{Y}}{\text{OS0} + \text{X}}$$

Where,

OS0 = the number of shares of Company Common Stock outstanding immediately prior to the Ex-Date for such distribution.

X = the total number of shares of Company Common Stock issuable pursuant to such rights or warrants.

Y = the number of shares of Company Common Stock equal to the aggregate price payable to exercise such rights or warrants divided by the Current Market Price on the date fixed for the determination of stockholders entitled to receive such rights or warrants.

For the purposes of this clause (iii), the number of shares of Company Common Stock at the time outstanding shall not include shares acquired by the Corporation. The Corporation shall not issue any such rights or warrants in respect of shares of the Company Common Stock acquired by the Corporation. In the event that such rights or warrants described in this clause (iii) are not so issued, the Conversion Price shall be readjusted, effective as of the date the Board of Directors publicly announces its decision not to issue such rights or warrants, to the Conversion Price that would then be in effect if such issuance had not been declared (but giving effect to any intervening adjustments that may have been made with respect to the Series F Preferred Stock). To the extent that such rights or warrants are not exercised prior to their expiration or shares of Company Common Stock are otherwise not delivered pursuant to such rights or warrants upon the exercise of such rights or warrants, the Conversion Price shall be readjusted to such Conversion Price that would then be in effect had the adjustment made upon the issuance of such rights or warrants been made on the basis of the delivery of only the number of shares of Company Common Stock actually delivered (but giving effect to any intervening adjustments that may have been made with respect to the Series F Preferred Stock). In determining the aggregate offering price payable for such shares of Company Common Stock, there shall be taken into account any consideration received for such rights or warrants and the value of such consideration (if other than cash, to be determined in a reasonable manner by the Board of Directors).

(iv) Debt or Asset Distributions. If the Corporation distributes to all or substantially all holders of shares of Common Stock evidences of indebtedness, shares of capital stock, securities, cash or other assets (excluding any dividend or distribution referred to in clause (i) above, any rights or warrants referred to in clause (iii) above, any dividend or distribution paid exclusively in cash, any consideration payable in connection with a tender or exchange offer made by the Corporation or any of its applicable subsidiaries, and any dividend of shares of capital stock of any class or series, or similar equity interests, of or relating to a subsidiary or other business unit in the case of certain spin-off transactions as described below) (such evidences of indebtedness, shares of capital stock, securities, cash or other assets, the "Distributed Property"), then the Conversion Price in effect immediately prior to the Ex-Date for such distribution will be multiplied by the following fraction:

$$\frac{SP_0 - FMV}{SP_0}$$

Where,

SP the Current Market Price per share of Common Stock on such date.  
=

FMV the fair market value of the portion of the distribution applicable to one share of Common Stock on such date as  
= determined in good faith by the Board of Directors.

In a “spin-off”, where the Corporation makes a distribution to all holders of shares of Common Stock consisting of capital stock of any class or series, or similar equity interests of, or relating to, a subsidiary or other business unit, the Conversion Price will be adjusted on the fifteenth Trading Day after the effective date of the distribution by multiplying such Conversion Price in effect immediately prior to such fifteenth Trading Day by the following fraction:

$$\frac{\text{MP0}}{\text{MP0} + \text{MPs}}$$

Where,

MP0 = the average of the Closing Prices of the Common Stock over the first ten Trading Days commencing on and including the fifth Trading Day following the effective date of such distribution.

MPs = the average of the Closing Prices of the capital stock or equity interests representing the portion of the distribution applicable to one share of Common Stock over the first ten Trading Days commencing on and including the fifth Trading Day following the effective date of such distribution, or, if not traded on a national or regional securities exchange or over-the-counter market, the fair market value of the capital stock or equity interests representing the portion of the distribution applicable to one share of Common Stock on such date as determined by the Board of Directors.

In the event that such distribution described in this clause (iv) is not so paid or made, the Conversion Price shall be readjusted, effective as of the date the Board of Directors publicly announces its decision not to pay or make such dividend or distribution, to the Conversion Price that would then be in effect if such dividend or distribution had not been declared (but giving effect to any intervening adjustments that may have been made with respect to the Series F Preferred Stock).

(v) Cash Distributions. If the Corporation makes a distribution consisting exclusively of cash to all holders of the Common Stock, excluding (a) any cash dividend on the Common Stock to the extent a corresponding cash dividend pursuant to Section 4 is paid on the Series F Preferred Stock, (b) any cash that is distributed in a Reorganization Event or as part of a “spin-off” referred to in clause (iv) above, (c) any dividend or distribution in connection with the Corporation’s liquidation, dissolution or winding up, and (d) any consideration payable in connection with a tender or exchange offer made by the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries, then in each event, the Conversion Price in effect immediately prior to the Ex-Date for such distribution will be multiplied by the following fraction:

$$\frac{\text{SP0} - \text{DIV}}{\text{SP0}}$$

Where,

SP0 = the Closing Price per share of Common Stock on the Trading Day immediately preceding the Ex-Date.

DIV = the amount per share of Common Stock of the cash distribution, as determined pursuant to the introduction to this paragraph (v).

In the event that any distribution described in this clause (v) is not so made, the Conversion Price shall be readjusted, effective as of the date the Board of Directors publicly announces its decision not to pay such distribution, to the Conversion Price which would then be in effect if such distribution had not been declared (but giving effect to any intervening adjustments that may have been made with respect to the Series F Preferred Stock).

(vi) Self Tender Offers and Exchange Offers. If the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries successfully completes a tender or exchange offer for the Common Stock where the cash and the value of any other consideration included in the payment per share of the Common Stock exceeds the Closing Price per share of the Common Stock on the Trading Day immediately succeeding the expiration of the tender or exchange offer, then the Conversion Price in effect at the close of business on such immediately succeeding Trading Day will be multiplied by the following fraction:

$$\frac{OS0 \times SP0}{AC + (SP0 \times OS1)}$$

Where,

SP0 = the Closing Price per share of Common Stock on the Trading Day immediately succeeding the expiration of the tender or exchange offer.

OS0 = the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately prior to the expiration of the tender or exchange offer, including any shares validly tendered and not withdrawn.

OS1 = the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately after the expiration of the tender or exchange offer, giving effect to consummation of the acquisition of all shares validly tendered or exchanged (and not withdrawn) in connection with such tender or exchange.

AC = the aggregate cash and fair market value of the other consideration payable in the tender or exchange offer, as determined by the Board of Directors.

In the event that the Corporation, or one of its subsidiaries, is obligated to purchase shares of Common Stock pursuant to any such tender offer or exchange offer, but the Corporation, or such subsidiary, is permanently prevented by applicable law from effecting any such purchases, or all such purchases are rescinded, then the Conversion Price shall be readjusted to be such Conversion Price that would then be in effect if such tender offer or exchange offer had not been made (but giving effect to any intervening adjustments that may have been made with respect to the Series F Preferred Stock). Except as set forth in the preceding sentence, if the application of this clause (vi) to any tender offer or exchange offer would result in an increase in the Conversion Price, no adjustment shall be made for such tender offer or exchange offer under this clause (vi).

(vii) Rights Plans. To the extent that the Corporation has a rights plan in effect with respect to the Common Stock on the Mandatory Conversion Date, upon conversion of any shares of the Series F Preferred Stock, Holders will receive, in addition to the shares of Common Stock, the rights under the rights plan, unless, prior to the Mandatory Conversion Date, the rights have separated from the shares of Common Stock, in which case the Conversion Price will be adjusted at the time of separation as if the Corporation had made a distribution to all holders of the Common Stock as described in clause (iii) above, subject to readjustment in the event of the expiration, termination or redemption of such rights (but giving effect to any intervening adjustments that may have been made with respect to the Series F Preferred Stock).

(b) The Corporation may make such decreases in the Conversion Price, in addition to any other decreases required by this Section 10, if the Board of Directors deems it advisable, to avoid or diminish any income tax to holders of the Company Common Stock resulting from any dividend or distribution of shares of Company Common Stock (or issuance of rights or warrants to acquire shares of Company Common Stock) or from any event treated as such for income tax purposes or for any other reason.

(c) (i) All adjustments to the Conversion Price shall be calculated to the nearest 1/10 of a cent. No adjustment in the Conversion Price shall be required if such adjustment would be less than \$0.01; provided, that any adjustments which by reason of this subparagraph are not required to be made shall be carried forward and taken into account in any subsequent adjustment; provided further that on the Mandatory Conversion Date adjustments to the Conversion Price will be made with respect to any such adjustment carried forward and which has not been taken into account before such date.

(ii) No adjustment to the Conversion Price shall be made if Holders may participate in the transaction that would otherwise give rise to an adjustment, as a result of holding the Series F Preferred Stock (including without limitation pursuant to Section 4 hereof), without having to convert the Series F Preferred Stock, as if they held the full number of shares of Common Stock into which a share of the Series F Preferred Stock may then be converted.

(iii) The Applicable Conversion Price shall not be adjusted:

(A) upon the issuance of any shares of Company Common Stock pursuant to any present or future plan providing for the reinvestment of dividends or interest payable on the Corporation's securities and the investment of additional optional amounts in shares of Company Common Stock under any such plan;

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(B) upon the issuance of any shares of Company Common Stock or rights or warrants to purchase those shares pursuant to any present or future employee, director or consultant benefit plan or program of or assumed by the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries;

(C) upon the issuance of any shares of Company Common Stock pursuant to any option, warrant, right or exercisable, exchangeable or convertible security outstanding as of the date shares of the Series F Preferred Stock were first issued and not substantially amended thereafter;

(D) for a change in the par value or no par value of Company Common Stock; or

(E) for accrued and unpaid dividends on the Series F Preferred Stock.

(d) Whenever the Conversion Price is to be adjusted in accordance with Section 10(a) or Section 10(b), the Corporation shall: (i) compute the Conversion Price in accordance with Section 10(a) or Section 10(b), taking into account the \$0.01 threshold set forth in Section 10(c) hereof; (ii) as soon as practicable following the occurrence of an event that requires an adjustment to the Conversion Price pursuant to Section 10(a) or Section 10(b), taking into account the one percent threshold set forth in Section 10(c) hereof (or if the Corporation is not aware of such occurrence, as soon as practicable after becoming so aware), provide, or cause to be provided, a written notice to the Holders of the occurrence of such event; and (iii) as soon as practicable following the determination of the revised Conversion Price in accordance with Section 10(a) or Section 10(b) hereof, provide, or cause to be provided, a written notice to the Holders setting forth in reasonable detail the method by which the adjustment to the Conversion Price was determined and setting forth the revised Conversion Price.

Section 11. Reorganization Events. (a) In the event that, for so long as any shares of Series F Preferred Stock have not been converted and remain outstanding, there occurs:

(i) any consolidation, merger or other similar business combination of the Corporation with or into another Person, in each case pursuant to which the Common Stock will be converted into cash, securities or other property of the Corporation or another Person;

(ii) any sale, transfer, lease or conveyance to another Person of all or substantially all of the property and assets of the Corporation, in each case pursuant to which the Common Stock will be converted into cash, securities or other property of the Corporation or another Person;

(iii) any reclassification of the Common Stock into securities including securities other than the Common Stock;  
or

(iv) any statutory exchange of the outstanding shares of Common Stock for securities of another Person (other than in connection with a merger or acquisition);



(any such event specified in this Section 11(a), a “Reorganization Event”); then each share of such Holder’s Series F Preferred Stock outstanding immediately prior to such Reorganization Event shall remain outstanding but shall automatically convert, effective as of the close of business on the Mandatory Conversion Date with respect to the shares of Series F Preferred Stock of such Holder, into the type and amount of securities, cash and other property receivable in such Reorganization Event by the holder (excluding the counterparty to the Reorganization Event or an Affiliate of such counterparty) of the greater of (i) the number of shares of Common Stock into which one share of Series F Preferred Stock would then be convertible assuming the receipt of the Stockholder Approvals and (ii) the number of shares of Common Stock that, if one share of Series F Preferred Stock were converted into such number of shares, would result in the fair market value of the securities, cash and other property receivable in such Reorganization Event by a Holder of such number of shares equaling the Liquidation Preference plus, in each case of clause (i) and (ii) above, all accrued and unpaid dividends, whether or not declared, up to, but excluding such date (such securities, cash and other property, the “Exchange Property”). In the event that a Reorganization Event referenced in Section 11(a) involves common stock as all or part of the consideration being offered in a fixed exchange ratio transaction, the fair market value per share of such common stock shall be determined by reference to the average of the closing prices of such common stock for the ten Trading Day period ending immediately prior to the consummation of such Reorganization Event.

(b) In the event that holders of the shares of Common Stock have the opportunity to elect the form of consideration to be received in such transaction, the Holders shall likewise be allowed to make such an election.

(c) The above provisions of this Section 11 shall similarly apply to successive Reorganization Events and the provisions of Section 10 shall apply to any shares of capital stock of the Corporation (or any successor) received by the holders of the Company Common Stock in any such Reorganization Event.

(d) The Corporation (or any successor) shall, within seven days of the consummation of any Reorganization Event, provide written notice to the Holders of such consummation of such event and of the kind and amount of the cash, securities or other property that constitutes the Exchange Property. Failure to deliver such notice shall not affect the operation of this Section 11.

(e) The Corporation shall not enter into any agreement for a transaction constituting a Reorganization Event unless such agreement provides for or does not interfere with or prevent (as applicable) conversion of the Series F Preferred Stock into the Exchange Property in a manner that is consistent with and gives effect to this Section 11.

Section 12. Voting Rights. (a) Holders will not have any voting rights, including the right to elect any directors, except (i) voting rights, if any, required by law, and (ii) voting rights, if any, described in this Section 12.

(b) So long as any shares of Series F Preferred Stock are outstanding, the vote or consent of the Holders of a majority of the shares of Series F Preferred Stock at the time outstanding, voting as a single class, given in person or by proxy, either in writing without a meeting or by vote at any meeting called for the purpose, will be necessary for effecting or validating any of the following actions, whether or not such approval is required by Georgia law;

(i) any amendment, alteration or repeal (including by means of a merger, consolidation or otherwise) of any provision of the Articles of Incorporation (including this Certificate of Designations) or the Corporation's bylaws that would alter or change the rights, preferences or privileges of the Series F Preferred Stock so as to affect them adversely; or

(ii) any amendment or alteration (including by means of a merger, consolidation or otherwise) of the Corporation's Articles of Incorporation to authorize, or create, or increase the authorized amount of, any shares of, or any securities convertible into shares of, any class or series of the Corporation's capital stock ranking equally with or senior to the Series F Preferred Stock in the payment of dividends or in the distribution of assets on any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Corporation.

provided, however, that the creation and issuance, or an increase in the authorized or issued amount, of any series of preferred stock or any securities convertible into preferred stock ranking junior to the Series F Preferred Stock with respect to the payment of dividends (whether such dividends are cumulative or non-cumulative) and/or the distribution of assets upon the Corporation's liquidation, dissolution or winding up will not, in and of itself, be deemed to adversely affect rights, preferences or privileges of the Series F Preferred Stock and, notwithstanding any provision of Georgia law, Holders will have no right to vote solely by reason of such an increase, creation or issuance.

(c) Notwithstanding the foregoing, Holders shall not have any voting rights if, at or prior to the effective time of the act with respect to which such vote would otherwise be required, all outstanding shares of Series F Preferred Stock shall have been converted into shares of Common Stock.

#### Section 13. Fractional Shares.

(a) No fractional shares of Common Stock will be issued as a result of any conversion of shares of Series F Preferred Stock.

(b) In lieu of any fractional share of Common Stock otherwise issuable in respect of any mandatory conversion pursuant to Section 8 hereof, the Corporation shall pay an amount in cash (computed to the nearest cent) equal to the same fraction of the Closing Price of the Common Stock determined as of the second Trading Day immediately preceding the Mandatory Conversion Date.

(c) If more than one share of the Series F Preferred Stock is surrendered for conversion at one time by or for the same Holder, the number of full shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion thereof shall be computed on the basis of the aggregate number of shares of the Series F Preferred Stock so surrendered.

Section 14. Reservation of Common Stock.

(a) Following the receipt of the Stockholder Approvals, the Corporation shall at all times reserve and keep available out of its authorized and unissued Common Stock or shares acquired by the Corporation, solely for issuance upon the conversion of shares of Series F Preferred Stock as provided in this Certificate of Designations free from any preemptive or other similar rights, such number of shares of Common Stock as shall from time to time be issuable upon the conversion of all the shares of Series F Preferred Stock then outstanding. For purposes of this Section 14(a), the number of shares of Common Stock that shall be deliverable upon the conversion of all outstanding shares of Series F Preferred Stock shall be computed as if at the time of computation all such outstanding shares were held by a single Holder.

(b) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation shall be entitled to deliver upon conversion of shares of Series F Preferred Stock, as herein provided, shares of Common Stock acquired by the Corporation (in lieu of the issuance of authorized and unissued shares of Common Stock), so long as any such acquired shares are free and clear of all liens, charges, security interests or encumbrances.

(c) All shares of Common Stock delivered upon conversion of the Series F Preferred Stock shall be duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable, free and clear of all liens, claims, security interests and other encumbrances.

(d) Prior to the delivery of any securities that the Corporation shall be obligated to deliver upon conversion of the Series F Preferred Stock, the Corporation shall use its reasonable best efforts to comply with all federal and state laws and regulations thereunder requiring the registration of such securities with, or any approval of or consent to the delivery thereof by, any governmental authority.

(e) The Corporation hereby covenants and agrees that, if at any time the Common Stock shall be listed on The NASDAQ Global Select Market or any other national securities exchange or automated quotation system, the Corporation will, if permitted by the rules of such exchange or automated quotation system, list and keep listed, so long as the Common Stock shall be so listed on such exchange or automated quotation system, all the Common Stock issuable upon conversion of the Series F Preferred Stock.

Section 15. Replacement Certificates.

(a) The Corporation shall replace any mutilated certificate at the Holder's expense upon surrender of that certificate to the Corporation. The Corporation shall replace certificates that become destroyed, stolen or lost at the Holder's expense upon delivery to the Corporation of satisfactory evidence that the certificate has been destroyed, stolen or lost, together with any indemnity that may be required by the Corporation.

(b) The Corporation shall not be required to issue any certificates representing the Series F Preferred Stock on or after the Mandatory Conversion Date. In place of the delivery of a replacement certificate following the Mandatory Conversion Date, the Corporation, upon delivery of the evidence and indemnity described in clause (a) above, shall deliver the shares of Common Stock pursuant to the terms of the Series F Preferred Stock formerly evidenced by the certificate.

Section 16. Miscellaneous.

(a) All notices referred to herein shall be in writing, and, unless otherwise specified herein, all notices hereunder shall be deemed to have been given upon the earlier of receipt thereof or three Business Days after the mailing thereof if sent by registered or certified mail (unless first-class mail shall be specifically permitted for such notice under the terms of this Certificate of Designations) with postage prepaid, addressed: (i) if to the Corporation, to its office at 125 Highway 515 East, Blairsville, Georgia 30512 or (ii) if to any Holder, to such Holder at the address of such Holder as listed in the stock record books of the Corporation, or (iii) to such other address as the Corporation or any such Holder, as the case may be, shall have designated by notice similarly given.

(b) The Corporation shall pay any and all stock transfer and documentary stamp taxes that may be payable in respect of any issuance or delivery of shares of Series F Preferred Stock or shares of Common Stock or other securities issued on account of Series F Preferred Stock pursuant hereto or certificates representing such shares or securities. The Corporation shall not, however, be required to pay any such tax that may be payable in respect of any transfer involved in the issuance or delivery of shares of Series F Preferred Stock or Common Stock or other securities in a name other than that in which the shares of Series F Preferred Stock with respect to which such shares or other securities are issued or delivered were registered, or in respect of any payment to any Person other than a payment to the registered holder thereof, and shall not be required to make any such issuance, delivery or payment unless and until the Person otherwise entitled to such issuance, delivery or payment has paid to the Corporation the amount of any such tax or has established, to the satisfaction of the Corporation, that such tax has been paid or is not payable.

(c) All payments on the shares of Series F Preferred Stock shall be subject to withholding and backup withholding of tax to the extent required by applicable law, subject to applicable exemptions, and amounts withheld, if any, shall be treated as received by the holders thereof.

(d) No share of Series F Preferred Stock shall have any rights of preemption whatsoever under this Certificate of Designations as to any securities of the Corporation, or any warrants, rights or options issued or granted with respect thereto, regardless of how such securities, or such warrants, rights or options, may be designated issued or granted.

(e) The shares of Series F Preferred Stock shall not have any voting powers, preferences or relative, participating, optional or other special rights, or qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof, other than as set forth herein or in the Articles of Incorporation or as provided by applicable law.

(f) The Corporation covenants (1) not to treat the Series F Preferred Stock as preferred stock for purposes of Section 305 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, except as otherwise required by applicable law.

EXHIBIT B

DESIGNATIONS, POWERS, PREFERENCES,  
LIMITATIONS, RESTRICTIONS, AND RELATIVE RIGHTS  
OF  
MANDATORILY CONVERTIBLE CUMULATIVE NON-VOTING PERPETUAL  
PREFERRED STOCK, SERIES G  
OF  
UNITED COMMUNITY BANKS, INC.

First: The name of the Corporation is United Community Banks, Inc., a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Georgia (the "Corporation").

Second: The Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation, as amended, authorize the issuance of 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$1.00 per share, of the Corporation ("Preferred Stock") in one or more series, and authorizes the Board of Directors of the Corporation (the "Board of Directors") to fix by resolution or resolutions the designation and number of shares of such series, and the voting and other powers, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights, and the qualifications, limitations and restrictions thereof, of the shares of such series.

Third: That the following resolution was duly adopted by the Board of Directors as required by O.C.G.A. § 14-2-602 and Article V of the Restated Articles of Incorporation at a meeting duly convened and held on March 14, 2011, at which a quorum was present and acting throughout.

Resolved, that pursuant to the provisions of the Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation, as amended, and applicable law, a series of Preferred Stock, par value \$1.00 per share, of the Corporation be and hereby is created, and that the designation and number of shares of such series, and the voting and other powers, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other rights, and the qualifications, limitations and restrictions thereof, of the shares of such series, are as follows:

RIGHTS AND PREFERENCES

Section 1. Designation. There is hereby created out of the authorized and unissued shares of preferred stock of the Corporation a series of preferred stock designated as the "Mandatorily Convertible Cumulative Non-Voting Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series G" (the "Series G Preferred Stock"). The number of shares constituting such series shall be 151,185. The par value of the Series G Preferred Stock shall be \$1.00 per share, and the liquidation preference shall be \$1,000 per share.

Section 2. Ranking. The Series G Preferred Stock will, with respect to dividend rights and rights on liquidation, winding up and dissolution, rank (i) on a parity with the Corporation's Series A Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, the Fixed Rate Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series B, the Series C Fixed Rate Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, the Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series D, the Junior Participating Preferred Stock, Series E, the Series F Mandatorily Convertible Perpetual Preferred Stock and with each other class or series of equity securities of the Corporation the terms of which do not expressly provide that such class or series will rank senior or junior to the Series G Preferred Stock as to dividend rights and rights on liquidation, winding-up and dissolution of the Corporation (collectively referred to as "Parity Securities"), and (ii) senior to the Corporation's common stock, par value \$1.00 per share (the "Common Stock"), the Corporation's non-voting common stock, par value \$1.00 per share (the "Non-Voting Common Stock" and, together with the Common Stock, the "Company Common Stock"), and each other class or series of capital stock of the Corporation outstanding or established after the Effective Date by the Corporation the terms of

which do not expressly provide that it ranks on a parity with or senior to the Series G Preferred Stock as to dividend rights and rights on liquidation, winding-up and dissolution of the Corporation (collectively referred to as “Junior Securities”). The Corporation has the power to authorize and/or issue additional shares or classes or series of Junior Securities without the consent of the Holders.

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Section 3. Definitions. The following initially capitalized terms shall have the following meanings, whether used in the singular or the plural:

- (a) “Affiliate” of any specified Person means any other Person directly or indirectly controlling or controlled by or under common control with such specified Person. For the purposes of this definition, “control” when used with respect to any specified Person means the power to direct the management and policies of such Person, directly or indirectly, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise; and the terms “controlling” and “controlled” have meanings correlative to the foregoing.
  - (b) “Applicable Conversion Price” means the Conversion Price in effect at any given time.
  - (c) “Articles of Incorporation” means the Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation, as amended.
  - (d) “As-Converted Dividend” means, with respect to any Dividend Period, the product of (i) the pro forma per share semi-annual Common Stock dividend derived by (A) annualizing the last dividend declared during such Dividend Period on the Common Stock and (B) dividing such annualized dividend by two and (ii) the number of shares of Non-Voting Common Stock into which a share of Series G Preferred Stock would then be convertible (assuming receipt of the Stockholder Approval and, if applicable, the Regulatory Approval); provided, however, that for any Dividend Period with respect to which no dividend on the Common Stock has been declared, the As-Converted Dividend shall be \$0.00.
  - (e) “BHC Act” means the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended.
  - (f) “BHC Affiliated Person” means, with respect to any Person, its Affiliates which for purposes of this definition include all “affiliates” as defined in the BHC Act or Regulation Y of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve.
  - (g) “Business Day” means any day that is not Saturday or Sunday and that, in New York City, is not a day on which banking institutions generally are authorized or obligated by law or executive order to be closed.
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- (h) “Certificate of Designations” means the Articles of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation, dated March 29, 2011.
- (i) “CIBC Act” means the Change in Bank Control Act of 1978, as amended.
- (j) “Closing Price” of the Common Stock (or other relevant capital stock or equity interest) on any date of determination means the closing sale price or, if no closing sale price is reported, the last reported sale price of the shares of the Common Stock (or other relevant capital stock or equity interest) on The NASDAQ Global Select Market on such date. If the Common Stock (or other relevant capital stock or equity interest) is not traded on The NASDAQ Global Select Market on any date of determination, the Closing Price of the Common Stock (or other relevant capital stock or equity interest) on such date of determination means the closing sale price as reported in the composite transactions for the principal U.S. national or regional securities exchange on which the Common Stock (or other relevant capital stock or equity interest) is so listed or quoted, or, if no closing sale price is reported, the last reported sale price on the principal U.S. national or regional securities exchange on which the Common Stock (or other relevant capital stock or equity interest) is so listed or quoted, or if the Common Stock (or other relevant capital stock or equity interest) is not so listed or quoted on a U.S. national or regional securities exchange, the last quoted bid price for the Common Stock (or other relevant capital stock or equity interest) in the over-the-counter market as reported by Pink OTC Markets Inc. or similar organization, or, if that bid price is not available, the market price of the Common Stock (or other relevant capital stock or equity interest) on that date as determined by a nationally recognized independent investment banking firm retained by the Corporation for this purpose.

For purposes of this Certificate of Designation, all references herein to the “Closing Price” and “last reported sale price” of the Common Stock (or other relevant capital stock or equity interest) on The NASDAQ Global Select Market shall be such closing sale price and last reported sale price as reflected on the website of The NASDAQ Global Select Market (<http://www.nasdaq.com>) and as reported by Bloomberg Professional Service; provided that in the event that there is a discrepancy between the closing sale price or last reported sale price as reflected on the website of The NASDAQ Global Select Market and as reported by Bloomberg Professional Service, the closing sale price and last reported sale price on the website of The NASDAQ Global Select Market shall govern.

- (k) “Common Stock” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.
- (l) “Company Common Stock” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.
- (m) “Conversion Price” means \$1.90, subject to adjustment as set forth herein.
- (n) “Current Market Price” means, on any date, the average of the daily Closing Price per share of the Common Stock or other securities on each of the five consecutive Trading Days preceding the earlier of the day before the date in question and the day before the Ex-Date with respect to the issuance or distribution giving rise to an adjustment to the Conversion Price pursuant to Section 10.
- (o) “Distributed Property” has the meaning set forth in Section 10(a)(iv).



- (p) “Dividend” has the meaning set forth in Section 4(b).
- (q) “Dividend Payment Date” has the meaning set forth in Section 4(b).
- (r) “Dividend Period” has the meaning set forth in Section 4(c).
- (s) “Dividend Rate” means, with respect to any Dividend Period, the sum of (a) the greater of (i) LIBOR and (ii) 2.0% plus (b) 15.0%; provided however if such amount is greater than 18.0%, the Dividend Rate shall be 18.0%.
- (t) “Effective Date” means the date on which shares of the Series G Preferred Stock are first issued.
- (u) “Exchange Property” has the meaning set forth in Section 11(a).
- (v) “Ex-Date”, when used with respect to any issuance or distribution, means the first date on which the Common Stock or other securities trade without the right to receive the issuance or distribution giving rise to an adjustment to the Conversion Price pursuant to Section 10.
- (w) “Holder” means the Person in whose name the shares of the Series G Preferred Stock are registered, which may be treated by the Corporation as the absolute owner of the shares of Series G Preferred Stock for the purpose of making payment and settling the related conversions and for all other purposes.
- (x) “Junior Securities” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.
- (y) “LIBOR” means, with respect to any Dividend Period, the rate for deposits in U.S. dollars for a three-month period that appears on Bloomberg Screen US0003M Index <GO> page (or other applicable page) as of 11:00 a.m. (London time) on the second London Banking Day preceding the first day of that Dividend Period. If the rate described above does not appear on such Bloomberg Screen page, LIBOR will be determined on the basis of the rates at which deposits in U.S. dollars for a three-month period and in a principal amount of not less than \$1,000,000 are offered to prime banks in the London interbank market by four major banks in the London interbank market selected by the Corporation, at approximately 11:00 a.m., London time on the second London Banking Day preceding the first day of that Dividend Period. The Corporation will request the principal London office of each of such banks to provide a quotation of its rate. If at least two such quotations are provided, LIBOR with respect to that Dividend Period will be the arithmetic mean (rounded upward if necessary to the nearest .00001 of 1%) of such quotations. If fewer than two quotations are provided, LIBOR with respect to that Dividend Period will be the arithmetic mean (rounded upward if necessary to the nearest .00001 of 1%) of the rates quoted by three major banks in New York, New York, selected by the Corporation, at approximately 11:00 a.m., New York City time, on the first day of that Dividend Period for loans in U.S. dollars to leading European banks for a three-month period and in a principal amount of not less than \$1,000,000. However, if the banks selected by the Corporation to provide quotations are not quoting as described above, LIBOR for that Dividend Period will be the same as LIBOR as determined for the previous Dividend Period, or in the case of the first Dividend Period, the most recent rate that could have been determined in accordance with the first sentence of this paragraph had the Series G Preferred Stock been outstanding. The establishment of LIBOR will be final and binding in the absence of manifest error.
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- (z) “Liquidation Preference” means, as to the Series G Preferred Stock, \$1,000 per share (as adjusted for any split, subdivision, combination, consolidation, recapitalization or similar event with respect to the Series G Preferred Stock).
- (aa) “London Banking Day” means any day on which commercial banks are open for general business (including dealings in deposits in U.S. dollars) in London.
- (bb) “Mandatory Conversion Date” means, with respect to the shares of Series G Preferred Stock of any Holder, the second Business Day after which the Corporation and/or such Holder, as applicable as to a Holder, has received the Stockholder Approvals (or if a Reorganization Event has theretofore been consummated, the date of consummation of such Reorganization Event) and, if applicable, the Regulatory Approval necessary to permit such Holder to convert such shares of Series G Preferred Stock into authorized Non-Voting Common Stock without such conversion resulting in a Violation or, in the case of the Regulatory Approval, a violation of the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder, provided, however, that if a Mandatory Conversion Date would otherwise occur on or after an Ex-Date for an issuance or distribution that results in an adjustment of the Conversion Price pursuant to Section 10 and on or before the Record Date for such issuance or distribution, such Mandatory Conversion Date shall instead occur on the first calendar day after the Record Date for such issuance or distribution, and provided, further, that if a Mandatory Conversion Date would otherwise occur but such Holder has not received all accrued and unpaid dividends, whether or not declared, with respect to any Dividend Period completed prior to such Mandatory Conversion Date, such Mandatory Conversion Date shall instead occur on the first calendar day after such Holder has received all such accrued and unpaid dividends.
- (cc) “Non-Voting Common Stock” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.
- (dd) “Notice of Mandatory Conversion” has the meaning set forth in Section 9(a).
- (ee) “Parity Securities” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.
- (ff) “Person” means a legal person, including any individual, corporation, estate, partnership, joint venture, association, joint-stock company, limited liability company or trust.
- (gg) “Record Date” has the meaning set forth in Section 4(d).
- (hh) “Regulatory Approval” means, as to any Holder, to the extent applicable and required to permit such Holder to convert such Holder’s shares of Series G Preferred Stock into Non-Voting Common Stock and to own such Non-Voting Common Stock without such Holder being in violation of applicable law, rule or regulation, the receipt of approvals and authorizations of, filings and registrations with or notifications to any governmental authority, or expiration or termination of any applicable waiting period under, the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder.
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- (ii) “Reorganization Event” has the meaning set forth in Section 11(a).
- (jj) “Series G Preferred Stock” has the meaning set forth in Section 1.
- (kk) “Stockholder Approvals” means all stockholder approvals necessary to (1) approve the conversion of the Non-Voting Common Stock into Common Stock for purposes of Rule 5635 of the Nasdaq Stock Market Rules, and (2) approve the amendment to the Articles of Incorporation to (i) authorize a number of shares of Non-Voting Common Stock sufficient to permit the full conversion of the Series G Preferred Stock into Non-Voting Common Stock and the issuance of certain additional shares of Non-Voting Common Stock and (ii) increase the number of authorized shares of Common Stock to at least such number as shall be sufficient to permit the full conversion of the Non-Voting Common Stock.
- (ll) “Trading Day” means a day on which the shares of Common Stock:
  - (i) are not suspended from trading on any national or regional securities exchange or association or over-the-counter market at the close of business; and
  - (ii) have traded at least once on the national or regional securities exchange or association or over-the-counter market that is the primary market for the trading of the Common Stock.
- (mm) “Violation” means a violation of the stockholder approval requirements of Rule 5635 of the Nasdaq Stock Market Rules.
- (nn) “Voting Securities” has the meaning set forth in the BHC Act and any rules or regulations promulgated thereunder.

Section 4. Dividends. (a) From and after the Effective Date, the Holders shall be entitled to receive, when, as and if declared by the Board of Directors or a duly authorized committee of the Board of Directors, out of funds legally available therefor, cumulative dividends of the type and in the amounts determined as set forth in this Section 4, and no more.

(b) Commencing on the Effective Date, dividends shall accrue and shall be payable semi-annually in arrears on March 30th and September 30th of each year (each, a “Dividend Payment Date”) or, if any such day is not a Business Day, the next Business Day. Dividends payable pursuant to this Section 4, if, when and as declared by the Board of Directors or a duly authorized committee of the Board of Directors, will be, for each outstanding share of Series G Preferred Stock, payable in cash at an annual rate equal to the Dividend Rate multiplied by the sum of (i) the Liquidation Preference plus (ii) all accrued and unpaid dividends for any prior Dividend Period that are payable on such share of Series G Preferred Stock, payable in cash (such dividend, the “Dividend”); provided that, in the event that the As-Converted Dividend for such Dividend Period is greater than the Dividend, each outstanding share of Series G Preferred Stock shall be entitled to receive, when and as declared by the Board of Directors, the As-Converted Dividend rather than the Dividend.

(c) Dividends payable pursuant to Section 4 will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months and, for any Dividend Period greater or less than a full Dividend Period, will be computed on the basis of the actual number of days elapsed in the period divided by 360. The period from the Effective Date to but excluding September 30, 2011 and each period from and including a Dividend Payment Date to but excluding the following Dividend Payment Date is herein referred to as a “Dividend Period”.

(d) Each dividend will be payable to Holders of record as they appear in the records of the Corporation on the applicable record date (each, a “Record Date”), which with respect to dividends payable pursuant to this Section 4, shall be on the fifteenth day of the month immediately prior to the month in which the relevant Dividend Payment Date occurs.

(e) Dividends on the Series G Preferred Stock are cumulative. Such dividends shall begin to accrue and be cumulative from the Effective Date (in the case of the shares of Series G Preferred Stock issued on the Effective Date), shall compound at the relevant rate on each subsequent Dividend Payment Date (i.e., no dividends shall accrue on another dividend unless and until the first Dividend Payment Date for such other dividends has passed without such other dividends having been paid on such date) and shall be payable semi-annually in arrears on each Dividend Payment Date, commencing with the first such Dividend Payment Date.

(f) So long as any shares of Series G Preferred Stock remain outstanding, if all dividends payable pursuant to Section 4 on all outstanding shares of the Series G Preferred Stock for any Dividend Period have not been declared and paid, or declared and funds set aside therefor, the Corporation shall not, directly or indirectly, (x) declare or pay dividends with respect to, or make any distributions on, or, directly or indirectly, redeem, purchase or acquire any of its Junior Securities or (y) directly or indirectly, redeem, purchase or acquire any of its Parity Securities, other than, in each case, (i) redemptions, purchases or other acquisitions of Junior Securities or Parity Securities in connection with any employment contract, benefit plan or other similar arrangement with or for the benefit of any one or more employees, officers, directors or consultants or in connection with a dividend reinvestment plan, (ii) any declaration of a dividend in connection with any stockholders’ rights plan, or the issuance of rights, stock or other property under any stockholders’ rights plan, or the redemption or repurchase of rights pursuant thereto, (iii) conversions or exchanges of Junior Securities or Parity Securities for Junior Securities or Parity Securities, respectively, and (iv) any purchase of fractional interests in shares of the Corporation’s capital stock pursuant to the conversion or exchange provisions of such capital stock or the securities being converted or exchanged. If dividends payable pursuant to Section 4 for any Dividend Payment Date are not paid in full, or declared and funds set aside therefor on the shares of the Series G Preferred Stock and there are issued and outstanding shares of Parity Securities with the same Dividend Payment Date (or, in the case of Parity Securities having dividend payment dates different from the Dividend Payment Dates, on a dividend payment date falling within a Dividend Period applicable to such Dividend Payment Date), then all dividends declared on shares of the Series G Preferred Stock and such Parity Securities on such date or dates, as the case may be, shall be declared pro rata so that the respective amounts of such dividends shall bear the same ratio to each other as full semi-annual dividends per share payable on the shares of the Series G Preferred Stock pursuant to Section 4 and all such Parity Securities otherwise payable on such Dividend Payment Date (or, in the case of Parity Securities having dividend payment dates different from the Dividend Payment Dates, on a dividend payment date falling within a Dividend Period applicable to such Dividend Payment Date) (subject to such dividends on such Parity Securities having been declared by the Board of Directors out of legally available funds and including, in the case of any such Parity Securities that bear cumulative dividends, all accrued but unpaid dividends) bear to each other. However, the foregoing provisions shall not restrict the ability of any Affiliate of the Corporation to engage in any market making transactions in Junior Securities in the ordinary course of business.

(g) If the Mandatory Conversion Date with respect to any share of Series G Preferred Stock is prior to the Dividend Payment Date applicable to any Dividend Period, the Holder of such share of Series G Preferred Stock will not have the right to receive any dividends on the Series G Preferred Stock with respect to such Dividend Period, provided that this provision shall not affect any rights to receive any accrued but unpaid dividends on the Series G Preferred Stock attributable to any Dividend Period completed prior to the Mandatory Conversion Date.

(h) The Corporation, in satisfaction of its obligation to issue preferred stock under any provision of this Certificate of Designations to any Holder, may, in order to minimize the number of its authorized and unissued shares of preferred stock used for such purpose, issue depositary shares for such preferred stock, with such depositary shares and underlying preferred stock being in such denominations as the Corporation and such Holder shall mutually agree.

Section 5. Liquidation. (a) In the event the Corporation voluntarily or involuntarily liquidates, dissolves or winds up, the Holders at the time shall be entitled to receive liquidating distributions in an amount equal to the greater of (i) the Liquidation Preference per share of Series G Preferred Stock plus an amount equal to any accrued but unpaid dividends, whether or not declared, thereon to and including the date of such liquidation and (ii) the payment or distribution to which such Holders would have been entitled if the Series G Preferred Stock were converted into Non-Voting Common Stock (assuming receipt of the Stockholder Approvals and, if necessary, Regulatory Approval) immediately before such liquidation, dissolution or winding-up, out of assets legally available for distribution to the Corporation's stockholders, before any distribution of assets is made to the holders of the Company Common Stock or any other Junior Securities. After payment of the full amount of such liquidation distribution, the Holders shall not be entitled to any further participation in any distribution of assets by the Corporation.

(b) In the event the assets of the Corporation available for distribution to stockholders upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of the affairs of the Corporation, whether voluntary or involuntary, shall be insufficient to pay in full the amounts payable with respect to all outstanding shares of the Series G Preferred Stock and the corresponding amounts payable on any Parity Securities, Holders and the holders of such Parity Securities shall share ratably in any distribution of assets of the Corporation in proportion to the full respective liquidating distributions to which they would otherwise be respectively entitled.

(c) The Corporation's consolidation or merger with or into any other entity, the consolidation or merger of any other entity with or into the Corporation, or the sale of all or substantially all of the Corporation's property or business will not constitute its liquidation, dissolution or winding up.

Section 6. Maturity. The Series G Preferred Stock shall be perpetual unless converted in accordance with this Certificate of Designations.

Section 7. Redemptions.

(a) Optional Redemption. The Series G Preferred Stock may not be redeemed by the Corporation prior to December 31, 2015. After December 31, 2015, the Corporation, at its option, may redeem in whole at any time the shares of Series G Preferred Stock at the time outstanding, upon notice given as provided in Section 7(c) below, at a redemption price per share payable in cash equal to the greater of (i) 150.0% of the sum of (A) the Liquidation Preference, plus (B) all accrued and unpaid dividends, whether or not declared, up to, but excluding, the date fixed for redemption and (ii) 125.0% of (A) the number of shares of Non-Voting Common Stock into which a share of Series G Preferred Stock would be convertible on the Trading Day immediately prior to the date fixed for redemption (assuming receipt of Stockholder Approvals and, if applicable, the Regulatory Approval) multiplied by (B) the Closing Price of Common Stock on such Trading Day. The redemption price for any shares of Series G Preferred Stock shall be payable on the redemption date to the Holder of such shares against surrender of the certificate(s) evidencing such shares to the Corporation or its agent. Any declared but unpaid dividends payable on a redemption date that occurs subsequent to a Record Date for a Dividend Period shall not be paid to the Holder entitled to receive the redemption price on the redemption date, but rather shall be paid to the holder of record of the redeemed shares on such Record Date.

(b) No Sinking Fund. The Series G Preferred Stock will not be subject to any mandatory redemption, sinking fund or other similar provisions. Holders of Series G Preferred Stock will have no right to require redemption of any shares of Series G Preferred Stock.

(c) Notice of Redemption. Notice of every redemption of shares of Series G Preferred Stock shall be given by first class mail, postage prepaid, addressed to the Holders of the shares to be redeemed at their respective last addresses appearing on the books of the Corporation. Such mailing shall be at least 30 days and not more than 60 days before the date fixed for redemption; provided, however, that failure to give such notice by mail, or any defect in such notice or in the mailing thereof, to any Holder of shares of Series G Preferred Stock designated for redemption shall not affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of any other shares of Series G Preferred Stock to be so redeemed except as to the Holder to whom the Corporation has failed to give such notice or except as to the Holder to whom notice was defective. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Series G Preferred Stock or any depository shares representing interests in the Series G Preferred Stock are issued in book-entry form through The Depository Trust Company or any other similar facility, notice of redemption may be given to the Holders of Series G Preferred Stock at such time and in any manner permitted by such facility. Each such notice given to a Holder shall state: (1) the redemption date; (2) the number of shares of Series G Preferred Stock to be redeemed; (3) the redemption price (or manner of determination of the redemption price); and (4) the place or places where certificates for such shares are to be surrendered for payment of the redemption price.

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(d) Effectiveness of Redemption. If notice of redemption has been duly given as provided in Section 7(c) and if on or before the redemption date specified in the notice all funds necessary for the redemption have been set aside by the Corporation, separate and apart from its other funds, in trust for the pro rata benefit of the Holders of the shares called for redemption, so as to be and continue to be available therefor, then, notwithstanding that any certificate for any share so called for redemption has not been surrendered for cancellation, on and after the redemption date unless the Corporation defaults in the payment of the redemption price, in which case such rights shall continue until the redemption price is paid, dividends shall cease to accrue on all shares so called for redemption, all shares so called for redemption shall no longer be deemed outstanding and all rights with respect to such shares shall forthwith on such redemption date cease and terminate, except only the right of the Holders thereof to receive the amount payable on such redemption, without interest. Any funds unclaimed at the end of two years from the redemption date shall, to the extent permitted by law, be released to the Corporation, after which time the Holders of the shares so called for redemption shall look only to the Corporation for payment of the redemption price of such shares. Shares of outstanding Series G Preferred Stock that are redeemed, purchased or otherwise acquired by the Corporation, or converted into another series of Preferred Stock, shall be cancelled and shall revert to authorized but unissued shares of Preferred Stock undesignated as to series.

Section 8. Mandatory Conversion. Effective as of the close of business on the Mandatory Conversion Date with respect to the shares of Series G Preferred Stock of a Holder, all such Holder's shares of Series G Preferred Stock shall automatically convert into shares of Non-Voting Common Stock as set forth below. The number of shares of Non-Voting Common Stock into which a share of Series G Preferred Stock shall be convertible shall be determined by dividing (i) the Liquidation Preference by (ii) the Applicable Conversion Price (subject to the conversion procedures of Section 9 hereof); provided, that the Series G Preferred Stock shall not convert into Non-Voting Common Stock unless and until all accrued and unpaid dividends, whether or not declared, with respect to any Dividend Period completed prior to the Mandatory Conversion Date (but not with respect to the Dividend Period in which the Mandatory Conversion Date occurs) have been paid in cash to the Holders. Upon conversion, Holders shall receive cash in lieu of fractional shares in accordance with Section 13 hereof.

Section 9. Conversion Procedures.

(a) Each Holder shall, promptly upon receipt of each Regulatory Approval applicable to such Holder, if any, provide written notice to the Corporation of such receipt. At least one Business Day prior to the Mandatory Conversion Date with respect to shares of any Holder, the Corporation shall provide notice of such conversion to such Holder (such notice a "Notice of Mandatory Conversion"). In addition to any information required by applicable law or regulation, the Notice of Mandatory Conversion with respect to such Holder shall state, as appropriate:

(i) the Mandatory Conversion Date;

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- (ii) the Applicable Conversion Price;
  - (iii) the number of shares of Non-Voting Common Stock to be issued upon conversion of each share of Series G Preferred Stock held of record by such Holder and subject to such mandatory conversion;
  - (iv) if certificates are to be issued, the place or places where certificates for shares of Series G Preferred Stock held of record by such Holder are to be surrendered for issuance of certificates representing shares of Non-Voting Common Stock; and
  - (v) the amount of accrued and unpaid dividends to be paid in cash on each share of Series G Preferred Stock held of record by such Holder prior to such mandatory conversion.
- (b) Effective immediately prior to the close of business on the Mandatory Conversion Date with respect to any shares of Series G Preferred Stock dividends shall no longer be declared on any such shares of Series G Preferred Stock and such shares of Series G Preferred Stock shall cease to be outstanding, in each case, subject to the right of the Holder to receive (i) shares of Non-Voting Common Stock issuable upon such mandatory conversion, (ii) any declared and unpaid dividends on such share to the extent provided in Section 4(g) and (iii) any other payments to which such Holder is otherwise entitled pursuant to Section 5, Section 7, Section 8, Section 11 or Section 13 hereof, as applicable.
- (c) No allowance or adjustment, except pursuant to Section 4 or Section 10, shall be made in respect of dividends payable to holders of the Non-Voting Common Stock of record as of any date prior to the close of business on the Mandatory Conversion Date with respect to any share of Series G Preferred Stock. Prior to the close of business on the Mandatory Conversion Date with respect to any share of Series G Preferred Stock, shares of Non-Voting Common Stock issuable upon conversion thereof, or other securities issuable upon conversion of, such share of Series G Preferred Stock shall not be deemed outstanding for any purpose, and the Holder thereof shall have no rights with respect to the Non-Voting Common Stock or other securities issuable upon conversion (including voting rights, rights to respond to tender offers for the Non-Voting Common Stock or other securities issuable upon conversion and rights to receive any dividends or other distributions on the Non-Voting Common Stock or other securities issuable upon conversion) by virtue of holding such share of Series G Preferred Stock.
- (d) Shares of Series G Preferred Stock duly converted in accordance with this Certificate of Designations, or otherwise reacquired by the Corporation, will resume the status of authorized and unissued preferred stock, undesignated as to series and available for future issuance. The Corporation may from time-to-time take such appropriate action as may be necessary to reduce the authorized number of shares of Series G Preferred Stock; provided, however, that the Corporation shall not take any such action if such action would reduce the authorized number of shares of Series G Preferred Stock below the number of shares of Series G Preferred Stock then outstanding.
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(e) The Person or Persons entitled to receive the Non-Voting Common Stock and/or cash, securities or other property issuable upon conversion of Series G Preferred Stock shall be treated for all purposes as the record holder(s) of such shares of Non-Voting Common Stock and/or securities as of the close of business on the Mandatory Conversion Date with respect thereto. In the event that a Holder shall not by written notice designate the name in which shares of Non-Voting Common Stock and/or cash, securities or other property (including payments of cash in lieu of fractional shares) to be issued or paid upon conversion of shares of Series G Preferred Stock should be registered or paid or the manner in which such shares should be delivered, the Corporation shall be entitled to register and deliver such shares, and make such payment, in the name of the Holder and in the manner shown on the records of the Corporation.

(f) On the Mandatory Conversion Date with respect to any share of Series G Preferred Stock, certificates representing shares of Non-Voting Common Stock shall be issued and delivered to the Holder thereof or such Holder's designee (or, at the Corporation's option such shares shall be registered in book-entry form) upon presentation and surrender of the certificate evidencing the Series G Preferred Stock to the Corporation and, if required, the furnishing of appropriate endorsements and transfer documents and the payment of all transfer and similar taxes.

#### Section 10. Anti-Dilution Adjustments.

(a) The Conversion Price shall be subject to the following adjustments:

(i) Stock Dividends and Distributions. If the Corporation pays dividends or other distributions on the Company Common Stock in shares of Company Common Stock, then the Conversion Price in effect immediately prior to the Ex-Date for such dividend or distribution will be multiplied by the following fraction:

$$\frac{OS0}{OS1}$$

Where,

OS0 = the number of shares of Company Common Stock outstanding immediately prior to Ex-Date for such dividend or distribution.

OS1 = the sum of the number of shares of Company Common Stock outstanding immediately prior to the Ex-Date for such dividend or distribution plus the total number of shares of Company Common Stock constituting such dividend or distribution.

For the purposes of this clause (i), the number of shares of Company Common Stock at the time outstanding shall not include shares acquired by the Corporation. If any dividend or distribution described in this clause (i) is declared but not so paid or made, the Conversion Price shall be readjusted, effective as of the date the Board of Directors publicly announces its decision not to make such dividend or distribution, to such Conversion Price that would be in effect if such dividend or distribution had not been declared (but giving effect to any intervening adjustments that may have been made with respect to the Series G Preferred Stock).

(ii) Subdivisions, Splits and Combination of the Company Common Stock. If the Corporation subdivides, splits or combines the shares of Company Common Stock, then the Conversion Price in effect immediately prior to the effective date of such share subdivision, split or combination will be multiplied by the following fraction:

$$\frac{OS0}{OS1}$$

Where,

OS0 = the number of shares of Company Common Stock outstanding immediately prior to the effective date of such share subdivision, split or combination.

OS1 = the number of shares of Company Common Stock outstanding immediately after the opening of business on the effective date of such share subdivision, split or combination.

For the purposes of this clause (ii), the number of shares of Company Common Stock at the time outstanding shall not include shares acquired by the Corporation. If any subdivision, split or combination described in this clause (ii) is announced but the outstanding shares of Company Common Stock are not subdivided, split or combined, the Conversion Price shall be readjusted, effective as of the date the Board of Directors publicly announces its decision not to subdivide, split or combine the outstanding shares of Company Common Stock, to such Conversion Price that would be in effect if such subdivision, split or combination had not been announced (but giving effect to any intervening adjustments that may have been made with respect to the Series G Preferred Stock).

(iii) Issuance of Stock Purchase Rights. If the Corporation issues to all or substantially all holders of the shares of Company Common Stock rights or warrants (other than rights or warrants issued pursuant to a stockholders' rights plan, a dividend reinvestment plan or share purchase plan or other similar plans, including that certain Tax Benefits Preservation Plan, dated February 22, 2011, between the Corporation and Illinois Stock Transfer Company) entitling them to subscribe for or purchase the shares of Company Common Stock at less than the Current Market Price on the date fixed for the determination of stockholders entitled to receive such rights or warrants, then the Conversion Price in effect immediately prior to the Ex-Date for such distribution will be multiplied by the following fraction:

$$\frac{OS0 + Y}{OS0 + X}$$

Where,

OS0 = the number of shares of Company Common Stock outstanding immediately prior to the Ex-Date for such distribution.

X = the total number of shares of Company Common Stock issuable pursuant to such rights or warrants.

Y = the number of shares of Company Common Stock equal to the aggregate price payable to exercise such rights or warrants divided by the Current Market Price on the date fixed for the determination of stockholders entitled to receive such rights or warrants.

For the purposes of this clause (iii), the number of shares of Company Common Stock at the time outstanding shall not include shares acquired by the Corporation. The Corporation shall not issue any such rights or warrants in respect of shares of the Company Common Stock acquired by the Corporation. In the event that such rights or warrants described in this clause (iii) are not so issued, the Conversion Price shall be readjusted, effective as of the date the Board of Directors publicly announces its decision not to issue such rights or warrants, to the Conversion Price that would then be in effect if such issuance had not been declared (but giving effect to any intervening adjustments that may have been made with respect to the Series G Preferred Stock). To the extent that such rights or warrants are not exercised prior to their expiration or shares of Company Common Stock are otherwise not delivered pursuant to such rights or warrants upon the exercise of such rights