

Splinx Technology Inc.  
Form POS AM  
August 23, 2005

As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 23, 2005  
Registration No. 333-116817

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

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POST-EFFECTIVE AMENDMENT NO. 1

ON FORM SB-2 TO FORM S-1

REGISTRATION STATEMENT  
UNDER

THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

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**SPLINEX TECHNOLOGY INC.**

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

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Delaware (State of Incorporation)	7372 (Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code Number)	20-0715816 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)
--------------------------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------

550 West Cypress Creek Road  
Suite 410  
Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33309 U.S.A.  
954-660-6565  
(Address and telephone number of Registrant's principal executive offices)

Michael Stojda  
President and Chief Executive Officer  
550 West Cypress Creek Road  
Suite 410  
Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33309 U.S.A.  
954-660-6565

*(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number,  
including area code, of agent for service)*

Stephen I. Glover  
Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher LLP

Copy to:  
Curtis Wolfe  
General Counsel & Secretary

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1050 Connecticut Ave., N.W.  
Washington, D.C. 20036-5306

550 West Cypress Creek Road, Suite 410  
Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33309

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APPROXIMATE DATE OF COMMENCEMENT OF PROPOSED SALE TO THE PUBLIC: As soon as practicable after the effective date of this Registration Statement.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, check the following box.

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If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If delivery of the prospectus is expected to be made pursuant to Rule 434, check the following box.

THE REGISTRANT HEREBY AMENDS THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON SUCH DATE OR DATES AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO DELAY ITS EFFECTIVE DATE UNTIL THE REGISTRANT SHALL FILE A FURTHER AMENDMENT WHICH SPECIFICALLY STATES THAT THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT SHALL THEREAFTER BECOME EFFECTIVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 8(a) OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933 OR UNTIL THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE ON SUCH DATE AS THE COMMISSION, ACTING PURSUANT TO SAID SECTION 8(a), MAY DETERMINE.

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

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This Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 on Form SB-2 to Form S-1 is being filed in order to update the prospectus included in this registration statement as required by Section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933.

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The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. A registration statement relating to these securities has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The selling stockholders may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities, and the selling stockholders are not soliciting offers to buy these securities, in any state where the offer or sale of these securities is not permitted.

**Subject to Completion, dated August 23, 2005**

34,444,517 Shares of Common Stock

This prospectus relates to 34,444,517 shares of the common stock of Splinx Technology, Inc. which may be offered by the selling stockholders identified in this prospectus for their own account.

We will not receive any part of the proceeds from sales made by the selling stockholders under this prospectus. We are paying the expenses incurred in registering the shares, but all selling and other expenses incurred by the selling stockholders will be borne by the selling stockholders.

The selling stockholders and any participating brokers or dealers may be deemed to be “underwriters” within the meaning of the Securities Act, in which event any profit on the sale of shares by the selling stockholders, and any commissions or discounts received by the brokers or dealers, may be deemed to be underwriting compensation under the Securities Act.

Our common stock is quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol “SPLX.OB”. On August 18, 2005, the last reported sale price of our common stock on the OTC Bulletin Board was \$0.20 per share.

**Investing in our common stock involves risks. See “Risk Factors” beginning on page 3.**

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus is \_\_\_\_\_, 2005.

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**You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with different information. You should not assume that the information contained in this prospectus is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of this prospectus.**

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## SUMMARY

*This summary highlights information contained elsewhere in this prospectus. This summary does not contain all of the information that you should consider before deciding to invest in our common stock. You should read this entire prospectus carefully before making an investment decision, including the “Risk Factors” section and the consolidated financial statements and the notes to those statements. “Us, “we” and “Splinx” refer to Splinx Technology Inc. and our predecessor, Splinx, LLC.*

### **The company**

Splinx Technology Inc. (“Splinx”) develops, licenses and services software that enables the generation, manipulation, viewing and image-based searching of complex, multi-dimensional mathematical objects and information. We believe end-users of our software products, such as mathematicians, scientists, graphic designers or digital artists working on complex, graphical three-dimensional problems, will experience greater productivity through improved interaction with, enhanced visual representation and faster manipulation of, and greater technical and artistic precision in representing, multi-dimensional mathematical objects and information.

Since inception, we have operated in a development phase typical of a software company and have focused on developing technologies and products and securing intellectual property rights while we develop relationships with potential customers and resellers. Our corporate activities to date have included raising capital, strategic and business planning, completing the registration of our common stock with the U. S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC” or the “Commission”), and retaining executive management. We have minimal sales and no sales contracts and are considered to be in the development stage as of June 30, 2005.

Several factors exist that raise significant doubt as to our ability to continue operating as a going concern. These factors include our history of net losses and the facts that our company is in the development stage and we have earned minimal revenues to date. At our current rate of expenditure, the funds available to us from cash on hand would be sufficient to fund our operations through mid-September 2005, excluding the consideration of any revenues from the sale of our products. Our independent auditor’s report on our financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2005 contains an explanatory paragraph about our ability to continue as a going concern. In the absence of attaining profitable operations and achieving positive cash flow from operations or obtaining significant additional debt or equity financing, we will have difficulty meeting current and long-term obligations.

We have taken, and continue to take, steps to address our need for additional capital. We began significant marketing and sales activities for our *nViz<sup>XTM</sup>* product line in late June 2005 under a marketing and distribution agreement (the “Reseller Agreement”) with a leading mathematical computational software developer. In addition, we implemented cost reduction measures including salary deferrals beginning in June 2005 and have deferred or delayed payments to some vendors until we achieve positive cash flow. We are also exploring raising capital through sales of our securities in order to fund our operations until we achieve positive cash flow from operations.

### *Company History*

We were organized under the laws of the State of Delaware in February 2004 to conduct the business and operations of Splinx, LLC, a Florida limited liability company (our “Predecessor”). Effective April 1, 2004, Splinx, LLC reorganized as a corporation and, as a result, contributed its assets, liabilities and operations to us under a contribution agreement. Our financial statements include the accounts of Splinx Technology Inc. and our Predecessor, and all material inter-company transactions have been eliminated. We began activity on October 28, 2003.

On January 18, 2005, we merged with a subsidiary of Ener1, Inc., an affiliated company controlled by certain direct and indirect beneficial owners of the membership interests of our Predecessor (the “Merger”). We survived the Merger and issued 5,000,000 shares of our common stock to Ener1, Inc. in the Merger. Ener1, Inc. declared a dividend of the

5,000,000 shares that it received to its shareholders of record as of January 17, 2005 (the "Distribution"). The dividend was paid on January 24, 2005. Immediately after the Merger, and prior to the Distribution, Splinx, LLC and Ener1, Inc. owned 95% and 5%, respectively, of our then outstanding common stock. We registered the Distribution by Ener1, Inc. of our common stock on a registration statement on Form S-1 filed with the Commission. The legal terms of the Merger and the Distribution are set forth in the Merger Agreement, which is filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. As a result of the Merger and the Distribution, we became a public reporting company subject to the information and reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Our executive offices are located at 550 West Cypress Creek Road, Suite 410, Fort Lauderdale, Florida, 33309 and our phone number is (954) 660-6565. Our website address is www.splinx.com. Our website and the information contained in or connected to it shall not be deemed to be incorporated into this prospectus or the registration statement of which it forms a part.

**The offering**

Common stock offered by the selling stockholders	Up to 34,444,517 shares
Terms of the offering	The selling stockholders will determine when and how they will sell the common stock offered by this prospectus. See “Plan of Distribution” for further information on the terms of the offering.
Use of Proceeds	We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of stock by the selling stockholders.
OTC Bulletin Board Symbol	SPLX.OB

**Summary consolidated financial information**

The following table sets forth the summary financial results for our fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 and the three months ended June 30, 2005. The following information should be read in conjunction with “Management’s Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operations” and the financial statements and related notes appearing elsewhere in this prospectus.

<b>Statement of Operations Data</b>	<b>Year ended March 31, 2005</b>	<b>Three Months Ended June 30, 2005 (Unaudited)</b>
Net sales	\$ 49	\$ 70
Net loss	(3,296,189)	(735,974)
Net loss per basic and fully diluted share	(0.03)	(0.01)
Pro forma net loss (1)	(3,040,951)	(735,974)
Pro forma net loss per share (1)	\$ (0.03)	\$ (0.01)
Weighted average shares outstanding	96,113,724	100,670,270
 <b>Balance Sheet Data</b>	 <b>Consolidated At March 31, 2005</b>	 <b>Consolidated At 6/30/2005</b>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 256,347	\$ 149,132



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Total assets	452,918	315,133
Long term liabilities	1,708,240	2,344,602
Stockholders' equity (deficiency in assets)	(2,094,470)	(2,830,444)

(1) Pro forma net loss and pro forma net loss per share give effect to an executive officer employment agreement as if the agreements had been in effect for the full year ended March 31, 2005, the elimination of expenses in connection with the Merger and registration of the Distribution and the pro forma income tax effect of these pro forma adjustments.

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## RISK FACTORS

*Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the following risk factors, which we consider to be the most significant risk factors and challenges that are specific to us, together with the other information in this prospectus, when evaluating an investment in our common stock. If any of the following risks occur, our business, results of operations or financial condition would likely suffer. The price of our common stock could decline and you may lose all or part of your investment.*

***We may not be able to continue operating as a going concern; we currently expect that our cash on hand will only fund our operations through mid-September 2005.***

Several factors exist that raise significant doubt as to our ability to continue operating as a going concern. These factors include our history of net losses, as discussed below under “*We have a history of losses and expect to incur losses in the future that could consume our capital*” and the facts that our company is in the development stage and has only earned minimal revenues to date. Our independent auditor’s report on our financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2005 contains an explanatory paragraph about our ability to continue as a going concern. In the absence of attaining profitable operations and achieving positive cash flows from operations or obtaining significant additional debt or equity financing, we will have difficulty meeting current and long-term obligations. At our current rate of expenditure, our cash on hand will be sufficient to fund our operations through mid-September 2005.

***We have a history of losses and expect to incur losses in the future that could consume our capital.***

We have incurred net losses of \$4.9 million from October 28, 2003, when our development stage activities began, through June 30, 2005. Since our founding, we have not had a profitable or cash flow positive quarter. We have had minimal revenue to date. We expect that we will continue to incur negative cash flows and require additional cash to fund our operations and implement our business plan. The continued development of our business will require significant additional capital investment to fund research and development, sales and marketing and general and administrative expenses. We cannot assure you that we will be able to obtain additional capital on terms favorable to us or at all.

***We have a limited operating history with minimal revenues and no profits to date upon which you can base an evaluation of our company and our prospects.***

We commenced development stage activities in October 2003 and have just begun to offer our products for commercial sale. Accordingly, we have only a limited operating history upon which you can evaluate our business and prospects. We have an unproven business plan and do not expect to be profitable in fiscal year 2006, and may never be profitable. Companies in an early stage of development frequently encounter heightened risks and unexpected expenses and difficulties. For us, these risks include the absence of a track record of success for our business model. Additionally, the majority of the products and markets from which we currently expect to derive the greatest portion of our revenue are in the early stages of development. We cannot assure you that we will have significant or increasing revenues or that we will be able to achieve or sustain profitability.

***If we are unable to effectively manage the transition from a development stage company to an operating company, our ability to earn revenue and profits will be negatively affected.***

As we transition from a development stage company to an operating company, we expect our business to grow significantly in size and complexity. This growth is expected to place significant demands on our management, systems, internal controls and financial and physical resources. As a result, we will need to hire additional qualified personnel, retain professionals to assist in developing appropriate control systems and expand our information technology and operating infrastructures. Our inability to secure additional resources, as and when needed, or manage

our growth effectively, if and when it occurs, would have a material adverse effect on our financial results.

***We may be unable to generate net cash flow from operations or raise additional capital which would materially harm our ability to conduct our operations and to compete.***

We cannot assure you that we will be able to generate funds from operations or that capital will be available from debt or equity financings or other potential sources to fund our operating costs. We currently have no credit facilities with a lending institution. We need to raise additional funds to finance our operations. If we raise additional funds through the sale of equity or convertible debt securities, your ownership percentage of our common stock will be reduced. In addition, these transactions may dilute the value of our common stock. We may have to issue securities that have rights, preferences and privileges senior to our common stock. The terms of any additional indebtedness may include restrictive financial and operating covenants that could limit our ability to compete and expand. If we are not able to generate cash flow from operations or to raise funds through equity or debt financing, we would be forced to curtail substantially or cease operations, which would have a material adverse effect on our business and the value of our common stock.

***If we are not able to compete successfully, our ability to earn revenue and profits will be adversely affected.***

The markets in which we compete and plan to compete are intensely competitive, subject to rapid change and characterized by constant demand for new product features at reduced prices and pressure to accelerate the release of new products and product enhancements. Some of our competitors are much larger than we are and may have greater name recognition and financial, technical or marketing resources than we have. Our competitors and potential competitors range from well-established to start-up companies and they may possess development, marketing and sales capabilities that may enable them to create and introduce commercially viable products more quickly and effectively than we can. Additionally, we expect competition to persist and intensify as the multi-dimensional solid and surface modeling software market evolves and competitors develop additional product and service offerings.

***Splinex, LLC holds the supermajority of our common stock, and is able to exercise substantial control over our affairs.***

Splinex, LLC holds approximately 94% of our outstanding common stock. As a result, this stockholder is able to control the outcome of any matter to be acted on by our stockholders, including the election of all of the members of our board of directors. The voting power of Splinex, LLC could also discourage potential investors from seeking to acquire control of us through the purchase of our common stock, which might depress our stock's market price.

***If we are not able to partner with third parties to incorporate our technology or products with their own, or to sell our products in conjunction with theirs, our products may not achieve broad market acceptance.***

One of our business strategies is to partner with established software companies who will incorporate our technology and software products with their own from both a development and sales perspective. Accordingly, our success will depend, in part, upon our ability to create effective add-on products and technologies for use with existing products, to convince software companies to use such products, and for these products to be commercially accepted. If this does not occur, some of our products may not achieve broad market acceptance.

***We expect to rely initially on a limited number of resellers and distributors for a significant portion of our revenues; our ability to grow revenue will be adversely affected.***

Initially, we expect to derive a significant portion of our marketing and sales from a relatively small number of resellers and software developers acting as resellers by integrating and/or bundling our products with their software and/or hardware products. The total number of these potential third-parties is limited. As a result, if we fail obtain agreements with these companies, or if they are not successful in selling our products, our revenues will be adversely affected.

***Planned expansion of our distribution channels will be expensive and may not succeed.***

We plan to distribute our initial products and services principally through direct sales to end-users and through distribution and resale arrangements to sell our products. The development of a comprehensive reseller network will require the investment of significant resources, which could seriously harm our business if our efforts do not generate significant revenues. We may not be able to attract resellers who will be able to market our products and services effectively. The failure to recruit resellers who are able to market our products and services successfully could seriously harm the growth of our business.

***We will incur increased costs as a result of being a public company and if our securities are listed on a national stock exchange or association.***

As a public company, we incur significant legal, accounting and other expenses that we did not incur as a private company, including costs associated with our public company reporting requirements and costs associated with corporate governance requirements, including requirements under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. If we are able to list our common stock on a national stock exchange or association, we will also incur additional costs to comply with the rules promulgated by such exchange or associations. These rules and regulations may also make it more difficult for us to obtain director and officer liability insurance, which may make it more difficult for us to attract and retain qualified individuals to serve on our board of directors or as executive officers.

***If we are not able to protect our intellectual property, our business, results of operations and financial condition will be materially adversely affected.***

Our ability to compete and continue to provide technological innovation is substantially dependent upon our ability to develop new technology. We rely primarily on a combination of patents, trademark laws, copyright laws, trade secrets, confidentiality procedures and contractual provisions to protect our proprietary technology. Provisional patent applications by our employees are pending in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office. We cannot assure you that patents will be issued from these or any future applications, or, even if issued that such patents would survive a legal challenge to their validity.

The laws of many countries do not protect proprietary rights to as great an extent as do the laws of the United States. A significant amount of our intellectual property is the result of research and development occurring in Russia. Russian law regarding transfer and protection of intellectual property rights is not as well-developed as similar laws in the United States and we may not be able to adequately protect the intellectual property assigned to us or to our affiliates. Our Russia-based designers, programmers and scientists have no formal employment agreements with us. Patent assignments that we have obtained from these individuals may not grant us complete rights to the patent application and may be subject to dispute under Russian law.

The steps we have taken and will take to protect our proprietary rights may not be adequate to prevent misappropriation of our proprietary information. Further, we may not be able to detect unauthorized use of, or take appropriate steps to enforce, our intellectual property rights. Our competitors may also independently develop similar technology, which would impair any competitive advantage we obtain from our proprietary technology. If we fail to protect our intellectual property, our competitors could offer products that have the same technological innovations as ours do, which could significantly reduce demand for our products and services.

***Malicious code such as worms and viruses could adversely affect our customers' use of and satisfaction with our products, and harm our ability to sell our products.***

The files created by our software applications, even those with security features, are vulnerable to malicious acts such as computer hacking and embedding of viruses. Any vulnerability of our software to malicious code, either as a carrier or as a target, would reduce the commercial attractiveness of our products and harm our ability to earn revenue and profits, and could subject us to claims for damages from our customers.

***If our products are not significantly better than those of our competitors, we may not be able to generate demand for our products, which will adversely impact our ability to earn revenues.***

Despite testing of our software's capabilities, we are uncertain of our software's ability to support and solve some complex problems or manage a substantial number of users or large amounts of complex data. If our products do not perform significantly better than our competitors' products, demand for our products and services may not develop and increase as we project. This could materially adversely affect our ability to earn revenues or profits.

***Sales of our products may be harmed if our target customers prefer products that run on Macintosh or Unix/Linux® platforms.***

We offer and intend to offer end user-based products that run on Microsoft Windows®. We have no current plans to add products that run on Macintosh or Unix/Linux® platforms. Sales of our products could be harmed if our target end-users prefer products that run on Macintosh or Unix/Linux® platforms.

***If the currently small and relatively limited use of laser radar scanners to acquire 3D data does not grow as anticipated across multiple markets, our revenues will not grow as we anticipate.***

Our business plan anticipates that the use of laser radar scanners to scan and record 3D data from objects, such as people's faces, or environments, such as a city street corner, will grow rapidly over the next five years in many market segments, including planning, civil engineering, plant maintenance and entertainment, as costs of scanners decrease. If, however, these markets for scan data and related graphics applications and devices do not develop or develop more slowly than we anticipate, our revenues will not grow as anticipated, if at all.

***If our products are defective, we could lose market share and incur significant costs to redesign, repair or replace any defective products.***

Products as complex as those we offer and intend to offer may contain defects or failures. We have in the past discovered software defects in our testing and we may experience delays in introducing new products or lose revenues due to the time we may need to spend modifying our products to correct defects we discover in the future. Errors in our products or releases could result in loss of market share or failure to achieve market acceptance. We may be required to reimburse customers for costs to repair or replace the defective products. These costs could be significant and could adversely affect our business and operating results.

***We may be unable to develop and introduce new software products and enhancements in a timely manner, which could materially adversely affect our ability to earn revenues and profits.***

The market for multi-dimensional solid and surface modeling software is characterized by evolving industry standards, rapid technological change and frequent new product introductions and enhancements. Our success will depend in large part upon our ability to adhere to and adapt our products to evolving multi-dimensional graphics protocols and standards. We will need to develop and introduce new products that meet changing customer requirements and emerging industry standards on a timely basis. We have experienced delays in developing and introducing new software products and we may encounter such delays in the future as well. In addition products or technologies developed by others may render our then current products and services obsolete or noncompetitive, which would shorten the life-cycle of our products.

***An active, liquid trading market for our common stock may never develop.***

The Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board began to quote our common stock in July 2005. We cannot assure you that an active trading market for our common stock will ever develop. You may not be able to sell your shares quickly or at the market price if trading in our common stock is not active.

***We anticipate our operating results will vary from quarter to quarter, which could cause the market price of our common stock to decline.***

We anticipate that many factors, some of which are beyond our control, may cause fluctuations in our operating results. These factors include:

- new companies or products entering our target markets;
- acceptance and reliability of new products introduced by us or other companies;
- price competition;
- delays in our introduction of new products;
- changes in the mix of products and services available in our target markets;
- the impact of changing technologies; and
- general economic conditions.

Fluctuations in operating results may negatively affect the price of our securities. Our operating results may fall below the expectations of public market analysts or investors. If this occurs, the market price of our common stock is likely



to decrease.

***The market price of our common stock may be volatile.***

Several factors may cause significant volatility in the market price of our common stock, including our very short financial history and the resulting lack of information about our operations and prospects. Additional factors that may have a significant impact on the market price of our common stock, some of which we have no control over, include:

- our perceived value in the securities markets;
- future announcements concerning developments affecting our business or those of our competitors, including the receipt of substantial orders for products;
- overall trends in the stock market;
- the impact of changes in our results of operations, our financial condition or our prospects on the perception of our company in the securities markets;
- changes in recommendations of securities analysts; and
- sales or purchases of substantial blocks of stock.

***Intellectual property litigation by or against us could cause us to incur significant expenses.***

Our markets are characterized by frequent litigation concerning intellectual property rights. We expect that we will be increasingly subject to infringement claims as the number of competitors who are developing multi-dimensional solid and surface modeling software grows and products in different industry segments overlap. Also, from time to time, we hire or retain employees or consultants who have worked for independent software vendors or other companies developing products similar to those we offer. Prior employers of these employees may claim that our products are based on their products and that we have misappropriated their intellectual property. We currently do not have liability insurance to protect against the risk that our licensed third-party technology infringes the intellectual property of others. We may agree to indemnify some customers for claims of infringement arising out of sale of our products. Any claims brought against us relating to our intellectual property, regardless of their merit, could seriously harm our ability to develop and market our products and manage our day-to-day operations because the claims could:

- be time consuming and costly to defend;
- divert management's resources and attention;
- cause product shipment delays;
- require us to redesign our products; or
- require us to enter into costly royalty or licensing agreements.

Similarly, claims that we may bring for infringement of our proprietary rights could materially adversely affect our results of operations due to the time and money we might have to spend pursuing these claims and the resulting diversion of management's resources and attention.

***End-users may pirate our software, which will decrease the amount of revenues we earn.***

Software piracy is common within many of our target markets. We believe that a large number of copies of our software products will be used illegally by end-users. This would decrease our revenue and potential customer base and could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations.

***We are subject to risks associated with software engineering in a foreign country.***

We currently do not have a direct ownership interest in the entity that employs the scientists, engineers and programmers in Ekaterinburg, Russia who represent the majority of our product development team. In addition, our reliance on foreign-based programming services puts us at risk of:

- changes in, or impositions of, legislative or regulatory requirements regarding our products or the technology upon which they are based, in both the United States and Russia;
- delays resulting from difficulties in obtaining export licenses for technology;
- experiencing management communication difficulties due to distance, time differences and international communication system failures;
- imposition of tariffs, currency restrictions, quotas and other trade barriers;
- longer product delivery cycles and decreased efficiency in communication among our development team;

- increased administrative expenses and legal costs; and
- other occurrences beyond our control, including acts of terrorism, that may delay or prohibit efficient communication among our development team.

We also are subject to general risks of doing business in a foreign country, such as civil unrest, governmental changes and restrictions on the ability to transfer capital across borders, in connection with our international outsourced software development relationship.

***If we are not able to rely on equity compensation to attract key talent, we may not be able to recruit and retain qualified professionals.***

Competition for highly-qualified personnel, especially highly skilled software engineers and professionals with expertise in our industry, is intense. Our ability to grow will require us to recruit highly-qualified professionals. Due to proposed accounting rule changes regarding accounting treatment of stock options, we may be not be able to rely as much as we currently anticipate on equity compensation in order to recruit and retain highly skilled employees. If we are unable to recruit and retain talented employees, our business may be harmed.

***Our board of directors has broad discretion to issue preferred and common stock; issuance of a class of stock with rights senior to our common stock may cause the market price of our common stock to decline and issuance of additional shares of common stock will dilute your interest in our company.***

Our board of directors is authorized to issue up to 150,000,000 shares of preferred stock without any vote or action by our stockholders. The board of directors has the authority to issue preferred stock in one or more series and to fix the rights, preferences, and restrictions of any series of preferred stock, including:

- dividend rights and rates;
- conversion rights;
- voting rights;
- terms of redemption;
- redemption prices;
- liquidation preferences; and
- the number of shares constituting a series or the designation of such series.

***The issuance of preferred stock may adversely affect the market price of our common stock and the voting rights of the holders of common stock.***

Subject to the requirements of Delaware corporate law, our board of directors has the discretion to issue additional shares of our common stock which may dilute your interest in our company.

***Penny stock sales rules may adversely affect the market price of our common stock.***

The Securities Exchange Commission has adopted regulations that generally define penny stock to be equity securities that have a market price of less than \$5.00 per share. Designation as a penny stock imposes additional sale practice requirements on broker/dealers that sell such securities to persons other than established customers and institutional accredited investors. For transactions covered by these regulations, a broker/dealer must make a special suitability determination about the purchaser and have received the purchaser's written consent to the transaction prior to sale. These regulations may restrict the ability of brokers, dealers and investors to sell our common stock.

***Future sales of shares of our common stock, including shares of common stock by our insiders, may depress the price of our common stock.***

Any sales of a substantial number of shares of our common stock, or the perception that those sales might occur, may cause the market price of our common stock to decline. We cannot assure you that, if and when our stock begins trading, our stock price will increase, or excessive selling pressure would not adversely affect our share price.

***We do not intend to pay dividends.***

We have never declared or paid any cash dividends on our capital stock and do not intend to pay cash dividends in the foreseeable future. We intend to invest our future earnings, if any, to fund our growth. Therefore, you will not receive any distributions with respect to your stock prior to selling it. We also cannot assure you that you will receive a return on your investment if and when you do sell your shares or that you will not lose the entire amount of your investment.

## **FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

This prospectus includes forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements are not statements of historical fact but rather reflect our current expectations, estimates and predictions about future results and events. These statements may use words such as “will,” “anticipate,” “believe,” “estimate,” “expect,” “intend,” “predict,” “project” and similar expressions as they relate to us or our management. When we make forward-looking statements, we are basing them on our management’s beliefs and assumptions, using information currently available to us. These forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including but not limited to, risks, uncertainties and assumptions discussed in this prospectus. In the future our results of operations could be affected by various factors, including:

- general economic or political conditions in any of the major countries in which we do business;
- delays in development or shipment of our products or new versions of existing products;
- difficulties in transitions to new business models or markets;

- introduction of new products by existing and new competitors;
- difficulties in implementing strategic alliances;
- difficulties in establishing new distribution channels;
- inability to attract and retain key personnel;
- lack of market acceptance of new products, upgrades and services;
- changes in demand for multi-dimensional solid and surface modeling software;
- intellectual property disputes and litigation;
- industry transitions to new business models;
- renegotiation or termination of royalty or intellectual property licensing arrangements;
- changes in accounting rules, such as expensing of stock options; and
- changes in tax rates.

If one or more of these or other risks or uncertainties materialize, actual results may vary materially from what we projected. Any forward-looking statement you read in this prospectus reflects our current views with respect to future events and is subject to these and other risks, uncertainties and assumptions relating to our operations, results of operations, growth strategy and liquidity. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us or individuals acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by this paragraph. You should consider the factors identified in this prospectus which would cause actual results to differ before making an investment decision. We do not intend to update any of the forward-looking statements after the date of this prospectus other than as required by law.

#### **USE OF PROCEEDS**

We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of up to 34,444,517 shares of common stock by the selling stockholders named in this prospectus.

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

We have never paid or declared any cash dividends on our common stock. We currently intend to retain earnings, if any, to finance the growth and development of our business and we do not expect to pay any cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future. Payment of future dividends, if any, will be at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend on our financial condition, results of operations, capital requirements, restrictions contained in any financing instruments and other factors our board of directors deems relevant.

#### **CAPITALIZATION**

The following table sets forth our capitalization at June 30, 2005:

You should read this table in conjunction with our financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus. See also “Use of Proceeds” and “Management’s Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operations.”

**STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY IN ASSETS****Unaudited**

Preferred stock (\$.001 par value, 150,000,000 shares authorized and no shares issued and outstanding)	\$	—
Common stock (\$.001 par value, 300,000,000 shares authorized and 100,670,270 shares issued and outstanding)		100,670
Paid in capital		1,101,049
Deficit accumulated during the development stage		(4,032,163)
Total stockholders' deficiency in assets	\$	(2,830,444)

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### OR PLAN OF OPERATIONS

*The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus.*

*All forward-looking statements are based on information available to us on the date of this filing, and we assume no obligation to update such statements.*

#### Overview

Splinx develops, licenses and services software that enables the generation, manipulation, viewing and image-based searching of complex, multi-dimensional mathematical objects and information. We believe end-users of our software products, such as mathematicians, scientists, graphic designers or digital artists working on complex graphical three-dimensional problems, will experience greater productivity through improved interaction with, enhanced visual representation and faster manipulation of, and greater technical and artistic precision in representing, multi-dimensional mathematical objects and information.

Since inception, we have operated in a development phase typical of a software company and have focused on developing technologies and products and securing intellectual property rights while we develop relationships with potential customers and resellers. Our corporate activities to date have included raising capital, strategic and business planning, completing the registration of our securities with the Commission, and retaining executive management. We have minimal sales and no sales contracts and are considered to be in the development stage as of June 30, 2005.

We were organized under the laws of the State of Delaware in February 2004 to conduct the business and operations of Splinx, LLC, a Florida limited liability company (our "Predecessor"). Effective April 1, 2004, Splinx, LLC reorganized as a corporation and, as a result, contributed its assets, liabilities and operations to us under a contribution agreement. Our financial statements include the accounts of Splinx Technology Inc. and our Predecessor, and all material intercompany transactions have been eliminated. We began activity October 28, 2003 (inception).

We filed a registration statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission which was declared effective on January 11, 2005, and we became a public reporting company subject to the information and reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Effective July 21, 2005, Splinx common stock began trading and was quoted on the Over the Counter (OTC) Bulletin Board under the symbol "SPLX.OB".

Several factors exist that raise significant doubt as to our ability to continue operating as a going concern. These factors include our history of net losses and the facts that our company is in the development stage and we have earned minimal revenues to date. At our current rate of expenditure, the funds available to us from cash on hand would be sufficient to fund our operations through mid-September 2005, excluding the consideration of any revenues from the sale of our products. Our independent auditor's report on our financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2005 contains an explanatory paragraph about our ability to continue as a going concern. In the absence of attaining profitable operations and achieving positive cash flow from operations or obtaining significant additional debt or equity financing, we will have difficulty meeting current and long-term obligations.

We have taken, and continue to take, steps to address our need for additional capital. We began significant marketing and sales activities for our *nViz<sup>x</sup>* product in late June 2005 under a Reseller Agreement with a leading mathematical computational software developer. In addition, we implemented cost reduction measures including salary deferrals beginning in June 2005 and have deferred or delayed payments to some vendors until we achieve positive cash flow. We are also exploring raising capital through sales of our securities in order to fund our operations until we achieve



positive cash flow from operations.

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## Plan of Operation

During the period from inception on October 28, 2003 through October 1, 2004, our research and development activities were primarily directed towards developing core technologies and software libraries that could be used in various applications and market segments.

Since October 1, 2004, we have directed most of our software development activities to developing and releasing a commercial version of our software product called *nViz<sup>x</sup>*, the first versions of which were designed for use with Mathematica and Maple, two third-party technical computing software programs published by Wolfram Research Inc. and Waterloo Maple, Inc., respectively. Mathematica and Maple are programs used for advanced mathematical functions and problem solving, such as numeric and symbolic computation plus interactive document creation. *nViz<sup>x</sup>* is an add-on (i.e., a product sold separately and used in connection with the technical computing software) software program that allows users to visualize sophisticated and complex multi-dimensional data and objects faster and with greater control and detail than is currently possible.

The first version of *nViz<sup>x</sup>* v1.0 for Mathematica was commercially released and made available for purchase in March 2005. *nViz<sup>x</sup>* v1.5 for Maplesoft was commercially released and made available for purchase on June 23, 2005.

In June 2005 we entered into a Reseller Agreement with Waterloo Maple Inc., the parent company of Maplesoft, the developer of Maple software. Under the Reseller Agreement, Maplesoft and Splinx will conduct a number of joint marketing and sales initiatives. These initiatives began in July, 2005. Additionally, Maplesoft will promote *nViz<sup>x</sup>* v1.5 for Maple through its web site and other marketing activities directed to its customer base, and its sales force and worldwide reseller network will sell the product.

Using our core software libraries, we plan to develop additional versions of *nViz<sup>x</sup>* as visualization add-ons for other technical computing software products similar to Mathematica and Maplesoft and for spreadsheet products like Microsoft Excel. We also intend to develop additional commercial products for other applications using our core software libraries and technologies. We may also license our software and technology to users in various vertical markets.

We intend to raise additional capital to support and accelerate our product development, marketing and sales plans. At June 30, 2005, we had \$188,758 remaining available to us under the revolving loan agreement and we had cash of \$142,318. Through salary reductions and implementation of other expense controls, we have reduced our monthly cash expenses to approximately \$130,000. At our current rate of expenditure, these funds would be sufficient to fund our operations through mid-September 2005.

We estimate that we need approximately \$2 million to execute our product development, marketing and sales plans for the remainder of our fiscal year ending March 31, 2006. During the next nine months, we will seek to raise up to \$10,000,000 through debt or equity financing, including public or private sales of our securities. We expect to increase operating and development spending level to market and sell *nViz<sup>x</sup>* and to commence additional development projects using our core technologies. If we are successful in raising additional capital, we plan to hire additional programmers, developers and other personnel and spend additional resources for sales, marketing and administration that could raise our operating expenses to up to approximately \$500,000 per month in our fiscal year ending March 31, 2006.

We cannot assure you that we will be able to raise additional funds on terms favorable to us or at all. If we raise additional funds through the sale of equity or convertible debt securities, our current stockholders' ownership percentage of our common stock will be reduced. In addition, these transactions may dilute the value of our common stock. We may have to issue securities that have rights, preferences and privileges senior to our common stock. The terms of any additional indebtedness may include restrictive financial and operating covenants that would limit our ability to compete and expand. Our failure to obtain any required future financing could materially and adversely

affect our financial condition.

If we are not able to raise a minimum of \$2,000,000, we would delay or curtail our product development activities and planned increases in sales, marketing and research and development expenses. If we are unable to raise \$10,000,000 in capital, we would need to alter our business model, reduce the number of planned additional product launches, and consider alternative revenue models, including licensing some of our planned products for development by other companies. Under these circumstances, our revenues and revenue growth may be negatively affected.

As of June 30, 2005, we have no material planned capital expenditures.

### **Results of Operations for the Three Month Period Ended June 30, 2005**

We incurred a loss of \$735,974 for the three months ended June 30, 2005. Operating expenses of \$710,856 for the three months ended June 30, 2005 included \$140,168 for sales and marketing expenses, \$269,499 for general and administrative expenses, and \$301,189 for research and development costs.

Sales and marketing expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2005 consisted primarily of wages and benefits of \$56,685 and advertising and promotional expenses of \$71,853. General and administrative expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2005 included wages and benefits of \$104,072; consulting fees of \$50,000 paid to a director, Dr. Novak and a related party, Mike Zoi; legal expenses of \$36,928, of which \$4,040 was payable to Ener1 Group to reimburse Ener1 Group for the services of our general counsel, who is also an officer of Ener1 Group; audit fees of \$18,097; insurance costs of \$20,687; and rent of \$15,414.

Research and development expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2005 included \$205,606 for wages and benefits paid to U.S. based programmers; \$72,000 for wages and administrative costs of our Russian-based scientists and programmers; and \$12,450 paid to software consultants. The wages and benefits of our U.S. based research and development department are currently approximately \$900,000 on an annualized basis. Our Russia based programming costs are currently approximately \$300,000 on an annualized basis. We expect both of these expenses to increase substantially in the future as development activities increase.

Related parties reimburse us for the time spent by one of our employees for patent and research work; as a result, our research and development wages and benefits are net of reimbursements of \$1,200 for the three months ended June 30, 2005.

We expect that our administrative expenses will continue to increase as we continue to build our corporate infrastructure and hire additional administrative and management staff. As a new public reporting company, our legal and accounting costs have increased in connection with compliance with reporting requirements under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and our investor relations and communications costs have also increased.

Selling and marketing expenses consist primarily of direct mail and email advertising and other marketing related expenses, compensation-related expenses and travel costs. Sales and marketing costs are expected to significantly increase in absolute dollars and become a significant percentage of revenues in the future as we expand our advertising, marketing and sales activities associated with *nViz<sup>x</sup>* and release additional products.

### **Results of Operations for the Year Ended March 31, 2005 Compared to the Period from Inception (October 28, 2003) through March 31, 2004**

We incurred a loss of \$3,296,189 for the year ended March 31, 2005 (which we refer to as “fiscal 2005”) compared to a loss of \$822,847 for the period from inception, October 28, 2003, through March 31, 2004 (which we refer to as “fiscal 2004”). Our total expenses for fiscal 2005 included operating expenses of \$2,770,859 and non-operating expenses of \$512,321 related to the Merger. Our total expenses for fiscal 2004 included operating expenses of \$822,847. Our expenses increased significantly during fiscal 2005 as we hired additional personnel, commenced sales and marketing activities, expanded our research and development activities and became a public reporting company. Our losses for fiscal 2005 increased as a result of our increasing start-up expenses, which were not offset by significant revenues.

Operating expenses for fiscal 2005 included \$365,278 for sales and marketing expenses, \$1,196,859 for general and administrative expenses, and \$1,208,722 for research and development costs. Operating expenses for the 2004 fiscal period included \$709,047 for general and administrative expenses, \$113,800 for research and development costs and did not include any sales and marketing expenses.

Sales and marketing expenses in fiscal 2005 consisted primarily of wages and benefits of \$171,336, advertising and promotional expenses of \$116,935, and web store development and ecommerce costs of \$33,086. We did not engage in sales and marketing activity prior to July 2004. Advertising and promotion activities, which included direct mail and email campaigns, began primarily in February 2005.

General and administrative expenses for fiscal 2005 included wages and benefits of \$410,389; consulting fees of \$200,000 paid to a director, Dr. Novak and a related party, Mike Zoi; executive recruiting fees of \$75,015 related to our search for a chief executive officer; travel and related costs of \$76,449; audit fees of \$59,699; general legal expenses of \$48,636, of which \$35,530 was payable to Ener1 Group to reimburse Ener1 Group for the services of our general counsel, who is also an officer of Ener1 Group; information technology and web site costs of \$69,317; rent of \$60,606; insurance costs of \$26,239; and depreciation of \$24,075.

General and administrative expenses for fiscal, 2004 included \$238,006 for wages and benefits; \$76,921 for patent, immigration and general legal expenses; \$90,889 for executive search fees; \$40,000 for audit fees; \$33,333 for consulting fees paid to a director, Dr. Novak and a related party, Mr. Mike Zoi; \$82,845 in consulting fees paid to administration and finance professionals; rent of \$20,714, employee relocation costs of \$28,245; and travel expenses of \$25,935.

Research and development expenses for fiscal 2005 included \$589,099 for wages and benefits paid to U.S. based programmers; \$295,000 for wages and administrative costs of our Russian-based scientists and programmers; \$205,802 paid to software consultants; and \$86,447 for immigration and employee relocation costs. Research and development expenses for fiscal 2004 included \$113,800 for wages and administrative costs of our Russian-based scientists and programmers. The wages and benefits of our U.S. based research and development department are currently approximately \$900,000 on an annualized basis. Our Russia based programming costs are currently approximately \$300,000 on an annualized basis. We expect both of these expenses to increase substantially in the future as development activities increase.

Historically, we have outsourced a substantial amount of our research and software development services to Russia based scientists and programmers. Our Russia based research and development expenses consist primarily of payroll and related expenses for Russia based programmers and administrative costs, which include rent and related facility costs, computer-related expenses such as personal computers, software and related supplies and equipment. During fiscal 2005, we outsourced programming work to approximately 30 scientists and programmers in Russia. Between March 2004 and August 2004, five Russian scientists and programmers moved to the United States and began working in our Florida offices as our employees.

Related parties reimburse us for the time spent by one of our employees for patent and research work; as a result, our administrative and research and development wages and benefits are net of reimbursements of \$17,160 and \$43,080, respectively, for fiscal 2005.

Costs incurred in fiscal 2005 in connection with the Merger and becoming a public company of \$512,320 include legal expenses of \$321,485, audit and related fees of \$122,832, and printing and other costs of \$68,003.

We expect that our administrative expenses will continue to increase substantially as we continue to build our corporate infrastructure and hire additional administrative and management staff. We have entered into consulting agreements with two related parties, one of whom is our director and former president, Dr. Peter Novak. We paid these consultants \$200,000 during the year ending March 31, 2005. Also, as a new public reporting company, we expect our legal and accounting costs will increase in connection with compliance with reporting requirements under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and we expect that our investor relations and communications costs will also increase. Our administrative expenses include compensation of approximately \$160,000 for our chief executive officer for the seven months since he commenced employment on September 1, 2004; his annual salary is \$275,000.

Selling and marketing expenses consist primarily of advertising and other marketing related expenses, compensation-related expenses, sales commissions and travel costs. Sales and marketing costs are expected to be a significant percentage of revenues in future years as we release additional products. We believe selling and marketing expenses in absolute dollars will increase significantly in the short-term, including advertising and marketing costs associated with the launch of our *nViz<sup>x</sup>* for Maple product in June 2005.

### **Liquidity and capital resources**

At June 30, 2005, we had negative working capital of \$576,264 and cash of \$149,132. As of June 30, 2005, we had funds of \$188,758 available under a borrowing agreement.

Our financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. We are in the development stage and have had minimal revenues since inception. Our management recognizes that we must raise capital sufficient to fund start-up and development activities until such time as we can generate revenues and net cash flows in amounts necessary to enable us to continue in existence. The realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business is dependent upon our achieving these goals. Our management's plans include continuing efforts to develop our first commercial product, borrowing funds under our revolving loan agreement, and raising additional capital. The continued development of our technology and products will require significant additional capital investment.

At our current rate of expenditure, our cash on hand would be sufficient to fund our operations through mid-September 2005. In the absence of attaining profitable operations and achieving positive cash flows from operations or obtaining significant additional debt or equity financing, we will have difficulty meeting current and long-term obligations.

We have taken, and continue to take, steps to address our need for additional capital. We began marketing our *nViz<sup>x</sup>* product in June 2005 under a Reseller Agreement with a leading mathematical computational software developer. In addition, we implemented cost reduction measures including salary deferrals beginning in June 2005 and have deferred or delayed payments to some vendors until we achieve positive cash flow. We are also exploring raising capital through sales of our securities in order to fund our operations until we achieve positive cash flow from operations.

In accordance with the funding provisions in the Predecessor's operating agreement, certain members of the Predecessor contributed capital of \$2,000,000 to the Predecessor. As of June 30, 2005, we had borrowed \$2,311,242 under a \$2,500,000 revolving loan agreement with a company that is affiliated with us through common ownership (the "Bzinfon Loan"). We borrowed the remaining available funds of \$188,758 under this facility in July 2005. Loans under this agreement bear interest at an annual rate of 5% and principal and interest must be repaid within two years from the date of the initial funding, which occurred on February 7, 2005.

Prior to April 1, 2004, we operated through our Predecessor as a limited liability company. On April 1, 2004, our Predecessor contributed all of its assets, liabilities and operations to us. Under SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin Topic 4 (B), the undistributed earnings (losses) of our Predecessor were treated as a constructive distribution to the members of our Predecessor followed by a capital contribution to us. On April, 1, 2004, the effective date of the contribution, we reclassified the accumulated deficit to date of \$822,847 to additional paid in capital.

We do not have material exposure to market risks associated with changes in interest rates related to cash equivalent securities held at June 30, 2005.

#### **Off-balance sheet arrangements**

At June 30, 2005, we did not have any off-balance sheet arrangements, as defined in tem 303(c)(4)(2) of SEC Regulation S-B.

#### **Recent accounting pronouncements**

In January 2003, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Interpretation ("FIN") No. 46, "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities (VIE)," (revised December 2003 by FIN No. 46R), which addresses how a business enterprise should evaluate whether it has a controlling financial interest in an entity through means other than voting rights and accordingly should consolidate the entity. For variable interests in VIEs created before January 1, 2004, the Interpretation will be applied beginning on January 1, 2005. For any VIEs that must be consolidated under FIN No. 46R that were created before January 1, 2004, the assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the VIE initially would be measured at their carrying amounts with any difference between the net amount added to the balance sheet and any previously recognized interest being recognized as the cumulative effect of an accounting change. If determining the carrying amounts is not practicable, fair value at the date FIN No. 46R first applies may be used to measure the assets, liabilities and non-controlling interest of the VIE. The adoption of FIN No. 46R did not have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows as we do not have any VIEs.

In March 2004, the Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") reached a consensus on Issue No. 03-01, "The Meaning of Other-Than-Temporary Impairment and Its Application to Certain Investments." EITF 03-01 provides guidance on other-than-temporary impairment models for marketable debt and equity securities accounted for under SFAS



No. 115, "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities," and SFAS No. 124, "Accounting for Certain Investments Held by Not-for-Profit Organizations," and non-marketable equity securities accounted for under the cost method. The EITF developed a basic three-step model to evaluate whether an investment is other-than-temporarily impaired. In September 2004, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position EITF 03-01-1, which delays the effective date until additional guidance is issued for the application of the recognition and measurement provisions of EITF 03-01 to investments in securities that are impaired; however, the disclosure requirements are effective for annual periods ending after June 15, 2004. The adoption of the disclosure provisions of EITF 03-01 did not have a material effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In November 2004, the FASB issued SFAS 151, "Inventory Costs—an amendment of ARB No. 43, Chapter 4." The Statement amends the guidance of Accounting Research Bulletin ("ARB") No. 43, Chapter 4, Inventory Pricing, by clarifying that abnormal amounts of idle facility expense, freight, handling costs, and wasted materials (spoilage) should be recognized as current-period charges and by requiring the allocation of fixed production overheads to inventory based on the normal capacity of the production facilities. We do not believe that SFAS 151 will have a material effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows when it becomes effective in 2006.

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 123R "Share-Based Payment" ("SFAS 123R"), a revision to SFAS No. 123 "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("SFAS 123"), and superseding APB Opinion No. 25 "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" and its related implementation guidance. SFAS 123R establishes standards for the accounting for transactions in which an entity exchanges its equity instruments for goods or services, including obtaining employee services in share-based payment transactions. SFAS 123R applies to all awards granted after the required effective date and to awards modified, repurchased, or cancelled after that date. Adoption of the provisions of SFAS 123R is effective as of the beginning of the first annual reporting period that begins after April 1, 2006. We adopted SFAS 123R during fiscal 2005.

SFAS No. 154, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, was issued in May 2005 and replaces APB Opinion No. 20 and SFAS No. 3. SFAS No. 154 requires retrospective application for voluntary changes in accounting principle in most instances and is required to be applied to all accounting changes made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005. We do not expect our adoption of SFAS No. 154 on April 1, 2006 will have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

## BUSINESS

*While we intend to operate our business as described in this prospectus, we are a new company with a limited operating history. As we further develop our products, expand our market presence, and grow our business, our experience, changes in market conditions, and other factors outside our control, may require us to alter our market focus and anticipated methods of conducting our business.*

### Overview

Splinx develops, licenses and services software that enables the generation, manipulation, viewing and image-based searching of complex, multi-dimensional mathematical objects and information. We believe end-users of our software products, such as mathematicians, scientists, graphic designers or digital artists working on complex, graphical three-dimensional problems, will experience greater productivity through improved interaction with, enhanced visual representation and faster manipulation of, and greater technical and artistic precision in representing, multi-dimensional mathematical objects and information.

Since inception, we have operated in a development phase typical of a software company and have focused on developing technologies and products and securing intellectual property rights while we develop relationships with potential customers and resellers. Our corporate activities to date have included raising capital, strategic and business planning, completing the registration of our common stock with the Commission, and retaining executive management. We have minimal sales and no sales contracts and are considered to be in the development stage as of June 30, 2005.

Several factors exist that raise significant doubt as to our ability to continue operating as a going concern. These factors include our history of net losses and the facts that our company is in the development stage and we have earned minimal revenues to date. At our current rate of expenditure, the funds available to us from cash on hand would be sufficient to fund our operations through mid-September 2005, excluding the consideration of any revenues from the sale of our products. Our independent auditor's report on our financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2005 contains an explanatory paragraph about our ability to continue as a going concern. In the absence of attaining profitable operations and achieving positive cash flow from operations, or obtaining significant additional debt or equity financing, we will have difficulty meeting current and long-term obligations.

We have taken, and continue to take, steps to address our need for additional capital. We began significant marketing and sales activities for our *nViz<sup>XTM</sup>* product line in late June 2005 under a marketing and distribution agreement (the "Reseller Agreement") with a leading mathematical computational software developer. In addition, we implemented cost reduction measures including salary deferrals beginning in June 2005 and have deferred or delayed payments to some vendors until we achieve positive cash flow. We are also exploring raising capital through sales of our securities in order to fund our operations until we achieve positive cash flow from operations.

### Company History

We were organized under the laws of the State of Delaware in February 2004 to conduct the business and operations of Splinx, LLC, our Predecessor. Effective April 1, 2004, Splinx, LLC reorganized as a corporation and, as a result, contributed its assets, liabilities and operations to us under a contribution agreement. Our financial statements include the accounts of Splinx Technology Inc. and our Predecessor, and all material inter-company transactions have been eliminated. We began activity October 28, 2003 (inception).

On January 18, 2005, we consummated the Merger, in which we merged with a subsidiary of Ener1, Inc., an affiliated company controlled by certain direct and indirect beneficial owners of the membership interests of our Predecessor. We survived the Merger and issued 5,000,000 shares of our common stock to Ener1, Inc. in the Merger. In the Distribution, Ener1, Inc. declared a dividend of the 5,000,000 shares that it received to its shareholders of record as of

January 17, 2005. The dividend was paid on January 24, 2005. Immediately after the Merger, and prior to the Distribution, Splinx, LLC and Ener1, Inc. owned 95% and 5%, respectively, of our then outstanding common stock. We registered the Distribution by Ener1, Inc. of our common stock on a registration statement on Form S-1 filed with the Commission. As a result of the Merger and the Distribution, we became a public reporting company subject to the information and reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Our principal executive offices are located at 550 W. Cypress Creek Road, Suite 410, Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33309. Our telephone number is (954) 660-6565 and our website address is [www.splinx.com](http://www.splinx.com).

### **Our Technology**

Our software is based upon proprietary mathematic algorithms developed by, or exclusively on behalf of, our company. Our software is intended to address workflow problems that have long been associated with the use, including the creation, manipulation, editing and rendering, of 3D graphics for digital content creation and with the related need to manage 3D information. We believe our software will enable more precise and rapid display of 3D surface and solid models, including models based on natural and synthetic data sources. For the end-user of our products, this may allow faster results with greater levels of accuracy while requiring less expensive computer hardware than presently required.

### **Market opportunity**

We believe that most individuals, professionals and businesses that use graphics software currently face two primary types of image visualization problems. One problem is the inability to rapidly and precisely visualize natural 3D objects generated by laser radar scanners or other capture devices such as digital cameras. The second problem is the inability to rapidly and precisely visualize synthetic multi-dimensional objects, which are objects derived from mathematical equations or formulas.

We believe that these two problems have hindered the adoption and growth of 3D information management and 3D digital content creation software and technology. Technology and software currently available in the market are often not capable of delivering precise and rapid visualization of 3D information unless the end-user is willing to invest in high cost proprietary computer hardware for processing, storing and transmitting the 3D objects.

### ***Our Strategy***

Our strategy is to target markets, customers and software applications where productivity and visual comprehension, particularly those involving large data files and/or complex relationships, is currently hampered by the limited speed and precision available with the visualization and 3D solid and surface modeling software products and technology available in the market today. We will also provide technical support, professional consulting services and perform non-recurring engineering services as demand warrants.

We intend to obtain and increase our share of the visualization and multi-dimensional solid and surface modeling software markets by doing the following:

***·Pairing our products, and marketing, with leading providers of technical computing and imaging software.*** We will seek to provide specialized software in marketing alliances with leading companies in order to build our name recognition and brand loyalty. In June, 2005 we entered into a marketing and distribution agreement with Waterloo Maple Inc. (“Maplesoft”), a leading provider of technical computing software.

***·Targeting organizations with a large number of employees who use software products that can be effectively paired with our products.*** We are developing our products for use by end-users in large collaborative environments ranging from universities to for-profit corporations. We believe that it is possible to achieve sales to these customers and organizations over the Internet based on targeted Internet-based marketing techniques that reach existing software product end-users by offering them sample/trial use of our products. Specifically, we will target organizations that have a large number of employees using products such as AutoCAD®, Catia®, Mathematica®, MatLab®, Inventor®, SolidWorks® and other products.

·***Embedding our software.*** We intend to pursue opportunities to license our software and technology in software applications whose users can benefit from improved visualization capabilities. We believe that embedding our software in such a manner will also help establish our brand name. To date, we have no formal licensing agreement with any company.

·***Continuing to invest in research and development.*** We intend to continue to invest in research and development in order to develop our products. As of June 1, 2005, 90% of our full and part-time employees and independent contractors were engaged in research and development activities. In addition, we maintain close ties with numerous leading technical universities in Russia which provides us with access to the latest research into new technologies.

·**Protecting intellectual property rights.** We believe our software is superior in part because it is based on unique problem-solving algorithms and mathematical procedures. We will pursue new patent filings as our research team develops patentable processes. We also intend to apply for patent protection on a country-by-country basis as needed to protect our intellectual property rights if we decide to pursue sales outside of North America. In addition, we will copyright our software where possible and take measures we believe are appropriate and commercially reasonable to protect our trade secrets.

·**Software programming based on open industry standards.** We will adhere to industry standards such as OpenGL throughout our product line. We believe that adherence to open standards will strengthen our market position because our prospective customers prefer products that conform to open standards.

### Principal Products and Their Markets

Our principal product is **nViz<sup>x</sup>**, a software program that allows users to visualize sophisticated and complex multi-dimensional data and objects faster and with greater control and detail than was previously possible with other products. The first versions of **nViz<sup>x</sup>** are add-ons (i.e., a product sold separately and used in connection with the technical computing software) which were released for use with Mathematica and Maple, two third-party technical computing software programs published by Wolfram Research Inc. (“WRI”) and Waterloo Maple, Inc., respectively. Mathematica and Maple are programs used for advanced mathematical functions and problem solving, such as numeric and symbolic computation plus interactive document creation.

According to public statements made by the developers of computation products including Mathematica and Maple, there are currently more than seven million users of computation products worldwide. We expect the demand for increased visualization requirements will rise in correlation with the use of increasingly large data sets and demand for more sophisticated and richly detailed models.

We began marketing **nViz<sup>x</sup>** v1.5 for Maple in June 2005 under a Reseller Agreement with Waterloo Maple Inc., the parent company of Maplesoft, the developer of Maplesoft software. Under the Reseller Agreement, Maplesoft and Splinx will conduct a number of joint marketing efforts. . Additionally, Maplesoft will promote **nViz<sup>x</sup>** v1.5 for Maple through its web site and other marketing activities to its customer base, and its direct sales force and worldwide reseller network will sell the product.

Using our core software libraries, we plan to develop additional versions of **nViz<sup>x</sup>** as visualization add-ons for other technical computing software products similar to Mathematica and Maple. We also are developing a version of **nViz<sup>x</sup>** specifically for use with spreadsheet products like Microsoft Excel. In addition, we intend to develop derivative products for other applications using our core software libraries and technologies. We may also license our software and technology to users in various vertical markets.

As use of **nViz<sup>x</sup>** grows among users of technical computing software, and market awareness of our products develops, we expect business opportunities associated with developing and selling specialized high-value, high-margin application-specific versions of **nViz<sup>x</sup>** and derivative products to increase. We anticipate that these opportunities, which may include working with other software providers, will be driven in part by the desire of end-users for comprehensive solutions that are tailored to the unique feature and workflow requirements of their specific markets. Our strategy is to seek out market opportunities for the sale of specialized versions of **nViz<sup>x</sup>** or derivative products, and associated specialized consulting and support services. For example, we are investigating the opportunity to develop a software product that will enable financial markets to more efficiently model and visualize complex financial relationships to determine optimal bond pricing, and the opportunity to develop a software product to assist with the design of logistics networks and optimization of gate slotting at an airport.

**Distribution**

All of our current products are marketed and sold on the Internet through our website where they are also made available for download and limited free trial. Also, under the Reseller Agreement, our *nViz<sup>x</sup>* v1.5 for Maple product became available for sale in June 2005 through Maplesoft's distribution channels including their web store, their direct sales force and their worldwide network of resellers. To complement our web store sales, we may hire direct salespersons and independent representatives to assist in the sales process.



### *Advertising and promotion*

We market our products to end-users through a variety of methods, including:

- providing direct sample/limited trial offers and sales through direct mail campaigns and over the Internet;
  - through search engine and similar key word technology on the Internet;
- distributing trial and sample versions of our programs at seminars and industry events;
- buying sponsored search links, such as AdWords offered by Google, Inc., and banner advertising on the Internet;
- entering into alliances with other software companies;
- through dealers, distributors and third-party sales representatives; and

### **Customer service and support and training**

We currently offer technical support and customer service through in-house staff. We educate and inform our customers about the use of our products through documentation included with our products and on-line informational services on our website, such as community sections for discussion, opinion, advice and commentary, and through regular webinars, which are web-based training sessions.

### **Sources and availability of physical product components**

We expect most of our customers to download the purchased product and related manuals over the Internet. For customers who want to purchase a physical product consisting of a CD-ROM and printed manuals, we make a physical product kit available at no extra charge. To date, we have not experienced difficulties in obtaining raw materials for the manufacture of our products, the replication of CD-ROMs, or the printing and assembly of components and do not expect to in the future.

### **Dependence on a few major resellers**

We are a new company without a significant sales force and limited visibility in the market. Initially we expect to rely on a small number of resellers such as Maplesoft, with well established international sales and distribution networks, for the majority of our sales. We also intend to leverage sales by these resellers to increase the market awareness of our products and company.

### **Our intellectual property**

#### *Our provisional and utility patent applications*

We have currently on file five provisional patent applications and one utility patent application with the United States Patent and Trademark Office that cover the underlying technology in several of our existing and planned products. These provisional and utility patent applications are for problem-solving formulas and mathematical procedures that we believe are unique and allow a more efficient representation or management of three-dimensional graphic data.

#### *The provisional patent process*

Since June 8, 1995, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office has offered inventors the option of filing a provisional application for patent, which is designed to provide a lower-cost first patent filing in the United States. A provisional application for patent allows filing without a formal patent claim, oath or declaration, or any information disclosure statement and provides the means to establish an early effective filing date. It also allows the applicant to use the term "Patent Pending." It allows the holder to provide proof of the date that the invention was first submitted to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, but does not allow the holder to sue others for infringement. Provisional patent applications are confidential and are not released to the public.

A provisional application for patent has a term of 12 months from the date the provisional application is filed. The 12-month term cannot be extended. During the term, the inventor can determine whether it is beneficial to incur the additional cost of prosecuting a non-provisional patent application. The provisional application can be converted to a non-provisional utility or design patent application by filing the non-provisional application with a specific reference to the provisional application.

### *Trademarks*

We have filed a trademark registration application for Splinx. We may also seek to register some of our product names and logos internationally, if we determine that such registration is prudent.

### *Protection of our intellectual property*

Our success and ability to compete is dependent in part on our ability to develop and maintain the proprietary aspects of our technology and operate without infringing upon the proprietary rights of others. To protect our proprietary information we rely primarily on a combination of patent and trademark protection, anti-piracy measures, copyrights, trade secret and confidentiality procedures, and contractual confidentiality provisions.

We also use contractual provisions to protect many of our intellectual property rights. We require employees, consultants and many of those with whom we have business relationships to sign non-disclosure and confidentiality agreements. We require all employees and consultants to sign invention assignment agreements.

### **Research and development**

Our research and development expenses were \$113,800 and \$1,208,722 for the period from inception through March 31, 2004 and for the year ending March 31, 2005, respectively, and \$301,189 for the three months ending June 30, 2005. Research and development expenses for the year ended March 31, 2005 represent approximately 44% of our fiscal year 2005 operating costs. Our research and development activities, which consist primarily of computer programming development, are conducted by seven full time programmers, scientists and mathematicians at our facilities in Fort Lauderdale, Florida and by approximately 25 software developers, scientists, mathematicians and graphic designers employed by Splinx Outsourcing, LLC, a Russian limited liability company located in Ekaterinburg, Russia.

We began working with Russia-based programmers in October 2003. Initially, the expenses of our Russian operations were paid on our behalf by a Russian consultant who handled administrative matters for us in Russia. We agreed to pay this consultant \$20,000 per month to fund our Russian operations, including all costs associated with our development efforts in Russia, including wages and benefits paid to Russian personnel, rent and computer-related expenses. We agreed to increase this amount to \$24,000 per month in January 2004. In March 2004, the consultant formed Splinx Outsourcing to handle administrative and employment matters in connection with our Russian operations. Splinx Outsourcing generally seeks to enter into invention assignment, consulting and other agreements with the employees, consultants, contractors and vendors involved in our development efforts in Russia as necessary to secure our intellectual property rights. In July 2004, the Russian consultant became an employee in our Fort Lauderdale offices.

Between July 2004 and September 2004, we had an arrangement with ANTAO, Ltd., a company formed by one of the members of Splinx, LLC, our majority stockholder, to be the administrative vehicle for our development efforts in Russia, under which we forwarded funds to ANTAO to forward to Splinx Outsourcing and to cover ANTAO's administrative costs and taxes. In September 2004, all of the outstanding stock of ANTAO was contributed to us and it became our wholly-owned subsidiary. The owner of the outstanding securities of Splinx Outsourcing has agreed to contribute these securities to ANTAO at which time Splinx Outsourcing would become our indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary. Currently, Splinx Outsourcing has a nominal amount of assets, primarily computers and office furniture, and the contribution would be recorded at fair value. We do not have any plans to effect this contribution in the near future.

### **Our Customers**

We intend to target sales of our products and services to two primary customer groups:

- end-users: educational and commercial creators of sophisticated computational and analytic model, and end-users of digital content creation and 3D information management software; and
- original equipment manufacturers or “OEMs”, and software vendors: businesses that bundle software with image capture devices such as laser radar scanners, and software vendors who provide 3D information management software to businesses and bundle third-party software.

***Educational and commercial end-user markets***

We intend to market our products to end-users who create sophisticated computational and analytical models, digital content, or manage 3D information.

Potential customers in this market segment include:

- engineers, architects and mechanical and civil engineering designers that use computer aided design, or “CAD” and computer aided manufacturing, or “CAM”, software;
- biometrics and forensics professionals;
- digital artists such as animators, graphic designers, web designers, videographers and photographers;
- medical imaging specialists;
- geographers, aerial and satellite image processing specialists, geologists and other workers in the earth and environmental sciences (use of digital imaging in these fields is known as “geomatics”);
- national security and military applications professionals and contractors; and
- mathematics, science and engineering educational institutions and students.

We believe that as demand has increased for more sophisticated computational and analytical models for applications ranging from options pricing for the financial markets to MRI analysis in the medical field, so has the need to effectively and quickly communicate the information, visually.

We also believe that a growing number of the end-users listed above will need to rapidly and accurately convert laser radar scanner-generated data files. These files typically consist of “point clouds” which are collections of three-dimensional data points typically obtained through digital imaging or scanning. These data appear as “dots” or “points” to the human eye. To be of greatest value to the end-user, these point clouds must be converted into accurate visual scenes that human eyes can interpret. Among the many applications for these point clouds is the comparison of “as-built” objects, such as comparing an existing building with its original plans in order to create new plans or make modifications. When these files are large, the comparisons may be difficult or slow on typical desktop or laptop computers. Our software enables more rapid comparisons between these visual scenes and previously stored data using basic computing tools such as a personal computer running Microsoft Windows XP®.

### ***OEM and software vendor markets***

We will seek to have our software and our underlying technology integrated with software products offered by leading technical computing and image manipulation software providers. The companies who sell these applications are generally seeking ways to differentiate their products from competitors, increase or maintain average selling price, gain market share and lower product development costs/risks. We believe these customers will be better able to achieve these goals if they incorporate software modules based on our technology into their products because we believe our technology can significantly enhance their visualization products and/or related services. We are investigating the creation of software modules that can be used to enhance products and services used in the following fields:

- *Medical imaging.* Medical imaging generally involves the use of advanced electromagnetic, ultrasonic and radiological imaging devices for scanning internal structures in human bodies. Magnetic resonance imaging, or “MRI”, is one of the most complex and one of the fastest-growing forms of diagnostic imaging. Software associated with MRI devices is used to create graphical representations of scan data in order to assess existing medical conditions. The key technical challenge for medical imaging is to visualize, accurately and in near-real time, image features that indicate pathology or disease. We believe our technology will be of value in medical imaging because it allows the user to manage larger amounts of data than other technologies and subsequently remove redundant data points from

relatively large data files with over 5 gigabytes (a “gigabyte or “GB” is a measure of computer data storage capacity). We believe that these two capabilities will help generate enhanced visual images to be used by trained medical personal with personal computers to assess findings and make more accurate and timely diagnoses.

· *Geomatics imaging.* Geomatics is the science of measurement, analysis, management, storage and display of Earth-related data in digital form. Geomatics imaging generally involves the use of imaging from satellites and radar devices to scan existing topographic, atmospheric or subsurface conditions. In simple terms, geomatics is a digital method for creating highly detailed and accurate maps. The key technical challenge is to transform, accurately and in near-real time, large data files containing over 100GB of data into accurate visual scenes. This must be done accurately (to the nearest centimeter in some cases) and in near-real time and may require the fusing of these images with existing topological data. The goal is to use personal computers to identify target objects or make data comparisons against existing geomatics data sets. Visual images highlighting differences (using false color to emphasize differences, as an example) can be generated for use by a trained geomatics specialist or non-professional.

- *Terrestrial imaging.* Terrestrial imaging generally involves the use of advanced optical and laser radar devices to scan existing structures such as buildings, bridges and roads. The key technical challenge is to obtain and process large data files that may combine photographic and radar images. This processing needs to occur in near-real time and be accurate to the nearest millimeter. The files typically contain over 10GB of data. Scanned data are commonly transformed into visual scenes that professionals with CAD-capable personal computers can use in the field to rapidly find target objects or make dimensional comparisons among data sets.
- *Metrological imaging.* Metrology is the science of measurement. It includes the field of biometrics, or measuring human dimensional characteristics. Imaging for metrology generally involves the use of advanced optical and laser radar scanner devices combined with calibrated high resolution digital photographic images which are referred to as photogrametric images. For example, the contour of the upper part of a human face measured with a high degree of precision can be reliably used for biometric identification of individuals. The key technical challenge is to transform, accurately and in real time, relatively small data files into visual scenes that are accurate to the nearest micron. The goal is to allow professionals in the field using personal computers to make rapid data comparisons against existing mechanical drawings or existing stored biometric data. Aircraft, automotive and heavy equipment manufacturers, for example, use metrological imaging to determine if finished components deviate from design specifications.
- *Entertainment imaging.* The use of computer generated original images and objects such as backgrounds, characters and special effects, as well as scanned data to assist in digitally re-creating locations, continues to grow in the film, commercial, corporate and computer gaming markets. These markets are typically characterized by a constant need to provide higher quality and more realistic images to meet consumers' growing demand. One example is the use of optical motion capture products which track and record performances of people while they move on a stage and whose data is then converted for use with digital characters in computer games to make the player movements more realistic.
- *Seismic and sonar scan arrays imaging.* Geologists, civil engineers and earth scientists use seismic and sonar data for oil and mineral exploration and for fundamental geophysical research. The technical challenge is to process 3D image data sets into usable forms for use with personal computers more quickly and cost-effectively than is currently possible.
- *National security & military imaging.* National security imaging generally involves the use of advanced optical and laser radar devices to accurately determine existing shapes for mechanical or biometric conditions. The key technical challenge is to transform, accurately and in real time, relatively small data files typically containing less than 1GB of data into visual scenes accurate to the nearest micron. The primary objective in biometric and surveillance imaging is to rapidly assess whether objects in the scanned scene represent a threat. Ideally this would be accomplished by using personal computers or desktop computers. This task involves identification of target objects, conditions or people by making comparisons against stored data sets. Portal and facility surveillance and cargo container inspection are examples of national security imaging.

## Competition

### *In general*

The markets for visualization software and technologies are numerous and very diverse. The majority of vendors choose to focus on sales in a specific vertical market segment such as satellite imagery, medical imaging, oil & gas exploration, or metrology.

Our current strategy for *nViz<sup>x</sup>* is to sell it as an add-on product for general purpose technical computing programs such as Mathematica and Maple. Competition in some segments of the market is intense, due to the fact that certain companies, such as Wolfram Research, offer plug-in visualization software for their flagship products. Furthermore,

competing software programs are also available for free download on the internet (“freeware”).

The products we primarily compete with in the professional end-user market segment are Dynamic Visualizer™ distributed by Wolfram Research and Simulink™ distributed by The MathWorks. Dynamic Visualizer, like *nViz* for Mathematica, can be used to create 3D graphics using data from Mathematica. We believe *nViz* for Mathematica has a richer features set, provides for higher levels of interaction, and offers higher performance than competing products.



Many products available today such as Mathematica™, MatLab™, Maple™ and MathCAD™ include some of the basic functionality found within our products. As the demand for visualization within the add-on market for *nViz<sup>x</sup>* grows, we anticipate producers of computational software will respond by providing additional visualization capabilities in their products. These producers may seek to accomplish this by developing new products in-house, licensing software and/or technology or entering into reseller agreements with companies such as ours.

The overall market for visualization software and technologies includes many different segments. Our competitors include several large, well-funded companies, as well as many smaller and private companies. Many of our competitors and potential competitors may have greater name recognition and financial, technical, and/or marketing resources than we have. They may be able to devote greater resources to the development, promotion and sale of their products than we can. Competitive pressures may result in decreased sales volumes, price reductions and/or increased operating costs, and could result in lower revenues, margins and net income. Potential customers may have concerns about purchasing from us because of our size relative to larger competitors.

Many of our future potential competitors operate both internationally and regionally, and many of them have well-recognized product lines that will compete with us in a wide range of our planned products. As we begin our marketing efforts into new market segments, we will be at a disadvantage to established competitors until we develop brand recognition and customer loyalty for our products. We also expect competition from other emerging companies. We expect competition to persist and intensify as the multi-dimensional visualization markets develop and competitors develop additional product and service offerings.

We believe that the principal competitive factors in our industry are:

- the ability to continue to create innovative and relevant technology;
- the quality and breadth of product and service offerings;
- the ease and speed with which a product can be integrated with existing customers' software and systems, embedded in semiconductors, integrated with a manufacturer's existing internal systems and deployed to end-users;
- whether the software operates efficiently within numerous environments;
- financial resources;
- price;
- time to market; and
- effectiveness of sales and marketing efforts.

We believe that we will be able to compete effectively with the existing competitors in these areas. However, we cannot be certain that we will be able to compete successfully in the future.

## **Employees**

At July 31, 2005, we employed 11 people based at our Fort Lauderdale, Florida office, seven of whom are engaged in research and product development-related activities. We have not experienced work stoppages and believe our employee relations are good. None of our employees is represented by a collective bargaining agreement. We expect that we will hire additional employees as we expand our business.

**Properties**

We sublease approximately 4,000 square feet of office and research and development space at 550 W. Cypress Creek Road, Suite 410, Fort Lauderdale, Florida, from an affiliated company, Ener1 Group. Our sublease of this property expires on February 28, 2008. We pay \$62,274 annually to Ener1 Group under this sublease, and we believe this property is adequately covered by insurance. We believe that our current facilities are adequate to meet our current and immediately foreseeable needs, and additional space is readily available in the area on reasonable terms if we need additional space to accommodate additional growth.

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**Legal proceedings**

From time to time, we may be involved in litigation relating to claims arising out of our intellectual property and operations. We are not currently a party to any such proceedings.

**MANAGEMENT****Directors and executive officers**

The following table sets forth information regarding our directors and executive officers.

Name	Age	Position	Director or Officer Since
Michael Stojda	41	Director, President and Chief Executive Officer	2004
Kevin Fitzgerald	48	Chairman of the Board	2004
Dr. Peter Novak	52	Director	2004
Edward Dubrovsky	31	Director	2004
Alexander Yarmolinsky	31	Director	2005
Curtis Wolfe	42	General Counsel, Secretary and Director	2004
Gerard Herlihy	52	Chief Financial Officer	2004
Christian Schormann	40	Vice President Research & Development	2005

Each of our directors will hold office until our next meeting of stockholders at which directors are elected or until his successor is duly elected and qualified.

**Michael Stojda** has been our chief executive officer, president and director since September 2004. Mr. Stojda has over 17 years of experience working in high-technology hardware and software industries and has spent the last 9 years in the computer graphics and digital content creation software industries. From 2001 to 2003, he was managing director of Softimage Co, a wholly-owned Canadian subsidiary of Avid Technology, Inc., a public company, and a member of Avid's executive team. As managing director, Mr. Stojda directed the turnaround of the company with responsibility for Softimage's worldwide operations. From 1994 to 2001, he held positions with Avid and Softimage, including periods during which Softimage was a subsidiary of Microsoft, Inc., directing the editing, finishing, animation and graphics products. From 1988 through 1994, Mr. Stojda was employed by Digital Equipment Corporation in the company's minicomputer, storage and customer service business units and held positions including business development manager, program manager and business segment manager. Prior to that, he held positions in engineering and production management at Thomas C. Wilson, Inc. Mr. Stojda has a Master of Arts degree in Business Administration from Boston University, a Master of Science degree in Industrial Engineering from

Polytechnic University, a Master of Science degree in Operations Management from Polytechnic University, and a Bachelor of Science degree in Mechanical Engineering from New York Institute of Technology.

**Kevin Fitzgerald** has been chairman of our board of directors since June 2004. He currently serves as a director and chief executive officer of Ener1, a position he has held since September 2003. Prior to joining Ener1, he was president of Edison Advisors, LLC, an investment banking firm, from 2002 to 2003. From 2000 to 2001, Mr. Fitzgerald was president and chief executive officer of Globaltron Corp., a public telecommunications company. Mr. Fitzgerald was president and chief executive officer of Neff Corp., an industrial and construction equipment rental company, from 1995 to 2000. Mr. Fitzgerald has an undergraduate degree in Electrical Engineering and a Masters of Science degree in Finance. As an engineer, Mr. Fitzgerald worked for General Dynamics and Sperry Corporation. Mr. Fitzgerald also worked at Deloitte & Touche for seven years.

**Dr. Peter Novak** has been a director of our company since its founding in February 2004. From February 2004 until September 1, 2004, Dr. Novak was our President. Since 2001, he has been the chief technology officer and a director of Ener1 Group and a director of Ener1. Since 1991, Dr. Novak has worked with Mike Zoi, who is also a director of Ener1, focusing on bringing advanced electronic technologies to market. In 1998, Dr. Novak worked with Mr. Zoi to form On Power Battery s.r.l. (subsequently renamed Ener1 s.r.l.). Dr. Novak is the “sole administrator,” a position equivalent to president, and sole director, for Ener1 s.r.l. which commenced development of a research, development and production facility for advanced lithium metal batteries in Italy in 1998. For the next three years, Dr. Novak worked with Mr. Zoi to manage the start-up business operations of Ener1 s.r.l. Dr. Novak was, during that period, and is now, primarily responsible for technology development. In that capacity, he performed and supervised research and development and developed numerous technologies for which patent applications are now in process at the United States Patent and Trademark office and elsewhere. In 2001, Dr. Novak and Mr. Zoi formed Ener1 Holdings, Inc., now named Ener1 Group. As chief technology officer of Ener1 Group, Dr. Novak is responsible for all technology development, licensing and patent matters. Dr. Novak also assists in the management of the business affairs of Ener1 Group. Dr. Novak graduated from the Ural Polytechnic Institute, Physics and Technical Department, with specialization in experimental nuclear physics. Dr. Novak obtained his Ph.D. degree in physical chemistry from the Institute of Solid State Chemistry, Ural Branch Academy of Science, Russia.

**Edward Dubrovsky** has been a director of our company since June 2004. Mr. Dubrovsky has also served as a director of EnerLook Solutions, Inc., a subsidiary of Ener1, since 2002. From 1992 through the present, Mr. Dubrovsky has been a licensed California real estate broker working in real estate sales, financing and development as an independent contractor associated with E&J Realty. From 2001 through the present, Mr. Dubrovsky has also been the president and managing director of Maple Ventures, Inc., a real estate financing firm in California. Mr. Dubrovsky earned a Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration with an emphasis in Business Finance and Accounting from the University of San Francisco in 1995.

**Alexander Yarmolinsky** has been a director of our company since June 2005. From 1999 through the present, Mr. Yarmolinsky has been employed by Burr, Pilger & Mayer, LLP, a public accounting firm, most recently as a senior tax manager. Mr. Yarmolinsky earned a Bachelor of Arts degree in accounting from the University of San Francisco and a Masters of Science in taxation from Golden Gate University. Mr. Yarmolinsky is a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the California Society of CPAs.

**Curtis Wolfe** has been our general counsel and secretary since June 2004 and a director since December 2004. Mr. Wolfe also serves as general counsel for Ener1 Group. Prior to joining Ener1 Group, Mr. Wolfe was a partner at the law firm Steel Hector & Davis LLP where he practiced law from 1998 to 2004. While at Steel Hector, Mr. Wolfe built a practice focusing on complex corporate transactions, including mergers and acquisitions, finance and intellectual property with an expertise in software licensing. Prior to 1998, Mr. Wolfe practiced law in the business and finance department of Ballard Spahr Andrews & Ingersoll in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Mr. Wolfe is admitted to practice law in Florida, Delaware and Pennsylvania. Mr. Wolfe has served on the board of directors of the Zoological Society of Florida since 2002 and served from 2002 until 2004 on the executive committee and board of directors of the Miami-Dade County Beacon Council, Inc., Miami-Dade County, Florida’s official economic development agency. Mr. Wolfe holds a Juris Doctor degree from the University of Iowa College of Law and a Bachelor of Integrated Studies degree in English, Mathematics and Latin American Studies from Weber State University in Ogden, Utah.

**Gerard Herlihy** has been our chief financial officer since June 2004. In the year prior to joining our company, Mr. Herlihy provided accounting, financing and acquisition advisory consulting services to public and private companies. From 2001 through 2003, he was also the founder and chief executive officer of Putt Trak Inc., a vision systems software development company for sports training devices. From 1996 to 2000, Mr. Herlihy was chief financial and administrative officer of Williams Controls, Inc., a publicly-held manufacturer of sensors and controls. Mr. Herlihy held previous positions directing turnarounds in public and private companies and in investment banking and public accounting. Mr. Herlihy has a Masters of Business Administration degree from the Harvard Business

School and a Bachelor of Science degree from the University of Rhode Island and is a Certified Public Accountant (inactive status).

**Christian Schormann** has been our vice president of research and development since January 2005. During the four years prior to joining the company, Mr. Schormann was the chief technology officer of the professional and broadcast systems division of Pinnacle Systems, a supplier of video and distribution tools. During 2000, Mr. Schormann was employed as vice president of Zatso, Inc., an internet start-up company engaged in the development of personalized streaming video news services. Mr. Schormann has a Masters degree in Musicology from Frankfurt University.

## **Board composition**

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Our board of directors currently consists of six members. The number of directors may change from time to time, solely as determined by resolution adopted by a majority of the board of directors. Our bylaws require a minimum of one director and allow a maximum of nine directors.

We intend to appoint at least one additional independent director to our board of directors. On June 27, 2005, we appointed Alexander Yarmolinsky to the board of directors. Mr. Yarmolinsky, who is also a member of our board's Audit Committee, is a "financial expert" under the Commission's standards. Currently, Mr. Dubrovsky and Mr. Yarmolinsky are "independent" as defined under Rule 4200(a)(15) of the National Association of Securities Dealers' ("NASD") Listing Standards for NASDAQ-listed companies.

## **Committees of the board of directors**

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In December 2004, our board of directors established a Nominating and Compensation Committee and an Audit Committee. The current members of the Nominating and Compensation Committee are Dr. Novak, the chairman, and Mr. Fitzgerald. The current members of the Audit Committee are Mr. Fitzgerald, the chairman, and Mr. Yarmolinsky, who joined the committee upon his appointment to the Board in June 2005. Mr. Dubrovsky served on the Audit Committee from the date of its formation through June 21, 2005. Upon the admission of additional independent members of our board of directors, our board of directors intends to consider appointing such independent directors to additional positions on these committees.

### ***Audit Committee***

Our audit committee's main function is to oversee our accounting and financial reporting processes, internal systems of control, independent auditor relationships and the audits of our financial statements. This committee's responsibilities include:

- Selecting and hiring our independent auditors.
- Evaluating the qualifications, independence and performance of our independent auditors.
- Approving the audit and non-audit services to be performed by our independent auditors.
- Reviewing the design, implementation, adequacy and effectiveness of our internal controls and our critical accounting policies.
- Overseeing and monitoring the integrity of our financial statements and our compliance with legal and regulatory requirements as they relate to financial statements or accounting matters.
- Reviewing with management and our auditors any earnings announcements and other public announcements regarding our results of operations.
- Preparing the audit committee report we are required to include in filings with the Commission.

## **Code of Ethics**

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We have a Code of Ethics that applies to our officers and directors. The code provides written standards that are reasonably designed to deter wrongdoing and promote: (1) honest and ethical conduct, including the ethical handling of actual or apparent conflicts of interests between personal and professional relationships; (2) full, fair, accurate, timely and understandable disclosure in reports and documents that we file with or submit to the SEC or in other public communications we make; (3) compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations; (4) prompt reporting of internal violations of the code; and (5) accountability for the adherence to the code.

### **Director nomination process**

When seeking candidates for director positions, the directors may solicit suggestions from stockholders, management or others. The directors may engage a search firm that specializes in placements of directors, to help identify and facilitate the screening and interview process of potential nominees for director positions.

Our bylaws provide that directors must be natural persons who are 18 years of age or older, but need not be residents of the State of Delaware or stockholders of our company. The directors may consider the following additional criteria, among others they deem appropriate, in recommending candidates for election to the board of directors:



- personal and professional integrity, ethics and values;
- experience in corporate management, and a general understanding of marketing, finance and other elements relevant to the success of a publicly-traded company in today's business environment;
- experience in the computer industry in general, and the graphics and computational software industry in particular;
- experience as a board member of another publicly-held company; and
- practical and mature business judgment, including the ability to make independent analytical inquiries.

Qualified candidates for membership on the board of directors will be considered without regard to race, color, religion, gender, ancestry, national origin or disability. After conducting an initial evaluation of a candidate, the directors will interview that candidate if the board believes the candidate might be suitable to be a director. The candidate may also be asked to meet with management.

### Executive Compensation

The following table sets forth all compensation awarded, earned or paid by us for services rendered in all capacities to us for fiscal 2004 and fiscal 2005 to our chief executive officer and president, and our other executive officers who earn more than \$100,000 in salary and bonus. We refer to these individuals as the "named executive officers."

#### Summary Compensation Table

Name and Principal Position	Fiscal Year	Annual Compensation			Long Term Compensation Awards	
		Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	Other (\$)	Restricted Stock Awards (\$)	Securities Underlying Options/SAR's (#)
Michael Stojda - Director, President and Chief Executive Officer (1)	2005	\$ 156,561	\$ —	\$ —	12,000 (2)	400,000
Christian Schormann - Vice President, Research and Development (3)	2005	\$ 38,730	\$ —	\$ —	7,500 (4)	250,000
Gerard Herlihy - Chief Financial Officer (5)	2005	\$ 91,116	\$ —	\$ —	—	—

(1) Mr. Stojda joined us September 1, 2004. Mr. Stojda's base salary is \$275,000 per year, and he is eligible to earn an annual bonus of up to 100% of his base salary.

(2) Mr. Stojda received, under the terms of his employment agreement, 400,000 shares of restricted common stock that are subject to a lapsing right of forfeiture. The right of forfeiture lapsed with respect to 233,333 shares as of March 31, 2005 and the remaining shares lapse at the rate of 33,333 shares per month until fully lapsed. No cash consideration was paid for these restricted shares.

- (3) Mr. Schormann joined us on January 12, 2005. His base salary is \$190,000 per year, and he is eligible to earn an annual bonus of up to 25% of his base salary.
- (4) Mr. Schormann receive, under the terms of his employment agreement, 250,000 shares of restricted common stock that are subject to a lapsing right of forfeiture, which right will lapse with respect to 62,500 of the restricted shares on January 25, 2006 and at a rate of 5,208 shares per month thereafter.
- (5) Mr. Herlihy joined us on June 1, 2004. His base salary is \$110,000 per year, and he is eligible to receive an annual performance bonus of up to 50% of his base salary.

The following table provides information about grants of stock options to our named executive officers during fiscal 2005.

**Options/SAR Grants in Last Fiscal Year  
Individual Grants**

Name	Number of Securities Underlying Options/SARs Granted (#)	% of Total Options/SARs to Employees in Fiscal Year	Exercise or Base Price (\$/S)	Expiration Date
Michael Stojda	2,000,000 (1)	31.4%	\$ 0.20	9/1/2014
Michael Stojda	1,500,000 (2)	23.5%	\$ 0.50	9/1/2014
Christian Schormann	1,000,000(3)	15.7%	\$ 0.20	1/12/2015

- On January 18, 2005, pursuant to an employment agreement dated September 1, 2004, we granted to Mr. Stojda an option to purchase 2,000,000 shares of common stock under the Stock Option Plan. These options have an exercise price of \$0.20 per share. As of March 31, 2005, this option was vested with respect to 388,888 shares, and the remaining shares vest at a rate of 55,555 per month over the following 29 months.
- On January 18, 2005, pursuant to an employment agreement dated September 1, 2004, we granted to Mr. Stojda an option to purchase 1,500,000 shares of our common stock. This option was not granted under the 2004 Stock Option Plan and has an exercise price of \$0.50 per share. This option will be fully vested upon the first to occur of (1) the date that the cumulative revenues of the Company exceed \$50,000,000 or (2) September 1, 2009.
- On January 25, 2005, pursuant to an employment agreement dated January 12, 2005, we granted to Mr. Schormann, an option to purchase 1,000,000 shares of our common stock. This option was granted under the 2004 Stock Option Plan and has an exercise price of \$0.20 per share. On January 12, 2006, this option will vest with respect to 250,000 shares. The option will vest with respect to an additional 20,833 shares per month commencing February 12, 2005.

None of our named executive officers exercised options during fiscal 2005. The following table provides information regarding unexercised options held as of March 31, 2005 by our named executive officers.

**Aggregated Options/SAR Exercises in Last Fiscal Year  
and FY-End Options/SAR Values**

Name	Shares acquired on Exercise (#)	Value realized	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options/SARs at FY-End (#) Exercisable/ Non Exercisable	Value of Unexercised In-the-Money Options/SARs at FY-End (\$) Exercisable/ Non Exercisable
Michael Stojda	—	\$ —	388,888/3,111,112	\$ —
Christian Schormann	—	\$ —	0/1,500,000	\$ —

**Employment Agreements**

*Employment Agreement with Michael Stojda*

We entered into an employment agreement with Mr. Stojda dated September 1, 2004, under which Mr. Stojda agreed to serve as our president and chief executive officer for a term of three years. He will receive an annual salary of \$275,000, and is eligible to receive an annual performance bonus of up to 100% of his salary; payment of this bonus will be based on the achievement of performance objectives to be agreed upon by us and Mr. Stojda. In addition, we agreed to grant him, as of the date the Merger was consummated, 400,000 restricted shares of our common stock. As of the date of grant of the restricted stock, the restrictions as to 166,667 shares lapsed and restrictions with respect to the remaining restricted shares lapse with respect to 33,333 shares per month. We also agreed to grant to Mr. Stojda, as of the closing of the Merger, options to purchase an aggregate of 3,500,000 shares of our common stock with exercise prices and vesting schedules as follows: an option to purchase 2,000,000 shares that will vest in equal monthly installments over three years with an exercise price of \$0.20, and an option to purchase 1,500,000 shares which will vest in full at the earliest of: (1) the date we achieve cumulative revenue of \$50,000,000 or (2) five years after he begins working, with an exercise price of \$0.50 per share. The grant of options to purchase 2,000,000 shares with an exercise price of \$0.20 per share was made under our 2004 Stock Option Plan.

We agreed to grant Mr. Stojda piggyback registration rights and tag-along rights with respect to the shares underlying the grant of restricted stock and options described above.

Upon a “Change in Control”, the grant of restricted stock and the options described above will become fully vested. A “Change in Control” will be deemed to have occurred:

- o if any “person” (as defined in Sections 13(d)(3) and 14(d)(3) of the Exchange Act), other than us, our subsidiary, a compensation plan of ours or of our subsidiary or any person reported as a beneficial owner of our common stock in this prospectus, becomes the “beneficial owner” (as defined Rule 13d-3 of the Exchange Act) of thirty percent (30%) or more of our outstanding common stock;
- o if there is a change in composition of our board within a two year period as a result of which a majority of our directors are individuals who were not either (1) directors as of September 1, 2004 or (2) elected, nominated for election or individuals whose election was confirmed by, at least a two-thirds majority of the Board; or
- o if our stockholders approve (1) a sale, reorganization, merger or consolidation with respect to which persons who were our stockholders immediately prior to such transaction do not own securities representing more than fifty percent of the voting power entitled to elect directors of the surviving entity immediately after the transaction; (2) our liquidation or dissolution or (3) the sale of all or substantially all of our assets.

Either we or Mr. Stojda may terminate the employment agreement at any time on ninety days’ notice. If we terminate the agreement for “Cause,” or Mr. Stojda terminates the agreement without “Good Reason”, he will be entitled to receive only amounts that are due or accrued under the agreement as of the termination date. If we terminate the agreement without Cause, or Mr. Stojda terminates the agreement for Good Reason, he will be entitled to receive (1) an amount equal to twelve months’ salary, and (2) a percentage of his annual salary equal to the percentage of his annual salary paid to him as a bonus for the immediately preceding year. However, if his employment terminates after a Change in Control occurs, the bonus amount he will receive will be the greater of (a) the amount payable under clause (2) above or (b) fifty percent of his target bonus for the year in which his employment is terminated. In addition, any grant of restricted stock or options whose vesting is conditioned solely on the passage of time will vest in full. We will also pay our share of any group health insurance under COBRA, the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act, for the period during which severance is paid.

“Cause” is defined in the employment agreement as:

- o Mr. Stojda’s continued, willful and deliberate failure to perform his duties;
- o Mr. Stojda engages in misconduct materially and demonstrably injurious to us; or
  - o Mr. Stojda is convicted of a felony.

“Good reason” is defined in the employment agreement as:

- o a Change in Control;
- o a reduction of Mr. Stojda’s duties, title, reporting status or responsibilities;
  - o a reduction of Mr. Stojda’s salary;
- o relocation of our principal place of business after Mr. Stojda relocates to south Florida; or
  - o our material breach of the employment agreement.

If we terminate the employment agreement due to Mr. Stojda's inability to substantially perform his duties by reason of disability for at least three consecutive months, or due to his death, he or his estate, as applicable, will be entitled to receive (1) his base salary for the month in which his employment is terminated, (2) a pro rata portion of his target annual bonus and (3) any disability benefits to which he is entitled under our benefit plans then in effect. In addition, any grant of restricted stock or options will vest in full and remain exercisable for six months.

Mr. Stojda has agreed that he will not, directly or indirectly, (1) compete with us or our parents, subsidiaries or affiliates or (2) solicit any of our executives, employees or consultants, during the term of the employment agreement and for six months after the agreement terminates.

***Employment letter with Gerard Herlihy***

Mr. Herlihy agreed in an employment letter dated May 20, 2004 to serve as our chief financial officer. He became our chief financial officer in June, 2004. He is an “at will” employee. He receives an annual salary of \$110,000, and is eligible to receive an annual performance bonus of up to 50% of his salary. In addition, we agreed to grant Mr. Herlihy an option to purchase 100,000 shares of our common stock, which in January 2005 the board of directors increased to an option to purchase 300,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$.10 per share.

***Employment Agreement with Christian Schormann***

On January 12, 2005, we entered into an employment agreement with Christian Schormann, our Vice President of Research and Development. The term of his employment under this agreement is two years, with automatic renewals for one year periods unless either party gives at least 90 days written notice to the other of its intent not to renew the agreement.

Mr. Schormann receives a base annual salary of \$190,000 and is eligible to earn an annual bonus of up to 25% of his base salary, based on the achievement of performance objectives to be agreed upon by Mr. Schormann and our president, and approved by our board.

We agreed to issue the following securities to Mr. Schormann:

- 250,000 shares of our common stock that shall be subject to a lapsing right of forfeiture which right shall lapse with respect to 62,500 of the restricted shares on the first anniversary of the date of his employment and at a rate of 5,208 shares per month after such date.
- An option to purchase 1,000,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$.20 per share, which shall vest and become exercisable with respect to 250,000 shares on the first anniversary of the date of his employment, and at a rate of 20,833 shares per month after such date.
- If we have not commenced development and committed funding of a specified research and development project by the first anniversary of the date of his employment, we will grant Mr. Schormann an option to purchase 750,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price per share equal to the fair market value on the date of grant. This option shall vest in three equal installments beginning on the first anniversary of the date of grant.

All restrictions on the restricted stock shall lapse and any unvested shares subject to the options described above will vest 90 days after the occurrence of any of the following “change of control” events, if the employment agreement is still in effect:

- Any change in control of our company, including a merger or consolidation with any other entity in which we are not the surviving corporation or in any transaction in which persons who are not a majority of our stockholders prior to such transaction acquire the power to appoint a majority of our directors; *including* any “person” (as such term is defined in Sections 13(d)(3) and Section 14(d)(3) of the Exchange Act) other than Splinx, a majority-owned subsidiary of Splinx or a compensation plan of Splinx or of a majority-owned subsidiary of Splinx, becomes the “beneficial owner” (as such term is defined in Rule 13d-3 of the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, of our securities representing 50% or more of the combined voting power of our company; or

· our stockholders approve (1) a sale or merger with respect to which our stockholders immediately prior to such sale or merger do not immediately after such sale or merger own more than 50% of the combined voting power entitled to vote generally in the election of the directors of the sold, reorganized, merged or consolidated entity, and such sale or merger is consummated; (2) a liquidation or dissolution of our company; or (3) the sale of all or substantially all of our assets.



If Mr. Schormann's employment is terminated without cause by us, or for "good reason" by Mr. Schormann, we will pay him an amount equal to one year's base salary. The definitions of "good reason" and "cause" in Mr. Schormann's employment agreement are substantially equivalent to the definitions of these terms in Mr. Stojda's employment agreement.

If we terminate the employment agreement due to Mr. Schormann's inability to substantially perform his duties by reason of disability for at least three consecutive months, or due to his death, he or his estate, as applicable, will be entitled to receive (1) his base salary for the month in which his employment is terminated, (2) a pro rata portion of his target annual bonus and (3) any disability benefits to which he is entitled under our benefit plans then in effect. In addition, any grant of restricted stock or options will vest in full and any options will remain exercisable for six months.

Mr. Schormann has agreed he will not compete with us or any of our parent corporations, subsidiaries or affiliates, or solicit for employment any of our employees, during the term of his employment agreement and for one year following termination of his employment agreement.

### **Director compensation**

We intend to grant Mr. Dubrovsky an option to purchase 100,000 shares of our common stock with an exercise price equal to \$0.20 per share, vesting in approximately equal installments over three years. These options have not yet been granted. Other than as described in this paragraph, we do not pay any of our directors any additional amount for his or her services as director. We do, as described below, compensate one of our non-employee directors for his services to us as a consultant.

## SELLING STOCKHOLDERS

The following table sets forth information as of July 31, 2005 with respect to the number of shares of our common stock beneficially owned by the selling stockholders. As used in this prospectus, “selling stockholders” refers to the selling stockholders along with any pledges, donees, transferees or successors in interest who may later hold a selling stockholder’s interests who are selling shares received after the date of this prospectus from a selling stockholder as a gift, pledge, or other non-sale related transfer.

The number of shares in the column labeled “Common Stock Offered” represents all of the shares that the selling stockholders may offer under this prospectus. The selling stockholders may from time to time offer and sell pursuant to this prospectus any or all of the common stock being registered for their accounts. The table assumes that the selling stockholders sell all of the shares offered by them under this prospectus. We are unable to determine the exact number of shares that actually will be sold. We do not know how long the selling stockholders will hold the shares before selling them and we currently have no agreements, arrangements or understandings with the selling stockholders regarding the sale of any of the shares.

The material relationships between each of the selling security holders and us and our affiliates, including Ener1 and Ener1 Group, are described in “Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions.”

We believe, based on information supplied by the following persons, that except as noted, the persons named in this table have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares of common stock which they beneficially own. The amount and percentage of common stock beneficially owned are reported on the basis of regulations of the SEC governing the determination of beneficial ownership of securities. Under the rules of the SEC, a person is deemed to be a “beneficial owner” of a security if that person has or shares “voting power,” which includes the power to vote or to direct the voting of such security, or “investment power,” which includes the power to dispose of or to direct the disposition of such security. A person is also deemed to be a beneficial owner of any securities of which that person has a right to acquire beneficial ownership within 60 days.

Name of Selling Stockholders	Shares Beneficially Owned Prior to the Offering		Common Stock Offered Number	Shares Beneficially Owned After the Offering	
	Number	Percent		Number	Percent
Splinx, LLC(1)	95,000,000	94.4%	30,000,000	65,000,000	64.6%
Ener1 Group, Inc.(2)	4,414,054(2)	4.4%	4,414,054	0	*
Kevin Fitzgerald	4,276(2)	*	4,276	0	*
Peter Novak	26,187(2)	*	26,187	0(3)	*

\* Indicates ownership of less than 1%.

- (1) Dr. Peter Novak, Mike Zoi, Ludmila Enilina and Albina Boeckli have dispositive and voting power over the shares of our common stock held by Splinx, LLC.
- (2) Dispositive and voting power over the shares of our common stock that will be held by Ener1 Group is exercised by the board of directors of Ener1 Group, which consists of Dr. Peter Novak, Mike Zoi and Boris Zingarevich.
- (3) Amount shown excludes shares owned indirectly through Splinx, LLC, of which Dr. Novak is a member and through Ener1 Group, Inc., of which an entity owned by Dr. Novak is a stockholder.



## PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We are registering 34,444,517 shares on behalf of the selling stockholders named in this prospectus, including 30,000,000 shares of our common stock owned by the selling stockholders prior to the Merger and 4,444,517 shares of our common stock that we issued to the selling stockholders who are also shareholders of Ener1 in connection with the Merger. The shares may be offered on behalf of the selling stockholders, or by pledgees, donees or transferees of, or other successors in interest to, the selling stockholders, directly to one or more purchasers (including pledgees) or through, brokers, dealers or underwriters who may act solely as agents or who may acquire the shares as principals, at market prices prevailing at the time of sale, at prices related to such prevailing market prices, at negotiated prices, or at fixed prices, which may be changed.

Sales of the shares may be effected by the selling stockholders from time to time in one or more types of transactions (which may include block transactions) in the over-the-counter market, in negotiated transactions, through put or call option transactions relating to the shares, through short sales of shares, or a combination of such methods of sale, at fixed prices, market prices prevailing at the time of sale, prices related to market prices, varying prices determined at the time of sale or at negotiated prices. Such transactions may or may not involve brokers or dealers. We are not aware of any agreements, understandings or arrangements among the selling stockholders and any underwriters or broker-dealers regarding the sale of their securities, nor is there an underwriter or coordinating broker acting in connection with the proposed sale of the shares by the selling stockholders.

The selling stockholders and any broker-dealers that act in connection with the sale of the shares might be deemed to be “underwriters” within the meaning of Section 2(11) of the Securities Act of 1933, and any commissions received by such broker-dealers and any profit on the resale of the shares sold by them while acting as principals might be deemed to be underwriting discounts or commissions under the Securities Act. Because the selling stockholders may be deemed to be “underwriters” within the meaning of Section 2(11) of the Securities Act, the selling stockholders will be subject to the prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act. We have informed the selling stockholders that the anti-manipulative provisions of Regulation M promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 may apply to their sales in the market.

The selling stockholders also may resell all or a portion of the shares in open market transactions in reliance upon Rule 144 under the Securities Act, provided they meet the criteria and conform to the requirements of such Rule.

If we are notified by a selling stockholder that any material arrangement has been entered into with a broker-dealer for the sale of the shares through a block trade, special offering, exchange distribution or secondary distribution or a purchase by a broker or dealer, we will, if required, file a supplement to this prospectus or a post-effective amendment to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part, disclosing:

- the name of each such selling stockholder and of the participating broker-dealer(s);
- the number of shares involved;
- the price at which such shares were sold;
- the commissions paid or discounts or concessions allowed to such broker-dealer(s), where applicable;
- that such broker-dealer(s) did not conduct any investigation to verify the information set out or incorporated by reference in this prospectus; and
- other facts material to the transaction.

We will pay all costs, expenses and fees in connection with the registration of the shares offered by the selling stockholders under this prospectus. Brokerage commissions and similar selling expenses, if any, attributable to the sale of the shares will be borne by the selling stockholders. We have agreed to keep the prospectus of which this registration statement is a part effective until the earlier of the date all the shares offered by the selling stockholders under this prospectus have been sold or the fifth anniversary of the date it is declared effective.

**CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS****Our company and Ener1, Inc. and some of its affiliates**

To aid your understanding of the relationships among us, our principals and Ener1 we have included the following chart:

Name	Splinx, LLC Ownership Interest		Relationship With		Splinx Technology Inc.
	(voting/economic)	Ener1 Group	Ener1, Inc.		
Alexander Malovik	50%/49%	None	None		Indirect Stockholder Owned 100% of ANTAO Ltd, which he contributed to Splinx Technology pursuant to his obligations under the Splinx, LLC operating agreement
Boris Zingarevich	12.5%/12.75%	Indirect Stockholder, Director	Indirect Stockholder		Indirect Stockholder and Beneficial owner of Bzinfm, which has entered into the Revolving Loan Agreement with Splinx Technology
Mikhail Zingarevich	12.5%/12.75%	Brother of Boris Zingarevich	Brother of Boris Zingarevich		Indirect Stockholder
Peter Novak	12.5%/12.75%	Chief Technology Officer, Indirect Stockholder, Director	Consultant, Director, Indirect Stockholder		Consultant, Director, Indirect Stockholder
Mike Zoi	12.5%/12.75%	President, Indirect Stockholder, Director	Consultant, Director, Indirect Stockholder		Consultant, Indirect Stockholder
Kevin Fitzgerald	None	None	Chairman, Chief Executive Officer, Stockholder		Chairman

Curtis Wolfe	None	General Counsel and Secretary	None	Director, General Counsel and Secretary
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As a result of the Merger and Distribution, the shareholders of record of Ener1 as of January 17, 2005 received approximately 5% of our common stock outstanding on the date the Merger was completed.

Dr. Peter Novak, one of our directors, is a 50% equityholder of Z-N, LLC, a company that holds approximately 75% of the outstanding common stock of Ener1 Group. Ener1 Group holds approximately 88% of the outstanding common stock of Ener1. Mike Zoi, a consultant for our company, holds the other 50% equity interest in Z-N, LLC. Mr. Zoi's consulting agreement is described under "—Additional agreements—Consulting agreement of Mike Zoi" below. Mike Zoi and Dr. Novak are directors of Ener1 and Ener1 Group. Each of Dr. Novak and Mr. Zoi also receive annual compensation of \$250,000 and insurance benefits, and annual automobile allowances of \$11,124 and \$23,715, respectively, from Ener1 in return for their services as directors of Ener1.

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The additional equity of Ener1 Group is owned by Bzinfin, S.A., which is beneficially owned by Boris Zingarevich. Boris Zingarevich, Mike Zoi and Dr. Novak are directors of Ener1 Group.

Curtis Wolfe is our general counsel and secretary. He is also the general counsel for Ener1 Group. He receives his salary from Ener1 Group. At the end of every month, Ener1 Group invoices us at a rate equal to his base salary, plus 20% to cover benefits and other fixed costs, for the number of hours he worked for our company that month, based on the assumption that Mr. Wolfe works a total of 160 hours per month. We will not be billed for more than 8 hours of Mr. Wolfe's time per day, even if he works for us for more than 8 hours a day. This arrangement allows us to benefit from Mr. Wolfe's legal skills at an effective rate that we believe, based on our knowledge of the local legal market, to be below that of an attorney in private practice with his experience and skill level. In addition, we benefit from having a general counsel without incurring liability for the salary and benefits for a full-time employee. Currently, the hourly billed rate for Mr. Wolfe's time is \$101 per hour. The percentage of Mr. Wolfe's time that he devotes to our affairs varies from week to week depending on our need for his services.

Kevin Fitzgerald is the chairman of the board of our company. He is also the chairman of the board and chief executive officer of Ener1.

Ener1 entered into an employment agreement with Mr. Fitzgerald under which he became Ener1's chief executive officer, director and chairman of its board of directors, effective as of September 8, 2003, for a term lasting until December 31, 2005, with automatic annual renewals thereafter unless terminated by Ener1 or Mr. Fitzgerald. Under the employment agreement, Mr. Fitzgerald is entitled to receive an annual salary of \$350,000 and option grants to purchase Ener1 common stock, the terms of which are described in the section titled "Equity Compensation Plan Information" of the Form 10-KSB/A submitted by Ener1 to the Commission on May 16, 2005 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004.

One of our employees performs technology consulting and patent advisory work for Ener1 and Ener1 Group related entities. We are reimbursed for these services at the rate of 120% of his direct hourly rate.

### ***Ener1 Group***

In fiscal 2005, Ener1 Group loaned us a total of \$800,000 to fund our working capital needs. These loans bear interest at an annual rate of 5% and were assumed by Bzinfin SA effective February 5, 2005. On January 24, 2005, we issued 20,629 shares of restricted common stock to Ener1 Group, Inc. in partial reimbursement for certain expenses paid for by Ener1 Group, Inc. at a value of \$0.25 per share.

### ***Sublease***

We have subleased commercial property, which serves as our headquarters and work space, through an assignment of a sublease from Splinx, LLC. Splinx, LLC subleased this property from Ener1 Group. Under the terms of our sublease, we are required to make monthly lease payments in the base amount of \$4,661 to \$5,453 per month through February, 2008. Our sublease and related documents are filed as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. Due to Splinx, LLC's lack of financial history at the time it entered into the sublease, it was unable to obtain a lease from a third party on terms comparable to or more favorable than those contained in the sublease. The rent we pay under the sublease is the same amount as the rent Ener1 Group pays under the lease with no mark-up; the other terms of the sublease are also the same terms as Ener1 Group is subject to under the lease. We believe the terms of the sublease, including the amount of rent, were comparable with terms that were generally available in the local market at the time we entered into the sublease, based on our knowledge of the local real estate market.

### **Our company and Splinx, LLC**



In connection with our formation and in return for the issuance of all of our outstanding common stock, Splinx LLC agreed to contribute to us substantially all of its assets and liabilities. This contribution occurred as of April 1, 2004. We recorded this transaction at the book value of the assets and liabilities at the date of transfer. Splinx, LLC no longer conducts any operations but will continue to hold our common stock.

Splinx, LLC owns approximately 95% of our outstanding common stock.

Dr. Novak and Mike Zoi are both members and managers of Splinx, LLC and each holds 12.75% of the economic membership interests (and 12.5% of the voting membership interests) of Splinx, LLC. Each of Mikhail and Boris Zingarevich also indirectly holds 12.75% of the economic membership interests (and 12.5% of the voting membership interests) of Splinx, LLC.

Bzinfin, S.A., the company with whom we have a revolving loan agreement, is also a stockholder of Ener1 Group. Bzinfin S.A. is indirectly owned by Boris Zingarevich, who beneficially owns a limited liability company that is a member of Splinx, LLC and is a director of Ener1 Group.

Alexander Malovik is a member of Splinx, LLC and holds 49% of the economic membership interests (and 50% of the voting membership interests) of Splinx, LLC. Mr. Malovik formed ANTAO, Ltd. to be the administrative vehicle for our development efforts in Russia. Between July 1, 2004 and March 31, 2005, we paid an aggregate of \$260,000 to ANTAO to pay the costs associated with our operations in Russia, including wages and benefits paid to Russian personnel and rent. ANTAO sent these funds, after retaining sufficient funds to pay its administrative expenses and taxes, to Splinx Outsourcing LLC, a Russian limited liability corporation, which used the funds to pay these costs. Neither ANTAO nor Mr. Malovik received any consideration from us in return for these services. Mr. Malovik contributed the outstanding stock of ANTAO, Ltd. to us on September 20, 2004 as part of Mr. Malovik's contribution obligation under the operating agreement of Splinx, LLC. Mr. Malovik does not have an ongoing operational role in the day-to-day operations of ANTAO, Ltd.

### **Revolving Loan Agreement**

We are party to a revolving loan agreement with Bzinfin, S.A., a British Virgin Islands limited corporation. Bzinfin, S.A. is wholly owned by Boris Zingarevich. Additionally, Bzinfin, S.A. and Z-N, LLC are the sole owners of Ener1 Group. Ener1 Group is the majority shareholder of Ener1.

Under the revolving loan agreement, Bzinfin, S.A. has agreed that it or one of its affiliates will loan and reloan us amounts up to \$2,500,000 upon our request, at an annual interest rate of 5%. This \$2,500,000 commitment will be available from January 18, 2005, through July 31, 2005. All outstanding principal and interest under this agreement must be repaid on the second anniversary of the first disbursement of funds under the revolving loan agreement. The maximum loan amount will be reduced dollar-for-dollar by the cumulative gross proceeds we receive from the sale of our equity or debt securities or from any loans or other credit facilities extended to us. We borrowed \$1,700,000, including \$800,000 in aggregate principal amount of loans to us from Ener1 Group, Inc. assumed by Bzinfin, under this agreement through March 31, 2005, and an additional \$800,000 through July 31, 2005.

### **Consulting agreements with Dr. Novak and Mr. Zoi**

Both Dr. Novak and Mr. Zoi have signed consulting agreements with us. We entered into a consulting agreement with Dr. Novak under which Dr. Novak agreed to work for us as an independent contractor providing technical advice, technical management, strategic planning and international licensing advice. We agreed to pay him a consulting fee of \$100,000 per annum. Dr. Novak is required to submit statements on a monthly basis describing the nature of his work during the previous month. The agreement requires Dr. Novak to keep our proprietary information confidential and requires him to enter into a separate assignment of his intellectual property rights with respect to any inventions relating to business of Splinx to us. The agreement may be terminated at any time by either party upon written notice to the other party. Under the agreement, during the period of his consultancy and for 12 months thereafter, Dr. Novak has agreed not to solicit any of our employees to terminate their employment with us.

We entered into a consulting agreement with Mr. Zoi in February, 2004. Under the agreement, Mr. Zoi agreed to work for us as an independent contractor providing advice regarding capital formation, equity structuring, business planning, strategic planning and international licensing. We agreed to pay him a consulting fee of \$100,000 per annum. Mr. Zoi is required to submit statements on a monthly basis describing the nature of his work during the previous month. The agreement requires Mr. Zoi to keep our proprietary information confidential. Under the agreement Mr. Zoi also assigned to us any intellectual property rights he may acquire while working with our technology. The consulting agreement may be terminated at any time by either party upon written notice to the other party. Under the agreement, during the period of his consultancy and for 12 months thereafter, Mr. Zoi has agreed not to solicit any of our employees to terminate their employment with us.



**PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS**

The following table sets forth information known to us with respect to the beneficial ownership of our common stock as of July 31, 2005 by:

- each person of whom we are aware that beneficially owns more than 5% of our common stock;
- each of the directors and named executive officers individually; and
- all directors and executive officers as a group.

Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with SEC rules, which generally attribute beneficial ownership of securities to each person who possesses, either solely or shared with others, the power to vote or dispose of those securities. These rules also treat as outstanding all shares of capital stock that a person would receive upon exercise of stock options or warrants held by that person that are immediately exercisable or exercisable within 60 days of the determination date, which in the case of the following table is July 31, 2005. Shares issuable pursuant to stock options and warrants exercisable within 60 days are deemed outstanding for computing the percentage of the person holding such options or warrants, but are not deemed outstanding for computing the percentage of any other person. To our knowledge, except as indicated in the footnotes to this table and pursuant to applicable community property laws, the persons named in the table have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares of common stock.

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Owner (number of common shares)	Percent of Class
Splinx, LLC(1)	95,000,000	94.4%
Kevin Fitzgerald	4,276	*
Michael Stojda (2)	1,122,222	1.1%
Peter Novak (3)	26,187	*
Edward Dubrovsky	1,194	*
Alexander Yarmolinsky	120	*
Curtis Wolfe (4)	93,750	*
Gerard Herlihy (5)	112,500	*
Christian Schormann	250,000	*
All named executive officers and directors as a group (8 persons)	1,610,249	1.6%

\* less than 1%.

(1) Dr. Peter Novak, Mike Zoi, Ludmila Enilina and Albina Boeckli have dispositive and voting power over the shares of our common stock held by Splinx, LLC.

(2) Includes options to purchase 111,111 shares of common stock which could be acquired within 60 days of July 31, 2005 and 66,666 shares of restricted stock, the restrictions as to which will lapse within 60 days of July 31, 2005.

(3) Amount shown excludes shares owned indirectly through Splinx, LLC, of which Dr. Novak is a member and owned indirectly through Ener1 Group, Inc., of which an entity owned by Dr. Novak is a stockholder.

(4) Includes options to purchase 31,250 shares of common stock which could be acquired within 60 days of July 31, 2005.

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(5) Includes options to purchase 37,500 shares of common stock which could be acquired within 60 days of July 31, 2005.

(6) Represents shares of restricted stock, the restrictions as to which will begin lapsing in January 2006.

## MARKET FOR COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

As of July 21, 2005, our common stock was quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board under the ticker symbol SPLX.OB. The OTC Electronic Bulletin Board is a regulated quotation service that displays real-time quotes, last-sale prices and volume information in over-the counter (OTC) equity securities. OTC Electronic Bulletin Board securities are traded by a community of registered market makers that enter quotes and trade reports.

The following table sets forth the high and low prices for our common stock for the period indicated as reported by the OTC Electronic Bulletin Board. The quotations reflect inter-dealer prices, without retail mark-up, mark-down or commission and may not represent actual transactions.

	High	Low
Period from July 21, 2005 through August 19, 2005	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.05

The approximate number of record holders of our common stock at June 27, 2005 was 197. This number does not include beneficial owners of our common stock whose shares are held in the names of various dealers, clearing agencies, banks, brokers and other fiduciaries.

### Plan Shares Outstanding

The following table sets forth information with respect to our equity compensation plan approved by our security holders and equity compensation plans not approved by security holders. The information in this table is as of July 31, 2005.

Plan Category	Number of Securities to be Issued Upon Exercise of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in the first column)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders.	4,825,000	\$ 0.16	5,175,000
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	1,500,000	\$ 0.50	NA

(1) Excludes 750,000 shares of common stock that may be subject to an option that we agreed to grant to an executive officer if we have not commenced development and committed funding of a specified research and development project by January 26, 2006. The option will have an exercise price per share equal to the fair market value of the common stock on the date of grant.

Shares subject to equity compensation plans not approved by our stockholders include 1,500,000 shares subject to an option grant made to our chief executive officer in accordance with his employment agreement. The material features of this option grant to Mr. Stojda are described under "Executive Compensation - Employment Agreements."



### **DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK**

We are currently authorized to issue up to 300,000,000 shares of our common stock, \$0.001 par value and 150,000,000 shares of preferred stock, \$0.001 par value. As of July 31, 2005, we have 100,670,270 shares of common stock and no shares of preferred stock issued and outstanding.

#### **Common stock**

Each share of common stock entitles the holder to one vote on all matters presented to the stockholders for a vote. Holders of common stock do not have cumulative voting rights. Directors are elected by a plurality of the shares entitled to vote at a meeting of stockholders. A majority of the shares entitled to vote, represented in person or by proxy, will constitute a quorum at a meeting of stockholders, but a quorum does not exist if less than one-third of the shares entitled to vote are present. If a quorum exists, action on a matter, other than the election of directors, is approved if the votes cast by the stockholders represented at the meeting and entitled to vote exceed the votes cast opposing the action, unless a larger number of affirmative votes is required by the Delaware General Corporate Law (the "DGCL") or our certificate of incorporation.

Holders of shares of our common stock are entitled to dividends that may be declared from time to time by the board in its discretion, on a ratable basis, out of funds legally available, and, subject to the rights of holders of any series of preferred stock then outstanding, to a pro rata share of all assets available for distribution upon liquidation, dissolution or other winding up of our affairs. All of the outstanding shares of our common stock are fully paid and non-assessable. Our stockholders do not have pre-emptive rights to acquire our unissued shares.

The transfer agent for our common stock is Registrar and Transfer Company.

As of July 31, 2005, options or warrants to purchase 6,325,000 shares of our common stock were outstanding.

#### **Preferred stock**

Our board is authorized to issue shares of preferred stock in one or more series and to increase or decrease the number of shares of any series. The number of authorized shares of preferred stock may also be increased or decreased by the affirmative vote of a majority of the stockholders entitled to vote, unless a vote of any other holders of the preferred stock is required under a certificate establishing a series of the preferred stock. Our board may determine and designate the rights of the preferred stock without the consent of the common stockholders or preferred stockholders.

#### **Limitation of liability**

As permitted by the DGCL, our certificate of incorporation provides that our directors, officers, employees and agents will not be personally liable to us or our stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except for liability:

- for a violation of a criminal law unless the director, officer, employee or agent had reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was lawful or had reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was unlawful;
- for acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve willful misconduct or a conscious disregard for the best interests of the corporation; or
- for any transaction from which the director derives an improper personal benefit.



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Our certificate of incorporation and bylaws provide for the indemnification of our directors and officers, employees and agents who were or are a party to a proceeding, to the full extent authorized by, and subject to the conditions set forth in the DGCL.

In accordance with our bylaws, any indemnification will be made by us only after we have determined that indemnification is proper in that specific case. This determination will be made by:

- a majority vote of the quorum of our board of directors excluding those directors who were or are parties to the proceeding;
- by a committee duly designated by our board of directors consisting of two or more directors excluding those directors who are or were parties to the proceeding;
- by independent legal counsel; or
- by the majority vote of a quorum of stockholders who were not parties to the proceeding, or by a majority vote of stockholders who were not parties to the proceeding.

## **Description of certain provisions of our certificate of incorporation and bylaws**

### ***Written consent of stockholders***

Our bylaws provide that any action required or permitted to be taken by our stockholders at any annual or special meeting may also be taken by written consent. The action by written consent may be taken without a meeting, without prior notice and without a vote if the action is taken by holders of shares of common stock representing the minimum number of votes that would be required to take the action at a meeting. The stockholder action must be evidenced by one or more written consents that describes the action taken and is dated and signed by the approving stockholders, and the written consent must be delivered to us within 60 days of the date of the earliest dated consent. After receiving the written consent, we must provide notice to those stockholders who have not consented to the action in accordance with DGCL § 228(e). The ability of our stockholders to act by written consent may shorten the amount of time required to take stockholder actions because actions by written consent are not subject to the minimum notice requirement of a stockholders' meeting.

### ***Amendment of certificate of incorporation***

The board of directors may amend our certificate of incorporation without stockholder action to make changes expressly permitted by the DGCL to be made without shareholder action.

### ***Amendment of the bylaws***

Under Delaware law, the power to adopt, amend or repeal bylaws is conferred upon the stockholders. A corporation may, however, in its certificate of incorporation also confer upon the board of directors the power to adopt, amend or repeal its bylaws. Our bylaws grant our board the power to amend and repeal the bylaws.

### ***Special meetings***

Our bylaws permit our stockholders to call special meetings of stockholders if 10% or more of all stockholders entitled to vote on a particular issue sign, date and deliver, to our secretary, a written demand describing the purpose of the proposed meeting. Our bylaws also provide that the board of directors may call a special meeting. Only business with the purpose described in the special meeting notice may be conducted at the special meeting.

### **Delaware anti-takeover law**

We are subject to the provisions of section 203 of the DGCL. Section 203 prohibits publicly held Delaware corporations from engaging in a "business combination" with an "interested stockholder" for a period of three years after the date of the transaction in which the person became an interested stockholder, unless the business combination is approved in a prescribed manner. A "business combination" includes mergers, asset sales and other transactions resulting in a financial benefit to the interested stockholder. Subject to certain exceptions, an "interested stockholder" is a person who, together with affiliates and associates, owns, or within three years did own, 15% or more of the corporation's voting stock. These provisions could have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change of control of us or reducing the price that certain investors might be willing to pay in the future for shares of our common stock.

## **DISCLOSURE OF COMMISSION POSITION ON INDEMNIFICATION FOR SECURITIES ACT VIOLATIONS**

Section 145 of the DGCL provides for, among other things:

(a) permissive indemnification for expenses, judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by designated persons, including directors and officers of a corporation, in the event such persons are parties to litigation other than stockholder derivative actions if certain conditions are met;

(b) permissive indemnification for expenses actually and reasonably incurred by designated persons, including directors and officers of a corporation, in the event such persons are parties to stockholder derivative actions if certain conditions are met;

(c) mandatory indemnification for expenses actually and reasonably incurred by designated persons, including directors and officers of a corporation, in the event such persons are successful on the merits or otherwise in litigation covered by (a) and (b) above; and

(d) that the indemnification provided for by Section 145 shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights which may be provided under any bylaw, agreement, stockholder or disinterested director vote, or otherwise.

Our certificate of incorporation and bylaws provide that we shall indemnify our directors and officers to the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of Ener1 pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, we have been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933 and is, therefore, unenforceable.

### **SHARES ELIGIBLE FOR FUTURE SALE**

There were 100,670,270 outstanding shares of our common stock as of July 31, 2005. Of these shares, 34,444,517 may be resold pursuant to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part or in accordance with an applicable exemption from registration, including an exemption under Rule 144.

In general, under Rule 144 as currently in effect, a person (or persons whose shares are aggregated), including an affiliate of ours, as defined in Rule 144, an "Affiliate", who has beneficially owned "restricted securities" as that term is defined in Rule 144 for a period of at least one year from the later of the date such restricted securities were acquired from us or the date they were acquired from an Affiliate, is entitled to sell, within any three-month period, a number of such securities that does not exceed the greater of (1) 1% of the then outstanding shares of our common stock or (2) the average weekly trading volume in our common stock during the four calendar weeks preceding the filing of notice of such sale. Sales under Rule 144 are also subject to certain restrictions on the manner of sale, notice requirements, and the availability of current public information about us. Under Rule 144(k), a person who is not deemed to have been an Affiliate of ours at any time during the 90 days preceding a sale, and who has beneficially owned the shares proposed to be sold for at least two years (including the holding period of any prior owner except an affiliate), is entitled to sell such shares without complying with the manner of sale, notice, public information, or volume limitation provisions of Rule 144.

We cannot make any predictions as to the effect, if any, that market sales of shares or the availability of shares for sale will have on the market price of our common stock prevailing from time to time. We are unable to estimate the number of shares that may be sold in the public market pursuant to Rule 144, because this will depend on the market price of the common stock, the specific circumstances of the sellers and other factors. Our largest stockholder, Splinx, LLC, is an affiliate of ours and holds 95,000,000 shares of our common stock, all of which are eligible to be sold under Rule 144 if such sales comply with the manner of sale, notice and other requirements described above including the volume restrictions described above. Sales of significant amounts of our common stock in the public market, or the perception that such sales may occur, could adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

### **LEGAL MATTERS**

The validity of the shares of common stock to which this prospectus relates has been passed upon for us by White & Case LLP.

### **EXPERTS**

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The financial statements of Splinx Technology Inc. as of March 31, 2004 appearing in this prospectus have been audited by Kaufman, Rossin & Co, independent registered public accounting firm, as set forth in their report dated September 30, 2004 appearing elsewhere in this prospectus, and are included in reliance upon such report given upon the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

The financial statements of Splinx Technology Inc. as of March 31, 2005 appearing in this prospectus have been audited by Daszkal Bolton LLC, independent registered accounting firm, as set forth in their report dated June 15, 2005 appearing elsewhere in this prospectus, and are included in reliance upon such report given upon the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

**WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION**

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You may read our SEC filings, including the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part, over the Internet at the SEC's web site at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). You may also read and copy any document we file with the SEC at its public reference facility at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549. You may also obtain copies of the documents at prescribed rates by writing to the Public Reference Section of the SEC at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the operation of the public reference facilities. Our SEC filings are also available to the public from commercial document retrieval services and at the web site maintained by the SEC at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov).

This prospectus is part of a registration statement we have filed with the SEC. The registration statement that contains this prospectus, and the exhibits to the registration statement, contain additional information about us and the shares that may be offered under this prospectus. As allowed by the SEC rules, this prospectus does not contain all of the information you can find in the registration statement or the exhibits to the registration statement.

You may request a free copy of any filings by writing or telephoning us at the following address:

Attn.: Secretary  
550 West Cypress Creek Road  
Suite 410  
Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33309 U.S.A.

Also, you may access the above filings and any future filings at [www.splinx.com](http://www.splinx.com).

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Jeffrey A. Bolton, C.P.A.,  
P.A.  
Timothy R. Devlin, C.P.A.,  
P.A.  
Michael S. Kridel, C.P.A.,  
P.A.  
Marjorie A. Horwin, C.P.A.,  
P.A.  
Patrick D. Heyn, C.P.A.,  
P.A.  
Gary R. McConnell, C.P.A.,  
P.A.

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Colleen DeWoody Bracci,  
C.P.A.  
Arthur J. Hurley, C.P.A.

**Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders  
of Splinx Technologies, Inc..

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of Splinx Technologies, Inc. (a Development Stage Company) as of March 31, 2005, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' deficiency in assets and cash flows for the year then ended and for the period from October 28, 2003 (inception) through March 31, 2005. We did not audit the period from October 28, 2003 (inception) through March 31, 2004, which statements reflect a cumulative loss totaling \$822, 847. Other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us audited those statements and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the cumulative amounts for the period ending October 28, 2003 through March 31, 2004, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company has determined that it is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Splinx Technologies, Inc. as of March 31, 2005, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended and from October 28, 2003 (inception) through March 31, 2005, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the Company has experienced recurring losses in the development stage. This raises substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 2. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Boca Raton, Florida  
June 15, 2005

2401 NW Boca Raton Boulevard " Boca Raton, FL 33431-6632 " **t:** 561.367.1040 " **f:** 561.750.3236  
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**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING  
FIRM**

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders  
Splinex Technology Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity (deficiency in assets) and cash flows for the period from inception (October 28, 2003) through March 31, 2004 of Splinex Technology Inc. (a development stage company). These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the results of operations and cash flows of Splinex Technology Inc. (a development stage company) for the period from inception (October 28, 2003) through March 31, 2004, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 2, the Company is in the development stage and has no revenues. In the absence of attaining profitable operations and achieving positive cash flows from operations or obtaining significant additional debt or equity financing, the Company will have difficulty meeting current and long-term obligations. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans are also discussed in Note 2. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets, or the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary in the event the Company cannot continue in existence.

We have previously audited the consolidated financial statements of Splinex, LLC, which included the accounts of its wholly owned subsidiary, Splinex Technology Inc., for the period from inception (October 28, 2003) through March 31, 2004, and we issued an unqualified opinion thereon dated April 20, 2004. As discussed in Note 1 and Note 6, these financial statements include the accounts of Splinex Technology Inc. and its predecessor, Splinex, LLC, from inception.

KAUFMAN, ROSSIN & CO.

September 30, 2004

Miami, Florida

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SPLINEX TECHNOLOGY INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

	March 31, 2005	June 30, 2005 (Unaudited)
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets		
Cash	\$ 256,347	\$ 149,132
Prepaid expenses and other	76,119	60,894
Loans and advances to employees - current portion	13,834	14,684
Total current assets	346,300	224,710
Property and equipment, net		
	49,862	43,246
Accounting software license		
	37,000	31,969
Other assets		
	9,881	9,881
Loans to employees - long term portion		
	9,875	5,327
Total assets	\$ 452,918	\$ 315,133
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY IN ASSETS</b>		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	434,967	389,323
Accrued expenses	221,572	276,027
Due to related parties	106,760	79,726
Other current liabilities	75,849	55,899
Total current liabilities	839,148	800,975
Long term liabilities		
Note payable and accrued interest - related party	1,708,240	2,344,602
Total liabilities	2,547,388	3,145,577
<b>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</b>		
<b>STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY IN ASSETS</b>		
Preferred stock (\$.001 par value, 150,000,000 shares authorized and no shares issued and outstanding)	-	-
Common stock (\$.001 par value, 300,000,000 shares authorized and 100,670,270 shares issued and outstanding)	100,670	100,670
Paid in capital	1,101,049	1,101,049
Deficit accumulated during the development stage	(3,296,189)	(4,032,163)
Total stockholders' deficiency in assets	(2,094,470)	(2,830,444)
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficiency in assets	\$ 452,918	\$ 315,133

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

SPLINEX TECHNOLOGY INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	From Inception (October 28, 2003) through March 31, 2004	Year Ended March 31, 2005	Three Months Ended June 30, 2005 (Unaudited)	Cumulative From Inception (October 28, 2003) Through June 30, 2005 (Unaudited)
Net sales	\$ -	\$ 49	\$ 70	119
<b>Operating Expenses</b>				
Sales and marketing	-	365,278	140,168	505,446
General and administrative	709,047	1,196,859	269,499	2,175,405
Research and development	113,800	1,208,722	301,189	1,623,711
Total operating expenses	822,847	2,770,859	710,856	4,304,562
Costs of merger and registration	-	512,321	-	512,321
Total expenses	822,847	3,283,180	710,856	4,816,883
Loss from operations	(822,847)	(3,283,131)	(710,786)	(4,816,764)
Interest expense, net	-	(13,058)	(25,188)	(38,246)
Loss before income taxes	(822,847)	(3,296,189)	(735,974)	(4,855,010)
Income taxes	-	-	-	-
Net loss	\$ (822,847)	\$ (3,296,189)	\$ (735,974)	\$ (4,855,010)
Net loss per basic and fully diluted share	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.03)	\$ (0.01)	(0.05)
Weighted average shares outstanding	95,000,000	96,113,724	100,670,270	96,656,126

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

SPLINEX TECHNOLOGY INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN  
STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY IN ASSETS

	Preferred Stock		Common Stock		Additional	Deficit	Total
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Paid in Capital	Accumulated During the Development Stage	Stockholders' Deficiency in Assets
Common stock issued \$0.001 per share effective at inception on October 28, 2003	-	-	95,000,000	\$ 95,000	\$ (94,999)	\$ -	\$ 1
Additional capital contributed during period			-	-	849,999	-	849,999
Net loss (see Note 4)	-	-	-	-	(822,847)	-	(822,847)
Balance at March 31, 2004	-	-	95,000,000	95,000	(67,847)	-	27,153
Additional capital contributed during period	-	-	-	-	1,150,000	-	1,150,000
Shares issued as executive compensation and other expenses	-	-	670,270	670	23,896	-	24,566
Shares issued in Merger	-	-	5,000,000	5,000	(5,000)	-	-
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	(3,296,189)	(3,296,189)
Balance at March 31, 2005	-	-	100,670,270	100,670	1,101,049	(3,296,189)	(2,094,470)
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	(735,974)	(735,974)
Balance at June 30, 2005 (unaudited)	-	\$ -	100,670,270	\$ 100,670	\$ 1,101,049	\$ (4,032,163)	\$ (2,830,444)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

SPLINEX TECHNOLOGY INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	From Inception (October 28, 2003) Through March 31, 2004	Year Ended March 31, 2005	Three Months Ended June 30, 2005 (Unaudited)	Cumulative From Inception (October 28, 2003) Through June 30, 2005 (Unaudited)
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>				
Net loss	\$ (822,847)	\$ (3,296,189)	\$ (735,974)	\$ (4,855,010)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:				
Depreciation	5,493	24,075	6,616	36,184
Executive compensation and other expenses				
paid with common stock	-	24,566	-	24,566
Non cash interest expense	-	8,240	25,119	33,359
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Prepaid expenses and other	(6,112)	(31,158)	306	(36,964)
Due to related parties	-	106,759	(27,034)	79,725
Other assets	(9,881)	-	-	(9,881)
Accounts payable	58,498	376,469	(45,644)	389,323
Accrued expenses	149,041	72,531	54,455	276,027
Total adjustments	197,039	581,482	13,818	792,339
Net cash used in operating activities	(625,808)	(2,714,707)	(722,156)	(4,062,671)
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>				
Purchase of equipment	(55,229)	(24,200)	-	(79,429)
Employee loans and advances, net	(3,550)	(20,159)	3,698	(20,011)
Net cash used in investing activities	(58,779)	(44,359)	3,698	(99,440)
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>				
Note payable related party	-	1,700,000	611,243	2,311,243
Contributed capital from equity investors	850,000	1,150,000	-	2,000,000
Net cash provided by financing activities	850,000	2,850,000	611,243	4,311,243
Net increase (decrease) in cash	165,413	90,934	(107,215)	149,132
Cash at beginning of period	-	165,413	256,347	-
Cash at end of period	\$ 165,413	\$ 256,347	\$ 149,132	\$ 149,132
<b>Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information</b>				
Cash paid during the year for:				
Interest	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Income taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

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Non-cash investing and financing activities:

Common stock issued in merger	\$	-	\$	150,000	\$	-	\$	150,000
Costs of merger recorded as reduction in paid in capital	\$	-	\$	(150,000)	\$	-	\$	(150,000)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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SPLINEX TECHNOLOGY INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Basis of Presentation

Splinx Technology Inc. (“Technology”) was organized under the laws of the State of Delaware as a wholly owned subsidiary of Splinx, LLC, a Florida limited liability company (the “Predecessor”), to conduct the business and operations of the Predecessor. Under an agreement effective April 1, 2004 (the “Contribution Agreement”), the Predecessor contributed substantially all of its assets, liabilities and operations to Technology. The financial statements include the accounts of Technology and the Predecessor (combined, the “Company”), and all material intercompany transactions have been eliminated. The Company began its development stage activity on October 28, 2003 (“Inception”).

Reclassifications

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Splinx Technology Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiary, ANTAO Ltd., a limited liability company formed under the laws of Russia (“ANTAO”). All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Business Activity

The Company develops, licenses and services software that enables the generation, manipulation, viewing and image-based searching of complex, multi-dimensional mathematical objects and information. Since inception, the Company has operated in a development phase typical of a software company and has focused on developing technologies and products and securing intellectual property rights while developing relationships with potential customers. Corporate activities to date have included raising capital, strategic and business planning, completing the registration of the Company’s securities with the U. S. Securities and Exchange Commission, and retaining executive management. The Company has minimal sales and no sales contracts and is considered to be in the development stage as of March 31 and June 30, 2005.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities as of the balance sheet date and the reported amounts of expenses for the period presented. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Unaudited Interim Information

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2005 and for the three months then ended have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and Regulation S-B. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim period presented have been included. These results have been determined on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles and practices applied

consistently with those used in the preparation of the Company's Annual Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2005. Operating results for the three months ended June 30, 2005 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending March 31, 2006.

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### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include highly liquid money market investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less. At March 31, 2005, the Company had no cash equivalents. The Company maintains its cash in a bank deposit account which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. Accounts are guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$100,000. At March 31 and June 30, 2005, the Company had deposits of \$163,321 and \$50,883, respectively, in excess of FDIC insured limits.

### Foreign Currency Transactions

All transactions of the Company are denominated in U.S. dollars. The Company pays Russian research, programming and administrative costs under a U.S. dollar denominated agreement. Consolidated general and administrative expenses include immaterial foreign exchange rate losses on small Russian bank balances maintained by ANTAO. The Company has not engaged in foreign currency hedging activities.

### Stock-Based Compensation

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (“SFAS”) No. 123R, “Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation,” requires companies to record employee stock option compensation at fair value. The Company adopted SFAS 123R during the quarter ending March 31, 2005.

### Software Development Costs

The Company accounts for software development costs in accordance with SFAS No. 86, “Accounting for the Costs of Computer Software to Be Sold, Leased or Otherwise Marketed.” Costs incurred to establish the technological feasibility of a computer software product are considered research and development costs and are expensed as incurred. When the technological feasibility of a software product has been established using the working model approach, development cost are capitalized. Capitalization of these costs ceases when the product is ready for production. The Company has expensed all software development costs since inception.

### Revenue recognition

The Company expects to recognize revenues, net of sales returns and other allowances, from the licensing of products and from service revenues.

Product revenues will consist of revenues from end-user licenses (sometimes referred to as royalties) and fees for stand-alone software and technology under time-based or perpetual licenses. Service revenues will consist of fees from professional services, which will include fees for software development services, software maintenance contracts and customer training and consulting services.

The Company will recognize revenues in accordance with Statement of Position or “SOP” 97-2, “Software Revenue Recognition,” as amended, SOP 81-1, “Accounting for Performance of Construction-Type and Certain Production-Type Contracts,” and Staff Accounting Bulletin or “SAB” 104, “Revenue Recognition.” The Company will recognize revenues when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred, the vendor’s fee is fixed or determinable, vendor-specific objective evidence exists for all undelivered elements of the arrangement and collection is determined to be probable.

### Fixed assets

The Company depreciates computer equipment and software over the useful lives of such assets, generally three years.



## Earnings Per Share

Basic net earnings (loss) per common share are computed by dividing net earnings (loss) applicable to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net earnings (loss) per common share is determined using the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period, adjusted for the dilutive effect of common stock equivalents, consisting of shares that would be issued upon exercise of common stock options. In periods when losses are reported, the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding excludes common stock equivalents, because their inclusion would be anti-dilutive.

On January 18, 2005, the Company completed a 95,000 for one stock split. Stockholders' equity has been restated to give retroactive recognition to the stock split for all periods presented by reclassifying the par value of the additional shares arising from the split from paid-in-capital to common stock. All references in the financial statements and notes to number of shares and per share amounts reflect the stock split.

## Promotional and Advertising Expenses

Promotional and advertising expenses were \$116,935 and \$0 for the years ended March 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively, and \$71,853 for the three months ended June, 2005.

## Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments consist mainly of cash, short-term payables and borrowings under the notes payable. The Company believes that the carrying amounts approximate fair value, due to their short-term maturities and current interest rates.

## Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The Company reviews its long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes indicate that the carrying amount of an asset or group of assets may not be recoverable. No impairment losses were recorded during the fiscal periods ended March 31, 2005 and 2004 or during the three months ended June 30, 2005.

## Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements and Interpretations

In January 2003, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Interpretation ("FIN") No. 46, "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities (VIE)," (revised December 2003 by FIN No. 46R), which addresses how a business enterprise should evaluate whether it has a controlling financial interest in an entity through means other than voting rights and accordingly should consolidate the entity. For variable interests in VIEs created before January 1, 2004, the Interpretation will be applied beginning on January 1, 2005. For any VIEs that must be consolidated under FIN No. 46R that were created before January 1, 2004, the assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the VIE initially would be measured at their carrying amounts with any difference between the net amount added to the balance sheet and any previously recognized interest being recognized as the cumulative effect of an accounting change. If determining the carrying amounts is not practicable, fair value at the date FIN No. 46R first applies may be used to measure the assets, liabilities and non-controlling interest of the VIE. The adoption of FIN No. 46R did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows as the Company does not have any VIEs.

In March 2004, the Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") reached a consensus on Issue No. 03-01, "The Meaning of Other-Than-Temporary Impairment and Its Application to Certain Investments." EITF 03-01 provides guidance on other-than-temporary impairment models for marketable debt and equity securities accounted for under SFAS No. 115, "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities," and SFAS No. 124, "Accounting for Certain Investments Held by Not-for-Profit Organizations," and non-marketable equity securities accounted for under

the cost method. The EITF developed a basic three-step model to evaluate whether an investment is other-than-temporarily impaired. In September 2004, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position EITF 03-01-1, which delays the effective date until additional guidance is issued for the application of the recognition and measurement provisions of EITF 03-01 to investments in securities that are impaired; however, the disclosure requirements are effective for annual periods ending after June 15, 2004. The adoption of the disclosure provisions of EITF 03-01 did not have a material effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

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In November 2004, the FASB issued SFAS 151, "Inventory Costs—an amendment of ARB No. 43, Chapter 4." The Statement amends the guidance of Accounting Research Bulletin ("ARB") No. 43, Chapter 4, Inventory Pricing, by clarifying that abnormal amounts of idle facility expense, freight, handling costs, and wasted materials (spoilage) should be recognized as current-period charges and by requiring the allocation of fixed production overheads to inventory based on the normal capacity of the production facilities. The Company does not expect that SFAS 151 will have a material effect on the financial position, results of operations or cash flows of the Company when it becomes effective in 2006.

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 123R "Share-Based Payment" ("SFAS 123R"), a revision to SFAS No. 123 "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("SFAS 123"), and superseding APB Opinion No. 25 "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" and its related implementation guidance. SFAS 123R establishes standards for the accounting for transactions in which an entity exchanges its equity instruments for goods or services, including obtaining employee services in share-based payment transactions. SFAS 123R applies to all awards granted after the required effective date and to awards modified, repurchased, or cancelled after that date. The Company adopted SFAS 123R during the quarter ending March 31, 2005.

SFAS No. 154, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, was issued in May 2005 and replaces APB Opinion No. 20 and SFAS No. 3. SFAS No. 154 requires retrospective application for voluntary changes in accounting principle in most instances and is required to be applied to all accounting changes made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005. The Company's expected April 1, 2006 adoption of SFAS No. 154 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

#### NOTE 2. GOING CONCERN CONSIDERATIONS

The Company's financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. The Company is in the development stage and has had minimal revenues since inception. Management recognizes that the Company must raise capital sufficient to fund research, development, marketing and sales activities until such time as it can generate revenues and net cash flows in amounts necessary to enable it to continue in existence. The realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business is dependent upon the Company achieving these goals. Management's plans include continuing efforts to develop the Company's first commercial product, borrowing funds under the revolving loan agreement described below, and raising additional capital.

In accordance with the funding provisions in the Predecessor's operating agreement, certain members of the Predecessor contributed capital of \$2,000,000 to the Predecessor. As of March 31, 2005, the Company had borrowed \$1,700,000 under a revolving loan agreement with a company that is affiliated with the Company through common ownership (the "Bzinfin Loan"). As of June 30, 2005, the Company had borrowed \$2,311,242 (unaudited) under the Bzinfin Loan, and borrowed the remaining available funds of \$188,758 (unaudited) under this facility in July 2005. At the Company's current rate of expenditure at July 31, 2005, the funds on hand would be sufficient to fund its operations through mid-September 2005.

In June 2005 the Company began marketing its *nViz<sup>x</sup>* product under a Reseller Agreement with a leading mathematical computational software developer. In addition, the Company has implemented cost reduction measures including salary deferrals beginning in June 2005 and has deferred or delayed payments to some vendors until the Company achieves positive cash flow. The Company is exploring raising capital through sales of its securities in order to fund its operations until the Company achieves positive cash flow. Management believes that actions presently being taken, as described in the preceding paragraphs, provide the opportunity for the Company to continue as a going concern; however, there is no assurance this will occur.





## NOTE 3. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company's sole reportable business segment is visual communication software products and services. The Company's accounting policies for segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies.

## NOTE 4. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consisted of the following at March 31, 2005 and June 30, 2005 (Unaudited):

	March 31, 2005	June 30, 2005
Office and computer equipment	\$ 53,082	\$ 53,082
Computer software	26,308	26,308
	79,390	79,390
Less accumulated depreciation	(29,529)	(36,144)
	\$ 49,862	\$ 43,246

Depreciation expense was \$24,075 and \$5,493 for the fiscal periods ending March 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively and \$6,616 for the three months ended June 30, 2005.

## NOTE 5. EMPLOYEE LOANS AND ADVANCES

The Company advances expatriate employees certain relocation-related costs. The employees sign promissory notes with an annual simple interest rate of 6%. Principal and interest due under these notes is payable over a period of 24 months from the date of the note. The current portion of these notes receivable is included in current assets.

## NOTE 6. ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accrued liabilities represent expenses that apply to the reported period and have not been billed by the provider or paid by the Company. At March 31, 2005 and June 30, 2005 (Unaudited), accrued liabilities consisted of the following:

	March 31, 2005	June 30, 2005
Executive relocation and legal	\$ 85,472	\$ 85,472
Audit	40,000	40,000
Accrued vacation	35,285	47,443
Deferred Wages	-	36,720
Russian programming costs	17,627	18,392
Consulting	14,000	14,000
Travel and lodging	9,000	19,000
Miscellaneous	20,188	15,000
	\$ 221,572	\$ 276,027

#### NOTE 7. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY RECAPITALIZATION AND MERGER

On January 18, 2005, the Company effected a 95,000-for-one split of its common stock, and amended its Certificate of Incorporation to increase the authorized common stock to 300,000,000 shares and increase the authorized preferred stock to 150,000,000 shares; the common stock and preferred stock each have a par value of \$0.001 per share. Each stockholder of common stock is entitled to one vote for each share held. The preferred stock may be divided into series with the designations, powers, preferences, and relative rights and any qualifications, limitations or restrictions as determined by the Company's board of directors.

Prior to April 1, 2004, the Company operated through the Predecessor as a limited liability company. On April 1, 2004, the Predecessor contributed substantially all of its assets, liabilities and operations to Technology pursuant to a Contribution Agreement. Under SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin Topic 4 (B), the undistributed earnings (losses) of the limited liability company were treated as a constructive distribution to the owners followed by a contribution of the capital to the new C Corporation. On April, 1, 2004, the effective date of the Contribution Agreement, the Company reclassified the accumulated deficit to date of \$822,847 to additional paid in capital.

On January 18, 2005, the Company and Ener1, Inc., an affiliated company controlled by certain direct and indirect beneficial owners of the membership interests of the Predecessor, completed the merger of Ener1 Acquisition Corp., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ener1, Inc., into the Company (the "merger") in exchange for 5,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Company survived the merger. Ener1, Inc. declared a dividend of the 5,000,000 shares that it received in the merger to its shareholders of record as of January 17, 2005 (the "distribution"). The Company registered the distribution on a registration statement on Form S-1 initially filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 24, 2004 and declared effective on January 11, 2005. The dividend was paid on January 24, 2005. Immediately after the merger, and prior to the distribution, the Predecessor and Ener1, Inc. owned 95% and 5%, respectively, of the Company's then-outstanding common stock. As a result of the merger and the distribution, the Company became a public reporting company subject to the information and reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The merger and the distribution are described further in the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 27, 2004 (Registration No. 333-116817). Ener1 Acquisition Corp. had no operations and no assets or liabilities prior to the merger. The acquisition was recorded at Ener1 Acquisition Corp.'s book value on the date of acquisition, which was zero.

#### NOTE 8. STOCK OPTIONS AND STOCK GRANTS

In June 2004, the board of directors of the Company formally approved the 2004 Stock Option Plan (the "Plan"), which initially authorizes the issuance of grants to Company employees to purchase up to 5,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. Effective June 30, 2005, the number of shares in the Plan was increased to 10,000,000.

During the year ended March 31, 2005, the Company approved the issuance of options to purchase up to 4,825,000 shares of the Company's common stock under the Plan, as follows:

On January 18, 2005, pursuant to an employment agreement dated September 1, 2004, the Company granted to its chief executive officer an option to purchase 2,000,000 shares of common stock under the Plan. These options have an exercise price of \$0.20 per share. As of March 31, 2005, this option was vested with respect to 388,888 shares, and the remaining shares vest at a rate of 55,555 per month over the following 29 months.

Pursuant to an employment agreement dated January 25, 2005, the Company granted to an executive officer an option to purchase 1,000,000 shares of common stock under the Plan with an exercise price of \$0.20 per share. The options will vest with respect to 250,000 shares on January 25, 2006 and at a rate of 20,833 shares per month thereafter.

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In January 2005, the Company's board of directors approved the issuance of options to purchase an aggregate of 1,825,000 shares of the Company common stock to employees of the Company. These options have an exercise price of \$0.10 per share, and vested 12.5% on the date of grant, 12.5% on June 24, 2005, and 12.5% every six months thereafter and expire on the ten-year anniversary of the grant. The options were formally delivered in May and June 2005.

During the year ended March 31, 2005, the Company approved the issuance of options to purchase 2,250,000 shares of the Company common stock, which are not under the Plan, as follows:

On January 18, 2005, pursuant to an employment agreement dated September 1, 2004, the Company granted to its chief executive officer an option to purchase 1,500,000 shares of common stock. This option has an exercise price of \$0.50 per share. This option will be fully vested upon the first to occur of (1) the date that the cumulative revenues of the Company exceed \$50,000,000 or (2) September 1, 2009.

On January 25, 2005, the Company agreed to grant to an executive officer an option to purchase 750,000 shares of the Company's common stock if the Company has not commenced development and committed funding of a specified research and development project by January 25, 2006. If granted, this option will have an exercise price per share equal to the fair market value on the date of grant. This option would vest in three equal installments beginning on the one-year anniversary of the date of grant.

The following table summarizes the options granted, the exercise price, and the number of shares vested as of March 31, 2005.

	Granted	Exercisable at March 31, 2005	Exercise Price
Options granted at or above fair value			
Grants under the Plan dated:			
January 18, 2005	2,000,000	388,885	\$ 0.20
January 25, 2005	1,000,000	-	\$ 0.20
January 25, 2005	1,825,000	228,125	\$ 0.10
Total grants under the Plan	4,825,000	617,010	
Grants not under the Plan dated January 18, 2005	1,500,000	-	\$ 0.50
Total grants	6,325,000	617,010	

No options have been exercised or cancelled since grant.

During the quarter ending March 31, 2005, the Company adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 123 for accounting for transactions in which an entity exchanges its equity instruments for goods or services, including obtaining employee services in share-based payment transactions. The weighted average Black-Scholes value of options granted under the stock plans during fiscal 2005 was \$0. Accordingly, no compensation expense has been recorded for stock option grants as such grants were all considered to be made at or above fair market value on the date of grant. The fair value of each option grant is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions used for grants:

Weighted average expected life in years	10
Dividend per share	none
Volatility	0%
Risk free interest rate	4.0%

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The Black-Scholes option valuation model was developed for use in estimating the fair value of traded options that have no vesting restrictions and are fully transferable. In addition, option valuation models require the input of highly subjective assumptions. The Company assumed zero stock price volatility because its stock does not have an established trading market. Because the Company's employee stock options have characteristics different from those of traded options, and because changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, in management's opinion, the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of its employee stock options.

During the year ended March 31, 2005, the Company granted 400,000 shares of restricted common stock to its chief executive officer. As of March 31, 2005, the restrictions as to the transferability of such shares had lapsed with respect to 233,333 shares and restrictions with respect to the remaining restricted shares will lapse at the rate of 33,333 shares per month. The Company also granted 250,000 shares of restricted common stock to an executive that will be subject to a lapsing right of forfeiture, which right will lapse with respect to 62,500 of the restricted shares on January 25, 2006 and at a rate of 5,208 shares per month thereafter. The Company recorded compensation expense of \$19,500 for restricted stock grants during fiscal 2005.

#### NOTE 9. LONG TERM DEBT DUE TO RELATED PARTY

Effective April 1, 2004, a company that is affiliated with the Company through common ownership, entered into a revolving loan agreement with the Company under which the Company may borrow up to \$2,500,000 in aggregate principal through July 31, 2005. Borrowings under the facility were contingent upon the consummation of the merger of the Company with Ener1 Acquisition Corp., which was effected as of January 18, 2005. Loans under this agreement bear interest at an annual rate of 5% and must be repaid two years from the date of the initial funding, which occurred on February 7, 2005. The maximum amount the lender is required to loan under this agreement will be reduced by the proceeds from the sale of equity or debt securities by the Company or from any loans or other credit facilities extended to the Company prior to July 31, 2005. The Company borrowed \$1,700,000 under this facility as of March 31, 2005, and an additional \$565,000 through June 15, 2005. At June 15, the Company has \$235,000 remaining available under this agreement. As of June 30, 2005, the Company had borrowed \$2,311,242 (unaudited) under the Bzinfin Loan and borrowed the remaining available funds of \$188,758 (unaudited) under this facility in July 2005.

During the year ending March 31, 2005, Ener1 Group, Inc., a company that is affiliated with the Company through common ownership, loaned the Company \$800,000 to fund working capital needs. These loans were assumed by Bzinfin, S.A., the lender under the Company's revolving loan agreement, effective February 21, 2005, and are included in the \$1,700,000 outstanding balance at March 31, 2005 under the revolving loan agreement

#### NOTE 10. INCOME TAXES

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts of assets and liabilities used for income tax purposes. At March 31, 2005 and 2004, the Company had cumulative federal net operating loss carry forwards (NOL) of approximately \$2,780,000 and \$0, respectively. The NOL expires during the year 2025.

The net provision (benefit) for income taxes consisted of the following at March 31, 2005:

	2005
Current Federal income taxes	\$ -
Deferred income tax benefit	(1,045,000)
Change in valuation allowance	1,045,000
Total income tax provision	\$ -



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Significant components of the Company's deferred tax assets at March 31, 2005 are as follows:

Net operating loss carryforwards	\$ 1,032,000
Accrued vacation pay	13,000
	1,045,000
Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets	(1,045,000)
Net deferred tax asset	\$ -

A reconciliation between actual income taxes and amounts computed by applying the federal statutory rate of 34% to pre-tax loss is summarized as follows:

before income taxes	34.0%
Non deductible items - registration costs	-5.9%
State income tax, net of federal tax benefit	3.6%
Increase in valuation allowance	-31.7%
Total income tax provision	0.0%

Operating losses of the Predecessor in the amount of \$822,847 prior to the date of the Contribution Agreement were allocated to the Predecessor and are not available to the Company as net operating loss carryforwards. Pro forma net loss and net loss per share present the Company's net losses as if the Company had been taxed as a C corporation for federal and state income tax purposes since the beginning of the periods presented. On a pro forma basis, had the Company been taxed as a C corporation for federal income tax purposes, the income tax benefit would have been \$279,768, which would have been fully offset by a valuation allowance. The provision for (benefit from) income taxes was \$0 for the period ending March 31, 2004.

### NOTE 11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

On January 1, 2004 and February 1, 2004, the Company entered into consulting agreements with two members of the Predecessor, one of whom is also director of the Company. The consulting agreements engage the members to provide consulting services including advice regarding equity restructuring, business planning, strategic planning, and international licensing in exchange for \$100,000 per year or a monthly fee to each consultant of \$8,333. General and administrative expenses for the period from inception through March 31, 2004, for the year ended March 31, 2005 and for the three months ended June 30, 2005 include consulting fees under these agreements of \$33,333, \$200,000 and \$50,000 (unaudited), respectively.

The Company shares personnel with Ener1, Inc. and Ener1 Group, Inc., entities affiliated with the Company by common ownership. In addition, Ener1, Inc. paid certain expenses of the Company related to the merger of the Company with Ener1 Acquisition Corp (discussed below under Note 8, "Subsequent Events"). Accordingly, amounts have been allocated to and from the Company for the services of personnel and other expenses. The Company incurred rent expense for its office space under a sublease with Ener1 Group, Inc. in the amounts of \$9,881, \$60,274 and \$15,414 (Unaudited) for the period from inception through March 31, 2004, for the year ended March 31, 2005 and for the three months ended June 30, 2005, respectively. On January 24, 2005, the Company issued 20,629 shares of restricted common stock to Ener1 Group, Inc. in partial reimbursement for certain expenses paid for by Ener1 Group, Inc. at a value of \$0.25 per share.

Related parties reimburse the Company for the time spent by one of its employees for patent and research work; as a result, administrative and research and development wages and benefits are net of reimbursements of \$17,160 and \$46,080, respectively, for the year ended March 31, 2005. Research and development wages and benefits are net of reimbursements of \$1,200 (Unaudited) for the three months ended June 30, 2005. Administrative expenses for the year ended March 31, 2005 and the three months ended June 30, 2005 include legal expenses payable to Ener1 Group, Inc. for the services of an Ener1 Group employee who serves as the Company's general counsel in the amount of \$35,530

and \$4,400 (Unaudited), respectively, and other administrative services provided by personnel of Ener1, Inc. in the amount of \$5,849 and \$439 (Unaudited), respectively.

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The Company works with Russia-based scientists and programmers who were paid on the Company's behalf under an agreement with a Russian consultant who handled administrative matters for the Company in Russia through July 2004. This consultant became an employee of the Company in July 2004. The Company paid the expenses of the Company's operations in Russia through this consultant in the amounts of \$93,800 and \$48,000 for the period from inception through March 31, 2004 and for the year ended March 31, 2005, respectively. In March 2004, the consultant formed Splinx Outsourcing LLC to handle administrative and employment matters in connection with the Company's Russian operations. In April 2004, a member of the Predecessor formed ANTAO to facilitate the payment of expenses to Splinx Outsourcing; ANTAO became a subsidiary of the Company on September 12, 2004. From July 2, 2004 through March 31, 2005, the Company paid \$260,000 to ANTAO, of which ANTAO has retained \$10,000 for minimum cash requirements and payment of its administrative expenses, and paid \$250,000 to Splinx Outsourcing LLC to date. During the three months ending June 30, 2005, the Company paid \$64,207 (unaudited) to Splinx Outsourcing LLC through ANTAO.

The owner of the outstanding securities of Splinx Outsourcing LLC has agreed to contribute these securities to ANTAO, as a result of which Splinx Outsourcing would become an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Splinx Outsourcing LLC has minimal assets and liabilities and the contribution would be recorded at fair value. There are no immediate plans to complete this contribution of securities.

#### NOTE 12. ACQUISITION

On September 20, 2004, the sole stockholder of ANTAO, who is a member of Splinx, LLC, contributed the outstanding stock of ANTAO to the Company pursuant to his obligations under the Splinx, LLC operating agreement. ANTAO's sole asset was cash of \$2,509, which represents advances previously paid by the Company. This asset was offset by a liability of \$2,509 for amounts due to Splinx Outsourcing LLC. The results of operations of ANTAO have been included in the consolidated interim results of operations of the Company from September 20, 2004.

#### NOTE 13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

##### *Foreign operations*

The Company outsources computer programming work to a company located in Ekaterinberg Russia. If the Company were not able to outsource all or a significant part of this work to this outsourcing company, it could have a material adverse effect on the Company. The outsourcing company's operations in Russia are subject to significant risks not typically associated with companies in North America and Western Europe. These risks include, among others, political, economic and legal risks associated with doing business in Russia, limitations on foreign currency transactions, and risks associated with evolving Russian laws on issues including creditor rights and intellectual property. The Company's ability to continue to develop products and earn revenues may be adversely affected by changes in the political, economic, legal and social conditions in Russia, and by changes in governmental policies with respect to laws and regulations, anti-inflationary measures, foreign currency transactions, and rates and methods of taxation, among other things.

##### *Lease Commitments*

Effective April 1, 2004, the Company assumed the rights and obligations under a sublease agreement for its office facility that the Predecessor entered into in October 2003. The sublease agreement expires on February 28, 2008.

Minimum commitments on the above agreement for the years subsequent to March 31, 2005 are as follows:

2006	\$ 59,000
2007	62,000

2008	59,000
	\$ 180,000

## PART II INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

### ITEM 24. INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

Article VI of our Certificate of Incorporation provides that we will, to the full extent permitted by Section 145 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, as amended, from time to time (“DGCL”), indemnify all persons whom it may indemnify pursuant thereto.

Section 145 of the DGCL grants the registrant the power to indemnify existing and former directors, officers, employees and agents of the registrant who are sued or threatened to be sued because they are or were directors, officers, employees and agents of the registrant. Section 102(b)(7) of the DGCL permits a corporation, by so providing in its certificate of incorporation, to eliminate or limit director’s personal liability to the corporation and its stockholders for monetary damages arising out of certain breaches of their fiduciary duty. Section 102(b)(7) does not authorize any limitation on the ability of the corporation or its stockholders to obtain injunctive relief, specific performance or other equitable relief against directors.

### ITEM 25. OTHER EXPENSES OF ISSUANCE AND DISTRIBUTION

The following table sets forth various expenses which will be incurred and paid by us in connection with this registration statement. We will pay all costs, expenses and fees in connection with the registration of the shares offered by the selling stockholders. Brokerage commissions and similar selling expenses, if any, attributable to the sale of the shares will be borne by the selling stockholders.

SEC Registration Fee	\$ 3.62
Legal Fees and Expenses*	345,485.00
Accounting Fees and Expenses*	137,832.00
Printing Fees and Expenses*	78,003.00
Total	\$ 561,323.62

\* estimated

### ITEM 26. RECENT SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES

On February 6, 2004, we issued 1,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, to Splinx, LLC as part of our formation in exchange for a capital contribution of \$1,000 in a transaction that was exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

On January 12, 2005, under the terms of an employment agreement with our chief executive officer, we granted 400,000 shares of restricted common stock that are subject to a lapsing right of forfeiture. The right of forfeiture lapsed immediately upon issuance with respect to 133,333 shares, and lapses thereafter at the rate of 33,333 shares per month until fully lapsed. No cash consideration was paid for these restricted shares.

On January 18, 2005, pursuant to an employment agreement dated September 1, 2004, we granted to Michael Stojda, our Director, President and Chief Executive Officer, the following options:

- An option to purchase 2,000,000 shares of common stock under the 2004 Stock Option Plan with an exercise price of \$0.20 per share. As of March 31, 2005, this option was vested with respect to 388,888 shares, and the remaining shares vest at a rate of 55,555 per month over the following 29 months.

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- An option to purchase 1,500,000 shares of common stock. This option was not granted under the 2004 Stock Option Plan and has an exercise price of \$0.50 per share. This option will be fully vested upon the first to occur of (1) the date that the cumulative revenues of the Splinx exceed \$50,000,000 or (2) September 1, 2009.

On January 14, 2005, our Board of Directors approved the issuance of options to purchase an aggregate of 1,825,000 shares of the common stock to employees of our company under the 2004 Stock Option Plan. All employees received options. These options have an exercise price of \$0.10 per share, and vested 12.5% on the date of grant, 12.5% on June 24, 2005, and 12.5% every six months thereafter and expire on the ten-year anniversary of the grant. The options were formally delivered in May and June 2005.

On January 24, 2005, we issued 20,629 shares of restricted common stock to Ener1 Group, Inc. in partial reimbursement for certain expenses paid for by Ener1 Group, Inc. at a value of \$0.25 per share.

On January 25, 2005, under the terms of an employment agreement with our vice president of research and development, we granted 250,000 shares of restricted common stock that are subject to a lapsing right of forfeiture. The right of forfeiture will lapse with respect to 62,500 of the shares on the one-year anniversary of the employment agreement and at a rate of 5,208 shares per month thereafter until fully lapsed. No cash consideration was paid for these restricted shares. We also issued an option to purchase 1,000,000 shares of our common stock to him. This option was granted under the 2004 Stock Option Plan and has an exercise price of \$0.20 per share. On January 12, 2006, this option will vest with respect to 250,000 shares. The option will vest with respect to an additional 20,833 shares per month commencing February 12, 2005.

Each of the securities issuances described above was a private placement that did not involve a public offering and was exempt from registration under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

**ITEM 27. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES**

The following is a list of exhibits filed with this registration statement:

<b>Exhibit Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
2.1**	Agreement and Plan of Merger among Ener1 Acquisition Corp., Registrant and Ener1, Inc., dated as of June 9, 2004
2.2 **	First Amendment to Agreement and Plan of Merger among Ener1 Acquisition Corp., Registrant and Ener1, Inc., dated as of October 13, 2004
2.3**	Second Amendment to Agreement and Plan of Merger among Ener1 Acquisition Corp., Splinx and Ener1, Inc., dated as of December 23, 2004
3.1**	Certificate of Incorporation of Registrant
3.2**	Certificate of Merger of Registrant
3.3**	Bylaws of Registrant
5.1**	Opinion of White & Case LLP as to the legality of the common stock
10.1**	Revolving Debt Funding Commitment Agreement between Bzinfin, S.A. and Registrant, dated as of June 9, 2004
10.2**	2004 Stock Option Plan of Registrant
10.3**	Form Stock Option Agreement of Registrant
10.4**	Sublease Agreement between Ener1 Group, Inc. and Splinx, LLC, dated as of November 1, 2003, assigned to Registrant as of April 1, 2004.
10.5**	Contribution Agreement between Splinx, LLC and Registrant, dated as of April 1, 2004
10.6**	Assignment and Assumption of Employment Agreements between Splinx, LLC and Registrant, dated as of April 1, 2004
10.7**	Global Bill of Sale and Assignment and Assumption Agreement between Splinx, LLC and Registrant, dated as of April 1, 2004
10.8**	

Employment letter between Gerard Herlihy and Registrant, dated May 20, 2004

10.9\*\* Consulting Agreement between Dr. Peter Novak and Registrant, dated January 1, 2004

10.10\*\* Form of Employee Innovations and Proprietary Rights Assignment Agreement

10.11\*\* Form of Indemnification Agreement

10.12 \*\* Employment Agreement between Michael Stojda and Registrant, dated September 1, 2004

10.13\*\* Bridge Loan Agreement between Registrant and Ener1 Group, Inc. dated November 2, 2004

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10.14\*\* Amendment to Bridge Loan Agreement between Registrant and Ener1 Group, Inc. dated November 17, 2004

10.15 Employment Agreement between Christian Schormann and Registrant dated January 12, 2005, incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.15 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by Registrant with the Commission on January 25, 2005.

10.16 Reseller Agreement between Waterloo Maple Inc. and Registrant dated May 27, 2005, incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by Registrant with the Commission on June 3, 2005.

23.1 Consent of Kaufman, Rossin & Co.

23.2\*\* Consent of White & Case LLP (included in 5.1 above)

23.3 Consent of Daszkal Bolton LLC

24.1 Power of Attorney (included in the signature page of this Registration Statement)

99.1\*\* Form of letter to Ener1, Inc. shareholders to accompany final prospectus

99.2\*\* Opinion of Capitalink, L.C. to the independent committee of the Ener1, Inc. board of directors, dated June 7, 2004

99.3 \*\* Consent of Capitalink, L.C.

\*\* Previously filed.

**ITEM 28. UNDERTAKINGS** The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes:

(1) To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement:

(a) To include any prospectus required by Section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act;

(b) To reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of the registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in the registration statement.



Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than a 20 percent change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective registration statement;

(c) To include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in the registration statement or any material change to such information in the registration statement.

(2) That for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

(3) To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of this offering.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of Registrant pursuant to Item 14 of this Part II to the registration statement, or otherwise, Registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act, and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by Registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of Registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, Registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

**SIGNATURES**

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the Registrant certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form SB-2 and authorized this Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Fort Lauderdale, State of Florida, on August 23, 2005.

SPLINEX TECHNOLOGY INC.

By: /s/ Michael Stojda  
 Name: Michael Stojda  
 Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

**POWER OF ATTORNEY**

Each person whose signature appears below on this registration statement hereby constitutes and appoints Curtis Wolfe his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for him and in his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities (unless revoked in writing) to sign any and all amendments (including post-effective amendments thereto) to this registration statement to which this power of attorney is attached, and to file the same, with all exhibits thereto, and other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, granting to such attorneys-in-fact and agents, and each of them, full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done in connection therewith, as full to all intents and purposes as he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that such attorneys-in-fact and agents or any of them, or their or his substitute or substitutes, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement was signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates stated.

<b>Signature</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Date</b>
/s/ Michael Stojda _____ Michael Stojda	Director, President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)	August 23, 2005
/s/ * _____ Kevin Fitzgerald	Chairman of the Board	August 23, 2005
/s/ * _____ Peter Novak	Director	August 23, 2005
/s/ Curtis Wolfe _____ Curtis Wolfe	General Counsel, Secretary and Director	August 23, 2005
/s/ * _____ Edward Dubrovsky	Director	August 23, 2005

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/s/ Alexander  
Yarmolinsky

Director

August  
23, 2005

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Alexander Yarmolinsky

/s/ Gerard Herlihy

Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer &  
Principal Accounting Officer)

August  
23, 2005

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Gerard Herlihy

\* By: /s/ Curtis Wolfe

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Curtis Wolfe, Attorney-in-Fact

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**EXHIBIT INDEX**

**Exhibit  
Number Description**

23.1 Consent of Kaufman, Rossin & Co.

23.3 Consent of Daszkal Bolton LLC

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