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CYBERLUX CORP  
Form 10QSB  
May 11, 2006

U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549  
FORM 10QSB

(Mark One)

Quarterly report under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2006

Transition report under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

For the Period Ended March 31, 2006  
Commission file number 000-33415

CYBERLUX CORPORATION  
(Name of Small Business Issuer in Its Charter)

Nevada 91-2048178  
(State of Incorporation) (IRS Employer Identification No.)

4625 Creekstone Drive  
Suite 100  
Research Triangle Park  
Durham, NC 27703

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(919) 474-9700

Issuer's Telephone Number

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes  No

As of May 10, 2006, the Company had 85,921,487 shares of its par value \$0.001 common stock issued and outstanding.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (check one):

Yes  No

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Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the  
Quarterly Period Ending March 31, 2006

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### ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### CYBERLUX CORPORATION CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

	March 31, 2006
	-----
	Unaudited
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash & cash equivalents	\$ 208,086

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Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$ 0	50,442
Inventories, net of allowance of \$111,052 and \$110,821, respectively	177,058
Other current assets	73,411
	-----
Total current assets	508,997
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$125,370 and \$118,105, respectively	62,961
	-----
Total Assets	\$ 571,958
	=====
LIABILITIES AND DEFICIENCY IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 351,859
Accrued liabilities	1,062,415
Short-term notes payable - related parties (Note F)	352,095
Short-term notes payable (Note B)	676,577
	-----
Total current liabilities	2,442,946
	-----
Long-term liabilities:	
Notes payable (Note B)	752,217
Derivative liability relating to convertible debentures (Note B)	4,280,427
Warrant liability relating to convertible debentures (Note C)	4,057,862
	-----
Total long-term liabilities	9,090,505
	-----
Total liabilities	11,533,452
	-----
Commitments and Contingencies (Note G)	
Series A convertible preferred stock, \$0.001 par value; 200 shares designated, 51.4806 and 59.8606 issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively	257,400
	-----
DEFICIENCY IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Note D)	
Class B convertible preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 800,000 shares designated; 800,000 shares issued and outstanding for March 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005	800
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 300,000,000 shares authorized; 85,428,795 and 75,608,334 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively	85,429
Additional paid-in capital	7,208,557
Accumulated deficit	(18,513,679)
	-----
Deficiency in stockholders' equity	(11,218,893)
	-----
Total liabilities and (deficiency) in stockholders' equity	\$ 571,958
	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

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CYBERLUX CORPORATION  
 CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS  
 Unaudited

	Three months ended March 2006 -----	ended March 2005 ----- As restated -----
REVENUE:	\$ 47,200	\$
Cost of goods sold	(53,687) -----	-----
Gross margin (loss)	(6,487)	-----
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Marketing and advertising	47,828	
Impairment Loss	--	
Depreciation and amortization	7,265	
Research and development	38,826	
General and administrative expenses	1,299,901 -----	3
Total operating expenses	1,393,820	4
NET (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS	(1,400,307)	(4
Other income/(expense)		
Unrealized gain (loss) relating to adjustment of derivative and warrant liability to fair value of underlying securities	2,323,186	(2,0
Interest income	--	
Interest expense	(738,130)	(2
Debt acquisition costs	(6,487) -----	-----
Net income/(loss) before provision for income taxes	178,262	(2,6
Income taxes (benefit)	-- -----	-----
NET INCOME (LOSS) AVAILABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	\$ 178,262 =====	\$ (2,6 =====
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, basic	80,285,613 -----	27,9 -----
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, fully diluted	334,282,061 =====	204,4 =====
Net income/(loss) per share - basic	\$ =====	\$ =====
Net income/(loss) per share - fully diluted	\$ -- =====	\$ =====

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Preferred dividend	\$ 24,000	\$
	=====	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

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CYBERLUX, INC  
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW  
Unaudited

			Three months e 2006
			-----
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>			
Net income (loss) available to common stockholders		\$	178,262
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to cash used in operating activities			
Depreciation			7,265
Common stock issued in connection with services rendered			762,250
Common stock issued in settlement of debt			31,655
Accretion of convertible notes payable			367,196
Unrealized (gain) loss on adjustment of derivative and warrant liability to fair value of underlying securities			(2,323,186)
Impairment loss on patent			--
(Increase) decrease in:			
Accounts receivable			(41,018)
Inventories			161,039
Prepaid expenses			9,402
Increase (decrease) in:			
Accounts payable			(306,071)
Accrued liabilities			279,829
			-----
Net cash (used in) operating activities			(873,377)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>			
Acquisition of fixed assets			(7,093)
			-----
Net cash used in investing activities:			(7,093)
			-----
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>			
Net proceeds from issuance of convertible debenture			460,000
Net proceeds from borrowing on long term basis			152,400
Net proceeds (payments) to notes payable, related parties			500
			-----
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities:			612,900
			-----
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			(267,570)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period			475,656
			-----
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$	208,086
<b>Supplemental disclosures:</b>			

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Interest Paid	\$	2,770
Income Taxes Paid		--
NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Unrealized (gain) loss in adjustment of derivative and warrant liability to fair value of underlying securities		\$(2,323,186)
Common stock issued for services rendered		762,250
Common stock issued in settlement of debt		31,655

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

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CYBERLUX CORPORATION  
NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006  
(UNAUDITED)

### NOTE A-SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### GENERAL

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and the instructions to Form 10-QSB. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Accordingly, the results from operations for the three-month period ended March 31, 2006, are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ended December 31, 2006. The unaudited condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the December 31, 2005 financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2005.

#### BUSINESS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Cyberlux Corporation (the "Company") is incorporated on May 17, 2000 under the laws of the State of Nevada. Until December 31, 2004, the Company was a development state enterprise as defined under Statement on Financial Accounting Standards No.7, Development Stage Enterprises ("SFAS No.7"). The Company develops, manufactures and markets long-term portable lighting products for commercial and industrial users. While the Company has generated revenues from its sale of products, the Company has incurred expenses, and sustained losses. Consequently, its operations are subject to all risks inherent in the establishment of a new business enterprise. As of March 31, 2006, the Company has accumulated losses of \$18,513,679.

#### REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenues are recognized in the period that services are provided. For revenue from product sales, the Company recognizes revenue in accordance with Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 104, REVENUE RECOGNITION ("SAB104"), which uperseded Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101, REVENUE RECOGNITION IN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ("SAB101"). SAB 101 requires that four basic criteria must be met before revenue can be recognized: (1) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists; (2) delivery has occurred; (3) the selling price is fixed and determinable; and (4)

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collectibility is reasonably assured. Determination of criteria (3) and (4) are based on management's judgments regarding the fixed nature of the selling prices of the products delivered and the collectibility of those amounts. Provisions for discounts and rebates to customers, estimated returns and allowances, and other adjustments are provided for in the same period the related sales are recorded. The Company defers any revenue for which the product has not been delivered or is subject to refund until such time that the Company and the customer jointly determine that the product has been delivered or no refund will be required. At March 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005, the Company did not have any deferred revenue.

SAB 104 incorporates Emerging Issues Task Force 00-21 ("EITF 00-21"), MULTIPLE DELIVERABLE REVENUE ARRANGEMENTS. EITF 00-21 addresses accounting for arrangements that may involve the delivery or performance of multiple products, services and/or rights to use assets. The effect of implementing EITF 00-21 on the Company's financial position and results of operations was not significant.

### RECLASSIFICATION

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior periods' data to conform to the current presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on reported losses.

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CYBERLUX CORPORATION  
NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006  
(UNAUDITED)

### NOTE A-SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

Financial instruments and related items which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash, cash equivalents and trade receivables. The Company places its cash and temporary cash investments with credit quality institutions. At times, such investments may be in excess of the FDIC insurance limit. The Company periodically reviews its trade receivables in determining its allowance for doubtful accounts. At March 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005, allowance for doubtful receivable was \$0.

#### STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION:

On December 16, 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FASB Statement No. 123R (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment" which is a revision of FASB Statement No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation". Statement 123R supersedes APB opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees", and amends FASB Statement No. 95, "Statement of Cash Flows". Generally, the approach in Statement 123R is similar to the approach described in Statement 123. However, Statement 123R requires all share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, to be recognized in the income statement based on their fair values. Pro-forma disclosure is no longer an alternative. This statement does not change the accounting guidance for share based payment transactions with parties other than employees provided in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123(R). This statement does not address the accounting for employee share ownership plans, which are subject to AICPA Statement of Position 93-6, "Employers' Accounting for Employee Stock Ownership Plans." On April 14, 2005, the SEC amended the effective date of the provisions of this statement. The effect of this amendment by the SEC is that

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the Company had to comply with Statement 123R and use the Fair Value based method of accounting no later than the first quarter of 2006. The Company implemented SFAS No. 123(R) on January 1, 2006 using the modified prospective method. The fair value of each option grant issued after January 1, 2006 will be determined as of grant date, utilizing the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The amortization of each option grant will be over the remainder of the vesting period of each option grant.

As more fully described in financial statements included in Form 10-KB for the year ended December 31, 2005, the Company granted stock options over the years to employees of the Company under a non-qualified employee stock option plan. As of December 31, 2005, 33,580,000 stock options were outstanding and exercisable. The Company did not grant any stock options to employees during the quarter ended March 31, 2006. The Company did not recognize compensation expense related to employees stock options in the quarter ended March 31, 2006. The impact on earnings for the remainder of Fiscal 2006 for stock based compensation will depend on future stock option issuances.

In prior years, the Company applied the intrinsic-value method prescribed in Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," to account for the issuance of stock options to employees and accordingly compensation expense related to employees' stock options were recognized in the prior year financial statements to the extent options granted under stock incentive plans had an exercise price less than the market value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant.

Had compensation costs for the Company's stock options been determined based on the fair value at the grant dates for the awards, the Company's net loss and loss per share would have been as follows:

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CYBERLUX CORPORATION  
NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006  
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE A-SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

	For the three months ended March 31, 2005-As restated-Note K
Net loss attributable to common stockholders -as reported	\$(2,679,796)
Add. Total stock based employee compensation expense as reported under intrinsic value method (APB No. 25)	-
Deduct Total stock based employee compensation expense as reported under fair value based method (SFAS No. 123)	-
Net loss -Pro Forma	\$(2,679,796)
Net loss attributable to common stockholders - Pro forma	\$(2,679,796)
Basic (and assuming dilution) loss per share -as reported	\$(0.10)

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Basic (and assuming dilution) loss per share - Pro forma \$(0.10)

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In determining the compensation cost of stock options granted to employees during the three months ended March 31, 2005, as specified by SFAS No. 123, the fair value of each option grant has been estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and the weighted average assumptions used in these calculations are summarized as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2005
Risk-free interest rate	n/a
Expected life of options Granted	n/a
Expected Volatility	n/a %
Expected dividend yield	0 %

(a) The expected option life is based on contractual expiration dates.

### PATENTS

During the year ended December 31, 2005, the Company management performed an evaluation of its intangible assets (Patents) for purposes of determining the implied fair value of the assets at December 31, 2005. The test indicated that the recorded remaining book value of its patents exceeded its fair value, as determined by discounted cash flows. As a result, upon completion of the assessment, management recorded a non-cash impairment charge of \$30,544, net of tax, or \$0.00 per share during the three month period ended March 31, 2005 to reduce the carrying value of the patents to \$0. Considerable management judgement is necessary to estimate the fair value. Accordingly, actual results could vary significantly from management's estimates.

### RECENT PRONOUNCEMENTS

In March 2005, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation (FIN) No. 47, "Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligations, an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 143," which requires an entity to recognize a liability for the fair value of a conditional asset retirement obligation when incurred if the liability's fair value can be reasonably estimated. The Company is required to adopt the provisions of FIN 47 no later than the first quarter of fiscal 2006. The Company does not expect the adoption of this Interpretation to have a material impact on its consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

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CYBERLUX CORPORATION  
NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006  
(UNAUDITED)

### NOTE A-SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### RECENT PRONOUNCEMENTS (CONTINUED)

In May 2005 the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 154, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, a replacement of APB Opinion No. 20 and FASB Statement No. 3." SFAS 154 requires retrospective application to prior periods' financial statements for changes in accounting principle, unless

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it is impracticable to determine either the period-specific effects or the cumulative effect of the change. SFAS 154 also requires that retrospective application of a change in accounting principle be limited to the direct effects of the change. Indirect effects of a change in accounting principle, such as a change in non-discretionary profit-sharing payments resulting from an accounting change, should be recognized in the period of the accounting change. SFAS 154 also requires that a change in depreciation, amortization, or depletion method for long-lived, non-financial assets be accounted for as a change in accounting estimate effected by a change in accounting principle. SFAS 154 is effective for accounting changes and corrections of errors made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005. Early adoption is permitted for accounting changes and corrections of errors made in fiscal years beginning after the date this Statement is issued. The Company does not expect the adoption of this SFAS to have a material impact on its consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

On February 16, 2006 the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS 155, "Accounting for Certain Hybrid Instruments," which amends SFAS 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," and SFAS 140, "Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities." SFAS 155 allows financial instruments that have embedded derivatives to be accounted for as a whole (eliminating the need to bifurcate the derivative from its host) if the holder elects to account for the whole instrument on a fair value basis. SFAS 155 also clarifies and amends certain other provisions of SFAS 133 and SFAS 140. This statement is effective for all financial instruments acquired or issued in fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2006. The Company does not expect its adoption of this new standard to have a material impact on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In March 2006, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 156, Accounting for Servicing of Financial Assets - an amendment to FASB Statement No. 140. Statement 156 requires that an entity recognize a servicing asset or servicing liability each time it undertakes an obligation to service a financial asset by entering into a service contract under certain situations. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2006. The Company does not expect its adoption of this new standard to have a material impact on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

CYBERLUX CORPORATION  
NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006  
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE B - NOTES PAYABLE AND CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES

Notes payable at March 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005 are as follows:

-----  
March 31, 20

-----  
10% convertible note payable, unsecured and due September, 2003; accrued and unpaid interest due at maturity; Note holder has the option to convert note principal together with accrued and unpaid interest to the Company's common stock at a rate of \$0.50 per share. The Company is in

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violation of the loan covenants \$ 2,500

10% convertible notes payable, unsecured and due March, 2003; accrued and unpaid interest due at maturity; Note holder has the option to convert unpaid note principal together with accrued and unpaid interest to the Company's common stock at a rate of \$0.50 per share. The Company is in violation of the loan covenants. 25,000

10% note payable, unsecured and due on demand, accrued and unpaid interest due at maturity 15,000

10% note payable, unsecured and due March, 2009, accrued and unpaid interest due at maturity. Shareholders secured debt with shares of Company's common stock 152,400

10% convertible debenture, due two years from the date of the note with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a) \$0.72 or b) 50% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date. The Company granted the note holder a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and intellectual property and registration rights. The Company is in violation of the loan covenants (see below) 634,077

CYBERLUX CORPORATION  
 NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
 MARCH 31, 2006  
 (UNAUDITED)

NOTE B - NOTES PAYABLE AND CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (CONTINUED)

March 31, 20

10% convertible debenture, due three years from date of the note with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a) \$0.03 or b) 50% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date. The Company granted the note holder a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and intellectual property and registration rights. The Company is in violation of the loan covenants (see below) 423,105

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10% convertible debenture, due three years from date of the note with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a) \$0.6 or b) 50% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date. The Company granted the note holder a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and intellectual property and registration rights. The Company is in violation of the loan covenants (see below)

115,434

8% convertible debenture, due three years from date of the note with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a) \$0.10 or b) 35% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date. The Company granted the note holder a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and intellectual property and registration rights (see below)

59,452

8% convertible debenture, due three years from the date of the note with interest payable quarterly during the life of the note. The note is convertible into the Company's common stock at the lower of a) \$0.10 or b) 55% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for twenty days before, but not including, conversion date. The Company granted the note holder a security interest in substantially all of the Company's assets and intellectual property and registration rights. (See below)

1,826

1,428,794

Less: current maturities

(676,577)

Notes payable and convertible debentures-long term portion

\$752,217

=====

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CYBERLUX CORPORATION  
 NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
 MARCH 31, 2006  
 (UNAUDITED)

NOTE B - NOTES PAYABLE AND CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (CONTINUED)

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on September 23, 2004 for the issuance of an aggregate of \$1,500,000 of convertible notes ("Convertible Notes") and attached to the Convertible Notes were warrants to purchase 2,250,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Convertible Notes accrue interest at 10% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due two years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company's common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.72 or b) 50% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date.

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As of March 31, 2006, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$1,500,000 in exchange for net proceeds of \$1,186,281. The proceeds that the Company received were net of prepaid interest of \$50,000 and related fees and costs of \$263,719.

This transaction, to the extent that it is to be satisfied with common stock of the Company would normally be included as equity obligations. However, in the instant case, due to the indeterminate number of shares which might be issued under the embedded convertible host debt conversion feature, the Company is required to record a liability relating to both the detachable warrants and embedded convertible feature of the notes payable (included in the liabilities as a "derivative liability").

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on April 23, 2005 for the issuance of an aggregate of \$1,500,000 of convertible notes ("Convertible Notes") and attached to the Convertible Notes were warrants to purchase 25,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Convertible Notes accrue interest at 10% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company's common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.03 or b) 50% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date.

As of March 31, 2006, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$1,500,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$1,352,067. The proceeds that the Company received were net of prepaid interest of \$72,933 representing the first eight month's interest and related fees and costs of \$75,000.

This transaction, to the extent that it is to be satisfied with common stock of the Company would normally be included as equity obligations. However, in the instant case, due to the indeterminate number of shares which might be issued under the embedded convertible host debt conversion feature, the Company is required to record a liability relating to both the detachable warrants and embedded convertible feature of the notes payable (included in the liabilities as a "derivative liability").

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on October 24, 2005 for the issuance of \$800,000 of convertible notes ("Convertible Notes") and attached to the Convertible Notes were warrants to purchase 800,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Convertible Note accrues interest at 10% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company's common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.06 or b) 50% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date.

As of March 31, 2006, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$800,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$775,000. The proceeds that the Company received were net of related fees and costs of \$25,000.

This transaction, to the extent that it is to be satisfied with common stock of the Company would normally be included as equity obligations. However, in the instant case, due to the indeterminate number of shares which might be issued under the embedded convertible host debt conversion feature, the Company is required to record a liability relating to both the detachable warrants and embedded convertible feature of the notes payable (included in the liabilities as a "derivative liability").

CYBERLUX CORPORATION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
MARCH 31, 2006  
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE B-NOTES PAYABLE AND CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (CONTINUED)

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on December 28, 2005 for the issuance of \$700,000 of convertible notes ("Convertible Notes") and attached to the Convertible Notes were warrants to purchase 700,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Convertible Note accrues interest at 8% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company's common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.10 or b) 35% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date.

As of March 31, 2006, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$700,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$675,000. The proceeds that the Company received were net of related fees and costs of \$25,000.

This transaction, to the extent that it is to be satisfied with common stock of the Company would normally be included as equity obligations. However, in the instant case, due to the indeterminate number of shares which might be issued under the embedded convertible host debt conversion feature, the Company is required to record a liability relating to both the detachable warrants and embedded convertible feature of the notes payable (included in the liabilities as a "derivative liability").

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on March 31, 2006 for the issuance of \$500,000 of convertible notes ("Convertible Notes") and attached to the Convertible Notes were warrants to purchase 19,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Convertible Note accrues interest at 8% per annum, payable quarterly, and are due three years from the date of the note. The note holder has the option to convert any unpaid note principal to the Company's common stock at a rate of the lower of a) \$0.10 or b) 55% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before, but not including, conversion date.

As of March 31, 2006, the Company issued to investors of the Convertible Notes a total amount of \$500,000 in exchange for total proceeds of \$460,000. The proceeds that the Company received were net of related fees and costs of \$40,000.

The accompanying financial statements comply with current requirements relating to warrants and embedded derivatives as described in FAS 133, EITF 98-5 and 00-27, and APB 14 as follows:

- o The Company allocated the proceeds received between convertible debt and detachable warrants based upon the relative fair market values on the dates the proceeds were received.
- o Subsequent to the initial recording, the increase in the fair value of the detachable warrants, determined under the Black-Scholes option pricing

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formula and the increase in the intrinsic value of the embedded derivative in the conversion feature of the convertible debentures are accrued as adjustments to the liabilities at December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. o The expense relating to the increase in the fair value of the Company's

stock reflected in the change in the fair value of the warrants and derivatives (noted above) is included as an other comprehensive income item of an unrealized gain or loss arising from convertible financing on the Company's balance sheet.

- o Accreted principal of \$1,233,894 and \$866,701 as of March 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively.

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CYBERLUX CORPORATION  
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NOTE B-NOTES PAYABLE AND CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (CONTINUED)

The following table summarizes the various components of the convertible debentures as of March 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005:

	March 31, 2006	Dece
Convertible debentures	\$1,261,394	
Warrant liability	2,919,377	
Derivative liability	4,280,427	
	-----	
	8,461,198	
Cumulative adjustment of derivative and warrant liability to fair value	(2,199,803)	
Cumulative unrealized loss relating to conversion of convertible notes to common shares charged to interest expense	(597,194)	
Cumulative accretion of principal related to convertible debentures	(1,233,894)	
	-----	
	\$4,430,307	
	=====	

NOTE C-WARRANT LIABILITY

Total warrant liability as of March 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005 are comprised of the following:

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	March 31, 2006	Dece
Fair value of warrants relating to convertible debentures	\$2,919,377	
Fair value of warrants relating to preferred stock-class A	720,827	
Fair value of other outstanding warrants	417,659	
Total	\$4,057,863	

NOTE D -STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

SERIES A - CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED STOCK

The Company has also authorized 5,000,000 shares of Preferred Stock, with a par value of \$.001 per share.

On December 30, 2003, the Company filed a Certificate of Designation creating a Series A Convertible Preferred Stock classification for 200 shares.

In December, 2003, the Company issued 155 shares of its Series A Preferred stock, valued at \$5,000 per share. The stock has a stated value of \$5,000 per share and a conversion price of \$0.10 per share and warrants to purchase an aggregate of 15,500,000 shares of our common stock.

In May, 2004, the Company issued 15.861 shares of its Series A Preferred stock, valued at \$5,000 per share. The stock has a stated value of \$5,000 per share and a conversion price of \$0.10 per share and warrants to purchase an aggregate of 1,600,000 shares of our common stock.

The Series A Preferred stated conversion price of \$.10 per shares is subject to certain anti-dultion provsions in the event the Company issues shares fo its common stock or common stock equivilants below the stated conversion price. Changes to the conversion price are charged to operations and included in unrealized gain (loss) relating to adjustment of derivative and warrant liability to fair value of underlying securities.

As of December 31, 2004, 7 of the Series A Preferred shareholders exercised the conversion right and exchanged 19 shares of Series A Preferred for 950,000 shares of the Company's common stock.

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NOTE D -STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY (CONTINUED)

SERIES A - CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED STOCK (CONTINUED)

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As of December 31, 2005, 20 of the Series A Preferred shareholders exercised the conversion right and exchanged 92 shares of Series A Preferred for 4,600,000 shares of the Company's common stock.

As of March 31, 2006, 3 of the Series A Preferred shareholders exercised the conversion right and exchanged 8 shares of Series A Preferred for 419,032 shares of the Company's common stock

The holders of the Series A Preferred shall have the right to vote, separately as a single class, at a meeting of the holders of the Series A Preferred or by such holders' written consent or at any annual or special meeting of the stockholders of the Corporation on any of the following matters: (i) the creation, authorization, or issuance of any class or series of shares ranking on a parity with or senior to the Series A Preferred with respect to dividends or upon the liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of the Corporation, and (ii) any agreement or other corporate action which would adversely affect the powers, rights, or preferences of the holders of the Series A Preferred.

The holders of record of the Series A Preferred shall be entitled to receive cumulative dividends at the rate of twelve percent per annum (12%) on the face value (\$5,000.00 per share) when, if and as declared by the Board of Directors, if ever. All dividends, when paid, shall be payable in cash, or at the option of the Company, in shares of the Company's common stock. Dividends on shares of the Series A Preferred that have not been redeemed shall be payable quarterly in arrears, when, if and as declared by the Board of Directors, if ever, on a semi-annual basis. No dividend or distribution other than a dividend or distribution paid in Common Stock or in any other junior stock shall be declared or paid or set aside for payment on the Common Stock or on any other junior stock unless full cumulative dividends on all outstanding shares of the Series A Preferred shall have been declared and paid. These dividends are not recorded until declared by the Company. As of the period ended March 31, 2006, \$0 in dividends were accumulated.

Upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Corporation, whether voluntary or involuntary, and after payment of any senior liquidation preferences of any series of Preferred Stock and before any distribution or payment is made with respect to any Common Stock, holders of each share of the Series A Preferred shall be entitled to be paid an amount equal in the greater of (a) the face value denominated thereon subject to adjustment for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, reclassification or other similar events (the "Adjusted Face Value") plus, in the case of each share, an amount equal to all dividends accrued or declared but unpaid thereon, computed to the date payment thereof is made available, or (b) such amount per share of the Series A Preferred immediately prior to such liquidation, dissolution or winding up, or (c) the liquidation preference of \$5,000.00 per share, and the holders of the Series A Preferred shall not be entitled to any further payment, such amount payable with respect to the Series A Preferred being sometimes referred to as the "Liquidation Payments."

Because the Series A Shares include a redemption feature that is outside of the control of the Company and the stated conversion price is subject to reset, the Company has classified the Series A Shares outside of stockholders' equity in accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") Topic D-98, "Classification and Measurement of Redeemable Securities." In accordance with EITF Topic D-98, the fair value at date of issuance was recorded outside of stockholders' equity in the accompanying balance sheet. Dividends on the Series A Shares are reflected as a reduction of net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders.

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NOTE D -STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY (CONTINUED)

SERIES A - CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED STOCK (CONTINUED)

In connection with the issuance of the Series A Preferred and related warrants, the holders were granted certain registration rights in which the Company agreed to timely file a registration statement to register the common shares and the shares underlying the warrants, obtain effectiveness of the registration statement by the SEC within ninety-five (95) days of December 31, 2003, and maintain the effectiveness of this registration statement for a preset time thereafter. In the event the Company fails to timely perform under the registration rights agreement, the Company agrees to pay the holders of the Series A Preferred liquidated damages in an amount equal to 1.5% of the aggregate amount invested by the holders for each 30-day period or pro rata for any portion thereof following the date by which the registration statement should have been effective. The initial registration statement was filed and declared effective by the SEC within the allowed time, however the Company has not maintained the effectiveness of the registration statement to date. Accordingly, the Company issued 203,867 shares of common stock as liquidated damages on December 10, 2004. The Company has not been required to pay any further liquidated damages in connection with the filing or on-going effectiveness of the registration statement.

The Company is required to record a liability relating to the detachable warrants as described in FAS 133, EITF 98-5 and 00-27, and APB 14. As such:

- o Subsequent to the initial recording, the increase in the fair value of the detachable warrants, determined under the Black-Scholes option pricing formula, are accrued as adjustments to the liabilities at March 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively.

- o The expense relating to the increase in the fair value of the Company's stock reflected in the change in the fair value of the warrants noted above) is included as an other comprehensive income item of an unrealized gain or loss arising from convertible financing on the Company's balance sheet.

The fair value of the detachable warrants as of March 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005 were as follows:

	March 31, 2006	December 31, 2005
Fair value of warrants relating to issuance of convertible preferred stock:	\$720,827	\$1,147,334

The Company recorded an Unrealized Gain on the change in fair value of these detachable warrants of \$426,507 and \$343,678 for the three months ended March 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

SERIES B - CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED STOCK

On February 19, 2004, the Company filed a Certificate of Designation creating a

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Series B Convertible Preferred Stock classification for 800,000 shares.

In January, 2004, the Company issued 800,000 shares of its Series B Preferred in lieu of certain accrued management service fees payable and notes payable including interest payable thereon totaling \$800,000 to officers of the company. The shares of the Series B Preferred are non voting and convertible, at the option of the holder, into common shares at \$0.10 per share per share. The shares issued were valued at \$1.00 per share, which represented the fair value of the common stock the shares are convertible into. In connection with the transaction, the Company recorded a beneficial conversion discount of \$800,000 - preferred dividend relating to the issuance of the convertible preferred stock. None of the Series B Preferred shareholders have exercised their conversion right and there are 800,000 shares of Series B Preferred shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005.

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CYBERLUX CORPORATION  
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NOTE D -STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY (CONTINUED)

SERIES B - CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED STOCK (CONTINUED)

The holders of the Series B Preferred shall have the right to vote, separately as a single class, at a meeting of the holders of the Series B Preferred or by such holders' written consent or at any annual or special meeting of the stockholders of the Corporation on any of the following matters: (i) the creation, authorization, or issuance of any class or series of shares ranking on a parity with or senior to the Series B Preferred with respect to dividends or upon the liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of the Corporation, and (ii) any agreement or other corporate action which would adversely affect the powers, rights, or preferences of the holders of the Series B Preferred.

The holders of record of the Series B Preferred shall be entitled to receive cumulative dividends at the rate of twelve percent per annum (12%) on the face value (\$1.00 per share) when, if and as declared by the Board of Directors, if ever. All dividends, when paid, shall be payable in cash, or at the option of the Company, in shares of the Company's common stock. Dividends on shares of the Series B Preferred that have not been redeemed shall be payable quarterly in arrears, when, if and as declared by the Board of Directors, if ever, on a semi-annual basis. No dividend or distribution other than a dividend or distribution paid in Common Stock or in any other junior stock shall be declared or paid or set aside for payment on the Common Stock or on any other junior stock unless full cumulative dividends on all outstanding shares of the Series B Preferred shall have been declared and paid. These dividends are not recorded until declared by the Company. For the period ended March 31, 2006 \$ 216,000 in dividends were accumulated.

Upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Corporation, whether voluntary or involuntary, and after payment of any senior liquidation preferences of any series of Preferred Stock and before any distribution or payment is made with respect to any Common Stock, holders of each share of the Series B Preferred shall be entitled to be paid an amount equal in the greater of (a) the face value denominated thereon subject to adjustment for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, reclassification or other similar events (the "Adjusted Face Value") plus, in the case of each share, an amount equal to all dividends accrued or declared but unpaid thereon, computed to the

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date payment thereof is made available, or (b) such amount per share of the Series B Preferred immediately prior to such liquidation, dissolution or winding up, or (c) the liquidation preference of \$1.00 per share, and the holders of the Series B Preferred shall not be entitled to any further payment, such amount payable with respect to the Series B Preferred being sometimes referred to as the "Liquidation Payments."

### COMMON STOCK

The Company has authorized 300,000,000 shares of common stock, with a par value of \$.001 per share. As of March 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005, the Company has 85,428,795 and 75,608,334 shares issued and outstanding, respectively.

During the three months ended March 31, 2006, holders converted 8.3 shares of preferred stock - Class A into 419,032 shares of common stock. Each share of preferred stock is convertible into 50,000 shares of common stock.

In January, 2006, the Company issued 3,000,000 shares of its common stock at \$0.084 per share in exchange for services.

In January, 2006, the Company issued 100,000 shares of its common stock at \$0.113 per share in exchange for services.

In February, 2006, the Company issued 10,000 shares of its common stock at \$0.095 per share in exchange for services.

In February, 2006, the Company issued 1,500,000 shares of its common stock at \$0.092 per share in exchange for services.

In February, 2006, the Company issued 791,369 shares of its common stock at \$0.04 per share on conversion of notes payable.

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CYBERLUX CORPORATION  
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### NOTE D - STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY (CONTINUED)

In March, 2006, the Company issued 4,000,000 shares in conjunction with the exercise of employee stock options at \$0.09 per share.

### NOTE E - STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS

#### Class A Warrants

The following table summarizes the changes in warrants outstanding and related prices for the shares of the Company's common stock issued to shareholders at March 31, 2006:

Exercise Price	Number Outstanding	Warrants Outstanding Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (years)	Weighted Average Exercise price	Number Exercisable
-----				

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\$0.01	100,000	2.75	\$0.01	100,000
0.03	26,500,000	4.17	0.03	26,500,000
0.10	20,641,500	6.67	0.10	20,641,500
0.20	1,845,000	1.5	0.20	1,845,000
0.25	10,301,564	0.97	0.25	10,301,564
0.50	2,600,000	3.15	0.50	2,600,000
1.05	10,193,064	.97	1.05	10,193,064

TRANSACTIONS INVOLVING THE COMPANY'S WARRANT ISSUANCE ARE SUMMARIZED AS FOLLOWS:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Price Per Share
Outstanding at December 31, 2004	21,931,128	\$0.90
Granted	26,500,000	0.03
Exercised	--	--
Canceled or expired	--	--
Outstanding at December 31, 2005	48,431,128	0.42
Granted	23,750,000	0.17
Exercised	--	--
Canceled or expired	--	--
Outstanding at March 31, 2006	72,181,128	0.34

Warrants granted during the period ended December 31, 2005 totaling 26,499,500 were issued in connection with debt financing. The warrants are exercisable until five years after the date of issuance at a purchase price of \$0.03 per share on 25,000,000 warrants, \$0.10 per share on 800,000 warrants and \$0.15 per share on 699,500 warrants.

For the three months ended March 31, 2006, warrants totally 19,000,000 were issued in connection with debt financing. The warrants are exercisable until seven years after date of issuance at a purchase price of \$0.10 per share. The warrants have a reset provision should the Company issue shares below \$0.10 per share excluding conversion of related debt.

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NOTE E-STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS (CONTINUED)

EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTIONS (CONTINUED)

For the three months ended March 31, 2006, following warrants were issued in connection with services rendered:

Number of warrants	purchase price per share:	Term (years)
1,550,000	\$0.10	2.75
1,550,000	\$0.25	2.75
1,550,000	\$1.05	2.75
100,000	\$0.01	2.75

Employee Stock Options

The following table summarizes the changes in options outstanding and the related prices for the shares of the Company's common stock issued to employees of the Company under a non-qualified employee stock option plan at March 31, 2006:

Exercise Prices	Options Outstanding			Options Exercisable	
	Number Outstanding	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number Exercisable	
\$0.2125	2,000,000	2.71	\$0.2125	2,000,000	
0.2125	2,000,000	3.12	0.2125	2,000,000	
0.10	12,000,000	4.79	0.10	12,000,000	
0.0295	10,948,237	6.07	0.0295	10,948,237	

Transactions involving stock options issued to employees are summarized as follows:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Price Per Share
Outstanding at December 31, 2004:	4,000,000	\$0.2125
Granted	29,580,000	0.058
Exercised	-	-

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Canceled or expired	-	-
-----	-----	-----
Outstanding at December 31, 2005:	33,580,000	\$0.076
-----	-----	-----
Granted	-	-
-----	-----	-----
Exercised	(6,631,763)	0.0295
-----	-----	-----
Canceled or expired	-	-
-----	-----	-----
Outstanding at March 31, 2006:	26,948,237	\$0.088
-----	-----	-----

The weighted-average fair value of stock options granted to employees during the year ended December 31, 2005 and the weighted-average significant assumptions used to determine those fair values, using a Black-Scholes option pricing model are as follows:

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NOTE E-STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS (CONTINUED)

EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTIONS (CONTINUED)

-----  
 For the year ended December 31,2005:

Significant assumptions (weighted-average):

Risk-free interest rate at grant date	2%
Expected stock price volatility	255%
Expected dividend payout	--
Expected option life-years (a)	7

(a)The expected option life is based on contractual expiration dates.

NOTE F -RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

From time to time, the Company's principal officers have advanced funds to the Company for working capital purposes in the form of unsecured promissory notes, accruing interest at 12% per annum. As of March 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005 , the balance due to the officers was \$352,095 and \$366,595, respectively.

NOTE G -COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Consulting Agreements

-----  
 The Company has consulting agreements with outside contractors, certain of whom are also Company stockholders. The Agreements are generally for a term of 12 months from inception and renewable automatically from year to year unless either the Company or Consultant terminates such engagement by written notice.

Operating Lease Commitments

-----  
 The Company leases office space in Durham, NC on a five year lease expiring

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April, 2008 for an annualized rent payment of \$43,127. Additionally the Company leases warehouse space on a month to month basis for \$550 per month. At December 31, 2005, schedule of the future minimum lease payments is as follows:

2006	\$43,127
2007	43,127
2008	14,376
2009	-
2010	-

### Litigation

-----

The Company is subject to other legal proceedings and claims, which arise in the ordinary course of its business. Although occasional adverse decisions or settlements may occur, the Company believes that the final disposition of such matters should not have a material adverse effect on its financial position, results of operations or liquidity. Listed below is a brief description of pending litigation:

On May 17, 2005, Zykrnix, Inc., a Colorado corporation, filed a complaint against us and our President, Mark Schmidt, in the District Court, City and County of Denver, State of Colorado (Case No. 05CV3704) claiming damages in the amount of \$211,323.75 and costs for breach of contract, unjust enrichment and fraud by Mark Schmidt. We previously entered into a contract with Zykrnix for them to produce prototypes for several of our new products, which we believe they never satisfactorily completed.

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CYBERLUX CORPORATION  
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### NOTE G -COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

On June 22, 2005, we filed our Answer and Counterclaim against Zykrnix, claiming damages and costs in the amount of \$2,850,000 for breach of contract, unjust enrichment and negligent misrepresentation. At the same time, Mark Schmidt filed a Motion to Dismiss since Zykrnix failed to adequately plead a claim for fraud. On August 24, 2005, the Motion to Dismiss was denied. The case is currently in discovery. We believe that their claims are without merit and we will vigorously defend these claims.

On July 27, 2005, Alliance Care Services, Inc. d/b/a Alliance Advisors, a New York corporation, filed a complaint against us in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of New York, claiming damages in the amount of not less than \$500,000 and costs for breach of contract, breach of duty of good faith and fair dealing and unjust enrichment. We filed our answer on October 4, 2005 denying all claims. This case is currently in discovery. We believe that their claims are without merit and we intend to vigorously defend these claims.

On October 21, 2005, Greenfield Capital Partners LLC filed a statement of claim against us in arbitration before the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Greenfield claims damages and costs in the amount of \$107,000 for breach of contract, fraud, fraudulent concealment and misrepresentation. We believe that their claims are without merit and we intend to vigorously defend these claims.

### NOTE H- (LOSS) INCOME PER SHARE

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The following table presents the computation of basic and diluted (loss) income per share:

	For the three months ended	2006	2005- As
Net income (loss) available to common stockholders		\$178,262	
Basic income/(loss) per share		0.0	
Fully diluted income/(loss) per share		0.0	
=Weighted average common shares outstanding (basic)		80,285,613	
Weighted average commons shares outstanding (fully diluted)		334,282,061	

As of March 31, 2005, 176,553,615 potential shares were excluded from the shares used to calculate diluted loss per share as their inclusion would reduce net loss per share.

### NOTE I - BUSINESS CONCENTRATION

Sales to 3 major customers approximated \$18,900 or 40% of total sales for the three months ended March 31, 2006.

Purchases from the Company's 3 major suppliers approximated \$48,142 or 90% of total purchases for the three months ended March 31, 2006.

### NOTE J- GOING CONCERN MATTERS

The accompanying statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. As shown in the accompanying financial statements, as of March 31, 2006, the Company incurred accumulated losses of \$18,513,679. The Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by \$1,933,949 as of March 31, 2006. These factors among others may indicate that the Company will be unable to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

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CYBERLUX CORPORATION  
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### NOTE J- GOING CONCERN MATTERS (CONTINUED)

The Company is actively pursuing additional equity financing through discussions with investment bankers and private investors. There can be no assurance the Company will be successful in its effort to secure additional equity financing.

If operations and cash flows continue to improve through these efforts,

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management believes that the Company can continue to operate. However, no assurance can be given that management's actions will result in profitable operations or the resolution of its liquidity problems.

The Company's existence is dependent upon management's ability to develop profitable operations and resolve its liquidity problems. Management anticipates the Company will attain profitable status and improve its liquidity through the continued developing, marketing and selling of its services and additional equity investment in the Company. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

### NOTE K-RESTATEMENT

During 2005, it was determined the correct application of accounting principles had not been applied in the 2004 and 2003 accounting for convertible debentures and detachable warrants (See note B above).

The original accounting for the debentures and detachable warrants, the Company recognized an imbedded beneficial conversion feature present in the convertible note and allocated a portion of the proceeds equal to the intrinsic value of that feature to additional paid in capital. Accordingly, the proceeds attributed to the common common stock, convertible debt and warrants have been restated to reflect the relative fair value method.

In accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion, Accounting Changes (APB 20) the necessary corrections to apply the accounting principles on the aforementioned transactions are currently reflected in the reported Statement of Operations and Statement of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2005 financial information. The impact to the previously issued March 31, 2005 financial statements is as follows:

	March 31, 2005 financial statement balance prior to restatement	March 31, 2005 financial statement post restatement	Amount (decrease) 31, 2005 statement
Net (loss)	\$(423,660)	\$(2,679,796)	
Loss per share-basic and fully diluted	\$(0.02)	\$(0.10)	

The resulting effects on the prior period adjustments on the March 31, 2005 cash flows by area are as follows:

	March 31, 2005 cash flow statement balance prior to restatement	March 31, 2005 cash flow statement post restatement	Amount in (decrease) in 2005 cash flow
--	---	---	--

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Net cash from operating activities	\$ (326,442)	\$ (399,467)
Net cash from investing activities	(963)	(963)
Net cash from financing activities	(77,510)	(4,485)

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### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion contains forward-looking statements that are subject to significant risks and uncertainties about us, our current and planned products, our current and proposed marketing and sales, and our projected results of operations. There are several important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from historical results and percentages and results anticipated by the forward-looking statements. The Company has sought to identify the most significant risks to its business, but cannot predict whether or to what extent any of such risks may be realized nor can there be any assurance that the Company has identified all possible risks that might arise. Investors should carefully consider all of such risks before making an investment decision with respect to the Company's stock. The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the financial statements of the Company and notes thereto. This discussion should not be construed to imply that the results discussed herein will necessarily continue into the future, or that any conclusion reached herein will necessarily be indicative of actual operating results in the future. Such discussion represents only the best present assessment from our Management.

#### OVERVIEW

We are in the development stage and our efforts have been principally devoted to designing, developing and marketing advanced lighting systems that utilize white (and other) light emitting diodes as illumination elements.

We are developing and marketing new product applications of solid-state diodal illumination (TM) that demonstrate added value over traditional lighting systems. "Diodal(TM)" is our trademark. Using proprietary technology, we are creating a family of products for task and accent lighting, emergency and security lighting, and specialized lighting systems for military and Homeland Security. Our solid-state lighting technology offers extended light life and greater cost effectiveness than other existing forms of illumination. We are expanding our marketing activity into channels of retail, commercial, institutional and military sales.

With our Aeon task and accent lighting, the target markets include kitchen and bath cabinet manufacturers, designer and installation contractors for the residential market. In the commercial markets, our Aeon task and accent lighting products and Reliabright emergency and security lighting products address the lighting needs in hotels, hospitals, nursing homes, airports, shopping centers and multiple family complexes; long-term evacuation solutions for theaters, office and public buildings; reduced maintenance cost solutions for property managers as applied to walkway, corridor or landscape lighting. For our retail products, our target customers include the home improvement and consumer goods retailers. For the military and Homeland Security Watchdog and BrightEye products, our target markets include all branches of the military and all government organizations providing homeland security services such as border control and airport security.

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On January 10, 2006, we met with the Department of Homeland Security in Washington, D.C. to discuss the potential use of our military-grade solid-state lighting technology as the lighting solution for the Secure Border Initiative (SBIInet). As a result, we were invited to attend the SBIInet Industry Day to meet the primary contractor companies that we could supply with our lighting solutions if we became a subcontractor. We also learned of the unsolicited proposal process where companies submit solutions for consideration within the Department of Homeland Security.

Between January 11, 2006 and January 14, 2006, we attended the International Builder's Show in Orlando, Florida, to promote our Aeon lighting solutions products. The Aeon products bring cool-to-the-touch and long-lasting light into the residential and commercial market for use in closets, cabinet interiors, under-cabinet lighting and kitchen counters. The solid state semiconductors, trademarked by Cyberlux as diodal(TM) lighting elements, consume 92 percent less energy than conventional lighting elements. Approximately 100,000 housing professionals, including home and apartment builders, architects, product manufacturers, and those involved in every aspect of residential and light commercial construction attended the International Builder's Show. The National Association of Home Builders featured more than 1,600 exhibitors showcasing the latest designs, technologies, products and services available to the home building community. We scheduled meetings and educational sessions to present our Aeon products to home builders, architects and designers.

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On January 17, 2006, we entered into an agreement with NewDominion Capital Group ("NewDominion") of Arlington, Virginia, to serve as our exclusive financial adviser. Under the terms of the agreement, NewDominion was engaged to restructure our debt which includes a mandatory payoff of the NIR Group investors and a subsequent capital raise through arrangements undertaken by NewDominion with the assistance of our management.

On January 26, 2006, we attended the Secure Border Initiative (SBIInet) Industry Day hosted by the Department of Homeland Security. As a result, we were able to determine which primary contractors we should pursue a subcontractor relationship with as a leader in solid-state lighting solutions.

On January 27, 2006, we announced that we had been awarded a U.S. patent for emergency lighting technology based on light emitting diodes (LEDs). The patent, Number 6,986,589, is for 'Apparatus and Methods for Providing and Emergency Lighting Augmentation System.' The development of the ReliaBright Emergency Lighting System (ELS) led to the patent filing. The ReliaBright ELS is designed to retrofit as an augmentation to existing lighting systems in commercial buildings, and it can be adapted for a variety of applications and uses. These claims lead to new opportunities for the ReliaBright ELS technology in the commercial, military and homeland security markets.

On February 7, 2006, we announced that we had agreements with two national catalog and online retailers to offer our EverOn Emergency and Multi-Purpose LED light to more than 10 million customers. The EverOn product will be offered by Solutions Catalog, a national catalog retailer. Solutions is part of Norm Thompson Outfitters, a leader in direct mail and retail sales. The EverOn product will also be offered by Stacks and Stacks, a nationally recognized retail, catalog and internet company based in San Francisco.

On February 13, 2006, we presented our LED solid-state lighting products developed for defense and homeland security initiatives to representatives from

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the military, Secret Service, FBI, Homeland Security and the federal intelligence communities in a meeting hosted by the North Carolina Technology Association. We demonstrated our Watchdog Portable Covert Illumination System, an advanced lighting system selected by the U.S. Air Force's Air Mobility Battlelab. The system was designed to protect military assets on the ground, such as an airplane, by creating a 'lightless' zone around the asset while illuminating the surrounding protection boundary. We also demonstrated our Bright Eye Portable Illumination System for border security initiatives, extending visible or covert infrared lighting more than 600 feet.

On February 23, 2006, we met with the Army and Air National Guard Bureau, the central command for the National Guard, to discuss the potential use of our military-grade solid-state lighting technology as the lighting solution for the various National Guard emergency response, border patrol and enforcement responsibilities. As a result, we were invited to participate in the first annual National Guard J3 Domestic Operations Conference. At the conference which was held March 21-23, 2006, the National Guard personnel reviewed our Cyberlux Watchdog and BrightEye Portable Covert and Visible Illumination Systems. We hope to create demand for our portable, lightweight illumination systems, particularly from units supporting states where border security or emergency response capabilities are critical.

On March 21, 2006, we met with and began substantive discussions with a leading global retailer regarding the EverOn product distribution and the upcoming hurricane season.

On March 26, 2006, we announced that we were awarded a United States government contract for energy saving lighting products through the General Services Administration (GSA) Supply Schedule. Under the terms of the Federal Supply Schedule contract, we can now sell our solid-state light emitting diode (LED) Aeon task and accent lighting products as a primary contractor to any U.S. Government purchasing organization. The contract period is March 2006 through March 2011.

On March 29, 2006, we announced that we had completed the contract requirements associated with the advanced solid-state LED security lighting system developed for the United States Air Force. Based on the demonstration results of the Portable Covert Illumination System, the Air Mobility Battlelab completed the project briefing with A7 Air Mobility Command senior commanders and successfully transitioned the Watchdog System to field trials for procurement. As part of the Air Mobility Battlelab transition plan, the Air Mobility Command will purchase Watchdog Systems for initial field deployment. The unique properties of the Watchdog System have prompted purchase intentions from other branches of the U.S. Military.

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On March 30, 2006, we submitted a formal Unsolicited Proposal to the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) for consideration of our military-grade solid-state lighting technology as the lighting solution for the DHS' emergency response, border patrol, threat prevention and law enforcement responsibilities

### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2006 COMPARED TO THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2005

### REVENUES

Revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2006 were \$47,200 as

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compared to \$13,568 for the same period ended March 31, 2005.

### OPERATING EXPENSES

Operating expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2006 were \$1,393,820 as compared to \$435,732 for the same period ended March 31, 2005. Included in the three months ended March 31, 2006 are \$47,828 in expenses for market development and literature. This compares to \$21,323 for the three months ended March 31, 2005. Additionally, we incurred non cash expenses relating to the exercise of options and payments for services rendered totaling \$762,250 for the three month period ended March 31, 2006 as compared with \$0 for same period in 2005.

As a result of limited capital resources and minimal revenues from operations from its inception, we have relied on the issuance of equity securities to non-employees in exchange for services. Our management enters into equity compensation agreements with non-employees if it is in our best interest under terms and conditions consistent with the requirements of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 and 123(R), Accounting for Stock Based Compensation. In order conserve its limited operating capital resources, we anticipate continuing to compensate non-employees for services during the next twelve months. This policy may have a material effect on our results of operations during the next twelve months.

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

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As of March 31, 2006, we had a working capital deficit of \$1,933,949. As a result of our operating losses for the three months ended March 31, 2006, we generated a cash flow deficit of \$873,377 from operating activities. Cash flows used in investing activities was \$7,093 during the three month period through March 31, 2006. We met our cash requirements during this period through the issuance of convertible debentures of \$460,000 \$152,400 from the issuance of notes payable and advances of \$500, net of repayments, to our officers and shareholders and advances.

While we have raised capital to meet our working capital and financing needs in the past, additional financing is required in order to meet our current and projected cash flow deficits from operations and development.

By adjusting our operations and development to the level of capitalization, we believe we have sufficient capital resources to meet projected cash flow deficits through the next twelve months. However, if thereafter, we are not successful in generating sufficient liquidity from operations or in raising sufficient capital resources, on terms acceptable to us, this could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, liquidity and financial condition.

Our independent certified public accountant has stated in their report included in our December 31, 2005, Form 10-KSB, as amended, that we have incurred operating losses in the last two years, and that we are dependent upon management's ability to develop profitable operations. These factors among others may raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

To obtain funding for our ongoing operations, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on March 27, 2006, for the sale of (i) \$500,000 in secured convertible notes, and (ii) warrants to purchase

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19,000,000 shares of our common stock. The investors purchased all of the secured convertible notes on March 27, 2006.

The proceeds received from the sale of the secured convertible notes were used for business development purposes, working capital needs, pre-payment of interest, payment of consulting and legal fees and purchasing inventory.

The secured convertible notes bear interest at 8%, mature three years from the date of issuance, and are convertible into our common stock, at the investors' option, at the lower of (i) \$0.10 or (ii) 35% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board for the 20 trading days before but not including the conversion date. The full principal amount of the secured convertible notes is due upon default under the terms of secured convertible notes. The warrants are exercisable until seven years from the date of issuance at a purchase price of \$0.10 per share. In addition, the conversion price of the secured convertible notes and the exercise price of the warrants will be adjusted in the event that we issue common stock at a price below the fixed conversion price, below market price, with the exception of any securities issued in connection with the Securities Purchase Agreement. The conversion price of the secured convertible notes and the exercise price of the warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances such as if we pay a stock dividend, subdivide or combine outstanding shares of common stock into a greater or lesser number of shares, or take such other actions as would otherwise result in dilution of the selling stockholder's position. As of the date of this filing, the conversion price for the secured convertible debentures and the exercise price of the warrants have not been adjusted. The selling stockholders have contractually agreed to restrict their ability to convert or exercise their warrants and receive shares of our common stock such that the number of shares of common stock held by them and their affiliates after such conversion or exercise does not exceed 4.9% of the then issued and outstanding shares of common stock. In addition, we have granted the investors a security interest in substantially all of our assets and intellectual property and registration rights.

On March 30, 2006, we entered into a financing agreement with the International Capital Group, LLC whereby our Directors pledged 4,000,000 shares of their personal common stock as collateral for a loan in the amount of \$152,400. The loan carries an interest rate of 4.99% payable quarterly and has a maturity of March 31, 2009.

We will still need additional investments in order to continue operations to cash flow break even. Additional investments are being sought, but we cannot guarantee that we will be able to obtain such investments. Financing transactions may include the issuance of equity or debt securities, obtaining credit facilities, or other financing mechanisms. However, the trading price of our common stock and the downturn in the U.S. stock and debt markets could make it more difficult to obtain financing through the issuance of equity or debt securities. Even if we are able to raise the funds required, it is possible that we could incur unexpected costs and expenses, fail to collect significant amounts owed to us, or experience unexpected cash requirements that would force us to seek alternative financing. Further, if we issue additional equity or debt securities, stockholders may experience additional dilution or the new equity securities may have rights, preferences or privileges senior to those of existing holders of our common stock. If additional financing is not available or is not available on acceptable terms, we will have to curtail our operations again.

We will still need additional investments in order to continue operations to cash flow break even. Additional investments are being sought, but we cannot guarantee that we will be able to obtain such investments. Financing transactions may include the issuance of equity or debt securities, obtaining credit facilities, or other financing mechanisms. However, the trading price of

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our common stock and the downturn in the U.S. stock and debt markets could make it more difficult to obtain financing through the issuance of equity or debt securities. Even if we are able to raise the funds required, it is possible that we could incur unexpected costs and expenses, fail to collect significant amounts owed to us, or experience unexpected cash requirements that would force us to seek alternative financing. Further, if we issue additional equity or debt securities, stockholders may experience additional dilution or the new equity securities may have rights, preferences or privileges senior to those of existing holders of our common stock. If additional financing is not available or is not available on acceptable terms, we will have to curtail our operations again.

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### Critical Accounting Policies

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In March 2006, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 156, Accounting for Servicing of Financial Assets - an amendment to FASB Statement No. 140. Statement 156 requires that an entity recognize a servicing asset or servicing liability each time it undertakes an obligation to service a financial asset by entering into a service contract under certain situations. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2006. The Company does not expect its adoption of this new standard to have a material impact on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

On February 16, 2006 the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS 155, "Accounting for Certain Hybrid Instruments," which amends SFAS 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," and SFAS 140, "Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities." SFAS 155 allows financial instruments that have embedded derivatives to be accounted for as a whole (eliminating the need to bifurcate the derivative from its host) if the holder elects to account for the whole instrument on a fair value basis. SFAS 155 also clarifies and amends certain other provisions of SFAS 133 and SFAS 140. This statement is effective for all financial instruments acquired or issued in fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2006. The Company does not expect its adoption of this new standard to have a material impact on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In March 2005, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation (FIN) No. 47, "Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligations, an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 143," which requires an entity to recognize a liability for the fair value of a conditional asset retirement obligation when incurred if the liability's fair value can be reasonably estimated. The Company is required to adopt the provisions of FIN 47 no later than the first quarter of fiscal 2006. The Company does not expect the adoption of this Interpretation to have a material impact on its consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In May 2005 the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 154, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, a replacement of APB Opinion No. 20 and FASB Statement No. 3." SFAS 154 requires retrospective application to prior periods' financial statements for changes in accounting principle, unless it is impracticable to determine either the period-specific effects or the cumulative effect of the change. SFAS 154 also requires that retrospective application of a change in accounting principle be limited to the direct effects of the change. Indirect effects of a change in accounting principle, such as a change in non-discretionary profit-sharing payments resulting from an accounting change, should be recognized in the period of the

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accounting change. SFAS 154 also requires that a change in depreciation, amortization, or depletion method for long-lived, non-financial assets be accounted for as a change in accounting estimate effected by a change in accounting principle. SFAS 154 is effective for accounting changes and corrections of errors made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005. Early adoption is permitted for accounting changes and corrections of errors made in fiscal years beginning after the date this Statement is issued. The Company does not expect the adoption of this SFAS to have a material impact on its consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

### Stock Based Compensation

On December 16, 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FASB Statement No. 123R (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment" which is a revision of FASB Statement No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation". Statement 123R supersedes APB opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees", and amends FASB Statement No. 95, "Statement of Cash Flows". Generally, the approach in Statement 123R is similar to the approach described in Statement 123. However, Statement 123R requires all share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, to be recognized in the income statement based on their fair values. Pro-forma disclosure is no longer an alternative. This statement does not change the accounting guidance for share based payment transactions with parties other than employees provided in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123(R). This statement does not address the accounting for employee share ownership plans, which are subject to AICPA Statement of Position 93-6, "Employers' Accounting for Employee Stock Ownership Plans." On April 14, 2005, the SEC amended the effective date of the provisions of this statement. The effect of this amendment by the SEC is that the Company had to comply with Statement 123R and use the Fair Value based method of accounting no later than the first quarter of 2006. The Company implemented SFAS No. 123(R) on January 1, 2006 using the modified prospective method. The fair value of each option grant issued after January 1, 2006 will be determined as of grant date, utilizing the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The amortization of each option grant will be over the remainder of the vesting period of each option grant.

As more fully described in financial statements included in Form 10-KB for the year ended December 31, 2005, the Company granted stock options over the years to employees of the Company under a non-qualified employee stock option plan. As of December 31, 2005, 33,580,000 stock options were outstanding and exercisable. The Company did not grant any stock options to employees during the quarter ended March 31, 2006. The Company did not recognize compensation expense related to employees stock options in the quarter ended March 31, 2006. The impact on earnings for the remainder of Fiscal 2006 for stock based compensation will depend on future stock option issuances.

In prior years, the Company applied the intrinsic-value method prescribed in Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," to account for the issuance of stock options to employees and accordingly compensation expense related to employees' stock options were recognized in the prior year financial statements to the extent options granted under stock incentive plans had an exercise price less than the market value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant.

### Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The financial statements appearing in this quarterly report on Form 10-QSB do not contain any financial measures which are not in accordance with generally accepted accounting procedures.

Inflation

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In the opinion of management, inflation has not had a material effect on our financial condition or results of its operations

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

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We do not maintain off-balance sheet arrangements nor do we participate in non-exchange traded contracts requiring fair value accounting treatment.

PRODUCT RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

We anticipate incurring approximately \$500,000 in research and development expenditures in connection with the development of our portable boundary lighting system, Aeon cabinet lighting and RelyOn Power Light Plant during the next twelve months.

These projected expenditures are dependent upon our generating revenues and obtaining sources of financing in excess of our existing capital resources. There is no guarantee that we will be successful in raising the funds required or generating revenues sufficient to fund the projected costs of research and development during the next twelve months.

ACQUISITION OR DISPOSITION OF PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

We do not anticipate the sale of any significant property, plant or equipment during the next twelve months. We do not anticipate the acquisition of any significant property, plant or equipment during the next 12 months.

RISK FACTORS

Much of the information included in this quarterly report includes or is based upon estimates, projections or other "forward-looking statements". Such forward-looking statements include any projections or estimates made by us and our management in connection with our business operations. While these forward-looking statements, and any assumptions upon which they are based, are made in good faith and reflect our current judgment regarding the direction of our business, actual results will almost always vary, sometimes materially, from any estimates, predictions, projections, assumptions or other future performance suggested herein.

Such estimates, projections or other "forward-looking statements" involve various risks and uncertainties as outlined below. We caution the reader that important factors in some cases have affected and, in the future, could materially affect actual results and cause actual results to differ materially from the results expressed in any such estimates, projections or other "forward-looking statements".

Our common shares are considered speculative. Prospective investors should consider carefully the risk factors set out below.

WE HAVE A HISTORY OF LOSSES WHICH MAY CONTINUE, WHICH MAY NEGATIVELY IMPACT OUR

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ABILITY TO ACHIEVE OUR BUSINESS OBJECTIVES.

We incurred a net loss of \$9,410,657 for the year ended December 31, 2005 compared to a net income of \$3,103,049 for the year ended December 31, 2004. For the three months ended March 31, 2006, we incurred a net loss of \$[ ]. As of March 31, 2006, we had an accumulated deficit of \$[ ]. We cannot assure you that we can achieve or sustain profitability on a quarterly or annual basis in the future. Our operations are subject to the risks and competition inherent in the establishment of a business enterprise. There can be no assurance that future operations will be profitable. Revenues and profits, if any, will depend upon various factors, including whether we will be able to continue expansion of our revenue. We may not achieve our business objectives and the failure to achieve such goals would have an adverse impact on us.

IF WE ARE UNABLE TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL FUNDING OUR BUSINESS OPERATIONS WILL BE HARMED AND IF WE DO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL FINANCING OUR THEN EXISTING SHAREHOLDERS MAY SUFFER SUBSTANTIAL DILUTION.

We will require additional funds to sustain and expand our sales and marketing activities. We anticipate that we will require up to approximately \$4 million to fund our continued operations for the next twelve months, depending on revenue from operations. Additional capital will be required to effectively support the operations and to otherwise implement our overall business strategy. There can be no assurance that financing will be available in amounts or on terms acceptable to us, if at all. The inability to obtain additional capital will restrict our ability to grow and may reduce our ability to continue to conduct business operations. If we are unable to obtain additional financing, we will likely be required to curtail our marketing and development plans and possibly cease our operations. Any additional equity financing may involve substantial dilution to our then existing shareholders.

OUR INDEPENDENT AUDITORS HAVE EXPRESSED SUBSTANTIAL DOUBT ABOUT OUR ABILITY TO CONTINUE AS A GOING CONCERN, WHICH MAY HINDER OUR ABILITY TO OBTAIN FUTURE FINANCING.

In their report dated March 16, 2006, our independent auditors stated that our financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2005 were prepared assuming that we would continue as a going concern. Our ability to continue as a going concern is an issue raised as a result of losses for the year ended December 31, 2005 in the amount of \$9,410,657. We continue to experience net operating losses. Our ability to continue as a going concern is subject to our ability to generate a profit and/or obtain necessary funding from outside sources, including obtaining additional funding from the sale of our securities, increasing sales or obtaining loans and grants from various financial institutions where possible. Our continued net operating losses increase the difficulty in meeting such goals and there can be no assurances that such methods will prove successful.

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IF WE ARE UNABLE TO RETAIN THE SERVICES OF MESSRS. EVANS, SCHMIDT OR RINGO, OR IF WE ARE UNABLE TO SUCCESSFULLY RECRUIT QUALIFIED MANAGERIAL AND SALES PERSONNEL HAVING EXPERIENCE IN BUSINESS, WE MAY NOT BE ABLE TO CONTINUE OUR OPERATIONS.

Our success depends to a significant extent upon the continued service of Mr. Donald F. Evans, our Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Mark D. Schmidt, our President and Mr. John Ringo, our Secretary and Corporate Counsel. Loss of the services of Messrs. Evans, Schmidt or Ringo could have a material adverse effect

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on our growth, revenues, and prospective business. We do not maintain key-man insurance on the life of Messrs. Evans or Ringo. In addition, in order to successfully implement and manage our business plan, we will be dependent upon, among other things, successfully recruiting qualified managerial and sales personnel having experience in business. Competition for qualified individuals is intense. There can be no assurance that we will be able to find, attract and retain existing employees or that we will be able to find, attract and retain qualified personnel on acceptable terms.

MANY OF OUR COMPETITORS ARE LARGER AND HAVE GREATER FINANCIAL AND OTHER RESOURCES THAN WE DO AND THOSE ADVANTAGES COULD MAKE IT DIFFICULT FOR US TO COMPETE WITH THEM.

The lighting and illumination industry is extremely competitive and includes several companies that have achieved substantially greater market shares than we have, and have longer operating histories, have larger customer bases, and have substantially greater financial, development and marketing resources than we do. If overall demand for our products should decrease it could have a materially adverse affect on our operating results.

OUR TRADEMARK AND OTHER INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS MAY NOT BE ADEQUATELY PROTECTED OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES, RESULTING IN LOSS OF REVENUE.

We believe that our trademarks, whether licensed or owned by us, and other proprietary rights are important to our success and our competitive position. In the course of our international expansion, we may, however, experience conflict with various third parties who acquire or claim ownership rights in certain trademarks. We cannot assure that the actions we have taken to establish and protect these trademarks and other proprietary rights will be adequate to prevent imitation of our products by others or to prevent others from seeking to block sales of our products as a violation of the trademarks and proprietary rights of others. Also, we cannot assure you that others will not assert rights in, or ownership of, trademarks and other proprietary rights of ours or that we will be able to successfully resolve these types of conflicts to our satisfaction. In addition, the laws of certain foreign countries may not protect proprietary rights to the same extent, as do the laws of the United States.

OUR PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS, OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS OWN A CONTROLLING INTEREST IN OUR VOTING STOCK AND INVESTORS WILL NOT HAVE ANY VOICE IN OUR MANAGEMENT.

We have issued 800,000 shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock to our officers and directors which are convertible into 8 million shares of common stock and, in the aggregate, have the right to cast 80 million votes in any vote by our shareholders. Combined with the number of shares of common stock held by our officers and directors, they have the right to cast approximately 50% of all votes by our shareholders. As a result, these stockholders, acting together, will have the ability to control substantially all matters submitted to our stockholders for approval, including:

- o election of our board of directors;
- o removal of any of our directors;
- o amendment of our certificate of incorporation or bylaws; and
- o adoption of measures that could delay or prevent a change in control or impede a merger, takeover or other business combination involving us.

As a result of their ownership and positions, our directors and executive officers collectively are able to influence all matters requiring stockholder approval, including the election of directors and approval of significant corporate transactions. In addition, sales of significant amounts of shares held by our directors and executive officers, or the prospect of these sales, could adversely affect the market price of our common stock. Management's stock

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ownership may discourage a potential acquirer from making a tender offer or otherwise attempting to obtain control of us, which in turn could reduce our stock price or prevent our stockholders from realizing a premium over our stock price.

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### RISKS RELATING TO OUR CURRENT FINANCING ARRANGEMENT:

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THERE ARE A LARGE NUMBER OF SHARES UNDERLYING OUR SECURED CONVERTIBLE NOTES AND WARRANTS THAT MAY BE AVAILABLE FOR FUTURE SALE AND THE SALE OF THESE SHARES MAY DEPRESS THE MARKET PRICE OF OUR COMMON STOCK.

As of March 31, 2006, we had 85,428,735 shares of common stock issued and outstanding, secured convertible notes outstanding pursuant to our securities purchase agreements dated September 23, 2004, April 22, 2005, October 24, 2005 and December 28, 2005 that may be converted into an estimated 25,939,462, 50,000,000, 22,857,143 and 22,222,222 shares of common stock at current market prices, respectively, and outstanding warrants pursuant to our securities purchase agreements dated September 23, 2004, April 22, 2005, October 24, 2005 and December 28, 2005, to purchase 2,250,000, 25,000,000, 800,000 and 700,000 shares of common stock, respectively. In addition, the number of shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the outstanding secured convertible notes issued pursuant to the securities purchase agreements dated September 23, 2004, April 22, 2005, October 24, 2005 and December 28, 2005 may increase if the market price of our stock declines. All of the shares, including all of the shares issuable upon conversion of the secured convertible notes and upon exercise of our warrants, may be sold without restriction. The sale of these shares may adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

THE CONTINUOUSLY ADJUSTABLE CONVERSION PRICE FEATURE OF OUR SECURED CONVERTIBLE NOTES COULD REQUIRE US TO ISSUE A SUBSTANTIALLY GREATER NUMBER OF SHARES, WHICH WILL CAUSE DILUTION TO OUR EXISTING STOCKHOLDERS.

Our obligation to issue shares upon conversion of our secured convertible notes is essentially limitless. The following is an example of the amount of shares of our common stock that are issuable, upon conversion of our secured convertible notes (excluding accrued interest), based on market prices 25%, 50% and 75% below the market price, as of March 31, 2006 of \$0.07.

### SEPTEMBER 2004, APRIL 2005 AND OCTOBER 2005 SECURED CONVERTIBLE NOTES, COMBINED

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% Below Market	Price Per Share	With Discount at 50%	Number of Shares Issuable	% of Outstanding Stock
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25%	\$ .0525	\$ .02625	122,204,997	58.86%
50%	\$ .035	\$ .0175	183,307,495	68.21%
75%	\$ .0175	\$ .00875	366,614,990	81.10%

### DECEMBER 2005 SECURED CONVERTIBLE NOTES

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% Below Market	Price Per Share	With Discount at 55%	Number of Shares Issuable	% of Outstanding Stock
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25%	\$.0525	\$.023625	29,629,630	25.75%
50%	\$.035	\$.01575	44,444,445	34.22%
75%	\$.0175	\$.007875	88,888,889	50.99%

As illustrated, the number of shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of our secured convertible notes will increase if the market price of our stock declines, which will cause dilution to our existing stockholders.

THE CONTINUOUSLY ADJUSTABLE CONVERSION PRICE FEATURE OF OUR SECURED CONVERTIBLE NOTES MAY HAVE A DEPRESSIVE EFFECT ON THE PRICE OF OUR COMMON STOCK.

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The secured convertible notes issued in September 2004, April 2005 and October 2005 are convertible into shares of our common stock at a 50% discount to the trading price of the common stock prior to the conversion. The secured convertible notes issued in December 2005 are convertible into shares of our common stock at a 65% discount to the trading price of the common stock prior to the conversion. The significant downward pressure on the price of the common stock as the selling stockholders convert and sell material amounts of common stock could have an adverse effect on our stock price. In addition, not only the sale of shares issued upon conversion or exercise of secured convertible notes, series B convertible preferred stock and warrants, but also the mere perception that these sales could occur, may adversely affect the market price of the common stock.

THE ISSUANCE OF SHARES UPON CONVERSION OF THE SECURED CONVERTIBLE NOTES AND EXERCISE OF OUTSTANDING WARRANTS MAY CAUSE IMMEDIATE AND SUBSTANTIAL DILUTION TO OUR EXISTING STOCKHOLDERS.

The issuance of shares upon conversion of the secured convertible notes and exercise of warrants may result in substantial dilution to the interests of other stockholders since the selling stockholders may ultimately convert and sell the full amount issuable on conversion. Although AJW Partners, LLC, AJW Qualified Partners, LLC, AJW Offshore, Ltd., and New Millennium Partners II, LLC may not convert their secured convertible notes and/or exercise their warrants if such conversion or exercise would cause them to own more than 4.9% of our outstanding common stock, this restriction does not prevent AJW Partners, LLC, AJW Qualified Partners, LLC, AJW Offshore, Ltd., and New Millennium Partners II, LLC from converting and/or exercising some of their holdings and then converting the rest of their holdings. In this way, AJW Partners, LLC, AJW Qualified Partners, LLC, AJW Offshore, Ltd., and New Millennium Partners II, LLC could sell more than this limit while never holding more than this limit. There is no upper limit on the number of shares that may be issued which will have the effect of further diluting the proportionate equity interest and voting power of holders of our common stock, including investors in this offering.

IN THE EVENT THAT OUR STOCK PRICE DECLINES, THE SHARES OF COMMON STOCK ALLOCATED FOR CONVERSION OF THE SECURED CONVERTIBLE NOTES AND REGISTERED PURSUANT TO THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT MAY NOT BE ADEQUATE AND WE MAY BE REQUIRED TO FILE A SUBSEQUENT REGISTRATION STATEMENT COVERING ADDITIONAL SHARES. IF THE SHARES WE HAVE ALLOCATED AND ARE REGISTERING HEREWITH ARE NOT ADEQUATE AND WE ARE REQUIRED TO FILE AN ADDITIONAL REGISTRATION STATEMENT, WE MAY INCUR SUBSTANTIAL COSTS IN CONNECTION THEREWITH.

Based on our current market price and the potential decrease in our market price as a result of the issuance of shares upon conversion of the secured convertible notes, we have made a good faith estimate as to the amount of shares of common stock that we are required to register and allocate for conversion of

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the secured convertible notes. Accordingly, we have allocated and registered 300,000,000 shares to cover the conversion of the secured convertible notes. In the event that our stock price decreases, the shares of common stock we have allocated for conversion of the secured convertible notes and are registering hereunder may not be adequate. If the shares we have allocated to the registration statement are not adequate and we are required to file an additional registration statement, we may incur substantial costs in connection with the preparation and filing of such registration statement.

IF WE ARE REQUIRED FOR ANY REASON TO REPAY OUR OUTSTANDING SECURED CONVERTIBLE NOTES, WE WOULD BE REQUIRED TO DEplete OUR WORKING CAPITAL, IF AVAILABLE, OR RAISE ADDITIONAL FUNDS. OUR FAILURE TO REPAY THE SECURED CONVERTIBLE NOTES, IF REQUIRED, COULD RESULT IN LEGAL ACTION AGAINST US, WHICH COULD REQUIRE THE SALE OF SUBSTANTIAL ASSETS.

In September 2004, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement for the sale of an aggregate of \$1,500,000 principal amount of secured convertible notes. The secured convertible notes are due and payable, with 10% interest, two years from the date of issuance, unless sooner converted into shares of our common stock. In April 2005, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement for the sale of an aggregate of \$1,500,000 principal amount of secured convertible notes. The secured convertible notes are due and payable, with 10% interest, three years from the date of issuance, unless sooner converted into shares of our common stock. In October 2005, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement for the sale of an aggregate of \$800,000 principal amount of secured convertible notes. The secured convertible notes are due and payable, with 10% interest, three years from the date of issuance, unless sooner converted into shares of our common stock. In December 2005, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement for the sale of an aggregate of \$700,000 principal amount of secured convertible notes. The secured convertible notes are due and payable, with 8% interest, three years from the date of issuance, unless sooner converted into shares of our common stock. In addition, any event of default under our secured convertible notes issued pursuant to our September 2004, April 2005, October 2005 or December 2005 securities purchase agreements, such as our failure to repay the principal or interest when due, our failure to issue shares of common stock upon conversion by the holder, our failure to timely file a registration statement or have such registration statement declared effective, breach of any covenant, representation or warranty in the Securities Purchase Agreement or related convertible note, the assignment or appointment of a receiver to control a substantial part of our property or business, the filing of a money judgment, writ or similar process against our company in excess of \$50,000, the commencement of a bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or liquidation proceeding against our company and the delisting of our common stock could require the early repayment of the secured convertible notes, including a default interest rate of 15% on the outstanding principal balance of the notes if the default is not cured with the specified grace period. We anticipate that the full amount of the secured convertible notes will be converted into shares of our common stock, in accordance with the terms of the secured convertible notes. If we were required to repay the secured convertible notes, we would be required to use our limited working capital and raise additional funds. If we were unable to repay the notes when required, the note holders could commence legal action against us and foreclose on all of our assets to recover the amounts due. Any such action would require us to curtail or cease operations.

RISKS RELATING TO OUR COMMON STOCK:  
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WE HAVE ISSUED A LARGE AMOUNT OF STOCK IN LIEU OF CASH FOR PAYMENT OF EXPENSES AND EXPECT TO CONTINUE THIS PRACTICE IN THE FUTURE. SUCH ISSUANCES OF STOCK WILL CAUSE DILUTION TO OUR EXISTING STOCKHOLDERS.

Due to our limited economic resources, we try to issue stock in lieu of cash for payment of expenses and services provided for us. In 2005, we issued 2,783,333 shares of common stock in exchange for expenses and services rendered. We anticipate issuing shares of common stock whenever possible in lieu of cash to conserve our financial position. The number of shares of common stock issued is directly related to our stock price at the time of issuance. In the event that our stock price drops, we will be required to issue larger amounts of shares for expenses and services rendered, if the other party is willing to accept stock at all. The issuance of shares of common stock will have the effect of diluting the proportionate equity interest and voting power of holders of our common stock, including investors in this offering.

IF WE FAIL TO REMAIN CURRENT ON OUR REPORTING REQUIREMENTS, WE COULD BE REMOVED FROM THE OTC BULLETIN BOARD WHICH WOULD LIMIT THE ABILITY OF BROKER-DEALERS TO SELL OUR SECURITIES AND THE ABILITY OF STOCKHOLDERS TO SELL THEIR SECURITIES IN THE SECONDARY MARKET.

Companies trading on the OTC Bulletin Board, such as us, must be reporting issuers under Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and must be current in their reports under Section 13, in order to maintain price quotation privileges on the OTC Bulletin Board. If we fail to remain current on our reporting requirements, we could be removed from the OTC Bulletin Board. As a result, the market liquidity for our securities could be severely adversely affected by limiting the ability of broker-dealers to sell our securities and the ability of stockholders to sell their securities in the secondary market.

OUR COMMON STOCK IS SUBJECT TO THE "PENNY STOCK" RULES OF THE SEC AND THE TRADING MARKET IN OUR SECURITIES IS LIMITED, WHICH MAKES TRANSACTIONS IN OUR STOCK CUMBERSOME AND MAY REDUCE THE VALUE OF AN INVESTMENT IN OUR STOCK.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has adopted Rule 15g-9 which establishes the definition of a "penny stock," for the purposes relevant to us, as any equity security that has a market price of less than \$5.00 per share or with an exercise price of less than \$5.00 per share, subject to certain exceptions. For any transaction involving a penny stock, unless exempt, the rules require:

- o that a broker or dealer approve a person's account for transactions in penny stocks; and
- o the broker or dealer receive from the investor a written agreement to the transaction, setting forth the identity and quantity of the penny stock to be purchased.

In order to approve a person's account for transactions in penny stocks, the broker or dealer must:

- o obtain financial information and investment experience objectives of the person; and

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- o make a reasonable determination that the transactions in penny stocks are suitable for that person and the person has sufficient knowledge and experience in financial matters to be capable of evaluating the risks of transactions in penny stocks.

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The broker or dealer must also deliver, prior to any transaction in a penny stock, a disclosure schedule prescribed by the Commission relating to the penny stock market, which, in highlight form:

- o sets forth the basis on which the broker or dealer made the suitability determination; and
- o that the broker or dealer received a signed, written agreement from the investor prior to the transaction.

Generally, brokers may be less willing to execute transactions in securities subject to the "penny stock" rules. This may make it more difficult for investors to dispose of our common stock and cause a decline in the market value of our stock.

Disclosure also has to be made about the risks of investing in penny stocks in both public offerings and in secondary trading and about the commissions payable to both the broker-dealer and the registered representative, current quotations for the securities and the rights and remedies available to an investor in cases of fraud in penny stock transactions. Finally, monthly statements have to be sent disclosing recent price information for the penny stock held in the account and information on the limited market in penny stocks.

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### ITEM 3. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

- a) EVALUATION OF DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES: As of March 31, 2006, our management carried out an evaluation, under the supervision of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our system of disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Act, Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act). Based on that evaluation, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to provide reasonable assurance that information we are required to disclose in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.
- b) CHANGES IN INTERNAL CONTROLS: There were no changes in internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially effect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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### PART II - OTHER INFORMATION ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

From time to time, we may become involved in various lawsuits and legal proceedings which arise in the ordinary course of business. However, litigation

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is subject to inherent uncertainties, and an adverse result in these or other matters may arise from time to time that may harm our business. Except as disclosed below, we are currently not aware of any such legal proceedings or claims that we believe will have, individually or in the aggregate, a material adverse affect on our business, financial condition or operating results.

INDEX NUMBER: 602727/05 - SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF NEW YORK

On July 27, 2005, Alliance Care Services, Inc. d/b/a Alliance Advisors, a New York corporation, filed a complaint against us in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of New York, claiming damages in the amount of not less than \$500,000 and costs for breach of contract, breach of duty of good faith and fair dealing and unjust enrichment. We entered into an agreement with Alliance Advisors in October 2003 for services to perform, including introduction to investors for the raising of equity capital in exchange for payment of certain fees. We filed our answer on October 4, 2005 denying all claims. This case is currently in discovery. We believe that their claims are without merit and we intend to vigorously defend these claims.

STATEMENT OF CLAIM - ARBITRATION BEFORE THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF SECURITIES DEALERS, INC.

On October 21, 2005, Greenfield Capital Partners LLC filed a statement of claim against us in arbitration before the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Greenfield claims damages and costs in the amount of \$107,000 for breach of contract, fraud, fraudulent concealment and misrepresentation. We entered into an agreement with Greenfield Capital Partners LLC in June 2004 to act as financial advisor in connection with and equity offering. We believe that their claims are without merit and we intend to vigorously defend these claims.

### ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.

During the three months ended March 31, 2006, we issued 419,032 shares of common stock for the conversion of 8.4 shares of Series A preferred stock.

In March 2006, we issued 791,369 shares of common stock at \$0.04 per share on conversion of notes payable.

In January 2006, we issued 3,000,000 shares of common stock at \$0.084 per share, 100,000 shares of common stock at \$0.113 per share and 10,000 shares at \$0.095, in exchange for services rendered.

In February 2006, we issued 1,500,000 shares of common stock at \$0.092 per share in exchange for services rendered.

To obtain funding for our ongoing operations, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with AJW Partners, LLC, AJW Qualified Partners, LLC, AJW Offshore, Ltd., and New Millennium Partners II, LLC on March 27, 2006, for the sale of (i) \$500,000 in secured convertible notes and (ii) a warrants to purchase 19,000,000 shares of our common stock.

The Notes bear interest at 8%, mature three years from the date of issuance, and are convertible into our common stock, at the investors' option, at the lower of (i) \$0.10 or (ii) 55% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before but not including the conversion date. The full principal amount of the secured convertible notes are due upon default under the terms of secured convertible notes. In addition, we have granted the investors a security interest in substantially all of our assets and intellectual property and registration rights. The warrants are exercisable until five years from the date of issuance at a purchase price of \$0.10 per share. In addition the warrants

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exercise price gets adjusted in the event we issue common stock at a price below market, with the exception of any securities issued as of the date of this warrant.

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\* All of the above offerings and sales were deemed to be exempt under rule 506 of Regulation D and Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. No advertising or general solicitation was employed in offering the securities. The offerings and sales were made to a limited number of persons, all of whom were accredited investors, business associates of Cyberlux or executive officers of Cyberlux, and transfer was restricted by Cyberlux Corporation in accordance with the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933. In addition to representations by the above-referenced persons, we have made independent determinations that all of the above-referenced persons were accredited or sophisticated investors, and that they were capable of analyzing the merits and risks of their investment, and that they understood the speculative nature of their investment. Furthermore, all of the above-referenced persons were provided with access to our Securities and Exchange Commission filings.

Except as expressly set forth above, the individuals and entities to whom we issued securities as indicated in this section of the registration statement are unaffiliated with us.

### ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES.

None.

### ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS.

None

### ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION.

None

### ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14 and Rule 15d-14(a), promulgated under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14 and Rule 15d 14(a), promulgated under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended
- 32.1 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Chief Executive Officer)
- 32.2 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Chief Financial Officer)

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SIGNATURES

In accordance with requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

CYBERLUX CORPORATION

Date: May 11, 2006 By: /s/ DONALD F. EVANS

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Donald F. Evans  
Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and  
Chairman of the Board of Directors

Date: May 11, 2006 By: /s/ DAVID D. DOWNING

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David D. Downing  
Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer and  
Principal Accounting Officer)