

ROYAL BANK OF CANADA
Form FWP
December 04, 2017

ISSUER FREE WRITING PROSPECTUS

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Registration Statement No. 333-208507

Dated December 4, 2017

Royal Bank of Canada Capped GEARS

\$• Securities Linked to a Basket of Six Equity Indices due on or about February 28, 2019

Investment Description

Capped GEARS (each, a “Security” and collectively, the “Securities”) are unconditional, unsecured and unsubordinated debt securities issued by Royal Bank of Canada with returns linked to an unequally weighted basket (the “Underlying Basket”) of six equity indices, consisting of the EURO STOXX 50[®] Index (40.00% weighting), the FTSE[®] 100 Index (20.00% weighting), Nikkei 225 Index (20.00% weighting), the Swiss Market Index (7.50% weighting), the S&P/ASX 200 Index (7.50% weighting), and the Hang Seng[®] Index (5.00% Index)(the “Underlying Indices” and, each, an “Underlying Index”). If the Underlying Return (as defined below) is positive, we will repay the principal amount at maturity plus pay a return equal to 3 (the “Upside Gearing”) times the Underlying Return, up to the Maximum Gain. If the Underlying Return is negative, we will pay less than the principal amount at maturity and you will lose 1% of the principal amount of your Securities for every 1% decline in the level of the Underlying, up to a loss of 100% of your investment. Investing in the Securities involves significant risks. The Securities do not pay dividends or interest. You may lose some or all of the principal amount. Any payment on the Securities, including any repayment of principal, is subject to our creditworthiness. If we were to default on our payment obligations, you may not receive any amounts owed to you under the Securities and you could lose your entire investment. The Securities will not be listed on any securities exchange.

Features Key Dates¹

Enhanced Growth Potential Up to the Maximum Gain — At maturity, if the Underlying Return is positive, we will pay you the principal amount plus a return equal to the Upside Gearing times the Underlying Return, up to the Maximum Gain.

Full Downside Market Exposure — If the Underlying Return is zero, we will pay the full principal amount at maturity. However, if the Underlying Return is negative, investors will be exposed to the full downside performance of the Underlying, and we will pay less than the full principal amount, resulting in a loss of the principal amount that is¹ proportionate to the percentage decline in the Underlying. Accordingly, you may lose some or all of the principal amount of the Securities. Any payment on the Securities, including any repayment of principal, is subject to our creditworthiness.

Trade Date¹ December 27, 2017

Settlement Date¹ December 29, 2017

Final Valuation Date² February 25, 2019

Maturity Date² February 28, 2019

Expected. In the event that we make any change to the expected Trade Date and Settlement Date, the Final¹ Valuation Date and Maturity Date will be changed so that the stated term of the Securities remains approximately the same.

Subject to postponement in the event of a market disruption event and as described under “General Terms of the² Securities — Payment at Maturity” in the accompanying product prospectus supplement UBS-IND-1.

NOTICE TO INVESTORS: THE SECURITIES ARE SIGNIFICANTLY RISKIER THAN CONVENTIONAL DEBT INSTRUMENTS. THE ISSUER IS NOT NECESSARILY OBLIGATED TO REPAY THE FULL PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF THE SECURITIES AT MATURITY, AND THE SECURITIES HAVE FULL DOWNSIDE MARKET RISK SIMILAR OF THE UNDERLYING BASKET. THIS MARKET RISK IS IN

ADDITION TO THE CREDIT RISK INHERENT IN PURCHASING OUR DEBT OBLIGATION. YOU SHOULD NOT PURCHASE THE SECURITIES IF YOU DO NOT UNDERSTAND OR ARE NOT COMFORTABLE WITH THE SIGNIFICANT RISKS INVOLVED IN INVESTING IN THE SECURITIES.

YOU SHOULD CAREFULLY CONSIDER THE RISKS DESCRIBED UNDER “KEY RISKS” BEGINNING ON PAGE 5 OF THIS FREE WRITING PROSPECTUS AND UNDER “RISK FACTORS” BEGINNING ON PAGE PS-3 OF THE ACCOMPANYING PRODUCT PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT UBS-IND-1 BEFORE PURCHASING ANY SECURITIES. EVENTS RELATING TO ANY OF THOSE RISKS, OR OTHER RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES, COULD ADVERSELY AFFECT THE MARKET VALUE OF, AND THE RETURN ON, YOUR SECURITIES. YOU COULD LOSE SOME OR ALL OF THE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF THE SECURITIES.

Security Offering

We are offering Capped GEARS Linked to an unequally weighted basket of six equity indices. The Securities are offered at a minimum investment of 100 Securities, at the Price to Public described below. The return on the principal amount is subject to, and will not exceed, the predetermined Maximum Gain, which will be determined on the Trade Date. The indicative Maximum Gain range for the Securities is listed below.

Underlying Indices with Weightings	Bloomberg Symbols	Upside Gearing	Maximum Gain	Initial Basket Level	CUSIP	ISIN
EURO STOXX 50® Index (40.00%)	SX5E					
FTSE® 100 Index (20.00%)	UKX					
Nikkei 225 Index (20.00%)	NKY	3	17.35% to 19.35%	100.00	78013F792	US78013F7924
Swiss Market Index (7.50%)	SMI					
S&P/ASX 200 Index (7.50%)	AS51					
Hang Seng® Index (5.00%)	HSI					

See “Additional Information About Royal Bank of Canada and the Securities” in this free writing prospectus. The Securities will have the terms specified in the prospectus dated January 8, 2016, the prospectus supplement dated January 8, 2016, product prospectus supplement UBS-IND-1 dated January 5, 2017 and this free writing prospectus. Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the Securities or passed upon the accuracy or the adequacy of this free writing prospectus or the accompanying prospectus, prospectus supplement and product prospectus supplement UBS-IND-1. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

Offering of the Securities	Price to Public ⁽¹⁾		Fees and Commissions ⁽¹⁾		Proceeds to Us	
	Total	Per Security	Total	Per Security	Total	Per Security
	•	\$10.00	•	\$0.20	•	\$9.80

⁽¹⁾ UBS Financial Services Inc., which we refer to as UBS, will receive a commission that will depend on market conditions on the Trade Date. In no event will the commission received by UBS exceed \$0.20 per \$10 principal amount of the Securities. See “Supplemental Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)” on the last page of this free writing prospectus.

The initial estimated value of the Securities as of the date of this document is \$9.7674 per \$10 in principal amount, which is less than the price to public. The pricing supplement relating to the Securities will set forth our estimate of the initial value of the Securities as of the Trade Date, which will not be more than \$0.20 less than this amount. The actual value of the Securities at any time will reflect many factors, cannot be predicted with accuracy, and may be less than this amount. We describe our determination of the initial estimated value under “Key Risks” beginning on page 5 and “Supplemental Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)” and “Structuring the Securities” on page 23 of this free writing prospectus.

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The Securities will not constitute deposits insured under the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation Act or by the United States Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other Canadian or United States government agency or instrumentality.

UBS Financial Services Inc. RBC Capital Markets, LLC

Additional Information About Royal Bank of Canada and the Securities

Royal Bank of Canada has filed a registration statement (including a prospectus) with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, for the offering to which this free writing prospectus relates. Before you invest, you should read the prospectus in that registration statement and the other documents relating to this offering that Royal Bank of Canada has filed with the SEC for more complete information about Royal Bank of Canada and this offering. You may obtain these documents without cost by visiting EDGAR on the SEC website at www.sec.gov. Alternatively, Royal Bank of Canada, any agent or any dealer participating in this offering will arrange to send you the prospectus, the prospectus supplement, product prospectus supplement UBS-IND-1 and this free writing prospectus if you so request by calling toll-free 866-609-6009.

You may revoke your offer to purchase the Securities at any time prior to the time at which we accept such offer by notifying the applicable agent. We reserve the right to change the terms of, or reject any offer to purchase, the Securities prior to their issuance. In the event of any changes to the terms of the Securities, we will notify you and you will be asked to accept such changes in connection with your purchase. You may also choose to reject such changes, in which case we may reject your offer to purchase.

You should read this free writing prospectus together with the prospectus dated January 8, 2016, as supplemented by the prospectus supplement dated January 8, 2016, relating to our senior global medium-term notes, Series G, of which these Securities are a part, and the more detailed information contained in product prospectus supplement UBS-IND-1 dated January 5, 2017. This free writing prospectus, together with the documents listed below, contains the terms of the Securities and supersedes all other prior or contemporaneous oral statements as well as any other written materials including preliminary or indicative pricing terms, correspondence, trade ideas, structures for implementation, sample structures, fact sheets, brochures or other educational materials of ours. You should carefully consider, among other things, the matters set forth in "Risk Factors" in the accompanying product prospectus supplement UBS-IND-1, as the Securities involve risks not associated with conventional debt securities.

If the terms discussed in this free writing prospectus differ from those discussed in the product prospectus supplement, the prospectus supplement, or the prospectus, the terms discussed herein will control.

You may access these on the SEC website at www.sec.gov as follows (or if such address has changed, by reviewing our filing for the relevant date on the SEC website):

..Product prospectus supplement UBS-IND-1 dated January 5, 2017:

<https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1000275/000114036117000609/form424b5.htm>

..Prospectus supplement dated January 8, 2016:

<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1000275/000121465916008811/p14150424b3.htm>

..Prospectus dated January 8, 2016:

<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1000275/000121465916008810/j18160424b3.htm>

As used in this free writing prospectus, "we," "us" or "our" refers to Royal Bank of Canada.

Investor Suitability

The Securities may be suitable for you if, among other considerations:

.. You fully understand the risks inherent in an investment in the Securities, including the risk of loss of your entire initial investment.

.. You can tolerate the loss of some or all of the principal amount of the Securities and are willing to make an investment that has similar downside market risk as a hypothetical investment in the Underlying Basket.

.. You believe that the value of the Underlying Basket will appreciate over the term of the Securities and that the appreciation is unlikely to exceed the Maximum Gain.

You understand and accept that your potential return is limited by the Maximum Gain and you would be willing to invest in the Securities if the Maximum Gain was set to the bottom of the range indicated on the cover page of this free writing prospectus (the actual Maximum Gain will be determined on the Trade Date).

.. You can tolerate fluctuations in the price of the Securities prior to maturity that may be similar to or exceed the downside fluctuations in the value of the Underlying Basket.

.. You do not seek current income from your investment and are willing to forgo dividends paid on the securities represented by the Underlying Indices.

.. You are willing to hold the Securities to maturity and accept that there may be little or no secondary market for the Securities.

.. You understand and accept the risks associated with the Underlying Indices.

.. You are willing to assume our credit risk for all payments under the Securities, and understand that if we default on our obligations, you may not receive any amounts due to you, including any repayment of principal.

The Securities may not be suitable for you if, among other considerations:

.. You do not fully understand the risks inherent in an investment in the Securities, including the risk of loss of your entire initial investment.

.. You require an investment designed to provide a full return of principal at maturity.

.. You cannot tolerate the loss of some or all of the principal amount of the Securities, and you are not willing to make an investment that has similar downside market risk as a hypothetical investment in the Underlying Basket.

You believe that the value of the Underlying Basket will decline over the term of the Securities, or you believe the value of the Underlying Basket will appreciate over the term of the Securities by a percentage that exceeds the Maximum Gain.

.. You seek an investment that has unlimited return potential without a cap on appreciation.

.. You would be unwilling to invest in the Securities if the Maximum Gain was set to the bottom of the range indicated on the cover page of this free writing prospectus (the actual Maximum Gain will be determined on the Trade Date).

.. You cannot tolerate fluctuations in the price of the Securities prior to maturity that may be similar to or exceed the downside fluctuations in the value of the Underlying Basket.

.. You seek current income from this investment or prefer to receive the dividends paid on the securities represented by the Underlying Indices.

.. You are unable or unwilling to hold the Securities to maturity, or you seek an investment for which there will be an active secondary market.

.. You do not understand or accept the risks associated with the Underlying Indices.

You are not willing to assume our credit risk for all payments under the Securities, including any repayment of principal.

The suitability considerations identified above are not exhaustive. Whether or not the Securities are a suitable investment for you will depend on your individual circumstances, and you should reach an investment decision only after you and your investment, legal, tax, accounting, and other advisers have carefully considered the suitability of an investment in the Securities in light of your particular circumstances. You should also review carefully the “Key Risks” in this free writing prospectus and “Risk Factors” in the accompanying product prospectus supplement UBS-IND-1 for risks related to an investment in the Securities. In addition, you should review carefully the section below, “Information About the Underlying Indices,” for more information about the Underlying Indices.

Indicative Terms of the Securities¹

Issuer:	Royal Bank of Canada		
Issue Price:	\$10 per Security (subject to a minimum purchase of 100 Securities)		
Principal Amount:	\$10 per Security. The payment at maturity will be based on the principal amount.		
Term ² :	Approximately 14 months		
Underlying Basket:	An unequally weighted basket consisting of the following equity indices:		
	Underlying Indices	Bloomb erg Symbols	Compon ent Weightin gs
	EURO STOXX 50 [®] Index	SX5E	40.00%
	FTSE [®] 100 Index	UKX	20.00%
	Nikkei 225 Index	NKY	20.00%
	Swiss Market Index	SMI	7.50%
	S&P/ASX 200 Index	AS51	7.50%
	Hang Seng [®] Index	HSI	5.00%
Upside Gearing:	3		
Maximum Gain:	The Maximum Gain is expected to be between 17.35%-19.35% (to be determined on the Trade Date). If the Underlying Return is positive or zero, we will pay you: \$10 + (\$10 x the lesser of (i) Upside Gearing x Underlying Return and (ii) Maximum Gain)		
Payment at Maturity (per \$10 Security):	If the Underlying Return is negative, we will pay you: \$10 + (\$10 x Underlying Return) In this scenario, you will lose some or all of the principal amount of the Securities, in an amount proportionate to the negative Underlying Return.		
Underlying Return:	$\frac{\text{Final Basket Level} - \text{Initial Basket Level}}{\text{Initial Basket Level}}$		
Initial Basket Level:	To be set to 100 on the Trade Date.		
Final Basket Level:	$10 \times [1 + (\text{the sum of the Index Return of each Underlying Index multiplied by its Component Weighting})]$		
Index Return of Each Underlying Index:	The Index Return with respect to each Underlying Index reflects the performance of that Underlying Index, calculated as follows: $\frac{\text{Final Level} - \text{Initial Level}}{\text{Initial Level}}$		
Initial Level:	With respect to each Underlying Index, the Index Closing Level of that Underlying Index on the Trade Date, as indicated in the table above.		

Final Level: With respect to each Underlying Index, the Index Closing Level of that Underlying Index on the Final Valuation Date. If there is a market disruption event as to an Underlying Index on the Final Valuation Date, or if that date is not a trading day as to an Underlying Index, only the determination of the Final Level for that Underlying Index will be postponed, as set forth in the product prospectus supplement.

Investment Timeline

Trade Date: The Maximum Gain is set. The Initial Level of each Underlying Index is determined, and the Initial Basket Level is set to 100.

The Final Level and the Underlying Return of each Underlying Index, the Final Underlying Level and the Underlying Return are determined.

If the Underlying Return is positive or zero, we will pay you a cash payment per \$10 Security that provides you with your principal amount plus a return equal to the Underlying Return multiplied by the Upside Gearing, subject to the Maximum Gain. Your payment at maturity per \$10 Security will be equal to:

Maturity Date:

$\$10 + (\$10 \times \text{the lesser of (i) Upside Gearing} \times \text{Underlying Return and (ii) Maximum Gain})$

If the Underlying Return is negative, we will pay you a cash payment that is less than the principal amount per Security, resulting in a loss of principal that is proportionate to the percentage decline in the Underlying, and equal to:

$\$10 + (\$10 \times \text{Underlying Return})$

In this scenario, you will lose some or all of the principal amount of the Securities, in an amount proportionate to the negative Underlying Return.

INVESTING IN THE SECURITIES INVOLVES SIGNIFICANT RISKS. YOU MAY LOSE SOME OR ALL OF YOUR PRINCIPAL AMOUNT. ANY PAYMENT ON THE SECURITIES, INCLUDING ANY REPAYMENT OF PRINCIPAL, IS SUBJECT TO OUR CREDITWORTHINESS. IF WE WERE TO DEFAULT ON OUR PAYMENT OBLIGATIONS, YOU MAY NOT RECEIVE ANY AMOUNTS OWED TO YOU UNDER THE SECURITIES AND YOU COULD LOSE YOUR ENTIRE INVESTMENT.

¹ Terms used in this free writing prospectus, but not defined herein, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the product prospectus supplement.

² In the event we make any change to the expected Trade Date and Settlement Date, the Final Valuation Date and Maturity Date will be changed to ensure that the stated term of the Securities remains approximately the same.

Key Risks

An investment in the Securities involves significant risks. Investing in the Securities is not equivalent to investing directly in any of the component securities of the Underlying Indices. These risks are explained in more detail in the “Risk Factors” section of the accompanying product prospectus supplement UBS-IND-1. We also urge you to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisors before investing in the Securities.

Risks Relating to the Securities Generally

Your Investment in the Securities May Result in a Loss of Principal: The Securities differ from ordinary debt securities in that we are not necessarily obligated to repay the full principal amount of the Securities at maturity. The return on the Securities at maturity is linked to the performance of the Underlying and will depend on whether, and the extent to which, the Underlying Return is positive or negative. If the Final Basket Level is less than the Initial Basket Level, you will be fully exposed to any negative Underlying Return and we will pay you less than your principal amount at maturity, resulting in a loss of principal of your Securities that is proportionate to the percentage decline in the Underlying. Accordingly, you could lose the entire principal amount of the Securities.

The Upside Gearing Applies Only if You Hold the Securities to Maturity: The application of the Upside Gearing only applies at maturity. If you are able to sell your Securities prior to maturity in the secondary market, the price you receive will likely not reflect the full effect of the Upside Gearing and the return you realize may be less than the Upside Gearing times the return of the Underlying at the time of sale, even if that return is positive and does not exceed the Maximum Gain.

The Appreciation Potential of the Securities Is Limited by the Maximum Gain: If the Underlying Return is positive, we will pay you \$10 per Security at maturity plus an additional return that will not exceed the Maximum Gain, regardless of the appreciation in the Underlying Basket, which may be significant. Therefore, you will not benefit from any appreciation of the Underlying Basket in excess of an amount that, when multiplied by the Upside Gearing, exceeds the Maximum Gain and your return on the Securities may be less than your return would be on a hypothetical direct investment in the securities represented by the Underlying Indices.

No Interest Payments: We will not pay any interest with respect to the Securities.

An Investment in the Securities Is Subject to Our Credit Risk: The Securities are our unsubordinated, unsecured debt obligations, and are not, either directly or indirectly, an obligation of any third party. Any payment to be made on the Securities, including any repayment of principal at maturity, depends on our ability to satisfy our obligations as they come due. As a result, our actual and perceived creditworthiness may affect the market value of the Securities and, in the event we were to default on our obligations, you may not receive any amounts owed to you under the terms of the Securities and you could lose your entire initial investment.

Your Return on the Securities May Be Lower than the Return on a Conventional Debt Security of Comparable Maturity: The return that you will receive on the Securities, which could be negative, may be less than the return you could earn on other investments. Even if your return is positive, your return may be less than the return you could earn if you bought a conventional senior interest bearing debt security that we issued with the same maturity date or if you invested directly in the securities represented by the Underlying Indices. Your investment may not reflect the full opportunity cost to you when you take into account factors that affect the time value of money.

Lack of Liquidity: The Securities will not be listed on any securities exchange. RBCCM intends to offer to purchase the Securities in the secondary market, but is not required to do so. Even if there is a secondary market, it may not provide enough liquidity to allow you to trade or sell the Securities easily. Because other dealers are not likely to make a secondary market for the Securities, the price at which you may be able to trade your Securities is likely to depend on the price, if any, at which RBCCM is willing to buy the Securities.

The Initial Estimated Value of the Securities Will Be Less than the Price to the Public: The initial estimated value that is set forth on the cover page of this document, and that will be set forth in the final pricing supplement for the Securities, will be less than the public offering price you pay for the Securities, does not represent a minimum price at which we, RBCCM or any of our other affiliates would be willing to purchase the Securities in any secondary market (if any exists) at any time. If you attempt to sell the Securities prior to maturity, their market value may be lower than the price you paid for them and the initial estimated value. This is due to, among other things, changes in the value of the Underlying Basket, the borrowing rate we pay to issue securities of this kind, and the inclusion in the price to the public of the underwriting discount, and our estimated profit and the costs relating to our hedging of the

Securities. These factors, together with various credit, market and economic factors over the term of the Securities, are expected to reduce the price at which you may be able to sell the Securities in any secondary market and will affect the value of the Securities in complex and unpredictable ways. Assuming no change in market conditions or any other relevant factors, the price, if any, at which you may be able to sell your Securities prior to maturity may be less than the price to public, as any such sale price would not be expected to include the underwriting discount, and our estimated profit and the costs relating to our hedging of the Securities. In addition, any price at which you may sell the Securities is likely to reflect customary bid-ask spreads for similar trades. In addition to bid-ask spreads, the value of the Securities determined for any secondary market price is expected to be based on the secondary market rate rather than the internal borrowing rate used to price the Securities and determine the initial estimated value. As a result, the secondary market price will be less than if the internal borrowing rate was used. The Securities are not designed to be short-term trading instruments. Accordingly, you should be able and willing to hold your Securities to maturity.

Our Initial Estimated Value of the Securities Is an Estimate Only, Calculated as of the Time the Terms of the Securities Are Set: The initial estimated value of the Securities is based on the value of our obligation to make the payments on the Securities, together with the mid-market value of the derivative embedded in the terms of the Securities. See “Structuring the Securities” below. Our estimate is based on a variety of assumptions, including our credit spreads, expectations as to dividends, interest rates and volatility, and the expected term of the Securities. These assumptions are based on certain forecasts about future events, which may prove to be incorrect. Other entities may value the Securities or similar securities at a price that is significantly different than we do. The value of the Securities at any time after the Trade Date will vary based on many factors, including changes in market conditions, and cannot be predicted with accuracy. As a result, the actual value you would receive if you sold the Securities in any secondary market, if any, should be expected to differ materially from the initial estimated value of your Securities and the amount that may be paid at maturity.

Changes in the Level of One or More of the Underlying Indices May Be Offset by Changes in the Level of One or More of the Other Underlying Indices: Changes in the levels of the Underlying Indices may not correlate with each other. At a time when the level of one of the Underlying Indices increases, the level of any other Underlying Indices may not increase as much or may even decline. Therefore, in calculating the Final Basket Level, an increase in the level of one of the Underlying Indices may be moderated, or more than offset, by a lesser increase or decline in the level of any other Underlying Indices. In addition, because the SX5E makes up 40% of the Underlying Basket, we expect that generally the

market value of your Securities and your payment at maturity will depend to a greater extent on the performance of the SX5E than the performance of each of the other Underlying Indices. Further, high correlation of movements in the levels of the Underlying Indices during periods of negative returns among the Underlying Indices could have an adverse effect on any payment on the Securities.

No Dividend Payments or Voting Rights: Investing in the Securities is not equivalent to investing directly in any of the component securities of an Underlying Index. As a holder of the Securities, you will not have voting rights or rights to receive cash dividends or other distributions or other rights that holders of the equity securities underlying an Underlying Index would have. Each Underlying Index is a price return index, and its Index Return excludes any cash dividend payments paid on its component stocks.

An Investment in the Securities Is Subject to Risks Associated with Non-U.S. Securities Markets: The securities included in each Underlying Index have been issued by non-U.S. companies. An investment in securities linked to the value of non-U.S. equity securities involves particular risks. Non-U.S. securities markets may be more volatile than U.S. securities markets, and market developments may affect non-U.S. securities markets differently from the U.S. securities markets. Direct or indirect government intervention to stabilize these non-U.S. securities markets, as well as cross shareholdings among non-U.S. companies, may affect trading prices and volumes in those markets.

Also, there is generally less publicly available information in the U.S. about non-U.S. companies than about those U.S. companies that are subject to the reporting requirements of the SEC, and non-U.S. companies are subject to accounting, disclosure, auditing and financial reporting standards and requirements that differ from those applicable to U.S. reporting companies.

Prices of securities in non-U.S. countries are subject to political, economic, financial and social factors that may be unique to the particular countries. These factors, which could negatively affect the non-U.S. securities markets, include the possibility of recent or future changes in the economic and fiscal policies of non-U.S. governments, the possible imposition of, or changes in, currency exchange laws or other non-U.S. laws or restrictions applicable to non-U.S. companies or investments in non-U.S. equity securities, the possibility of fluctuations in the rate of exchange between currencies, the possibility of outbreaks of hostility and political instability and the possibility of natural disaster or adverse public health developments in the relevant region. Moreover, the economies of certain foreign countries may differ favorably or unfavorably from the U.S. economy in important respects, such as growth of gross national product, rate of inflation, trade surpluses or deficits, capital reinvestment, resources and self-sufficiency.

The Return on the Securities Will Not Be Adjusted for the Exchange Rates Related to the Underlying Indices: Although the equity securities that comprise each Underlying Index are traded in the foreign currencies, and your Securities are denominated in U.S. dollars, the amount payable on your Securities will not be adjusted for changes in the exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and the relevant foreign currencies. Therefore, if a relevant foreign currency appreciates or depreciates relative to the U.S. dollar over the term of the Securities, you will not receive any additional payment or incur any reduction in any payment on the Securities. Changes in exchange rates, however, may also reflect changes in the foreign economies that in turn may affect the level of an Underlying Index, and therefore the return on your Securities.

Changes Affecting an Underlying Index: The policies of an index sponsor concerning additions, deletions and substitutions of the stocks included in the relevant Underlying Index and the manner in which the index sponsor takes account of certain changes affecting those stocks included in the relevant Underlying Index may adversely affect the level of that Underlying Index. The policies of an index sponsor with respect to the calculation of the relevant Underlying Index could also adversely affect the level of that Underlying Index. An index sponsor may discontinue or suspend calculation or dissemination of the relevant Underlying Index and has no obligation to consider your interests in the Securities when taking any action regarding the relevant Underlying Index. Any such actions could have an adverse effect on the value of the Securities.

The Historical Levels of any Underlying Index Should Not Be Taken as an Indication of Its Future Prices During the Term of the Securities: The levels of the Underlying Indices will determine the value of the Securities at any given time. However, it is impossible to predict whether the level of any Underlying Index will rise or fall, and the levels of the Underlying Indices will be influenced by complex and interrelated political, economic, financial and other factors that can affect the value of the Underlying Basket.

Potential Conflicts: We and our affiliates play a variety of roles in connection with the issuance of the Securities, including hedging our obligations under the Securities. In performing these duties, the economic interests of the

calculation agent and other affiliates of ours are potentially adverse to your interests as an investor in the Securities. Potentially Inconsistent Research, Opinions or Recommendations by RBCCM, UBS or Their Affiliates: RBCCM, UBS or their respective affiliates may publish research, express opinions or provide recommendations that are inconsistent with investing in or holding the Securities, and which may be revised at any time. Any such research, opinions or recommendations could affect the value of the Underlying Basket, and therefore, the market value of the Securities.

..Uncertain Tax Treatment: Significant aspects of the tax treatment of an investment in the Securities are uncertain. You should consult your tax adviser about your tax situation.

Potential Royal Bank of Canada and UBS Impact on Price: Trading or other transactions by Royal Bank of Canada, UBS and our respective affiliates in the equity securities composing an Underlying Index or in futures, options, exchange-traded funds or other derivative products on those equity securities may adversely affect the market value of those equity securities, the level of that Underlying Index, and, therefore, the market value of the Securities.

The Probability That the value of the Basket Will Fall Below the Initial Basket Level on the Final Valuation Date Will Depend on the Volatility of the Underlying Indices: "Volatility" refers to the frequency and magnitude of changes in the level of the Underlying Indices. Greater expected volatility with respect to the Underlying Indices reflects a higher expectation as of the Trade Date that the level Basket could close below the Initial Basket Level on the Final Valuation Date, resulting in the loss of some or all of your investment. However, an Underlying Index's volatility can change significantly over the term of the Securities. The level of the Basket could fall sharply, which could result in a significant loss of principal.

The Terms of the Securities at Issuance and Their Market Value Prior to Maturity Will Be Influenced by Many Unpredictable Factors: Many economic and market factors will influence the terms of the Securities at issuance and their value prior to maturity. These factors are similar in some ways to those that could affect the value of a combination of instruments that might be used to replicate the payments on the Securities, including a combination of a bond with one or more options or other derivative instruments. For the market value of the Securities, we expect that, generally, the levels of the Underlying Indices on any day will affect the value of the Securities more than any other single factor. However, you should not expect the value of the Securities in the secondary market to vary in proportion to changes in the levels of the Underlying Indices. The value of the Securities will be affected by a number of other factors that may either offset or magnify each other, including:

- the actual or expected volatility of each Underlying Index;
 - the time remaining to maturity of the Securities;
 - the dividend rates on the equity securities included in the Underlying Indices;
 - interest and yield rates in the market generally, as well as in each of the markets of the equity securities included in the Underlying Indices;
 - a variety of economic, financial, political, regulatory or judicial events; and
 - our creditworthiness, including actual or anticipated downgrades in our credit ratings.
- Some or all of these factors will influence the terms of the Securities at issuance as well as the price you will receive if you choose to sell the Securities prior to maturity. The impact of any of the factors set forth above may enhance or offset some or all of any change resulting from another factor or factors. You may have to sell the Securities at a substantial discount from the principal amount if, for example, the level of the Underlying is at, below or not sufficiently above, the Initial Basket Level.

Hypothetical Examples and Return Table at Maturity

Hypothetical terms only. Actual terms may vary. See the cover page for actual offering terms. The following table and hypothetical examples below illustrate the payment at maturity per \$10.00 Security for a hypothetical range of Underlying Returns from -100.00% to +100.00% and assume a hypothetical Initial Underlying Level of 100.00 and a hypothetical Maximum Gain of 17.35% (the low end of the range set forth above), and reflect the Upside Gearing of 3. The actual Maximum Gain will be set on the Trade Date. The hypothetical Payment at Maturity examples set forth below are for illustrative purposes only and may not be the actual returns applicable to a purchaser of the Securities. The actual payment at maturity will be determined based on the Final Underlying Level on the Final Valuation Date. You should consider carefully whether the Securities are suitable to your investment goals. The numbers appearing in the table below have been rounded for ease of analysis.

Example 1 – On the Final Valuation Date, the Underlying closes 2% above the Initial Underlying Level. Because the Underlying Return is positive, we will pay you an amount based upon the lesser of the Underlying Return times the Upside Gearing and the hypothetical Maximum Gain. Since the Underlying Return of 2% times the Upside Gearing is less than the hypothetical Maximum Gain, we will pay you at maturity a cash payment of \$10.60 per \$10 principal amount Security, calculated as follows:

$$\$10 + (\$10 \times 2\% \times 3) = \$10 + \$0.60 = \$10.60$$

Example 2 – On the Final Valuation Date, the Underlying closes 40% above the Initial Underlying Level. Because the Underlying Return is positive, we will pay you an amount based upon the lesser of the Underlying Return times the Upside Gearing and the hypothetical Maximum Gain. Since the Underlying Return of 40% times the Upside Gearing is greater than the hypothetical Maximum Gain, we will pay you at maturity a cash payment of \$11.735 per \$10 principal amount Security, calculated as follows:

$$\$10 + (\$10 \times 17.35\%) = \$10 + \$1.735 = \$11.735$$

Example 3 – On the Final Valuation Date, the Underlying closes 40% below the Initial Underlying Level. Because the Underlying Return is -40%, which is negative, we will pay you at maturity a cash payment of \$6.00 per \$10 principal amount Security (a 40% loss on the principal amount), calculated as follows:

$$\$10 + (\$10 \times -40\%) = \$10 - \$4.00 = \$6.00$$

Hypothetical Final Underlying Level (\$)	Hypothetical Underlying Return ¹	Hypothetical Payment at Maturity (\$)	Hypothetical Total Return on Securities ²	
\$200.00	100.00%	\$11.735	17.35%	
\$175.00	75.00%	\$11.735	17.35%	
\$150.00	50.00%	\$11.735	17.35%	
\$140.00	40.00%	\$11.735	17.35%	
\$130.00	30.00%	\$11.735	17.35%	
\$120.00	20.00%	\$11.735	17.35%	
\$110.00	10.00%	\$11.735	17.35%	
\$105.78	5.78%	\$11.735	17.35%	
\$104.00	4.00%	\$12.00	12.00%	
\$102.00	2.00%	\$6.00	6.00%	
\$100.00	0.00%	\$0.00	0.00%	
\$90.00	-10.00%	\$9.00	-10.00%	
\$80.00	-20.00%	\$8.00	-20.00%	
\$75.00				
Net (loss) income		\$	(6,796) \$	24,044
Unrealized (loss) gain on available-for-sale securities			(16)	347
Unrealized gain (loss) on deferred compensation				(46)
Realized gain on interest risk hedges, net				359
Unrealized (loss) gain on interest risk hedges, net				(1)
Comprehensive (loss) income		\$	(6,812) \$	24,703

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CENTRO NP LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES (THE COMPANY)

(AS SUCCESSOR TO NEW PLAN EXCEL REALTY TRUST, INC. (THE PREDECESSOR))

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited, in thousands)

	March 31, 2008	Company December 31, 2007
ASSETS		
Real estate:		
Land	\$ 980,380	\$ 1,200,343
Building and improvements	2,303,003	2,764,677
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(69,527)	(60,590)
Net real estate	3,213,856	3,904,430
Real estate held for sale	1,136	425
Cash and cash equivalents	18,903	34,706
Restricted cash	24,166	26,417
Marketable securities	4,618	6,774
Receivables:		
Trade, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$14,922 and \$20,480 at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively	20,386	24,584
Deferred rent, net of allowance of \$100 and \$131 at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively	7,616	6,804
Other, net	35,537	32,876
Mortgages and notes receivable	1,940	3,397
Prepaid expenses and deferred charges	11,218	19,250
Investments in/advances to unconsolidated ventures	803,738	475,605
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$102,761 and \$99,201 at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively	573,815	706,709
Goodwill	350,437	350,437
Other assets	20,320	32,716
Total assets	\$ 5,087,686	\$ 5,625,130
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS CAPITAL		
Liabilities:		
Mortgages payable, including unamortized premium of \$12,387 and \$13,426 at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively	\$ 447,654	\$ 451,675
Notes payable, net of unamortized premium of \$29,522 and \$30,465 at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively	859,739	860,681
Credit facilities	488,288	488,288
Capital leases	30,742	30,902
Other liabilities	354,995	529,061
Tenant security deposits	7,594	9,754
Total liabilities	2,189,012	2,370,361
Minority interest in consolidated partnership and joint ventures	86,535	86,210
Commitments and contingencies		
Members capital:		
Members capital	3,383,583	3,734,387
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(16)	(1,196)
Accumulated distribution in excess of net income	(571,428)	(564,632)
Total members capital	2,812,139	3,168,559

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Total liabilities and members' capital	\$	5,087,686	\$	5,625,130
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CENTRO NP LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES (THE COMPANY)

(AS SUCCESSOR TO NEW PLAN EXCEL REALTY TRUST, INC. (THE PREDECESSOR))

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited, in thousands)

	Company Three Months Ended March 31, 2008	Predecessor March 31, 2007
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net (loss) income	\$ (6,796)	\$ 24,044
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash (used in) provided by operations:		
Depreciation and amortization	56,773	24,551
Amortization of net premium/discount on mortgages and notes payable	(1,981)	(568)
Amortization of deferred debt and loan acquisition costs	5,196	1,865
Amortization of stock options		1,097
(Gain) loss on swaps		359
Amortization of asset retirement liabilities	31	15
Amortization of below market leases	(14,888)	(785)
Loss (gain) on sale of discontinued operations, net	1,122	(2,464)
Loss on sale of marketable securities	1,600	
Minority interest in income of consolidated partnership and joint ventures	1,610	291
Equity in income of unconsolidated ventures	2,756	(1,593)
Distributions of income from unconsolidated ventures		2,033
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net:		
Change in restricted cash	2,251	1,960
Change in trade receivables	(2,575)	917
Change in deferred rent receivables	(2,156)	(1,044)
Change in other receivables	(8,328)	(8,560)
Change in other liabilities	(56,256)	(15,055)
Change in tenant security deposits	(520)	501
Change in prepaid expenses, deferred charges and other assets	14,332	(1,349)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(7,829)	26,215
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Real estate acquisitions and building improvements	(35,888)	(45,669)
Acquisition, net of cash and restricted cash received		(27,014)
Proceeds from real estate sales, net	8,229	4,404
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities, net	1,932	
Repayments of mortgage notes receivable, net	1,457	3,778
Cash from joint venture consolidation		14
Capital contributions to unconsolidated joint ventures	(1,346)	(1,328)
Purchase of marketable securities	(196)	
Distributions of capital from unconsolidated joint ventures	1,339	1,442
Net cash used in investing activities	(24,473)	(64,373)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Principal payments of mortgages and notes payable	(3,142)	(9,799)
Proceeds from credit facility borrowing	38,300	85,000
Repayment of credit facility	(9,700)	(7,000)
Financing fees	(2,651)	
Distributions paid to minority partners	(1,292)	(993)
Dividends paid		(37,597)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		693

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Distribution to members	(5,016)		
Proceeds from dividend reinvestment plan			1,839
Net cash provided by financing activities	16,499		32,143
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(15,803)		(6,015)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	34,706		7,916
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 18,903	\$	1,901
Supplemental Cash Flow Disclosure, including Non-Cash Activities:			
Cash paid for interest	\$ 38,454	\$	38,404
Capitalized interest	2,504		4,562
State and local taxes paid	810		151
Distribution of entity interest to parent (1)	369,553		
Contribution of entity interest to Centro NP Residual Holding LLC	355,060		
Partnership units issued in acquisition			12,020

(1) Recorded in connection with investment in an unconsolidated venture, Centro NP Residual Holding LLC discussed in Note 8.

(2) Recorded in connection with the Merger discussed in Note 1.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1: Merger and Liquidation

Merger Transaction

On February 27, 2007, New Plan Excel Realty Trust, Inc. (New Plan), and Excel Realty Partners, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership in which New Plan, through a wholly owned subsidiary, is the general partner, entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the Merger Agreement) with Centro NP LLC (formerly Super IntermediateCo LLC) (Centro NP), Super MergerSub Inc. (MergerSub), and Super DownREIT MergerSub LLC (Super REIT MergerSub and together with Centro NP and MergerSub, the Buyer Parties). The Buyer Parties are affiliates of Centro Properties Group, an Australian publicly traded real estate company (Centro). Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, MergerSub commenced and completed a tender offer (the Offer) to purchase all outstanding shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share (Common Stock), of New Plan at a price of \$33.15 per share, net to the holders thereof, in cash (the Offer Price). The Offer, as supplemented by a subsequent offering period, expired at 12:00 midnight, New York City time, on Wednesday, April 18, 2007. On April 5, 2007, following the expiration of the initial offering period of the Offer, MergerSub accepted for payment, and purchased, all of the approximately 69,105,909 shares of Common Stock, representing approximately 66.7% of the outstanding shares of Common Stock, that had been validly tendered in the initial offering period of the Offer. On April 19, 2007, following the expiration of the subsequent offering period of the Offer, MergerSub accepted for payment, and purchased, all of the approximately 22,096,621 shares of Common Stock, which, together with the shares purchased in the initial offering period, represented approximately 88.0% of the outstanding shares of Common Stock, that had been validly tendered in the subsequent offering period of the Offer. On April 19, 2007, MergerSub exercised its top-up option pursuant to the Merger Agreement to acquire an additional 52,929,108 shares of Common Stock from New Plan at a purchase price equal to the Offer Price, which number of shares was sufficient to permit MergerSub to effect a short-form merger of MergerSub into New Plan under Maryland law without the vote of, or any action by, the New Plan stockholders. MergerSub used approximately \$1.5 billion of borrowings under a term facility (the Tender Facility) from J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and certain of its affiliates to finance payments related to the Offer. The Tender Facility was outstanding from April 5, 2007 to April 20, 2007, and amounts outstanding thereunder bore interest at a rate per annum equal to the monthly Eurodollar rate determined as set forth in the Tender Facility Agreement. On April 20, 2007, the Tender Facility was repaid in full and terminated in connection with the closing of the Mergers (as defined below).

On April 20, 2007, New Plan and the Buyer Parties completed the other transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement, pursuant to which, among other things, MergerSub merged with and into New Plan (the Merger), with New Plan surviving the Merger, and in connection therewith, Super DownREIT Acquisition L.P. (DownREIT Acquisition) merged with and into Excel Realty Partners, L.P. (the DownREIT Partnership), with the DownREIT Partnership continuing as the surviving limited partnership (the DownREIT Merger, and together with the Merger, the Mergers). In connection with the Merger, (a) each share of Common Stock (other than shares held by New Plan or any subsidiary of New Plan or by Purchaser) was converted into the right to receive the same \$33.15 in cash per share as was paid in the Offer, without interest, and (b) each outstanding option to purchase Common Stock under any employee stock option or incentive plan became fully vested and exercisable (whether or not then vested or subject to any performance condition that has not been satisfied, and regardless of the exercise price thereof or the terms of any other agreement regarding the vesting, delivery or payment thereof) and was cancelled in exchange for the right to receive, for each share of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of such option, cash in the amount equal to the excess, if any, of the Offer Price over the exercise price per share of such option. As a result of the Merger, New Plan became a wholly owned subsidiary of Centro NP and any stockholder who held shares of Common Stock prior to the Merger ceased to be a stockholder effective as of the Merger.

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On April 20, 2007, immediately following the Merger, New Plan, as the surviving corporation of the Merger, was liquidated (the Liquidation), and in connection with the Liquidation, (a) all of New Plan's assets were transferred to, and all of its liabilities were assumed by, Centro NP, (b) all outstanding shares of preferred stock of New Plan were automatically converted into, and cancelled in exchange for the right to receive, cash liquidating distributions in accordance with their terms, and (c) all shares of common stock of New Plan were cancelled. As a result of the Merger and Liquidation, New Plan filed a Certification and Notice of Termination of Registration on Form 15 pursuant to which it terminated its reporting obligations under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as

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amended (the Exchange Act), with respect to its Common Stock and 7.625% Series E Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock.

Immediately following the Merger and the Liquidation, the Company's employees became employees of Centro US Management Joint Venture 2, LP (formerly known as Centro Watt Management Joint Venture 2, L.P. and referred to in these notes as the Management Joint Venture). The distribution occurred in order to comply with certain tax restrictions applicable to the Company's ultimate equity owners and to permit such employees to serve management functions at other properties controlled by the Company's affiliates. Following this distribution, the Management Joint Venture managed the Company's properties, although during a transition period, certain of the Company's subsidiaries continued to provide payroll, benefit and other transition services with respect to the Company's former employees. Such transition services continued through March 31, 2008. Contracts memorializing the management services arrangements under which the Company has been operating were entered into on March 28, 2008 in connection with an amendment to the Company's revolving credit facility.

Although the Company's employees were employed by the Management Joint Venture shortly following the Merger and Liquidation, for the period January 1, 2008 to March 31, 2008, the Company continued to incur all costs relating to the payroll and benefits of their employees employed by the Management Joint Venture as well as incurring other transition services while the Management Joint Venture finalized arrangements to replicate such functions.

On the basis that the Company continues to provide services on a transitional basis, for accounting purposes, the Distribution, Contribution and Assignment Agreement between the company, Super LLC, Management Joint Venture, Centro US Employment Company, LLC and Centro New Plan, Inc (a member of Super LLC) dated March 28, 2008, has not been reflected during the period to March 31, 2008.

In connection with the Mergers, Centro NP, New Plan Realty Trust, LLC (as successor to New Plan Realty Trust, but only with respect to the 1999 Indenture (as defined below)) and U.S. Bank Trust National Association, as trustee (the Trustee) entered into supplemental indentures (the Supplemental Indentures), each dated as of April 20, 2007, to (i) the Indenture dated as of March 29, 1995 (the 1995 Indenture), by and between New Plan (as successor to New Plan Realty Trust) and the Trustee (as successor to State Street Bank and Trust Company, as successor to The First National Bank of Boston), (ii) the Indenture dated as of February 3, 1999 (the 1999 Indenture), by and among New Plan, New Plan Realty Trust, as guarantor, and the Trustee (as successor to State Street Bank and Trust Company), and (iii) the Indenture dated as of January 30, 2004 (the 2004 Indenture), and collectively with the 1995 Indenture and the 1999 Indenture, the Indentures), by and between New Plan and the Trustee. The Supplemental Indentures each provided for the assumption by Centro NP of all of the obligations of New Plan under each of the Indentures, effective upon consummation of the Merger.

Centro NP, as the successor obligor on New Plan's unsecured senior notes, intends to continue to file with the SEC any annual reports, quarterly reports and other documents that it is required to file with the SEC pursuant to the 1995 Indenture governing the unsecured senior notes or pursuant to Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act.

Accounting Treatment

In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 141, *Business Combinations* (SFAS No. 141), a business combination occurs when an entity acquires net assets that constitute a business or acquires equity interest of one or more other entities and obtains control over that entity or entities. Control is defined by SFAS No. 141 as ownership by one company, directly or indirectly, of over fifty percent of the outstanding voting shares of another company. For accounting purposes, SFAS No. 141 further states that the designated acquisition date should be the date that effective control of the acquired entity is transferred to the acquiring entity without restrictions, except those required to protect the shareholders or other owners of the acquired entity. In conjunction with the transactions described above, Centro NP LLC acquired a 66.7% controlling interest in New Plan on April 5, 2007. As such, with respect to the results of operations of Centro NP, April 5, 2007 is used as the acquisition date throughout the remainder of this document. Accordingly, the Consolidated Financial Statements contained in this report represent the results of operations and

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financial condition of New Plan (which is referred to as the Predecessor herein) prior to March 31, 2007, and of Centro NP for the period from January 1, 2008 through March 31, 2008. Notwithstanding the foregoing, New Plan's stock remained outstanding until April 20, 2007, at which point MergerSub, subsequently Centro NP, acquired the remaining outstanding shares of Common Stock. Accordingly, any discussion pertaining to New Plan's common stock, preferred stock or stock-based compensation will reference April 20, 2007.

The aggregate purchase price of the Merger has been allocated in accordance with SFAS No. 141 at the date of acquisition, based on the Company's evaluation of information and estimates available at such date. Accordingly, all assets were recorded at their fair values at the time of acquisition. The total aggregate purchase price had been allocated as follows:

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ASSETS	
Net real estate	\$ 4,484,647
Cash and cash equivalents	96,964
Restricted cash	18,988
Marketable securities	6,230
Receivables:	
Trade, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	34,593
Other, net	30,818
Mortgages and notes receivable	626
Prepaid expenses and deferred charges	16,028
Investments in/advances to unconsolidated ventures	174,233
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization	937,992
Goodwill	825,612
Other assets	19,379
Total assets	\$ 6,646,110
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS CAPITAL	
Liabilities:	
Mortgages payable, including unamortized premium	\$ 444,649
Notes payable, net of unamortized premium	1,266,814
Credit agreements	305,412
Capital leases	31,331
Due to Centro Property Trust	303,400
Other liabilities	597,831
Tenant security deposits	9,948
Total liabilities	2,959,385
Minority interest in consolidated partnership and joint ventures	88,923
Commitments and contingencies	
Members capital:	
Members capital	3,597,802
Total members capital	3,597,802
Total liabilities and members capital	\$ 6,646,110

The total aggregate purchase price consideration for the Merger was approximately \$3.6 billion, including costs associated with the acquisition. There were no contingency payments or commitments provided under the Merger Agreement.

Note 2: Description of Business

Centro NP LLC (together with its wholly-owned and majority-owned subsidiaries and consolidated entities, the Company) was formed in February 2007 in connection with the Offer and the Mergers, and to succeed the operations of New Plan Excel Realty Trust, Inc. (together with its wholly-owned and majority-owned subsidiaries and consolidated entities, New Plan or the Predecessor). Prior to the consummation of the Offer and the Mergers, the Company engaged in no activities other than those incident to its formation and the execution of the Merger Agreement. The principal business of the Company is the ownership and development of community and neighborhood shopping centers throughout the United States. Prior to the consummation of the Mergers and the Liquidation (described in Note 1, Merger and Liquidation) the Predecessor was operated as a self-administered, self-managed real estate investment trust (REIT). As a result of the Merger and Liquidation, the Company is no longer operating as a REIT. On May 3, 2007, the Company s name was changed from Super IntermediateCo LLC to Centro NP LLC.

CENTRO NP LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES (THE COMPANY)

(AS SUCCESSOR TO NEW PLAN EXCEL REALTY TRUST, INC. (THE PREDECESSOR))

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 3: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of Consolidation

All references to we, us, our, ours, Centro NP or the Company in these notes refer to Centro NP LLC and its wholly-owned and majority subsidiaries and consolidated entities, unless the context indicates otherwise. All references to the Predecessor or New Plan in these notes refer to New Plan Excel Realty Trust, Inc. and its wholly-owned and majority owned subsidiaries and consolidated entities, as it existed prior to April 5, 2007, unless the context indicates otherwise.

The consolidated financial statements covered in this report represent the results of operations and financial condition of the Predecessor prior to April 5, 2007, and subsequently of the Company for the period from April 5, 2007 through March 31, 2008. The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Company and the Predecessor include accounts of their wholly-owned subsidiaries and all partnerships in which they have a controlling interest. The portion of these entities not owned by the Company or the Predecessor is presented as minority interest as of and during the periods presented. All inter-entity transactions have been eliminated.

When the Company obtains an economic interest in an entity, the Company evaluates the entity to determine (i) if the entity is a variable interest entity (VIE), (ii) if the Company is the primary beneficiary, in accordance with FASB Interpretation No. 46R, *Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities* (FIN 46) and (iii) whether the Company has a controlling interest in the entity, in accordance with the FASB's Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue No. 04-5, *Determining Whether a General Partner, or the General Partners as a Group, Controls a Limited Partnership or Similar Entity When the Limited Partners Have Certain Rights* (EITF 04-5). The Company consolidates (i) entities that are VIEs that the Company is deemed to be the primary beneficiary of in accordance with FIN 46 and (ii) entities that are non-VIEs which the Company controls in accordance with EITF 04-5. Entities that the Company accounts for under the equity method (i.e., at cost, increased or decreased by the Company's share of earnings or losses, less distributions) include (i) entities that are VIEs that the Company is not deemed to be the primary beneficiary of and (ii) entities that are non-VIEs which the Company does not control, but over which the Company has the ability to exercise significant influence. The Company will reconsider its determination of whether an entity is a VIE and who qualifies as the primary beneficiary if certain events occur that are likely to cause a change in the original determinations. The Predecessor applied the same evaluation process through April 4, 2007 as detailed above as being applied by the Company.

Basis of Presentation

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The consolidated financial statements of the Company and the Predecessor have been prepared pursuant to the rules of the SEC and, in the opinion of the Company, include all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair statement of financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP).

Going Concern

There is substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern given that the Company's liquidity is subject to, among other things, its ability to negotiate extensions of credit facilities. The Company's inability to refinance the credit facilities would have a material adverse effect on the Company's liquidity and financial condition. In addition, uncertainty also exists due to the refinancing issues currently experienced by the Company's ultimate parent investors, Centro Properties Group and Centro Retail Group. If the outcomes of these negotiations are not favorable to Centro Properties Group and Centro Retail Group, it is uncertain as to the impact that this will have on the Company.

It is noted that Centro Properties Group and Centro Retail Group both recently filed reviewed financial statements for the six months ended December 31, 2007 with local Australian regulatory authorities whereby the auditor identified material uncertainty regarding their continuation as going concerns.

The Company's management team continues to work closely with its counterparts of the Company's ultimate parent investors (Centro Properties Limited (CPL) and CPT Manager Limited (CPT)) and the lenders of the Company, Super LLC, CPL and CPT to resolve the various liquidity issues.

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In conjunction with its ultimate parent investors, the Company is assessing a number of options to address the current liquidity issues. Covenants contained in certain of the Company's debt agreements currently prevent the Company from incurring any additional debt, and any new sources of long term financing would be required to be approved by the lenders under the extension agreements.

In terms of potential equity investments, the Company's ultimate parent investors are considering such options which may result in equity contributions into the Company to assist with the Company's liquidity position.

No adjustments were made to the consolidated financial statements in relation to this uncertainty.

Earnings per Share of Common Stock

As of March 31, 2008, the Company did not have any outstanding shares of common stock, and all issued and potentially issuable shares of the Predecessor's common stock had been cancelled. For periods prior to April 5, 2007, the Predecessor presented both basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with SFAS No. 128, *Earnings per Share* (SFAS No. 128). Earnings per common share (basic EPS) was computed by dividing net income available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period. Earnings per share of common stock assuming dilution (diluted EPS) was computed by giving effect to all dilutive potential shares of common stock that were outstanding during the period. Dilutive potential shares of common stock consisted of the incremental shares of common stock issuable upon (a) the conversion of (i) limited partnership units of the DownREIT Partnership, (ii) convertible senior notes, (iii) restricted stock grants and (iv) contingent compensation awards and (b) the exercise of in-the-money stock options.

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents consist of short-term, highly liquid debt instruments with maturities of three months or less at acquisition. Items classified as cash equivalents include insured bank certificates of deposit and commercial paper. At times, cash balances at a limited number of banks may exceed insurable amounts. The Company believes it mitigates this risk by investing in or through major financial institutions.

Restricted Cash

Restricted cash consists primarily of cash held in escrow accounts for deferred maintenance, capital improvements, environmental expenditures, taxes, insurance, operating expenses and debt service as required by certain loan agreements. All restricted cash is invested in money market accounts.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable is stated net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$14.9 million and \$20.5 million as of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively. The Company makes, and the Predecessor made, estimates of the uncollectability of its accounts receivable related to base rents, expense reimbursements and other revenues. The Company analyzes accounts receivable and historical bad debt levels, customer credit-worthiness and current economic trends when evaluating the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts. In addition, tenants in bankruptcy are analyzed and estimates are made in connection with the expected recovery of pre-petition and post-petition claims.

Real Estate

Land, buildings and building and tenant improvements are recorded at cost and stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Major replacements and betterments, which improve or extend the life of the asset, are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives, and ordinary repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Land, buildings and building and tenant improvements that are under redevelopment, or are being developed, are carried at cost and no depreciation is recorded on these assets. Additionally, amounts essential to the

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development of the property, such as pre-construction costs, development costs, construction costs, interest costs, real estate taxes, certain salaries and related costs and other costs incurred during the period of development are capitalized. The Company ceases capitalization when the property is available for occupancy upon substantial completion of tenant improvements, but in any event no later than one year from the completion of major construction activity.

Properties are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	40 years
Building Improvements	5 to 40 years
Tenant Improvements	The shorter of the term of the related lease or useful life

Business Combinations

In connection with the Company's acquisition of properties, purchase costs are allocated to the tangible and intangible assets and liabilities acquired based on their estimated fair values. The value of the tangible assets, consisting of land, buildings and building and tenant improvements, are determined as if vacant (i.e., at replacement cost). Intangible assets, including the above-market value of leases and the value of in-place leases, are recorded at their relative fair values. The below-market value of leases is recorded in other liabilities.

Above-market and below-market lease values for owned properties are recorded based on the present value (using an interest rate reflecting the risks associated with the leases acquired) of the difference between (i) the contractual amounts to be paid pursuant to the leases negotiated and in-place at the time of acquisition and (ii) management's estimate of fair market lease rates for the property or equivalent property, measured over a period equal to the remaining non-cancelable term of the lease. The capitalized above-market or below-market lease value is amortized as a reduction of, or increase to, rental income over the remaining non-cancelable term of each lease, plus any renewal periods with fixed rental terms that are considered to be below-market.

The total amount of other intangible assets allocated to in-place lease values is based on management's evaluation of the specific characteristics of each lease and the Company's overall relationship with each tenant. Factors considered in the allocation of these values include, but are not limited to, the nature of the existing relationship with the tenant, the tenant's credit quality, the expectation of lease renewals, the estimated carrying costs of the property during a hypothetical expected lease-up period, current market conditions and costs to execute similar leases. Management will also consider information obtained about a property in connection with its pre-acquisition due diligence. Estimated carrying costs include real estate taxes, insurance, other property operating costs and estimates of lost rentals at market rates during the hypothetical

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expected lease-up periods, based on management's assessment of specific market conditions. Management will estimate costs required to execute leases including commissions and legal costs to the extent that such costs are not already incurred with a new lease that has been negotiated in connection with the purchase of a property.

The value of in-place leases is amortized to expense over the remaining initial term of each lease. The value of tenant relationship intangibles is amortized to expense over the initial terms of the leases; however, no amortization period for intangible assets will exceed the remaining depreciable life of the building.

In the event that a tenant terminates its lease, the unamortized portion of each intangible, including market rate adjustments, lease origination costs, in-place values and tenant relationship values, will be charged as an expense.

Long-Lived Assets

On a periodic basis, management assesses whether there are any indicators that the value of its long-lived assets may be impaired. A long-lived asset's value is impaired only if management's estimate of the aggregate future

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cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) to be generated by the asset (taking into account the anticipated holding period of the asset) is less than the carrying value. Such estimate of cash flows considers factors such as expected future operating income, trends and prospects, as well as the effects of demand, competition and other economic factors. To the extent impairment has occurred, the loss will be measured as the excess of the carrying amount of the property over the fair value of the asset, and reflected as an adjustment to the basis of the asset.

In conducting an impairment analysis of the Company's long-lived assets, management applied a probability weighting as to how long the assets would be held prior to disposal, as contemplated in SFAS No. 144, *Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets* (SFAS No. 144). The probability weighting takes into consideration the likelihood of disposal of each asset.

When assets are identified by management as held for sale, the Company discontinues depreciating the assets and estimates the sales price, net of selling costs, of such assets. If, in management's opinion, the net sales price of the assets that have been identified for sale is less than the net book value of the assets, a valuation allowance is established. For investments accounted for under the equity method, a loss is recognized if the loss in value of the investment is other than temporary.

Deferred Leasing and Loan Origination Costs

Costs incurred in obtaining tenant leases (including internal leasing costs) are amortized using the straight-line method over the terms of the related leases and included in depreciation and amortization. Unamortized deferred leasing costs are charged to amortization expense upon early termination of the lease. Costs incurred in obtaining long-term financing are amortized and charged to interest expense using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method, over the terms of the related debt agreements, which approximates the effective interest method.

Internal Leasing Costs

The Company capitalizes internal leasing costs in accordance with SFAS No. 91, *Nonrefundable Fees & Costs Associated with Originating or Acquiring Loans and Initial Direct Costs of Leases*. Please refer to the following table for additional information regarding the capitalization of internal leasing costs (dollars in thousands).

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Balance at December 31, 2007	\$	3,026
Costs capitalized		1,172
Amortization / write-offs		(909)
Balance at March 31, 2008	\$	3,289

Investments in /Advances to Unconsolidated Ventures

The Company has direct equity investments in several joint venture projects. The Company accounts for these investments in unconsolidated ventures using the equity method of accounting, as the Company exercises significant influence over, but does not control, and is not the primary beneficiary of, these entities. These investments are initially recorded at cost, as Investments in/advances to unconsolidated ventures, and subsequently adjusted for equity in earnings and cash contributions and distributions. Intercompany fees and gains on property transactions are eliminated to the extent of the Company's ownership interest.

To the extent that the Company contributes assets to a joint venture project, the difference between the Company's cost basis in the assets and the basis reflected at the joint venture level is amortized over the life of the related asset and included in the Company's share of equity in income of unconsolidated ventures.

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Intangible Assets

The Company's intangible assets, other than those acquired in business combinations, include property management rights, an asset management fee stream and the Company's domain name. These assets were initially measured based on their fair values and are being amortized on a straight-line basis over a period of 10 to 40 years. These assets are stated at cost, net of accumulated amortization.

Goodwill and Goodwill Impairment Testing

The Company accounts for its goodwill in accordance with SFAS No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets* (SFAS No. 142). SFAS No. 142 modifies the previous accounting treatment of goodwill, eliminating the amortization of goodwill and requiring that goodwill be tested on an annual basis for possible impairment. The Company undertook an impairment analysis of the goodwill balance as of December 31, 2007. The Company has elected December 31, as the date for its annual impairment testing.

Derivative/Financial Instruments

The Company accounts for derivative and hedging activities in accordance with SFAS No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities* (SFAS No. 133) and SFAS No. 138, *Accounting for Certain Derivative Instruments and Certain Hedging Activities*. These accounting standards require the Company to measure derivatives, including certain derivatives embedded in other contracts, at fair value and to recognize them in the Consolidated Balance Sheets as assets or liabilities, depending on the Company's rights or obligations under the applicable derivative contract. For periods subsequent to April 4, 2007, the Company does not qualify for hedge accounting under SFAS No. 133. Accordingly, for all derivative instruments the changes in fair value of both the derivative instrument are recorded in earnings. Prior to April 5, 2007, the Predecessor elected to use hedge accounting under SFAS No. 133. Under that pronouncement, changes in the fair value of derivatives designated as fair value hedges were recorded in earnings along with fair value movement in the hedged item. For derivatives designated as cash flow hedges, the effective portions of changes in fair value of the derivative were reported in other comprehensive income (OCI) and subsequently reclassified into earnings when the hedged item affected earnings. Changes in fair value of derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments, and ineffective portions of hedges, were recognized in earnings in the current period.

Asset Retirement Obligations

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The Company accounts for its conditional asset retirement obligations in accordance with FASB Interpretation No. 47, *Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligations* (FIN 47). A conditional asset retirement obligation refers to a legal obligation (pursuant to existing law or contract) to perform an asset retirement activity in which the timing and/or method of settlement are conditioned upon the occurrence of a future event that may or may not be within the control of the Company. The Company's conditional asset retirement obligations arise primarily from legal requirements to decontaminate buildings at the time the buildings are sold or otherwise disposed of. In accordance with FIN 47, the Company has reasonably estimated the fair value of its conditional asset retirement obligations and has recognized a liability for conditional asset retirement obligations of approximately \$2.0 million as of March 31, 2008.

Self-Insured Health Plan

The Company has a self-insured health plan for all of its employees. In order to limit its exposure, the Company has purchased stop-loss insurance, which will reimburse the Company for individual claims in excess of \$0.1 million annually, or aggregate claims in excess of \$1.0 million annually. Self-insurance losses are accrued based on the Company's estimates of the aggregate liability for uninsured claims incurred using certain actuarial assumptions adhered to in the insurance industry. The liability for self-insured losses is included in accrued expenses and was approximately \$0.8 million and \$0.9 million at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively.

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General Liability Insurance

The Company has one wholly-owned captive insurance company, ERT CIC, LLC (ERT CIC), which underwrites the first layer of general liability insurance programs for the Company's wholly-owned, majority-owned and joint venture properties. The Company carries general liability insurance on its properties in amounts that it believes (i) adequately insures all of its properties and (ii) are in line with coverage obtained by owners of similar properties. The Company has purchased stop loss insurance, which will reimburse the Company for individual claims in excess of \$0.3 million annually, or aggregate claims in excess of \$3.7 million annually. If the Company experiences a loss and ERT CIC is required to pay under its insurance policy, the Company would ultimately record a loss to the extent of such required payment. Because the Company owns ERT CIC, the Company is responsible for ERT CIC's liquidity and capital resources, and the accounts of ERT CIC are part of the Company's and the Predecessor's consolidated financial statements.

Revenue Recognition

Rental revenue is recognized on the straight-line basis, which averages minimum rents over the terms of the leases. The cumulative difference between lease revenue recognized under this method and contractual lease payment terms is recorded as deferred rent receivable on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. Certain leases provide for percentage rents based upon the level of sales achieved by the lessee. These percentage rents are recorded once the required sales levels are achieved. The leases also typically provide for tenant reimbursement of common area maintenance and other operating expenses. Rental revenue also includes lease termination fees. Lease termination fees were approximately \$1.1 million and \$2.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Income from Discontinued Operations

Income from discontinued operations is computed in accordance with SFAS No. 144, *Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets* (SFAS No. 144). SFAS No. 144 requires, among other things, that the primary assets and liabilities and the results of operations of the Company's real property that has been sold, or otherwise qualifies as held for sale (as defined by SFAS No. 144), be classified as discontinued operations and segregated in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) and Consolidated Balance Sheets. Properties classified as real estate held for sale generally represent properties that are under contract for sale and are expected to close within the next twelve months.

Income Taxes

The Predecessor elected to be treated as a REIT under Sections 856 through 860 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. In order to maintain its qualification as a REIT, the Predecessor was required to, among other things, distribute at least 90% of its REIT taxable income to its stockholders and meet certain tests regarding the nature of its income and assets. As a REIT, the Predecessor was not subject to federal income tax with respect to the portion of its income that met certain criteria and was distributed annually to the stockholders. Subsequent to the Merger and the Liquidation, the Company is organized as a limited liability company and is not subject to federal income tax. Accordingly, no provision for federal income taxes is included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

The Company is, and the Predecessor was, subject to certain state and local taxes. Provision for such taxes has been included in general and administrative expenses in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income/(Loss).

The Predecessor elected to treat certain of its subsidiaries as taxable REIT subsidiaries (TRS). In general, the TRSs of the Predecessor performed additional services for tenants of the Predecessor and generally engaged in any real estate or non-real estate related business (except for the operation or management of health care

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facilities or lodging facilities or the provision to any person, under a franchise, license or otherwise, of rights to any brand name under which any lodging facility or health care facility is operated). The TRS was subject to corporate federal income tax. As a result of the Merger, and the fact that the Company is no longer operating as a REIT, the Predecessor's TRSs are now operating as corporations. In addition, the corporations had other net deferred tax assets, most significantly relating to an asset impairment recognized in fiscal 2003, for financial accounting purposes that will not be recognized for tax purposes until the property is sold. The Company has ascribed a full valuation allowance to these net deferred tax assets.

In June 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes – an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109* (FIN 48). FIN 48 (i) clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in companies' financial statements in accordance with FASB Statement No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*, (ii) prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return and (iii) provides guidance on derecognition of recognized tax benefits, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. FIN 48 became effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. The Company has no material uncertain tax positions as of March 31, 2008.

Segment Information

The principal business of the Company is the ownership and management of community and neighborhood shopping centers. The Company does not distinguish or group its operations on a geographical basis for purposes of measuring performance. Accordingly, the Company believes it has a single reportable segment for disclosure purposes in accordance with GAAP. Further, all of the Company's operations and assets are within the United States and no tenant comprises more than 10% of revenue.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The most significant assumptions and estimates relate to impairments of real estate, recovery of mortgage notes and trade accounts receivable and depreciable lives.

Reclassifications

In accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 144, certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current period presentation.

New Applicable Accounting Standards

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities including an Amendment to FAS No. 115, (SFAS No. 159), which permits entities to choose to measure certain financial assets and liabilities at fair value with changes in fair value reflected in earnings. The fair value option may be applied on an instrument-by-instrument basis. SFAS No. 159 is effective for the Company as of January 1, 2008. The Company has elected not to measure any of its eligible financial assets or liabilities at fair value and therefore the adoption of SFAS 159 did not have an impact on its consolidated financial statements. The only financial assets recorded at fair value as of March 31, 2008 are those required to be fair valued under other accounting standards.

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement No. 157, Fair Value Measurements (SFAS No. 157). SFAS No. 157 defines fair value and establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with GAAP and expands disclosure requirements regarding fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 is effective for the Company as of January 1, 2008, refer to Note 17 of these interim unaudited consolidated financial statements for further details relating to fair value measurements.

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Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141 (revised), *Business Combinations* (SFAS 141(R)). SFAS 141(R) changes the accounting for business combinations including the measurement of acquirer shares issued in consideration for a business combination, the recognition of contingent consideration, the accounting for pre-acquisition gain and loss contingencies, the recognition of capitalized in-process research and development, the accounting for acquisition-related restructuring cost accruals, the treatment of acquisition related transaction costs and the recognition of changes in the acquirer's income tax valuation allowance. SFAS 141(R) applies prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008, except for certain tax adjustments for prior business combinations. Accordingly, the Company will adopt this statement on January 1, 2009. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting SFAS No. 141(R).

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, *Non-controlling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements*, an amendment of ARB No. 51 (SFAS 160). SFAS 160 changes the accounting for non-controlling (minority) interests in consolidated financial statements including the requirements to classify non-controlling interests as a component of consolidated stockholders' equity, and the elimination of minority interest accounting in results of operations with earnings attributable to non-controlling interests reported as part of consolidated earnings. Additionally, SFAS 160 revises the accounting for both increases and decreases in a parent's controlling ownership interest. SFAS 160 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008, with early adoption prohibited. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting SFAS No. 160.

In March 2008, the FASB issued FAS 161, *Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities* an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133, (SFAS No. 161) which amends and expands the disclosure requirements of FAS 133 to require qualitative disclosure about objectives and strategies for using derivatives, quantitative disclosures about fair value amounts of and gains and losses on derivative instruments, and disclosures about credit-risk-related contingent features in derivative agreements. SFAS No. 161 is to be applied prospectively for the first annual reporting period beginning on or after November 15, 2008, with early application encouraged. SFAS No. 161 also encourages, but does not require, comparative disclosures for earlier periods at initial adoption. The Company is currently assessing the impact the adoption of SFAS No. 161 will have on the Company's financial position and results of operations.

It has been determined that any recently issued accounting standards or pronouncements not mentioned in the note have been excluded as they either are not relevant to the Company, or they are not expected to have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

Note 4: Pro Forma Financials

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The following table summarizes, on an unaudited pro forma basis, the results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2007 as though the Merger and Liquidation had occurred on January 1, 2007 (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2007	
Pro forma rental revenues	\$	142,160
Pro forma operating expenses		(119,662)
Income before real estate sales, minority interest and other income and expenses		22,498
Pro forma other expenses, net		(21,834)
Pro forma income from continuing operations		664
Pro forma income from discontinued operations		772
Pro forma net income	\$	1,436
Preferred dividends		(5,504)
Net income available to common stock basic		(4,068)
Minority interest in income of consolidated partnership and joint ventures		291
Net income available to common stock diluted	\$	(3,777)
Basic loss per common share:		
Loss from continuing operations	\$	(0.05)
Discontinued operations		0.01
Basic loss per share	\$	(0.04)
Diluted loss per common share:		
Loss from continuing operations	\$	(0.04)
Discontinued operations		0.01
Diluted loss per share	\$	(0.03)
Average shares outstanding basic		103,352
Average shares outstanding diluted		109,673
Dividends per common share	\$	0.3125

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Note 5: Acquisitions and DispositionsAcquisitions

There were no acquisitions during the three months ended March 31, 2008.

During the period from April 5, 2007 through December 31, 2007, the Company acquired a parcel of land immediately adjacent to a property owned by the Company, the remaining 75% interest in a shopping center in which the Company owned the other 25% and one land parcel. The Company also acquired the remaining 90% interests in the properties owned by three of the joint ventures in which the Company owned the other 10% of each of the properties owned by the joint ventures (CA New Plan Venture Fund LLC, CA New Plan Acquisition Fund, LLC and CA New Plan Direct Investment Fund, LLC). Combined, these joint ventures owned a total of eighteen properties. During the period from January 1, 2007 to April 4, 2007, the Predecessor acquired one shopping center and one land parcel. Please refer to the following table for additional details (dollars in millions).

Property Name	Location	Property Type	Acquisition Date	Gross Leasable Area (1)	Purchase Price	Purchase Price Components		
						DownREIT Partnership Units	Assumed Debt	Cash
Predecessor:								
Land at the Rising Sun Towne Centre	Rising Sun, MD	Land	01/05/07	2.8 Acres	\$ 2.0	\$	\$	\$ 2.0
Stewart Plaza	Garden City, NY	Shopping Center	01/24/07	193,622	32.7	6.3		26.4
Predecessor Total					\$ 34.7	\$ 6.3	\$	\$ 28.4
Company:								
Land at Wynnewood Village	Dallas, TX	Land	06/06/07	1.8 Acres	\$ 0.4	\$	\$	\$ 0.4
The Centre at Preston Ridge (2)	Frisco, TX	Shopping Center	08/03/07	730,025	147.5			147.5
Land at Victory Square	Savannah, GA	Land	08/09/07	0.9 Acres	0.6			0.6
Various properties previously owned by CA New Plan Venture Fund LLC, CA New Plan Acquisition Fund, CA New Plan Direct Investment Fund, LLC (3)	Various	Shopping Center	11/6/07	3,177,531	249.5		190.0	59.5

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Company Total	\$	398.0	\$		\$	190.0	\$	208.0
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- (1) Amounts in square feet, unless otherwise noted.
- (2) Property acquired from BPR Shopping Center, L.P., a joint venture in which the Company had a 25% interest. The purchase price represents the amount paid for the remaining 75% interest in the joint venture. The Company now owns 100% of the partnership interest in BPR Shopping Center, L.P.
- (3) The Company acquired the remaining 90% interests in the properties owned by these joint ventures in which the Company owned the other 10% of each of the properties owned by the joint ventures. Combined, these joint ventures owned a total of eighteen properties. The Company now owns 100% of the partnership interests in these joint ventures.

Dispositions

During the three months ended March 31, 2008, the Company sold one shopping center and one land parcel

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for aggregate gross proceeds of approximately \$9.6 million. In connection with the sale of these properties, and in accordance with SFAS No. 144 (Note 3), the Company and the Predecessor, as applicable, recorded the results of operations and the related gain (loss) on sale as income (loss) from discontinued operations (Note 7).

During the period from January 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007, the Predecessor sold two land parcels for aggregate gross proceeds of approximately \$4.5 million. During the period from April 5, 2007 through December 31, 2007, the Company sold three properties and seven land parcels for aggregate gross proceeds of approximately \$17.4 million. In connection with the sale of these properties, and in accordance with SFAS No. 144 (Note 3), the Company and the Predecessor, as applicable, recorded the results of operations and the related gain on sale as income (loss) from discontinued operations (Note 7).

Note 6: Real Estate Held for Sale

As of March 31, 2008, one shopping center, located in Texas, was classified as Real estate held for sale. Such building had an aggregate book value of approximately \$1.1 million as of March 31, 2008.

As of December 31, 2007, one land parcel was classified as Real estate held for sale. Such land parcel had an aggregate book value of approximately \$0.4 million as of December 31, 2007.

Note 7: Income from Discontinued Operations

The following is a summary of income from discontinued operations for the periods presented below (dollars in thousands):

	Company	Predecessor
	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2008	2007
Total revenue	\$ 227	\$ 275
Operating costs	(24)	(85)

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Real estate taxes	26	(59)
Depreciation and amortization	(39)	(89)
Provision for doubtful accounts	(14)	730
Total operating costs	(51)	497
Income from discontinued operations before impairment and (loss) gain on sale	176	772
(Loss) gain on sale of other discontinued operations	(1,122)	2,464
(Loss) income from discontinued operations	\$ (946)	\$ 3,236

Note 8: Investments in/Advances to Unconsolidated Ventures

The following table summarizes the Company's investments in unconsolidated joint ventures as of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively (dollars in thousands). The Company accounts for these investments using the equity method.

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	City	State	JV Partner	Percent Ownership	Investments in/Advances to Unconsolidated Ventures March 31, 2008	December 31, 2007
Arapahoe Crossings, L.P. (1)	Aurora	CO	Foreign Investor	30%	\$ 14,375	\$ 14,410
BPR Land Partnership, L.P. (2)	Frisco	TX	George Allen/Milton Schaffer	50%	3,687	3,812
BPR South, L.P. (2)	Frisco	TX	George Allen/Milton Schaffer	50%	1,401	1,401
Centro NP Residual Holding LLC	Various	Various	Super LLC	49%	668,725	340,290
Centro GA America LLC	Various	Various	Centro Shopping America Trust	5%	48,531	49,892
NP/I&G Institutional Retail Company, LLC (3)	Various	Various	JPMorgan Investment Management, Inc.	20%	37,594	37,106
NP/I&G Institutional Retail Company II, LLC (4)	Various	Various	JPMorgan Investment Management, Inc.	20%	14,423	14,995
NPK Redevelopment I, LLC (5)	Various	Various	Kmart Corporation (Sears Holding Corp.)	20%	10,657	9,507
NP/SSP Baybrook, LLC (5)	Webster	TX	JPMorgan Investment Management, Inc.	20%	2,761	2,734
Westgate Mall, LLC (6)	Fairview Park	OH	Transwestern Investment Company/ The Richard E. Jacobs Group	10%	1,584	1,458
Investments in/Advances to Unconsolidated Ventures					\$ 803,738	\$ 475,605

In connection with the Merger, the Company's investments in unconsolidated ventures were recorded at fair value.

- (1) The Company receives increased participation after a 10% return.
- (2) The Company receives a 10% return on its investment.
- (3) The Company receives increased participation after a 12% IRR.
- (4) The Company receives increased participation after a 10% IRR.

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- (5) The Company receives increasing participation after a 10% return.
- (6) The Company receives increasing participation after a 13% IRR.

Combined summary financial information for the Company's and the Predecessor's, as applicable, investments in/advances to unconsolidated ventures was as follows (dollars in thousands):

Condensed Combined Balance Sheets

	March 31, 2008	December 31, 2007
	(Company)	(Company)
Assets:		
Real estate assets	\$ 4,570,161	\$ 3,953,015
Accumulated depreciation	(257,692)	(233,524)
Net real estate	4,312,469	3,719,491
Trade receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	43,375	36,894
Other assets, net of accumulated amortization	787,946	763,739
Total Assets	\$ 5,143,790	\$ 4,520,124
Liabilities:		
Mortgages payable, net of unamortized premium	\$ 1,819,238	\$ 1,818,303
Term Loan	752,600	724,000
Amounts payable to the Company	1,454	1,788
Other liabilities	219,047	215,069
Total liabilities	2,792,339	2,759,160
Total partners' capital	2,351,451	1,760,964
Total liabilities and partners' capital	\$ 5,143,790	\$ 4,520,124
Investments in/advances to unconsolidated ventures	\$ 803,738	\$ 475,605

CENTRO NP LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES (THE COMPANY)

(AS SUCCESSOR TO NEW PLAN EXCEL REALTY TRUST, INC. (THE PREDECESSOR))

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Condensed Combined Statements of Operations

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2008	2007
	(Company)	(Predecessor)
Rental revenues	\$ 107,634	\$ 94,354
Operating expenses	(33,536)	(27,449)
Interest expense	(38,118)	(27,629)
Depreciation and amortization	(35,531)	(27,096)
Other (expense) income, net	22,467	375
Gain on sale of real estate	168	927
Loss from discontinued operations	(182)	
Net income	\$ 22,902	\$ 13,482
Company s/Predecessor s share of net (loss) income	\$ (1,723)	\$ 1,593

The following is a brief summary of the unconsolidated joint venture obligations of the Company as of March 31, 2008:

- *Arapahoe Crossings, L.P.* The Company, together with a U.S. partnership comprised substantially of foreign investors, has an interest in a joint venture which owns Arapahoe Crossings, a community shopping center located in Aurora, Colorado. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company has a 30% interest and is responsible for contributing its pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, the Company does not expect that any significant capital contributions will be required. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$46.8 million as of March 31, 2008.

- *BPR Land Partnership, L.P.* The Company has a 50% interest in a joint venture that owns approximately 10.3 acres of undeveloped land in Frisco, Texas. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company has agreed to contribute its pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, the Company does not expect that any significant capital contributions will be required. The joint venture had no loans outstanding as of March 31, 2008.

- *BPR South, L.P.* The Company has a 50% interest in a joint venture that owns approximately 6.6 acres of undeveloped land in Frisco, Texas. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company has agreed to contribute its pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, the Company does not expect that any significant capital contributions will be required. The joint venture had no loans outstanding as of March 31, 2008.

- *Centro NP Residual Holding LLC.* In August 2007, the Company formed a joint venture with Super LLC, the Company's sole and managing member (Super LLC). In connection with the formation of the joint venture, the Company contributed 49% of its interest in certain subsidiaries, owning 18 real properties with an approximate value of \$396.0 million, to this joint venture. The Company distributed the remaining 51% of its interest in the transferred entities to its parent, Super LLC, and Super LLC contributed such interest in the transferred entities to this joint venture. Following these transactions, the Company owned 49% of the non-managing interest in this joint venture, and Super LLC owned 51% of the managing member interest in this joint venture. In November 2007, the Company contributed 49% of its interest in certain additional subsidiaries, owning 25 real properties with an approximate value of \$605.0 million, to this joint venture. The Company distributed the remaining 51% of its interest in the additional transferred entities to Super LLC, and Super LLC contributed such interest in the additional transferred entities to this joint venture. Also in

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November 2007, Super LLC contributed its interest in certain subsidiaries, owning 39 real properties with an approximate value of \$385.0 million, to this joint venture. Immediately following such contribution, Super LLC contributed a percentage of membership interests in the joint venture such that the Company continued to own 49% of the non-managing interest in this joint venture, and Super LLC continued to own 51% of the managing member interest in this joint venture.

Pursuant to a March 28, 2008 Contribution, Distribution and Assumption Agreement relating to the joint venture (which was released from escrow and became effective as of March 30, 2008), the Company contributed 49% of its interest in certain subsidiaries owning real properties with an approximate fair market value of \$780 million to the joint venture. The Company distributed 51% of its interest in the transferred entities to Super LLC, and Super LLC contributed such interest in the transferred entities to the joint venture. Following these transactions, the Company owned 49% of the interests in the transferred entities, and Super LLC owned 51% of the interests in the transferred entities.

The joint venture owned 110 stabilized retail properties and three properties under redevelopment as of March 31, 2008. Under the terms of the joint venture, the Company is not obligated to contribute any additional capital to the joint venture. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$1.2 billion as of March 31, 2008.

- *Centro GA America LLC.* The Company has a 5% interest in this joint venture. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company is not obligated to contribute any additional capital to the joint venture; however, in the event that additional capital is contributed by the other joint venture partner, the Company has the option to contribute the amount necessary to maintain its 5% ownership interest. The Company anticipates making additional capital contributions from time to time to maintain its 5% ownership interest. As of March 31, 2008, this joint venture was comprised of 126 stabilized retail properties, four retail properties under redevelopment and one new development property, and had loans outstanding of approximately \$1.3 billion.

- *NP / I&G Institutional Retail Company, LLC.* The Company has a strategic joint venture with JPMorgan Investment Management, Inc. to acquire high-quality institutional grade community and neighborhood shopping centers on a nationwide basis. The joint venture owned 11 stabilized retail properties and one retail property under redevelopment as of March 31, 2008. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company has a 20% interest in the venture and is responsible for contributing its pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture. The Predecessor initially committed to contribute up to a maximum amount of \$30.0 million to the joint venture, however, in connection with the acquisition of certain assets during 2005, the Predecessor together with the DownREIT Partnership, contributed a disproportionate share of capital to the venture, such that the Predecessor's total capital investment as of December 31, 2005 was \$41.4 million. The excess contribution was returned to the

Predecessor in February 2006. During the year ended December 31, 2006, in connection with the acquisition of certain other assets, the Predecessor increased its committed capital to the venture from \$30.0 million to \$31.9 million, of which approximately \$28.2 million had been contributed as of March 31, 2008. The Company does not expect that any significant additional capital contributions will be required, nor does it expect that any additional acquisitions of property will be made by the joint venture. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$280.6 million as of March 31, 2008.

- *NP / I&G Institutional Retail Company II, LLC.* In February 2006, the Predecessor formed a second strategic joint venture with JP Morgan Investment Management, Inc. to acquire high-quality institutional grade community and neighborhood shopping centers on a nationwide basis. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company has a 20% interest in the venture and has committed to contribute its pro rata share of any capital required by the venture for asset acquisitions. As of March 31, 2008, the Company had contributed approximately \$14.7 million for such purpose. Additionally,

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the Company has agreed to contribute its pro rata share of any additional capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, the Company does not expect that any significant additional capital contributions with respect to existing properties will be required. As of March 31, 2008, the joint venture owned four stabilized retail properties. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$46.9 million as of March 31, 2008.

- *NPK Redevelopment I, LLC.* The Company has a joint venture with Kmart Corporation (Sears Holding Corp.) pursuant to which the joint venture will redevelop three Kmart Supercenter properties formerly owned by Kmart. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company has agreed to contribute \$6.0 million which had been fully contributed as of March 31, 2008. After the Company's contribution of the total committed amount, the Company had a 20% interest in the venture and is responsible for contributing its pro rata share of any additional capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, the Company does not expect that any significant capital contributions will be required. The joint venture had no loans outstanding as of March 31, 2008.

- *NP/SSP Baybrook, LLC.* The Company has a third strategic joint venture with JP Morgan Investment Management Inc., which venture was formed for the specific purpose of acquiring Baybrook Gateway, a shopping center located in Webster, Texas. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company has a 20% interest in the venture and is responsible for contributing its pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, the Company does not expect that any significant additional capital contributions will be required. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$41.0 million as of March 31, 2008.

- *Westgate Mall, LLC.* The Company, together with Transwestern Investment Company and The Richard E. Jacobs Group, has an interest in a joint venture that was formed for the specific purpose of acquiring and redeveloping Westgate Mall, an enclosed mall located on 55 acres of land in Fairview Park, Ohio. The joint venture is currently redeveloping the mall into a large community shopping center. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company has a 10% interest in the venture and has agreed to contribute its pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, the Company does not expect that any significant additional capital contributions will be required. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$59.6 million as of March 31, 2008.

Note 9: Intangible Assets and Goodwill

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Intangible assets are comprised of the following (dollars in thousands):

	March 31, 2008	December 31, 2007	Amortization Period
In-place lease value, legal fees and leasing commissions, net (Note 3)	\$ 416,683	\$ 547,052	Life of lease
Above market leases acquired, net (Note 3)	11,527	11,731	Life of lease
Other intangibles, net (1)	615	615	20 years
Value of asset management fee stream, net (Note 3)	29,883	30,074	40 years
Value of property management rights, net (Note 3)	115,107	117,237	20 years
Total	\$ 573,815	\$ 706,709	

(1) Other intangibles consist of amounts paid to acquire the Company's domain name.

Aggregate amortization expense on these assets was as follows and included the write-offs detailed below (dollars in thousands):

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	Company Three Months Ended March 31, 2008	Predecessor Three Months Ended March 31, 2007
Amortization Expense	\$ 32,829	\$ 2,661
Write-offs		78

The estimated amortization expense on these assets during the next five fiscal years is as follows (dollars in thousands):

Year	
2008 (remaining nine months)	\$ 93,876
2009	120,026
2010	108,878
2011	100,859
2012	78,774

As of March 31, 2008, the Company had also recorded approximately \$350.4 million of goodwill in connection with the Merger.

Note 10: Debt Obligations

As of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, the Company had the following debt obligations under various arrangements with financial institutions (dollars in thousands, except footnotes):

	Maximum Amount Available	Carrying Value as of		Stated Interest Rates	Scheduled Maturity Date
		March 31, 2008	December 31, 2007		
<u>CREDIT AGREEMENTS</u>					
Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility (1)	\$	\$	306,800	\$ 306,800	LIBOR + 175 bp (2) (3) September 2008
Amended Revolving Facility (1)					
Amended Secured Term Loan (1)					

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Secured Term Loans (4)		181,488		181,488	Variable (5)	2009	2010
Total Credit Agreements	\$	\$	488,288	\$	488,288		
<u>MORTGAGES</u>							
<u>PAYABLE</u>							
Fixed Rate Mortgages	\$	426,676	\$	429,515	5.015% - 9.25%	2008	2021
Variable Rate Mortgages		8,591		8,734	Variable (6)	2009	2011
Total Mortgages (7)		435,267		438,239			
Net unamortized premium		12,387		13,426			
Total Mortgages, net	\$	447,654	\$	451,675			
<u>NOTES PAYABLE</u>							
7.40% unsecured notes	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	7.400%	September	2009
3.75% unsecured notes (8)		217		217	3.750%	June	2010
4.50% unsecured notes (9)		150,000		150,000	4.500%	February	2011
5.13% unsecured notes		125,000		125,000	5.125%	September	2012
5.50% unsecured notes		50,000		50,000	5.500%	November	2013
5.30% unsecured notes		100,000		100,000	5.300%	January	2015
5.25% unsecured notes		125,000		125,000	5.250%	September	2015
7.97% unsecured notes		10,000		10,000	7.970%	August	2026
7.65% unsecured notes		25,000		25,000	7.650%	November	2026
7.68% unsecured notes		10,000		10,000	7.680%	November	2026
7.68% unsecured notes		10,000		10,000	7.680%	November	2026
6.90% unsecured notes		25,000		25,000	6.900%	February	2028
6.90% unsecured notes		25,000		25,000	6.900%	February	2028
7.50% unsecured notes		25,000		25,000	7.500%	July	2029
Total Notes		830,217		830,217			
Net unamortized premium		29,522		30,465			
Total Notes, net	\$	859,739	\$	860,682			
CAPITAL LEASES	\$	30,742	\$	30,902	7.500%	June	2031
TOTAL DEBT	\$	1,826,423	\$	1,831,547			

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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- (1) On April 20, 2007, simultaneously with the completion of the Mergers, the Predecessor's Amended Revolving Facility (as defined below) was prepaid in full and terminated. Simultaneously with the prepayment and termination of the Amended Revolving Facility, the Company entered into a new revolving credit facility (the April 2007 Revolving Facility) with Bank of America, N.A. and the other lenders party thereto, which effectively replaced the Amended Revolving Facility. Concurrently with the establishment of the April 2007 Revolving Facility, the Company used a portion of the proceeds from the April 2007 Revolving Facility and caused the Amended Secured Term Loan (as defined below) to be prepaid in full and terminated. On July 31, 2007, the Company prepaid in full and terminated the April 2007 Revolving Facility. Simultaneously with the prepayment and termination of the April 2007 Revolving Facility, the Company entered into a new \$350.0 million unsecured revolving credit facility (the July 2007 Revolving Facility) with Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent. On December 16, 2007, the Company entered into an amendment to the July 2007 Revolving Facility (the First Amendment to the July 2007 Revolving Facility), which extended the maturity date to February 15, 2008, subject to certain conditions. The Company was as of December 31, 2007 unable to make draws on the Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility. On February 14, 2008, the Company entered into a letter agreement (the Revolving Facility Extension Agreement) further amending the July 2007 Revolving Facility. The Revolving Facility Extension Agreement extended the maturity date (the Termination Date) from February 15, 2008 to the earlier to occur of (i) September 30, 2008, and (ii) the date on which any trigger event occurs. On March 28, 2008, the Company entered into another letter agreement (the Amendment to Revolving Facility Extension Agreement) modifying and waiving various provisions of the July 2007 Revolving Facility, the First Amendment to the July 2007 Revolving Facility and the Revolving Facility Extension Agreement (collectively, as amended as of March 28, 2008, the Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility). The Amendment to Revolving Facility Extension Agreement, among other things, approved (i) an agreement pursuant to which the Company contributed 49% of its interest in certain subsidiaries owning 31 real properties with an approximate fair market value of \$780 million to Centro NP Residual Holding LLC (the Residual Joint Venture), and distributed 51% of its interest in the transferred entities to its parent, Super LLC, which interest Super LLC contributed to the Residual Joint Venture, and (ii) the assumption of all liabilities relating to the Company's employees by Centro US Management Joint Venture 2, LP and the distribution of approximately \$15 million of miscellaneous assets used in the day-to-day management of the Company's properties to the Management Joint Venture.
- (2) The Company incurs interest using the 30-day LIBOR rate which was 2.7% as of March 31, 2008. The interest rate on this facility adjusts based on the Company's credit rating.
- (3) The Company also incurs an annual facility fee of 22.5 basis points on this facility.
- (4) Incurred in connection with the acquisition of ownership interest in CA New Plan Venture Fund LLC, CA New Plan Acquisition Fund LLC, and CA New Plan Direct Investment Fund, LLC in November 2007.
- (5) As determined by the applicable loan agreement, the Company incurs interest on these obligations using the 30-day LIBOR rate, which was 2.7% as of March 31, 2008, plus spreads ranging from 135 to 175 basis points.
- (6) As determined by the applicable loan agreement, the Company incurs interest on these obligations using either the 30-day LIBOR rate, which was 2.7% as of March 31, 2008, plus 125 basis points, or the Moody's A Corporate Bond Index, which was 5.51% as of March 31, 2008, plus spreads ranging from 12.5 to 37.5 basis points.
- (7) An aggregate of \$158.1 million of mortgages payable is scheduled to mature during 2008.
- (8) Represents convertible senior notes. At certain dates, and upon the occurrence of certain events, the notes are convertible into cash up to their principal amount and, with respect to the remainder, if any, of the conversion value in excess of such principal amount, cash or shares of

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the Company's common stock. The initial conversion price was \$25.00 per share. On or after June 9, 2008, the Company may redeem all or a portion of the notes at a redemption price equal to the principal amount of the notes plus any accrued interest. In addition, on June 1, 2010, June 1, 2012, and June 1, 2018, or upon the occurrence of certain fundamental changes prior to June 1, 2010, note holders have the right to require the Company to purchase all or any portion of the notes, at a purchase price equal to the principal amount plus any accrued and unpaid interest on the notes. Although the stated maturity date of the notes is June 1, 2023, the scheduled maturity date listed above represents the first date that note holders have the right, not contingent on other provisions, to require the Company to redeem all or any portion of the notes. As discussed further below, these notes became convertible on April 1, 2007, and were convertible through July 2, 2007. As of March 31, 2008, approximately \$114.8 million of the \$115.0 million aggregate principal amount of the notes had been converted into cash by holders thereof.

(9) The Company has entered into reverse interest rate swap agreements that effectively converted the interest rate on \$65.0 million of the notes from a fixed rate to a blended floating rate of 30 basis points over the six-month LIBOR rate.

On August 25, 2006, the Predecessor amended and restated its then existing \$350.0 million unsecured revolving credit facility (as amended, the Amended Revolving Facility) and added an accordion feature to the Amended Revolving Facility that allowed the Predecessor, subject to certain conditions, to increase the amount that can be borrowed under the facility to \$500.0 million. The Amended Revolving Facility bore interest at LIBOR plus 55 basis points (based on the Predecessor's then existing credit ratings) and incurred an annual facility fee of 15 basis points. The Amended Revolving Facility was scheduled to mature on August 25, 2010, with a one-year extension option.

On August 25, 2006, the Predecessor also amended its then existing \$150.0 million secured term loan (as amended, the Amended Secured Term Loan). The Amended Secured Term Loan bore interest at LIBOR plus 55 basis points (based on the Predecessor's then existing credit ratings) and was scheduled to mature on August 25, 2010.

On April 20, 2007, simultaneously with the completion of the Mergers, the Predecessor's \$350.0 million unsecured revolving credit facility, as amended August 25, 2006 (see above) (the Amended Revolving Facility), was prepaid in full and terminated. Simultaneously with the prepayment and termination of the Amended Revolving Facility, Centro NP entered into the April 2007 Revolving Facility with Bank of America, N.A. and the other lenders party thereto, which effectively replaced the Amended Revolving Facility. Concurrently with the establishment of

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the April 2007 Revolving Facility, Centro NP used a portion of the proceeds from the April 2007 Revolving Facility and caused its \$150.0 million secured term loan, as amended August 25, 2006 (the Amended Secured Term Loan), to be repaid in full and terminated.

On July 31, 2007, the Company prepaid in full and terminated the April 2007 Revolving Facility. Simultaneously with the prepayment and termination of the April 2007 Revolving Facility, the Company entered into the July 2007 Revolving Facility, with Bank of America N.A., as administrative agent (the Administrative Agent), which effectively replaced the April 2007 Revolving Facility.

The July 2007 Revolving Facility was scheduled to mature on December 31, 2007, subject to early termination by the Company or the Administrative Agent. The July 2007 Revolving Facility includes a revolving credit facility, swing line facility, and a letter of credit facility. Prior to its maturity date the Company sought to refinance the July 2007 Revolving Facility with long-term financing. As a result of dislocations in the global credit markets shortly after entering into the new revolving credit facility, the Company was unable to obtain long-term financing on satisfactory terms consistent with the long-term strategy and were required to seek an extension of the July 2007 Revolving Facility. On December 16, 2007, the Company entered into an amendment to the July 2007 Revolving Facility amending the July 2007 Revolving Facility (the First Amendment to the July 2007 Revolving Facility), which extended the maturity date to February 15, 2008, subject to certain conditions. In connection with the amendment, the applicable margin of the interest rate was increased to a fixed premium of 1.75% and the Company paid an extension fee of \$3.3 million, payable on maturity.

On February 14, 2008, the Company entered into a letter agreement (the Revolving Facility Extension Agreement) further amending the July 2007 Revolving Facility. The Revolving Facility Extension Agreement extended the maturity date (the Termination Date) from February 15, 2008 to the earlier to occur of (i) September 30, 2008, and (ii) the date on which any trigger event occurs. Trigger events include, among other things, defaults, borrowing or prepayments under credit facilities of certain of the Company's affiliates and a requirement that, CPT Manager Limited (CPT) and Centro Properties Limited (CPL) extend the maturity of certain of their indebtedness (as described below) to a date no earlier than September 30, 2008, which did occur on May 8, 2008. Refer to Note 18. The applicable margin of the interest rate remained at 1.75%. The extension fee under the First Amendment to the July 2007 Revolving Facility, payable on the Termination Date, remains the same under the Revolving Facility Extension Agreement.

On March 28, 2008, the Company entered into another letter agreement (the Amendment to Revolving Facility Extension Agreement) modifying and waiving various provisions of the July 2007 Revolving Facility, the First Amendment to the July 2007 Revolving Facility and the Revolving Facility Extension Agreement (collectively, as amended as of March 28, 2008, the Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility). The Amendment to Revolving Facility Extension Agreement, among other things, approved (i) an agreement pursuant to which the Company contributed 49% of its interest in certain subsidiaries owning 31 real properties with an approximate fair market value of \$780.0 million to Centro NP Residual Holding LLC (the Residual Joint Venture), and distributed 51% of its interest in the transferred entities to its parent, Super LLC, which interest Super LLC contributed to the Residual Joint Venture, and (ii) the assumption of all liabilities relating to the Company's employees by Centro US Management Joint Venture 2, LP and the distribution of approximately \$15.0 million of miscellaneous assets used in the day-to-day management of the Company's properties to the Management Joint Venture. In connection with the Amendment to Revolving Facility Extension Agreement, the Company granted mortgages on certain properties owned by the Company and certain existing guarantors of the Amended July

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2007 Revolving Facility. In addition, certain subsidiaries of the Residual Joint Venture entered into guaranties of the Company's Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility and granted mortgages in favor of the lender.

The Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility bears interest at a rate per annum equal to, at the Company's option, (i) a base rate equal to the prime rate plus an applicable margin as specified in the Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility or (ii) the LIBOR rate plus the applicable margin.

The Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility contains various representations, warranties and covenants customary for financings of this type, including, among others, mandatory prepayment upon the occurrence of certain events. Under the Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility, the Company is also subject to compliance with certain financial coverage ratios and other debt covenants. As of March 31, 2008, these coverage ratios and debt covenants included: (i) total debt to total adjusted assets of

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no more than 65%; (ii) total secured debt to total adjusted assets of no more than 40%; (iii) unencumbered total asset value not to be less than 100% of the aggregate principal amount of all outstanding unsecured debt of the Company and its subsidiaries; and (iv) consolidated income available for debt service of at least 1.5 times the maximum annual service charge on total debt.

The Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility contains customary defaults, including, among others: (i) the nonpayment of interest or principal of any loan; (ii) failure to comply with restrictions on use of proceeds; (iii) failure to observe or perform covenants under any loan document; (iv) bankruptcy or insolvency; (v) certain judgments and decrees; and (vi) change of control.

Amounts outstanding under the Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility are guaranteed pursuant to an Amended and Restated Guaranty Agreement dated July 31, 2007, by and among certain subsidiaries of the Company, as guarantors in favor of the Administrative Agent. The Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility also has the benefit of a contingent Guaranty Agreement dated July 31, 2007, by and among CPT and CPL as guarantors in favor of the Administrative Agent (the Centro Party Guaranty), which, subject to certain conditions, guarantees up to the full amount of the Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility. In the event that at any time after the Centro Party Guaranty is triggered the amount of the guaranty is less than the full amount of the obligations under the First Amendment to the Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility at such time, the Company is required to permanently prepay the Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility by the amount of such deficiency.

In connection with the Mergers, Centro NP, New Plan Realty Trust, LLC (as successor to New Plan Realty Trust, but only with respect to the 1999 Indenture) and the Trustee entered into the Supplemental Indentures, each dated as of April 20, 2007, to the Indentures, by and between New Plan and the Trustee. The Supplemental Indentures each provided for the assumption by Centro NP of all of the obligations of New Plan with respect to the following debt securities that are outstanding under each of the Indentures, effective upon consummation of the Merger (collectively, the Notes):

- (i) 3.70% Convertible Senior Notes due 2026;
- (ii) 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2023;
- (iii) 4.50% Senior Notes due 2011;
- (iv) 5.30% Senior Notes due 2015;
- (v) 5.250% Senior Notes due 2015;
- (vi) 5.125% Senior Notes due 2012;
- (vii) 7.40% Senior Notes due 2009;
- (viii) 5.50% Senior Notes due 2013;
- (ix) 7.50% Senior Notes due 2029;
- (x) 6.90% Senior Notes due 2028;
- (xi) 7.68% Senior Notes due 2026;
- (xii) 7.65% Senior Notes due 2026;
- (xiii) 7.97% Senior Notes due 2026; and

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(xiv) 7.35% Senior Notes due 2007 (repaid on June 15, 2007).

Centro NP, as the successor obligor on the Notes, intends to continue to file with the SEC any annual reports, quarterly reports and other documents that it is required to file with the SEC to the extent required under the Indentures governing the Notes.

On September 19, 2006, the Predecessor completed a private offering of \$200.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.70% senior convertible notes due September 15, 2026 (the September 2006 Debt Offering). At certain times and upon the occurrence of certain events, the notes were convertible into cash up to their principal amount and, with respect to the remainder, if any, of the conversion value in excess of such principal amount, cash or shares of the Predecessor's common stock. The initial conversion rate was 30.5506 shares per \$1,000 principal amount of notes (which is equivalent to an initial conversion price of \$32.73 per share). At the time of issuance, the notes were not redeemable by the Predecessor prior to September 20, 2011 (except to preserve the Predecessor's status as a REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes), but were redeemable anytime thereafter, in whole or in part, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount of the notes plus any accrued and unpaid interest (including

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additional interest), if any. In addition, on September 20, 2011, September 15, 2016, and September 15, 2021, or upon the occurrence of certain change in control transactions prior to September 20, 2011, note holders could have required the Predecessor to repurchase all or a portion of the notes at a purchase price equal to the principal amount plus any accrued and unpaid interest on the notes. Net proceeds from the September 2006 Debt Offering were used to repurchase approximately \$50.0 million of the Predecessor's common stock at a price of \$26.83 per share and for general corporate purposes, including the repayment of outstanding borrowings under the Predecessor's \$350.0 million unsecured revolving credit facility.

Pursuant to the terms of the 3.70% Convertible Senior Notes due 2026, as set forth in the 2004 Indenture, as supplemented by the First Supplemental Indenture, dated September 19, 2006 (the First Supplemental Indenture), a Change in Control (as defined in the First Supplemental Indenture) occurred as of April 5, 2007, and the Predecessor's common stock was subsequently delisted from the New York Stock Exchange. Accordingly, pursuant to the 2004 Indenture, as supplemented by the First Supplemental Indenture, the 3.70% Convertible Senior Notes became convertible as of April 5, 2007. As such, the 3.70% Convertible Senior Notes were convertible into the following cash amounts per \$1,000 principal amount of notes, for the time periods set forth below (subject in each case to the terms and conditions of the 2004 Indenture, as supplemented by the First Supplemental Indenture):

- \$1,114.65 per \$1,000 principal amount up to and including June 4, 2007; and
- \$1,012.75 per \$1,000 principal amount after June 4, 2007, convertible at any time until maturity (subject to Sections 2.11(d) and (e) of the 2004 Indenture, as supplemented by the First Supplemental Indenture).

As of March 31, 2008, all of the \$200.0 million aggregate principal amount of the 3.70% Convertible Senior Notes had been converted by the holders thereof, for an aggregate conversion price of approximately \$222.9 million.

Pursuant to the terms of the 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2023, as set forth in the 1999 Indenture, as supplemented by an Officers Certificate, dated May 19, 2003 (the Officers Certificate) and the Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 17, 2004 (the Supplemental Indenture), on April 1, 2007, the sale price condition triggering the holders' conversion rights was satisfied as a result of the last reported sale price of the Company's common stock for at least 20 trading days during the period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the previous calendar quarter was greater than or equal to 120% of the applicable conversion price on such last trading day. Accordingly, pursuant to the 1999 Indenture, as supplemented by the Officers Certificate and the Supplemental Indenture, the 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes became convertible as of April 1, 2007 and were convertible through July 2, 2007. As such, the 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes were convertible into \$1,326 per \$1,000 principal amount of notes.

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As of March 31, 2008, approximately \$114.8 million of the \$115.0 million aggregate principal amount of the 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes had been converted by the holders thereof, for an aggregate conversion price of approximately \$152.2 million.

As of March 31, 2008, future scheduled maturities of outstanding long-term debt and capital lease obligations were as follows (in thousands):

2008 (remaining nine months)	\$	465,758
2009		326,517
2010		121,519
2011		173,213
2012		150,402
Thereafter		547,105
Total debt maturities		1,784,514
Net unamortized premiums on mortgages		12,387
Net unamortized premiums on notes		29,522
Total debt obligations	\$	1,826,423

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Cross-defaulting of Debt

The short-term credit facilities of CPT provided under the Australian Extension Deed, the Preston Ridge Facility of the Residual Joint Venture, and the Super Bridge Loan of Super LLC provided under the Super Bridge Loan Extension Agreement are cross-defaulted with the Company's Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility.

An Event-of-Default under the Indentures will trigger an event-of-default of all debt arrangements mentioned directly above.

Prohibition on Incurring Additional Indebtedness

Due to certain covenants and restrictions contained in certain of the Company's debt agreements, the Company is currently prohibited from incurring additional indebtedness.

Collateralization of Super Bridge Loan Debt

It should be noted that as of March 31, 2008 and since April 20, 2007, the Super Bridge Loan (totaling \$1.8 billion) of the Company's parent, Super LLC is secured by its 100% membership interest in the Company.

Mortgage Debt With Optional Prepayment Dates

During the period from January 1, 2008 to March 31, 2008, interest rates increased by their terms under two of the Company's mortgage loans, secured by Karl Plaza and Silver Pointe, respectively. Each loan contained an optional prepayment date, after which interest rates increased by 2% for Karl Plaza and 5% for Silver Pointe. The Company did not prepay either loan on their optional prepayment dates.

Note 11: Risk Management and Use of Financial Instruments

Risk Management

In the normal course of its on-going business operations, the Company encounters economic risk. There are three main components of economic risk: interest rate risk, credit risk and market risk. The Company is subject to interest rate risk on its interest-bearing liabilities. Credit risk is the risk of default on the Company's operations and tenants' inability or unwillingness to make contractually required payments. Market risk includes changes in the value of the properties held by the Company due to changes in interest rates or other market factors.

Management of Market Risk

As a real estate company, the Company is subject to all of the risks associated with owning and operating real estate. The value of the Company's real estate investments is driven by market conditions, including the financial stability of tenants, demand for properties/rental space and changes in market rental rates.

Current and forecast retail market conditions are not overly positive. However, the Company manages this market risk through a high weighting of non-discretionary spending tenants, such as grocery stores, drug stores, geographic diversification of properties and selection of properties in areas with customer catchments with strong economic demographics. It is possible that if the Company is required to dispose of real estate assets in the near

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term and in an other than ordinary transaction to assist with the Company's liquidity position, those real estate assets could be sold at a loss.

Use of Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company's and Predecessor's, as applicable, use of derivative instruments is, and was, primarily limited to the utilization of interest rate agreements or other instruments to manage interest rate risk exposures and not for speculative purposes. The principal objective of such arrangements is to manage the risks and/or costs associated with the Company's operating and financial structure, as well as to hedge specific transactions. The counterparties to these arrangements are major financial institutions with which the Company and its affiliates may also have other financial relationships. The Company is potentially exposed to credit loss in the event of non-performance by these counterparties. However, because of their high credit ratings, the Company does not anticipate that any of the counterparties will fail to meet these obligations as they come due. The Company does not use derivative instruments to hedge credit/market risk.

As of March 31, 2008, the Company had two reverse arrears swap agreements. The reverse arrears swap agreements effectively convert the interest rate on \$65.0 million of the Company's debt from a fixed rate to a blended floating rate of 30 basis points over the six-month LIBOR rate. The two reverse arrears swap agreements terminate on February 1, 2011.

The following table summarizes the terms and fair values of the Company's derivative financial instruments at March 31, 2008 (dollars in thousands). The notional amounts at March 31, 2008 provide an indication of the extent of the Company's involvement in these instruments at that time, but do not represent exposure to credit, interest rate or market risks.

Hedge Product	Hedge Type	Notional Amount	Strike	Maturity	Fair Value
Reverse Arrears Swap	Fair Value	\$ 50,000	4.380%	02/01/11	\$ 2,052
Reverse Arrears Swap	Fair Value	15,000	4.030%	02/01/11	505
		\$ 65,000			\$ 2,557

As of March 31, 2008, the reverse arrears swaps of approximately \$2.6 million were reported in Other Assets.

Post Merger, these reverse arrears swaps did not qualify for hedge accounting treatment under SFAS No. 133. Gains and losses pertaining to derivatives are included in Interest expense on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income/(Loss). This includes mark-to-market adjustments of open contracts as well as periodic settlements.

Concentration of Credit Risk

A concentration of credit risk arises in the Company's business when a national or regionally-based tenant occupies a substantial amount of space in multiple properties owned by the Company. In that event, if the tenant suffers a significant downturn in its business, it may become unable to make its contractual rent payments to the Company, exposing the Company to a potential loss in rental revenue that is magnified as a result of the tenant renting space in multiple locations. The Company regularly monitors its tenant base to assess potential concentrations of credit risk. Management believes the current credit risk portfolio is reasonably well diversified and does not contain any unusual concentration of credit risk.

Risks Associated with Liquidity Position

The Company presently has \$306.8 million of debt under its Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility which is scheduled to mature on the earlier of (i) September 30, 2008, or (ii) upon the occurrence of certain trigger events under that facility. The Company's extension of the Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility was provided on the basis that

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the Company's ultimate parents in Australia obtained extensions of its debt facilities until at least September 30, 2008. The Company's ultimate parents announced on May 8, 2008 the extension of its debt facilities to December 15, 2008, subject to certain conditions being met by May 30, 2008 and September 30, 2008. The Company also has approximately \$158.1 million of mortgages payable scheduled to mature during 2008. An event of default caused by the nonpayment of this debt upon maturity may result in a default under our public indentures. Such event of default will result in a default of the Super Bridge Loan.

In addition, covenants contained in certain of the Company's indebtedness and restrictions under the debt extension agreements significantly constrain the Company's ability to incur additional debt in the short-term. In connection with the First Amendment to the July 2007 Revolving Facility, the Company is no longer permitted to make draws under the Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility, and is limited to financing any development costs from distributions received from the Residual Joint Venture.

The Company's ultimate parent investors (CPT and CPL) are also dealing with significant liquidity/refinancing issues. Due to the financial constraints of the Company's ultimate parent investors, it is unlikely that they will be able to make additional equity contributions to alleviate the Company's short-term liquidity issues.

Note 12: Minority Interest in Consolidated Partnership and Joint Ventures

In 1995, the DownREIT Partnership, a consolidated entity, was formed to own certain real estate properties. A wholly owned subsidiary of the Company is the sole general partner of the DownREIT Partnership and is entitled to receive 99% of all net income and gains before depreciation, if any, after the limited partners receive their preferred cash and gain allocations. Properties have been contributed to the DownREIT Partnership in exchange for cash, the assumption of mortgage indebtedness and limited partnership units (which may be redeemed at stipulated prices for cash).

In connection with the DownREIT Merger, each unit of limited partnership interest in the DownREIT Partnership (a DownREIT Unit) who elected to do so was converted, without any action on the part of the holder, into the right to receive one fully-paid Class A Preferred Unit, without interest, of the surviving partnership (the Preferred Unit Consideration). In lieu of the Preferred Unit Consideration, holders of DownREIT Units were offered the opportunity to elect to receive cash in an amount equal to the Offer Price per DownREIT Unit, as adjusted (the Cash Consideration). The holders of DownREIT Units that elected to receive the Cash Consideration ceased to be limited partners of the DownREIT Partnership. In connection with the DownREIT Merger, holders of 752,187 DownREIT Units, as adjusted, elected to receive the Cash Consideration, and holders of 2,643,870 DownREIT Units, as adjusted, elected, or were deemed to have elected, to receive the Preferred Unit Consideration. As a result, following the consummation of the DownREIT Merger, there were 2,643,870 Class A Preferred Units outstanding and not owned by Centro NP or its affiliates. Holders of these Class A Preferred Units have a redemption right for their Class A Preferred Units which will be exercisable starting April 20, 2008. Each Class A Preferred Unit is redeemable for \$33.15 plus all accrued and

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unpaid distributions. The aggregate redemption amount payable to all limited partners would be approximately \$83.9 million if all DownREIT Units were redeemed. The DownREIT Partnership must pay the redemption amount on June 27, 2008 to any redeeming limited partners which it receives a notice of redemption from on or prior to June 13, 2008.

DownREIT Partnership unit information is summarized as follows:

	Limited Partner Units
Outstanding at December 31, 2007	2,530,074
Issued	
Redeemed	
Outstanding at March 31, 2008	2,530,074

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As of the date of this filing, ten limited partners, who hold a total of approximately 1.1 million units, have provided notice of redemption wishing to participate in the redemption right, the aggregate redemption amount payable in relation to such notice would be approximately \$37.2 million.

Note 13: Stockholders Equity

On April 20, 2007, the Predecessor, Centro NP, MergerSub, and DownREIT Acquisition completed the Mergers. In connection with the New Plan Merger, (a) each share of Common Stock (other than shares held by New Plan or any subsidiary of New Plan or by MergerSub) was converted into the right to receive the same \$33.15 in cash per share as was paid in the Offer, without interest, and (b) each outstanding option to purchase Common Stock under any employee stock option or incentive plan became fully vested and exercisable (whether or not then vested or subject to any performance condition that has not been satisfied, and regardless of the exercise price thereof or the terms of any other agreement regarding the vesting, delivery or payment thereof) and were cancelled in exchange for the right to receive, for each share of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of such option, cash in the amount equal to the excess, if any, of the Offer Price over the exercise price per share of such option. As a result of the Merger, New Plan became a wholly owned subsidiary of Centro NP and any stockholder who held shares of Common Stock prior to the Merger ceased to be a stockholder effective as of the Merger.

Immediately following the Merger, and in connection with the Liquidation, all of New Plan's assets were transferred to, and all of its liabilities were assumed by, Centro NP, and all outstanding shares of common stock of the Predecessor were cancelled. As a result of the Merger and Liquidation, New Plan filed a Certification and Notice of Termination of Registration on Form 15 pursuant to which it terminated its reporting obligations under the Exchange Act with respect to its Common Stock and 7.625% Series E Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock.

Earnings per Share (EPS)

In accordance with the disclosure requirements of SFAS No. 128 (Note 3), a reconciliation of the numerator and denominator of basic and diluted EPS for periods prior to April 5, 2007 is provided as follows (in thousands, except per share amounts and amounts in the footnote below):

**Basic EPS
Numerator:**

**Three Months
Ended March 31,
2007**

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Income from continuing operations	\$	20,808
Preferred dividends		(5,504)
Income available to common shares from continuing operations - basic		15,304
Income available to common shares from discontinued operations - basic		3,236
Net income available to common shares - basic	\$	18,540
Denominator:		
Weighted average of common shares outstanding		103,352
Earnings per share - continuing operations	\$	0.15
Earnings per share - discontinued operations		0.03
Basic earnings per common share	\$	0.18

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Diluted EPS**Numerator:**

Income from continuing operations	\$	20,808
Preferred dividends		(5,504)
Minority interest in consolidated partnership		291
Income available to common shares from continuing operations - diluted		15,595
Income available to common shares from discontinued operations - diluted		3,236
Net income available to common shares - diluted	\$	18,831

Denominator:

Weighted average of common shares outstanding - basic		103,352
Effect of diluted securities:		
Options and contingently issuable shares		2,114
Excel Realty Partners, L.P. third party units		3,314
Convertible debt		846
Restricted stock		47
Weighted average of common shares outstanding - diluted		109,673
Earnings per share - continuing operations	\$	0.14
Earnings per share - discontinued operations		0.03
Diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.17

Note - For the three months ended March 31, 2007, there were no stock options that were anti dilutive.

As of March 31, 2008, the Company did not have any outstanding shares of common stock, and all issued and potentially issuable shares of the Predecessor's stock had been cancelled. The Company's Member's Capital is wholly-owned by Super LLC as of March 31, 2008.

Common Stock

As described above, and as a result of the Merger and the Liquidation, there were no common shares outstanding as of March 31, 2008.

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Prior to the Merger, in order to maintain its qualification as a REIT, not more than 50% in value of the outstanding shares of the Predecessor could have been owned, directly or indirectly, by five or fewer individuals at any time during the last half of any taxable year of the Predecessor, applying certain constructive ownership rules. To help ensure that the Predecessor did not fail this test, the Predecessor's Articles of Incorporation provided for, among other things, certain restrictions on the transfer of common stock to prevent further concentration of stock ownership. Moreover, to evidence compliance with these requirements, the Predecessor maintained records that disclosed the actual ownership of its outstanding common stock and demanded written statements each year from the holders of record of designated percentages of its common stock requesting the disclosure of the beneficial owners of such common stock.

Stock Options

During the three months ended March 31, 2007, the Company recorded approximately \$0.8 million of amortization of deferred compensation related to stock-based compensation, which expense included approximately \$0.4 million related to stock options and approximately \$0.4 million for restricted stock grants.

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Note 14: Commitments and Contingencies

General

The Company is not presently involved in any material litigation arising outside the ordinary course of its business. However, the Company is involved in routine litigation arising in the ordinary course of business, none of which is believed to be material in light of reserves taken by the Company. In connection with a specific tenant litigation, and based upon certain rulings occurring during the third quarter of 2005, the Company maintains an aggregate reserve of approximately \$4.8 million as of March 31, 2008. Given the increase in the reserve previously taken by the Predecessor, and the current status of the tenant litigation, the Company believes that any loss in excess of the established reserve would be immaterial.

Funding Commitments

In addition to the joint venture funding commitments described in Note 8 above, the Company also had the following contractual obligations as of March 31, 2008, none of which the Company believes will have a material adverse affect on the Company's operations:

- *Letters of Credit.* The Company has arranged for the provision of eight separate letters of credit in connection with certain property or insurance related matters. If these letters of credit are drawn, the Company will be obligated to reimburse the providing bank for the amount of the draw. As of March 31, 2008, there was no balance outstanding under any of the letters of credit. If the letters of credit were fully drawn, the combined maximum amount of exposure would be approximately \$14.9 million.
- *Non-Recourse Debt Guarantees.* Under certain Company and joint venture non-recourse mortgage loans, the Company could, under certain circumstances, be responsible for portions of the mortgage indebtedness in connection with certain customary non-recourse carve-out provisions such as environmental conditions, misuse of funds and material misrepresentations. In addition, the Company has guaranteed certain construction and other obligations relative to certain joint venture development projects; however, the Company does not expect that its obligations under such guarantees will be material if called upon.

- Leasing Commitments.* The Company has entered into leases, as lessee, in connection with ground leases for shopping centers which it operates and administrative space for the Company. These leases are accounted for as operating leases. The minimum annual rental commitments for these leases during the next five fiscal years and thereafter are approximately as follows (dollars in thousands):

Year		
2008 (remaining nine months)	\$	2,883
2009		3,788
2010		3,633
2011		3,541
2012		3,391
Thereafter		38,863

- Redemption Rights.* The limited partners of the DownREIT Partnership have a redemption right for their Class A Preferred Units which will be exercisable starting April 20, 2008. Each Class A Preferred Unit is redeemable for \$33.15 plus all accrued and unpaid distributions. The aggregate redemption amount payable to all limited partners would be approximately \$83.9 million. The DownREIT Partnership must pay the redemption amount on June 27, 2008 to any redeeming limited partners which it receives a notice of redemption from on or prior to June 13, 2008. Limited partners are not entitled to provide notice of redemption prior to April 20, 2008. As of the date of this filing, ten limited partners, who hold a total of approximately 1.1 million units, have provided notice of

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redemption wishing to participate in the redemption right, the aggregate redemption amount payable in relation to such notice would be approximately \$37.2 million.

Environmental Matters

Under various federal, state and local laws, ordinances and regulations, the Company may be considered an owner or operator of real property or may have arranged for the disposal or treatment of hazardous or toxic substances and, therefore, may become liable for the costs of removal or remediation of certain hazardous substances released on or in their property or disposed of by them, as well as certain other potential costs which could relate to hazardous or toxic substances (including governmental fines and injuries to persons and property). Such liability may be imposed whether or not the Company knew of, or was responsible for, the presence of these hazardous or toxic substances. As is common with community and neighborhood shopping centers, many of the Company's properties had or have on-site dry cleaners and/or on-site gasoline facilities. These operations could potentially result in environmental contamination at the properties.

The Company is aware that soil and groundwater contamination exists at some of its properties. The primary contaminants of concern at these properties include perchloroethylene and trichloroethylene (associated with the operations of on-site dry cleaners) and petroleum hydrocarbons (associated with the operations of on-site gasoline facilities). The Company is also aware that asbestos-containing materials exist at some of its properties. While the Company does not expect the environmental conditions at its properties, considered as a whole, to have a material adverse effect on the Company, there can be no assurance that this will be the case. Further, no assurance can be given that any environmental studies performed have identified or will identify all material environmental conditions, that any prior owner of the properties did not create a material environmental condition not known to the Company or that a material environmental condition does not otherwise exist with respect to any of the Company's properties.

Note 15: Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Total comprehensive (loss) income was \$(6.8) million and \$24.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. As of March 31, 2008, the primary component of comprehensive income, other than net income, was the Company's mark-to-market adjustment on its available-for-sale securities. Prior to the Merger, the Predecessor also included the adoption and continued application of SFAS No. 133 to the Company's cash flow hedges as components of comprehensive income.

As of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, accumulated other comprehensive loss reflected in the Company's member's capital on the Consolidated Balance Sheets was comprised of the following (dollars in thousands):

	As of March 31, 2008	As of December 31, 2007
Realized/unrealized (loss) gains on available-for-sale securities	\$ (16)	\$ (1,196)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$ (16)	\$ (1,196)

Note 16: Related Parties

The Company receives a REIT Management fee from affiliates of its Parent Company, Super LLC, which is calculated on assets managed by the Company. Total REIT Management fees earned for the three months ended March 31, 2008 totaled \$2.5 million, and are included in fee income on the Company's consolidated Statement of Operations.

The Company also derives fee income from services provided to certain of its joint ventures and other managed properties. For the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company or the Predecessor, as applicable, generated approximately \$4.8 million and \$8.6 million, respectively in fee income. As of March 31, 2008

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and December 31, 2007, the Company and the Predecessor, as applicable, had approximately \$8.2 million and \$7.2 million, respectively of fee income receivable.

There were approximately \$1.5 million of interest free notes receivable from the Company's affiliates as of March 31, 2008. As of December 31, 2007, the balance of interest free notes receivable from its affiliates was approximately \$2.9 million.

The amounts due to partners of the Company were \$3.6 million, and were included in Other Liabilities. There was no interest expense on the amounts due.

Note 17: Fair Value

Effective January 1, 2008, the Company partially adopted SFAS No. 157, except as it relates to non-financial assets and liabilities as per the deferral permitted under FSP FAS No. 157-2, which provides a framework for measuring fair value under GAAP. The Company has not elected to apply SFAS No. 159 and fair value any of the eligible financial assets and liabilities permitted under SFAS No. 159. The only financial assets recorded at fair value as of March 31, 2008 are those required to be fair valued under other accounting standards.

Fair Value Measurement

SFAS No. 157 defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. SFAS No. 157 also establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 Level 1 assets and liabilities include entity securities that are traded in an active exchange market, as well as certain U.S. Treasury and other U.S. government agency securities that are traded by dealers or brokers in active markets. Valuations are obtained from readily available pricing sources for market transactions involving identical assets or liabilities.

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Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets and liabilities. Level 2 assets are derivative instruments for which the fair value is estimated based on valuations obtained from third party pricing services for identical or comparable assets.

Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value:

Marketable Securities

The fair value of marketable securities is the market value based on both quoted market prices and valuations.

Derivative Instruments

The fair value of the derivative instruments, which are classified as Other Assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheet, were provided by valuation experts.

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Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis, as required by accounting standards other than SFAS No. 159, are summarized below (dollars in thousands):

	Level 1	Fair Value Measurements Using Level 2	Level 3	Assets/(Liabilities) at Fair Value
Derivative instruments	\$	\$ 2,557	\$	\$ 2,557
Marketable securities	420	4,198		4,618

Note 18: Subsequent EventExtension of Ultimate Australian Parents Short-term Facilities

As a result of dislocations in the global credit markets, CPT, one of the ultimate parent investors of the Company, was unable to secure long-term financing for various short-term credit facilities that it had entered into for an aggregate of approximately \$1.2 billion. As a result, CPT and CPL, also one of the ultimate parent investors of the Company, entered into an extension deed on December 17, 2007, which extended the maturity dates of various short-term credit facilities to February 15, 2008, subject to certain conditions. On February 15, 2008, CPT and CPL entered into another extension deed (the Australian Extension Deed), which extended the maturity date of the various short-term credit facilities and certain additional facilities from February 15, 2008 to the earlier to occur of (i) April 30, 2008, and (ii) the date on which any trigger event occurs. Trigger events include, among other things, defaults occurring due to defaults, borrowing or prepayments under credit facilities of certain affiliates and subsidiaries of CPT, including the Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility and the Super Bridge Loan. The Company is not an obligor under these various short-term credit facilities, but the Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility and the Super Bridge Loan are cross-defaulted with the Australian Extension Deed.

On April 29, 2008, CPT and CPL entered into an agreement extending the maturity date of the various short-term credit facilities and certain additional facilities from April 30, 2008, to May 7, 2008. In addition, the Company entered into a letter agreement amending the Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility extending the requirement for CPT and CPL to extend the maturity date of its indebtedness under the Australian Extension Deed from April 30, 2008, to May 7, 2008, which was subsequently extended to May 8, 2008.

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On May 8, 2008, CPT and CPL entered into a further amendment and restatement deed (the Australian Amended and Restated Extension Deed), which extended the maturity date of the various short-term credit facilities and certain additional facilities from May 8, 2008, to December 15, 2008, subject to certain conditions being met by May 30, 2008 and September 30, 2008. These conditions include agreement among the lender groups by May 30, 2008 on various matters including asset sale consents and proceeds allocation and by September 30, 2008 of the Company s progress on its strategic plan.

On May 7, 2008, in connection with the Australian Amended and Restated Extension Deed, the Company entered into another letter agreement (the Second Amendment to Revolving Facility Extension Agreement) modifying and waiving various provisions of the Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility. The Second Amendment to Revolving Facility Extension Agreement, among other things, approved the extension of the maturity of certain of

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CPT s and CPL s indebtedness to December 15, 2008, subject to certain conditions being met by May 30, 2008 and September 30, 2008.

In addition, on February 15, 2008, March 28, 2008, April 29, 2008, and May 8, 2008, CPT and CPL entered into agreements (the Noteholders Extension Agreement), and collectively with the Revolving Facility Extension Agreement, the Amendment to Revolving Facility Extension Agreement, the Second Amendment to Revolving Facility Extension Agreement, the Super Bridge Loan Extension Agreement, the Additional Super Bridge Loan Letter Agreement, the May 2008 Super Bridge Loan Letter Agreement, the Australian Extension Deed and the Australian Amended and Restated Extension Deed, the Extension Agreements) waiving any actions with regards to any alleged defaults under debt previously placed with United States investors.

DownREIT Redemption Right

The limited partners of the DownREIT Partnership have a redemption right for their Class A Preferred Units which will be exercisable starting April 20, 2008. Each Class A Preferred Unit is redeemable for \$33.15 plus all accrued and unpaid distributions. The aggregate redemption amount payable to all limited partners would be approximately \$83.9 million if all DownREIT units were redeemed. The DownREIT Partnership must pay the redemption amount on June 27, 2008 to any redeeming limited partners which it receives a notice of redemption from on or prior to June 13, 2008. Limited partners are not entitled to provide notice of redemption prior to April 20, 2008. As of the date of this filing, ten limited partners, who hold a total of approximately 1.1 million units, have provided notice of redemption wishing to participate in the redemption right, the aggregate redemption amount payable in relation to such notice would be approximately \$37.2 million.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and the accompanying notes thereto. Historical results and percentage relationships set forth in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income/(Loss) contained in the Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes, including trends which might appear, should not be taken as indicative of future operations.

As more fully described in Note 1 to our Consolidated Financial Statements, on February 27, 2007, New Plan, together with the DownREIT Partnership, entered into the Merger Agreement with the Buyer Parties. The Buyer Parties are affiliates of Centro. Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, MergerSub commenced and completed the Offer to purchase all outstanding shares of Common Stock of New Plan Excel Realty Trust, Inc. at the Offer Price. The Offer, as supplemented by a subsequent offering period, expired at 12:00 midnight, New York City time, on Wednesday, April 18, 2007. On April 19, 2007, MergerSub exercised its top-up option under the Merger Agreement and purchased from New Plan, at a purchase price equal to the Offer Price, a number of additional shares of common stock sufficient to permit MergerSub to effect a short-form merger of MergerSub into New Plan under Maryland law without the vote of or any other action by the remaining New Plan stockholders.

On April 20, 2007, New Plan, together with Centro NP, MergerSub, and DownREIT Acquisition completed the Mergers. Immediately following the Merger, on April 20, 2007, and in connection with the Liquidation, (a) all of New Plan's assets were transferred to, and all of its liabilities were assumed by, Centro NP, (b) all outstanding shares of preferred stock of New Plan were automatically converted into, and cancelled in exchange for the right to receive, cash liquidating distributions in accordance with their terms, and (c) all shares of common stock of New Plan were cancelled. As a result of the Merger and Liquidation, New Plan filed a Certification and Notice of Termination of Registration on Form 15 pursuant to which it terminated its reporting obligations under the Exchange Act, with respect to its Common Stock and 7.625% Series E Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock.

In connection with the Mergers, Centro NP, New Plan Realty Trust, LLC (as successor to New Plan Realty Trust, but only with respect to the 1999 Indenture) and the Trustee entered into the Supplemental Indentures to the Indentures, each dated as of April 20, 2007, by and between New Plan and the Trustee. The Supplemental Indentures each provide for the assumption by Centro NP of all of the obligations of New Plan under each of the Indentures, effective upon consummation of the Merger with respect to the Notes.

As the successor obligor on the Notes, we intend to continue to file with the SEC any annual reports, quarterly reports and other documents that it is required to file with the SEC to the extent required under the Indentures governing the Notes.

All references to we, us, our, ours, or the Company in this report refer to Centro NP LLC and its wholly-owned and majority owned subsidiaries and consolidated entities as of, or subsequent to, April 5, 2007, unless the context indicates otherwise. All references to our predecessor, the Predecessor or New Plan in this report refer to New Plan Excel Realty Trust, Inc. and its wholly-owned and majority owned subsidiaries and consolidated entities as it existed prior to April 5, 2007, unless the context indicates otherwise.

There is substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern given that our liquidity is subject to, among other things, its ability to negotiate extensions of credit facilities. Our inability to refinance the credit facilities would have a material adverse effect on our liquidity and financial condition. In addition, uncertainty also exists due to the refinancing issues currently experienced by our ultimate parent investors, Centro Properties Group and Centro Retail Group. If the outcomes of these negotiations are not favorable to Centro Properties Group and Centro

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Retail Group, it is uncertain as to the impact that this will have on us.

It is noted that Centro Properties Group and Centro Retail Group both recently filed reviewed financial statements for the six months ended December 31, 2007 with local Australian regulatory authorities whereby the auditor identified material uncertainty regarding their continuation as going concerns.

During the period from April 5, 2007 through December 31, 2007, we acquired a parcel of land immediately adjacent to a property owned by us (Land at Victory Square), the remaining 75% interest in a shopping center in which we owned the other 25% (The Centre at Preston Ridge), one land parcel and the remaining 90% interests in three of our joint ventures in which we owned the other 10% of each of the joint ventures (CA New Plan

Venture Fund LLC, CA New Plan Acquisition Fund, LLC and CA New Plan Direct Investment Fund, LLC) (collectively, Company Acquisitions). During the period from January 1, 2007 through April 4, 2007, our predecessor acquired one shopping center (Stewart Plaza) and one land parcel (collectively, Predecessor Acquisitions and, together with Company Acquisitions, the 2007 Acquisitions)

In August 2007, we formed the Residual Joint Venture with Super LLC, our sole and managing member. In connection with the formation of the joint venture, we contributed 49% of our interest in certain subsidiaries, owning 18 real properties to this joint venture. We distributed the remaining 51% of our interest in the transferred entities to Super LLC, and Super LLC contributed such interest in the transferred entities to this joint venture. Following these transactions, we owned 49% of the non-managing interest in this joint venture, and Super LLC owned 51% of the managing member interest in this joint venture. In November 2007, we contributed 49% of our interest in certain additional subsidiaries, owning 25 real properties to this joint venture. We distributed the remaining 51% of our interest in the additional transferred entities to Super LLC, and Super LLC contributed such interest in the additional transferred entities to this joint venture. In March 2008, we contributed 49% of our interest in certain additional subsidiaries, owning 31 real properties to this joint venture (together with the contribution of the 18 properties and 25 properties described above, the Residual Joint Venture Transactions). We distributed the remaining 51% of our interest in the additional transferred entities to Super LLC, and Super LLC contributed such interest in the additional transferred entities to this joint venture. Following these transactions, we continued to own 49% of the non-managing interest in this joint venture, and Super LLC continued to own 51% of the managing member interest in this joint venture.

In accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 144, the results of operations of properties that have been disposed of (by sale, by abandonment, or in a distribution to owners) or classified as held for sale must be classified as discontinued operations and segregated in our Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss). Therefore, results of operations from prior periods have been retrospectively adjusted to reflect the current pool of disposed of or held for sale assets.

Recent Developments

Extension of Super Bridge Loan

On August 1, 2007, Super LLC, our sole and managing member, entered into an amended and restated loan agreement with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, for an approximate amount of \$2.6 billion (the Super Bridge Loan). As a result of dislocations in the global credit markets shortly after entering into the Super Bridge Loan, Super LLC was unable to obtain long-term financing on satisfactory terms consistent with its long-term strategy and was required to seek an extension of the Super Bridge Loan maturity date. On December 16, 2007, Super LLC entered into a letter agreement (the Super Bridge Loan First Letter Agreement) which extended the maturity date of the Super Bridge Loan to February 15, 2008, subject to certain conditions. In connection with the Super Bridge Loan First Letter Agreement, the applicable spread was increased to a fixed premium of 1.75% and an aggregate extension fee of approximately \$18.6 million was charged.

On February 14, 2008, Super LLC entered into a letter agreement (the Super Bridge Loan Extension Agreement) further amending the Super Bridge Loan. The Super Bridge Loan Extension Agreement extended the maturity date (the Super Bridge Loan Termination Date) from February 15, 2008 to the earlier to occur of (i) September 30, 2008, and (ii) the date on which any trigger event occurs. Trigger events include, among other things, defaults, borrowing or prepayments under credit facilities of certain affiliates of Super LLC, including the Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility, and a requirement that, prior to April 30, 2008, CPT and CPL must extend the maturity of certain of their indebtedness (as described below) to a date no earlier than September 30, 2008. The applicable margin of the interest rate remained at 1.75%. The extension fee under the Super Bridge Loan First Letter Agreement, payable on the Super Bridge Loan Termination Date, remains the same under the Super Bridge Loan Extension Agreement. We are not an obligor under the Super Bridge Loan but the Amended July 2007 Revolving

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Facility is cross-defaulted with the Super Bridge Loan.

On March 28, 2008, Super LLC entered into another letter agreement (the *Additional Super Bridge Loan Letter Agreement*) with its lenders to permit the transactions under the *Contribution Agreement* (discussed below under *Contribution, Distribution and Assumption Agreement*) and the transactions contemplated by the *Contribution and the Management Services Assumption* (discussed below under *Distribution, Contribution and Assignment Agreement and Property Management and Leasing Agreement*).

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On April 29, 2008, Super LLC entered into a letter agreement amending the Super Bridge Loan extending the requirement for CPT and CPL to extend the maturity date of its indebtedness under the Australian Extension Deed from April 30, 2008, to May 7, 2008.

On May 7, 2008, in connection with the Australian Amended and Restated Extension Deed, Super LLC entered into another letter agreement (the May 2008 Super Bridge Loan Letter Agreement) modifying and waiving various provisions of the Super Bridge Loan. The May 2008 Super Bridge Loan Letter Agreement, among other things, approved the extension of the maturity of certain of CPT s and CPL s indebtedness to a date no earlier than December 15, 2008, subject to certain conditions being met by May 30, 2008 and September 30, 2008.

Extension Deed of Centro Short-Term Facilities

As a result of dislocations in the global credit markets, our Australian parents CPT Manager Limited, as responsible entity of Centro Property Trust, (CPT), were also unable to secure long-term financing for various short-term credit facilities that it had entered into for an aggregate of approximately \$1.18 billion. As a result, CPT and Centro Properties Limited (CPL) entered into an extension deed on December 17, 2007, which extended the maturity dates of various short-term credit facilities to February 15, 2008, subject to certain conditions. On February 15, 2008, CPT and CPL entered into another extension deed, the Australian Extension Deed, which extended the maturity date of the various short-term credit facilities and certain additional facilities from February 15, 2008 to the earlier to occur of (i) April 30, 2008, and (ii) the date on which any trigger event occurs. Trigger events include, among other things, defaults occurring due to defaults, borrowing or prepayments under credit facilities of certain affiliates and subsidiaries of CPT, including the Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility and the Super Bridge Loan. We are not an obligor under these various short-term credit facilities, but the Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility and the Super Bridge Loan are cross-defaulted with the Australian Extension Deed.

In addition, on February 15, 2008, March 28, 2008, April 29, 2008, and May 8, 2008, CPT and CPL entered into agreements (the Noteholders Extension Agreement), and collectively with the Revolving Facility Extension Agreement, the Amendment to Revolving Facility Extension Agreement, the Second Amendment to Revolving Facility Extension Agreement, the Super Bridge Loan Extension Agreement, the Additional Super Bridge Loan Letter Agreement, the May 2008 Super Bridge Loan Letter Agreement, the Australian Extension Deed and the Australian Amended and Restated Extension Deed, the Extension Agreements) waiving any actions with regards to any alleged defaults under debt previously placed with United States investors.

On April 29, 2008, CPT and CPL entered into an agreement extending the maturity date of the various short-term credit facilities and certain additional facilities from April 30, 2008, to May 7, 2008, which was subsequently extended to May 8, 2008.

On May 8, 2008, CPT and CPL entered into a further amendment and restatement deed (the Australian Amended and Restated Extension Deed) modifying and waiving various provisions of the Australian Extension Deed. The Australian Amended and Restated Extension Deed, among other things, extended the maturity date of the various short-term credit facilities and certain additional facilities from May 8, 2008, to December 15, 2008, subject to certain conditions being met by May 30, 2008 and September 30, 2008.

Preston Ridge Facility

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On February 14, 2008, BPR Shopping Center, LLC (BPR LLC), an unconsolidated subsidiary of ours, entered into a revolving credit facility (the Preston Ridge Facility) with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. (as agent and a lender) and the other lenders party thereto, pursuant to which it can borrow up to \$80.0 million (however, only \$40.0 million of which can be borrowed on or before April 30, 2008). The Preston Ridge Facility is collateralized by the property owned by BPR LLC known as The Centre at Preston Ridge and has a maturity date of September 30, 2008, subject to certain conditions. The Preston Ridge Facility is guaranteed by Centro Preston Ridge Member LLC, the sole member of BPR LLC. Proceeds of the Preston Ridge Facility will be used for development and redevelopment of certain properties and for general cash flow. The Preston Ridge Facility is cross-defaulted with the Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility, the Super Bridge Loan and certain other credit facilities of affiliates of Super LLC. Pursuant to the transactions described below under Contribution, Distribution and Assumption Agreement, BPR LLC and the debt associated therewith were transferred to Centro NP Residual Holding LLC (the Residual Joint Venture).

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Contribution, Distribution and Assumption Agreement

On March 28, 2008, we executed a Contribution, Distribution and Assumption Agreement (the *Contribution Agreement*) together with Super LLC, the Residual Joint Venture, a joint venture owned by Super LLC and us, and certain of our wholly-owned subsidiaries. The Contribution Agreement was released from escrow and became effective as of March 30, 2008.

Pursuant to the Contribution Agreement, we contributed 49% of our interest in certain subsidiaries (including BPR LLC) owning 31 real properties with an approximate fair market value of \$780 million to the Residual Joint Venture. We distributed 51% of our interest in the transferred entities to our parent, Super LLC, and Super LLC contributed such interest in the transferred entities to the Residual Joint Venture. Following these transactions, we owned 49% of the interests in the transferred entities, and Super LLC owned 51% of the interests in the transferred entities.

Distribution, Contribution and Assignment Agreement and Property Management and Leasing Agreement

On March 28, 2008, we, Super LLC, the Management Joint Venture, Centro US Employment Company, LLC and Centro New Plan Inc. (a member of Super LLC) executed a Distribution, Contribution and Assignment Agreement (the *Distribution Agreement*) to memorialize the prior agreement of the parties thereto with respect to the assumption of all liabilities relating to our former employees by the Management Joint Venture and the distribution of approximately \$15 million of miscellaneous assets used in the day-to-day management of our properties to the Management Joint Venture (the *Management Services Assumption*).

DownREIT Redemption Right

The limited partners of the DownREIT Partnership have a redemption right for their Class A Preferred Units which will be exercisable starting April 20, 2008. Each Class A Preferred Unit is redeemable for \$33.15 plus all accrued and unpaid distributions. The aggregate redemption amount payable to all limited partners would be approximately \$83.9 million if all DownREIT units were redeemed. The DownREIT Partnership must pay the redemption amount on June 27, 2008 to any redeeming limited partners which it receives a notice of redemption from on or prior to June 13, 2008. Limited partners are not entitled to provide notice of redemption prior to April 20, 2008. As of the date of this filing, ten limited partners, who hold a total of approximately 1.1 million units, have provided notice of redemption wishing to participate in the redemption right, the aggregate redemption amount payable in relation to such notice would be approximately \$37.2 million.

Results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2008 (the Company) and 2007 (the Predecessor)

Rental Revenues

Rental income was \$87.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and \$96.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2008. The following significant factors caused material changes in the rental income of the Company:

- 2007 Acquisitions, which increased rental income by approximately \$6.4 million
- Increased amortization of below market leases, which leases were recorded at fair value by the Company in connection with the Merger, which increased rental income by approximately \$11.1 million
- Net increases in rental rates and straight-line rent adjustments, which increased rental income by approximately \$4.1 million
- The Residual Joint Venture Transactions, which decreased rental income by approximately \$12.9 million
- Decreased lease settlement income, which decreased rental income by approximately \$0.9 million

Expense reimbursements were \$25.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and \$23.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2008. The following significant factors caused material changes in the expense reimbursements of the Company:

- 2007 Acquisitions, which increased expense reimbursements by approximately \$1.8 million

- A net increase in the amount of reimbursable property operating expenses, which increased expense reimbursements by approximately \$1.0 million
- The Residual Joint Venture Transactions, which decreased expense reimbursements by approximately \$4.7 million

Fee income was \$8.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and \$7.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2008. Fee income is derived from services provided to our joint ventures and other managed projects. The following significant factors caused material changes in the fee income of the Company:

- Asset management fee revenue, which increased fee income by approximately \$2.1 million
- Leasing fee revenue, which decreased fee income by approximately \$2.6 million
- Construction fee revenue, primarily attributable to a decrease in the number of properties undergoing redevelopment, or being newly constructed, which decreased fee income by approximately \$0.6 million

Operating Expenses

Operating costs were \$20.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and \$23.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2008. The following significant factors caused material changes in the operating costs of the Company:

- 2007 Acquisitions, which increased operating costs by approximately \$1.8 million
- Increased payroll and payroll related expenses, attributable to increased personnel levels necessary to manage the growing number of properties under management, which increased operating costs by approximately \$2.1 million
- Increased snow removal costs, primarily attributable to harsh winter conditions, which increased operating costs by approximately \$0.9 million

- The Residual Joint Venture Transactions, which decreased operating costs by approximately \$2.3 million
- Decreased property insurance expense, attributable to lower premiums under our renewed policy, which decreased operating costs by approximately \$0.9 million

Real estate taxes were \$16.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and \$14.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2008. The following significant factors caused material changes in the real estate taxes of the Company:

- 2007 Acquisitions, which increased real estate taxes by approximately \$1.1 million
- The Residual Joint Venture Transactions, which decreased real estate taxes by approximately \$3.0 million

Depreciation and amortization was \$24.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and \$56.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2008. The following significant factors caused material changes in the depreciation and amortization of the Company:

- 2007 Acquisitions, which increased depreciation and amortization by approximately \$3.4 million
- Increased depreciation expense on our real estate properties, which properties were recorded at fair value by the Company in connection with the Merger, which increased depreciation and amortization by approximately \$28.6 million

- Increased amortization expense associated with amounts paid to acquire certain property and asset management rights, which rights were recorded at fair value by the Company in connection with the Merger, increased depreciation and amortization by approximately \$1.0 million

- Increased amortization expense of intangible assets, other than the amounts paid to acquire certain property and asset management rights, which intangible assets were recorded at fair value by the Company in connection with the Merger, which increased depreciation and amortization by approximately \$1.0 million

Provision for doubtful accounts was \$2.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and \$0.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2008. The following significant factors caused a material change in the provision for doubtful accounts of the Company:

- Increased write-offs, which increased provision for doubtful accounts by approximately \$2.7 million

- Increased recoveries of previously reserved amounts, primarily attributable to aggressive collection efforts, which decreased provision for doubtful accounts by approximately \$3.8 million

General and administrative expenses were \$15.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and \$8.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2008. The following significant factor caused a material change in the general and administrative expenses of the Company:

- Decreased advisory and legal fees, incurred in connection with the Merger, which decreased general and administrative expenses by approximately \$6.1 million

Other Income and Expenses

Interest, dividend and other (loss) income was \$1.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and \$(0.6) million for the three months ended March 31, 2008. The following significant factor caused a material change in the interest, dividend and other (loss) income of the Company:

- A loss on the sale of certain securities, which decreased interest, dividend and other (loss) income by approximately \$1.8 million

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Equity in income (loss) of unconsolidated ventures was \$1.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and \$(1.7) million for the three months ended March 31, 2008. The following significant factor caused a material change in the equity in income (loss) of unconsolidated ventures of the Company:

- The formation of the Centro NP Residual Holding LLC joint venture, which decreased equity in (loss) income of unconsolidated ventures by approximately \$2.5 million, due to depreciation and amortization charges, and interest expenses.

Discontinued Operations

For the three months ended March 31, 2008, properties that had been either disposed of (by sale, abandonment, or in a distribution to owner) or classified as held for sale generated approximately \$0.1 million and \$1.1 million in results of operations and loss on sale, respectively. For the three months ended March 31, 2007, properties that had been either disposed of (by sale, abandonment, or in a distribution to owner) or classified as held for sale generated approximately \$0.8 million and \$2.5 million in results of operations and gain on sale, respectively. Accordingly, these amounts have been classified as discontinued operations.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of March 31, 2008, we had approximately \$23.5 million in available cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities. In connection with the First Amendment to the July 2007 Revolving Facility, we are no longer permitted to make draws under our Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility.

Short-Term Liquidity Needs

In addition to short-term indebtedness, our short-term liquidity requirements consist primarily of funds necessary to pay for management fees, operating and other expenses directly associated with our portfolio of properties, interest expense and scheduled principal payments on our outstanding debt, capital expenditures incurred to facilitate the leasing of space (*e.g.*, tenant improvements and leasing commissions), and capital expenditures incurred in our development and redevelopment projects. We presently have \$306.8 million of debt under our Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility scheduled to mature on the earlier to occur of (i) September 30, 2008, and (ii) the date on which any trigger event under our Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility occurs. We also have an aggregate of \$158.1 million of mortgage debt scheduled to mature during 2008. Although we have historically met our short-term liquidity requirements with cash generated from operations and borrowings under credit facilities, we are presently unable to make draws on our Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility. Due to covenants contained in certain of our debt agreements, we are prohibited from incurring additional indebtedness and are limited to distributions received from the Residual Joint Venture that are funded with borrowings from the Preston Ridge Facility for additional borrowings to meet our short-term liquidity requirements. We are currently working with the lenders under our Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility to refinance our short-term indebtedness and are considering additional plans with respect to meeting our short-term liquidity requirements. There can be no assurances that we will be able to refinance our short-term debt on favorable terms or at all. In addition, there are certain factors that may have a material adverse effect on our cash flow from operations which would further constrain our ability to satisfy our short-term liquidity requirements.(1)

We derive substantially all of our revenue from tenants under existing leases at our properties. Therefore, our operating cash flow is dependent on the rents that we are able to charge to our tenants, and the ability of these tenants to make their rental payments. We believe that the nature of the properties in which we typically invest primarily community and neighborhood shopping centers provides a more stable revenue flow in uncertain economic times because, even in difficult economic times, consumers still need to purchase basic living essentials such as food and soft goods. However, general economic downturns, or economic downturns in one or more markets in which we own properties, still may adversely impact the ability of our tenants to make rental payments and our ability to re-lease space on favorable terms as leases expire. In either of these instances, our cash flow would be adversely affected.

In some cases, we have invested as a co-venturer or partner in the development or redevelopment of new properties, instead of developing projects directly. We have also agreed to contribute our pro rata share of any additional capital that may be required by our joint ventures. In connection with the First Amendment to the July 2007 Revolving Facility, we are no longer permitted to make draws under our Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility, and are limited to financing any capital requirements from distributions received from the Residual Joint Venture that are funded with borrowings from the Preston Ridge Facility. The Residual Joint Venture has up to \$80.0 million of borrowing available to it under the Preston Ridge Facility (only \$40.0 million of which can be borrowed on or before April 30, 2008). The unused portion of the Preston Ridge Facility was \$51.4 million as of March 31, 2008. If we are unable to negotiate additional capacity under the Preston Ridge Facility or negotiate other liquidity facilities, we may be unable to finance these joint venture obligations following exhaustion of the Preston Ridge Facility.

During the three months ended March 31, 2008, we completed four redevelopment projects in our consolidated portfolio, the aggregate cost of which, including costs incurred in prior years on these projects, was approximately \$17.3 million. Our current redevelopment pipeline in our consolidated portfolio is comprised of 23 projects, the aggregate cost of which, including costs incurred in prior years on these projects, is expected to be approximately \$208.8 million. Our current outparcel development pipeline in our consolidated portfolio is comprised of four projects, the aggregate cost of which, including costs incurred in prior years on these projects, is expected to be approximately \$10.1 million. In connection with the First Amendment to the July 2007 Revolving Facility, we are no longer permitted to make draws under our Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility, and are limited to financing any development and redevelopment costs from distributions received from the Residual Joint Venture that are funded with borrowings from the Preston Ridge Facility. If we are unable to negotiate additional capacity

(1) Refer to Note 10 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for details relating to the total short term debt as at March 31, 2008.

under the Preston Ridge Facility or negotiate other liquidity facilities, we may be unable to finance further development and redevelopment in our Consolidated Portfolio following exhaustion of the Preston Ridge Facility.

We also redevelop properties in our joint venture portfolios. During the three months ended March 31, 2008, our joint venture portfolios completed one redevelopment project, the aggregate cost of which, including costs incurred in prior years on the project, was approximately \$6.8 million, of which our pro rata share was approximately \$1.4 million. Our current joint venture redevelopment pipeline is comprised of 10 projects, the aggregate cost of which, including costs incurred in prior years, is expected to be approximately \$138.2 million, of which our pro rata share will be approximately \$15.8 million. In addition, we also redevelop outparcels at properties in our joint venture portfolios. We do not currently have any ongoing joint venture outparcel developments. We intend on financing our redevelopment and outparcel development projects in our joint venture portfolios with a variety of financing vehicles as determined from time to time by the joint venture.

We regularly incur significant expenditures in connection with the re-leasing of our retail space, principally in the form of tenant improvements and leasing commissions. The amounts of these expenditures can vary significantly, depending on negotiations with tenants and the willingness of tenants to pay higher base rents over the lives of the leases. In connection with the First Amendment to the July 2007 Revolving Facility, we are no longer permitted to make draws under our Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility, and are limited to financing any capital expenditures from distributions received from the Residual Joint Venture that are funded with borrowings from the Preston Ridge Facility. If we are unable to negotiate additional capacity under the Preston Ridge Facility or negotiate other liquidity facilities, we may be unable to further finance these tenant improvements and leasing commissions following exhaustion of the Preston Ridge Facility.

Additionally, the limited partners of the DownREIT Partnership have a redemption right for their Class A Preferred Units which will be exercisable starting April 20, 2008. Each Class A Preferred Unit is redeemable for \$33.15 plus all accrued and unpaid distributions. The aggregate redemption amount payable to all limited partners would be approximately \$83.9 million. The DownREIT Partnership must pay the redemption amount on June 27, 2008 to any redeeming limited partners which it receives a notice of redemption from on or prior to June 13, 2008. As of the date of this filing, ten limited partners, who hold a total of approximately 1.1 million units, have provided notice of redemption wishing to participate in the redemption right, the aggregate redemption amount payable in relation to such notice would be approximately \$37.2 million.

Due to covenants contained in our debt agreements and restrictions under the debt extension agreements, we are presently unable to incur additional indebtedness, and this restriction will limit our flexibility in restructuring our existing indebtedness (including refinancing indebtedness coming due in 2008). Presently, we are limited to financing any development and redevelopment projects from distributions received from the Residual Joint Venture that are funded with borrowings from the Preston Ridge Facility. The Residual Joint Venture has up to \$80.0 million of borrowing available to it under the Preston Ridge Facility (only \$40.0 million of which can be borrowed on or before April 30, 2008). If we are unable to negotiate additional capacity under the Preston Ridge Facility or negotiate other liquidity facilities, we may be unable to finance development and redevelopment costs following exhaustion of the Preston Ridge Facility. In addition, due to financing constraints of our Australian parents, it is unlikely that they will be able to make additional equity contributions to alleviate any short-term liquidity issues we may encounter.

Long-Term Liquidity Needs

Our long-term liquidity requirements consist primarily of funds necessary to pay for the principal amount of our long-term debt as it matures, significant non-recurring capital expenditures that need to be made periodically at our properties, redevelopment or development projects that we undertake at our properties and the costs associated with acquisitions of properties that we pursue. We intend to satisfy these requirements principally through the most advantageous source of capital at the time, which may include the incurrence of new debt through borrowings (through private incurrence of secured and unsecured debt), capital raised through the disposition of assets, joint venture capital transactions and

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funding from Centro. Until such time as we are able to put in place an appropriate liquidity facility or raise additional capital, we do not presently have access to the capital necessary to satisfy these obligations.

Our ability to incur additional debt is dependent upon a number of factors, including our degree of leverage, the value of our unencumbered assets, our credit rating and borrowing restrictions imposed by existing lenders. In connection with our refinancing difficulties, in February 2008 our credit ratings were downgraded by Standard & Poor's,

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Fitch Ratings and Moody's, all to below investment grade. Standard & Poor's current rating is CCC+, or credit watch with developing implications. Fitch's current rating is CCC which is a high default risk or rating watch negative. Moody's current rating is B3, direction uncertain. There may be additional reductions in our ratings depending on our operating performance and our ability to refinance the Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility. As a result of our current ratings, the terms of any financings we enter into in the future, as well as our ability to secure any such financings, may be adversely affected.

Based on an internal evaluation, the estimated value of our properties is above the outstanding amount of mortgage debt encumbering the properties. Nonetheless, the matters discussed herein under Recent Developments and Part II, Item 1A Risk Factors have made it difficult for us to refinance property level debt in the ordinary course, and we were required to pay higher interest rates on certain property level debt because we were unable to refinance such debt.

We have selectively affected asset sales to generate cash proceeds. During the three months ended March 31, 2008, we generated approximately \$9.6 million in gross proceeds through the culling of non-core and non-strategic properties. During 2007, we, and our predecessor, as applicable, generated approximately \$21.9 million in gross proceeds through the culling of non-core and non-strategic properties and approximately \$8.2 million from the disposition of certain properties and land parcels held through joint ventures. Our ability to generate cash from asset sales is limited by market conditions. Our ability to sell properties in the future in order to raise cash will necessarily be limited if market conditions make such sales unattractive.

The following table summarizes all of our known contractual cash obligations, excluding interest, to pay third parties as of March 31, 2008 (based on a calendar year, dollars in thousands):

Contractual Cash Obligations	Total	Less than 1 year	1- 3 years	3 - 5 years	More than 5 years
Long-Term Debt (1)	\$ 1,753,773	\$ 465,222	\$ 446,667	\$ 322,071	\$ 519,813
Capital Lease Obligations	30,742	536	1,369	1,544	27,293
Operating Leases (2)	56,099	2,883	7,421	6,932	38,863
Redemption Rights (3)	86,535	86,535			
Total	\$ 1,927,149	\$ 555,176	\$ 455,457	\$ 330,547	\$ 585,969

- (1) Long-term debt includes scheduled amortization and scheduled maturities for mortgage loans, notes payable and credit facilities.
- (2) Operating leases include ground leases for shopping centers that we operate and our administrative office space (Note 14 to our Consolidated Financial Statements).
- (3) The limited partners of the DownREIT Partnership have redemption rights for their Class A Preferred Units which were exercisable starting April 20, 2008. Each Class A Preferred Unit is redeemable for \$33.15 plus all accrued and unpaid distributions. The contractual cash obligation relating to the DownREIT redemption rights has been categorized as Less than 1 year by the Company on the assumption that all DownREIT redemption rights are exercised during 2008.

In connection with the First Amendment to the July 2007 Revolving Facility, we are no longer permitted to make draws under our Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility. We are presently considering what our plans will be with respect to satisfying our contractual cash obligations, the balance of which represents the amount maturing under our Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility, as well as maturing mortgages and scheduled amortization.

The following table summarizes certain terms of our existing credit agreement as of March 31, 2008 (dollars in thousands):

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Loan	Amount Available to be Drawn	Amount Drawn as of March 31, 2008	Current Interest Rate (1)	Maturity Date
Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility (2)	\$	\$	LIBOR plus 175 bp	Variable
Secured Term Loans		181,488	Variable(3)	2009 - 2010
Total Credit Agreements	\$	\$		

-
- (1) We incur interest using a 30-day LIBOR rate, which was 2.7% at March 31, 2008.
- (2) We are presently (and were as of March 31, 2008) unable to make draws on our Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility. Under the terms of the Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility, we incur an annual facility fee of 22.5 basis points on this facility. The Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility is scheduled to mature on the earlier to occur of (i) September 30, 2008, and (ii) the date on which any trigger event, as defined in the agreement, occurs. Total fees incurred in securing this extension in maturity of the facility were approximately \$3.3 million.
- (3) We incur interest using a 30-day LIBOR rate, which was 2.7% at March 31, 2008, plus spreads ranging from 135 to 175 basis points.

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In connection with the First Amendment to the July 2007 Revolving Facility, we are no longer permitted to make draws under our Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility. In addition, the Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility requires that we maintain certain financial coverage ratios and other debt covenants. These coverage ratios and debt covenants include:

- Total debt to total adjusted assets of no more than 65%
- Total secured debt to total adjusted assets of no more than 40%
- Unencumbered total asset value not to be less than 100% of the aggregate principal amount of all of our outstanding unsecured debt
- Consolidated income available for debt service of at least 1.5 times the maximum annual service charge on total debt

As of March 31, 2008, we had approximately \$830.2 million of indebtedness outstanding, excluding the impact of unamortized premiums, under three indentures, having a weighted average interest rate of 5.84%. These indentures also contain covenants that require us to maintain certain financial coverage ratios.

As of March 31, 2008, we were in compliance with all of the financial covenants under our July 2007 Revolving Facility and indentures, and we believe that we will continue to remain in compliance with these covenants. However, if our properties do not perform as expected, or if unexpected events occur that require us to borrow additional funds, compliance with these covenants may become difficult and may restrict our ability to pursue certain business initiatives. In addition, these financial covenants may restrict our ability to pursue particular acquisition transactions (for example, acquiring a portfolio of properties that is highly leveraged) and could significantly impact our ability to pursue growth initiatives.

In addition to our Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility and the Indentures, as of March 31, 2008, we had approximately \$435.3 million of mortgage debt outstanding, excluding the impact of unamortized premiums, having a weighted average interest rate of 7.17% per annum.

Our management team continues to work closely with counterparts of our ultimate parent investors, CPL and CPT, our lenders, and lenders of Super LLC, CPL and CPT. Those efforts have been focused upon the extension of the debt of our ultimate parents to at least September 30, 2008, as this is required under the Extension Agreements. The Company's ultimate parents announced on May 8, 2008 the extension of their debt facilities to December 15, 2008, subject to certain conditions being met by May 30, 2008 and September 30, 2008.

In conjunction with our ultimate parent investors, the Company is assessing a number of options to address the current liquidity issues. Covenants contained in certain of our debt agreements currently prevent us from incurring any additional debt, and any new sources of long-term financing would be required to be approved by the lenders under the Extension Agreements.

Resolution of our liquidity issues may be, in part, achieved through asset sales. If we are required to dispose of real estate assets quickly and in a manner other than normal fashion to assist with our liquidity position, it is possible that these real estate assets would be sold at an accounting loss. Additionally, our ability to sell real estate assets is restricted by a loan-to-asset covenant ratio as contained in the Indentures.

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In terms of potential equity investments, our ultimate parent investors are considering such options which may result in equity contributions into us to assist with our liquidity position.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not believe that we currently have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a material current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

However, in a few cases, we have made commitments to provide funds to unconsolidated joint ventures under certain circumstances. The liabilities associated with these joint ventures do not show up as liabilities on our consolidated financial statements.

The following is a brief summary of the unconsolidated joint venture obligations that we have as of March 31, 2008, and in which we expect to make additional capital contributions to the joint venture:

- *Centro GA America LLC*. The Company has a 5% interest in this joint venture. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company is not obligated to contribute any additional capital to the joint venture; however, in the event that additional capital is contributed by the other joint venture partner, the Company has the option to contribute the amount necessary to maintain its 5% ownership interest. The Company anticipates making additional capital contributions from time to time to maintain its 5% ownership interest. As of March 31, 2008, this joint venture was comprised of 126 stabilized retail properties, four retail properties under redevelopment and one new development property, and had loans outstanding of approximately \$1.3 billion. As of March 31, 2008, the book value of our investment in Galileo America LLC was approximately \$48.5 million.
- *NP / I&G Institutional Retail Company II, LLC*. In February 2006, the Predecessor formed a second strategic joint venture with JP Morgan Investment Management, Inc. to acquire high-quality institutional grade community and neighborhood shopping centers on a nationwide basis. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company has a 20% interest in the venture and has committed to contribute its pro rata share of any capital required by the venture for asset acquisitions. As of March 31, 2008, the Company had contributed approximately \$14.7 million for such purpose. Additionally, the Company has agreed to contribute its pro rata share of any additional capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, the Company does not expect that any significant additional capital contributions with respect to existing properties will be required. As of March 31, 2008, the joint venture owned four stabilized retail properties. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$46.9 million as of March 31, 2008. As of March 31, 2008, the book value of our investment in NP / I&G Institutional Retail Company II, LLC was approximately \$14.4 million.
- *NPK Redevelopment I, LLC*. The Company has a joint venture with Kmart Corporation (Sears Holding Corp.) pursuant to which the joint venture will redevelop three Kmart Supercenter properties formerly owned by Kmart. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company has agreed to contribute \$6.0 million which had been fully contributed as of March 31, 2008. After the Company's contribution of the total committed amount, the Company had a 20% interest in the venture and is responsible for contributing its pro rata share of any additional capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, the Company does not expect that any significant capital contributions will be required. The joint venture had no loans outstanding as of March 31, 2008. As of March 31, 2008, the book value of our investment in NPK Redevelopment I, LLC was approximately \$10.7 million.

In addition, the following is a brief summary of the other unconsolidated joint venture obligations that we have as of March 31, 2008. Although we have agreed to contribute certain amounts of capital that may be required by these joint ventures, as more fully described below, we do not expect that any significant capital contributions to the following joint ventures will be required.

- *Arapahoe Crossings, L.P.* The Company, together with a U.S. partnership comprised substantially of foreign investors, has an interest in a joint venture which owns Arapahoe Crossings, a community shopping center located in Aurora, Colorado. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company has a 30% interest and is responsible for

contributing its pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, the Company does not expect that any significant capital contributions will be required. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$46.8 million as of March 31, 2008. As of March 31, 2008, the book value of our investment in Arapahoe Crossings, L.P. was approximately \$14.4 million.

- *BPR Land Partnership, L.P.* The Company has a 50% interest in a joint venture that owns approximately 10.3 acres of undeveloped land in Frisco, Texas. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company has agreed to contribute its pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, the Company does not expect that any significant capital contributions will be required. The joint venture had no loans outstanding as of March 31, 2008. As of March 31, 2008, the book value of our investment in BPR Land Partnership, L.P. was approximately \$3.7 million.

- *BPR South, L.P.* The Company has a 50% interest in a joint venture that owns approximately 6.6 acres of undeveloped land in Frisco, Texas. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company has agreed to contribute its pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, the Company does not expect that any significant capital contributions will be required. The joint venture had no loans outstanding as of March 31, 2008. As of March 31, 2008, the book value of our investment in BPR South, L.P. was approximately \$1.4 million.

- *Centro NP Residual Holding LLC (the Residual Joint Venture)* In August 2007, we formed the Residual Joint Venture with Super LLC, our sole and managing member. In connection with the formation of the Residual Joint Venture, we contributed 49% of our interest in certain subsidiaries, owning 18 real properties with an approximate value of \$396.0 million, to the Residual Joint Venture. We distributed the remaining 51% of our interest in the transferred entities to Super LLC, and Super LLC contributed such interest in the transferred entities to the Residual Joint Venture. Following these transactions, we owned 49% of the non-managing interest in the Residual Joint Venture, and Super LLC owned 51% of the managing member interest in the Residual Joint Venture. In November 2007, we contributed 49% of our interest in certain additional subsidiaries, owning 25 real properties with an approximate value of \$605.0 million, to the Residual Joint Venture. We distributed the remaining 51% of our interest in the additional transferred entities to Super LLC, and Super LLC contributed such interest in the additional transferred entities to the Residual Joint Venture. Also in November 2007, Super LLC contributed its interest in certain subsidiaries, owning 39 real properties with an approximate value of \$385.0 million, to the Residual Joint Venture. Immediately following such contribution, Super LLC contributed a percentage of membership interests in the Residual Joint Venture such that we continued to own 49% of the non-managing interest in the Residual Joint Venture, and Super LLC continued to own 51% of the managing member interest in the Residual Joint Venture.

On March 28, 2008, we executed a Contribution, Distribution and Assumption Agreement (the Contribution Agreement). The Contribution Agreement was released from escrow and became effective as of March 30, 2008. Pursuant to the Contribution Agreement, we contributed 49% of our interest in certain subsidiaries (including the owner of The Centre at Preston Ridge) owning 31 real properties with an approximate fair market value of \$780 million to the Residual Joint Venture. We distributed 51% of our interest in the transferred entities to Super LLC, and Super LLC contributed such interest in the transferred entities to the Residual Joint Venture. Following these transactions, we owned 49% of the interests in the transferred entities, and Super LLC owned 51% of the interests in the transferred entities. The Residual Joint Venture owned 110 stabilized retail properties and three properties under redevelopment as of March 31, 2008. Under the terms of the Residual Joint Venture, we are not obligated to contribute any additional capital to the Residual Joint Venture. The Residual Joint Venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$1.2 billion as of March 31, 2008. As of March 31, 2008, the book value of our investment in the Residual Joint Venture was approximately \$668.7 million.

- *NP/I&G Institutional Retail Company, LLC.* We have a strategic joint venture with JPMorgan Investment Management, Inc. to acquire high-quality institutional grade community and neighborhood shopping centers on a nationwide basis. The joint venture owned 11 stabilized retail properties and one retail property under redevelopment as of March 31, 2008. Under the terms of this joint venture, we have a 20% interest in the venture and are responsible for contributing our pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture. The Predecessor initially committed to contribute up to a maximum amount of \$30.0 million to the joint venture, however, in connection with the acquisition of certain assets during 2005, the Predecessor, together with the DownREIT Partnership, contributed a disproportionate share of capital to the venture, such that the Predecessor's total capital investment as of December 31, 2005 was \$41.4 million. The excess contribution was returned to the Predecessor in February 2006. During the year ended December 31, 2006, in connection with the acquisition of certain other assets, the Predecessor increased its committed capital to the venture to \$31.9 million of which approximately \$28.2 million had been contributed as of

September 30, 2007. We do not expect that any significant additional capital contributions will be required, nor do we expect that any additional acquisitions of property will be made by the joint venture. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$280.6 million as of March 31, 2008. As of March 31, 2008, the book

value of our investment in NP/I&G Institutional Retail Company, LLC was approximately \$37.6 million.

- *NP/SSP Baybrook, LLC.* The Company has a third strategic joint venture with JP Morgan Investment Management Inc., which venture was formed for the specific purpose of acquiring Baybrook Gateway, a shopping center located in Webster, Texas. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company has a 20% interest in the venture and is responsible for contributing its pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, the Company does not expect that any significant additional capital contributions will be required. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$41.0 million as of March 31, 2008. As of March 31, 2008, the book value of our investment in NP/SSP Baybrook, LLC was approximately \$2.8 million.
- *Westgate Mall, LLC.* The Company, together with Transwestern Investment Company and The Richard E. Jacobs Group, has an interest in a joint venture that was formed for the specific purpose of acquiring and redeveloping Westgate Mall, an enclosed mall located on 55 acres of land in Fairview Park, Ohio. The joint venture is currently redeveloping the mall into a large community shopping center. Under the terms of this joint venture, the Company has a 10% interest in the venture and has agreed to contribute its pro rata share of any capital that might be required by the joint venture; however, the Company does not expect that any significant additional capital contributions will be required. The joint venture had loans outstanding of approximately \$59.6 million as of March 31, 2008. As of March 31, 2008, the book value of our investment in Westgate Mall, LLC was approximately \$1.6 million.

Other Funding Obligations

In addition to the joint venture obligations described above, we also had the following contingent contractual obligations as of March 31, 2008, none of which we believe will materially adversely affect us:

- *Letters of Credit.* The Company has arranged for the provision of eight separate letters of credit in connection with certain property or insurance related matters. If these letters of credit are drawn, the Company will be obligated to reimburse the providing bank for the amount of the draw. As of March 31, 2008, there was no balance outstanding under any of the letters of credit. If the letters of credit were fully drawn, the combined maximum amount of exposure would be approximately \$14.9 million.
- *Non-Recourse Debt Guarantees.* Under certain Company and joint venture non-recourse mortgage loans, the Company could, under certain circumstances, be responsible for portions of the mortgage indebtedness in connection with certain customary non-recourse carve-out provisions such as environmental conditions, misuse of funds and material misrepresentations. As of March 31, 2008, the Company had mortgage loans and secured term loans outstanding of approximately \$616.8 million, excluding the impact of unamortized premiums, and unconsolidated joint ventures in which the Company has a direct or indirect interest had mortgage loans outstanding of approximately \$1.8 billion. In addition, the Company has guaranteed certain construction and other obligations relative to certain joint venture development projects; however, the Company does not expect that its obligations under such guarantees

will be material if called upon.

- *Leasing Commitments.* The Company has entered into leases, as lessee, in connection with ground leases for shopping centers which it operates and administrative space for the Company. These leases are accounted for as operating leases. The minimum annual rental commitments for these leases during the next five fiscal years and thereafter are approximately as follows (dollars in thousands):

Year		
2008 (remaining nine months)	\$	2,883
2009		3,788
2010		3,633
2011		3,541
2012		3,391
Thereafter		38,863

- *Redemption Rights.* The limited partners of the DownREIT Partnership have redemption rights for their Class A Preferred Units which were exercisable starting April 20, 2008. Each Class A Preferred Unit is redeemable for \$33.15 plus all accrued and unpaid distributions. The aggregate redemption amount payable to all limited partners would be approximately \$83.9 million if all DownREIT units were redeemed. The DownREIT Partnership must pay the redemption amount on June 27, 2008 to any redeeming limited partners which it receives a notice of redemption from on or prior to June 13, 2008. As of the date of this filing, ten limited partners, who hold a total of approximately 1.1 million units, have provided notice of redemption wishing to participate in the redemption right, the aggregate redemption amount payable in relation to such notice would be approximately \$37.2 million.

As discussed in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements above, we also have a potential contingent obligation in connection with a specific tenant litigation for which we have reserved approximately \$4.8 million as of March 31, 2008. There can be no assurance as to the final outcome of this litigation and whether it will exceed or fall short of the amount reserved; however, we believe that the amount of the loss in excess of the reserve is adequate.

For a discussion of other factors which may adversely affect our liquidity and capital resources, please see the section titled "Risk Factors" in Item 1A of the Predecessor's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007.

Inflation

The majority of our leases contain provisions designed to mitigate the adverse impact of inflation. Such provisions contain clauses enabling us to receive percentage rents, which generally increase as prices rise but may be adversely impacted by tenant sales decreases, and/or escalation clauses which are typically related to increases in the consumer price index or similar inflation indices. In addition, we believe that many of our existing lease rates are below current market levels for comparable space and that upon renewal or re-rental such rates may be increased to be consistent with, or get closer to, current market rates. This belief is based upon an analysis of relevant market conditions, including a comparison of comparable market rental rates, and upon the fact that many of our leases have been in place for a number of years and may not contain escalation clauses sufficient to match the increase in market rental rates over such time. Most of our leases require the tenant to pay its share of operating expenses, including common area maintenance, real estate taxes and insurance, thereby reducing our exposure to increases in costs and operating expenses resulting from inflation. In addition, we periodically evaluate our exposure to interest rate fluctuations, and may enter into interest rate protection agreements which mitigate, but do not eliminate, the effect of changes in interest rates on our floating rate loans.

In the normal course of business, we also face risks that are either non-financial or non-qualitative. Such risks principally include credit risks and legal risks.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

As of March 31, 2008, we had approximately \$8.6 million of outstanding floating rate mortgages. We also had approximately \$306.8 million outstanding under our floating rate Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility and \$181.5 million outstanding under floating rate secured term loans. We do not believe that the interest rate risk represented by our floating rate debt is material as of March 31, 2008, in relation to our approximately \$1.8 billion of outstanding total debt and our approximately \$5.1 billion of total assets as of that date. This assessment may

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change depending upon changes in market floating interest rates in the short term. In addition, as discussed below, we have converted \$65.0 million of fixed rate borrowings to floating rate borrowings through the use of hedging agreements.

As of March 31, 2008, we had two reverse arrears swap agreements. The two reverse arrears swap agreements effectively convert the interest rate on \$65.0 million of the debt from a fixed rate to a blended floating rate of 30 basis points over the six-month LIBOR rate. These two swaps will terminate on February 1, 2011.

Hedging agreements may expose us to the risk that the counterparties to these agreements may not perform, which could increase our exposure to fluctuating interest rates. Generally, the counterparties to hedging agreements

that we enter into are major financial institutions. We may borrow additional money with floating interest rates in the future. Increases in interest rates, or the loss of the benefit of existing or future hedging agreements, would increase our expense, which would adversely affect cash flow and our ability to service our debt. Future increases in interest rates will increase our interest expense as compared to the fixed rate debt underlying our hedging agreements and we could be required to make payments to unwind such agreements.

If market rates of interest on our variable rate debt increase by 1%, the increase in annual interest expense on our variable rate debt would decrease future earnings and cash flows by approximately \$5.6 million. If market rates of interest on our variable rate debt decrease by 1%, the decrease in interest expense on our variable rate debt would increase future earnings and cash flows by approximately \$5.6 million. This assumes that the amount outstanding under our variable rate debt remains at approximately \$562.0 million (including the impact of \$65.0 million in reverse arrears swap agreements) as of March 31, 2008. If market rates of interest increase by 1%, the fair value of our total outstanding debt would decrease by approximately \$59.5 million. If market rates of interest decrease by 1%, the fair value of our total outstanding debt would increase by approximately \$90.3 million. This assumes that the fair value of our total debt outstanding remains at approximately \$1.9 billion as of March 31, 2008.

As of March 31, 2008, we had no material exposure to market risk (including foreign currency exchange risk, commodity price risk or equity price risk).

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

An evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation and the material weaknesses described below and in Item 9A of the Company's 2007 Form 10-K/A, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that these disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as the material weaknesses continued to exist as of March 31, 2008.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. Management identified the following material weaknesses as of December 31, 2007:

- 1) We had insufficient internal controls relating to our operations, accounting and legal functions to adequately communicate, understand and initially evaluate the accounting for complex post-Merger activities. Management believes that the principal issues surrounding this weakness related to the integration activities that we undertook following the Merger and Liquidation described in Note 1 to the accompanying financial statements. While this material weakness did not result in any improper accounting by us, management is committed to remedying the deficiency. Management plans to remedy this deficiency by instituting additional internal controls that will require our property manager to report a greater range of activities to our accounting and legal functions.
- 2) We did not maintain effective controls over the accuracy and disclosure of our property and asset management rights accounts. Specifically, effective controls were not designed and in place to ensure that an adequate impairment analysis was accurately

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conducted, reviewed, and approved in order to identify and record impairments as required under GAAP. This control deficiency resulted in a misstatement of our intangible assets and in the restatement of our annual consolidated financial statements for the period from April 5, 2007 through December 31, 2007.

Remediation plans are currently being finalized to address these material weaknesses.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting during our most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are not presently involved in any material litigation arising outside the ordinary course of our business. However, we are involved in routine litigation arising in the ordinary course of business, none of which is believed to be material in light of reserves taken by us.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Overview

Set forth below are the risks that we believe are material to investors who purchase or own our securities that are not otherwise described in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The occurrence of any of the following factors or circumstances could adversely affect our cash flows, financial condition, results of operations and/or our ability to meet our operating expenses, including debt service and capital expenditure obligations, any or all of which could in turn cause a decline in the value of our securities.

We have substantial short-term liquidity obligations consisting primarily of short-term indebtedness, which we may be unable to refinance on favorable terms or at all. We presently have \$306.8 million of debt under our Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility scheduled to mature on the earlier to occur of (i) September 30, 2008, and (ii) the date on which any trigger event under our Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility occurs. We also have an aggregate of \$158.1 million of mortgage debt scheduled to mature during 2008. Until such time as we are able to put in place an appropriate liquidity facility or raise additional capital, we may be unable to refinance our short-term debt obligations on favorable terms or at all.

On July 31, 2007, we terminated and prepaid the \$350.0 million April 2007 Revolving Facility. Simultaneously with the prepayment and termination of the April 2007 Revolving Facility, we entered into a new \$350.0 million unsecured revolving credit facility (the July 2007 Revolving Facility) with Bank of America N.A., as administrative agent, which effectively replaced the April 2007 Revolving Facility. The July 2007 Revolving Facility was originally scheduled to mature on December 31, 2007.

Following our entering into the July 2007 Revolving Facility and prior to its maturity date we attempted to refinance the July 2007 Revolving Facility with long-term financing. As a result of dislocations in the global credit markets shortly after our entering into the July 2007 Revolving Facility, we were unable to obtain long-term financing on satisfactory terms consistent with our long-term strategy and were required to seek an extension of the July 2007 Revolving Facility. Between December 2007 and March 2008, we have entered into a series of extensions with respect to our Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility.

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On May 8, 2008, our Australian parents, CPT and CPL, were able to extend the maturity date of such indebtedness to December 15, 2008, subject to certain conditions being met on May 30, 2008, and September 30, 2008. If CPT and CPL are not able to meet the conditions required on May 30, 2008, a trigger event will occur under the Second Amendment to Revolving Facility Extension Agreement and the May 2008 Super Bridge Loan Extension Agreement and defaults will occur under the Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility and the Super Bridge Loan. Due to financing constraints of our Australian parents, it is unlikely that they will be able to make additional equity contributions to alleviate any short-term liquidity issues we may encounter.

In connection with our refinancing difficulties, our credit ratings were downgraded in February 2008 by Standard & Poor's, Fitch Ratings and Moody's, all to below investment grade. Standard & Poor's current rating is CCC+, or credit watch with developing implications. Fitch's current rating is CCC, which is a high default risk or rating watch negative. Moody's current rating is B3, direction uncertain. There may be additional reductions in our ratings depending on our operating performance and our ability to refinance the Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility.

Furthermore, under certain agreements governing our joint venture investments, the venture may make a capital call upon the venture members or partners to fund certain costs of operation. Capital calls by a venture could

increase our short-term liquidity obligations. If we are unable to satisfy our obligations pursuant to a capital call, we will be in breach of the agreement governing the particular joint venture.

We may be unable to refinance our debt obligations on favorable terms or at all. At the present time, we are working with our lenders to refinance our short-term debt obligations, but there can be no guarantee that we will be able to refinance this debt on favorable terms or at all. Our ability to refinance our short-term debt obligations and our ability to undertake additional financings may be further adversely affected by the downgrade in our credit ratings. If principal payments on debt due at maturity cannot be refinanced, extended or paid, we will be in default under our debt obligations, and we may be forced to dispose of properties on disadvantageous terms. If we are unable to refinance our short-term debt obligations, we may also be unable to satisfy our other short-term liquidity obligations, which have historically consisted of funds necessary to pay for operating and other expenses directly associated with our portfolio of properties (including regular maintenance items), interest expense and scheduled principal payments on our outstanding debt, capital expenditures incurred to facilitate the leasing of space (e.g., tenant improvements and leasing commissions), and capital expenditures incurred in our development and redevelopment projects. If we are unable to satisfy certain of these additional short-term debt obligations, we may further be forced to dispose of properties on disadvantageous terms.

In addition, because we are no longer permitted to make draws under our Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility and because of the restrictions imposed on us by the Extension Agreements and the Indentures, we may not be able to repay or refinance mortgage debt that comes due while we still are in the process of refinancing our short-term debt obligations.

Also, each Class A Preferred Unit is redeemable for \$33.15 plus all the limited partners of the DownREIT Partnership have a redemption right for their Class A Preferred Units which will be exercisable starting April 20, 2008. If all the limited partners exercised their redemption rights, the DownREIT Partnership would be obligated to redeem the Class A Preferred Units for an aggregate amount of approximately \$83.9 million. We currently as of the date of filing this Form 10-Q, do not have the cash to satisfy this redemption obligation and we may be unable to satisfy this obligation if we are unable to refinance our short-term obligations and the restrictions imposed on us by the Extension Agreements remain in effect. Under such circumstances, we may have to sell certain of our properties in an effort to satisfy this obligation. The limited partners are not entitled to provide a notice of redemption prior to April 20, 2008. As of the date of this filing, ten limited partners, who hold a total of approximately 1.1 million units, have provided notice of redemption wishing to participate in the redemption right, the aggregate redemption amount payable in relation to such notice would be approximately \$37.2 million.

Cross-default provisions in our borrowing arrangements increase the consequences of a default. The Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility is cross-defaulted with the Super Bridge Loan, the Australian Amended and Restated Extension Deed and the Preston Ridge Facility. Accordingly, should an event of default occur under any of these debt agreements, we face the prospect of being in default under each of such debt instruments to which we are an obligor. Although we are not an obligor under the Super Bridge Loan, the Preston Ridge Facility or the various short-term credit facilities covered by the Australian Amended and Restated Extension Deed, a default by any of the obligors pursuant to any of these debt facilities (through non-payment upon maturity, among other things) would, pursuant to the cross-default provisions, trigger a default under the Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility. In the event of a cross-default, we might not be able to obtain alternative financing for the defaulted obligations or, if we are able to obtain such financing, we might not be able to obtain it on terms acceptable to us.

We are limited to financing any development and redevelopment costs from distributions received from the Residual Joint Venture that are funded with borrowings from the Preston Ridge Facility, and we may be unable to finance development and redevelopment projects after exhaustion of the Preston Ridge Facility. Our current new development pipeline in our Consolidated Portfolio is comprised of six projects, the aggregate cost of which, including costs incurred in prior years on these projects, is expected to be approximately \$92.7 million. We presently have \$1.3 million of costs, including costs incurred in prior years, attributable to our pro rata share of redevelopment costs for a project in our joint venture portfolio. Our current redevelopment pipeline in our Consolidated Portfolio is comprised of 23 projects, the aggregate cost of which, including costs incurred in prior years on these projects, is expected to be approximately \$208.8 million. Our current outparcel development pipeline in our Consolidated Portfolio is comprised of four projects, the aggregate cost of which, including costs incurred in prior years on these projects, is expected to be approximately \$10.1 million. Presently, we are limited to financing any development and redevelopment projects from distributions received from the Residual Joint Venture that are

funded with borrowings from the Preston Ridge Facility. The Residual Joint Venture has up to \$80.0 million of borrowing available to it under the Preston Ridge Facility (only \$40.0 million can be borrowed on or before April 30, 2008). If we are unable to negotiate additional capacity under the Preston Ridge Facility or negotiate other liquidity facilities, we may be unable to finance the balance of these obligations following exhaustion of the Preston Ridge Facility. The unused amount of the Preston Ridge Facility is approximately \$51.4 million as of March 31, 2008.

Our ability to continue as a going concern. As a result of the liquidity risk factors discussed above, our need to restructure or further extend the debt obligations covered by the Extension Agreements and/or our ultimate parents' need to restructure or further extend their debt obligations, there is substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

Our management team continues to work closely with the counterparts of our ultimate parent investors (CPL and CPT), our lenders and lenders of Super LLC, CPL and CPT. In conjunction with our ultimate parent investors, we are assessing a number of options to address the current liquidity issues. The Extension Agreements currently prevent us from incurring any additional debt, therefore any new sources of long term financing would be required to be approved by our lenders under the Extension Agreements.

In terms of potential equity investments, our ultimate parent investors are considering the option of obtaining third party equity investment which may result in equity contributions into us to assist with our liquidity position.

Our financial covenants will restrict our operating and acquisition activities. The Amended July 2007 Revolving Facility and the indentures under which our senior unsecured debt is issued contain certain financial and operating covenants, including, among other things, certain coverage ratios, as well as limitations on our ability to incur secured and unsecured debt, make dividend payments, sell all or substantially all of our assets and engage in mergers and consolidations and certain acquisitions. These covenants may restrict our ability to pursue certain business initiatives or certain acquisition transactions. In addition, failure to meet any of these covenants, including the financial coverage ratios, could cause an event of default under and/or accelerate some or all of our indebtedness, which would have a material adverse effect on us. Due to covenants in certain of our debt agreements, we are presently unable to incur additional indebtedness and this restriction will limit our flexibility in restructuring our existing indebtedness (including refinancing indebtedness coming due in 2008).

We identified material weaknesses in connection with our internal controls over financial reporting that, unless remedied, could have a material adverse effect on our external financial reporting. For the year ended December 31, 2007, management identified two material weaknesses in our internal controls over financial reporting. First, we had insufficient internal controls relating to our operations, accounting and legal functions to adequately communicate, understand and initially evaluate the accounting for complex post-Merger activities. Management believes that the principal issues surrounding this weakness related to the integration activities that we undertook following the Merger and Liquidation. While this material weakness did not result in any improper accounting by us, management is committed to remedying the deficiency. Management plans to remedy this deficiency by instituting additional internal controls that will require our property manager to report a greater range of activities to our accounting and legal functions. Second, we did not maintain effective controls over the accuracy and disclosure of our property and asset management rights accounts. Specifically, effective controls were not designed and in place to ensure that an adequate impairment analysis was accurately conducted, reviewed, and approved in order to identify and record impairments as required

under GAAP. This control deficiency resulted in a misstatement of our intangible assets and in the restatement of our consolidated financial statements for the period from April 5, 2007 through December 31, 2007, and the Company had restated its consolidated financial statements in Amendment No. 1 to Form 10-K as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007 to reflect an additional \$77.7 million impairment charge on intangible assets. These material weaknesses have not been remediated as of March 31, 2008. With a failure to achieve and maintain effective internal control over financial reporting there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

Item 6. Exhibits

- 10.1* Letter Agreement, by and among Centro NP LLC, the Guarantors party thereto, the Lenders party thereto, and Bank of America, N.A., as Administrative Agent, dated as of February 14, 2008, filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on February 19, 2008.
- 10.2* Contribution, Distribution and Assignment Agreement, dated as of March 28, 2008, among Super LLC, Centro NP LLC, Centro NP Residual Holding LLC and certain of the Company's wholly owned subsidiaries, filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on April 3, 2008.
- 10.3* Distribution, Contribution, Assignment and Assumption Agreement among Centro NP LLC, Super LLC, Centro New Plan Inc., Centro US Management Joint Venture 2, LP and Centro US Employment Company, LLC, filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on April 3, 2008.
- 10.4* Exclusive Global Leasing and Management Agreement (Non-Contracted) between Centro Super Management Joint Venture 2, LLC and Centro NP LLC, filed as Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on April 3, 2008.
- 10.5* Exclusive Global Subcontract Agreement (Third Party) between Centro Super Management Joint Venture 2, LLC and Centro NP LLC, filed as Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on April 3, 2008.
- 10.6* Exclusive Global Subcontract Agreement (Related Party) between Centro Super Management Joint Venture 2, LLC and Centro NP LLC, filed as Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on April 3, 2008.
- 10.7* Letter Agreement, dated as of March 28, 2008, among Super LLC, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as agent, and certain other parties, filed as Exhibit 10.6 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on April 3, 2008.
- 10.8* Letter Agreement, dated as of May 7, 2008, among Centro NP LLC, Bank of America N.A., as agent, and certain other parties, filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on May 12, 2008.
- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer required by Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) under the Exchange Act, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer required by Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) under the Exchange Act, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

* Incorporated herein by reference as above indicated.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: April 16, 2009

CENTRO NP LLC

By: /s/ Michael Carroll
Michael Carroll
Chief Executive Officer

By: /s/ John Braddon
John Braddon
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)