

VENTAS INC  
Form 10-Q  
July 27, 2012

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**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

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**FORM 10-Q**

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(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2012**

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD  
FROM TO**

Commission file number: 1-10989

**Ventas, Inc.**

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

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**Delaware**  
(State or Other Jurisdiction of  
Incorporation or Organization)

**353 N. Clark Street, Suite 3300  
Chicago, Illinois**  
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

**61-1055020**  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

**60654**  
(Zip Code)

**(877) 483-6827**  
(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

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**Not Applicable**

(Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year, if Changed Since Last Report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

**Class of Common Stock:**  
Common Stock, \$0.25 par value

**Outstanding at July 23, 2012:**  
295,375,054

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**VENTAS, INC.  
FORM 10-Q**

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Table of Contents**PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****VENTAS, INC.****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS****(In thousands, except per share amounts)**

	<b>June 30, 2012</b>	<b>December 31, 2011</b>
	<b>(Unaudited)</b>	<b>(Audited)</b>
<b>Assets</b>		
Real estate investments:		
Land and improvements	\$ 1,744,752	\$ 1,614,847
Buildings and improvements	16,181,392	15,337,919
Construction in progress	133,890	76,638
Acquired lease intangibles	920,116	800,858
	18,980,150	17,830,262
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(2,256,197)	(1,916,530)
Net real estate property	16,723,953	15,913,732
Secured loans receivable, net	213,193	212,577
Investments in unconsolidated entities	104,636	105,303
Net real estate investments	17,041,782	16,231,612
Cash and cash equivalents	52,803	45,807
Escrow deposits and restricted cash	114,883	76,590
Deferred financing costs, net	25,750	26,669
Other assets	987,043	891,232
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 18,222,261</b>	<b>\$ 17,271,910</b>
<b>Liabilities and equity</b>		
<b>Liabilities:</b>		
Senior notes payable and other debt	\$ 7,204,727	\$ 6,429,116
Accrued interest	47,842	37,694
Accounts payable and other liabilities	1,059,385	1,085,597
Deferred income taxes	271,066	260,722
Total liabilities	8,583,020	7,813,129
Redeemable OP unitholder interests	116,635	102,837
Commitments and contingencies		
<b>Equity:</b>		
Ventas stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$1.00 par value; 10,000 shares authorized, unissued		
Common stock, \$0.25 par value; 600,000 shares authorized, 295,370 and 288,823 shares issued at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively	73,855	72,240
Capital in excess of par value	9,932,839	9,593,583

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Accumulated other comprehensive income	21,404	22,062
Retained earnings (deficit)	(609,487)	(412,181)
Treasury stock, 0 and 14 shares at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively		(747)
Total Ventas stockholders' equity	9,418,611	9,274,957
Noncontrolling interest	103,995	80,987
Total equity	9,522,606	9,355,944
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 18,222,261	\$ 17,271,910

See accompanying notes.

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## VENTAS, INC.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Rental income:				
Triple-net leased	\$ 207,898	\$ 116,150	\$ 415,026	\$ 230,771
Medical office buildings	89,674	23,758	154,183	47,994
	297,572	139,908	569,209	278,765
Resident fees and services	304,020	201,307	589,815	315,809
Medical office building and other services revenue	6,639	9,822	12,247	16,779
Income from loans and investments	8,152	8,391	16,188	14,476
Interest and other income	65	78	112	156
Total revenues	616,448	359,506	1,187,571	625,985
<b>Expenses:</b>				
Interest	74,428	52,043	144,056	92,830
Depreciation and amortization	189,349	79,509	351,605	130,070
Property-level operating expenses:				
Senior living	207,548	135,894	403,214	214,005
Medical office buildings	29,846	8,278	50,744	16,954
	237,394	144,172	453,958	230,959
Medical office building services costs	3,839	7,954	6,827	13,490
General, administrative and professional fees	26,710	15,554	48,907	30,386
Loss on extinguishment of debt	9,989	6	39,533	16,526
Merger-related expenses and deal costs	36,668	55,807	44,649	62,256
Other	1,510	(8,056)	3,086	(8,055)
Total expenses	579,887	346,989	1,092,621	568,462
Income before income/loss from unconsolidated entities, income taxes, discontinued operations and noncontrolling interest	36,561	12,517	94,950	57,523
Income (loss) from unconsolidated entities	514	(83)	831	(253)
Income tax benefit (expense)	5,179	6,110	(6,159)	9,307
Income from continuing operations	42,254	18,544	89,622	66,577
Discontinued operations	31,482	1,190	74,206	2,203
Net income	73,736	19,734	163,828	68,780
Net (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interest	(289)	58	(823)	120
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 74,025	\$ 19,676	\$ 164,651	\$ 68,660
<b>Earnings per common share:</b>				
<b>Basic:</b>				
Income from continuing operations attributable to common stockholders	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.40
Discontinued operations	0.11	0.01	0.26	0.01
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.57	\$ 0.41

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<b>Diluted:</b>								
Income from continuing operations attributable to common stockholders	\$	0.14	\$	0.10	\$	0.31	\$	0.39
Discontinued operations		0.11		0.01		0.25		0.01
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$	0.25	\$	0.11	\$	0.56	\$	0.40
<b>Weighted average shares used in computing earnings per common share:</b>								
Basic		290,170		176,262		289,281		168,369
Diluted		292,592		177,945		291,711		170,013
Dividends declared per common share	\$	0.62	\$	0.7014	\$	1.24	\$	1.2764

See accompanying notes.

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## VENTAS, INC.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Unaudited)

(In thousands)

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Net income	\$ 73,736	\$ 19,734	\$ 163,828	\$ 68,780
Other comprehensive income (loss):				
Foreign currency translation	(1,607)	560	342	3,059
Change in unrealized gain on marketable debt securities	(403)	(422)	(711)	(1,679)
Other	(512)	(23)	(289)	(36)
Total other comprehensive (loss) income	(2,522)	115	(658)	1,344
Comprehensive income	71,214	19,849	163,170	70,124
Comprehensive (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interest	(289)	58	(823)	120
Comprehensive income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 71,503	\$ 19,791	\$ 163,993	\$ 70,004

See accompanying notes.



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## VENTAS, INC.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2012 and the Year Ended December 31, 2011

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	Common Stock Par Value	Capital in Excess of Par Value	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Retained Earnings (Deficit)	Treasury Stock	Total Ventas Stockholders Equity	Noncontrolling Interest	Total Equity
Balance at January 1, 2011	\$ 39,391	\$ 2,576,843	\$ 26,868	\$ (255,628)	\$ (748)	\$ 2,386,726	\$ 3,479	\$ 2,390,205
Comprehensive income:								
Net income (loss)				364,493		364,493	(1,232)	363,261
Other comprehensive loss			(4,806)			(4,806)		(4,806)
Acquisition-related activity	31,181	6,711,081			(4,326)	6,737,936	81,192	6,819,128
Net change in noncontrolling interest		(3,188)				(3,188)	(2,452)	(5,640)
Dividends to common stockholders \$2.30 per share				(521,046)		(521,046)		(521,046)
Issuance of common stock	1,627	297,931				299,558		299,558
Issuance of common stock for stock plans	9	18,999			3,293	22,301		22,301
Adjust redeemable OP unitholder interests to current fair value		(4,442)				(4,442)		(4,442)
Purchase of redeemable OP units		(52)				(52)		(52)
Grant of restricted stock, net of forfeitures	32	(3,589)			1,034	(2,523)		(2,523)
Balance at December 31, 2011	72,240	9,593,583	22,062	(412,181)	(747)	9,274,957	80,987	9,355,944
Comprehensive income:								
Net income (loss)				164,651		164,651	(823)	163,828
Other comprehensive loss			(658)			(658)		(658)
Acquisition-related activity		(5,756)				(5,756)	26,983	21,227
Net change in noncontrolling interest							(3,152)	(3,152)
Dividends to common stockholders \$1.24 per share				(361,957)		(361,957)		(361,957)
Issuance of common stock	1,495	340,974				342,469		342,469
Issuance of common stock for stock plans	86	15,711			951	16,748		16,748
Adjust redeemable OP unitholder interests to current fair value		(16,645)				(16,645)		(16,645)
Purchase of redeemable OP units		(330)			324	(6)		(6)
Grant of restricted stock, net of forfeitures	34	5,302			(528)	4,808		4,808
Balance at June 30, 2012	\$ 73,855	\$ 9,932,839	\$ 21,404	\$ (609,487)	\$	\$ 9,418,611	\$ 103,995	\$ 9,522,606

See accompanying notes.

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## VENTAS, INC.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

(In thousands)

	<b>For the Six Months Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2012</b>	<b>2011</b>
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>		
Net income	\$ 163,828	\$ 68,780
<b>Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:</b>		
Depreciation and amortization (including amounts in discontinued operations)	366,405	132,514
Amortization of deferred revenue and lease intangibles, net	(8,829)	(1,550)
Other non-cash amortization	(21,185)	3,139
Change in fair value of financial instruments	93	(8,887)
Stock-based compensation	11,086	8,368
Straight-lining of rental income, net	(10,470)	(3,749)
Loss on extinguishment of debt	39,533	16,526
Gain on real estate dispositions, net (including amounts in discontinued operations)	(78,791)	
Loss (gain) on real estate loan investments	559	(3,255)
Gain on sale of marketable securities		(733)
Income tax expense (benefit) (including amounts in discontinued operations)	6,138	(9,404)
(Income) loss from unconsolidated entities	(831)	253
Other	5,897	689
<b>Changes in operating assets and liabilities:</b>		
Decrease (increase) in other assets	861	(9,940)
Increase in accrued interest	10,259	4,008
Decrease in accounts payable and other liabilities	(23,745)	(10,459)
<b>Net cash provided by operating activities</b>	<b>460,808</b>	<b>186,300</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>		
Net investment in real estate property	(899,404)	(264,464)
Purchase of noncontrolling interest	(3,934)	(3,319)
Investment in loans receivable	(27,260)	(612,925)
Proceeds from real estate disposals	8,847	
Proceeds from loans receivable	33,223	132,363
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities		23,050
Development project expenditures	(60,561)	(5,687)
Capital expenditures	(23,812)	(13,549)
Other	(2,150)	(75)
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>	<b>(975,051)</b>	<b>(744,606)</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>		
Net change in borrowings under revolving credit facilities	(88,654)	99,500
Proceeds from debt	1,269,315	704,111
Repayment of debt	(645,722)	(337,427)
Payment of deferred financing costs	(2,980)	(1,363)
Issuance of common stock, net	342,469	299,926
Cash distribution to common stockholders	(361,957)	(201,949)
Cash distribution to redeemable OP unitholders	(2,241)	
Purchases of redeemable OP units	(611)	
Distributions to noncontrolling interest	(2,907)	(616)
Other	14,509	913
<b>Net cash provided by financing activities</b>	<b>521,221</b>	<b>563,095</b>
<b>Net increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>6,978</b>	<b>4,789</b>
Effect of foreign currency translation on cash and cash equivalents	18	101

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Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	45,807	21,812
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 52,803	\$ 26,702
Supplemental schedule of non-cash activities:		
Assets and liabilities assumed from acquisitions:		
Real estate investments	\$ 364,883	\$ 3,140,924
Utilization of escrow funds held for an Internal Revenue Code Section 1031 exchange	(134,003)	
Other assets acquired	81,509	110,722
Debt assumed	250,363	1,621,641
Other liabilities	26,639	200,962
Deferred income tax liability	5,895	48,087
Noncontrolling interests	25,166	
Equity issued	4,326	1,380,956

See accompanying notes.

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**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**NOTE 1 DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS**

Ventas, Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, unless otherwise indicated or except where the context otherwise requires, "we," "us" or "our") is a real estate investment trust ("REIT") with a geographically diverse portfolio of seniors housing and healthcare properties throughout the United States and Canada. As of June 30, 2012, we owned 1,450 properties located in 46 states, the District of Columbia and two Canadian provinces, consisting of: 679 seniors housing communities; 404 skilled nursing and other facilities; 320 medical office buildings ("MOBs"); and 47 hospitals. We were also in the process of developing eight properties as of June 30, 2012. We are headquartered in Chicago, Illinois and have been a constituent member of the S&P 500® Index, a leading indicator of the large cap U.S. equities market, since 2009.

Our primary business focuses on acquiring and owning seniors housing and healthcare properties and leasing those properties to unaffiliated tenants or operating those properties through independent third party managers. Through our Lillibridge Healthcare Services, Inc. ("Lillibridge") subsidiary and our ownership interest in PMB Real Estate Services LLC ("PMBRES"), we also provide MOB management, leasing, marketing, facility development and advisory services to highly rated hospitals and health systems throughout the United States. In addition, from time to time, we make mortgage loans and other investments relating to seniors housing and healthcare companies or properties.

As of June 30, 2012, we leased 913 properties (excluding MOBs) to healthcare operating companies under "triple-net" or "absolute-net" leases that obligate the tenants to pay all property-related expenses, including maintenance, utilities, repairs, taxes, insurance and capital expenditures, and we engaged independent third parties, such as Atria Senior Living, Inc. ("Atria") and Sunrise Senior Living, Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, "Sunrise"), to manage 217 seniors housing communities pursuant to long-term management agreements.

**NOTE 2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information set forth in the Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC"), as published by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB"), and with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair statement of results for the interim period have been included. Operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2012. The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, filed with the SEC on February 22, 2012. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

***Business Combinations***

We account for acquisitions using the acquisition method and allocate the cost of the properties acquired among tangible and recognized intangible assets and liabilities based upon their estimated fair values as of the acquisition date. Recognized intangibles primarily include the value of in-place leases, acquired lease contracts, tenant and customer relationships, trade names/trademarks and goodwill. We do not amortize goodwill, which represents the excess of the purchase price paid over the fair value of

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**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**NOTE 2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

the net assets of the acquired business and is included in other assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

We estimate the fair value of buildings acquired on an as-if-vacant basis and depreciate the building value over the estimated remaining life of the building, not to exceed 35 years. We determine the allocated value of other fixed assets, such as site improvements and furniture, fixtures and equipment, based upon the replacement cost and depreciate such value over the assets' estimated remaining useful lives as determined at the applicable acquisition date. We determine the value of land by considering the sales prices of similar properties in recent transactions or based on (a) internal analyses of recently acquired and existing comparable properties within our portfolio or (b) real estate tax assessed values in relation to the total value of the asset.

We generally determine the value of construction in progress based upon the replacement cost. However, for certain properties that we acquire that are part of a ground-up development, we determine the fair value of the property by (a) using the same valuation approach as all other properties, and (b) deducting an estimate of the cost to complete the development. Construction in progress is not depreciated until the project has reached substantial completion.

The fair value of acquired lease intangibles, if any, reflects (i) the estimated value of any above and/or below market leases, determined by discounting the difference between the estimated market rent and the in-place lease rent, the resulting intangible asset or liability of which we amortize to revenue over the remaining life of the associated lease plus any bargain renewal periods, and (ii) the estimated value of in-place leases related to the cost to obtain tenants, including leasing commissions, and an estimated value of the absorption period to reflect the value of the rent and recovery costs foregone during a reasonable lease-up period as if the acquired space was vacant, which we amortize to amortization expense over the remaining life of the associated lease. If a lease is terminated prior to its stated expiration or not renewed upon expiration, we recognize all unamortized amounts of lease intangibles in operations at that time.

We estimate the fair value of purchase option intangible assets or liabilities by discounting the difference between the applicable property's acquisition date fair value and an estimate of the future option price. We do not amortize the resulting intangible asset or liability over the term of the lease, but rather adjust the recognized value of the asset or liability upon sale. Net real estate assets for which we have recorded tenant purchase option intangibles were \$518.9 million at June 30, 2012 (excluding properties classified as held for sale) and \$644.0 million at December 31, 2011.

We estimate the fair value of tenant or other customer relationships acquired, if any, by considering the nature and extent of existing business relationships with the tenant or customer, growth prospects for developing new business with the tenant or customer, the tenant's credit quality, expectations of lease renewals with the tenant, and the potential for significant, additional future leasing arrangements with the tenant and amortize that value over the expected life of the associated arrangements or leases, including the remaining terms of the related leases and any expected renewal periods. We estimate the fair value of trade names/trademarks using a royalty rate methodology and amortize that value over the estimated useful life of the trade name/trademark.

In connection with a business combination, we may assume rights and obligations under certain lease agreements pursuant to which we become the lessee of a given property. We assume the lease classification previously determined by the prior lessee absent a modification in the assumed lease agreement. All capital leases that we have acquired or assumed in connection with our past acquisitions

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**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**NOTE 2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

contain bargain purchase options that we intend to exercise. Therefore, we recognized real estate assets based on the acquisition date fair values of the underlying properties and liabilities based on the acquisition date fair values of the capital lease obligations. We depreciate assets recognized under capital leases that contain bargain purchase options over the asset's useful life. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the capital lease obligation and interest expense using the interest method. We assess assumed operating leases, including ground leases, to determine whether the lease terms are favorable or unfavorable given current market conditions on the acquisition date. To the extent the lease terms are favorable or unfavorable relative to market conditions on the acquisition date, we recognize an intangible asset or liability, respectively, at fair value, and we amortize the recognized asset or liability (excluding purchase option intangibles) to interest or rental expense in our Consolidated Statements of Income over the applicable lease term. We include all lease-related intangible assets and all lease-related intangible liabilities within acquired lease intangibles and accounts payable and other liabilities, respectively, on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

We determine the fair value of loans receivable acquired in connection with a business combination by discounting the estimated future cash flows using current interest rates at which similar loans with the same maturities and same terms would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings. The estimated future cash flows reflect our judgment regarding the uncertainty of those cash flows, so we do not establish a valuation allowance at the acquisition date. We recognize the difference between the acquisition date fair value and the total expected cash flows as interest income using an effective interest method over the life of the applicable loan. Subsequent to the acquisition date, we evaluate changes regarding the uncertainty of future cash flows and the need for a valuation allowance.

We estimate the fair value of noncontrolling interest assumed using assumptions that are consistent with those used in valuing all of the underlying assets and liabilities.

We calculate the fair value of long-term debt by discounting the remaining contractual cash flows on each instrument at the current market rate for those borrowings, which we approximate based on the rate at which we would expect to incur a replacement instrument on the date of acquisition, and recognize any fair value adjustments related to long-term debt as effective yield adjustments over the remaining term of the instrument.

We record a liability for contingent consideration (included in accounts payable and other liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets) at fair value as of the acquisition date and reassess the fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any changes being recognized in earnings. Increases or decreases in the fair value of the contingent consideration can result from changes in discount periods, discount rates and probabilities that contingencies will be met.

***Revenue Recognition***

*Triple-Net Leased Properties and MOB Operations*

Certain of our triple-net leases, including a majority of the leases we acquired in connection with our acquisition of Nationwide Health Properties, Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, "NHP"), and most of our MOB leases provide for periodic and determinable increases in base rent. We recognize base rental revenues under these leases on a straight-line basis over the applicable lease term when collectibility is reasonably assured. Recognizing rental income on a straight-line basis generally results in recognized revenues during the first half of a lease term exceeding the cash amounts contractually due from our tenants, creating a straight-line rent receivable that is included in other assets on our

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**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**NOTE 2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

Consolidated Balance Sheets. At June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, this cumulative excess (net of allowances) totaled \$107.3 million and \$96.9 million, respectively.

Our master lease agreements with Kindred Healthcare, Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, "Kindred") (the "Kindred Master Leases") and certain of our other leases provide for periodic increases in base rent only if certain revenue parameters or other substantive contingencies are met. We recognize the increased rental revenue under these leases as the related parameters or contingencies are met, rather than on a straight-line basis over the applicable lease term.

*Senior Living Operations*

We recognize resident fees and services, other than move-in fees, monthly as services are provided. We recognize move-in fees on a straight-line basis over the average resident stay. Our lease agreements with residents generally have a term of twelve to eighteen months and are cancelable by the resident upon 30 days' notice.

*Other*

We recognize interest income from loans, including discounts and premiums, using the effective interest method when collectibility is reasonably assured. We apply the effective interest method on a loan-by-loan basis and recognize discounts and premiums as yield adjustments over the related loan term. We recognize interest income on an impaired loan to the extent our estimate of the fair value of the collateral is sufficient to support the balance of the loan, other receivables and all related accrued interest. When the balance of the loan, other receivables and all related accrued interest is equal to our estimate of the fair value of the collateral, we recognize interest income on a cash basis. We provide a reserve against an impaired loan to the extent our total investment in the loan exceeds our estimate of the fair value of the loan collateral.

We recognize income from rent, lease termination fees, development services, management advisory services and all other income when all of the following criteria are met in accordance with SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin 104: (i) the applicable agreement has been fully executed and delivered; (ii) services have been rendered; (iii) the amount is fixed or determinable; and (iv) collectibility is reasonably assured.

*Allowances*

We assess the collectibility of our rent receivables, including straight-line rent receivables, in accordance with applicable accounting standards and our reserve policy, and we defer recognition of revenue if collectibility is not reasonably assured. We base our assessment of the collectibility of rent receivables (other than straight-line rent receivables) on several factors, including, among other things, payment history, the financial strength of the tenant and any guarantors, the value of the underlying collateral, if any, and current economic conditions. If our evaluation of these factors indicates it is probable that we will be unable to recover the full value of the receivable, we provide a reserve against the portion of the receivable that we estimate may not be recovered. We base our assessment of the collectibility of straight-line rent receivables on several factors, including, among other things, the financial strength of the tenant and any guarantors, the historical operations and operating trends of the property, the historical payment pattern of the tenant, and the type of property. If our evaluation of these factors indicates it is probable that we will be unable to receive the rent payments due in the future, we defer recognition of the straight-line rental revenue and, in certain circumstances, provide a

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**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**NOTE 2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

reserve against the previously recognized straight-line rent receivable asset for the portion, up to its full value, that we estimate may not be recovered. If we change our assumptions or estimates regarding the collectibility of future rent payments required by a lease, we may adjust our reserve to increase or reduce the rental revenue recognized and/or increase or reduce the reserve against the previously recognized straight-line rent receivable asset.

***Fair Values of Financial Instruments***

Fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement, and we determine fair value based on the assumptions that we expect market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. As a basis for considering market participant assumptions in fair value measurements, FASB guidance establishes a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between market participant assumptions based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity (observable inputs that are classified within levels one and two of the hierarchy) and the reporting entity's own assumptions about market participant assumptions (unobservable inputs classified within level three of the hierarchy).

Level one inputs utilize unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the reporting entity has the ability to access. Level two inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included in level one that are directly or indirectly observable for the asset or liability. Level two inputs may include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, as well as other inputs for the asset or liability, such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and yield curves, that are observable at commonly quoted intervals. Level three inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability, which are typically based on the reporting entity's own assumptions, as there is little, if any, related market activity. If the determination of the fair value measurement is based on inputs from different levels of the hierarchy, the level within which the entire fair value measurement falls is the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a reporting entity determines that the volume and level of activity for an asset or liability has decreased significantly relative to the normal market activity for such asset or liability (or similar assets or liabilities), then transactions or quoted prices may not accurately reflect fair value. In addition, if there is evidence that the transaction for the asset or liability is not orderly, the reporting entity should place little, if any, weight on that transaction price as an indicator of fair value. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the asset or liability.

We use the following methods and assumptions in estimating the fair value of our financial instruments:

*Cash and cash equivalents* The carrying amount of unrestricted cash and cash equivalents reported on our Consolidated Balance Sheets approximates fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

*Loans receivable* We estimate the fair value of loans receivable using level two and level three inputs: we discount future cash flows using current interest rates at which similar loans with the same maturities and same terms would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings. Additionally, we determine the valuation allowance for losses, if any, on loans receivable using level three inputs.



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**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**NOTE 2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

*Marketable debt securities* We estimate the fair value of marketable debt securities using level two inputs: we observe quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets that we have the ability to access.

*Derivative instruments* With the assistance of a third party, we estimate the fair value of derivative instruments, including interest rate caps, interest rate swaps, and foreign currency forward contracts, using level two inputs: for interest rate caps, we observe forward yield curves and other relevant information; for interest rate swaps, we observe alternative financing rates derived from market-based financing rates, forward yield curves and discount rates; and for foreign currency forward contracts, we estimate the future values of the two currency tranches using forward exchange rates that are based on traded forward points and calculate a present value of the net amount using a discount factor based on observable traded interest rates.

*Senior notes payable and other debt* We estimate the fair value of senior notes payable and other debt using level two inputs: we discount the future cash flows using current interest rates at which we could obtain similar borrowings.

*Contingent consideration* We estimate the fair value of contingent consideration using level three inputs: we assess the probability of expected future cash flows over the period in which the obligation is expected to be settled and apply a discount rate that appropriately captures a market participant's view of the risk associated with the obligation.

*Redeemable OP unitholder interests* We estimate the fair value of our redeemable Class A limited partnership units using level two inputs: we base fair value on the closing price of our common stock, as units may be redeemed at the election of the holder for cash or, at our option, 0.7866 shares of our common stock per unit, subject to adjustment in certain circumstances.

***Recently Issued or Adopted Accounting Standards***

In June 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2011-05, *Presentation of Comprehensive Income* ("ASU 2011-05"), which amends current guidance found in ASC Topic 220, *Comprehensive Income*. ASU 2011-05 requires entities to present comprehensive income in either (a) one continuous financial statement or (b) two separate but consecutive statements that display net income and the components of other comprehensive income. Totals and individual components of both net income and other comprehensive income must be included in either presentation. In December 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-12, *Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassifications of Items Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-05* ("ASU 2011-12"). The provisions of ASU 2011-12 indefinitely defer portions of ASU 2011-05 related to the presentation of reclassifications of items out of accumulated other comprehensive income. We adopted the provisions of ASU 2011-05 and ASU 2011-12 on January 1, 2012.

**NOTE 3 CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK**

As of June 30, 2012, Atria, Sunrise, Brookdale Senior Living Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, "Brookdale Senior Living") and Kindred managed or operated approximately 18.2%, 15.6%, 11.5% and 4.7%, respectively, of our real estate investments based on their gross book value. Also, as of June 30, 2012, seniors housing communities constituted approximately 64.0% of our real estate portfolio based

Table of Contents**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 3 CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK (Continued)**

on gross book value, with skilled nursing facilities, hospitals, MOBs and other healthcare assets collectively comprising the remaining 36.0%. Our properties were located in 46 states, the District of Columbia and two Canadian provinces as of June 30, 2012, with properties in one state (California) accounting for more than 10% of our total revenues and net operating income ("NOI," which is defined as total revenues, excluding interest and other income, less property-level operating expenses and medical office building services costs) (including amounts in discontinued operations) for the three months then ended.

***Triple-Net Leased Properties***

For the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, approximately 10.5% and 17.4%, respectively, of our total revenues and 17.2% and 29.9%, respectively, of our total NOI (including amounts in discontinued operations) were derived from our lease agreements with Kindred. For the same periods, approximately 6.7% and 8.0%, respectively, of our total revenues and 11.0% and 13.9%, respectively, of our total NOI (including amounts in discontinued operations) were derived from our lease agreements with Brookdale Senior Living. Each of our leases with Kindred and Brookdale Senior Living is a triple-net lease pursuant to which the tenant is required to pay all property-related expenses and to comply with the terms of the mortgage financing documents, if any, affecting the properties.

Because the properties we lease to Kindred and Brookdale Senior Living account for a significant portion of our total revenues and NOI, our financial condition and results of operations could be weakened and our ability to service our indebtedness and to make distributions to our stockholders could be limited if either Kindred or Brookdale Senior Living becomes unable or unwilling to satisfy its obligations to us or to renew its leases with us upon expiration of the terms thereof. We cannot provide any assurance that either Kindred or Brookdale Senior Living will have sufficient assets, income and access to financing to enable it to satisfy its respective obligations to us, and any inability or unwillingness by Kindred or Brookdale Senior Living to do so could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and liquidity, on our ability to service our indebtedness and other obligations, and on our ability to make distributions to our stockholders, as required for us to continue to qualify as a REIT (a "Material Adverse Effect"). We also cannot provide any assurance that either Kindred or Brookdale Senior Living will elect to renew its respective leases with us upon expiration of their terms or that we will be able to reposition any properties that are not renewed on a timely basis or on the same or better economic terms, if at all.

***Senior Living Operations***

As of June 30, 2012, Atria and Sunrise, collectively, provided comprehensive property management and accounting services with respect to 214 of our seniors housing communities, for which we pay annual management fees pursuant to long-term management agreements. Because Atria and Sunrise manage, but do not lease, our properties, we are not directly exposed to their credit risk in the same manner or to the same extent as our triple-net tenants. However, we rely on our managers' personnel, expertise, technical resources and information systems, proprietary information, good faith and judgment to manage our seniors housing communities efficiently and effectively. We also rely on our managers to set resident fees and otherwise operate those properties in compliance with the terms of our management agreements. Although we have various rights as the property owner under our management agreements, Atria's or Sunrise's inability or unwillingness to satisfy its obligations under those agreements, to efficiently and effectively manage our properties or to provide timely and accurate accounting information with respect thereto could have a Material Adverse Effect on us. In addition,

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**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**NOTE 3 CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK (Continued)**

significant changes in Atria's or Sunrise's senior management or any adverse developments in their business and affairs or financial condition could have a Material Adverse Effect on us.

***Kindred, Brookdale Senior Living, Sunrise and Atria Information***

Each of Kindred, Brookdale Senior Living and Sunrise is subject to the reporting requirements of the SEC and is required to file with the SEC annual reports containing audited financial information and quarterly reports containing unaudited financial information. The information related to Kindred, Brookdale Senior Living and Sunrise contained or referred to in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q is derived from SEC filings made by Kindred, Brookdale Senior Living or Sunrise, as the case may be, or from other publicly available information, or has been provided to us by Kindred, Brookdale Senior Living or Sunrise. We have not verified this information either through an independent investigation or by reviewing Kindred's, Brookdale Senior Living's or Sunrise's public filings. We have no reason to believe that this information is inaccurate in any material respect, but we cannot provide any assurance that all of this information is accurate. Kindred's, Brookdale Senior Living's and Sunrise's filings with the SEC can be found on the SEC's website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). We are providing this data for informational purposes only, and you are encouraged to obtain Kindred's, Brookdale Senior Living's and Sunrise's publicly available filings from the SEC.

Atria is not subject to the reporting requirements of the SEC. The information related to Atria contained or referred to within this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q is derived from publicly available information or has been provided to us by Atria. We have not verified this information through an independent investigation. We have no reason to believe that this information is inaccurate in any material respect, but we cannot provide any assurance that all of this information is accurate.

**NOTE 4 ACQUISITIONS OF REAL ESTATE PROPERTY**

We engage in acquisition activity primarily to invest in additional seniors housing and healthcare properties and achieve an expected yield on investment, to grow and diversify our portfolio and revenue base, and to reduce our dependence on any single tenant, operator or manager, geographic area, asset type, business model or revenue source.

***Cogdell Acquisition***

On April 2, 2012, we acquired Cogdell Spencer Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, "Cogdell"), including its 71 assets (one of which is still being developed and including properties owned through joint ventures) and its MOB property management business, which has existing agreements with third parties to manage 44 MOBs, in an all-cash transaction. At closing, our investment in Cogdell, including our share of debt, was approximately \$760 million. In addition, our joint venture partners' share of net debt assumed was \$36.3 million at the time of the acquisition.

Table of Contents**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 4 ACQUISITIONS OF REAL ESTATE PROPERTY (Continued)**

Pursuant to the terms of, and subject to the conditions set forth in, the agreement and plan of merger, at the effective time of the merger, (a) each outstanding share of Cogdell common stock and each outstanding unit of limited partnership interest in Cogdell's operating partnership, Cogdell Spencer LP, that was not owned by subsidiaries of Cogdell was converted into the right to receive \$4.25 in cash, and (b) each outstanding share of Cogdell's 8.500% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Perpetual Preferred Stock was converted into the right to receive an amount in cash equal to \$25.00, plus accrued and unpaid dividends through the date of closing. We financed our acquisition of Cogdell through the assumption of \$203.8 million of existing Cogdell mortgage debt (including \$36.3 million of our joint venture partners' share) and borrowings under our unsecured revolving credit facility. Prior to the closing, Cogdell completed the sale of its design-build and development business to an unaffiliated third party.

We are accounting for the Cogdell acquisition under the acquisition method in accordance with ASC Topic 805, *Business Combinations* ("ASC 805"), and we have completed our initial accounting for this acquisition, which is subject to further adjustment. The following table summarizes the acquisition date fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, which we determined using level two and level three inputs (in thousands):

Land and improvements	\$ 93,235
Buildings and improvements	615,488
Construction in progress	24,117
Acquired lease intangibles	117,088
Other assets	24,241
<b>Total assets acquired</b>	<b>874,169</b>
Notes payable and other debt	213,430
Other liabilities	40,795
<b>Total liabilities assumed</b>	<b>254,225</b>
Noncontrolling interest assumed	28,283
<b>Net assets acquired</b>	<b>591,661</b>
Cash acquired	12,202
<b>Total cash used</b>	<b>\$ 579,459</b>

As of June 30, 2012, we had incurred a total of \$30.6 million of acquisition-related costs related to the Cogdell acquisition, all of which were expensed as incurred and included in merger-related expenses and deal costs in our Consolidated Statements of Income for the applicable periods. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, we expensed \$27.4 million and \$29.4 million, respectively, of acquisition-related costs related to the Cogdell acquisition.

***Other 2012 Acquisitions***

On May 1, 2012, we acquired sixteen seniors housing communities managed by Sunrise for approximately \$362 million in an all-cash transaction. Sunrise continues to manage the acquired assets under existing long-term management agreements. We are accounting for this acquisition under the acquisition method in accordance with ASC 805.

Table of Contents**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 4 ACQUISITIONS OF REAL ESTATE PROPERTY (Continued)**

During the first six months of 2012, we also invested approximately \$155 million, including the assumption of \$34.8 million in debt, in eight seniors housing communities and one MOB.

***ASLG Acquisition***

In May 2011, we acquired 117 private pay seniors housing communities and one development land parcel located primarily in affluent coastal markets such as the New York metropolitan area, New England and California and the working capital of privately-owned Atria Senior Living Group, Inc. (together with its affiliates, "ASLG"). Prior to the closing, ASLG spun off its management operations to a newly formed entity, Atria, which continues to operate the acquired assets under long-term management agreements with us.

We accounted for the ASLG acquisition under the acquisition method in accordance with ASC 805. The following table summarizes the acquisition date fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, which we determined using level two and level three inputs (in thousands):

Land and improvements	\$ 341,540
Buildings and improvements	2,876,717
Acquired lease intangibles	159,610
Other assets	215,708
<b>Total assets acquired</b>	<b>3,593,575</b>
Notes payable and other debt	1,629,212
Deferred tax liability	43,466
Other liabilities	202,278
<b>Total liabilities assumed</b>	<b>1,874,956</b>
Net assets acquired	1,718,619
Cash acquired	77,718
Equity issued	1,376,437
<b>Total cash used</b>	<b>\$ 264,464</b>

The allocation of fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed differs from the allocation reported in "Note 4 Acquisitions of Real Estate Property" of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1 of our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2012, filed with the SEC on April 27, 2012, due primarily to adjustments to certain of our valuation assumptions based on more accurate information concerning the subject assets and liabilities. None of these changes had a material impact on our Consolidated Financial Statements.

Included in other assets is \$80.5 million of goodwill, which represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the acquisition date.

As partial consideration for the ASLG acquisition, the sellers received the right to earn additional amounts ("contingent consideration") based upon the achievement of certain performance metrics, including the future operating results of the acquired assets, and other factors. The contingent consideration, if any, will be payable to the sellers following the applicable measurement date for the period ending December 31, 2014 or December 31, 2015, at the election of the sellers. We cannot determine the actual amount of contingent consideration, if any, that may become due to the sellers, nor can we estimate a range of potential outcomes, because they are dependent on various factors,

Table of Contents**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 4 ACQUISITIONS OF REAL ESTATE PROPERTY (Continued)**

such as the future performance of the acquired assets and our equity multiple, which are subject to many risks and uncertainties beyond our control. As of June 30, 2012, December 31, 2011 and the acquisition date, the estimated discounted fair value of contingent consideration was \$44.2 million and was included in accounts payable and other liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

***NHP Acquisition***

In July 2011, we acquired NHP in a stock-for-stock transaction. The NHP acquisition added 643 seniors housing and healthcare properties to our portfolio (including properties owned through joint ventures).

We accounted for the NHP acquisition under the acquisition method in accordance with ASC 805. The following table summarizes the acquisition date fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, which we determined using level two and level three inputs (in thousands):

Land and improvements	\$ 701,154
Buildings and improvements	6,147,737
Acquired lease intangibles	493,125
Investment in unconsolidated entities	93,553
Other assets	815,968
Total assets acquired	8,251,537
Notes payable and other debt	1,882,752
Other liabilities	720,420
Total liabilities assumed	2,603,172
Redeemable OP unitholder interests assumed	100,888
Noncontrolling interest assumed	76,658
Net assets acquired	5,470,819
Cash acquired	29,205
Equity issued	5,365,819
Total cash used	\$ 75,795

The allocation of fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed differs from the allocation reported in "Note 4 Acquisitions of Real Estate Property" of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1 of our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2012, filed with the SEC on April 27, 2012, due primarily to reclassification adjustments for presentation, adjustments to our valuation assumptions and acquiring additional information not readily available at the date of acquisition. The changes to our valuation assumptions were based on more accurate information concerning the subject assets and liabilities.

Included in other assets is \$399.0 million of goodwill, which represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the acquisition date. We have allocated \$338.5 million and \$60.5 million of the goodwill balance to our triple-net leased properties and MOB operations reportable business segments, respectively, based on relative fair value. We do not expect to deduct any of the goodwill balance for tax purposes.

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**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**NOTE 4 ACQUISITIONS OF REAL ESTATE PROPERTY (Continued)**

*Other 2011 Acquisitions*

During 2011, in addition to the ASLG and NHP acquisitions, we invested approximately \$329.5 million, including the assumption of \$134.9 million in debt, in MOBs and seniors housing communities.

**NOTE 5 DISPOSITIONS**

We present separately, as discontinued operations in all periods presented, the results of operations for assets held for sale and operating leases not renewed as of June 30, 2012 and assets disposed of during the six months ended June 30, 2012 or the year ended December 31, 2011.

*2012 Dispositions*

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, we recognized a net gain from real estate dispositions of \$38.6 million and \$78.8 million, respectively. In addition, as of June 30, 2012, we had classified ten properties as held for sale and included their operations in discontinued operations in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

In June 2012, we sold thirteen seniors housing communities to the existing tenants for aggregate consideration of \$121.9 million, including a fee of \$3.0 million, and recognized a gain from the sales of these assets. We also declined to exercise our renewal option on the operating leases related to two seniors housing communities that expired on June 30, 2012. We deposited \$97.0 million of proceeds from these dispositions in an Internal Revenue Code Section 1031 exchange escrow account with a qualified intermediary, and during June 2012, we used approximately \$58.1 million of the deposited proceeds for our seniors housing community acquisitions.

In February 2012, we sold nine seniors housing communities to the existing tenant for aggregate consideration of \$121.3 million, including a lease termination fee of \$1.8 million, and recognized a gain from the sale of these assets. We deposited a majority of the proceeds from the sale in an Internal Revenue Code Section 1031 exchange escrow account with a qualified intermediary, and during the first six months of 2012, we used approximately \$76.4 million of the deposited proceeds for our MOB and seniors housing community acquisitions. As of June 30, 2012, there was no balance remaining in the exchange escrow account related to this sale.

*2011 Dispositions*

During 2011, we sold two seniors housing communities and two skilled nursing facilities to tenants exercising purchase options for aggregate consideration of \$20.6 million. We recognized no gain or loss from these sales.

Set forth below is a summary of the results of operations of properties sold during the six months ended June 30, 2012 and the year ended December 31, 2011 or classified as held for sale as of June 30,

Table of Contents**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 5 DISPOSITIONS (Continued)**

2012, which were included in our triple-net leased properties, senior living operations or MOB operations segments.

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	(In thousands)			
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Rental income	\$ 4,663	\$ 3,979	\$ 10,024	\$ 7,961
Resident fees and services	2,072	1,175	4,081	1,175
Interest and other income	3,002		4,824	
	9,737	5,154	18,929	9,136
<b>Expenses:</b>				
Interest	1,837	1,689	3,859	3,460
Depreciation and amortization	12,420	1,246	14,800	2,444
Property-level operating expenses	1,891	845	3,639	845
General, administrative and professional fees	2		6	
Other	650	283	1,230	283
	16,800	4,063	23,534	7,032
(Loss) income before income taxes and gain on sale of real estate assets	(7,063)	1,091	(4,605)	2,104
Income tax (expense) benefit	(13)	99	20	99
Gain on real estate dispositions, net	38,558		78,791	
Discontinued operations	\$ 31,482	\$ 1,190	\$ 74,206	\$ 2,203

**NOTE 6 INVESTMENTS IN UNCONSOLIDATED ENTITIES**

We report investments in unconsolidated entities over whose operating and financial policies we have the ability to exercise significant influence under the equity method of accounting. We serve as the managing member of each unconsolidated entity and provide various services in exchange for fees and reimbursements. Total management fees earned in connection with these entities were \$1.9 million and \$1.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, and \$3.7 million and \$1.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. We are not required to consolidate these entities, as our joint venture partners have significant participating rights. Additionally, these entities are viable entities controlled by equity holders with sufficient capital and, therefore, are not considered variable interest entities. At both June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, we owned interests (ranging between 5% and 25%) in 92 properties that we accounted for under the equity method of accounting. Our net investment in these properties as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011 was \$104.6 million and \$105.3 million, respectively. For the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, we recorded income from unconsolidated entities of \$0.5 million and a loss from unconsolidated entities of \$0.1 million, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, we recorded income from unconsolidated entities of \$0.8 million and a loss from unconsolidated entities of \$0.3 million, respectively.



Table of Contents**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 7 INTANGIBLES**

The following is a summary of our intangibles as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011:

	<b>June 30, 2012</b>		<b>December 31, 2011</b>	
	<b>Balance</b>	<b>Remaining Weighted Average Amortization Period in Years</b>	<b>Balance</b>	<b>Remaining Weighted Average Amortization Period in Years</b>
	<b>(Dollars in thousands)</b>			
<b>Intangible assets:</b>				
Above market lease intangibles	\$ 213,296	9.7	\$ 210,358	10.1
In-place and other lease intangibles	706,819	22.2	590,500	22.4
Other intangibles	34,796	9.1	16,169	13.5
Accumulated amortization	(270,775)	N/A	(188,442)	N/A
Goodwill	493,298	N/A	448,393	N/A
<b>Net intangible assets</b>	<b>\$ 1,177,434</b>	<b>18.4</b>	<b>\$ 1,076,978</b>	<b>18.5</b>
<b>Intangible liabilities:</b>				
Below market lease intangibles	\$ 429,532	15.5	\$ 442,612	15.3
Other lease intangibles	27,406	10.0	27,157	7.9
Accumulated amortization	(58,595)	N/A	(37,607)	N/A
Purchase option intangibles	66,362	N/A	112,670	N/A
<b>Net intangible liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 464,705</b>	<b>15.3</b>	<b>\$ 544,832</b>	<b>15.2</b>

N/A Not Applicable.

Above market lease intangibles and in-place and other lease intangibles are included in acquired lease intangibles within real estate investments on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. Other intangibles (including non-compete agreements, management agreements and trade names/trademarks) and goodwill are included in other assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. Below market lease, other lease and purchase option intangibles are included in accounts payable and other liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

**NOTE 8 OTHER ASSETS**

The following is a summary of our other assets as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011:

	<b>June 30, 2012</b>	<b>December 31, 2011</b>
	<b>(In thousands)</b>	
Straight-line rent receivables, net	\$ 107,323	\$ 96,883
Marketable debt securities	43,175	43,331
Unsecured loans receivable, net	61,098	63,598
Goodwill and other intangibles, net	522,410	462,655
Assets held for sale	155,238	119,290
Other	97,799	105,475
<b>Total other assets</b>	<b>\$ 987,043</b>	<b>\$ 891,232</b>



Table of Contents**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 9 SENIOR NOTES PAYABLE AND OTHER DEBT**

The following is a summary of our senior notes payable and other debt as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011:

	June 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
	(In thousands)	
Unsecured revolving credit facility	\$ 366,991	\$ 455,578
9% Senior Notes due 2012		82,433
8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> % Senior Notes due 2012	72,950	72,950
Unsecured term loan due 2013	200,000	200,000
6.25% Senior Notes due 2013	269,850	269,850
Unsecured term loan due 2015(1)	127,378	126,875
3.125% Senior Notes due 2015	400,000	400,000
6% Senior Notes due 2015	234,420	234,420
6 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> % Senior Notes due 2016		200,000
Unsecured term loan due 2017(1)	375,000	375,000
6 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> % Senior Notes due 2017		225,000
4.00% Senior Notes due 2019	600,000	
4.750% Senior Notes due 2021	700,000	700,000
4.25% Senior Notes due 2022	600,000	
6.90% Senior Notes due 2037	52,400	52,400
6.59% Senior Notes due 2038	22,973	22,973
Mortgage loans and other(2)	2,938,757	2,762,964
 Total	 6,960,719	 6,180,443
Capital lease obligations	142,716	143,006
Unamortized fair value adjustment	128,925	144,923
Unamortized commission fees and discounts	(27,633)	(39,256)
 Senior notes payable and other debt	 \$ 7,204,727	 \$ 6,429,116

(1) These amounts represent in aggregate the approximate \$500.0 million of borrowings outstanding under our unsecured term loan facility. Certain amounts included in the 2015 tranche are in the form of Canadian dollar borrowings.

(2) Excludes debt related to real estate assets classified as held for sale as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. The total mortgage debt for these properties as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011 was \$23.6 million and \$14.6 million, respectively, and is included in accounts payable and other liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Table of Contents**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 9 SENIOR NOTES PAYABLE AND OTHER DEBT (Continued)**

As of June 30, 2012, our indebtedness (excluding capital lease obligations) had the following maturities:

	Principal Amount Due at Maturity	Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility(1)	Scheduled Periodic Amortization	Total Maturities
	(In thousands)			
2012	\$ 99,549	\$	\$ 28,650	\$ 128,199
2013(2)	898,439		50,474	948,913
2014	280,701		46,317	327,018
2015	1,025,773	366,991	37,632	1,430,396
2016	415,334		30,511	445,845
Thereafter(3)	3,502,118		178,230	3,680,348
<b>Total maturities</b>	<b>\$ 6,221,914</b>	<b>\$ 366,991</b>	<b>\$ 371,814</b>	<b>\$ 6,960,719</b>

- (1) At June 30, 2012, we had \$52.8 million of unrestricted cash and cash equivalents, for \$314.2 million of net borrowings outstanding under our unsecured revolving credit facility.
- (2) Excludes debt related to a real estate asset classified as held for sale as of June 30, 2012 that is scheduled to mature in 2013. The total mortgage debt for this property as of June 30, 2012 was \$23.6 million.
- (3) Includes \$52.4 million aggregate principal amount of 6.90% Senior Notes due 2037 of Nationwide Health Properties, LLC ("NHP LLC") (as successor to NHP), which are subject to repurchase, at the option of the holders, on October 1 of each of 2012, 2017 and 2027, and \$23.0 million aggregate principal amount of 6.59% Senior Notes due 2038 of NHP LLC, which are subject to repurchase, at the option of the holders, on July 7 of each of 2013, 2018, 2023 and 2028.

***Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility***

We have \$2.0 billion of aggregate borrowing capacity under our unsecured revolving credit facility, which may be increased to up to \$2.5 billion at our option, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, and includes sublimits of (a) up to \$200 million for letters of credit, (b) up to \$200 million for swingline loans, (c) up to \$250 million for loans in certain alternative currencies, and (d) up to 50% of the facility for certain negotiated rate loans. Borrowings under our unsecured revolving credit facility bear interest at a fluctuating rate per annum (based on the applicable LIBOR for Eurocurrency rate loans and the higher of (i) the federal funds rate plus 0.50%, (ii) the administrative agent's prime rate and (iii) the applicable LIBOR plus 1.0% for base rate loans, plus, in each case, a spread based on our senior unsecured long-term debt ratings). At June 30, 2012, the applicable spread was 110 basis points for Eurocurrency rate loans and 10 basis points for base rate loans. We also pay a facility fee ranging from 15 to 45 basis points per annum (based on our senior unsecured long-term debt ratings) on the aggregate revolving commitments under our unsecured revolving credit facility. At June 30, 2012, the facility fee was 17.5 basis points. Borrowings under our unsecured revolving credit facility mature on October 16, 2015, but may be extended for an additional period of one year at our option, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions.

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**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**NOTE 9 SENIOR NOTES PAYABLE AND OTHER DEBT (Continued)**

As of June 30, 2012, we had \$367.0 million of borrowings and \$6.8 million of letters of credit outstanding and \$1.63 billion of unused borrowing capacity available under our unsecured revolving credit facility.

*Senior Notes*

In February 2012, we issued and sold \$600.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.25% senior notes due 2022 at a public offering price equal to 99.214% of par, for total proceeds of \$595.3 million before the underwriting discount and expenses.

In March 2012, we redeemed all \$200.0 million principal amount outstanding of our 6<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>% senior notes due 2016 at a redemption price equal to 103.25% of par, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date, pursuant to the call option contained in the indenture governing the notes. As a result, we paid a total of \$206.5 million, plus accrued and unpaid interest, on the redemption date and recognized a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$29.7 million during the first quarter of 2012.

In April 2012, we issued and sold \$600.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.00% senior notes due 2019 at a public offering price equal to 99.489% of par, for total proceeds of \$596.9 million before the underwriting discount and expenses.

In May 2012, we repaid in full, at par, \$82.4 million principal amount then outstanding of our 9% senior notes due 2012 upon maturity.

Also in May 2012, we redeemed all \$225.0 million principal amount outstanding of our 6<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>% senior notes due 2017 at a redemption price equal to 103.375% of par, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date, pursuant to the terms of the indenture governing the notes. As a result, we paid a total of \$232.6 million, plus accrued and unpaid interest, on the redemption date and recognized a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$10.0 million during the second quarter of 2012.

In July 2012, we repaid in full, at par, \$73.0 million principal amount then outstanding of NHP LLC's 8<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>% senior notes due 2012 upon maturity.

*Capital Leases*

As of June 30, 2012, we leased eight seniors housing communities pursuant to arrangements that are accounted for as capital leases. Under each capital lease agreement, rent may be increased annually based upon changes in the Consumer Price Index or gross revenues attributable to the property, subject to certain limits, and we have a bargain option to purchase the leased property and an option to exercise renewal terms.

Table of Contents**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 9 SENIOR NOTES PAYABLE AND OTHER DEBT (Continued)**

Future minimum lease payments required under the capital lease agreements, including amounts that would be due under purchase options, as of June 30, 2012 are as follows (in thousands):

2012	\$ 4,749
2013	9,573
2014	9,699
2015	9,826
2016	9,953
Thereafter	162,600
<b>Total minimum lease payments</b>	<b>206,400</b>
Less: Amount related to interest	(63,684)
	<b>\$ 142,716</b>

Net assets held under capital leases are included in net real estate investments on our Consolidated Balance Sheets and totaled \$219.0 million and \$224.7 million as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively.

**NOTE 10 FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

As of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, the carrying amounts and fair values of our financial instruments were as follows:

	June 30, 2012		December 31, 2011	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
	(In thousands)			
<b>Assets:</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 52,803	\$ 52,803	\$ 45,807	\$ 45,807
Secured loans receivable, net	213,193	215,834	212,577	216,315
Derivative instruments	1	1	11	11
Marketable debt securities	43,175	43,175	43,331	43,331
Unsecured loans receivable, net	61,098	63,446	63,598	65,219
<b>Liabilities:</b>				
Senior notes payable and other debt, gross	6,960,719	7,357,720	6,180,443	6,637,691
Derivative instruments and other liabilities	80,908	80,908	80,815	80,815
Redeemable OP unitholder interests	116,635	116,635	102,837	102,837

Fair value estimates are subjective in nature and depend upon several important assumptions, including estimates of future cash flows, risks, discount rates and relevant comparable market information associated with each financial instrument. The use of different market assumptions and estimation methodologies may have a material effect on the reported estimated fair value amounts. Accordingly, the estimates presented above are not necessarily indicative of the amounts we would realize in a current market exchange.

As of June 30, 2012, we held corporate marketable debt securities, classified as available-for-sale and included within other assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheets, having an aggregate amortized cost basis and fair value of \$41.8 million and \$43.2 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2011, our

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**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**NOTE 10 FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)**

marketable debt securities had an aggregate amortized cost basis and fair value of \$41.2 million and \$43.3 million, respectively. The contractual maturities of our current marketable debt securities range from October 1, 2012 to April 15, 2016. During the first quarter of 2011, we sold certain marketable debt securities for \$23.1 million in aggregate proceeds and recognized gains from these sales of approximately \$1.8 million (which are included in income from loans and investments in our Consolidated Statement of Income for the six months ended June 30, 2011).

**NOTE 11 LITIGATION**

*Litigation Relating to the NHP Acquisition*

In the weeks following the announcement of our acquisition of NHP on February 28, 2011, purported stockholders of NHP filed seven lawsuits against NHP and its directors. Six of these lawsuits also named Ventas, Inc. as a defendant and five named our subsidiary, Needles Acquisition LLC, as a defendant. On June 9, 2011, we and NHP agreed on a settlement in principle with the plaintiffs in the consolidated action pending in the Circuit Court of Baltimore City, Maryland (the "Maryland State Court"), which required us and NHP to make certain supplemental disclosures to stockholders concerning the merger. We and NHP made the supplemental disclosures on June 10, 2011. The parties executed a Stipulation of Settlement and Release on April 18, 2012. The settlement is subject to approval by the Maryland State Court.

We believe that each of these actions is without merit.

*Litigation Relating to the Cogdell Acquisition*

In the weeks following the announcement of our acquisition of Cogdell on December 27, 2011, purported stockholders of Cogdell filed seven lawsuits against Cogdell and its directors. Each of these lawsuits also named Ventas, Inc. as a defendant, and certain of the lawsuits also named our subsidiaries, TH Merger Corp, Inc. and TH Merger Sub, LLC, as defendants. On February 29, 2012, we and Cogdell agreed on a settlement in principle with the plaintiffs in the Maryland and North Carolina actions, pursuant to which Cogdell agreed to make certain supplemental disclosures to stockholders concerning the merger. Cogdell made the supplemental disclosures on February 29, 2012. The settlement is subject to appropriate documentation by the parties and approval by the Maryland State Court.

We believe that each of these actions is without merit.

*Proceedings against Tenants, Operators and Managers*

From time to time, Kindred, Brookdale Senior Living, Atria, Sunrise and our other tenants, operators and managers are parties to certain legal actions, regulatory investigations and claims arising in the conduct of their business and operations. Even though we generally are not party to these proceedings, the unfavorable resolution of any such actions, investigations or claims could, individually or in the aggregate, materially adversely affect such tenants', operators' or managers' liquidity, financial condition or results of operations and their ability to satisfy their respective obligations to us, which, in turn, could have a Material Adverse Effect on us.

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**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**NOTE 11 LITIGATION (Continued)**

***Proceedings Indemnified and Defended by Third Parties***

From time to time, we are party to certain legal actions, regulatory investigations and claims for which third parties are contractually obligated to indemnify, defend and hold us harmless. The tenants of our triple-net leased properties and, in some cases, their affiliates are required by the terms of their leases and other agreements with us to indemnify, defend and hold us harmless against certain actions, investigations and claims arising in the course of their business and related to the operations of our triple-net leased properties. In addition, third parties from whom we acquired certain of our assets and, in some cases, their affiliates, are required by the terms of the related conveyance documents to indemnify, defend and hold us harmless against certain actions, investigations and claims related to the acquired assets and arising prior to our ownership or related to excluded assets and liabilities. In some cases, we hold a portion of the purchase price consideration in escrow as collateral for these indemnification obligations. We are presently being defended by certain tenants and other obligated third parties in these types of matters. We cannot provide any assurance that our tenants, their affiliates or other obligated third parties will continue to defend us in these matters, that our tenants, their affiliates or other obligated third parties will have sufficient assets, income and access to financing to enable them to satisfy their defense and indemnification obligations to us or that any purchase price consideration held in escrow will be sufficient to satisfy claims for which we are entitled to indemnification. The unfavorable resolution of any such actions, investigations or claims could, individually or in the aggregate, materially adversely affect our tenants' or other obligated third parties' liquidity, financial condition or results of operations and their ability to satisfy their respective obligations to us, which, in turn, could have a Material Adverse Effect on us.

***Proceedings Arising in Connection with Senior Living and MOB Operations; Other Litigation***

From time to time, we are party to various legal actions, regulatory investigations and claims (some of which may not be insured) arising in connection with our senior living and MOB operations or otherwise in the course of our business. In limited circumstances, the manager of the applicable seniors housing community or MOB may be contractually obligated to indemnify, defend and hold us harmless against such actions, investigations and claims. It is the opinion of management that, except as otherwise set forth in this Note 11, the disposition of any such actions, investigations and claims that are currently pending will not, individually or in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect on us. However, regardless of their merits, these matters may force us to expend significant financial resources. We are unable to predict the ultimate outcome of these actions, investigations and claims, and if management's assessment of our liability with respect thereto is incorrect, such actions, investigations and claims could have a Material Adverse Effect on us.

**NOTE 12 INCOME TAXES**

We have elected to be taxed as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), commencing with the year ended December 31, 1999. We have also elected for certain of our subsidiaries to be treated as taxable REIT subsidiaries ("TRS" or "TRS entities"), which are subject to federal and state income taxes. All entities other than the TRS entities are collectively referred to as "the REIT" within this Note 12.

Although the TRS entities were not liable for any cash federal income taxes for the six months ended June 30, 2012, their federal income tax liabilities may increase in future periods as we exhaust



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**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**NOTE 12 INCOME TAXES (Continued)**

net operating loss carryforwards and as our senior living operations and MOB operations reportable business segments grow. Such increases could be significant.

Our consolidated provision for income taxes for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 was a benefit of \$5.2 million and \$6.1 million, respectively. Our consolidated provision for income taxes for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 was an expense of \$6.2 million and a benefit of \$9.3 million, respectively. The income tax expense for the six months ended June 30, 2012 is primarily due to a valuation allowance recorded against certain deferred tax assets. We have determined that these future tax benefits are not more likely than not to be realized. The income tax benefit for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was primarily due to the benefit realized from the loss on extinguishment of debt in the first quarter of 2011 and the ASLG acquisition.

Realization of a deferred tax benefit related to net operating losses is dependent in part upon generating sufficient taxable income in future periods. Our net operating loss carryforwards begin to expire in 2024 with respect to our TRS entities and in 2016 for the REIT.

Each TRS is a tax paying component for purposes of classifying deferred tax assets and liabilities. Net deferred tax liabilities with respect to our TRS entities totaled \$269.1 million and \$258.7 million as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, and related primarily to differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of fixed and intangible assets and to net operating losses. These amounts include the initial net deferred tax liability related to the ASLG acquisition of \$43.5 million and adjustments for activity during the periods from May 12, 2011 (the acquisition date) through June 30, 2012 and from May 12, 2011 through December 31, 2011, respectively.

Generally, we are subject to audit under the statute of limitations by the Internal Revenue Service for the year ended December 31, 2008 and subsequent years and are subject to audit by state taxing authorities for the year ended December 31, 2007 and subsequent years. We are also subject to audit by the Canada Revenue Agency and provincial authorities generally for periods subsequent to 2006 related to our Canadian entities.

**NOTE 13 STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY**

In June 2012, we completed the sale of 5,980,000 shares of our common stock in an underwritten public offering pursuant to our existing shelf registration statement. We received \$342.5 million in aggregate proceeds from the sale, which we used to repay indebtedness outstanding under our unsecured revolving credit facility and for working capital and other general corporate purposes.

Table of Contents**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 13 STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)***Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income*

The following is a summary of our accumulated other comprehensive income as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011:

	As of June 30, 2012	As of December 31, 2011
	(In thousands)	
Foreign currency translation	\$ 21,408	\$ 21,066
Unrealized gain on marketable debt securities	1,392	2,103
Other	(1,396)	(1,107)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	\$ 21,404	\$ 22,062

Table of Contents**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 14 EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE**

The following table shows the amounts used in computing our basic and diluted earnings per common share:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
(In thousands, except per share amounts)				
<b>Numerator for basic and diluted earnings per share:</b>				
Income from continuing operations attributable to common stockholders	\$ 42,543	\$ 18,486	\$ 90,445	\$ 66,457
Discontinued operations	31,482	1,190	74,206	2,203
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 74,025	\$ 19,676	\$ 164,651	\$ 68,660
<b>Denominator:</b>				
Denominator for basic earnings per share weighted average shares	290,170	176,262	289,281	168,369
<b>Effect of dilutive securities:</b>				
Stock options	499	487	506	483
Restricted stock awards	72	66	68	67
OP units	1,851		1,856	
Convertible notes		1,130		1,094
Denominator for diluted earnings per share adjusted weighted average shares	292,592	177,945	291,711	170,013
<b>Basic earnings per share:</b>				
Income from continuing operations attributable to common stockholders	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.40
Discontinued operations	0.11	0.01	0.26	0.01
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.57	\$ 0.41
<b>Diluted earnings per share:</b>				
Income from continuing operations attributable to common stockholders	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.39
Discontinued operations	0.11	0.01	0.25	0.01
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.56	\$ 0.40

**NOTE 15 SEGMENT INFORMATION**

As of June 30, 2012, we operated through three reportable business segments: triple-net leased properties, senior living operations and MOB operations. Our triple-net leased properties segment consists of acquiring and owning seniors housing and healthcare properties in the United States and leasing those properties to healthcare operating companies under "triple-net" or "absolute-net" leases that obligate the tenants to pay all property-related expenses. Our senior living operations segment consists of investments in seniors housing communities located in the United States and Canada for which we engage independent third parties, such as Atria and Sunrise, to manage the operations. Our MOB operations segment primarily consists of acquiring, owning, developing, leasing and managing MOBs. Information provided for "all other" includes revenues such as income from loans and

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**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**NOTE 15 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)**

investments and other miscellaneous income and various corporate-level expenses not directly attributable to our three reportable business segments. Assets included in "all other" consist primarily of corporate assets, including cash, restricted cash, deferred financing costs, loans receivable and miscellaneous accounts receivable.

We evaluate performance of the combined properties in each reportable business segment based on segment profit, which we define as NOI adjusted for gain/loss from unconsolidated entities. We define NOI as total revenues, less interest and other income, property-level operating expenses and medical office building services costs. We believe that net income, as defined by GAAP, is the most appropriate earnings measurement. However, we believe that segment profit serves as a useful supplement to net income because it allows investors, analysts and our management to measure unlevered property-level operating results and to compare our operating results to the operating results of other real estate companies and between periods on a consistent basis. Segment profit should not be considered as an alternative to net income (determined in accordance with GAAP) as an indicator of our financial performance. In order to facilitate a clear understanding of our consolidated historical operating results, segment profit should be examined in conjunction with net income as presented in our Consolidated Financial Statements and other financial data included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Interest expense, depreciation and amortization, general, administrative and professional fees, income tax expense, discontinued operations and other non-property specific revenues and expenses are not allocated to individual reportable business segments for purposes of assessing segment performance. There are no intersegment sales or transfers.

Table of Contents**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 15 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)**

Summary information by reportable business segment is as follows:

For the three months ended June 30, 2012:

	<b>Triple-Net Leased Properties</b>	<b>Senior Living Operations</b>	<b>MOB Operations</b>	<b>All Other</b>	<b>Total</b>
	(In thousands)				
<b>Revenues:</b>					
Rental income	\$ 207,898	\$	\$ 89,674	\$	\$ 297,572
Resident fees and services		304,020			304,020
Medical office building and other services revenue	1,110		5,529		6,639
Income from loans and investments				8,152	8,152
Interest and other income				65	65
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>\$ 209,008</b>	<b>\$ 304,020</b>	<b>\$ 95,203</b>	<b>\$ 8,217</b>	<b>\$ 616,448</b>
Total revenues	\$ 209,008	\$ 304,020	\$ 95,203	\$ 8,217	\$ 616,448
<b>Less:</b>					
Interest and other income				65	65
Property-level operating expenses		207,548	29,846		237,394
Medical office building services costs			3,839		3,839
<b>Segment NOI</b>	<b>209,008</b>	<b>96,472</b>	<b>61,518</b>	<b>8,152</b>	<b>375,150</b>
Income from unconsolidated entities	454		60		514
<b>Segment profit</b>	<b>\$ 209,462</b>	<b>\$ 96,472</b>	<b>\$ 61,578</b>	<b>\$ 8,152</b>	<b>375,664</b>
Interest and other income					65
Interest expense					(74,428)
Depreciation and amortization					(189,349)
General, administrative and professional fees					(26,710)
Loss on extinguishment of debt					(9,989)
Merger-related expenses and deal costs					(36,668)
Other					(1,510)
Income tax benefit					5,179
Discontinued operations					31,482
<b>Net income</b>					<b>\$ 73,736</b>

Table of Contents**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 15 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)**

For the three months ended June 30, 2011:

	Triple-Net Leased Properties	Senior Living Operations	MOB Operations	All Other	Total
	(In thousands)				
<b>Revenues:</b>					
Rental income	\$ 116,150	\$	\$ 23,758	\$	\$ 139,908
Resident fees and services		201,307			201,307
Medical office building and other services revenue			9,822		9,822
Income from loans and investments				8,391	8,391
Interest and other income				78	78
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>\$ 116,150</b>	<b>\$ 201,307</b>	<b>\$ 33,580</b>	<b>\$ 8,469</b>	<b>\$ 359,506</b>
Total revenues	\$ 116,150	\$ 201,307	\$ 33,580	\$ 8,469	\$ 359,506
<b>Less:</b>					
Interest and other income				78	78
Property-level operating expenses		135,894	8,278		144,172
Medical office building services costs			7,954		7,954
<b>Segment NOI</b>	<b>116,150</b>	<b>65,413</b>	<b>17,348</b>	<b>8,391</b>	<b>207,302</b>
Loss from unconsolidated entities			(83)		(83)
<b>Segment profit</b>	<b>\$ 116,150</b>	<b>\$ 65,413</b>	<b>\$ 17,265</b>	<b>\$ 8,391</b>	<b>207,219</b>
Interest and other income					78
Interest expense					(52,043)
Depreciation and amortization					(79,509)
General, administrative and professional fees					(15,554)
Loss on extinguishment of debt					(6)
Merger-related expenses and deal costs					(55,807)
Other					8,056
Income tax benefit					6,110
Discontinued operations					1,190
<b>Net income</b>					<b>\$ 19,734</b>

Table of Contents**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 15 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)**

For the six months ended June 30, 2012:

	Triple-Net Leased Properties	Senior Living Operations	MOB Operations	All Other	Total
	(In thousands)				
<b>Revenues:</b>					
Rental income	\$ 415,026	\$	\$ 154,183	\$	\$ 569,209
Resident fees and services		589,815			589,815
Medical office building and other services revenue	2,219		10,028		12,247
Income from loans and investments				16,188	16,188
Interest and other income				112	112
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>\$ 417,245</b>	<b>\$ 589,815</b>	<b>\$ 164,211</b>	<b>\$ 16,300</b>	<b>\$ 1,187,571</b>
Total revenues	\$ 417,245	\$ 589,815	\$ 164,211	\$ 16,300	\$ 1,187,571
<b>Less:</b>					
Interest and other income				112	112
Property-level operating expenses		403,214	50,744		453,958
Medical office building services costs			6,827		6,827
<b>Segment NOI</b>	<b>417,245</b>	<b>186,601</b>	<b>106,640</b>	<b>16,188</b>	<b>726,674</b>
Income from unconsolidated entities	720		111		831
<b>Segment profit</b>	<b>\$ 417,965</b>	<b>\$ 186,601</b>	<b>\$ 106,751</b>	<b>\$ 16,188</b>	<b>727,505</b>
Interest and other income					112
Interest expense					(144,056)
Depreciation and amortization					(351,605)
General, administrative and professional fees					(48,907)
Loss on extinguishment of debt					(39,533)
Merger-related expenses and deal costs					(44,649)
Other					(3,086)
Income tax expense					(6,159)
Discontinued operations					74,206
<b>Net income</b>					<b>\$ 163,828</b>

Table of Contents**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 15 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)**

For the six months ended June 30, 2011:

	Triple-Net Leased Properties	Senior Living Operations	MOB Operations	All Other	Total
(In thousands)					
<b>Revenues:</b>					
Rental income	\$ 230,771	\$	\$ 47,994	\$	\$ 278,765
Resident fees and services		315,809			315,809
Medical office building and other services revenue			16,779		16,779
Income from loans and investments				14,476	14,476
Interest and other income				156	156
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>\$ 230,771</b>	<b>\$ 315,809</b>	<b>\$ 64,773</b>	<b>\$ 14,632</b>	<b>\$ 625,985</b>
Total revenues	\$ 230,771	\$ 315,809	\$ 64,773	\$ 14,632	\$ 625,985
<b>Less:</b>					
Interest and other income				156	156
Property-level operating expenses		214,005	16,954		230,959
Medical office building services costs			13,490		13,490
<b>Segment NOI</b>	<b>230,771</b>	<b>101,804</b>	<b>34,329</b>	<b>14,476</b>	<b>381,380</b>
Loss from unconsolidated entities			(253)		(253)
<b>Segment profit</b>	<b>\$ 230,771</b>	<b>\$ 101,804</b>	<b>\$ 34,076</b>	<b>\$ 14,476</b>	<b>381,127</b>
Interest and other income					156
Interest expense					(92,830)
Depreciation and amortization					(130,070)
General, administrative and professional fees					(30,386)
Loss on extinguishment of debt					(16,526)
Merger-related expenses and deal costs					(62,256)
Other					8,055
Income tax benefit					9,307
Discontinued operations					2,203
<b>Net income</b>					<b>\$ 68,780</b>



Table of Contents**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 15 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)**

Capital expenditures, including investments in real estate property and development project expenditures, by reportable business segment are as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
(In thousands)				
Capital expenditures:				
Triple-net leased properties	\$ 9,017	\$ 648	\$ 13,880	\$ 1,227
Senior living operations	331,665	273,639	348,831	275,604
MOB operations	601,302	1,450	621,066	6,869
Total capital expenditures	\$ 941,984	\$ 275,737	\$ 983,777	\$ 283,700

Our portfolio of properties and mortgage loan and other investments are located in the United States and Canada. Revenues are attributed to an individual country based on the location of each property.

Geographic information regarding our operations is as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
(In thousands)				
Revenues:				
United States	\$ 592,819	\$ 336,411	\$ 1,140,341	\$ 580,371
Canada	23,629	23,095	47,230	45,613
Total revenues	\$ 616,448	\$ 359,506	\$ 1,187,571	\$ 625,985

	As of June 30, 2012	As of December 31, 2011
	(In thousands)	
Net real estate property:		
United States	\$ 16,325,712	\$ 15,510,824
Canada	398,241	402,908
Total net real estate property	\$ 16,723,953	\$ 15,913,732

**NOTE 16 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING INFORMATION (Unaudited)**

We have fully and unconditionally guaranteed the obligation to pay principal and interest with respect to the senior notes of our wholly owned subsidiaries, Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership ("Ventas Realty") and Ventas Capital Corporation (collectively, the "Ventas Issuers"). Ventas Capital Corporation is a direct subsidiary of Ventas Realty that was formed in 2002 to facilitate offerings of the senior notes and has no assets or operations. None of our other subsidiaries (excluding the Ventas Issuers, the "Ventas Subsidiaries") is obligated with respect to the Ventas Issuers' outstanding senior notes.

Table of Contents**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 16 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING INFORMATION (Unaudited) (Continued)**

In connection with the NHP acquisition, our wholly owned subsidiary, NHP LLC, assumed the obligation to pay principal and interest with respect to the 8<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>% senior notes due 2012, the 6.25% senior notes due 2013, the 6.00% senior notes due 2015, the 6.90% senior notes due 2037 and the 6.59% senior notes due 2038 of NHP. We, the Ventas Issuers and the Ventas Subsidiaries (other than NHP LLC) are not obligated with respect to any of NHP LLC's outstanding senior notes.

Contractual and legal restrictions, including those contained in the instruments governing our subsidiaries' outstanding mortgage indebtedness, may under certain circumstances restrict our ability to obtain cash from our subsidiaries for the purpose of meeting our debt service obligations, including our guarantee of the payment of principal and interest on the Ventas Issuers' senior notes. Certain of our real estate assets are also subject to mortgages.

The following summarizes our condensed consolidating information as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011 and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011:

**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET**  
**As of June 30, 2012**

	Ventas, Inc.	Ventas Issuers	Ventas Subsidiaries	Consolidated Elimination	Consolidated
	(In thousands)				
<b>Assets</b>					
Net real estate investments	\$ 7,918	\$ 428,933	\$ 16,604,931	\$	\$ 17,041,782
Cash and cash equivalents	2,717		50,086		52,803
Escrow deposits and restricted cash	40,867	4,547	69,469		114,883
Deferred financing costs, net	757	18,558	6,435		25,750
Investment in and advances to affiliates	9,498,718	1,867,145		(11,365,863)	
Other assets	67,212	4,541	915,290		987,043
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 9,618,189</b>	<b>\$ 2,323,724</b>	<b>\$ 17,646,211</b>	<b>\$ (11,365,863)</b>	<b>\$ 18,222,261</b>
<b>Liabilities and equity</b>					
<b>Liabilities:</b>					
Senior notes payable and other debt	\$	\$ 3,212,867	\$ 3,991,860	\$	\$ 7,204,727
Intercompany loans	2,209,248	(2,629,189)	419,941		
Accrued interest		21,099	26,743		47,842
Accounts payable and other liabilities	82,251	6,131	971,003		1,059,385
Deferred income taxes	271,066				271,066
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>2,562,565</b>	<b>610,908</b>	<b>5,409,547</b>		<b>8,583,020</b>
Redeemable OP unitholder interests			116,635		116,635
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>7,055,624</b>	<b>1,712,816</b>	<b>12,120,029</b>	<b>(11,365,863)</b>	<b>9,522,606</b>
<b>Total liabilities and equity</b>	<b>\$ 9,618,189</b>	<b>\$ 2,323,724</b>	<b>\$ 17,646,211</b>	<b>\$ (11,365,863)</b>	<b>\$ 18,222,261</b>

Table of Contents**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 16 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING INFORMATION (Unaudited) (Continued)****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET  
As of December 31, 2011**

	Ventas, Inc.	Ventas Issuers	Ventas Subsidiaries	Consolidated Elimination	Consolidated
	(In thousands)				
<b>Assets</b>					
Net real estate investments	\$ 309	\$ 519,042	\$ 15,712,261	\$	\$ 16,231,612
Cash and cash equivalents	2,335		43,472		45,807
Escrow deposits and restricted cash	1,971	7,513	67,106		76,590
Deferred financing costs, net	757	19,239	6,673		26,669
Investment in and advances to affiliates	8,612,893	1,728,635		(10,341,528)	
Other assets	54,415	47,063	789,754		891,232
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 8,672,680</b>	<b>\$ 2,321,492</b>	<b>\$ 16,619,266</b>	<b>\$ (10,341,528)</b>	<b>\$ 17,271,910</b>
<b>Liabilities and equity</b>					
<b>Liabilities:</b>					
Senior notes payable and other debt	\$	\$ 2,593,176	\$ 3,835,940	\$	\$ 6,429,116
Intercompany loans	(68,408)	(655,914)	724,322		
Accrued interest		12,561	25,133		37,694
Accounts payable and other liabilities	86,101	18,162	981,334		1,085,597
Deferred income taxes	260,722				260,722
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>278,415</b>	<b>1,967,985</b>	<b>5,566,729</b>		<b>7,813,129</b>
Redeemable OP unitholder interests			102,837		102,837
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>8,394,265</b>	<b>353,507</b>	<b>10,949,700</b>	<b>(10,341,528)</b>	<b>9,355,944</b>
<b>Total liabilities and equity</b>	<b>\$ 8,672,680</b>	<b>\$ 2,321,492</b>	<b>\$ 16,619,266</b>	<b>\$ (10,341,528)</b>	<b>\$ 17,271,910</b>

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## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## NOTE 16 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING INFORMATION (Unaudited) (Continued)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF INCOME  
For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2012

	Ventas, Inc.	Ventas Issuers	Ventas Subsidiaries	Consolidated Elimination	Consolidated
	(In thousands)				
<b>Revenues:</b>					
Rental income	\$ 634	\$ 69,872	\$ 227,066	\$	\$ 297,572
Resident fees and services			304,020		304,020
Medical office building and other services revenues			6,639		6,639
Income from loans and investments	951	560	6,641		8,152
Equity earnings in affiliates	51,602		172	(51,774)	
Interest and other income	56	5	4		65
Total revenues	53,243	70,437	544,542	(51,774)	616,448
<b>Expenses:</b>					
Interest	(1,513)	23,932	52,009		74,428
Depreciation and amortization	810	13,228	175,311		189,349
Property-level operating expenses		118	237,276		237,394
Medical office building services costs			3,839		3,839
General, administrative and professional fees	2,907	7,114	16,689		26,710
Loss on extinguishment of debt		9,989			9,989
Merger-related expenses and deal costs	28,689		7,979		36,668
Other	(36)		1,546		1,510
Total expenses	30,857	54,381	494,649		579,887
Income from continuing operations before income from unconsolidated entities, income taxes and noncontrolling interest	22,386	16,056	49,893	(51,774)	36,561
Income from unconsolidated entities		514			514
Income tax benefit	5,179				5,179
Income from continuing operations	27,565	16,570	49,893	(51,774)	42,254
Discontinued operations	46,460	584	(15,562)		31,482
Net income	74,025	17,154	34,331	(51,774)	73,736
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest			(289)		(289)
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 74,025	\$ 17,154	\$ 34,620	\$ (51,774)	\$ 74,025

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## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## NOTE 16 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING INFORMATION (Unaudited) (Continued)

**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF INCOME**  
**For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2011**

	Ventas, Inc.	Ventas Issuers	Ventas Subsidiaries	Consolidated Elimination	Consolidated
	(In thousands)				
<b>Revenues:</b>					
Rental income	\$ 618	\$ 67,759	\$ 71,531	\$	\$ 139,908
Resident fees and services			201,307		201,307
Medical office building and other services revenues			9,822		9,822
Income from loans and investments	930	7,030	431		8,391
Equity earnings in affiliates	61,140		426	(61,566)	
Interest and other income	39	21	18		78
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>62,727</b>	<b>74,810</b>	<b>283,535</b>	<b>(61,566)</b>	<b>359,506</b>
<b>Expenses:</b>					
Interest	(678)	15,861	36,860		52,043
Depreciation and amortization	414	7,992	71,103		79,509
Property-level operating expenses		155	144,017		144,172
Medical office building services costs			7,954		7,954
General, administrative and professional fees	(6,001)	9,058	12,497		15,554
Loss on extinguishment of debt			6		6
Merger-related expenses and deal costs	55,386		421		55,807
Other	40		(8,096)		(8,056)
<b>Total expenses</b>	<b>49,161</b>	<b>33,066</b>	<b>264,762</b>		<b>346,989</b>
Income from continuing operations before loss from unconsolidated entities, income taxes and noncontrolling interest	13,566	41,744	18,773	(61,566)	12,517
Loss from unconsolidated entities		(83)			(83)
Income tax benefit	6,110				6,110
<b>Income from continuing operations</b>	<b>19,676</b>	<b>41,661</b>	<b>18,773</b>	<b>(61,566)</b>	<b>18,544</b>
Discontinued operations		911	279		1,190
<b>Net income</b>	<b>19,676</b>	<b>42,572</b>	<b>19,052</b>	<b>(61,566)</b>	<b>19,734</b>
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest			58		58
<b>Net income attributable to common stockholders</b>	<b>\$ 19,676</b>	<b>\$ 42,572</b>	<b>\$ 18,994</b>	<b>\$ (61,566)</b>	<b>\$ 19,676</b>

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## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## NOTE 16 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING INFORMATION (Unaudited) (Continued)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF INCOME  
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2012

	Ventas, Inc.	Ventas Issuers	Ventas Subsidiaries	Consolidated Elimination	Consolidated
	(In thousands)				
<b>Revenues:</b>					
Rental income	\$ 1,258	\$ 138,225	\$ 429,726	\$	\$ 569,209
Resident fees and services			589,815		589,815
Medical office building and other services revenues			12,247		12,247
Income from loans and investments	1,890	1,029	13,269		16,188
Equity earnings in affiliates	112,778		219	(112,997)	
Interest and other income	85	10	17		112
Total revenues	116,011	139,264	1,045,293	(112,997)	1,187,571
<b>Expenses:</b>					
Interest	(2,236)	45,169	101,123		144,056
Depreciation and amortization	1,518	20,949	329,138		351,605
Property-level operating expenses		241	453,717		453,958
Medical office building services costs			6,827		6,827
General, administrative and professional fees	3,810	14,112	30,985		48,907
Loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt		39,720	(187)		39,533
Merger-related expenses and deal costs	30,053		14,596		44,649
Other	1		3,085		3,086
Total expenses	33,146	120,191	939,284		1,092,621
Income from continuing operations before income from unconsolidated entities, income taxes and noncontrolling interest	82,865	19,073	106,009	(112,997)	94,950
Income from unconsolidated entities		831			831
Income tax expense	(6,159)				(6,159)
Income from continuing operations	76,706	19,904	106,009	(112,997)	89,622
Discontinued operations	87,945	1,985	(15,724)		74,206
Net income	164,651	21,889	90,285	(112,997)	163,828
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest			(823)		(823)
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 164,651	\$ 21,889	\$ 91,108	\$ (112,997)	\$ 164,651

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## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## NOTE 16 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING INFORMATION (Unaudited) (Continued)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF INCOME  
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2011

	Ventas, Inc.	Ventas Issuers	Ventas Subsidiaries	Consolidated Elimination	Consolidated
	(In thousands)				
<b>Revenues:</b>					
Rental income	\$ 1,225	\$ 134,412	\$ 143,128	\$	\$ 278,765
Resident fees and services			315,809		315,809
Medical office building and other services revenues			16,779		16,779
Income from loans and investments	3,945	8,463	2,068		14,476
Equity earnings in affiliates	108,255		844	(109,099)	
Interest and other income	90	42	24		156
Total revenues	113,515	142,917	478,652	(109,099)	625,985
<b>Expenses:</b>					
Interest	(866)	28,323	65,373		92,830
Depreciation and amortization	834	15,994	113,242		130,070
Property-level operating expenses		299	230,660		230,959
Medical office building services costs			13,490		13,490
General, administrative and professional fees	(7,035)	15,198	22,223		30,386
Loss on extinguishment of debt			16,526		16,526
Merger-related expenses and deal costs	61,199		1,057		62,256
Other	30		(8,085)		(8,055)
Total expenses	54,162	59,814	454,486		568,462
Income from continuing operations before loss from unconsolidated entities, income taxes and noncontrolling interest	59,353	83,103	24,166	(109,099)	57,523
Loss from unconsolidated entities		(253)			(253)
Income tax benefit	9,307				9,307
Income from continuing operations	68,660	82,850	24,166	(109,099)	66,577
Discontinued operations		1,531	672		2,203
Net income	68,660	84,381	24,838	(109,099)	68,780
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest			120		120
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 68,660	\$ 84,381	\$ 24,718	\$ (109,099)	\$ 68,660

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## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## NOTE 16 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING INFORMATION (Unaudited) (Continued)

**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
**For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2012**

	Ventas, Inc.	Ventas Issuers	Ventas Subsidiaries	Consolidated Elimination	Consolidated
	(In thousands)				
Net income	\$ 74,025	\$ 17,154	\$ 34,331	\$ (51,774)	\$ 73,736
Other comprehensive loss:					
Foreign currency translation			(1,607)		(1,607)
Change in unrealized gain on marketable debt securities	(403)				(403)
Other			(512)		(512)
Total other comprehensive loss	(403)		(2,119)		(2,522)
Comprehensive income	73,622	17,154	32,212	(51,774)	71,214
Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interest			(289)		(289)
Comprehensive income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 73,622	\$ 17,154	\$ 32,501	\$ (51,774)	\$ 71,503

**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
**For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2011**

	Ventas, Inc.	Ventas Issuers	Ventas Subsidiaries	Consolidated Elimination	Consolidated
	(In thousands)				
Net income	\$ 19,676	\$ 42,572	\$ 19,052	\$ (61,566)	\$ 19,734
Other comprehensive income (loss):					
Foreign currency translation			560		560
Change in unrealized gain on marketable debt securities	(422)				(422)
Other			(23)		(23)
Total other comprehensive (loss) income	(422)		537		115
Comprehensive income	19,254	42,572	19,589	(61,566)	19,849
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest			58		58
Comprehensive income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 19,254	\$ 42,572	\$ 19,531	\$ (61,566)	\$ 19,791



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## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## NOTE 16 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING INFORMATION (Unaudited) (Continued)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2012

	Ventas, Inc.	Ventas Issuers	Ventas Subsidiaries	Consolidated Elimination	Consolidated
	(In thousands)				
Net income	\$ 164,651	\$ 21,889	\$ 90,285	\$ (112,997)	\$ 163,828
Other comprehensive income (loss):					
Foreign currency translation			342		342
Change in unrealized gain on marketable debt securities	(711)				(711)
Other			(289)		(289)
Total other comprehensive (loss) income	(711)		53		(658)
Comprehensive income	163,940	21,889	90,338	(112,997)	163,170
Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interest			(823)		(823)
Comprehensive income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 163,940	\$ 21,889	\$ 91,161	\$ (112,997)	\$ 163,993

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2011

	Ventas, Inc.	Ventas Issuers	Ventas Subsidiaries	Consolidated Elimination	Consolidated
	(In thousands)				
Net income	\$ 68,660	\$ 84,381	\$ 24,838	\$ (109,099)	\$ 68,780
Other comprehensive income (loss):					
Foreign currency translation			3,059		3,059
Change in unrealized gain on marketable debt securities	(1,679)				(1,679)
Other			(36)		(36)
Total other comprehensive (loss) income	(1,679)		3,023		1,344
Comprehensive income	66,981	84,381	27,861	(109,099)	70,124
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest			120		120
Comprehensive income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 66,981	\$ 84,381	\$ 27,741	\$ (109,099)	\$ 70,004

Table of Contents**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 16 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING INFORMATION (Unaudited) (Continued)****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2012**

	Ventas, Inc.	Ventas Issuers	Ventas Subsidiaries	Consolidated Elimination	Consolidated
	(In thousands)				
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$ (19,090)	\$ 103,802	\$ 376,096	\$	\$ 460,808
Net cash used in investing activities	(906,694)	(17)	(68,340)		(975,051)
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Net change in borrowings under revolving credit facility		(84,500)	(4,154)		(88,654)
Proceeds from debt		1,184,568	84,747		1,269,315
Repayment of debt		(521,527)	(124,195)		(645,722)
Net change in intercompany debt	935,981	(588,599)	(347,382)		
Payment of deferred financing costs		(2,600)	(380)		(2,980)
Issuance of common stock, net	342,469				342,469
Cash distribution (to) from affiliates	(1,984)	(91,145)	93,129		
Cash distribution to common stockholders	(361,957)				(361,957)
Cash distribution to redeemable OP unitholders	(2,241)				(2,241)
Purchases of redeemable OP units	(611)				(611)
Distributions to noncontrolling interest			(2,907)		(2,907)
Other	14,509				14,509
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	926,166	(103,803)	(301,142)		521,221
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	382	(18)	6,614		6,978
Effect of foreign currency translation on cash and cash equivalents		18			18
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	2,335		43,472		45,807
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 2,717	\$	\$ 50,086	\$	\$ 52,803

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## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## NOTE 16 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING INFORMATION (Unaudited) (Continued)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2011

	Ventas, Inc.	Ventas Issuers	Ventas Subsidiaries	Consolidated Elimination	Consolidated
	(In thousands)				
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$ (56,351)	\$ 107,843	\$ 134,808	\$	\$ 186,300
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(322,302)	(500,879)	78,575		(744,606)
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Net change in borrowings under revolving credit facilities		99,500			99,500
Proceeds from debt		689,374	14,737		704,111
Repayment of debt			(337,427)		(337,427)
Net change in intercompany debt	188,002	(407,836)	219,834		
Payment of deferred financing costs		(985)	(378)		(1,363)
Issuance of common stock, net	299,926				299,926
Cash distribution from (to) affiliates	7,932	12,882	(20,814)		
Cash distribution to common stockholders	(201,949)				(201,949)
Distributions to noncontrolling interest			(616)		(616)
Other	913				913
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	294,824	392,935	(124,664)		563,095
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(83,829)	(101)	88,719		4,789
Effect of foreign currency translation on cash and cash equivalents		101			101
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,083		20,729		21,812
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ (82,746)	\$	\$ 109,448	\$	\$ 26,702

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**ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

**Cautionary Statements**

Unless otherwise indicated or except where the context otherwise requires, the terms "we," "us" and "our" and other similar terms in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q refer to Ventas, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

***Forward-Looking Statements***

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). All statements regarding our or our tenants', operators', managers' or borrowers' expected future financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, funds from operations, dividends and dividend plans, financing opportunities and plans, capital markets transactions, business strategy, budgets, projected costs, operating metrics, capital expenditures, competitive positions, acquisitions, investment opportunities, dispositions, merger integration, growth opportunities, expected lease income, continued qualification as a real estate investment trust ("REIT"), plans and objectives of management for future operations and statements that include words such as "anticipate," "if," "believe," "plan," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "could," "should," "will" and other similar expressions are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are inherently uncertain, and actual results may differ from our expectations. We do not undertake a duty to update these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date on which they are made.

Our actual future results and trends may differ materially from expectations depending on a variety of factors discussed in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). These factors include without limitation:

The ability and willingness of our tenants, operators, borrowers, managers and other third parties to satisfy their obligations under their respective contractual arrangements with us, including, in some cases, their obligations to indemnify, defend and hold us harmless from and against various claims, litigation and liabilities;

The ability of our tenants, operators, borrowers and managers to maintain the financial strength and liquidity necessary to satisfy their respective obligations and liabilities to third parties, including without limitation obligations under their existing credit facilities and other indebtedness;

Our success in implementing our business strategy and our ability to identify, underwrite, finance, consummate and integrate diversifying acquisitions and investments, including our recent acquisition of Cogdell Spencer Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, "Cogdell") and investments in different asset types and outside the United States;

Macroeconomic conditions such as a disruption of or lack of access to the capital markets, changes in the debt rating on U.S. government securities, default or delay in payment by the United States of its obligations, and changes in the federal budget resulting in the reduction or nonpayment of Medicare or Medicaid reimbursement rates;

The nature and extent of future competition;

The extent of future or pending healthcare reform and regulation, including cost containment measures and changes in reimbursement policies, procedures and rates;

Increases in our borrowing costs as a result of changes in interest rates and other factors;

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The ability of our operators and managers, as applicable, to comply with laws, rules and regulations in the operation of our properties, to deliver high quality services, to attract and retain qualified personnel and to attract residents and patients;

Changes in general economic conditions or economic conditions in the markets in which we may, from time to time, compete, and the effect of those changes on our revenues, earnings and funding sources;

Our ability to pay down, refinance, restructure or extend our indebtedness as it becomes due;

Our ability and willingness to maintain our qualification as a REIT in light of economic, market, legal, tax and other considerations;

Final determination of our taxable net income for the year ended December 31, 2011 and for the year ending December 31, 2012;

The ability and willingness of our tenants to renew their leases with us upon expiration of the leases, our ability to reposition our properties on the same or better terms in the event of nonrenewal or in the event we exercise our right to replace an existing tenant, and obligations, including indemnification obligations, we may incur in connection with the replacement of an existing tenant;

Risks associated with our senior living operating portfolio, such as factors that can cause volatility in our operating income and earnings generated by those properties, including without limitation national and regional economic conditions, costs of food, materials, energy, labor and services, employee benefit costs, insurance costs and professional and general liability claims, and the timely delivery of accurate property-level financial results for those properties;

Changes in U.S. and Canadian currency exchange rates;

Year-over-year changes in the Consumer Price Index and the effect of those changes on the rent escalators contained in our leases, including the rent escalator for Master Lease 2 with Kindred Healthcare, Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, "Kindred"), and our earnings;

Our ability and the ability of our tenants, operators, borrowers and managers to obtain and maintain adequate property, liability and other insurance from reputable, financially stable providers;

The impact of increased operating costs and uninsured professional liability claims on the liquidity, financial condition and results of operations of our tenants, operators, borrowers and managers and the ability of our tenants, operators, borrowers and managers to accurately estimate the magnitude of those claims;

Risks associated with our medical office building ("MOB") portfolio and operations, including our ability to successfully design, develop and manage MOBs, to accurately estimate our costs in fixed fee-for-service projects and to retain key personnel;

The ability of the hospitals on or near whose campuses our MOBs are located and their affiliated health systems to remain competitive and financially viable and to attract physicians and physician groups;

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Our ability to build, maintain and expand our relationships with existing and prospective hospital and health system clients;

Risks associated with our investments in joint ventures and unconsolidated entities, including our lack of sole decision-making authority and our reliance on our joint venture partners' financial condition;

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The impact of market or issuer events on the liquidity or value of our investments in marketable securities; and

The impact of litigation or any financial, accounting, legal or regulatory issues that may affect us or our tenants, operators, borrowers or managers.

Many of these factors are beyond our control and the control of our management.

***Kindred, Brookdale Senior Living, Sunrise and Atria Information***

Each of Kindred, Brookdale Senior Living Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, "Brookdale Senior Living") and Sunrise Senior Living, Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, "Sunrise") is subject to the reporting requirements of the SEC and is required to file with the SEC annual reports containing audited financial information and quarterly reports containing unaudited financial information. The information related to Kindred, Brookdale Senior Living and Sunrise contained or referred to in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q is derived from SEC filings made by Kindred, Brookdale Senior Living or Sunrise, as the case may be, or from other publicly available information, or has been provided to us by Kindred, Brookdale Senior Living or Sunrise. We have not verified this information either through an independent investigation or by reviewing Kindred's, Brookdale Senior Living's or Sunrise's public filings. We have no reason to believe that this information is inaccurate in any material respect, but we cannot provide any assurance that all of this information is accurate. Kindred's, Brookdale Senior Living's and Sunrise's filings with the SEC can be found on the SEC's website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). We are providing this data for informational purposes only, and you are encouraged to obtain Kindred's, Brookdale Senior Living's and Sunrise's publicly available filings from the SEC.

Atria Senior Living, Inc. ("Atria") is not subject to the reporting requirements of the SEC. The information related to Atria contained or referred to in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q is derived from publicly available information or has been provided to us by Atria. We have not verified this information through an independent investigation. We have no reason to believe that this information is inaccurate in any material respect, but we cannot provide any assurance that all of this information is accurate.

**Company Overview**

We are a REIT with a geographically diverse portfolio of seniors housing and healthcare properties throughout the United States and Canada. As of June 30, 2012, we owned 1,450 properties located in 46 states, the District of Columbia and two Canadian provinces, consisting of: 679 seniors housing communities; 404 skilled nursing and other facilities; 320 MOB's; and 47 hospitals. We were also in the process of developing eight properties as of June 30, 2012. We are headquartered in Chicago, Illinois and have been a constituent member of the S&P 500® Index, a leading indicator of the large cap U.S. equities market, since 2009.

Our primary business focuses on acquiring and owning seniors housing and healthcare properties and leasing those properties to unaffiliated tenants or operating those properties through independent third-party managers. Through our Lillibridge Healthcare Services, Inc. ("Lillibridge") subsidiary and our ownership interest in PMB Real Estate Services LLC ("PMBRES"), we also provide MOB management, leasing, marketing, facility development and advisory services to highly rated hospitals and health systems throughout the United States. In addition, from time to time, we make mortgage loans and other investments relating to seniors housing and healthcare operators or properties.

As of June 30, 2012, we leased 913 properties (excluding MOB's) to healthcare operating companies under "triple-net" or "absolute-net" leases that obligate the tenants to pay all property-related expenses, including maintenance, utilities, repairs, taxes, insurance and capital expenditures, and we engaged independent third parties, such as Atria and Sunrise, to manage 217 seniors housing

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communities pursuant to long-term management agreements. The Sunrise management agreements have terms ranging from 25 to 30 years, commencing as early as 2004 and as recently as 2012. Management fees, including incentive fees, under the Sunrise management agreements can range from 5% to 7% of revenues generated by the applicable properties and, for the six months ended June 30, 2012, were 6.25% of revenues including incentive fees. Our management agreements with Atria, affecting 119 seniors housing communities during the six months ended June 30, 2012, have terms of ten years commencing as early as 2011, with successive automatic ten-year renewal periods. The management fee under the Atria management agreements is currently 5% of revenues generated by the applicable properties.

Our business strategy focuses on three principal objectives: (1) generating consistent, reliable and growing cash flows; (2) maintaining a well-diversified portfolio; and (3) preserving our financial strength, flexibility and liquidity.

Access to external capital is critical to the success of our business strategy as it impacts our ability to meet our existing commitments, including repaying maturing indebtedness, and to make future investments. Our access to and cost of capital depend on various factors, including general market conditions, interest rates, credit ratings on our securities, investors' perception of our potential future earnings and cash distributions, and the market price of our common stock. Generally, we attempt to match the long-term duration of our investments in seniors housing and healthcare properties with long-term financing through the issuance of shares of our common stock or the incurrence of fixed rate debt. At June 30, 2012, 18.4% of our consolidated debt (excluding debt related to real estate assets classified as held for sale) was variable rate debt.

**Operating Highlights and Key Performance Trends**

***2012 Highlights***

Our Board of Directors declared the first and second quarterly installments of our 2012 dividend in the amount of \$0.62 per share, which represents an 8% increase over our 2011 quarterly dividend. The first quarterly installment of the 2012 dividend was paid on March 29, 2012 to stockholders of record on March 9, 2012. The second quarterly installment of the 2012 dividend was paid on June 29, 2012 to stockholders of record on June 8, 2012.

In February 2012, we issued and sold \$600.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.25% senior notes due 2022 at a public offering price equal to 99.214% of par, for total proceeds of \$595.3 million before the underwriting discount and expenses.

Also in February 2012, we sold nine seniors housing communities for aggregate consideration of \$121.3 million, including a lease termination fee of \$1.8 million, and recognized a gain from the sale of these assets.

In March 2012, we redeemed all \$200.0 million principal amount outstanding of our 6<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>% senior notes due 2016 at a redemption price equal to 103.25% of par, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date, pursuant to the call option contained in the indenture governing the notes. As a result, we paid a total of \$206.5 million, plus accrued and unpaid interest, on the redemption date and recognized a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$29.7 million during the first quarter of 2012.

On April 2, 2012, we acquired Cogdell, including its 71 assets (one of which is still being developed and including properties owned through joint ventures) and its MOB property management business, which has existing agreements with third parties to manage 44 MOBs, in an all-cash transaction. See "Note 4 Acquisitions of Real Estate Property" of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.



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In April 2012, we issued and sold \$600.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.00% senior notes due 2019 at a public offering price equal to 99.489% of par, for total proceeds of \$596.9 million before the underwriting discount and expenses.

In May 2012, we repaid in full, at par, \$82.4 million principal amount then outstanding of our 9% senior notes due 2012 upon maturity.

Also in May 2012, we redeemed all \$225.0 million principal amount outstanding of our 6<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>% senior notes due 2017 at a redemption price equal to 103.375% of par, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date, pursuant to the terms of the indenture governing the notes. As a result, we paid a total of \$232.6 million, plus accrued and unpaid interest, on the redemption date and recognized a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$10.0 million during the second quarter of 2012.

In May 2012, we acquired sixteen seniors housing communities managed by Sunrise for approximately \$362 million in an all-cash transaction.

With respect to the 89 properties whose current lease to Kindred expires on April 30, 2013, Kindred has renewed or entered into a new lease for 35 assets for aggregate annual rent commencing May 1, 2013 of \$75 million, which represents approximately 60% of the total current annual rent of \$126 million for the 89 properties. We are currently marketing for lease to qualified care providers the remaining 54 properties whose lease to Kindred expires on April 30, 2013. Current annual rent for these 54 properties is \$57 million, which we believe approximates market rent. See " Triple-Net Lease Expirations."

In June 2012, we completed the sale of 5,980,000 shares of our common stock in an underwritten public offering pursuant to our existing shelf registration statement and received \$342.5 million in aggregate proceeds from the sale.

In June 2012, we sold thirteen seniors housing communities to the existing tenants for aggregate consideration of \$121.9 million, including a fee of \$3.0 million, and recognized a gain from the sales of these assets.

During the first six months of 2012, in addition to the transactions described above, we invested approximately \$155 million, including the assumption of \$34.8 million in debt, in eight seniors housing communities and one MOB.

In July 2012, we repaid in full, at par, \$73.0 million principal amount then outstanding of NHP LLC's 8<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>% senior notes due 2012, which had an effective interest rate of 1.6%, upon maturity.

***Concentration Risk***

We use concentration ratios to understand and evaluate the potential risks of economic downturns or other adverse events affecting our asset types, geographic locations, business models and tenants, operators and managers. We evaluate our concentration risk in terms of investment mix, which measures the percentage of our investments that is in a specific asset type or that is operated or managed by a particular tenant, operator or manager, and operations mix, which measures the percentage of our operating results that is attributed to a particular tenant or operator, geographic

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location or business model. The following tables reflect our concentration risk as of the dates and for the periods presented:

	As of June 30, 2012	As of December 31, 2011
Investment mix by asset type(1):		
Seniors housing communities	64.0%	66.4%
MOBs	16.9%	13.2%
Skilled nursing facilities	15.4%	16.5%
Hospitals	2.5%	2.6%
Loans receivable, net	1.1%	1.2%
Other properties	0.1%	0.1%
Investment mix by tenant, operator and manager(1):		
Atria	18.2%	19.1%
Sunrise	15.6%	14.5%
Brookdale Senior Living	11.5%	12.7%
Kindred	4.7%	5.0%
All other	50.0%	48.7%

(1)

Ratios are based on the gross book value of real estate investments as of each reporting date.

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	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
<b>Operations mix by tenant and operator and business model:</b>				
<b>Revenues(1):</b>				
Senior living operations(2)	49.1%	55.5%	49.4%	49.9%
Kindred	10.5%	17.4%	10.8%	19.8%
Brookdale Senior Living	6.7%	8.0%	7.0%	9.3%
All others	33.7%	19.1%	32.8%	21.0%
<b>Adjusted EBITDA(3):</b>				
Senior living operations(2)	25.8%	32.0%	25.7%	27.1%
Kindred	16.3%	27.7%	16.6%	30.5%
Brookdale Senior Living	10.8%	12.8%	11.5%	14.3%
All others	47.1%	27.5%	46.2%	28.1%
<b>NOI(4):</b>				
Senior living operations(2)	25.5%	31.1%	25.5%	26.2%
Kindred	17.2%	29.9%	17.6%	32.2%
Brookdale Senior Living	11.0%	13.9%	11.5%	15.1%
All others	46.3%	25.1%	45.4%	26.5%
<b>Operations mix by geographic location(5):</b>				
California	13.8%	13.3%	14.1%	12.5%
New York	9.8%	8.8%	9.9%	6.5%
Texas	5.9%	3.1%	6.0%	2.8%
Illinois	4.9%	7.4%	5.1%	8.5%
Massachusetts	4.7%	5.1%	4.9%	5.0%
All others	60.9%	62.3%	60.0%	64.7%

- (1) Total revenues include medical office building and other services revenue, revenue from loans and investments and interest and other income. Revenues from properties sold or held for sale as of the reporting date are included in this presentation.
- (2) Amounts attributable to senior living operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 include operations related to our Atria-managed assets only for the period from May 12, 2011 (the date of acquisition) through June 30, 2011. Amounts attributable to senior living operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 include operations related to the sixteen seniors housing communities managed by Sunrise that we acquired in May 2012 (the "Sunrise-Managed Sixteen Communities") only for the period from May 1, 2012 (the date of acquisition) through June 30, 2012.
- (3) "Adjusted EBITDA" is defined as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (including non-cash stock-based compensation expense), excluding loss on extinguishment of debt, net litigation proceeds, merger-related expenses and deal costs, gains or losses on sales of real property assets and changes in the fair value of financial instruments (including amounts in discontinued operations).
- (4) "NOI" represents net operating income, which is defined as total revenues, less interest and other income, property-level operating expenses and medical office building services costs (including amounts in discontinued operations).
- (5) Ratios are based on total revenues for each period presented.

See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for additional disclosure and reconciliations of Adjusted EBITDA and NOI to our net income as computed in accordance with GAAP.

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*Triple-Net Lease Expirations*

We are exposed to the risk that, as our triple-net leases expire, our tenants may elect not to renew those leases and, in that event, we may be unable to reposition the applicable properties on a timely basis or on the same or better economic terms, if at all. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, we had no lease renewals or expirations without renewal that materially affected our financial condition or results of operations for those periods.

The 197 properties we lease to Kindred pursuant to our four master lease agreements (the "Kindred Master Leases") are grouped into bundles or renewal groups (each, a "renewal group") containing a varying number of properties. All properties within a single renewal group have the same primary lease term of ten to fifteen years (all commencing May 1, 1998), and each renewal group is subject to three successive five-year renewal terms at Kindred's option, provided certain conditions are satisfied. Kindred's renewal option is "all or nothing" with respect to the properties contained in each renewal group.

Kindred has irrevocably renewed three of ten renewal groups covering a total of 25 properties (out of 89 properties) leased to Kindred pursuant to the Kindred Master Leases whose current lease term will expire on April 30, 2013. The 25 renewed properties collectively represent approximately \$46 million of current annual base rent. In May 2012, we and Kindred entered into a new lease with respect to ten of the remaining 64 properties leased pursuant to the Kindred Master Leases whose current lease term will expire on April 30, 2013. The new lease covers all ten long-term acute care hospitals included in the seven non-renewed renewal groups and has an initial term of ten years, commencing May 1, 2013. Annual rent under the new lease will be \$28 million initially (an increase from the current rent of \$22 million), subject to annual escalations based on changes in the Consumer Price Index and ranging from zero to 4%.

The remaining 54 skilled nursing facilities leased to Kindred pursuant to the Kindred Master Leases whose current lease term will expire on April 30, 2013 (the "Marketed Assets") collectively represent approximately \$57 million of current annual base rent. Kindred is required to continue to perform all of its obligations under the applicable Kindred Master Lease for the Marketed Assets until expiration of the lease term, including without limitation payment of all rental amounts. Moreover, we own or have the rights to all licenses and certificates of need at the properties, and Kindred has extensive and detailed obligations to cooperate and ensure an orderly transition of the properties to another operator. Kindred has agreed to transition some or all of the Marketed Assets early at our request. During the second quarter of 2012, we launched a comprehensive project to re-lease the Marketed Assets to qualified healthcare operators. We have received significant interest from a wide variety of healthcare operators to lease the Marketed Assets in groups of assets.

However, we cannot provide any assurance that we will be able to re-lease any or all of the Marketed Assets on a timely basis or on the same or better economic terms, if at all. Our ability to re-lease the Marketed Assets could be significantly delayed or limited by state licensing, certificate of need or other laws, as well as by the Medicare and Medicaid change-of-ownership rules, and we could incur substantial additional expenses in connection with any licensing or change-of-ownership proceedings. In addition, we may be required to fund certain expenses and obligations (e.g., real estate taxes, insurance and maintenance expenses) to preserve the value of, and avoid the imposition of liens on, the Marketed Assets during the re-leasing process.

The current lease term for ten renewal groups covering a total of 108 properties we lease to Kindred pursuant to the Kindred Master Leases will expire on April 30, 2015, subject to Kindred's two sequential five-year renewal options for those assets.

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**Recent Developments Regarding Government Regulation**

*Medicare Reimbursement: Long-Term Acute Care Hospitals*

On April 24, 2012, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services ("CMS") released for public display its proposed rule updating the prospective payment system for long-term acute care hospitals (LTAC PPS) for the 2013 fiscal year (October 1, 2012 through September 30, 2013). Under the proposed rule, the LTAC PPS standard federal payment rate would increase by 2.1% in fiscal year 2013, reflecting a 3.0% increase in the market basket index, less both a 0.8% productivity adjustment and a 10 basis point adjustment mandated by the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and its reconciliation measure, the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (collectively, the "Affordable Care Act"). After a one-time budget neutrality adjustment that the rule proposes to phase in over three years, the LTAC PPS standard federal payment rate in fiscal year 2013 would increase by 0.8%. In addition, under the proposed rule, the moratorium on new long-term acute care hospitals and beds imposed by the Medicare, Medicaid and SCHIP Extension Act of 2007 (the "Medicare Extension Act"), and subsequently extended by the Affordable Care Act, would expire on December 29, 2012 and the extension of the 25-percent rule to freestanding and grandfathered long-term acute care hospitals would be delayed for another year until December 29, 2013. As a result, CMS estimates that net payments to long-term acute care hospitals under the proposed rule would increase by approximately \$100 million, or 1.9%, in fiscal year 2013 due to increases in high-cost and short-stay outlier payments and other changes; however, for discharges during the period from October 1, 2012 until the budget neutrality adjustment takes effect on December 29, 2012, net payments to long-term acute care hospitals would increase by 3.2%.

This rule is a proposed rule and is not final. CMS accepted comments on the proposed rule through June 25, 2012. A final rule is expected to be announced no later than August 1, 2012. We are currently analyzing the financial implications of this proposed rule on the operators of our long-term acute care hospitals. We cannot provide any assurance that the final rule issued by CMS or other future updates to LTAC PPS or Medicare reimbursement for long-term acute care hospitals will not materially adversely affect our operators, which, in turn, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and liquidity, on our ability to service our indebtedness and other obligations and on our ability to make distributions to our stockholders, as required for us to continue to qualify as a REIT (a "Material Adverse Effect").

**Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Our Consolidated Financial Statements included in Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information set forth in the Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC"), as published by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB"). GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions regarding future events that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. We base these estimates on our experience and assumptions we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, if our judgment or interpretation of the facts and circumstances relating to various transactions or other matters had been different, we may have applied a different accounting treatment, resulting in a different presentation of our financial statements. We periodically reevaluate our estimates and assumptions, and in the event they prove to be different from actual results, we make adjustments in subsequent periods to reflect more current estimates and assumptions about matters that are inherently uncertain. In addition to the policies outlined below, please refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, filed with the SEC on February 22, 2012, for further information regarding the critical accounting policies that affect our more significant estimates and

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assumptions used in the preparation of our Consolidated Financial Statements included in Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

***Business Combinations***

We account for acquisitions using the acquisition method and allocate the cost of the properties acquired among tangible and recognized intangible assets and liabilities based upon their estimated fair values as of the acquisition date. Recognized intangibles primarily include the value of in-place leases, acquired lease contracts, tenant and customer relationships, trade names/trademarks and goodwill. We do not amortize goodwill, which represents the excess of the purchase price paid over the fair value of the net assets of the acquired business and is included in other assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Our method for allocating the purchase price to acquired investments in real estate requires us to make subjective assessments for determining fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. This includes determining the value of the buildings, land and improvements, construction in progress, ground leases, tenant improvements, in-place leases, above and/or below market leases, purchase option intangible assets and/or liabilities and any debt assumed. These estimates require significant judgment and in some cases involve complex calculations. These allocation assessments directly impact our results of operations, as amounts allocated to certain assets and liabilities have different depreciation or amortization lives. In addition, we amortize the value assigned to above and/or below market leases as a component of revenue, unlike in-place leases and other intangibles, which we include in depreciation and amortization in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

We estimate the fair value of buildings acquired on an as-if-vacant basis and depreciate the building value over the estimated remaining life of the building, not to exceed 35 years. We determine the allocated value of other fixed assets, such as site improvements and furniture, fixtures and equipment, based upon the replacement cost and depreciate such value over the assets' estimated remaining useful lives as determined at the applicable acquisition date. We determine the value of land by considering the sales prices of similar properties in recent transactions or based on (a) internal analyses of recently acquired and existing comparable properties within our portfolio or (b) real estate tax assessed values in relation to the total value of the asset.

We generally determine the value of construction in progress based upon the replacement cost. However, for certain properties that we acquire that are part of a ground-up development, we determine the fair value of the property by (a) using the same valuation approach as all other properties, and (b) deducting an estimate of the cost to complete the development. Construction in progress is not depreciated until the project has reached substantial completion.

The fair value of acquired lease intangibles, if any, reflects (i) the estimated value of any above and/or below market leases, determined by discounting the difference between the estimated market rent and the in-place lease rent, the resulting intangible asset or liability of which we amortize to revenue over the remaining life of the associated lease plus any bargain renewal periods, and (ii) the estimated value of in-place leases related to the cost to obtain tenants, including leasing commissions, and an estimated value of the absorption period to reflect the value of the rent and recovery costs foregone during a reasonable lease-up period as if the acquired space was vacant, which we amortize to amortization expense over the remaining life of the associated lease. If a lease is terminated prior to its stated expiration or not renewed upon expiration, we recognize all unamortized amounts of lease intangibles in operations at that time.

We estimate the fair value of purchase option intangible assets or liabilities by discounting the difference between the applicable property's acquisition date fair value and an estimate of the future option price. We do not amortize the resulting intangible asset or liability over the term of the lease, but rather adjust the recognized value of the asset or liability upon sale.

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We estimate the fair value of tenant or other customer relationships acquired, if any, by considering the nature and extent of existing business relationships with the tenant or customer, growth prospects for developing new business with the tenant or customer, the tenant's credit quality, expectations of lease renewals with the tenant, and the potential for significant, additional future leasing arrangements with the tenant and amortize that value over the expected life of the associated arrangements or leases, including the remaining terms of the related leases and any expected renewal periods. We estimate the fair value of trade names/trademarks using a royalty rate methodology and amortize that value over the estimated useful life of the trade name/trademark.

In connection with a business combination, we may assume rights and obligations under certain lease agreements pursuant to which we become the lessee of a given property. We assume the lease classification previously determined by the prior lessee absent a modification in the assumed lease agreement. All capital leases that we have acquired or assumed in connection with our past acquisitions contain bargain purchase options that we intend to exercise. Therefore, we recognized real estate assets based on the acquisition date fair values of the underlying properties and liabilities based on the acquisition date fair values of the capital lease obligations. We depreciate assets recognized under capital leases that contain bargain purchase options over the asset's useful life. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the capital lease obligation and interest expense using the interest method. We assess assumed operating leases, including ground leases, to determine whether the lease terms are favorable or unfavorable given current market conditions on the acquisition date. To the extent the lease terms are favorable or unfavorable relative to market conditions on the acquisition date, we recognize an intangible asset or liability, respectively, at fair value, and we amortize the recognized asset or liability (excluding purchase option intangibles) to interest or rental expense in our Consolidated Statements of Income over the applicable lease term. We include all lease-related intangible assets and all lease-related intangible liabilities within acquired lease intangibles and accounts payable and other liabilities, respectively, on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

We determine the fair value of loans receivable acquired in connection with a business combination by discounting the estimated future cash flows using current interest rates at which similar loans with the same maturities and same terms would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings. The estimated future cash flows reflect our judgment regarding the uncertainty of those cash flows, so we do not establish a valuation allowance at the acquisition date. We recognize the difference between the acquisition date fair value and the total expected cash flows as interest income using an effective interest method over the life of the applicable loan. Subsequent to the acquisition date, we evaluate changes regarding the uncertainty of future cash flows and the need for a valuation allowance.

We estimate the fair value of noncontrolling interest assumed using assumptions that are consistent with those used in valuing all of the underlying assets and liabilities.

We base the initial carrying value of investments in unconsolidated entities on the fair value of the assets at the time we acquired the joint venture interest. We estimate fair values for our equity method investments based on discounted cash flow models that include all estimated cash inflows and outflows over a specified holding period and, where applicable, any estimated debt premiums or discounts. The capitalization rates, discount rates and credit spreads we use in these models are based upon assumptions that we believe to be within a reasonable range of current market rates for the respective investments.

We generally amortize any difference between our cost basis and the basis reflected at the joint venture level over the lives of the related assets and liabilities and include it in our share of income or loss from unconsolidated entities. In other instances, net income or loss is allocated between the partners in the joint venture based on the hypothetical liquidation at book value method.

We calculate the fair value of long-term debt by discounting the remaining contractual cash flows on each instrument at the current market rate for those borrowings, which we approximate based on

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the rate at which we would expect to incur a replacement instrument on the date of acquisition, and recognize any fair value adjustments related to long-term debt as effective yield adjustments over the remaining term of the instrument.

We record a liability for contingent consideration (included in accounts payable and other liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets) at fair value as of the acquisition date and reassess the fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any changes being recognized in earnings. Increases or decreases in the fair value of the contingent consideration can result from changes in discount periods, discount rates and probabilities that contingencies will be met.

***Fair Value***

We follow FASB guidance that defines fair value and provides direction for measuring fair value and making the necessary related disclosures. The guidance emphasizes that fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement, and should be determined based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. As a basis for considering market participant assumptions in fair value measurements, the guidance establishes a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between market participant assumptions based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity (observable inputs that are classified within levels one and two of the hierarchy) and the reporting entity's own assumptions about market participant assumptions (unobservable inputs classified within level three of the hierarchy).

Level one inputs utilize unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the reporting entity has the ability to access. Level two inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included in level one that are directly or indirectly observable for the asset or liability. Level two inputs may include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, as well as other inputs for the asset or liability, such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and yield curves, that are observable at commonly quoted intervals. Level three inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability, which are typically based on the reporting entity's own assumptions, as there is little, if any, related market activity. If the determination of the fair value measurement is based on inputs from different levels of the hierarchy, the level within which the entire fair value measurement falls is the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a reporting entity determines that the volume and level of activity for an asset or liability has decreased significantly relative to the normal market activity for such asset or liability (or similar assets or liabilities), then transactions or quoted prices may not accurately reflect fair value. In addition, if there is evidence that the transaction for the asset or liability is not orderly, the reporting entity should place little, if any, weight on that transaction price as an indicator of fair value. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the asset or liability.

***Recently Issued or Adopted Accounting Standards***

In June 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-05, *Presentation of Comprehensive Income* ("ASU 2011-05"), which amends current guidance found in ASC Topic 220, *Comprehensive Income*. ASU 2011-05 requires entities to present comprehensive income in either (a) one continuous financial statement or (b) two separate but consecutive statements that display net income and the components of other comprehensive income. Totals and individual components of both net income and other comprehensive income must be included in either presentation. In December 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-12, *Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassifications of Items Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-05* ("ASU 2011-12"). The provisions of ASU 2011-12 indefinitely defer portions of ASU 2011-05 related to the presentation of reclassification of items out of accumulated other comprehensive income. We adopted the provisions of ASU 2011-05 and ASU 2011-12 on January 1, 2012.



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As of June 30, 2012, we operated through three reportable business segments: triple-net leased properties, senior living operations and MOB operations. Our triple-net leased properties segment consists of acquiring and owning seniors housing and healthcare properties in the United States and leasing those properties to healthcare operating companies under "triple-net" or "absolute-net" leases that require the tenants to pay all property-related expenses. Our senior living operations segment primarily consists of investments in seniors housing communities located in the United States and Canada for which we engage independent third parties, such as Atria and Sunrise, to manage the operations. Our MOB operations segment primarily consists of acquiring, owning, developing, leasing and managing MOB's. Information provided for "all other" includes revenues such as income from loans and investments and other miscellaneous income and various corporate-level expenses not directly attributable to our three reportable business segments. Assets included in "all other" consist primarily of corporate assets, including cash, restricted cash, deferred financing costs, loans receivable and miscellaneous accounts receivable.

**Three Months Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011**

The table below shows our results of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 and the effect on our income of changes in those results from period to period.

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		Increase (Decrease) to Income	
	2012	2011	\$	%
	(Dollars in thousands)			
<b>Segment NOI:</b>				
Triple-net leased properties	\$ 209,008	\$ 116,150	\$ 92,858	79.9%
Senior living operations	96,472	65,413	31,059	47.5
MOB operations	61,518	17,348	44,170	>100
All other	8,152	8,391	(239)	(2.8)
Total segment NOI	375,150	207,302	167,848	81.0
Interest and other income	65	78	(13)	(16.7)
Interest expense	(74,428)	(52,043)	(22,385)	(43.0)
Depreciation and amortization	(189,349)	(79,509)	(109,840)	(>100)
General, administrative and professional fees	(26,710)	(15,554)	(11,156)	(71.7)
Loss on extinguishment of debt	(9,989)	(6)	(9,983)	(>100)
Merger-related expenses and deal costs	(36,668)	(55,807)	19,139	34.3
Other	(1,510)	8,056	(9,566)	(>100)
Income before income/loss from unconsolidated entities, income taxes, discontinued operations and noncontrolling interest	36,561	12,517	24,044	>100
Income (loss) from unconsolidated entities	514	(83)	597	>100
Income tax benefit	5,179	6,110	(931)	(15.2)
Income from continuing operations	42,254	18,544	23,710	>100
Discontinued operations	31,482	1,190	30,292	>100
Net income	73,736	19,734	54,002	>100
Net (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interest	(289)	58	347	>100
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 74,025	\$ 19,676	\$ 54,349	>100%

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*Segment NOI Triple-Net Leased Properties*

NOI for our triple-net leased properties reportable business segment consists of rental income earned from our triple-net assets and other services revenue. We incur no direct operating expenses for this segment.

The following table summarizes continuing operations in our triple-net leased properties reportable business segment NOI:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		Increase (Decrease) to NOI	
	2012	2011	\$	%
(Dollars in thousands)				
<b>Segment NOI Triple-Net Leased Properties:</b>				
Rental income	\$ 207,898	\$ 116,150	\$ 91,748	79.0%
Other services revenue	1,110		1,110	nm
Segment NOI	\$ 209,008	\$ 116,150	\$ 92,858	79.9%

nm not meaningful

Triple-net leased properties segment NOI increased primarily due to rental income from the properties we acquired in connection with our acquisition of Nationwide Health Properties, Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, "NHP"), other services revenue directly attributable to the NHP acquisition and various contractual escalations in the rent paid with respect to our existing triple-net leased properties.

In our triple-net leased properties segment, revenues consist of fixed rental amounts (subject to annual escalations) received directly from our tenants in accordance with the applicable lease terms and generally do not depend on the operating performance of our properties. Accordingly, occupancy information is relevant to the profitability of our tenants' operations but does not directly impact our revenues or financial results. The following table sets forth average occupancy rates related to the triple-net leased properties we owned at June 30, 2012 for the first quarter of 2012, which is the most recent information available to us from our tenants, and average occupancy rates related to the triple-net leased properties we owned at June 30, 2011 for the first quarter of 2011.

	Number of Properties at June 30, 2012(1)	Average Occupancy For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2012(1)	Number of Properties at June 30, 2011(2)	Average Occupancy For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011(2)
Seniors housing communities	436	85.0%	158	89.3%
Skilled nursing facilities	381	83.1%	187	87.8%
Hospitals	47	60.2%	40	59.6%

(1) Excludes 34 seniors housing communities and skilled nursing facilities included in investments in unconsolidated entities. Also excludes properties acquired during the three months ended June 30, 2012 and eight other facilities for which we do not receive occupancy information.

(2) Excludes properties acquired during the three months ended June 30, 2011 and eight other facilities for which we do not receive occupancy information.

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The following table summarizes continuing operations in the reportable business segment NOI for our 375 same-store triple-net leased properties. For purposes hereof, we define same-store properties as properties that we owned for the entire period from April 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012.

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		Increase (Decrease) to NOI	
	2012	2011	\$	%
(Dollars in thousands)				
<b>Same-Store Segment NOI Triple-Net Leased Properties:</b>				
Rental income	\$ 118,953	\$ 116,105	\$ 2,848	2.5%
Other services revenue				nm
Segment NOI	\$ 118,953	\$ 116,105	\$ 2,848	2.5%

nm not meaningful

The increase in same-store triple-net NOI is due to various escalations, including the May escalators related to the Kindred Master Leases.

*Segment NOI Senior Living Operations*

The following table summarizes continuing operations in our senior living operations reportable business segment NOI:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		Increase (Decrease) to NOI	
	2012(1)	2011(2)	\$	%
(Dollars in thousands)				
<b>Segment NOI Senior Living Operations:</b>				
Total revenues	\$ 304,020	\$ 201,307	\$ 102,713	51.0%
Less:				
Property-level operating expenses	(207,548)	(135,894)	(71,654)	(52.7)
Segment NOI	\$ 96,472	\$ 65,413	\$ 31,059	47.5%

- (1) Amounts attributable to senior living operations for the three months ended June 30, 2012 include operations related to the Sunrise-Managed Sixteen Communities only for the period from May 1, 2012 (the date of acquisition) through June 30, 2012.
- (2) Amounts attributable to senior living operations for the three months ended June 30, 2011 include operations related to our Atria-managed assets only for the period from May 12, 2011 (the date of acquisition) through June 30, 2011.

In our senior living operations segment, revenues consist of resident fees and services, which include all amounts earned from residents at our seniors housing communities, such as rental fees related to resident leases, extended health care fees and other ancillary service income. Our senior living operations segment revenues increased primarily due to the properties we acquired in connection with the acquisition of Atria Senior Living Group, Inc. (together with its affiliates, "ASLG") in May 2011, eighteen seniors housing communities we acquired after June 30, 2011 (including the Sunrise-Managed Sixteen Communities) and higher occupancy and average revenue per occupied unit at the 79 Sunrise-managed communities we acquired in 2007 (the "Original Sunrise-Managed Communities").

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Property-level operating expenses related to the segment include labor, food, utilities, marketing, management and other costs of operating the properties. Property-level operating expenses increased for the three months ended June 30, 2012 over the same period in 2011 primarily due to the acquired properties described above and higher management fees at the Original Sunrise-Managed Communities. Under our management agreements relating to the Original Sunrise-Managed Communities, the management fee was temporarily reduced to 3.75% of revenues generated by the applicable properties for 2011, but reverted to its contractual level of 6% of revenues generated by the applicable properties (with a range of 5% to 7%) for 2012 and subsequent years.

The following table summarizes continuing operations in our 81 same-store stabilized senior living operations reportable business segment NOI. For purposes hereof, we define same-store stabilized communities as communities that we owned and classified as stable for the entire period from April 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012.

	<b>For the Three Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Increase (Decrease) to NOI</b>	
	<b>2012</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>%</b>
	<b>(Dollars in thousands)</b>			
<b>Same-Store Stabilized Segment NOI Senior Living Operations:</b>				
Total revenues	\$ 121,929	\$ 116,211	\$ 5,718	4.9%
Less:				
Property-level operating expenses	(83,193)	(76,696)	(6,497)	(8.5)
<b>Segment NOI</b>	<b>\$ 38,736</b>	<b>\$ 39,515</b>	<b>\$ (779)</b>	<b>(2.0)%</b>

Same-store senior living operations NOI decreased primarily as a result of the management fee with respect to the Original Sunrise-Managed Communities. Management fee expense increased \$3.4 million in 2012 primarily as a result of the temporary reduced rate in 2011.

The following table sets forth average occupancy and average revenue per occupied unit related to continuing operations in our senior living operating properties during the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011:

	<b>Number of Properties at June 30,</b>		<b>Average Occupancy For the Three Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Average Revenue Per Occupied Unit For the Three Months Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2012(1)</b>	<b>2011(2)</b>	<b>2012(1)</b>	<b>2011(2)</b>	<b>2012(1)</b>	<b>2011(2)</b>
					<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Stabilized communities	201	189	89.5%	87.0%	\$ 5,324	\$ 5,571
Non-stabilized communities	14	8	82.0%	78.6%	\$ 4,780	\$ 5,017
<b>Total</b>	<b>215</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>88.9%</b>	<b>86.6%</b>	<b>\$ 5,284</b>	<b>\$ 5,551</b>
 Same-store stabilized communities	 81	 81	 89.8%	 86.9%	 \$ 6,846	 \$ 6,741

(1) Information attributable to senior living operations for the three months ended June 30, 2012 include operations related to the Sunrise-Managed Sixteen Communities only for the period from May 1, 2012 (the date of acquisition) through June 30, 2012.

(2) Information attributable to senior living operations for the three months ended June 30, 2011 include operations related to our Atria-managed assets only for the period from May 12, 2011 (the date of acquisition) through June 30, 2011.

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#### *Segment NOI MOB Operations*

The following table summarizes continuing operations in our MOB operations reportable business segment NOI:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		Increase (Decrease) to NOI	
	2012	2011	\$	%
(Dollars in thousands)				
<b>Segment NOI MOB Operations:</b>				
Rental income	\$ 89,674	\$ 23,758	\$ 65,916	>100%
Medical office building services revenue	5,529	9,822	(4,293)	(43.7)
Total revenues	95,203	33,580	61,623	>100
Less:				
Property-level operating expenses	(29,846)	(8,278)	(21,568)	(>100)
Medical office building services costs	(3,839)	(7,954)	4,115	51.7
Segment NOI	\$ 61,518	\$ 17,348	\$ 44,170	>100%

The increases in MOB operations segment revenues and property-level operating expenses are attributed primarily to the MOBs we acquired in connection with the Cogdell and NHP acquisitions and other MOBs we acquired after June 30, 2011.

Medical office building services revenue and costs both decreased primarily due to a decline in construction activity during 2012 compared to 2011.

The following table summarizes continuing operations in our 63 same-store stabilized MOB operations reportable business segment NOI. For purposes hereof, we define same-store stabilized MOB as MOB that we owned and classified as stable for the entire period from April 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012.

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		Increase (Decrease) to NOI	
	2012	2011	\$	%
(Dollars in thousands)				
<b>Same-Store Stabilized Segment NOI MOB Operations:</b>				
Rental income	\$ 20,638	\$ 20,278	\$ 360	1.8%
Less:				
Property-level operating expenses	(7,040)	(6,820)	(220)	(3.2)
Segment NOI	\$ 13,598	\$ 13,458	\$ 140	1.0%

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The following table sets forth occupancy rates and the annualized average rent per occupied square foot related to continuing operations in our MOBs at and for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011:

	Number of Properties at June 30,		Occupancy at June 30,		Annualized Average Rent Per Occupied Square Foot For the Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
Stabilized MOBs	245	63	91.9%	93.4%	\$ 28	\$ 27
Non-stabilized MOBs	17	6	71.9%	74.7%	\$ 36	\$ 30
Total	262	69	89.9%	90.4%	\$ 29	\$ 27
Same-store stabilized MOBs	63	63	92.3%	93.4%	\$ 28	\$ 27

*Segment NOI All Other*

All other NOI consists solely of income from loans and investments. Income from loans and investments decreased for the three months ended June 30, 2012 over the same period in 2011 primarily due to decreased interest income related to loans receivable repayments we received during 2011 and the first half of 2012, as well as a prepayment premium recognized in connection with a first mortgage loan repayment and income recognized from our senior unsecured term loan to NHP, both of which occurred during the second quarter of 2011, partially offset by income on the loans receivable portfolio we acquired in connection with the NHP acquisition.

*Interest Expense*

The \$22.5 million increase in total interest expense, including interest allocated to discontinued operations of \$1.8 million and \$1.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, is attributed primarily to a \$47.9 million increase in interest due to higher loan balances, partially offset by a \$25.2 million decrease in interest due to lower effective interest rates, including the amortization of any fair value adjustments. Our effective interest rate, excluding activity related to our capital leases, was 3.9% for the three months ended June 30, 2012, compared to 5.5% for the same period in 2011.

*Depreciation and Amortization*

Depreciation and amortization expense increased during the three months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 primarily due to the ASLG, NHP and Cogdell acquisitions and other properties we acquired subsequent to June 30, 2011.

*General, Administrative and Professional Fees*

General, administrative and professional fees increased during the three months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 due solely to our organizational growth.

*Loss on Extinguishment of Debt*

The loss on extinguishment of debt for the three months ended June 30, 2012 relates primarily to our redemption in May 2012 of all \$225.0 million principal amount outstanding of our 6<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>% senior notes due 2017. No similar transactions occurred during the three months ended June 30, 2011.

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*Merger-Related Expenses and Deal Costs*

Merger-related expenses and deal costs for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 consist of transition and integration expenses related to consummated transactions and deal costs required by GAAP to be expensed rather than capitalized into the asset value. These transition and integration expenses and deal costs reflect certain fees and expenses incurred in connection with the ASLG, NHP and Cogdell acquisitions. Merger-related expenses and deal costs during the three months ended June 30, 2011 also include expenses relating to our favorable litigation against HCP, Inc. ("HCP") and subsequent cross-appeals, which were fully concluded in November 2011. The decrease of \$19.1 million is due primarily to the significant size of the 2011 acquisitions as well as the conclusion of the HCP litigation in the late 2011.

*Other*

Other consists primarily of the fair value adjustment on interest rate swaps we acquired in connection with the ASLG and NHP acquisitions, partially offset by other expenses.

*Income/Loss from Unconsolidated Entities*

Income from unconsolidated entities for the three months ended June 30, 2012 relates to our noncontrolling interest of between 5% and 25% in joint ventures with respect to 58 MOBs, 20 seniors housing communities and fourteen skilled nursing facilities. Loss from unconsolidated entities for the three months ended June 30, 2011 relates to our noncontrolling interest of between 5% and 20% in joint ventures with respect to 58 MOBs.

*Income Tax Benefit*

Income tax benefit for the three months ended June 30, 2012 was primarily due to the income tax benefit of ordinary losses related to our ASLG acquisition. Income tax benefit for the three months ended June 30, 2011 was due primarily to our ASLG acquisition.

*Discontinued Operations*

Discontinued operations increased \$30.3 million during the three months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 due primarily to gains recognized on the sales of 13 assets during the second quarter of 2012 and the recognition of a deferred gain from the sale of nine assets during the first quarter of 2012. See "Note 5 Dispositions" of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

*Net Loss/Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interest*

Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest for the three months ended June 30, 2012 represents our partners' joint venture interests in 39 MOBs and seniors housing communities, ten of which we acquired in connection with the Cogdell acquisition and 23 of which we acquired in connection with the NHP acquisition. Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest for the three months ended June 30, 2011 represented our partners' joint venture interests in six MOBs.

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*Six Months Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011*

The table below shows our results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 and the effect on our income of changes in those results from period to period.

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,		Increase (Decrease) to Income	
	2012	2011	\$	%
(Dollars in thousands)				
<b>Segment NOI:</b>				
Triple-net leased properties	\$ 417,245	\$ 230,771	\$ 186,474	80.8%
Senior living operations	186,601	101,804	84,797	83.3
MOB operations	106,640	34,329	72,311	>100
All other	16,188	14,476	1,712	11.8
Total segment NOI	726,674	381,380	345,294	90.5
Interest and other income	112	156	(44)	(28.2)
Interest expense	(144,056)	(92,830)	(51,226)	(55.2)
Depreciation and amortization	(351,605)	(130,070)	(221,535)	(>100)
General, administrative and professional fees	(48,907)	(30,386)	(18,521)	(61.0)
Loss on extinguishment of debt	(39,533)	(16,526)	(23,007)	(>100)
Merger-related expenses and deal costs	(44,649)	(62,256)	17,607	28.3
Other	(3,086)	8,055	(11,141)	(>100)
Income before income/loss from unconsolidated entities, income taxes, discontinued operations and noncontrolling interest	94,950	57,523	37,427	65.1
Income (loss) from unconsolidated entities	831	(253)	1,084	>100
Income tax (expense) benefit	(6,159)	9,307	(15,466)	(>100)
Income from continuing operations	89,622	66,577	23,045	34.6
Discontinued operations	74,206	2,203	72,003	>100
Net income	163,828	68,780	95,048	>100
Net (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interest	(823)	120	943	>100
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 164,651	\$ 68,660	\$ 95,991	>100%

*Segment NOI Triple-Net Leased Properties*

The following table summarizes continuing operations in our triple-net leased properties reportable business segment NOI:

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,		Increase (Decrease) to NOI	
	2012	2011	\$	%
(Dollars in thousands)				
<b>Segment NOI Triple-Net Leased Properties:</b>				
Rental income	\$ 415,026	\$ 230,771	\$ 184,255	79.8%
Other services revenue	2,219		2,219	nm
Segment NOI	\$ 417,245	\$ 230,771	\$ 186,474	80.8%

nm not meaningful





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Triple-net leased properties segment NOI increased primarily due to rental income from the properties we acquired in connection with the NHP acquisition, other services revenue directly attributable to the NHP acquisition and various contractual escalations in the rent paid with respect to our existing triple-net leased properties.

The following table summarizes continuing operations in the reportable business segment NOI for our 375 same-store triple-net leased properties. For purposes hereof, we define same-store properties as properties that we owned for the entire period from January 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012.

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,		Increase (Decrease) to NOI	
	2012	2011	\$	%
	(Dollars in thousands)			
<b>Same-Store Segment NOI Triple-Net Leased Properties:</b>				
Rental income	\$ 236,387	\$ 230,681	\$ 5,706	2.5%
Other services revenue				nm
Segment NOI	\$ 236,387	\$ 230,681	\$ 5,706	2.5%

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nm not meaningful

The increase in same-store triple-net NOI is due to various annual escalations, including the May escalators related to the Kindred Master Leases.

#### *Segment NOI Senior Living Operations*

The following table summarizes continuing operations in our senior living operations reportable business segment NOI:

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,		Increase (Decrease) to NOI	
	2012(1)	2011(2)	\$	%
	(Dollars in thousands)			
<b>Segment NOI Senior Living Operations:</b>				
Total revenues	\$ 589,815	\$ 315,809	\$ 274,006	86.8%
Less:				
Property-level operating expenses	(403,214)	(214,005)	(189,209)	(88.4)
Segment NOI	\$ 186,601	\$ 101,804	\$ 84,797	83.3%

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(1) Amounts attributable to senior living operations for the six months ended June 30, 2012 include operations related to the Sunrise-Managed Sixteen Communities only for the period from May 1, 2012 (the date of acquisition) through June 30, 2012.

(2) Amounts attributable to senior living operations for the six months ended June 30, 2011 include operations related to our Atria-managed assets only for the period from May 12, 2011 (the date of acquisition) through June 30, 2011.

Our senior living operations segment revenues increased primarily due to the properties we acquired in connection with the ASLG acquisition, eighteen seniors housing communities we acquired after June 30, 2011 (including the Sunrise-Managed Sixteen Communities) and higher occupancy and average revenue per occupied unit at the Original Sunrise-Managed Communities.

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Property-level operating expenses increased for the six months ended June 30, 2012 over the same period in 2011 primarily due to the acquired properties described above and higher management fees at the Original Sunrise-Managed Communities, offset by lower utilities, repairs and maintenance costs.

The following table summarizes continuing operations in our 81 same-store stabilized senior living operations reportable business segment NOI. For purposes hereof, we define same-store stabilized communities as communities that we owned and classified as stable for the entire period from January 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012.

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,		Increase (Decrease) to NOI	
	2012	2011	\$	%
(Dollars in thousands)				
<b>Same-Store Stabilized Segment NOI Senior Living Operations:</b>				
Total revenues	\$ 242,412	\$ 230,130	\$ 12,282	5.3%
Less:				
Property-level operating expenses	(164,793)	(154,260)	(10,533)	(6.8)
<b>Segment NOI</b>	<b>\$ 77,619</b>	<b>\$ 75,870</b>	<b>\$ 1,749</b>	<b>2.3%</b>

Same-store senior living operations NOI increased primarily as a result of both increased occupancy and average revenue per occupied unit, partially offset by the increase in management fees with respect to the Original Sunrise-Managed Communities. Management fee expense increased \$6.3 million in 2012 primarily as a result of the temporary reduced rate in 2011.

The following table sets forth average occupancy and average revenue per occupied unit related to continuing operations in our senior living operating properties during the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011:

	Number of Properties at June 30,		Average Occupancy For the Six Months Ended June 30,		Average Revenue Per Occupied Unit For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2012(1)	2011(2)	2012(1)	2011(2)	2012(1)	2011(2)
Stabilized communities	201	189	89.3%	87.1%	\$ 5,342	\$ 5,893
Non-stabilized communities	14	8	80.2%	75.8%	\$ 4,840	\$ 4,730
<b>Total</b>	<b>215</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>88.6%</b>	<b>86.7%</b>	<b>\$ 5,309</b>	<b>\$ 5,860</b>
 Same-store stabilized communities	 81	 81	 89.5%	 87.1%	 \$ 6,830	 \$ 6,658

(1) Information attributable to senior living operations for the six months ended June 30, 2012 include operations related to the Sunrise-Managed Sixteen Communities only for the period from May 1, 2012 (the date of acquisition) through June 30, 2012.

(2) Information attributable to senior living operations for the six months ended June 30, 2011 include operations related to our Atria-managed assets only for the period from May 12, 2011 (the date of acquisition) through June 30, 2011.

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*Segment NOI MOB Operations*

The following table summarizes continuing operations in our MOB operations reportable business segment NOI:

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,		Increase (Decrease) to NOI	
	2012	2011	\$	%
(Dollars in thousands)				
<b>Segment NOI MOB Operations:</b>				
Rental income	\$ 154,183	\$ 47,994	\$ 106,189	>100%
Medical office building services revenue	10,028	16,779	(6,751)	(40.2)
Total revenues	164,211	64,773	99,438	>100
Less:				
Property-level operating expenses	(50,744)	(16,954)	(33,790)	(>100)
Medical office building services costs	(6,827)	(13,490)	6,663	49.4
Segment NOI	\$ 106,640	\$ 34,329	\$ 72,311	>100%

The increases in MOB operations segment revenues and property-level operating expenses are attributed primarily to the MOBs we acquired in connection with the NHP and Cogdell acquisitions and other MOBs we acquired after June 30, 2011.

Medical office building services revenue and costs both decreased primarily due to a decline in construction activity during 2012 compared to 2011.

The following table summarizes continuing operations in our 63 same-store stabilized MOB operations reportable business segment NOI. For purposes hereof, we define same-store stabilized MOBs as MOBs that we owned and classified as stable for the entire period from January 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012.

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,		Increase (Decrease) to NOI	
	2012	2011	\$	%
(Dollars in thousands)				
<b>Same-Store Stabilized Segment NOI MOB Operations:</b>				
Rental income	\$ 41,194	\$ 41,088	\$ 106	0.3%
Less:				
Property-level operating expenses	(14,271)	(14,101)	(170)	(1.2)
Segment NOI	\$ 26,923	\$ 26,987	\$ (64)	(0.2)%

The following table sets forth the occupancy rates and annualized average rent per occupied square foot related to continuing operations in our MOBs at and for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011:

	Number of Properties at June 30,		Occupancy at June 30,		Annualized Average Rent Per Occupied Square Foot For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
Stabilized MOBs	245	63	91.9%	93.4%	\$ 28	\$ 27
Non-stabilized MOBs	17	6	71.9%	74.7%	\$ 36	\$ 30
Total	262	69	89.9%	90.4%	\$ 29	\$ 28
Same-store stabilized MOBs	63	63	92.3%	93.4%	\$ 28	\$ 27



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*Segment NOI All Other*

All other NOI consists solely of income from loans and investments. Income from loans and investments increased for the six months ended June 30, 2012 over the same period in 2011 primarily due to income on the loans receivable portfolio we acquired in connection with the NHP acquisition, partially offset by decreased interest income related to loans receivable repayments we received during 2011 and the first half of 2012, as well as a prepayment premium recognized in connection with a first mortgage loan repayment and income recognized from our senior unsecured term loan to NHP, both of which occurred during the second quarter of 2011.

*Interest Expense*

The \$51.6 million increase in total interest expense, including interest allocated to discontinued operations of \$3.9 million and \$3.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, is attributed primarily to a \$99.8 million increase in interest due to higher loan balances, partially offset by a \$50.9 million decrease in interest due to lower effective interest rates, including the amortization of any fair value adjustments. Our effective interest rate, excluding activity related to our capital leases, was 4.1% for the six months ended June 30, 2012, compared to 5.7% for the same period in 2011.

*Depreciation and Amortization*

Depreciation and amortization expense increased during the six months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 primarily due to the ASLG, NHP and Cogdell acquisitions and other properties we acquired subsequent to June 30, 2011.

*General, Administrative and Professional Fees*

General, administrative and professional fees increased during the six months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 due solely to our organizational growth.

*Loss on Extinguishment of Debt*

The loss on extinguishment of debt for the six months ended June 30, 2012 relates primarily to our redemption in March 2012 of all \$200.0 million principal amount outstanding of our 6<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>% senior notes due 2016 and our redemption in May 2012 of all \$225.0 million principal amount outstanding of our 6<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>% senior notes due 2017. The loss on extinguishment of debt for the six months ended June 30, 2011 relates primarily to our early repayment of \$307.2 million principal amount of existing mortgage debt in February 2011.

*Merger-Related Expenses and Deal Costs*

Merger-related expenses and deal costs for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 consist of transition and integration expenses related to consummated transactions and deal costs required by GAAP to be expensed rather than capitalized into the asset value. These transition and integration expenses and deal costs reflect certain fees and expenses incurred in connection with the ASLG, NHP and Cogdell acquisitions. Merger-related expenses and deal costs during the six months ended June 30, 2011 also include expenses relating to our favorable litigation against HCP and subsequent cross-appeals, which were fully concluded in November 2011. The decrease of \$17.6 million is due primarily to the significant size of the 2011 acquisitions as well as the conclusion of the HCP litigation in late 2011.

*Other*

Other consists primarily of the fair value adjustment on interest rate swaps we acquired in connection with the ASLG and NHP acquisitions, partially offset by other expenses.

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*Income/Loss from Unconsolidated Entities*

Income from unconsolidated entities for the six months ended June 30, 2012 relates to our noncontrolling interest of between 5% and 25% in joint ventures with respect to 58 MOBs, 20 seniors housing communities and fourteen skilled nursing facilities. Loss from unconsolidated entities for the six months ended June 30, 2011 relates to our noncontrolling interest of between 5% and 20% in joint ventures with respect to 58 MOBs.

*Income Tax Expense/Benefit*

Income tax expense for the six months ended June 30, 2012 was due primarily to a \$15.1 million valuation allowance recorded against certain deferred tax assets, partially offset by the income tax benefit of ordinary losses related to our ASLG acquisition. Income tax benefit for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was due primarily to the benefit received from the loss on extinguishment of debt in the first quarter of 2011 and our ASLG acquisition.

*Discontinued Operations*

Discontinued operations increased \$72.0 million during the six months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 due primarily to gains recognized on the sales of 22 assets during 2012. See "Note 5 Dispositions" of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

*Net Loss/Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interest*

Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest for the six months ended June 30, 2012 represents our partners' joint venture interests in 39 MOBs and seniors housing communities, ten of which we acquired in connection with the Cogdell acquisition and 23 of which we acquired in connection with the NHP acquisition. Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest for the six months ended June 30, 2011 represented our partners' joint venture interests in six MOBs.

**Non-GAAP Financial Measures**

We believe that net income, as defined by GAAP, is the most appropriate earnings measurement. However, we consider certain non-GAAP financial measures to be useful supplemental measures of our operating performance. A non-GAAP financial measure is generally defined as one that purports to measure historical or future financial performance, financial position or cash flows, but excludes or includes amounts that would not be so adjusted in the most comparable GAAP measure. Set forth below are descriptions of the non-GAAP financial measures we consider relevant to our business and useful to investors, as well as reconciliations of these measures to our most directly comparable GAAP financial measures.

The non-GAAP financial measures we present herein are not necessarily identical to those presented by other real estate companies due to the fact that not all real estate companies use the same definitions. These measures should not be considered as alternatives to net income (determined in accordance with GAAP) as indicators of our financial performance or as alternatives to cash flow from operating activities (determined in accordance with GAAP) as measures of our liquidity, nor are these measures necessarily indicative of sufficient cash flow to fund all of our needs. We believe that in order to facilitate a clear understanding of our consolidated historical operating results, these measures should be examined in conjunction with net income as presented in our Consolidated Financial Statements and other financial data included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

***Funds From Operations and Normalized Funds From Operations***

Historical cost accounting for real estate assets implicitly assumes that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. Since real estate values, instead, have historically risen or fallen with market conditions, many industry investors have considered presentations of operating results for

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real estate companies that use historical cost accounting to be insufficient by themselves. To overcome this problem, we consider Funds From Operations ("FFO") and normalized FFO appropriate measures of operating performance of an equity REIT. Moreover, we believe that normalized FFO provides useful information because it allows investors, analysts and our management to compare our operating performance to the operating performance of other real estate companies and between periods on a consistent basis without having to account for differences caused by unanticipated items and other events such as transactions and litigation. We use the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") definition of FFO. NAREIT defines FFO as net income (computed in accordance with GAAP), excluding gains (or losses) from sales of real estate property and impairment write-downs of depreciable real estate, plus real estate depreciation and amortization, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. Adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures will be calculated to reflect FFO on the same basis. We define normalized FFO as FFO excluding the following income and expense items (which may be recurring in nature): (a) gains and losses on the sales of real property assets; (b) merger-related costs and expenses, including amortization of intangibles and transition and integration expenses, and deal costs and expenses, including expenses and recoveries relating to our lawsuit against HCP; (c) the impact of any expenses related to asset impairment and valuation allowances, the write-off of unamortized deferred financing fees, or additional costs, expenses, discounts, make-whole payments, penalties or premiums incurred as a result of early retirement or payment of our debt; (d) the non-cash effect of income tax benefits or expenses; (e) the impact of future acquisitions or divestitures (including pursuant to tenant options to purchase) and capital transactions; (f) the financial impact of contingent consideration; (g) charitable donations made to the Ventas Charitable Foundation; and (h) gains and losses for non-operational foreign currency hedge agreements and changes in the fair value of financial instruments.

Our FFO and normalized FFO for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 are summarized in the following table.

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	(In thousands)			
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 74,025	\$ 19,676	\$ 164,651	\$ 68,660
Adjustments:				
Real estate depreciation and amortization	188,348	78,926	349,702	128,901
Real estate depreciation related to noncontrolling interest	(2,336)	(210)	(3,847)	(414)
Real estate depreciation related to unconsolidated entities	2,131	931	4,306	1,966
Discontinued operations:				
Gain on real estate dispositions, net	(38,558)		(78,791)	
Depreciation on real estate assets	12,420	1,246	14,800	2,444
<b>FFO</b>	<b>236,030</b>	<b>100,569</b>	<b>450,821</b>	<b>201,557</b>
Adjustments:				
Merger-related expenses and deal costs	36,668	55,807	44,649	62,256
Amortization of other intangibles	255	255	511	511
Loss on extinguishment of debt	9,989	6	39,533	16,526
Income tax (benefit) expense	(5,166)	(6,209)	6,139	(9,406)
Change in fair value of financial instruments	60	(8,887)	93	(8,887)
<b>Normalized FFO</b>	<b>\$ 277,836</b>	<b>\$ 141,541</b>	<b>\$ 541,746</b>	<b>\$ 262,557</b>



Table of Contents**Adjusted EBITDA**

We consider Adjusted EBITDA an important supplemental measure to net income because it provides additional information with which to evaluate the performance of our operations and serves as another indication of our ability to service debt. We define Adjusted EBITDA as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (including non-cash stock-based compensation expense), excluding loss on extinguishment of debt, net litigation proceeds, merger-related expenses and deal costs, gains or losses on sales of real property assets and changes in the fair value of financial instruments (including amounts in discontinued operations). The following is a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income (including amounts in discontinued operations) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	(In thousands)			
Net income	\$ 73,736	\$ 19,734	\$ 163,828	\$ 68,780
Adjustments:				
Interest (including amounts in discontinued operations)	76,265	53,732	147,915	96,290
Taxes (including amounts in general, administrative and professional fees) (including amounts in discontinued operations)	(4,290)	(5,892)	8,001	(8,821)
Depreciation and amortization (including amounts in discontinued operations)	201,769	80,755	366,405	132,514
Non-cash stock-based compensation expense	6,252	4,352	11,086	8,368
Loss on extinguishment of debt	9,989	6	39,533	16,526
Merger-related expenses and deal costs	36,668	55,807	44,649	62,256
Gain on real estate dispositions, net	(38,558)		(78,791)	
Changes in fair value of financial instruments	60	(8,887)	93	(8,887)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 361,891	\$ 199,607	\$ 702,719	\$ 367,026

**NOI**

We consider NOI an important supplemental measure to net income because it allows investors, analysts and our management to measure unlevered property-level operating results and to compare our operating results to the operating results of other real estate companies and between periods on a consistent basis. We define NOI as total revenues, less interest and other income, property-level operating expenses and medical office building services costs (including amounts in discontinued

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operations). The following is a reconciliation of NOI to net income (including amounts in discontinued operations) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	(In thousands)			
Net income	\$ 73,736	\$ 19,734	\$ 163,828	\$ 68,780
Adjustments:				
Interest and other income (including amounts in discontinued operations)	(3,067)	(78)	(4,936)	(156)
Interest (including amounts in discontinued operations)	76,265	53,732	147,915	96,290
Depreciation and amortization (including amounts in discontinued operations)	201,769	80,755	366,405	132,514
General, administrative and professional fees (including amounts in discontinued operations)	26,712	15,554	48,913	30,386
Loss on extinguishment of debt	9,989	6	39,533	16,526
Merger-related expenses and deal costs	36,668	55,807	44,649	62,256
Other (including amounts in discontinued operations)	2,160	(7,773)	4,316	(7,772)
(Income) loss from unconsolidated entities	(514)	83	(831)	253
Income tax (benefit) expense (including amounts in discontinued operations)	(5,166)	(6,209)	6,139	(9,406)
Gain on real estate dispositions, net	(38,558)		(78,791)	
<b>NOI (including amounts in discontinued operations)</b>	<b>379,994</b>	<b>211,611</b>	<b>737,140</b>	<b>389,671</b>
Less:				
Discontinued operations	(4,844)	(4,309)	(10,466)	(8,291)
<b>NOI (excluding amounts in discontinued operations)</b>	<b>\$ 375,150</b>	<b>\$ 207,302</b>	<b>\$ 726,674</b>	<b>\$ 381,380</b>

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

As of June 30, 2012, we had a total of \$52.8 million of unrestricted cash and cash equivalents, operating cash and cash related to our senior living operations and MOB operations reportable business segments that is deposited and held in property-level accounts. Funds maintained in the property-level accounts are used primarily for the payment of property-level expenses, debt service payments and certain capital expenditures. As of June 30, 2012, we also had escrow deposits and restricted cash of \$114.9 million (including \$38.9 million held in an Internal Revenue Code Section 1031 exchange escrow account) and \$1.63 billion of unused borrowing capacity available under our unsecured revolving credit facility.

During the six months ended June 30, 2012, our principal sources of liquidity were proceeds from issuances of debt and equity, cash flows from operations, proceeds from repayments of our loans receivable, proceeds from sales of assets and cash on hand.

For the remainder of 2012, our principal liquidity needs are to: (i) fund operating expenses; (ii) meet our debt service requirements; (iii) repay maturing mortgage and other debt; (iv) fund capital expenditures primarily for our senior living and MOB operations reportable business segments; (v) fund acquisitions, investments and commitments, including development activities; and (vi) make distributions to our stockholders and unitholders, as required for us to continue to qualify as a REIT. We believe that these liquidity needs generally will be satisfied by cash flows from operations, cash on hand, debt assumptions and financings, issuances of debt and equity securities, proceeds from sales of assets, loan repayments and borrowings under our unsecured revolving credit facility. However, if any of these sources of capital is unavailable to us or is not available at an acceptable cost or if we engage in significant acquisition or investment activity, we may seek or require additional funding from debt

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assumptions and financings (including secured financings), dispositions of assets (in whole or in part through joint venture arrangements with third parties) and/or the issuance of secured or unsecured long-term debt or other securities.

***Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility***

We have \$2.0 billion of aggregate borrowing capacity under our unsecured revolving credit facility, which may be increased to up to \$2.5 billion at our option, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, and includes sublimits of (a) up to \$200 million for letters of credit, (b) up to \$200 million for swingline loans, (c) up to \$250 million for loans in certain alternative currencies, and (d) up to 50% of the facility for certain negotiated rate loans. Borrowings under our unsecured revolving credit facility bear interest at a fluctuating rate per annum (based on the applicable LIBOR for Eurocurrency rate loans and the higher of (i) the federal funds rate plus 0.50%, (ii) the administrative agent's prime rate and (iii) the applicable LIBOR plus 1.0% for base rate loans, plus, in each case, a spread based on our senior unsecured long-term debt ratings). We also pay a facility fee ranging from 15 to 45 basis points per annum (based on our senior unsecured long-term debt ratings) on the aggregate revolving commitments under our unsecured revolving credit facility. At June 30, 2012, the applicable spread was 110 basis points for Eurocurrency rate loans and 10 basis points for base rate loans and the facility fee was 17.5 basis points. Borrowings under our unsecured revolving credit facility mature on October 16, 2015, but may be extended for an additional period of one year at our option, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions.

***Equity Offerings***

In June 2012, we completed the sale of 5,980,000 shares of our common stock in an underwritten public offering pursuant to our existing shelf registration statement. We received \$342.5 million in aggregate proceeds from the sale, which we used to repay indebtedness outstanding under our unsecured revolving credit facility and for working capital and other general corporate purposes.

***Senior Notes***

In February 2012, we issued and sold \$600.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.25% senior notes due 2022 at a public offering price equal to 99.214% of par, for total proceeds of \$595.3 million before the underwriting discount and expenses.

In March 2012, we redeemed all \$200.0 million principal amount outstanding of our 6<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>% senior notes due 2016 at a redemption price equal to 103.25% of par, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date, pursuant to the call option contained in the indenture governing the notes. As a result, we paid a total of \$206.5 million, plus accrued and unpaid interest, on the redemption date and recognized a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$29.7 million during the first quarter of 2012.

In April 2012, we issued and sold \$600.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.00% senior notes due 2019 at a public offering price equal to 99.489% of par, for total proceeds of \$596.9 million before the underwriting discount and expenses.

In May 2012, we repaid in full, at par, \$82.4 million principal amount then outstanding of our 9% senior notes due 2012 upon maturity.

Also in May 2012, we redeemed all \$225.0 million principal amount outstanding of our 6<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>% senior notes due 2017 at a redemption price equal to 103.375% of par, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date, pursuant to the terms of the indenture governing the notes. As a result, we paid a total of \$232.6 million, plus accrued and unpaid interest, on the redemption date and recognized a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$10.0 million during the second quarter of 2012.

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In July 2012, we repaid in full, at par, \$73.0 million principal amount then outstanding of NHP LLC's 8<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>% senior notes due 2012, which had an effective interest rate of 1.6%, upon maturity.

### *Cash Flows*

The following table sets forth our sources and uses of cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011:

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,		Increase (Decrease) to Cash	
	2012	2011	\$	%
	(Dollars in thousands)			
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	\$ 45,807	\$ 21,812	\$ 23,995	>100%
Net cash provided by operating activities	460,808	186,300	274,508	>100
Net cash used in investing activities	(975,051)	(744,606)	(230,445)	30.9
Net cash provided by financing activities	521,221	563,095	(41,874)	(7.4)
Effect of foreign currency translation on cash and cash equivalents	18	101	(83)	(82.2)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 52,803	\$ 26,702	\$ 26,101	97.7%

#### *Cash Flows from Operating Activities*

Cash flows from operating activities increased during the six months ended June 30, 2012 over the same period in 2011 primarily due to the ASLG, NHP and Cogdell acquisitions, higher NOI from our senior living and MOB operations reportable business segments and rent escalations related to our triple-net leased properties, partially offset by increased general, administrative and professional fees due to our enterprise growth and interest expense due to higher debt balances, offset by lower weighted average interest rates.

#### *Cash Flows from Investing Activities*

Cash used in investing activities (which excludes disbursements of \$134.0 million from an Internal Revenue Code Section 1031 exchange escrow account for 2012 acquisitions) during the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 consisted primarily of purchase of noncontrolling interest (\$3.9 million and \$3.3 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively), net investment in real estate property (\$899.4 million and \$264.5 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively), investments in loans receivable (\$27.3 million and \$612.9 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively), development project expenditures (\$60.6 million and \$5.7 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively) and capital expenditures (\$23.8 million and \$13.5 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively). These uses were offset by proceeds from real estate dispositions that were not deposited into an Internal Revenue Code Section 1031 exchange escrow account (\$8.8 million in 2012), proceeds from loans receivable (\$33.2 million and \$132.4 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively) and proceeds from the sale of marketable securities (\$23.1 million in 2011). We deposited a majority of the proceeds from our real estate dispositions during the six months ended June 30, 2012 in an Internal Revenue Code Section 1031 exchange escrow account with a qualified intermediary, and as of June 30, 2012, we had used approximately \$134.0 million of the deposited proceeds for our MOB and seniors housing community acquisitions.

#### *Cash Flows from Financing Activities*

Cash provided by financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 consisted primarily of net proceeds from the issuance of debt (\$1.27 billion and \$704.1 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively), net proceeds from the issuance of common stock (\$342.5 million and \$299.9 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively) and net borrowings under our unsecured revolving credit

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facilities (\$99.5 million in 2011), partially offset by debt repayments (\$645.7 million and \$337.4 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively), net repayments on our unsecured revolving credit facility (\$88.7 million in 2012) and cash dividend payments to common stockholders (\$362.0 million and \$201.9 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively).

***Capital Expenditures***

The terms of our triple-net leases generally obligate our tenants to pay capital expenditures necessary to maintain and improve our triple-net leased properties. From time to time, however, we may fund capital expenditures for our triple-net leased properties through loans to the tenants or advances, some of which may increase the amount of rent payable to us with respect to the properties. After the terms of our triple-net leases expire, or in the event that the tenants are unable or unwilling to meet their obligations under those leases, we would expect to fund any capital expenditures for which we may become responsible with cash flows from operations or through additional borrowings.

With respect to our senior living and MOB operations reportable business segments, we expect that capital expenditures will be funded by the cash flows from the properties or through additional borrowings. To the extent that unanticipated expenditures or significant borrowings are required, our liquidity may be affected adversely. Our ability to borrow additional funds may be restricted in certain circumstances by the terms of the instruments governing our outstanding indebtedness.

We have obligations under certain agreements to develop healthcare real estate properties. The construction of these properties is funded through capital provided by us and, in some circumstances, our joint venture partners. As of June 30, 2012, four seniors housing communities, three MOBs and one hospital were in various stages of development pursuant to these agreements. Through June 30, 2012, we have funded \$112.0 million toward these development projects, and our total commitment to these projects is estimated to be between \$190.0 million and \$210.0 million over the projected development period.

Table of Contents**ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

The following discussion of our exposure to various market risks contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. These projected results have been prepared utilizing certain assumptions considered reasonable in light of information currently available to us. Nevertheless, because of the inherent unpredictability of interest rates as well as other factors, actual results could differ materially from those projected in such forward-looking information.

We are exposed to market risk related to changes in interest rates on borrowings under our unsecured revolving credit facility and unsecured term loan facility, certain of our mortgage loans that are floating rate obligations, mortgage loans receivable and marketable debt securities. These market risks result primarily from changes in LIBOR rates or prime rates. We continuously monitor our level of floating rate debt with respect to total debt and other factors, including our assessment of the current and future economic environment.

For fixed rate debt, interest rate fluctuations generally affect the fair value, but do not impact our earnings or cash flows. Therefore, interest rate risk does not have a significant impact on our fixed rate debt obligations until such obligations mature or we elect to prepay and refinance them. If interest rates have risen at the time our fixed rate debt matures or is refinanced, our future earnings and cash flows could be adversely affected by additional borrowing costs. Conversely, lower interest rates at the time of maturity or refinancing may lower our overall borrowing costs.

To highlight the sensitivity of our fixed rate debt to changes in interest rates, the following summary shows the effects of a hypothetical instantaneous change of 100 basis points ("BPS") in interest rates as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011:

	As of June 30, 2012	As of December 31, 2011
	(In thousands)	
Gross book value	\$ 5,786,763	\$ 4,984,743
Fair value(1)	6,198,701	5,439,222
Fair value reflecting change in interest rates:(1)		
-100 BPS	6,433,339	5,401,585
+100 BPS	5,943,155	4,963,413

- (1) The change in fair value of our fixed rate debt was due primarily to the overall change in interest rates and a net increase in the aggregate principal amount of our outstanding senior notes.

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The table below sets forth certain information with respect to our debt, excluding premiums, discounts and capital lease obligations.

	As of June 30, 2012	As of December 31, 2011	As of June 30, 2011
(Dollars in thousands)			
<b>Balance:</b>			
Fixed rate:			
Senior notes and other	\$ 3,152,593	\$ 2,460,026	\$ 2,237,433
Mortgage loans and other(1)	2,528,790	2,357,268	1,873,164
Variable rate:			
Unsecured revolving credit facilities	366,991	455,578	139,500
Unsecured term loan facility	502,378	501,875	
Mortgage loans and other(1)	409,967	405,696	371,277
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 6,960,719</b>	<b>\$ 6,180,443</b>	<b>\$ 4,621,374</b>
<b>Percent of total debt:</b>			
Fixed rate:			
Senior notes and other	45.3%	39.8%	48.4%
Mortgage loans and other(1)	36.3%	38.1%	40.6%
Variable rate:			
Unsecured revolving credit facilities	5.3%	7.4%	3.0%
Unsecured term loan facility	7.2%	8.1%	0.0%
Mortgage loans and other(1)	5.9%	6.6%	8.0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
<b>Weighted average interest rate at end of period:</b>			
Fixed rate:			
Senior notes and other	4.6%	5.3%	5.0%
Mortgage loans and other(1)	6.1%	6.1%	6.2%
Variable rate:			
Unsecured revolving credit facilities	1.4%	1.4%	2.5%
Unsecured term loan facility	1.7%	1.8%	N/A
Mortgage loans and other(1)	1.9%	2.0%	2.0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>4.6%</b>	<b>4.8%</b>	<b>5.2%</b>

(1)

Excludes debt related to real estate assets classified as held for sale as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. The total mortgage debt for these properties as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011 was \$23.6 million and \$14.6 million, respectively. No assets were classified as held for sale as of June 30, 2011.

The variable rate debt in the table above reflects, in part, the effect of \$167.2 million notional amount of interest rate swaps with a maturity of February 1, 2013 that effectively convert fixed rate debt to variable rate debt. In addition, the fixed rate debt in the table above reflects, in part, the effect of \$62.0 million notional amount of interest rate swaps with maturities ranging from March 2, 2015 to April 1, 2019 that effectively convert variable rate debt to fixed rate debt. The decrease in our outstanding variable rate debt from December 31, 2011 is primarily attributable to the repayment of borrowings outstanding under our unsecured revolving credit facility during the first six months of 2012. Pursuant to the terms of certain leases with one of our tenants, if interest rates increase on certain variable rate debt that we have totaling \$80.0 million as of June 30, 2012, our tenant is required to pay us additional rent (on a dollar-for-dollar basis) in an amount equal to the increase in interest expense resulting from the increased interest rates. Therefore, the increase in interest expense related to this

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debt is equally offset by an increase in additional rent due to us from the tenant. Assuming a 100 basis point increase in the weighted average interest rate related to our variable rate debt, and assuming no change in our variable rate debt outstanding as of June 30, 2012, interest expense for 2012 would increase by approximately \$11.9 million, or \$0.04 per diluted common share. The fair value of our fixed and variable rate debt is based on current interest rates at which we could obtain similar borrowings.

As of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, our joint venture and/or operating partners' share of total debt was \$165.7 million and \$103.1 million, respectively, with respect to certain properties we owned through consolidated joint ventures and an operating partnership. Total debt does not include our portion of debt related to investments in unconsolidated entities, which was \$126.2 million and \$131.5 million as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively.

We earn interest from investments in marketable debt securities on a fixed rate basis. We record these investments as available-for-sale at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses recorded as a component of other comprehensive income. Interest rate fluctuations and market conditions will cause the fair value of these investments to change. As of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, the aggregate fair value of our marketable debt securities held at June 30, 2012, which had an aggregate original cost of \$37.8 million, was \$43.2 million and \$43.3 million, respectively.

As of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, the fair value of our secured and unsecured loans receivable, based on our estimates of currently prevailing rates for comparable loans, was \$279.3 million and \$281.5 million, respectively.

We are subject to fluctuations in U.S. and Canadian exchange rates that may, from time to time, affect our financial condition and results of operations. Increases or decreases in the value of the Canadian dollar impact the amount of net income we earn from our twelve seniors housing communities in Canada. Based solely on our results for the six months ended June 30, 2012, if the Canadian dollar exchange rate were to increase or decrease by \$0.10, our net income from these communities would decrease or increase, as applicable, by less than \$0.1 million for the six-month period. If we increase our international presence through investments in, or acquisitions or development of, seniors housing or healthcare assets outside the United States, we may also decide to transact additional business or borrow funds under our unsecured revolving credit facility in currencies other than U.S. or Canadian dollars. Although we may decide to pursue hedging alternatives (including additional borrowings in local currencies) to protect against foreign currency fluctuations, we cannot provide any assurance that any such fluctuations will not have a Material Adverse Effect on us.

We may engage in hedging strategies to manage our exposure to market risks in the future, depending on an analysis of the interest rate and foreign currency exchange rate environments and the costs and risks of such strategies. However, we do not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

#### **ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

##### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

As required by Rules 13a-15(b) and 15d-15(b) of the Exchange Act, our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2012. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) were effective as of June 30, 2012, at the reasonable assurance level.



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**Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

On April 2, 2012, we acquired publicly traded Cogdell in an all-cash transaction. We believe that we have implemented adequate procedures and controls to ensure that, during the initial transition period following this acquisition, which includes the remainder of 2012, financial information pertaining to the Cogdell properties and property management business is materially correct and properly reflected in our Consolidated Financial Statements. However, we cannot provide absolute assurance that such information is materially correct in all respects.

Except as described above, during the second quarter of 2012, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Table of Contents**PART II OTHER INFORMATION****ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

The information contained in "Note 11 Litigation" of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q is incorporated by reference into this Item 1. Except as set forth therein, there have been no new material legal proceedings and no material developments in the legal proceedings reported in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

**ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS**

The table below summarizes repurchases of our common stock made during the three months ended June 30, 2012:

	Number of Shares Repurchased(1)	Average Price Per Share
April 1 through April 30	864	\$ 56.55
May 1 through May 31	5,829	\$ 58.82
June 1 through June 30	4,463	\$ 58.82

- (1) Repurchases represent shares withheld to pay (i) taxes on the vesting of restricted stock or restricted stock units or on the exercise of options granted to employees under our 2006 Incentive Plan or under the NHP 2005 Performance Incentive Plan and assumed by us in connection with our acquisition of NHP or (ii) the exercise price of options granted to employees under the NHP 2005 Performance Incentive Plan and assumed by us in connection with our acquisition of NHP. The value of the shares withheld is the closing price of our common stock on the date the vesting or exercise occurred (or, if not a trading day, the immediately preceding trading day) or the fair market value of our common stock at the time of exercise, as the case may be.

Table of Contents**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**

<b>Exhibit Number</b>	<b>Description of Document</b>	<b>Location of Document</b>
10.1	Ventas, Inc. 2012 Incentive Plan.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on May 23, 2012.
12.1	Statement Regarding Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges.	Filed herewith.
31.1	Certification of Debra A. Cafaro, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.	Filed herewith.
31.2	Certification of Richard A. Schweinhart, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.	Filed herewith.
32.1	Certification of Debra A. Cafaro, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and 18 U.S.C. § 1350.	Filed herewith.
32.2	Certification of Richard A. Schweinhart, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and 18 U.S.C. § 1350.	Filed herewith.
101	Interactive Data File.	Filed herewith.



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