RITE AID CORP Form 10-Q July 06, 2010

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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

ý QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended May 29, 2010

OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to Commission File Number: 1-5742

RITE AID CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

23-1614034

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

30 Hunter Lane, Camp Hill, Pennsylvania

17011

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (717) 761-2633.

(Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year, if Changed Since Last Report):

Not Applicable

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months, and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ý No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes o No o

Indicate by check whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See the definition of "Accelerated Filer" and "Large Accelerated Filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ý Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No ý

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

The registrant had 886,819,676 shares of its \$1.00 par value common stock outstanding as of June 29, 2010.

RITE AID CORPORATION

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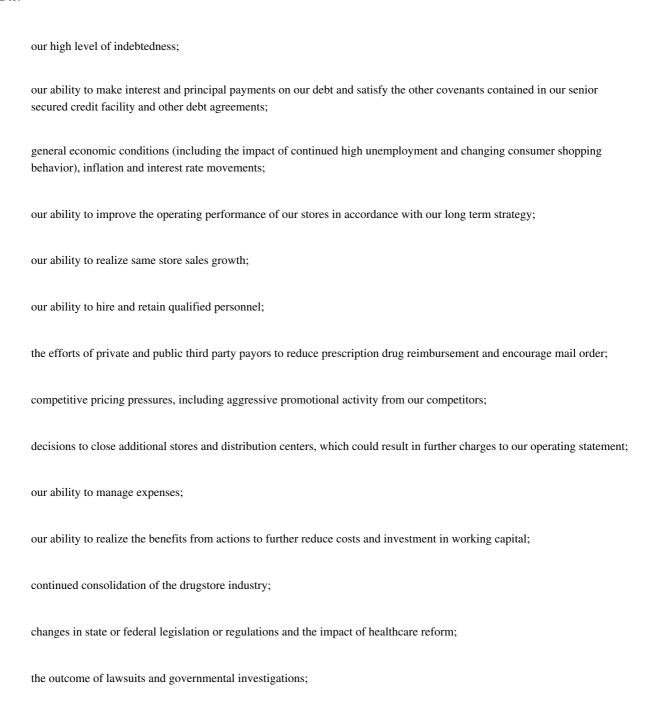
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CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report, as well as our other public filings or public statements, includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements are identified by terms and phrases such as "anticipate," "believe," "intend," "estimate," "expect," "continue," "should," "could," "may," "plan," "project," "predict," "will" and similar expressions and include references to assumptions and relate to our future prospects, developments and business strategies.

Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to:



our ability to maintain the listing of our common stock on the New York Stock Exchange, and the resulting impact on our indebtedness, results of operations and financial condition; and

other risks and uncertainties described from time to time in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("the SEC").

We undertake no obligation to update or revise the forward-looking statements included in this report, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, after the date of this report. Our actual results, performance or achievements could differ materially from the results expressed in, or implied by, these forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences are discussed in the section entitled "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included herein and included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 27, 2010 ("the Fiscal 2010 10-K"), which we filed with the SEC on April 28, 2010. This document is available on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Financial Statements

RITE AID CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

		May 29, 2010	F	ebruary 27, 2010
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	327,882	\$	103,594
Accounts receivable, net		1,012,640		955,502
Inventories, net of LIFO reserve				
of \$851,641 and \$831,113		3,175,936		3,238,644
Prepaid expenses and other				
current assets		91,036		210,928
Total current assets		4,607,494		4,508,668
Property, plant and equipment, net		2,235,224		2,293,153
Other intangibles, net		781,338		823,088
Other assets		420,066		425,002
Total assets	\$	8,044,122	\$	8,049,911
Total assets	Ψ	0,0 : :,122	Ψ	0,0 1,5,5 11
LIABILITIES AND				
STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT				
Current liabilities:				
Current maturities of long-term				
debt and lease financing				
obligations	\$	33,740	\$	51,502
Accounts payable	Ψ	1,275,907	Ψ	1,159,069
Accrued salaries, wages and other		1,273,707		1,137,007
current liabilities		1,036,033		965,121
current natimites		1,030,033		703,121
Total current liabilities		2 245 690		2 175 602
		2,345,680		2,175,692
Long-term debt, less current maturities		6 104 760		6,185,633
Lease financing obligations, less		6,104,769		0,165,055
current maturities		130,736		133,764
Other noncurrent liabilities		1,203,903		,
Other holicultent habilities		1,203,903		1,228,373
Tr. (11' 1'1')		0.705.000		0.702.462
Total liabilities		9,785,088		9,723,462
Commitments and contingencies				
Stockholders' deficit:				
Preferred stock series G, par value		1		1
\$1 per share, liquidation value				

\$100 per share; 2,000 shares authorized; shares issued .006 and ..006

006				
Preferred stock series H, par value				
\$1 per share, liquidation value				
\$100 per share; 2,000 shares				
authorized; shares issued 1,546				
and 1,523		154,589		152,304
Common stock, par value \$1 per				
share; 1,500,000 authorized;				
shares issued and outstanding				
887,682 and 887,636		887,682		887,636
Additional paid-in capital		4,280,415		4,277,200
Accumulated deficit		(7,033,056)		(6,959,372)
Accumulated other comprehensive				
loss		(30,597)		(31,320)
Total stockholders' deficit		(1,740,966)		(1,673,551)
		(=,: :=,:==)		(-,,)
Total liabilities and stockholders'				
deficit	\$	8,044,122	\$	8,049,911
deficit	Ψ	0,077,122	Ψ	0,077,711

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

RITE AID CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

	Thirteen Week Period Ended May 29, May 30, 2010 2009			
Revenues	\$	6,394,336	\$	6,531,178
Costs and expenses:				
Cost of goods sold		4,682,632		4,757,112
Selling, general and administrative expenses		1,622,934		1,710,672
Lease termination and impairment charges		13,457		66,986
Interest expense		141,619		109,478
Loss (gain) on sale of assets, net		237		(19,951)
		6,460,879		6,624,297
Loss before income taxes		(66,543)		(93,119)
Income tax expense		7,141		5,327
Net loss	\$	(73,684)	\$	(98,446)
Computation of loss attributable to common stockholders:	·	, , ,		
Net loss	\$	(73,684)	\$	(98,446)
Accretion of redeemable preferred stock		(25)		(25)
Cumulative preferred stock dividends		(2,285)		
Loss attributable to common stockholders basic and diluted	\$	(75,994)	\$	(98,471)
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$	(0.09)	\$	(0.11)

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

RITE AID CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

(unaudited)

	Thirteen Week Po May 29, 2010	eriod Ended May 30, 2009
Operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (73,684) \$	(98,446)
Adjustments to reconcile to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	127,500	138,238
Lease termination and impairment charges	13,457	66,986
LIFO charges	20,528	14,770
Loss (gain) on sale of assets, net	237	(19,951)
Stock-based compensation expense	5,485	6,417
Proceeds from insured loss	2,122	1,317
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		1,017
Net payments to accounts receivable		
securitization		(30,000)
Accounts receivable	(57,153)	(54,282)
Inventories	42,119	137,975
Accounts payable	271,173	53,166
Other assets and liabilities, net	169,905	141,408
Net cash provided by operating activities	519,567	357,598
Investing activities:		
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(35,212)	(42,304)
Intangible assets acquired	(5,377)	(1,965)
Proceeds from dispositions of assets and investments	4,030	28,820
Net cash used in investing activities	(36,559)	(15,449)
Financing activities:		
Net payments to revolver	(80,000)	(303,000)
Principal payments on long-term debt	(25,804)	(7,492)
Change in zero balance cash accounts	(153,009)	(47,233)
Net proceeds from issuance of common stock	93	(17,200)
Net cash used in financing activities	(258,720)	(357,725)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	224,288	(15,576)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	103,594	152,035
Cash and cash equivalents, organising of period	103,371	132,033
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 327,882 \$	136,459
Supplementary cash flow data:		
Cash paid for interest (net of capitalized amounts of		
\$173 and \$99, respectively)	\$ 77,133 \$	73,242

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Cash payments of income taxes, net of refunds	\$ 1,314	\$ 578
Equipment financed under capital leases	\$	\$ 152
Equipment received for noncash consideration	\$ 2,028	\$ 819
Reduction in lease financing obligation	\$	\$ 13,161
Preferred stock dividends paid in additional shares	\$ 2,285	\$
Gross borrowings from revolver	\$ 46,000	\$ 881,000
Gross repayments to revolver	\$ 126,000	\$ 1,184,000

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009

(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X and therefore do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete annual financial statements. The accompanying financial information reflects all adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods. The results of operations for the thirteen week period ended May 29, 2010 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Fiscal 2010 10-K.

2. Loss Per Share

Basic loss per share is computed by dividing loss available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period. Diluted loss per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock or resulted in the issuance of common stock that then shared in the income of the Company subject to anti-dilution limitations.

		Thirteen Week Period Ended			
]	May 29, 2010		May 30, 2009
Numerator	for loss per share:				
Net loss		\$	(73,684)	\$	(98,446)
Accretion	n of redeemable preferred stock		(25)		(25)
Cumulati	ve preferred stock dividends		(2,285)		
Loss attr	butable to common stockholders, basic and diluted	\$	(75,994)	\$	(98,471)
Denominat	or:				
Basic and	d diluted weighted average shares		881,732		879,633
Basic and	d diluted loss per share	\$	(0.09)	\$	(0.11)
		6			

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009

(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

2. Loss Per Share (Continued)

Due to their antidilutive effect, the following potential common shares have been excluded from the computation of diluted loss per share as of May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009:

	Thirteen Week Period Ended			
	May 29, 2010	May 30, 2009		
Stock options	75,089	69,686		
Convertible preferred stock	28,107	26,091		
Convertible debt	61,045	61,045		
	164.241	156.822		

Also excluded from the computation of diluted loss per share as of May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009 are restricted shares of 5,886 and 6,090 which are included in shares outstanding.

3. Lease Termination and Impairment Charges

Lease termination and impairment charges consist of:

	Thirteen Week Period Ended			
		lay 29, 2010		1ay 30, 2009
Impairment charges	\$	1,134	\$	3,484
Facility and equipment lease exit charges		12,323		63,502
	\$	13,457	\$	66,986

Impairment Charges

Impairment charges include non-cash charges of \$1,134 and \$3,484 for the thirteen week periods ended May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009, for the impairment of long-lived assets at 16 and 23 stores, respectively. These amounts include the write-down of long-lived assets at stores that were assessed for impairment because of management's intention to relocate or close the store or because of changes in circumstances that indicate the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable.

Facility and Equipment Lease Exit Charges

During the thirteen week periods ended May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009, the Company recorded charges for 8 and 64 stores, respectively, closed or relocated under long-term leases. Charges to close a store, which principally consist of lease termination costs, are recorded at the time the store is closed and all inventory is liquidated. The Company calculates the liability for closed stores on a store-by-store basis. The calculation includes the discounted effect of future minimum lease payments and related ancillary costs, from the date of closure to the end of the remaining lease term, net of estimated cost

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009

(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

3. Lease Termination and Impairment Charges (Continued)

recoveries that may be achieved through subletting properties or through favorable lease terminations. The Company evaluates these assumptions each quarter and adjusts the liability accordingly.

As part of our ongoing business activities, the Company assesses stores for potential closure. Decisions to close stores in future periods would result in charges for store lease exit costs and liquidation of inventory, as well as impairment of assets at these stores. The following table reflects the closed store charges that relate to new closures, changes in assumptions and interest accretion:

	Thirteen Week			
	Period Ended			led
]	May 29, 2010]	May 30, 2009
Balance beginning of period	\$	412,654	\$	381,411
Provision for present value of noncancellable lease payments of closed stores		5,492		53,162
Changes in assumptions about future sublease income, terminations and changes in interest rates		857		9,464
Interest accretion		6,855		5,478
Cash payments, net of sublease income		(27,607)		(23,459)
Balance end of period	\$	398.251	\$	426.056

The Company's revenues and loss before income taxes for the thirteen week periods ended May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009 include results from stores that have been closed or are planned to be closed as of May 29, 2010. The revenue and operating losses of these stores for the periods are presented as follows:

TT1 - 4 XX7 1

	Thirteen Week				
	Period Ended				
	May 29,	May 30,			
	2010	2009			
Revenues	\$ 27,788	\$ 116,603			
(Loss) income from operations	(4,016	2,555			

Included in these stores' (loss) income from operations are:

Depreciation and amortization	346	2,056
Inventory liquidation charges	493	3,207
Gain from sales of assets	(1,052)	(22,664)

The above results are not necessarily indicative of the impact that these closures will have on revenues and operating results of the Company in the future, as the Company often transfers the business of a closed store to another Company store, thereby retaining a portion of these revenues. The income or loss from operations does not include any allocation of corporate level overhead costs.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009

(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

3. Lease Termination and Impairment Charges (Continued)

The Company prioritizes inputs used in measuring the fair value of its nonfinancial assets and liabilities into a hierarchy of three levels: Level 1 quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; Level 2 inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are either directly or indirectly observable; and Level 3 unobservable inputs in which little or no market activity exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing.

Long-lived assets are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis for purposes of calculating impairment using Level 3 inputs as defined in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of long-lived assets is determined by estimating the amount and timing of net future cash flows and discounting them using a risk-adjusted rate of interest. The Company estimates future cash flows based on its experience and knowledge of the market in which the store is located.

The table below sets forth by level within the fair value hierarchy the long-lived assets as of the impairment measurement date for which an impairment assessment was performed and total losses for the thirteen week periods ended May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009, respectively.

Quoted

	Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservabl Inputs (Level 3)	le	ir Values as of pairment Date	Tł perio	al Losses nirteen week od ended 29, 2010
Long-lived assets held and	(Ecrer 1)	(Ecter 2)	(Ecters)		Dute	1,1tty	25, 2010
used	\$	\$	\$ 28	2 \$	282	\$	(1,134)
Long-lived assets held for sale							
Total	\$	\$	\$ 28	2 \$	282	\$	(1,134)
	0 1						
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservab Inputs (Level 3)	le	air Values as of npairment Date	T per	tal Losses Chirteen week iod ended y 30, 2009
Long-lived assets held and	Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Unobservab Inputs (Level 3)	le In	as of npairment Date	per Ma	Thirteen week iod ended y 30, 2009
Long-lived assets held and used Long-lived assets held for sale	Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets	Other Observable Inputs	Unobservab Inputs	le In	as of npairment	per Ma	hirteen week iod ended

4. Income Taxes

The Company recorded an income tax expense from continuing operations of \$7,141 and \$5,327 for the thirteen week periods ended May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009, respectively. The income tax expense for the thirteen week period ended May 29, 2010 is primarily due to the need for an accrual of additional state taxes resulting from the receipt of a final audit determination. The income tax expense

RITE AID CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009

(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

4. Income Taxes (Continued)

for the thirteen week period ended May 30, 2009 is primarily attributable to the accrual of state and local taxes and adjustments to unrecognized tax benefits.

The Company is indemnified by Jean Coutu Group for certain tax liabilities incurred for all years ended up to and including June 4, 2007. Although the Company is indemnified by Jean Coutu Group, the Company remains the primary obligor to the tax authorities with respect to any tax liability arising for the years prior to the acquisition. Accordingly, as of May 29, 2010 the Company had a corresponding recoverable indemnification asset of \$148,266 from Jean Coutu Group, included in the 'Other Assets' line of the Consolidated Balance Sheets, to reflect the indemnification for such liabilities.

The Company files U.S. federal income tax returns as well as income tax returns in those states where it does business. The federal income tax returns are closed to examination by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) through fiscal 2005. However, any net operating losses that were generated in these prior closed years may be subject to examination by the IRS upon utilization. The IRS is currently examining the consolidated U.S. income tax return for Brooks Eckerd for fiscal years 2006 thru 2007. In fiscal 2010, the IRS completed the examination of the consolidated U.S. income tax return for Rite Aid Corporation and subsidiaries for fiscal year 2008 and issued a no change report. Additionally the IRS completed the examination of the consolidated U.S. income tax returns for Brooks Eckerd for the fiscal years 2004 and 2005. A revenue agent report (RAR) was received in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2010. The company is appealing these audit results. Management believes that the Company has adequately provided for any potential adverse results. Furthermore, the tax indemnification referenced above would reimburse the company for any assessment that may arise. State income tax returns are generally subject to examination for a period of three to five years after filing of the respective return. However, as a result of reporting IRS audit adjustments, the Company has statutes open in some states from fiscal 2003.

The valuation allowances as of May 29, 2010 and February 27, 2010 apply to the net deferred tax assets of the Company. The Company continues to maintain a full valuation allowance of \$2,004,056 and \$1,984,468 against net deferred tax assets at May 29, 2010 and February 27, 2010, respectively.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009

(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

5. Intangible Assets

The Company's intangible assets are finite-lived and amortized over their useful lives. Following is a summary of the Company's amortizable intangible assets as of May 29, 2010 and February 27, 2010.

		N	1ay 29, 2010	y 29, 2010 February 27, 2010								
	Gross Carrying Amount		ccumulated mortization	Remaining Weighted Average Amortization Period		Gross Carrying Amount		accumulated amortization	Remaining Weighted Average Amortization Period			
Favorable leases and												
other	\$ 656,649	\$	(317,128)	11 years	\$	658,590	\$	(305,791)	11 years			
Prescription files	1,207,929		(766,112)	6 years		1,204,348		(734,059)	6 years			
Total	\$ 1,864,578	\$	(1,083,240)		\$	1,862,938	\$	(1,039,850)				

Also included in other non-current liabilities as of May 29, 2010 and February 27, 2010 are unfavorable lease intangibles with a net carrying amount of \$104,202 and \$106,910 respectively. These intangible liabilities are amortized over their remaining lease terms.

Amortization expense for these intangible assets and liabilities was \$44,440 and \$48,928 for the thirteen week periods ended May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009, respectively. The anticipated annual amortization expense for these intangible assets and liabilities is 2011 \$166,887; 2012 \$133,519; 2013 \$108,339; 2014 \$82,707 and 2015 \$65,314.

RITE AID CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009

(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

6. Indebtedness and Credit Agreements

Following is a summary of indebtedness and lease financing obligations at May 29, 2010 and February 27, 2010:

	May 29, 2010	Fe	ebruary 27, 2010
Secured Debt:			
Senior secured revolving credit facility due September 2012		\$	80,000
Senior secured credit facility term loan due June 2014	1,079,102		1,085,663
Senior secured credit facility term loan due June 2014 (\$343,537 and \$345,625 face value less unamortized			
discount of \$24,155 and \$25,634)	319,382		319,991
Senior secured credit facility term loan due June 2015 (\$647,726 and \$650,000 face value less unamortized			
discount of \$14,288 and \$15,036)	633,438		634,964
9.75% senior secured notes (first lien) due June 2016 (\$410,000 face value less unamortized discount of			
\$6,428 and \$6,692)	403,572		403,308
10.375% senior secured notes (second lien) due July 2016 (\$470,000 face value less unamortized discount			
of \$34,099 and \$35,481)	435,901		434,519
7.5% senior secured notes (second lien) due March 2017	500,000		500,000
10.25% senior secured notes (second lien) due October 2019 (\$270,000 face value less unamortized			
discount of \$1,927 and \$1,978)	268,073		268,022
Other secured	2,391		2,316
	ŕ		ŕ
	3,641,859		3,728,783
Guaranteed Unsecured Debt:	3,041,037		3,720,703
8.625% senior notes due March 2015	500,000		500,000
9.375% senior notes due December 2015 (\$410,000 face value less unamortized discount of \$3,873 and	300,000		300,000
\$4,049)	406,127		405,951
9.5% senior notes due June 2017 (\$810,000 face value less unamortized discount of \$9,106 and \$9,431)	800,894		800,569
7.5 % selikit notes due 3 me 2017 (ϕ 010,000 face value less unamortized discount of ϕ 7,100 and ϕ 7,431)	000,074		000,507
	1 505 001		1.506.500
The state of the s	1,707,021		1,706,520
Unsecured Unguaranteed Debt:			11.115
8.125% notes due May 2010	< 0.4 %		11,117
9.25% senior notes due June 2013	6,015		6,015
6.875% senior debentures due August 2013	184,773		184,773
8.5% convertible notes due May 2015	158,000		158,000
7.7% notes due February 2027	295,000		295,000
6.875% fixed-rate senior notes due December 2028	128,000		128,000
	771,788		782,905
Lease financing obligations	148,577		152,691
Total debt	6,269,245		6,370,899
Current maturities of long-term debt and lease financing obligations	(33,740)		(51,502)
2	(55,710)		(01,002)
Long-term debt and lease financing obligations, less current maturities	\$ 6,235,505	\$	6,319,397

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009

(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

6. Indebtedness and Credit Agreements (Continued)

Credit Facility

The Company has a senior secured credit facility that includes a \$1,175,000 revolving credit facility. Borrowings under the revolving credit facility bear interest at LIBOR plus 4.25% (with a minimum LIBOR of 3.00%), if the Company chooses to make LIBOR borrowings, or at Citibank's base rate plus 3.25% (with a minimum base rate of 4.00%). The interest rate can fluctuate between LIBOR plus 4.25% and LIBOR plus 4.75%, based upon the amount of revolver availability, as defined in the senior secured credit facility. The Company is required to pay fees between 0.75% and 1.00% per annum on the daily unused amount of the revolving credit facility, depending on the amount of revolver availability. Amounts drawn under the revolving credit facility become due and payable in September 2012.

The Company's ability to borrow under the revolving credit facility is based upon a specified borrowing base consisting of accounts receivable, inventory and prescription files. At May 29, 2010, the Company had no borrowings outstanding under the revolving credit facility. At May 29, 2010, the Company had letters of credit outstanding against the revolving credit facility of \$143,014, which gave the Company additional borrowing capacity of \$1,031,986.

On June 4, 2007, the Company amended its senior secured credit facility to establish a new senior secured term loan in the aggregate principal amount of \$1,105,000 and borrowed the full amount thereunder. A portion of the proceeds from the borrowings under this senior secured term loan (the "Tranche 2 Term Loan") were used to fund the acquisition of Brooks Eckerd. The Tranche 2 Term Loan will mature on June 4, 2014 and currently bears interest at LIBOR plus 1.75%, if the Company chooses to make LIBOR borrowings, or at Citibank's base rate plus 0.75%. The Company must make mandatory prepayments of the Tranche 2 Term Loan with the proceeds of asset dispositions (subject to certain limitations), with a portion of any excess cash flow generated by the Company (as defined in the senior secured credit facility) and with the proceeds of certain issuances of equity and debt (subject to certain exceptions). If at any time total debt outstanding under the senior secured credit facility exceeds the borrowing base, prepayment of the Tranche 2 Term Loan may also be required.

In July 2008, the Company issued a new senior secured term loan (the "Tranche 3 Term Loan") of \$350,000 under the Company's existing senior secured credit facility. The Tranche 3 Term Loan was issued at a discount of 90% of par. The Tranche 3 Term Loan matures on June 4, 2014 and bears interest at LIBOR (with a minimum LIBOR rate of 3.00%) plus 3.00%, if the Company chooses to make LIBOR borrowings, or at Citibank's base rate (with a minimum base rate of 4.00%) plus 2.00%. The Company must make mandatory prepayments of the Tranche 3 Term Loan with the proceeds of asset dispositions (subject to certain limitations), with a portion of any excess cash flow generated by the Company (as defined in the senior secured credit facility) and with the proceeds of certain issuances of equity and debt (subject to certain exceptions). If at any time total debt outstanding under the senior secured credit facility exceeds the borrowing base, prepayment of the Tranche 3 Term Loan may also be required.

In June 2009, the Company issued a new senior secured term loan (the "Tranche 4 Term Loan") of \$525,000 under the Company's existing secured credit facility. In October 2009, the Company issued

RITE AID CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009

(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

6. Indebtedness and Credit Agreements (Continued)

an additional \$125,000 under the Tranche 4 Term Loan. The Tranche 4 Term Loan matures on June 10, 2015 and bears interest at a rate per annum equal to, at the Company's option, either (a) an adjusted LIBOR rate (with a LIBOR floor of 3.00% per annum) plus 6.50% or (b) Citibank's base rate (with a floor of 4.00% per annum) plus 5.50%. The Company must make mandatory prepayments of the Tranche 4 Term Loan with the proceeds of certain asset dispositions (subject to certain limitations), with a portion of any excess cash flow generated by the Company (as defined in the senior secured credit facility) and with the proceeds of certain issuances of equity and debt (subject to certain exceptions). If at any time total debt outstanding under the senior secured credit facility exceeds the borrowing base, prepayment of the Tranche 4 Term Loan may also be required. All prepayments of the Tranche 4 Term Loan occurring on or prior to the third anniversary of the initial borrowing of the Tranche 4 Term Loan are subject to a prepayment premium in an amount equal to (i) 5.0% of the principal amount prepaid if such prepayment occurs on or prior to the first anniversary of such borrowing, (ii) 3.0% of the principal amount prepaid if such prepayment occurs on or prior to the second anniversary of such borrowing and (iii) 1.0% of the principal amount prepaid if such prepayment occurs on or prior to the third anniversary of such borrowing.

The senior secured credit facility also restricts the Company and the subsidiary guarantors from accumulating cash on hand in excess of \$200,000 at any time when revolving loans are outstanding (not including cash located in the Company's store deposit accounts, cash necessary to cover the Company's current liabilities and certain other exceptions) and from accumulating cash on hand with revolver borrowings in excess of \$100,000 over three consecutive business days. The senior secured credit facility also states that if at any time (other than following the exercise of remedies or acceleration of any senior obligations or second priority debt and receipt of a triggering notice by the senior collateral agent from a representative of the senior obligations or the second priority debt) either (a) an event of default exists under the Company's senior secured credit facility and certain amounts held on deposit with the senior collateral agent in a concentration account is less than \$100,000 for three consecutive business days (a "cash sweep period"), the funds in our deposit accounts will be swept to a concentration account with the senior collateral agent and will be applied first to repay outstanding revolving loans under the senior secured credit facility, and then held as Collateral for the senior obligations until such cash sweep period is rescinded pursuant to the terms of the Company's senior secured credit facility.

The senior secured credit facility allows the Company to have outstanding, at any time, up to \$1,500,000 in secured second priority debt and unsecured debt in addition to borrowings under the senior secured credit facility and existing indebtedness, provided that not in excess of \$750,000 of such secured second priority debt and unsecured debt shall mature or require scheduled payments of principal prior to three months after June 4, 2014. The senior secured credit facility allows the Company to incur an unlimited amount of unsecured debt with a maturity beyond three months after June 4, 2014; however other outstanding debentures limit the amount of unsecured debt that can be incurred if certain interest coverage levels are not met at the time of incurrence of said debt. The senior secured facility also allows, so long as the senior secured credit facility is not in default, for the repurchase of any debt with a maturity on or before June 4, 2014, and for the voluntary repurchase of

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009

(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

6. Indebtedness and Credit Agreements (Continued)

debt with a maturity after June 4, 2014, if the Company maintains availability on the revolving credit facility of at least \$100,000.

The senior secured credit facility contains covenants, which place restrictions on the incurrence of debt beyond the restrictions described above, the payment of dividends, sale of assets, mergers and acquisitions and the granting of liens. The Company's credit facility has a financial covenant which is the maintenance of a fixed charge coverage ratio. The covenant requires that the Company maintain a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio of 1.10 if availability on the revolving credit facility is less than \$150,000. As of May 29, 2010, the Company had availability under its revolving credit facility of \$1,031,986 and was in compliance with the senior secured credit facility's financial covenant.

The senior secured credit facility provides for events of default including nonpayment, misrepresentation, breach of covenants and bankruptcy. It is also an event of default if the Company fails to make any required payment on debt having a principal amount in excess of \$50,000 or any event occurs that enables, or which with the giving of notice or the lapse of time would enable, the holder of such debt to accelerate the maturity or require the repurchase of such debt.

Substantially all of Rite Aid Corporation's wholly-owned subsidiaries guarantee the obligations under the senior secured credit facility. The subsidiary guarantees of the senior secured credit facility and the 9.75% senior secured notes due 2016 are secured by a senior lien on, among other things the inventory, accounts receivable and prescription files of the subsidiary guarantors. Rite Aid Corporation is a holding company with no direct operations and is dependent upon dividends, distributions and other payments from its subsidiaries to service payments due under the senior secured credit facility. The 7.5% senior secured notes due 2017, the 10.375% senior secured notes due 2016, and the 10.25% senior secured notes due 2019 are guaranteed by substantially all of the Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries, which are the same subsidiaries that guarantee the senior secured credit facility and the 9.75% senior secured notes, and are secured on a second priority basis by the same collateral as the senior secured credit facility and the 9.75% senior secured notes due 2016. The 8.625% senior notes due 2015, the 9.375% senior notes due 2015 and the 9.5% senior notes due 2017 are also guaranteed by all of the same subsidiaries on an unsecured basis.

The subsidiary guarantees related to the Company's senior secured credit facility and secured notes and on an unsecured basis the guaranteed indentures are full and unconditional and joint and several, and there are no restrictions on the ability of the parent to obtain funds from its subsidiaries. Also, the parent company has no independent assets or operations, and subsidiaries not guaranteeing the credit facility and applicable indentures are minor. Accordingly, condensed consolidating financial information for the parent and subsidiaries is not presented.

The indentures that govern the Company's secured and guaranteed unsecured notes contain restrictions on the amount of additional secured and unsecured debt that can be incurred by the Company. As of May 29, 2010, the amount of additional secured and unsecured debt that could be incurred under these indentures was \$1,099,635 (which does not include the ability to enter into certain sale and leaseback transactions.) However, the Company could not incur any additional secured debt

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009

(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

6. Indebtedness and Credit Agreements (Continued)

assuming a fully drawn revolver and the outstanding letters of credit. The ability to issue additional unsecured debt under these indentures is subject to an interest coverage ratio test.

The Company's \$158,000 8.5% convertible notes require that the Company maintains compliance with all NYSE listing rules. In the event of a NYSE delisting, holders of these notes could require the Company to repurchase them, which would result in a default under the senior secured credit facility. Although there is no assurance the Company would be able to do so, the Company could seek to refinance or otherwise acquire these notes to avoid such a scenario, as the senior secured credit facility permits in certain circumstances. Currently, the Company is in compliance with all NYSE listing rules.

Maturities

The aggregate annual principal payments of long-term debt for the remainder of fiscal 2011 and thereafter are as follows: 2011 \$14,248; 2012 \$21,155; 2013 \$21,164; 2014 \$211,902; 2015 \$1,375,950 and \$4,570,125 in 2016 and thereafter.

7. Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts and fair values of financial instruments at May 29, 2010 and February 27, 2010 are listed as follows:

	May	29 ,			Februa	ary 2	27,		
	20		2010						
	Carrying		Fair		Carrying		Fair		
	Amount		Value		Amount		Value		
Variable rate indebtedness	\$ 2,070,365	\$	1,927,279	\$	2,120,618	\$	1,990,963		
Fixed rate indebtedness	\$ 4 144 179	\$	3 583 868	\$	4 097 590	\$	3 632 738		

Cash, trade receivables and trade payables are carried at market value, which approximates their fair values due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

The following methods and assumptions were used in estimating fair value disclosures for financial instruments:

LIBOR-based borrowings under credit facilities:

The carrying amounts for LIBOR-based borrowings under the credit facilities, term loans and term notes are estimated based on the quoted market price of the financial instruments.

Long-term indebtedness:

The fair values of long-term indebtedness are estimated based on the quoted market prices of the financial instruments. If quoted market prices were not available, the Company estimated the fair value based on the quoted market price of a financial instrument with similar characteristics.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009

(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

8. Retirement Plans

Net periodic pension expense recorded in the thirteen week periods ended May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009, for the Company's defined benefit plans includes the following components:

	Defined Benefit Pension Plan					Nonqualified Executive Retirement Plans			
	Thirteen Week May 29, May 30, 2010 2009					od Ended ay 29, 2010		ay 30,	
Service cost	\$	809	\$	697	\$	18	\$	14	
Interest cost		1,516		1,500		211		282	
Expected return on plan assets		(1,248)		(750)					
Amortization of unrecognized prior service cost		215		215					
Amortization of unrecognized net loss		507		839		(332)			
Net pension expense	\$	1,799	\$	2,501	\$	(103)	\$	296	

During the thirteen week period ended May 29, 2010 the Company contributed \$406 to the Nonqualified Executive Retirement Plans and \$0 to the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. During the remainder of fiscal 2011, the Company expects to contribute \$1,217 to the Nonqualified Executive Retirement Plans and \$0 to the Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

9. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is currently a defendant in several putative collective or class action lawsuits filed in federal or state courts in Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York, Maryland, Ohio and Oregon, purportedly on behalf of, in some cases (i) current and former assistant store managers, or (ii) current and former store managers and assistant store managers, respectively, working in the Company's stores at various locations. The lawsuits allege violations of the Fair Labor Standards Act and of certain state wage and hour statutes. The lawsuits seek various combinations of unpaid compensation (including overtime compensation), liquidated damages, exemplary damages, pre- and post-judgment interest as well as attorneys' fees and costs. In one of the cases, *Craig et al v. Rite Aid Corporation et al*, pending in the United States District Court for the Middle District of Pennsylvania, brought on behalf of current and former assistant store managers, the Court, on December 9, 2009, conditionally certified a nationwide collective group of individuals who worked for the Company as assistant store managers since December 9, 2006. Notice of the *Craig* action has been sent to the purported members of the collective group. The number of persons who will opt into the Craig action has not been determined. In another of the cases, *Indergit v. Rite Aid Corporation et al*, pending in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, brought on behalf of current and former store managers and assistant store managers, the Court, on April 2, 2010, conditionally certified a nationwide collective group of individuals who worked for the Company as store managers since March 31, 2007. The Court ordered that Notice of the *Indergit* action be sent to the purported members of the collective group. Neither the actual date on which the Notice will be sent nor the number of persons who will opt into

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Thirteen Week Periods Ended May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009

(Dollars and share information in thousands, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

9. Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

the *Indergit* action has been determined. At this time, the Company is not able to predict the outcome of these lawsuits, or any possible monetary exposure associated with the lawsuits. The Company's management believes, however, that the lawsuits are without merit and not appropriate for collective or class action treatment. The Company is vigorously defending all of these claims.

The Company is currently a defendant in several putative class action lawsuits filed in state courts in California alleging violations by us of California wage and hour laws pertaining primarily to pay for missed meals and rest periods. These suits purport to be class actions and seek substantial damages. At this time, the Company's not able to predict the outcome of these lawsuits, or any possible monetary exposure associated with the lawsuits. The Company's management believes, however, that the plaintiffs' allegations are without merit and that their claims are not appropriate for class action treatment. The Company is vigorously defending all of these claims.

The Company is subject from time to time to various claims and lawsuits and governmental investigations arising in the ordinary course of business. While the Company's management cannot predict the outcome of these claims with certainty, the Company's management does not believe that the outcome of any of these legal matters will have a material adverse effect on its consolidated results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Overview

Net loss for the thirteen week period ended May 29, 2010 was \$73.7 million compared to net loss of \$98.4 million for the thirteen week period ended May 30, 2009. The decrease in net loss was primarily driven by lower selling, general and administrative expenses ("SG&A") and lower lease termination and impairment costs, which were partially offset by higher interest expense. Revenues decreased in the current quarter due to store closures and declines in both front end and pharmacy same store sales. There was also a decrease in gross margin rate, due to reimbursement rate pressures and lower generic cost reductions. These items are described in detail in the following sections.

Results of Operations

Revenues and Other Operating Data

	Thirteen Week Period Ended						
		May 29, 2010		May 30, 2009			
			_				
		(dollars in t		ŕ			
Revenues	\$	6,394,336	\$	6,531,178			
Revenue decline		(2.1)%	,	(1.2)%			
Same store sales (decline) growth		(1.0)%)	0.6%			
Pharmacy sales decline		(2.0)%	,	(0.3)%			
Same store pharmacy sales (decline) growth		(0.9)%		1.6%			
Pharmacy sales as a % of total sales		68.3%	68.2%				
Third party sales as a % of total pharmacy							
sales		96.3%		96.3%			
Front-end sales decline		(2.4)%	(3.2)%				
Same store front-end sales decline		(1.3)%	(1.6)%				
Front-end sales as a % of total sales		31.7%	31.8%				
Store data:							
Total stores beginning of period		4,780		4,901			
New stores		2		10			
Store acquisitions, net							
Closed stores		(15)		(86)			
Total stores end of period		4,767		4,825			
Relocated stores		8		17			
Remodeled stores		1		3			

Revenues

Revenue declined 2.1% for the thirteen week period ended May 29, 2010 compared to the thirteen week period ended May 30, 2009. This revenue decline was driven primarily by a reduction in the store base and a decline in same store sales. We operated 58 fewer stores than in the same period last year. Same store sales trends are described in the following paragraphs.

Pharmacy same store sales decreased by 0.9% in the thirteen week period ended May 29, 2010 compared to the thirteen week period ended May 30, 2009. The decrease was primarily driven by a same store prescription decline of 1.7%, which was impacted by an increase in 90-day prescriptions and continued reimbursement rate pressure, in both government and private third party payor plans, an approximate 1.4% negative impact from new generic introductions and a weaker allergy and flu season in this year's first quarter compared to the comparable period last year which benefitted from an anticipated outbreak of H1N1 influenza.

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Front-end same store sales decreased by 1.3% in the thirteen week period ended May 29, 2010 compared to the thirteen week period ended May 30, 2009. The decrease was due to weakness in the overall economic environment and its impact on consumer shopping behavior and a weak flu and allergy season in the current quarter compared to prior year's quarter that included the abovementioned H1N1 impact.

We include in same store sales all stores that have been open or owned at least one year. Relocated stores are not included in the same store sales for one year. Stores in liquidation are considered closed.

Costs and Expenses

	Thirteen Week Period Ended					
	M	ay 30, 2009				
		(dollars in thousands)				
Cost of goods sold	\$	4,682,632	\$	4,757,112		
Gross profit		1,711,704		1,774,066		
Gross margin		26.8%		27.2%		
Selling, general and administrative expenses		1,622,934		1,710,672		
Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenues		25.4%		26.2%		
Lease termination and impairment charges		13,457		66,986		
Interest expense		141,619		109,478		

Cost of Goods Sold

Gross margin was 26.8% of sales for the thirteen week period ended May 29, 2010 compared to 27.2% of sales for the thirteen week period ended May 30, 2009 due to lower pharmacy and front-end gross margin. The decrease in gross margin was due primarily to a reduction in reimbursement rates, from both government and private third party payors, fewer new generics and fewer cost reductions on existing generics. The year over year decline in pharmacy margin as a percent of sales was approximately 1.0% better than last quarter. The pharmacy margin pressure slowed as we began to cycle the more significant reductions in maximum allowable costs (MAC) of new generics which occurred last year. Front end gross margin was lower due to decreased sales, but was essentially flat as a percentage of sales.

We use the last-in, first-out (LIFO) method of inventory valuation, which is determined annually when inflation rates and inventory levels are finalized. Therefore, LIFO costs for interim period financial statements are estimated. Cost of sales includes LIFO charges of \$20.5 million for the thirteen week period ended May 29, 2010 versus LIFO charges of \$14.8 million for the thirteen week period ended May 30, 2009.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

SG&A as a percentage of revenues was 25.4% in the thirteen week period ended May 29, 2010 compared to 26.2% in the thirteen week period ended May 30, 2009. The decrease in SG&A as a percentage of revenues is due primarily to decreases in salaries and benefit costs due to better labor control, lower depreciation and amortization and the elimination of receivables securitization costs in the current fiscal year. Increased costs related to our customer loyalty card program and pharmacist immunization training were mostly offset by lower holiday pay expenses due to Memorial Day falling in the second quarter of fiscal 2011 versus the first quarter of fiscal 2010.

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Lease termination and Impairment Charges

Lease termination and impairment charges consist of:

	7	Thirteen Week Period Ended					
		Iay 29, 2010	N	1ay 30, 2009			
		dollars in	thous	sands)			
Impairment charges	\$	1,134	\$	3,484			
Facility and equipment lease exit charges		12,323		63,502			
	\$	13,457	\$	66,986			

Impairment Charges: Impairment charges include non-cash charges of \$1.1 million and \$3.5 million in the thirteen week periods ended May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009, respectively, for the impairment of long-lived assets at 16 and 23 stores, respectively. These amounts include the write-down of long-lived assets at stores that were assessed for impairment because of management's intention to relocate or close the store or because of changes in circumstances that indicate the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable.

Facility and Equipment Lease Exit Charges: During the thirteen week periods ended May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009, we recorded charges for 8 and 64 stores, respectively, closed or relocated under long-term leases. Charges to close a store, which principally consist of lease termination costs, are recorded at the time the store is closed and all inventory is liquidated. We calculate our liability for closed stores on a store-by-store basis. The calculation includes the discounted effect of future minimum lease payments and related ancillary costs, from the date of closure to the end of the remaining lease term, net of estimated cost recoveries that may be achieved through subletting properties or through favorable lease terminations. We evaluate these assumptions each quarter and adjust the liability accordingly. The decrease in the facility and equipment lease exit charge for the thirteen week period ended May 29, 2010 is primarily due to a decrease in the number of stores closed during the quarter.

As part of our ongoing business activities, we assess stores for potential closure. Decisions to close stores in future periods would result in charges for store lease exit costs and liquidation of inventory, as well as impairment of assets at these stores.

Interest Expense

Interest expense was \$141.6 million for the thirteen week period ended May 29, 2010, compared to \$109.5 million for the thirteen week period ended May 30, 2009. The increase in interest expense for the thirteen week period ended May 29, 2010 was primarily due to the refinancing of our senior credit facility and securitization facilities during our last fiscal year. The weighted average interest rates on our indebtedness for the thirteen week periods ended May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009 were 7.6% and 6.3%, respectively.

Income Taxes

We recorded an income tax expense of \$7.1 million and \$5.3 million for the thirteen week periods ended May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009, respectively. The income tax expense for the thirteen week period ended May 29, 2010 is primarily due to the need for an accrual of additional state taxes resulting from the receipt of a final audit determination. The income tax expense for the thirteen week period ended May 30, 2009 is primarily attributable to the accrual of state and local taxes and adjustments to unrecognized tax benefits.

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We recognize tax liabilities in accordance with the guidance for uncertain tax positions and management adjusts these liabilities with changes in judgment as a result of the evaluation of new information not previously available. Due to the complexity of some of these uncertainties, the ultimate resolution may result in a payment that is materially different from the current estimate of the tax liabilities.

We evaluate our deferred tax assets on a regular basis to determine if a valuation allowance against the net deferred tax assets is required. A cumulative loss in recent years is significant negative evidence in considering whether deferred tax assets are realizable. Based on the negative evidence, we are precluded from relying on projections of future taxable income to support the recognition of deferred tax assets. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the existence of sufficient taxable income generated in the carryforward periods.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

General

We have three primary sources of liquidity: (i) cash and cash equivalents, (ii) cash provided by operating activities, (iii) and borrowings under the revolving credit facility under our senior secured credit facility. Our principal uses of cash are to provide working capital for operations, to service our obligations to pay interest and principal on debt, to fund capital expenditures and to provide funds for the payment of debt. Total liquidity as of May 29, 2010 was \$1.234 billion, which consisted of revolver borrowing capacity of \$1.032 billion and invested cash of \$202.1 million.

Credit Facility

Our senior secured credit facility includes a \$1.175 billion revolving credit facility. Borrowings under this revolving credit facility bear interest at LIBOR plus 4.25% (with a minimum LIBOR of 3.00%), if we choose to make LIBOR borrowings, or at Citibank's base rate plus 3.25% (with a minimum base rate of 4.00%). The interest rate can fluctuate between LIBOR plus 4.25% and LIBOR plus 4.75%, based upon the amount of revolver availability, as defined in the senior credit facility. We are required to pay fees between 0.75% and 1.00% per annum on the daily unused amount of the revolving credit facility, depending on the amount of revolver availability. Amounts drawn under this credit facility become due and payable in September 2012.

Our ability to borrow under the revolving credit facility is based upon a specified borrowing base consisting of accounts receivable, inventory and prescription files. At May 29, 2010, we had no borrowings outstanding under the revolving credit facility. At May 29, 2010, we had letters of credit outstanding against the revolving credit facility of \$143.0 million, which resulted in us having additional borrowing capacity of \$1.032 billion.

On June 4, 2007, we amended our senior secured credit facility to establish a new senior secured term loan in the aggregate principal amount of \$1.105 billion and borrowed the full amount thereunder. A portion of the proceeds from the borrowings under this senior secured term loan (the "Tranche 2 Term Loan") were used to fund the acquisition of Brooks Eckerd. The Tranche 2 Term Loan will mature on June 4, 2014 and currently bears interest at LIBOR plus 1.75%, if we choose to make LIBOR borrowings, or at Citibank's base rate plus 0.75%. We must make mandatory prepayments of the Tranche 2 Term Loan with the proceeds of asset dispositions (subject to certain limitations), with a portion of any excess cash flow generated by us (as defined in the senior secured credit facility) and with the proceeds of certain issuances of equity and debt (subject to certain exceptions). If at any time total debt outstanding under the senior secured credit facility exceeds the borrowing base, prepayment of the Tranche 2 Term Loan may also be required.

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In July 2008, we issued a senior secured term loan (Tranche 3 Term Loan) of \$350.0 million under our existing senior secured credit facility. The Tranche 3 Term Loan was issued at a discount of 90% of par. The Tranche 3 Term Loan matures on June 4, 2014 and bears interest at LIBOR (with a minimum LIBOR rate of 3.00%) plus 3.00%, if we choose to make LIBOR borrowings, or at Citibank's base rate (with a minimum base rate of 4.00%) plus 2.00%. We must make mandatory prepayments of the Tranche 3 Term Loan with the proceeds of asset dispositions (subject to certain limitations), with a portion of any excess cash flow generated by us (as defined in the senior secured credit facility) and with the proceeds of certain issuances of equity and debt (subject to certain exceptions). If at any time total debt outstanding under the senior secured credit facility exceeds the borrowing base, prepayment of the Tranche 3 Term Loan may also be required.

In June 2009, we issued a senior secured term loan (the "Tranche 4 Term Loan") of \$525.0 million under our existing secured credit facility. In October 2009, we issued an additional \$125.0 million under the Tranche 4 Term Loan. The Tranche 4 Term Loan matures on June 10, 2015 and bears interest at a rate per annum equal to, at our option, either (a) an adjusted LIBOR rate (with a LIBOR floor of 3.00% per annum) plus 6.50% or (b) Citibank's base rate (with a floor of 4.00% per annum) plus 5.50%. We must make mandatory prepayments of the Tranche 4 Term Loan with the proceeds of certain asset dispositions (subject to certain limitations), with a portion of any excess cash flow generated by us (as defined in the senior secured credit facility) and with the proceeds of certain issuances of equity and debt (subject to certain exceptions). If at any time total debt outstanding under the senior secured credit facility exceeds the borrowing base, prepayment of the Tranche 4 Term Loan may also be required. All prepayments of the Tranche 4 Term Loan occurring on or prior to the third anniversary of the initial borrowing of the Tranche 4 Term Loan are subject to a prepayment premium in an amount equal to (i) 5.0% of the principal amount prepaid if such prepayment occurs on or prior to the first anniversary of such borrowing, (ii) 3.0% of the principal amount prepaid if such prepayment occurs on or prior to the second anniversary of such borrowing and (iii) 1.0% of the principal amount prepaid if such prepayment occurs on or prior to the third anniversary of such borrowing and (iii) 1.0% of the principal amount prepaid if such prepayment occurs on or prior to the third anniversary of such borrowing.

The senior secured credit facility also restricts us and the subsidiary guarantors from accumulating cash on hand in excess of \$200.0 million at any time when revolving loans are outstanding (not including cash located in our store deposit accounts, cash necessary to cover our current liabilities and certain other exceptions) and from accumulating cash on hand with revolver borrowings in excess of \$100.0 million over three consecutive business days. The senior secured credit facility also states that if at any time (other than following the exercise of remedies or acceleration of any senior obligations or second priority debt and receipt of a triggering notice by the senior collateral agent from a representative of the senior obligations or the second priority debt) either (a) an event of default exists under our senior secured credit facility or (b) the sum of revolver availability under our senior secured credit facility and certain amounts held on deposit with the senior collateral agent in a concentration account is less than \$100.0 million for three consecutive business days (a "cash sweep period"), the funds in our deposit accounts will be swept to a concentration account with the senior collateral agent and will be applied first to repay outstanding revolving loans under the senior secured credit facility, and then held as collateral for the senior obligations until such cash sweep period is rescinded pursuant to the terms of our senior secured credit facility.

The senior secured credit facility allows us to have outstanding, at any time, up to \$1.5 billion in secured second priority debt and unsecured debt in addition to borrowings under the senior secured credit facility and existing indebtedness, provided that not in excess of \$750.0 million of such secured second priority debt and unsecured debt shall mature or require scheduled payments of principal prior to three months after June 4, 2014. The senior secured credit facility allows us to incur an unlimited amount of unsecured debt with a maturity beyond three months after June 4, 2014; however other outstanding indebtedness limits the amount of unsecured debt that can be incurred if certain interest coverage levels are not met at the time of incurrence of said debt. The senior secured facility also

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allows, so long as the senior secured credit facility is not in default, for the repurchase of any debt with a maturity on or before June 4, 2014 and for the voluntary repurchase of debt with a maturity after June 4, 2014 if we maintain availability on the revolving credit facility of at least \$100.0 million

Our credit facility has a financial covenant which is the maintenance of a fixed charge coverage ratio test of 1.10 if availability on the revolving credit facility is less than \$150.0 million. At May 29, 2010, we had availability on the revolving credit facility of \$1.032 billion and were in compliance with our fixed charge coverage ratio test. However, we may not meet this test during the third and fourth quarters of fiscal 2011, which will limit the amount we can borrow under our revolving credit facility because we will not be able to draw against the revolver or issue letters of credit such that our resulting availability will be less than \$150.0 million. Based on our liquidity position, we do not anticipate this to have a significant impact on our operations.

The senior secured credit facility provides for events of default including nonpayment, misrepresentation, breach of covenants and bankruptcy. It is also an event of default if we fail to make any required payment on debt having a principal amount in excess of \$50.0 million or any event occurs that enables, or which with the giving of notice or the lapse of time would enable, the holder of such debt to accelerate the maturity or require the repurchase of such debt.

The indentures that govern our secured and guaranteed unsecured notes contain restrictions on the amount of additional secured and unsecured debt that can be incurred by us. As of May 29, 2010, the amount of additional secured and unsecured debt that could be incurred under these indentures was \$1.1 billion (which does not include the ability to enter into certain sale and leaseback transactions.) However, we could not incur any additional secured debt assuming a fully drawn revolver and the outstanding letters of credit. The ability to issue additional unsecured debt under these indentures is subject to an interest coverage ratio test.

Net Cash Provided by/Used in Operating, Investing and Financing Activities

Cash provided by operating activities was \$519.6 million in the thirteen week period ended May 29, 2010. Operating cash flow was positively impacted by an increase in accounts payable due to the timing of purchases as well as rent, pension funding and interest payments. Cash flow provided by operating activities in the thirteen week period ended May 30, 2009 was \$357.6 million due primarily to a significant reduction in excess inventory and the timing of rent and interest payments.

Cash used in investing activities in the thirteen week period ended May 29, 2010 was \$35.2 million for purchases of property, plant and equipment and \$5.4 million for the purchase of prescription files.

Cash used in financing activities was \$258.7 million for the thirteen week period ended May 29, 2010 due to the reduction of borrowings on our revolving credit facility and zero balance cash accounts.

Capital Expenditures

During the thirteen week period ended May 29, 2010, we spent \$40.6 million on capital expenditures, consisting of \$13.2 million related to new store construction, store relocation and store remodel projects, \$22.0 million related to backstage, infrastructure and maintenance requirements, and \$5.4 million related to the purchase of prescription files from independent pharmacists. We plan to make total capital expenditures of approximately \$250.0 million during fiscal 2011, consisting of approximately 33% related to new store construction, store relocation and remodels, 20% related to prescription file purchases and 47% related to backstage, infrastructure and maintenance requirements. Management expects that these capital expenditures will be financed primarily with cash flow from operating activities.

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Future Liquidity

We are highly leveraged. Our high level of indebtedness: (i) limits our ability to obtain additional financing; (ii) limits our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our business and the industry; (iii) places us at a competitive disadvantage relative to our competitors with less debt; (iv) renders us more vulnerable to general adverse economic and industry conditions; and (v) requires us to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow to service our debt. Based upon our current levels of operations and planned improvements in our operating performance, we believe that cash flow from operations together with available borrowings under the senior secured credit facility, and other sources of liquidity will be adequate to meet our requirements for working capital, debt service and capital expenditures for the next twelve months. Based on our liquidity position, which we expect to remain strong throughout the year, we do not expect the restriction on our credit facility, that could result if we fail to meet the fixed charge coverage in our senior secured credit facility, to have any impact on our business in the next twelve months. We will continue to assess our liquidity position and potential sources of supplemental liquidity in light of our operating performance, and other relevant circumstances. Should we determine, at any time, that it is necessary to obtain additional short-term liquidity, we will evaluate our alternatives and take appropriate steps to obtain sufficient additional funds. There can be no assurance that any such supplemental funding, if sought, could be obtained or if obtained, would be on terms acceptable to us. From time to time, we may enter into transactions to exchange debt for shares of common stock in order to reduce our outstanding debt.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

For a description of the critical accounting policies that require the use of significant judgments and estimates by management, refer to "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates" included in our fiscal 2010 10-K.

Factors Affecting Our Future Prospects

For a discussion of risks related to our financial condition, operations and industry, refer to "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in our fiscal 2010 10-K.

Adjusted EBITDA

In addition to net income determined in accordance with GAAP, we use certain non-GAAP measures in assessing our operating performance. We believe the non-GAAP measure serves as an appropriate measure to be used in evaluating the performance of our business. We define adjusted EBITDA as net loss excluding the impact of income taxes, interest expense and securitization costs, depreciation and amortization, LIFO adjustments, charges or credits for facility closing and impairment, inventory write-down liquidation expenses, stock-based compensation expense, debt modifications and retirements, sale of assets and investments, revenue deferrals related to our customer loyalty card programs, and other items. We reference this non-GAAP financial measure frequently in our decision-making because it provides supplemental information that facilitates internal comparisons to the historical operating performance of prior periods and external comparisons to competitors' historical operating performance and gives a better indication of our core operating performance. In addition, we base incentive compensation and our forward-looking estimates on adjusted EBITDA to facilitate quantification of planned business activities and enhance subsequent follow-up. We include this non-GAAP financial measure in our earnings announcement and guidance in order to provide transparency to our investors and enable investors to better compare our operating performance with the operating performance of our competitors. Management believes that adjusted EBITDA also facilitates comparisons of our results of operations with those of companies having different capital

structures. However, we do not, and do not recommend that adjusted non-GAAP measures are solely used to assess our financial performance or to formulate investment decisions. Additionally, our definition of adjusted EBITDA may not be calculated in the same manner as other companies.

The following is a reconciliation of adjusted EBITDA to our net loss for the thirteen week periods ended May 29, 2010 and May 30, 2009:

	Thirteen Week Period Ended				
]	May 29, 2010	I	May 30, 2009	
		(dollars in t	hou	sands)	
Net loss	\$	(73,684)	\$	(98,446)	
Interest expense and securitization costs		141,619		123,923	
Income tax expense		7,141		5,327	
Depreciation and amortization expense		127,500		138,238	
LIFO charges		20,528		14,770	
Lease termination and impairment charges		13,457		66,986	
Stock-based compensation expense		5,485		6,417	
Loss (gain) on sale of assets, net		237		(19,951)	
Closed facility liquidation expense		2,422		6,518	
Severance costs		10		3,996	
Customer loyalty card programs revenue deferral		5,037			
Other		38		1,418	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	249,790	\$	249,196	

ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Our future earnings, cash flow and fair values relevant to financial instruments are dependent upon prevalent market rates. Market risk is the risk of loss from adverse changes in market prices and interest rates. Our major market risk exposure is changing interest rates. Increases in interest rates would increase our interest expense. We enter into debt obligations to support capital expenditures, acquisitions, working capital needs and general corporate purposes. Our policy is to manage interest rates through the use of a combination of variable-rate credit facilities, fixed-rate long-term obligations and derivative transactions. We currently do not have any derivative transactions outstanding.

The table below provides information about our financial instruments that are sensitive to changes in interest rates. The table presents principal payments and the related weighted average interest rates by expected maturity dates as of May 29, 2010.

	2011		2012	2013	2014		2015	1	hereafter	Total		Fair Value at 05/29/2010
					(dolla	rs	in thousand	s)				
Long-term debt, including current portion												
Fixed Rate	\$ 2,108	\$	105	\$ 114	\$ 190,852	\$	8	\$	3,951,000	\$ 4,144,179	\$	3,583,868
Average Interest Rate	4.70%)	7.00%	7.00%	6.95%		0.0%		9.05%	8.95%)	
Variable Rate	\$ 12,140	\$	21,050	\$ 21,050	\$ 21,050	\$	3 1,375,950	\$	619,125	\$ 2,070,365	\$	1,927,279
Average Interest Rate	4.41%)	5.02%	5.02%	5.02%		3.06%		9.50%	5.05%)	
Totals	\$ 14,248	\$	21,155	\$ 21,164	\$ 211,902	\$	1,375,950	\$	4,570,125	\$ 6,214,544	\$	5,511,147

As of June 29, 2010, 33.3% of our total debt is exposed to fluctuations in variable interest rates. The interest rate on our variable rate borrowings, which include our revolving credit facility and our Tranche 2 Term loan, Tranche 3 Term loan and Tranche 4 Term loan, are all based on LIBOR.

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However, the interest rate on our revolving credit facility, Tranche 3 Term loan and Tranche 4 Term loan all have a LIBOR floor of 300 basis points.

Our ability to satisfy interest payment obligations on our outstanding debt will depend largely on our future performance, which, in turn, is subject to prevailing economic conditions and to financial, business and other factors beyond our control. If we do not have sufficient cash flow to service our interest payment obligations on our outstanding indebtedness and if we cannot borrow or obtain equity financing to satisfy those obligations, our business and results of operations will be materially adversely affected. We cannot assure you that any such borrowing or equity financing could be successfully completed.

ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

(a)

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on such evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of such period, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

(b)
Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There have not been any changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the fiscal quarter to which this report relates that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings

See Item 3 to Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 27, 2010 relating to material pending legal proceedings.

ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the amended and restated risk factor set forth below and the other information set forth in this Quarterly Report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed below and in "Part I, Item 1A, Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K", for the year ended February 27, 2010, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results.

We are in compliance with all New York Stock Exchange continued listing requirements. However, if we do not continue to maintain compliance with such requirements, our common stock may be delisted.

We currently are in compliance with all NYSE listing rules. However, there can be no assurance that we will maintain compliance with the NYSE minimum share price rule or other continued listing requirements. As of May 29, 2010, we have outstanding \$158.0 million of 8.5% Convertible Notes due May 2015 (the "Notes"). In the event of a delisting, we would be required to make an offer to the holders of the Notes to repurchase them, which would result in a default under our senior credit facility. Although there can be no assurance that we would be able to do so, we may seek to refinance or otherwise acquire the Notes to avoid such a scenario, as our senior credit facility permits us to do; provided that, before and after such transaction, no default or event of default shall have occurred and be continuing under the senior credit facility and we have at least \$100.0 million of availability under our revolving credit facility.

ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Not applicable.

ITEM 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. [Removed and Reserved]

ITEM 5. Other Information

Not applicable

ITEM 6. Exhibits

(a) The following exhibits are filed as part of this report.

Exhibit Numbers	Description	Incorporation By Reference To
2.1	Amended and Restated Stockholder Agreement, dated	Exhibit 2.2 to Form 10-Q, filed on July 12, 2007
	August 23, 2006, amended and restated as of June 4, 2007, by	
	and between Rite Aid Corporation, The Jean Coutu Group	
	(PJC) Inc., Jean Coutu, Marcelle Coutu, Francois J. Coutu,	
	Michel	

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Exhibit Numbers	Description Coutu, Louis Coutu, Sylvie Coutu and Marie-Josee Coutu	Incorporation By Reference To
2.2	Letter Agreement to the Amended and Restated Stockholder Agreement, dated April 20, 2010, by and between Rite Aid Corporation and The Jean Coutu Group (PJC) Inc.	Filed herewith
2.3	Registration Rights Agreement, dated August 23, 2006, by and between Rite Aid Corporation and The Jean Coutu Group (PJC) Inc.	Exhibit 10.2 to Form 8-K, filed on August 24, 2006
3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation dated December 12, 1996	Exhibit 3(i) to Form 8-K, filed on November 2, 1999
3.2	Certificate of Amendment to the Restated Certificate of Incorporation dated February 22, 1999	Exhibit 3(ii) to Form 8-K, filed on November 2, 1999
3.3	Certificate of Amendment to the Restated Certificate of Incorporation dated June 27, 2001	Exhibit 3.4 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, File No. 333-64950, filed on July 12, 2001
3.4	Certificate of Amendment to the Restated Certificate of Incorporation dated June 4, 2007	Exhibit 4.4 to Registration Statement on Form S-8, filed on October 5, 2007
3.5	Certificate of Amendment to the Restated Certificate of Incorporation dated June 25, 2009	Exhibit 3.5 to Form 10-Q, filed on July 8, 2009
3.6	7% Series G Cumulative Convertible Pay-in-Kind Preferred Stock Certificate of Designation dated January 28, 2005	Exhibit 3.2 to Form 8-K, filed on February 2, 2005
3.7	6% Series H Cumulative Convertible Pay-in-Kind Preferred Stock Certificate of Designation dated January 28, 2005	Exhibit 3.3 to Form 8-K, filed on February 2, 2005
3.8	Amended Restated By-Laws	Exhibit 3.1 to Form 8-K, filed on January 27, 2010
4.1	Indenture, dated August 1, 1993 by and between Rite Aid Corporation, as issuer, and Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as trustee, related to the Company's 7.70% Notes due 2027 and 6.875% Notes due 2013	Exhibit 4A to Registration Statement on Form S-3, File No. 333-63794, filed on June 3, 1993
4.2	Supplemental Indenture dated as of February 3, 2000, between Rite Aid Corporation, as issuer, and U.S. Bank Trust National Association as successor to Morgan	Exhibit 4.1 to Form 8-K filed on February 7, 2000
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Exhibit Numbers	Description Guaranty Trust Company of New York, to the Indenture dated as of August 1, 1993, relating to the Company's 7.70% Notes due 2027 and 6.875% Notes due 2013	Incorporation By Reference To
4.3	Indenture, dated as of December 21, 1998, between Rite Aid Corporation, as issuer, and Harris Trust and Savings Bank, as trustee, related to the Company's 6.875% Notes due 2028	Exhibit 4.1 to Registration Statement on Form S-4, File No. 333-74751, filed on March 19, 1999
4.4	Supplemental Indenture, dated as of February 3, 2000, between Rite Aid Corporation and Harris Trust and Savings Bank, to the Indenture dated December 21, 1998, between Rite Aid Corporation and Harris Trust and Savings Bank, related to the Company's 6.875% Notes due 2028	Exhibit 4.4 to Form 8-K filed on February 7, 2000
4.5	Indenture, dated as of May 20, 2003, between Rite Aid Corporation, as issuer, and BNY Midwest Trust Company, as trustee, related to the Company's 9.25% Senior Notes due 2013	Exhibit 4.12 to Form 10-Q, filed on July 3, 2003
4.6	Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 4, 2007, between Rite Aid Corporation, the subsidiaries named therein and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. to the Indenture dated as of May 20, 2003 between Rite Aid Corporation and BNY Midwest Trust Company, related to the Company's 9.25% Senior Secured Notes due 2013	Exhibit 4.8 to Form 10-Q, filed on January 9, 2008
4.7	Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 17, 2008, between Rite Aid Corporation, the subsidiaries named therein and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., as successor trustee, to the Indenture dated as of May 20, 2003 between Rite Aid Corporation and BNY Midwest Trust Company, related to the Company's 9.25% Senior Secured Notes due 2013	Exhibit 4.10 to Form 10-Q, filed on July 10, 2008
4.8	Indenture, dated as of February 21, 2007, between Rite Aid Corporation, as issuer, the subsidiary guarantors named therein and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., as trustee, related to the Company's 7.5% Senior Secured Notes due 2017	Exhibit 99.1 to Form 8-K, filed on February 26, 2007
4.9	Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 4, 2007, between Rite Aid Corporation, the	Exhibit 4.12 to Form 10-Q, filed on January 9, 2008
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Exhibit Numbers	Description subsidiaries named therein and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. to the Indenture dated as of February 21, 2007 between Rite Aid Corporation and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., related to the Company's 7.5% Senior Secured Notes due 2017	Incorporation By Reference To
4.10	Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of July 9, 2008, among Rite Aid Corporation, the subsidiaries named therein and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as successor trustee, to the Indenture, dated as of February 15, 2007, between Rite Aid Corporation and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., related to the Company's 7.5% Senior Secured Notes due 2017	Exhibit 4.13 to Form 10-Q, filed on July 10, 2008
4.11	Indenture, dated as of February 21, 2007, between Rite Aid Corporation, as issuer, and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., as trustee, related to the Company's 8.625% Senior Notes due 2015	Exhibit 99.2 to Form 8-K, filed on February 26, 2007
4.12	Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 4, 2007, between Rite Aid Corporation, the subsidiaries named therein and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. to the Indenture dated as of February 21, 2007 between Rite Aid Corporation and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., related to the Company's 8.625% Senior Secured Notes due 2015	Exhibit 4.14 to Form 10-Q, filed on January 9, 2008
4.13	Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of July 9, 2008, among Rite Aid Corporation, the subsidiaries named therein and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as successor trustee, to the Indenture, dated as of February 15, 2007, between Rite Aid Corporation and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., related to the Company's 8.625% Senior Notes due 2015	Exhibit 4.16 to Form 10-Q, filed on July 10, 2008
4.14	Amended and Restated Indenture, dated as of June 4, 2007 among Rite Aid Corporation (as successor to Rite Aid Escrow Corp.), the subsidiary guarantors named therein and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., as Trustee, related to the Company's 9.375% Senior Notes due 2015	Exhibit 4.1 to Form 8-K, filed on June 7, 2007

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Exhibit Numbers	Description	Incorporation By Reference To
4.15	First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of July 9, 2008, among Rite Aid Corporation, the subsidiaries named therein and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. to the Amended and Restated Indenture, dated as of June 4, 2007, among Rite Aid Corporation (as successor to Rite Aid Escrow Corp.), the subsidiary guarantors named therein and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., related to the Company's 9.375% Senior Notes due 2015	Exhibit 4.18 to Form 10-Q, filed on July 10, 2008
4.16	Amended and Restated Indenture, dated as of June 4, 2007 among Rite Aid Corporation (as successor to Rite Aid Escrow Corp.), the subsidiary guarantors named therein and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., as Trustee, related to the Company's 9.5% Senior Notes due 2017	Exhibit 4.2 to Form 8-K, filed on June 7, 2007
4.17	First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of July 9, 2008, among Rite Aid Corporation, the subsidiaries named therein and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as successor trustee, to the Amended and Restated Indenture, dated as of June 4, 2007, among Rite Aid Corporation (as successor to Rite Aid Escrow Corp.), the subsidiary guarantors named therein and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., related to the Company's 9.5% Senior Notes due 2017	Exhibit 4.20 to Form 10-Q, filed on July 10, 2008
4.18	Indenture, dated as of May 29, 2008, between Rite Aid Corporation, as issuer, and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., as trustee, related to the Company's Senior Debt Securities	Exhibit 4.1 to Form 8-K, filed on June 2, 2008
4.19	First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 29, 2008, between Rite Aid Corporation, the subsidiaries named therein and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. to the Indenture dated as of May 29, 2008 between Rite Aid Corporation and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., related to the Company's 8.5% Convertible Notes due 2015	Exhibit 4.2 to Form 8-K, filed on June 2, 2008
4.20	Indenture, dated as of July 9, 2008, between Rite Aid Corporation, as issuer, and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company,	Exhibit 4.23 to Form 10-Q, filed on July 10, 2008

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Exhibit Numbers	Description N.A., as trustee, related to the Company's 10.375% Senior Secured Notes due 2016	Incorporation By Reference To
4.21	Indenture, dated as of June 12, 2009, among Rite Aid Corporation, as issuer, the subsidiary guarantors named therein and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee, related to the Company's 9.750% Senior Secured Notes due 2016	Exhibit 4.1 to Form 8-K, filed on June 16, 2009
4.22	Indenture, dated as of October 26, 2009, among Rite Aid Corporation, as issuer, the Subsidiary Guarantors named therein and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee, related to the Company's 10.25% Senior Secured Notes due 2019.	Exhibit 4.1 to Form 8-K, filed on October 29, 2009
10.1	2010 Omnibus Equity Plan*	Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K, filed on June 25, 2010
11	Statement regarding computation of earnings per share. (See Note 2 to the condensed consolidated financial statements)	Filed herewith
31.1	Certification of CEO pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended	Filed herewith
31.2	Certification of CFO pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended	Filed herewith
32	Certification of CEO and CFO pursuant to 18 United States Code, Section 1350, as enacted by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	Filed herewith

Constitutes a compensatory plan or arrangement required to be filed with this Form 10-Q.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: July 6, 2010 RITE AID CORPORATION

By: /s/ MARC A. STRASSLER

Marc A. Strassler

Executive Vice President and General Counsel

Date: July 6, 2010 By: /s/ FRANK G. VITRANO

Frank G. Vitrano

Senior Executive Vice President, Chief Financial

Officer and Chief Administrative Officer

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