ENTERPRISE FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP Form 10-Q October 30, 2015

**UNITED STATES** SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D. C. 20549

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FORM	1 10-Q	
[X]	Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities E For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2015.	xchange Act of 1934
[ ]	Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities I For the transition period from to	Exchange Act of 1934
	Commission file number 001-15373	
ENTE	RPRISE FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP	
I.R.S. Addres	Employer Identification # 43-1706259 ss: 150 North Meramec on, MO 63105 none: (314) 725-5500	
Securi	te by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports require ties Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months, and (2) has past 90 days. Yes [X] No [ ]	•
every l	te by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically a Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to lapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that uch files ). Yes [X] No [ ]	Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of
or a sn	te by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an naller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer", any" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):	
Large	accelerated filer [] coelerated filer [] (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Accelerated filer [X] Smaller reporting company []
Indica	ate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as define  [ ] No [X]	

As of October 26, 2015, the Registrant had 20,023,376 shares of outstanding common stock, \$0.01 par value.

This document is also available through our website at http://www.enterprisebank.com.

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### PART 1 - ITEM 1 - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### ENTERPRISE FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

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Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)		
(in thousands, except share and per share data)	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Assets		
Cash and due from banks	\$46,775	\$42,903
Federal funds sold	45	35
Interest-bearing deposits (including \$1,580 and \$980 pledged as collateral)	80,070	57,758
Total cash and cash equivalents	126,890	100,696
Interest-bearing deposits greater than 90 days	1,000	5,300
Securities available for sale	470,496	400,146
Securities held to maturity	44,175	45,985
Loans held for sale	4,275	4,033
Portfolio loans	2,602,156	2,433,916
Less: Allowance for loan losses	32,251	30,185
Portfolio loans, net	2,569,905	2,403,731
Purchase credit impaired loans, net of the allowance for loan losses	72 207	92 602
(\$11,339 and \$15,410, respectively)	72,397	83,693
Total loans, net	2,642,302	2,487,424
Other real estate not covered under FDIC loss share	1,575	1,896
Other real estate covered under FDIC loss share	6,795	5,944
Other investments, at cost	15,906	17,037
Fixed assets, net	14,395	14,753
Accrued interest receivable	8,660	7,956
State tax credits held for sale, including \$10,089 and \$11,689 carried at fai	r 40 207	20.200
value, respectively	48,207	38,309
FDIC loss share receivable	8,619	15,866
Goodwill	30,334	30,334
Intangible assets, net	3,323	4,164
Other assets	89,589	97,160
Total assets	\$3,516,541	\$3,277,003
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Demand deposits	\$691,758	\$642,930
Interest-bearing transaction accounts	529,052	508,941
Money market accounts	1,045,699	755,569
Savings	90,858	78,718
Certificates of deposit:	/	,
\$100 and over	353,488	377,544
Other	103,108	127,808
Total deposits	2,813,963	2,491,510
Subordinated debentures	56,807	56,807
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	75,000	144,000
Other borrowings	189,884	234,183
Notes payable	4,800	5,700
Accrued interest payable	780	843
Other liabilities	31,744	27,719
Total liabilities	3,172,978	2,960,762
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Shareholders' equity:			
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value;			
5,000,000 shares authorized; 0 shares issued and outstanding	_	_	
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 30,000,000 shares authorized; 20,035,165 and 19,913,519 shares issued, respectively	5 200	199	
Treasury stock, at cost; 76,000 shares	(1,743	) (1,743	)
Additional paid in capital	209,643	207,731	
Retained earnings	132,490	108,373	
Accumulated other comprehensive income	2,973	1,681	
Total shareholders' equity	343,563	316,241	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$3,516,541	\$3,277,003	
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.			
1			

### ENTERPRISE FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months September 3	
(in thousands, except per share data)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Interest income:				
Interest and fees on loans	\$30,626	\$28,395	\$90,109	\$89,582
Interest on debt securities:				
Taxable	2,176	2,190	6,434	6,545
Nontaxable	298	298	880	896
Interest on interest-bearing deposits	68	43	153	145
Dividends on equity securities	12	110	107	201
Total interest income	33,180	31,036	97,683	97,369
Interest expense:				
Interest-bearing transaction accounts	293	163	849	385
Money market accounts	822	653	2,136	2,095
Savings accounts	58	52	162	151
Certificates of deposit:				
\$100 and over	1,195	1,335	3,654	3,997
Other	348	406	1,074	1,249
Subordinated debentures	314	306	924	1,016
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	9	490	82	1,345
Notes payable and other borrowings	135	187	471	579
Total interest expense	3,174	3,592	9,352	10,817
Net interest income	30,006	27,444	88,331	86,552
Provision for portfolio loan losses	599	66	4,329	2,441
Provision (provision reversal) for purchase credit impaired	(227)	(1,877)	(3,497)	957
loan losses	(221 )	(1,0//	(3,497)	931
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	29,634	29,255	87,499	83,154
Noninterest income:				
Wealth management revenue	1,773	1,754	5,291	5,191
Service charges on deposit accounts	2,044	1,812	5,898	5,317
Other service charges and fee income	871	849	2,464	2,188
Gain on sale of other real estate	32	114	61	1,514
Gain on state tax credits, net	321	156	1,069	860
Gain on sale of investment securities			23	
Change in FDIC loss share receivable	(1,241)	(2,374)	(4,450)	(7,526)
Miscellaneous income	929	2,141	3,762	4,235
Total noninterest income	4,729	4,452	14,118	11,779
Noninterest expense:				
Employee compensation and benefits	11,475	11,913	34,262	35,882
Occupancy	1,605	1,683	4,920	4,998
Data processing	1,138	1,045	3,295	3,296
FDIC and other insurance	654	710	2,045	2,170
Loan legal and other real estate expense	530	811	1,356	2,985
Professional fees	800	710	2,626	2,569
FDIC clawback	298	1,028	760	1,060
Other	3,432	3,221	10,076	9,708
Total noninterest expense	19,932	21,121	59,340	62,668

Income before income tax expense	14,431	12,586	42,277	32,265
Income tax expense	4,722	4,388	14,506	11,059
Net income	\$9,709	\$8,198	\$27,771	\$21,206
Earnings per common share				
Basic	\$0.49	\$0.41	\$1.39	\$1.07
Diluted	0.48	0.41	1.37	1.07
See accompanying notes to consolidated financia	al statements.			

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#### ENTERPRISE FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)

Three 30,	e months ended September	Nine months end 30,	ded September
(in thousands) 2015	2014	2015	2014
Net income \$9,70	9 \$8,198	\$27,771	\$21,206
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:			
Unrealized gains (losses) on investment securities			
arising during the period, net of income tax			
expense/benefit for three months of \$1,070 and 1,724	(812)	1,306	4,147
\$(505), and for nine months of \$793 and \$2,574,			
respectively			
Less: Reclassification adjustment for realized gains			
on sale of securities available for sale included in			
net income, net of income tax expense for three —	_	(14)	
months of \$0, and \$0, and for nine months of \$9 and			
\$0, respectively			
Total other comprehensive income (loss) 1,724	` /	1,292	4,147
Total comprehensive income \$11,4	\$7,386	\$29,063	\$25,353

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

### ENTERPRISE FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity (Unaudited)

(in thousands, except per share data)	Preferre Stock	edCommon Stock	Treasury Stock	Additional paid in capital	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensivincome (loss)	Total shareholde equity	ers'
Balance January 1, 2015 Net income	\$— —	\$ 199 —	\$(1,743) —	\$207,731 —	\$108,373 27,771	\$ 1,681 —	\$ 316,241 27,771	
Other comprehensive loss	_		_	_	_	1,292	1,292	
Cash dividends paid on common shares, \$0.183 per share	_	_	_	_	(3,654)	_	(3,654	)
Issuance under equity compensation plans, 121,646 shares, net	_	1	_	(832)	_	_	(831	)
Share-based compensation	_	_	_	2,588	_		2,588	
Excess tax benefit related to equity compensation plans	_	_	_	156	_	_	156	
Balance September 30, 2015	\$	\$ 200	\$(1,743)	\$209,643	\$132,490	\$ 2,973	\$ 343,563	
(in thousands, except per share data)	Preferre Stock	eCommon Stock	Treasury Stock	Additional paid in capital	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensivincome (loss)	Total shareholde equity	ers'
Balance January 1, 2014			•	paid in	earnings \$85,376	other comprehensiv	eshareholde equity \$ 279,705	
Balance January 1, 2014 Net income	Stock	Stock	Stock	paid in capital	earnings	other comprehensivincome (loss) \$ (4,380 )	eshareholde equity \$ 279,705 21,206	
Balance January 1, 2014 Net income Other comprehensive income	Stock	Stock	Stock	paid in capital	earnings \$85,376	other comprehensiv income (loss)	eshareholde equity \$ 279,705	
Balance January 1, 2014 Net income Other comprehensive income Cash dividends paid on common	Stock	Stock	Stock	paid in capital	earnings \$85,376	other comprehensivincome (loss) \$ (4,380 )	eshareholde equity \$ 279,705 21,206	
Balance January 1, 2014 Net income Other comprehensive income	Stock	Stock	Stock	paid in capital	\$85,376 21,206	other comprehensivincome (loss) \$ (4,380 )	shareholde equity \$ 279,705 21,206 4,147	
Balance January 1, 2014 Net income Other comprehensive income Cash dividends paid on common shares, \$0.105 per share Issuance under equity compensation	Stock	\$194 — —	Stock	paid in capital \$200,258 — — — —	\$85,376 21,206	other comprehensivincome (loss) \$ (4,380 )	shareholde equity \$ 279,705 21,206 4,147 (3,130	
Balance January 1, 2014 Net income Other comprehensive income Cash dividends paid on common shares, \$0.105 per share Issuance under equity compensation plans, 173,461 shares, net Trust preferred securities conversion 287,852 shares Share-based compensation	Stock	\$194   2	Stock	paid in capital \$200,258 — — — — (484 )	\$85,376 21,206	other comprehensivincome (loss) \$ (4,380 )	shareholde equity \$ 279,705 21,206 4,147 (3,130 (482	
Balance January 1, 2014 Net income Other comprehensive income Cash dividends paid on common shares, \$0.105 per share Issuance under equity compensation plans, 173,461 shares, net Trust preferred securities conversion 287,852 shares	Stock	\$194   2	Stock	paid in capital \$200,258 — — — — (484 — ) 4,999	\$85,376 21,206	other comprehensivincome (loss) \$ (4,380 )	shareholde equity \$ 279,705 21,206 4,147 (3,130 (482 5,002	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

# ENTERPRISE FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

	Nine months	ended September 30,	,
(in thousands)	2015	2014	
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income	\$27,771	\$21,206	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating			
activities			
Depreciation	1,510	1,681	
Provision for loan losses	832	3,398	
Deferred income taxes	1,937	6,458	
Net amortization of debt securities	2,473	2,885	
Amortization of intangible assets	842	965	
Gain on sale of investment securities	(23	) —	
Mortgage loans originated for sale	(95,744	) (52,475	)
Proceeds from mortgage loans sold	95,814	49,811	
Gain on sale of other real estate	(61	) (1,514	)
Gain on state tax credits, net	(1,069	) (860	)
Excess tax benefit of share-based compensation	(156	) (101	)
Share-based compensation	2,588	2,205	
Valuation adjustment on other real estate	82	618	
Net accretion of loan discount and indemnification asset	(4,894	) 731	
Changes in:			
Accrued interest receivable	(703	) (223	)
Accrued interest payable	(63	) (103	)
Other assets	4,851	(2,984	)
Other liabilities	4,024	(1,381	)
Net cash provided by operating activities	40,011	30,317	
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Net increase in loans	(152,970	) (133,782	)
Net cash proceeds received from FDIC loss share receivable	1,725	6,487	
Proceeds from the sale of securities, available for sale	41,069	_	
Proceeds from the paydown or maturity of securities, available for sale	40,230	35,503	
Proceeds from the paydown or maturity of securities, held to maturity	1,848	_	
Proceeds from the redemption of other investments	29,362	18,637	
Proceeds from the sale of state tax credits held for sale	5,353	4,099	
Proceeds from the sale of other real estate	5,662	14,435	
Payments for the purchase/origination of:			
Securities, available for sale	(150,934	) (53,664	)
Other investments	(23,931	) (21,324	)
State tax credits held for sale	(14,004	) —	
Fixed assets	(1,152	) (1,556	)
Net cash used in investing activities	(217,742	) (131,165	)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Net increase in noninterest-bearing deposit accounts	48,828	42,118	
Net increase (decrease) in interest-bearing deposit accounts	273,625	(67,307	)
Proceeds from Federal Home Loan Bank advances	635,900	799,600	
Repayments of Federal Home Loan Bank advances	(704,900	) (729,600	)
Repayments of notes payable	(900	) (4,500	)

Net decrease in other borrowings	(44,299	) (22,709	)
Cash dividends paid on common stock	(3,654	) (3,130	)
Excess tax benefit of share-based compensation	156	101	
Issuance of common stock, net	(831	) (482	)
Net cash provided by financing activities	203,925	14,091	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	26,194	(86,757	)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	100,696	210,569	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$126,890	\$123,812	
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:			
Cash paid during the period for:			
Interest	\$9,415	\$10,920	
Income taxes	8,763	8,998	
Noncash transactions:			
Transfer to other real estate owned in settlement of loans	\$6,604	\$7,468	
Sales of other real estate financed	_	5,102	
Issuance of common stock from Trust Preferred Securities conversion		5,002	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

#### ENTERPRISE FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies used by Enterprise Financial Services Corp (the "Company" or "Enterprise") in the preparation of the condensed consolidated financial statements are summarized below:

#### **Business and Consolidation**

Enterprise is a financial holding company that provides a full range of banking and wealth management services to individuals and corporate customers located in the St. Louis, Kansas City and Phoenix metropolitan markets through its banking subsidiary, Enterprise Bank & Trust (the "Bank").

Operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for any other interim period or for the year ending December 31, 2015. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

#### **Basis of Financial Statement Presentation**

The condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries, all of which are wholly owned. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included.

#### NOTE 2 - EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per common share data is calculated by dividing net income available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Common shares outstanding include common stock and restricted stock awards where recipients have satisfied the vesting terms. Diluted earnings per common share gives effect to all dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method and the if-converted method for convertible trust preferred securities.

The following table presents a summary of per common share data and amounts for the periods indicated.

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
(in thousands, except per share data)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Net income as reported	\$9,709	\$8,198	\$27,771	\$21,206
Impact of assumed conversions				
Interest on 9% convertible trust preferred securities, net of income tax	_	_	_	66
Net income available to common shareholders and assumed conversions	\$9,709	\$8,198	\$27,771	\$21,272
Weighted average common shares outstanding	19,995	19,838	19,970	19,729
Incremental shares from assumed conversions of convertible trust preferred securities	_	_	_	76
Additional dilutive common stock equivalents	266	142	266	165
Weighted average diluted common shares outstanding	\$20,261	\$19,980	\$20,236	\$19,970
Basic earnings per common share: Diluted earnings per common share:	\$0.49 \$0.48	\$0.41 \$0.41	\$1.39 \$1.37	\$1.07 \$1.07

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, the amount of common stock equivalents excluded from the earnings per share calculations because their effect was anti-dilutive was 0.1 million, and 0.3 million common stock equivalents, respectively.

#### **NOTE 3 - INVESTMENTS**

The following table presents the amortized cost, gross unrealized gains and losses and fair value of securities available for sale and held to maturity:

$\begin{array}{c} \text{Amortized} \\ \text{Cost} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{Gross} \\ \text{Unrealized} \\ \text{Gains} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{Fair Value} \\ \text{Cost} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{Amortized} \\ \text{Gains} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{Gross} \\ \text{Unrealized} \\ \text{Gains} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{Fair Value} \\ \text{Doisses} \\ \end{array} \end{array}$		September 3	0, 2015			
Obligations of U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises         \$99,015         \$1,298         \$—         \$100,313           Obligations of states and political subdivisions         40,740         1,219         (380         ) 41,579           Agency mortgage-backed securities         325,417         3,983         (796         ) 328,604           Total securities available for sale         \$465,172         \$6,500         \$(1,176)         ) \$470,496           Held to maturity securities:         Obligations of states and political subdivisions         \$14,848         \$7         \$(212)         ) \$14,643           Agency mortgage-backed securities         29,327         131         —         29,458           Total securities held to maturity         \$44,175         \$138         \$(212)         ) \$44,101           December 31, 2014           Amortized Cost         Gross         Unrealized Gains         Losses           Available for sale securities:         \$91,355         \$624         \$(153)         \$91,826           Obligations of states and political subdivisions         33,997         1,300         (416)         34,881	(in thousands)		Unrealized	Unrealized		Fair Value
Obligations of states and political subdivisions       40,740       1,219       (380       ) 41,579         Agency mortgage-backed securities       325,417       3,983       (796       ) 328,604         Total securities available for sale       \$465,172       \$6,500       \$(1,176       ) \$470,496         Held to maturity securities:       000       \$14,848       \$7       \$(212       ) \$14,643         Agency mortgage-backed securities       29,327       131       —       29,458         Total securities held to maturity       \$44,175       \$138       \$(212       ) \$44,101         December 31, 2014             Amortized Gains       Unrealized Losses       Fair Value Gains         Available for sale securities:       001 Securities       \$91,355       \$624       \$(153       ) \$91,826         Obligations of states and political subdivisions       33,997       1,300       (416       ) 34,881						
Agency mortgage-backed securities 325,417 3,983 (796 ) 328,604 Total securities available for sale \$465,172 \$6,500 \$(1,176 ) \$470,496 Held to maturity securities:  Obligations of states and political subdivisions \$14,848 \$7 \$(212 ) \$14,643 Agency mortgage-backed securities 29,327 $131 - 29,458$ Total securities held to maturity \$44,175 \$138 \$(212 ) \$44,101 December 31, 2014 Amortized Cost Gross Unrealized Unrealized Gains Losses  Available for sale securities:  Obligations of U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises Obligations of states and political subdivisions 33,997 1,300 (416 ) 34,881	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Total securities available for sale \$465,172 \$6,500 \$(1,176 ) \$470,496 Held to maturity securities:  Obligations of states and political subdivisions \$14,848 \$7 \$(212 ) \$14,643 Agency mortgage-backed securities 29,327 131 — 29,458 Total securities held to maturity \$44,175 \$138 \$(212 ) \$44,101   December 31, 2014 Amortized Cost Unrealized Gains Losses  Available for sale securities:  Obligations of U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises Obligations of states and political subdivisions 33,997 1,300 (416 ) 34,881		*			)	•
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		*		`	)	•
Obligations of states and political subdivisions Agency mortgage-backed securities 29,327 131 — 29,458 Total securities held to maturity \$44,175 \$138 \$(212) \$44,101 \$		\$465,172	\$6,500	\$(1,176	)	\$470,496
Agency mortgage-backed securities	*					
Total securities held to maturity		•		\$(212	)	· ·
$\begin{array}{c} \text{December 31, 2014} \\ \text{Amortized} \\ \text{Cost} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{Gross} \\ \text{Unrealized} \\ \text{Gains} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{Gross} \\ \text{Unrealized} \\ \text{Losses} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{Fair Value} \\ \text{Sair Value} \\ \text{Obligations of U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises} \\ \text{Obligations of states and political subdivisions} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{S91,355} \\ \text{33,997} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{$624} \\ \text{$3,300} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{$4,53} \\ \text{$4,881} \end{array} $		,		<del></del>		,
$\begin{array}{c} \text{Amortized} \\ \text{Cost} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{Gross} \\ \text{Unrealized} \\ \text{Gains} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{Gross} \\ \text{Unrealized} \\ \text{Losses} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{Fair Value} \\ \text{Fair Value} \\ \text{Surphises} \end{array}$ Available for sale securities: $\begin{array}{c} \text{Obligations of U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises} \\ \text{Obligations of states and political subdivisions} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{Sp1,355} \\ \text{33,997} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{$624} \\ \text{$1,300} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{$4163} \\ \text{$34,881} \end{array}$	Total securities held to maturity	\$44,175	\$138	\$(212	)	\$44,101
(in thousands)  Amortized Cost  Cost  Unrealized Unrealized Losses  Fair Value Gains  Obligations of U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises Obligations of states and political subdivisions  System 4  System 4  System 4  System 5  System 4  System 5  System 6  System 6  System 6  System 7  System 6  System 6  System 7  System		December 31	1, 2014			
(in thousands)  Cost  Unrealized Gains  Losses  Available for sale securities:  Obligations of U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises \$91,355 \$624 \$(153) \$91,826  Obligations of states and political subdivisions 33,997 1,300 (416) 34,881		A 1	Gross	Gross		
Available for sale securities:  Obligations of U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises \$91,355 \$624 \$(153 ) \$91,826 Obligations of states and political subdivisions 33,997 1,300 (416 ) 34,881	(in thousands)		Unrealized	Unrealized		Fair Value
Obligations of U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises \$91,355 \$624 \$(153 ) \$91,826 Obligations of states and political subdivisions 33,997 1,300 (416 ) 34,881		Cost	Gains	Losses		
Obligations of states and political subdivisions 33,997 1,300 (416 ) 34,881	Available for sale securities:					
	Obligations of U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	\$91,355	\$624	\$(153	)	\$91,826
Agency mortgage-backed securities 271,430 3,577 (1.568 ) 273,439	Obligations of states and political subdivisions	33,997	1,300	(416	)	34,881
<i>y y y y y y y y y y</i>	Agency mortgage-backed securities	271,430	3,577	(1,568	)	273,439
Total securities available for sale \$396,782 \$5,501 \$(2,137) \$400,146	Total securities available for sale	\$396,782	\$5,501	\$(2,137	)	\$400,146
Held to maturity securities:	Held to maturity securities:					
Obligations of states and political subdivisions \$14,900 \$— \$(325) \$14,575	Obligations of states and political subdivisions	\$14,900	<b>\$</b> —	\$(325	)	\$14,575
Agency mortgage-backed securities 31,085 150 (15 ) 31,220	Agency mortgage-backed securities	31,085	150	(15	)	31,220
Total securities held to maturity \$45,985 \$150 \$(340 ) \$45,795		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•		

At September 30, 2015, and December 31, 2014, there were no holdings of securities of any one issuer in an amount greater than 10% of shareholders' equity, other than the U.S. Government agencies and sponsored enterprises. The agency mortgage-backed securities are all issued by U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises. Available for sale securities having a fair value of \$260.0 million and \$315.8 million at September 30, 2015, and December 31, 2014, respectively, were pledged as collateral to secure deposits of public institutions and for other purposes as required by law or contract provisions.

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of debt securities at September 30, 2015, by contractual maturity, are shown below. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties. The weighted average life of the mortgage-backed securities is approximately 4 years.

	Available for sale		Held to maturit	У
(in thousands)	Amortized	Estimated Fair	Amortized	Estimated Fair
(in thousands)	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
Due in one year or less	\$3,091	\$3,115	\$	<b>\$</b> —
Due after one year through five years	115,027	116,882	2,662	2,648
Due after five years through ten years	16,987	17,524	10,319	10,158
Due after ten years	4,650	4,371	1,867	1,837
Mortgage-backed securities	325,417	328,604	29,327	29,458
	\$465,172	\$470,496	\$44,175	\$44,101

The following table represents a summary of investment securities that had an unrealized loss:

	September Less than 1		12 months	or more	Total	
(in thousands)	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
Obligations of U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	1 \$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	15,757	249	3,563	343	19,320	592
Agency mortgage-backed securities	58,913 \$74,670	273 \$522	21,138 \$24,701	523 \$866	80,051 \$99,371	796 \$1,388
	December	31, 2014				
	December : Less than 1		12 months	or more	Total	
(in thousands)			12 months Fair Value	or more Unrealized Losses	Total Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
(in thousands) Obligations of U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	Less than 1 Fair Value	2 months Unrealized		Unrealized		_
Obligations of U.S. Government-sponsored	Less than 1 Fair Value	2 months Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Losses

The unrealized losses at both September 30, 2015, and December 31, 2014, were primarily attributable to changes in market interest rates since the securities were purchased. Management systematically evaluates investment securities for other-than-temporary declines in fair value on a quarterly basis. This analysis requires management to consider various factors, which include among other considerations (1) the present value of the cash flows expected to be collected compared to the amortized cost of the security, (2) duration and magnitude of the decline in value, (3) the financial condition of the issuer or issuers, (4) structure of the security, and (5) the intent to sell the security or whether it is more likely than not the Company would be required to sell the security before its anticipated recovery in market value. At September 30, 2015, management performed its quarterly analysis of all securities with an unrealized

loss and concluded no individual securities were other-than-temporarily impaired.

The gross gains and gross losses realized from sales of available for sale investment securities were as follows:

	Three months end	ed September 30,	Nine months end	ed September 30,
(in thousands)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Gross gains realized	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$63	<b>\$</b> —
Gross losses realized		_	(40	) —
Proceeds from sales			41,069	

### NOTE 4 - PORTFOLIO LOANS

Below is a summary of Portfolio loans by category at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Commercial and industrial	\$1,371,095	\$1,270,259
Real estate loans:		
Commercial - investor owned	424,090	413,026
Commercial - owner occupied	354,178	357,503
Construction and land development	152,979	144,773
Residential	188,985	185,252
Total real estate loans	1,120,232	1,100,554
Consumer and other	109,853	62,208
Portfolio loans	2,601,180	2,433,021
Unearned loan fees, net	976	895
Portfolio loans, including unearned loan costs	\$2,602,156	\$2,433,916

A summary of the year-to-date activity in the allowance for loan losses and the recorded investment in Portfolio loans by class and category based on impairment method through September 30, 2015, and at December 31, 2014, is as follows:

(in thousands) Allowance for loan	Commercial and industrial	CRE - investor owned		CRE - owner occupied		Construction and land development		Residential real estate	Consumer and other	Total	
losses:											
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$17,004	\$4,598		\$3,625		\$1,720		\$2,830	\$408	\$30,185	
Provision charged to expense	823	(12	)	(175	)	914		74	(44)	1,580	
Losses charged off Recoveries	(1,484 ) 769			 127		<del></del>		(1,073 ) 26	(11 ) 80	(2,568 1,091	)
Balance at March 31, 2015	\$17,112	\$4,615		\$3,577		\$2,694		\$1,857	\$433	\$30,288	
Provision charged to expense	2,927	(519	)	(347	)	(91	)	100	80	2,150	
Losses charged off Recoveries	(1,578 ) 420	(664 13	)	 1,287		(350 115	)	<del></del> 87	(4 ) 1	(2,596 1,923	)
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$18,881	\$3,445		\$4,517		\$2,368		\$2,044	\$510	\$31,765	
Provision charged to expense	1,501	788		(1,340	)	(660	)	40	270	599	
Losses charged off Recoveries	(572 ) 389	<u> </u>		<del></del>		 125		(240 ) 108	(9 ) 2	(821 708	)
Balance at September 30, 2015	\$20,199	\$4,249		\$3,245		\$1,833		\$1,952	\$773	\$32,251	

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(in thousands)  Balance September 30, 2015  Allowance for load losses - Ending balance:		CRE - investor owned	CRE - owner occupied	Construction and land development	Residential	Consumer and other	Total
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$1,802	\$—	\$—	\$403	\$—	\$—	\$2,205
Collectively evaluated for	18,397	4,249	3,245	1,430	1,952	773	30,046
impairment Total Loans - Ending balance:	\$20,199	\$4,249	\$3,245	\$1,833	\$1,952	\$773	\$32,251
Individually evaluated for impairment Collectively	\$2,975	\$2,954	\$2,248	\$2,823	\$714	<b>\$</b> —	\$11,714
evaluated for impairment	1,368,120	421,136	351,930	150,156	188,271	110,829	2,590,442
Total	\$1,371,095	\$424,090	\$354,178	\$152,979	\$188,985	\$110,829	\$2,602,156
Balance December 31, 2014 Allowance for Loan Losses - Ending Balance: Individually	er						
evaluated for impairment Collectively	\$704	<b>\$</b> —	\$286	\$352	\$1,052	<b>\$</b> —	\$2,394
evaluated for impairment	16,300	4,598	3,339	1,368	1,778	408	27,791
Total Loans - Ending balance: Individually	\$17,004	\$4,598	\$3,625	\$1,720	\$2,830	\$408	\$30,185
evaluated for impairment Collectively	\$5,998	\$5,036	\$3,384	\$6,866	\$3,082	\$—	\$24,366
evaluated for impairment	1,264,261	407,990	354,119	137,907	182,170	63,103	2,409,550
Total	\$1,270,259	\$413,026	\$357,503	\$144,773	\$185,252	\$63,103	\$2,433,916

A summary of Portfolio loans individually evaluated for impairment by category at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, is as follows:

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	September 30	, 2015				
(in thousands)	Unpaid Contractual Principal Balance	Recorded Investment With No Allowance	Recorded Investment With Allowance	Total Recorded Investment	Related Allowance	Average Recorded Investment
Commercial and industria	al\$3,702	\$658	\$2,433	\$3,091	\$1,802	\$5,696
Real estate loans:						
Commercial - investor owned	3,047	2,437	_	2,437	_	1,294
Commercial - owner occupied	321	240	_	240	_	967
Construction and land development	3,728	2,862	542	3,404	403	5,934
Residential	714	735		735	_	2,450
Consumer and other						
Total	\$11,512	\$6,932	\$2,975	\$9,907	\$2,205	\$16,341

	December 31,	2014				
(in thousands)	Unpaid Contractual Principal Balance	Recorded Investment With No Allowance	Recorded Investment With Allowance	Total Recorded Investment	Related Allowance	Average Recorded Investment
Commercial and industria	al\$8,042	\$2,609	\$3,464	\$6,073	\$704	\$4,136
Real estate loans:						
Commercial - investor owned	5,036	_	5,187	5,187	_	4,375
Commercial - owner occupied	1,376	770	519	1,289	286	1,281
Construction and land development	7,961	419	6,929	7,348	352	7,280
Residential	3,082	2,943	150	3,093	1,052	954
Consumer and other						581
Total	\$25,497	\$6,741	\$16,249	\$22,990	\$2,394	\$18,607

The following table presents details for past due and impaired loans:

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months end	ded September 30,
(in thousands)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Total interest income that would have been recognized under original terms	\$369	\$246	\$913	\$927
Total cash received and recognized as interest income on non-accrual loans	81	51	206	83
Total interest income recognized on impaired loans	4	11	31	27

There were no loans over 90 days past due and still accruing interest at September 30, 2015 or December 31, 2014. At September 30, 2015, there were \$0.3 million unadvanced commitments on impaired loans. Other liabilities include approximately \$0.2 million for estimated losses attributable to the unadvanced commitments.

The recorded investment in impaired Portfolio loans by category at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, is as follows:

	September 30,	2015		
(in thousands)	Non-accrual	Restructured	Loans over 90 days past due and still accruing interest	Total
Commercial and industrial	\$3,091	<b>\$</b> —	\$—	\$3,091
Real estate loans:				
Commercial - investor owned	2,437	_	_	2,437
Commercial - owner occupied	240	_	_	240
Construction and land development	3,404	_		3,404
Residential	735	_		735
Consumer and other	_	_	_	

Total \$9,907 \$— \$— \$9,907

	December 31, 20	014		
(in thousands)	Non-accrual	Restructured	Loans over 90 days past due and still accruing interest	Total
Commercial and industrial	\$6,073	<b>\$</b> —	\$—	\$6,073
Real estate loans:				
Commercial - investor owned	4,597	590	_	5,187
Commercial - owner occupied	519	770	_	1,289
Construction and land development	7,348	_	_	7,348
Residential	3,093	_	_	3,093
Consumer and other		_	_	
Total	\$21,630	\$1,360	\$—	\$22,990

The recorded investment by category for the Portfolio loans that have been restructured during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, is as follows:

1	Three m 2015	onths ended Sep			onths ended Sept	tember 30, 2014
(in thousands, except for number of loans)	Number of Loans	Pre-Modification Outstanding Recorded Balance	oPost-Modificati Outstanding Recorded Balance	on Number of Loans	Pre-Modification Outstanding Recorded Balance	onPost-Modification Outstanding Recorded Balance
Commercial and industrial		\$ —	\$ —	2	\$ 658	\$ 658
Real estate loans:						
Commercial - investor owned	. —					
Commercial - owner occupied	1—			1	357	357
Construction and land development		_	_	1	2,827	2,827
Residential		_	_	_	_	_
Consumer and other				_	_	_
Total	_	\$ —	\$ —	4	\$ 3,842	\$ 3,842

Nine months ended September 30, 2015 Nine months ended September 30, 2014 Pre-Modificatio Post-Modification Number Pre-ModificationPost-Modification Number (in thousands, except for number Outstanding Outstanding Outstanding Outstanding ofof Recorded of loans) Recorded Recorded Recorded Loans Loans Balance Balance Balance Balance Commercial and industrial 2 \$ 658 \$ — \$ 658 Real estate loans: Commercial - investor owned — 603 603 Commercial - owner occupied— 3 1,649 1,399 Construction and land 2,827 2,827 development Residential 125 125 Consumer and other 8 Total \$ 5,862 \$ 5,612

The restructured Portfolio loans primarily resulted from interest rate concessions and changing the terms of the loans. As of September 30, 2015, the Company had no specific reserves allocated to the loans that have been restructured.

There were no Portfolio loans that were restructured and subsequently defaulted during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 or 2014.

The aging of the recorded investment in past due Portfolio loans by portfolio class and category at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 is shown below.

	September 30, 2	2015			
(in thousands)	30-89 Days Past Due	90 or More Days Past Due	Total Past Due	Current	Total
Commercial and industrial	\$5,472	\$1,043	\$6,515	\$1,364,580	\$1,371,095
Real estate loans:					
Commercial - investor owned	577	2,382	2,959	421,131	424,090
Commercial - owner occupied	_	85	85	354,093	354,178
Construction and land development	148	2,283	2,431	150,548	152,979
Residential	13	714	727	188,258	188,985
Consumer and other	_	_		110,829	110,829
Total	\$6,210	\$6,507	\$12,717	\$2,589,439	\$2,602,156
	December 31, 2	014			
(in thousands)	December 31, 2 30-89 Days Past Due	2014 90 or More Days Past Due	Total Past Due	Current	Total
(in thousands)  Commercial and industrial	30-89 Days	90 or More Days		Current \$1,266,968	Total \$1,270,259
	30-89 Days Past Due	90 or More Days Past Due	Past Due		
Commercial and industrial	30-89 Days Past Due	90 or More Days Past Due	Past Due		
Commercial and industrial Real estate loans:	30-89 Days Past Due \$3,059	90 or More Days Past Due \$232	Past Due \$3,291	\$1,266,968	\$1,270,259
Commercial and industrial Real estate loans: Commercial - investor owned	30-89 Days Past Due \$3,059 261 766	90 or More Days Past Due \$232 4,450	Past Due \$3,291 4,711	\$1,266,968 408,315	\$1,270,259 413,026
Commercial and industrial Real estate loans: Commercial - investor owned Commercial - owner occupied	30-89 Days Past Due \$3,059 261 766	90 or More Days Past Due \$232 4,450 496	Past Due \$3,291 4,711 1,262	\$1,266,968 408,315 356,241	\$1,270,259 413,026 357,503
Commercial and industrial Real estate loans: Commercial - investor owned Commercial - owner occupied Construction and land development	30-89 Days Past Due \$3,059 261 766 702	90 or More Days Past Due \$232 4,450 496	Past Due \$3,291 4,711 1,262 3,226	\$1,266,968 408,315 356,241 141,547	\$1,270,259 413,026 357,503 144,773

The Company categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt, such as current financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, and current economic factors among other factors. This analysis is performed on a quarterly basis. The Company uses the following definitions for risk ratings:

Grades 1, 2, and 3 – Includes loans to borrowers with a continuous record of strong earnings, sound balance sheet condition and capitalization, ample liquidity with solid cash flow, and whose management team has experience and depth within their industry.

Grade 4 – Includes loans to borrowers with positive trends in profitability, satisfactory capitalization and balance sheet condition, and sufficient liquidity and cash flow.

Grade 5 – Includes loans to borrowers that may display fluctuating trends in sales, profitability, capitalization, liquidity, and cash flow.

Grade 6 – Includes loans to borrowers where an adverse change or perceived weakness has occurred, but may be correctable in the near future. Alternatively, this rating category may also include circumstances where the borrower is starting to reverse a negative trend or condition, or has recently been upgraded from a 7, 8, or 9 rating.

Grade 7 – Watch credits are borrowers that have experienced financial setback of a nature that is not determined to be severe or influence 'ongoing concern' expectations. Although possible, no loss is anticipated, due to strong collateral and/or guarantor support.

Grade 8 – Substandard credits will include those borrowers characterized by significant losses and sustained downward trends in balance sheet condition, liquidity, and cash flow. Repayment reliance may have shifted to secondary sources. Collateral exposure may exist and additional reserves may be warranted.

Grade 9 – Doubtful credits include borrowers that may show deteriorating trends that are unlikely to be corrected. Collateral values may appear insufficient for full recovery, therefore requiring a partial charge-off, or debt renegotiation with the borrower. The borrower may have declared bankruptcy or bankruptcy is likely in the near term. All doubtful rated credits will be on non-accrual.

The recorded investment by risk category of the Portfolio loans by portfolio class and category at September 30, 2015, which is based upon the most recent analysis performed, and December 31, 2014 is as follows:

	September 30	), 2015			
(in thousands)	Pass (1-6)	Watch (7)	Substandard (8)	Doubtful (9)	Total
Commercial and industrial	\$1,267,697	\$67,560	\$35,838	<b>\$</b> —	\$1,371,095
Real estate loans:					
Commercial - investor owned	390,403	22,034	11,653	_	424,090
Commercial - owner occupied	328,753	20,813	4,612	_	354,178
Construction and land development	136,374	12,139	4,466	_	152,979
Residential	174,883	10,576	3,526	_	188,985
Consumer and other	110,336		493		110,829
Total	\$2,408,446	\$133,122	\$60,588	<b>\$</b> —	\$2,602,156
	December 31	, 2014			
(in thousands)	December 31 Pass (1-6)	, 2014 Watch (7)	Substandard (8)	Doubtful (9)	Total
(in thousands)  Commercial and industrial				Doubtful (9)	Total \$1,270,259
	Pass (1-6)	Watch (7)	(8)	. ,	
Commercial and industrial	Pass (1-6)	Watch (7)	(8)	. ,	
Commercial and industrial Real estate loans:	Pass (1-6) \$1,167,751	Watch (7) \$62,315	(8) \$40,193	. ,	\$1,270,259
Commercial and industrial Real estate loans: Commercial - investor owned	Pass (1-6) \$1,167,751 372,818	Watch (7) \$62,315 24,088	(8) \$40,193 16,120	. ,	\$1,270,259 413,026
Commercial and industrial Real estate loans: Commercial - investor owned Commercial - owner occupied	Pass (1-6) \$1,167,751 372,818 334,347	Watch (7) \$62,315 24,088 18,025	(8) \$40,193 16,120 5,131	. ,	\$1,270,259 413,026 357,503
Commercial and industrial Real estate loans: Commercial - investor owned Commercial - owner occupied Construction and land development	Pass (1-6) \$1,167,751 372,818 334,347 123,260	Watch (7) \$62,315 24,088 18,025 12,993	(8) \$40,193 16,120 5,131 8,520	. ,	\$1,270,259 413,026 357,503 144,773

### NOTE 5 - PURCHASE CREDIT IMPAIRED ("PCI") LOANS

Below is a summary of PCI loans by category at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

	September 30, 2015		December 31, 20	014
	Weighted-	Recorded	Weighted-	Recorded
(in thousands)	Average	Investment	Average	Investment
	Risk Rating	PCI Loans	Risk Rating	PCI Loans
Commercial and industrial	6.72	\$3,467	6.57	\$4,012
Real estate loans:				
Commercial - investor owned	7.11	32,534	7.07	39,066
Commercial - owner occupied	6.35	20,008	6.35	22,695
Construction and land development	6.31	7,068	6.16	7,740
Residential	5.44	20,404	5.54	25,121
Total real estate loans		80,014		94,622
Consumer and other	6.13	255	5.39	469
Purchase credit impaired loans		\$83,736		\$99,103

The aging of the recorded investment in past due PCI loans by portfolio class and category at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 is shown below:

	September 30, 2	2015			
(in thousands)	30-89 Days Past Due	90 or More Days Past Due	Total Past Due	Current	Total
Commercial and industrial	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$3,467	\$3,467
Real estate loans:					
Commercial - investor owned	4,358	3,441	7,799	24,735	32,534
Commercial - owner occupied	_	543	543	19,465	20,008
Construction and land development		1,975	1,975	5,093	7,068
Residential	89	53	142	20,262	20,404
Consumer and other				255	255
Total	\$4,447	\$6,012	\$10,459	\$73,277	\$83,736
(in thousands)	December 31, 2 30-89 Days	014 90 or More Days	Total	Current	Total
	30-89 Days Past Due	90 or More Days Past Due	Past Due		
Commercial and industrial	30-89 Days	90 or More Days		Current \$3,996	Total \$4,012
Commercial and industrial Real estate loans:	30-89 Days Past Due \$—	90 or More Days Past Due \$16	Past Due \$16	\$3,996	\$4,012
Commercial and industrial Real estate loans: Commercial - investor owned	30-89 Days Past Due	90 or More Days Past Due \$16	Past Due \$16 7,362	\$3,996 31,704	\$4,012 39,066
Commercial and industrial Real estate loans: Commercial - investor owned Commercial - owner occupied	30-89 Days Past Due \$— 878	90 or More Days Past Due \$16	Past Due \$16 7,362 2,759	\$3,996 31,704 19,936	\$4,012 39,066 22,695
Commercial and industrial Real estate loans: Commercial - investor owned Commercial - owner occupied Construction and land development	30-89 Days Past Due \$— 878 — 774	90 or More Days Past Due \$16 6,484 2,759	Past Due \$16 7,362 2,759 774	\$3,996 31,704 19,936 6,966	\$4,012 39,066 22,695 7,740
Commercial and industrial Real estate loans: Commercial - investor owned Commercial - owner occupied Construction and land development Residential	30-89 Days Past Due \$— 878	90 or More Days Past Due \$16 6,484 2,759 — 1,451	Past Due \$16 7,362 2,759 774 3,471	\$3,996 31,704 19,936 6,966 21,650	\$4,012 39,066 22,695 7,740 25,121
Commercial and industrial Real estate loans: Commercial - investor owned Commercial - owner occupied Construction and land development	30-89 Days Past Due \$— 878 — 774	90 or More Days Past Due \$16 6,484 2,759	Past Due \$16 7,362 2,759 774	\$3,996 31,704 19,936 6,966	\$4,012 39,066 22,695 7,740

The following table is a rollforward of PCI loans, net of the allowance for loan losses, for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

(in thousands)	Contractual Cashflows		Non-accretable Difference	Э	Accretable Yield		Carrying Amount	
Balance December 31, 2014	\$178,145		\$65,719		\$28,733		\$83,693	
Principal reductions and interest payments	(19,315	)	_				(19,315	)
Accretion of loan discount					(8,604	)	8,604	
Changes in contractual and expected cash flows due to remeasurement	(5,731	)	(26,797	)	9,233		11,833	
Reductions due to disposals	(19,734	)	(4,183	)	(3,133	)	(12,418	)
Balance September 30, 2015	\$133,365		\$34,739		\$26,229		\$72,397	
Balance December 31, 2013	\$266,068		\$87,438		\$53,530		\$125,100	
Principal reductions and interest payments	(25,261	)	_		_		(25,261	)
Accretion of loan discount	_		_		(12,323	)	12,323	
Changes in contractual and expected cash flows due to remeasurement	(2,616	)	(7,378	)	(500	)	5,262	
Reductions due to disposals	(30,334	)	(7,379	)	(3,849	)	(19,106	)
Balance September 30, 2014	\$207,857		\$72,681		\$36,858		\$98,318	

The accretable yield is accreted into interest income over the estimated life of the acquired loans using the effective yield method.

A summary of activity in the FDIC loss share receivable for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 is as follows:

(in thousands)		
Balance December 31, 2014	\$15,866	
Adjustments not reflected in income:		
Cash received from the FDIC for covered assets	(1,725	)
FDIC reimbursable losses, net	(1,072	)
Adjustments reflected in income:		
Amortization, net	(484	)
Loan impairment	(2,611	)
Reductions for payments on covered assets in excess of expected cash flows	(1,355	)
Balance September 30, 2015	\$8,619	

Outstanding customer balances on PCI loans were \$110.6 million and \$135.3 million as of September 30, 2015, and December 31, 2014, respectively.

#### NOTE 6 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company issues financial instruments with off balance sheet risk in the normal course of the business of meeting the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit. These instruments may involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets.

The Company's extent of involvement and maximum potential exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the other party to the financial instrument for commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit is represented by the contractual amount of these instruments.

The Company uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for financial instruments included on its consolidated balance sheets. At September 30, 2015, there were \$0.3 million of unadvanced commitments on impaired loans.

The contractual amounts of off-balance-sheet financial instruments as of September 30, 2015, and December 31, 2014, are as follows:

(in they canda)	September 30,	December 31,
(in thousands)	2015	2014
Commitments to extend credit	\$1,099,224	\$947,424
Standby letters of credit	51,701	50,108

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments usually have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses, may have significant usage restrictions, and may require payment of a fee. Of the total commitments to extend credit at September 30, 2015, and December 31, 2014, approximately \$101.4 million and \$65.9 million, respectively, represent fixed rate loan commitments. Since certain of the commitments may expire without being drawn upon or may be revoked, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. The Company evaluates each customer's credit worthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary by the Company upon extension of credit, is based on management's credit evaluation of the borrower. Collateral held varies, but may include accounts receivable, inventory, premises and equipment, and real estate. Other liabilities include approximately \$0.2 million for estimated losses attributable to the unadvanced commitments at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued by the Company to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. These standby letters of credit are issued to support contractual obligations of the Company's customers. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as the risk involved in extending loans to customers. The approximate remaining term of standby letters of credit range from 1 month to 2.4 years at September 30, 2015.

#### Contingencies

The Company and its subsidiaries are, from time to time, parties to various legal proceedings arising out of their businesses. Management believes there are no such proceedings pending or threatened against the Company or its subsidiaries which, if determined adversely, would have a material adverse effect on the business, consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows of the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

#### NOTE 7 - DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Client-Related Derivative Instruments. The Company enters into interest rate swaps to allow customers to hedge changes in fair value of certain loans. The table below summarizes the notional amounts and fair values of the client-related derivative instruments:

			Asset Derivatives		Liability Derivatives		
			(Other Assets)		(Other Liabilities)		
	Notional Am	ount	Fair Value		Fair Value		
(in thousands)	September 30	December 31,	September 30	December 31,	September 30	December 31,	
(III tilousanus)	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Non-designated hedging							
instruments							
Interest rate swap contracts	\$146,884	\$ 141,263	\$1,749	\$ 907	\$1,749	\$ 907	

Changes in the fair value of client-related derivative instruments are recognized currently in operations. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, the gains and losses offset each other due to the Company's hedging of the client swaps with other bank counterparties.

#### NOTE 8 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Below is a description of certain assets and liabilities measured at fair value.

The following table summarizes financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, segregated by the level of the valuation inputs within the fair value hierarchy utilized to measure fair value:

(in thousands)	September 30, Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total Fair Value
Assets				
Securities available for sale				
Obligations of U.S. Government-sponsored enterprise	s\$—	\$100,313	\$—	\$100,313
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	_	38,502	3,077	41,579
Residential mortgage-backed securities	_	328,604	_	328,604
Total securities available for sale	<b>\$</b> —	\$467,419	\$3,077	\$470,496
State tax credits held for sale	_	_	10,089	10,089
Derivative financial instruments	_	1,749	_	1,749
Total assets	<b>\$</b> —	\$469,168	\$13,166	\$482,334
Liabilities Derivative financial instruments	<b>\$</b> —	\$1,749	<b>\$</b> —	\$1,749
Total liabilities	<b>\$</b> —	\$1,749	<b>\$</b> —	\$1,749

(in thousands)	December 31, Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total Fair Value
Assets				
Securities available for sale				
Obligations of U.S. Government-sponsored enterprise	s \$	\$91,826	<b>\$</b> —	\$91,826
Obligations of states and political subdivisions		31,822	3,059	34,881
Residential mortgage-backed securities		273,439	_	273,439
Total securities available for sale	\$—	\$397,087	\$3,059	\$400,146
State tax credits held for sale			11,689	11,689
Derivative financial instruments		909		909
Total assets	<b>\$</b> —	\$397,996	\$14,748	\$412,744
Liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments	<b>\$</b> —	\$907	<b>\$</b> —	\$907
Total liabilities	<b>\$</b> —	\$907	<b>\$</b> —	\$907

Securities available for sale. Securities classified as available for sale are reported at fair value utilizing Level 2 and Level 3 inputs. Fair values for Level 2 securities are based upon dealer quotes, market spreads, the U.S. Treasury yield curve, trade execution data, market consensus prepayment speeds, credit information and the bond's terms and conditions at the security level. At September 30, 2015, Level 3 securities available for sale consist primarily of three Auction Rate Securities that are valued based on the securities' estimated cash flows, yields of comparable securities, and live trading levels.

State tax credits held for sale. At September 30, 2015, of the \$48.2 million of state tax credits held for sale on the condensed consolidated balance sheet, approximately \$10.1 million were carried at fair value. The remaining \$38.1 million of state tax credits were accounted for at cost.

The Company is not aware of an active market that exists for the 10-year streams of state tax credit financial instruments. However, the Company's principal market for these tax credits consists of Missouri state residents who buy these credits and local and regional accounting firms who broker them. As such, the Company employed a discounted cash flow analysis (income approach) to determine the fair value.

The fair value measurement is calculated using an internal valuation model with market data including discounted cash flows based upon the terms and conditions of the tax credits. If the underlying project remains in compliance with the various federal and state rules governing the tax credit program, each project will generate about 10 years of tax credits. The inputs to the discounted cash flow calculation include: the amount of tax credits generated each year, the anticipated sale price of the tax credit, the timing of the sale and a discount rate. The discount rate is estimated using the LIBOR swap curve at a point equal to the remaining life in years of credits plus a 205 basis point spread. With the exception of the discount rate, the other inputs to the fair value calculation are observable and readily available. The discount rate is considered a Level 3 input because it is an "unobservable input" and is based on the Company's assumptions. An increase in the discount rate utilized would generally result in a lower estimated fair value of the tax credits. Alternatively, a decrease in the discount rate utilized would generally result in a higher estimated fair value of the tax credits. Given the significance of this input to the fair value calculation, the state tax credit assets are reported as Level 3 assets.

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Derivatives. Derivatives are reported at fair value utilizing Level 2 inputs. The Company obtains counterparty quotations to value its interest rate swaps and caps. In addition, the Company validates the counterparty quotations with third party valuation sources. Derivatives with negative fair values are included in Other

liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets. Derivatives with positive fair value are included in Other assets in the consolidated balance sheets.

Level 3 financial instruments

The following table presents the changes in Level 3 financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2015 and 2014.

Purchases, sales, issuances and settlements. There were no Level 3 purchases during the quarter ended September 30, 2015 or 2014.

Transfers in and/or out of Level 3. There were no Level 3 transfers during the quarter ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

2014.							
	Securities availab	le for sale, at fair v	alue				
	Three months end	led September 30,	Nine months end	ed September 30,			
(in thousands)	2015	2014	2015	2014			
Beginning balance	\$3,070	\$3,051	\$3,059	\$3,040			
Total gains:							
Included in other comprehensive income	7	3	18	14			
Purchases, sales, issuances and							
settlements:							
Purchases	_	_	_				
Transfer in and/or out of Level 3							
Ending balance	\$3,077	\$3,054	\$3,077	\$3,054			
Change in an artificial action of the ta-							
Change in unrealized gains relating to	\$7	\$3	\$18	\$14			
assets still held at the reporting date							
	State tax credits h	eld for sale					
	Three months end	led September 30,	Nine months ended September 30,				
(in thousands)	2015	2014	2015	2014			
Beginning balance	\$9,965	\$14,985	\$11,689	\$16,491			
Total gains:							
Included in earnings	124	146	318	407			
Purchases, sales, issuances and							
settlements:							
Sales	_	_	• •	) (1,767	)		
Ending balance	\$10,089	\$15,131	\$10,089	\$15,131			
Change in unrealized gains (losses)							
relating to	\$124	\$146	\$(186	) \$(58	)		
assets still held at the reporting date	Ψ127	Ψ170	Ψ(100	, ψ(30	,		
assets still held at the reporting date							

From time to time, the Company measures certain assets at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. These include assets that are measured at the lower of cost or fair value that were recognized at fair value below cost at the end of the period.

The following table presents financial instruments and non-financial assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis as of September 30, 2015.

	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)		
(in thousands)	Total Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total losses for the three months ended September 30, 2015	Total losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2015
Impaired loans	\$2,427	<b>\$</b> —	\$—	\$2,427	\$821	\$5,985
Other real estate	890	_		890	1	83
Total	\$3,317	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$3,317	\$822	\$6,068

(1) The amounts represent only balances measured at fair value during the period and still held as of the reporting date.

Impaired loans are reported at the fair value of the underlying collateral for collateral dependent loans. Fair values for impaired loans are obtained from current appraisals by qualified licensed appraisers or independent valuation specialists. Other real estate owned is adjusted to fair value upon foreclosure of the underlying loan. Subsequently, foreclosed assets are carried at the lower of carrying value or fair value less costs to sell. Fair value of other real estate is based upon the current appraised values of the properties as determined by qualified licensed appraisers and the Company's judgment of other relevant market conditions. Certain state tax credits are reported at cost.

Following is a summary of the carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's financial instruments on the consolidated balance sheets at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

	September 30,	2015	December 31, 2014			
(in thousands)	Carrying	Estimated fair	Carrying	Estimated fair		
(iii tilousalius)	Amount	value	Amount	value		
Balance sheet assets						
Cash and due from banks	\$46,775	\$46,775	\$42,903	\$42,903		
Federal funds sold	45	45	35	35		
Interest-bearing deposits	81,070	81,070	63,058	63,058		
Securities available for sale	470,496	470,496	400,146	400,146		
Securities held to maturity	44,175	44,101	45,985	45,795		
Other investments, at cost	15,906	15,906	17,037	17,037		
Loans held for sale	4,275	4,275	4,033	4,033		
Derivative financial instruments	1,749	1,749	909	909		
Portfolio loans, net	2,642,302	2,635,556	2,487,424	2,482,700		
State tax credits, held for sale	48,207	53,767	38,309	42,970		
Accrued interest receivable	8,660	8,660	7,956	7,956		
Balance sheet liabilities						
Deposits	2,813,963	2,816,039	2,491,510	2,494,624		
Subordinated debentures	56,807	34,463	56,807	34,124		
Subordinated dependings	50,007	J <del>T,4</del> UJ	50,007	JT,14T		

Federal Home Loan Bank advances	75,000	74,998	144,000	144,000
Other borrowings	194,684	194,671	239,883	239,950
Derivative financial instruments	1,749	1,749	907	907
Accrued interest payable	780	780	843	843

For information regarding the methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it is practical to estimate such value, refer to Note 20 – Fair Value Measurements in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

The following table presents the level in the fair value hierarchy for the estimated fair values of only the Company's financial instruments that are not already presented on the condensed consolidated balance sheets at fair value at September 30, 2015, and December 31, 2014.

	Estimated Fair Val	Reporting Date	Balance at	
(in thousands)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	September 30, 2015
Financial Assets:				
Securities held to maturity	<b>\$</b> —	\$44,101	<b>\$</b> —	\$44,101
Portfolio loans, net	_	_	2,635,556	2,635,556
State tax credits, held for sale	_	_	43,678	43,678
Financial Liabilities:				
Deposits	2,357,367		458,672	2,816,039
Subordinated debentures	_	34,463	_	34,463
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	_	74,998	_	74,998
Other borrowings		194,671		194,671
	Estimated Fair Val	ue Measurement at I	Reporting Date	Balance at
(in thousands)		ue Measurement at I Level 2	Reporting Date  Level 3	Balance at December 31, 2014
(in thousands) Financial Assets:	Using		-	
	Using		-	
Financial Assets:	Using Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	December 31, 2014
Financial Assets: Securities held to maturity	Using Level 1	Level 2	Level 3 \$—	December 31, 2014 \$45,795
Financial Assets: Securities held to maturity Portfolio loans, net	Using Level 1	Level 2	Level 3 \$— 2,482,700	December 31, 2014 \$45,795 2,482,700
Financial Assets: Securities held to maturity Portfolio loans, net State tax credits, held for sale	Using Level 1	Level 2	Level 3 \$— 2,482,700	December 31, 2014 \$45,795 2,482,700
Financial Assets: Securities held to maturity Portfolio loans, net State tax credits, held for sale Financial Liabilities:	Using Level 1 \$— — —	Level 2	Level 3 \$— 2,482,700 31,281	December 31, 2014 \$45,795 2,482,700 31,281
Financial Assets: Securities held to maturity Portfolio loans, net State tax credits, held for sale Financial Liabilities: Deposits	Using Level 1 \$— — —	Level 2 \$45,795 — —	Level 3 \$— 2,482,700 31,281	December 31, 2014 \$45,795 2,482,700 31,281 2,494,624

#### NOTE 9 - NEW AUTHORITATIVE ACCOUNTING GUIDANCE

FASB ASU 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers". The objective of ASU 2014-09 is to establish a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and will supersede most of the existing revenue recognition guidance, including industry-specific guidance. The core principle of ASU 2014-09 is that an entity recognizes revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. In applying the new guidance, an entity will (1) identify the contract(s) with a customer; (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract; (3) determine the transaction price; (4) allocate the transaction price to the contract's performance obligations; and (5) recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation. ASU 2014-09 applies to all contracts with customers except those that are within the scope of other topics in the FASB Accounting Standards Codification. The new guidance was originally effective for annual reporting periods (including interim periods within those periods) beginning after December 15, 2016 for public companies. In August 2015, the

FASB issued ASU 2015-14, which defers the effective date of this guidance to annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017 for public companies, and permits early adoption on a limited basis. The Company is currently evaluating the new guidance and has not determined the impact this standard may have on its financial statements, nor decided upon

the method of adoption. Entities have the option of using either a full retrospective or modified approach to adopt ASU 2014-09.

FASB ASU 2014-11, "Transfers and Servicing (Topic 860): Repurchase-to-Maturity Transactions, Repurchase Financings, and Disclosures" In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-11, "Transfers and Servicing (Topic 860): Repurchase-to-Maturity Transactions, Repurchase Financings, and Disclosures." The objective of ASU 2014-11 is to amend the accounting for certain secured financing transactions, and requires enhanced disclosures with respect to transactions recognized as sales in which exposure to the derecognized asset is retained through a separate agreement with the counterparty. In addition, the guidance requires enhanced disclosures with respect to the types and quality of financial assets pledged in secured financing transactions. The guidance became effective in the first quarter of 2015, except for the disclosures regarding the types and quality of financial assets pledged, which became effective in the second quarter of 2015. The adoption of the guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated balance sheets or statements of operations.

FASB ASU 2015-03, "Interest-Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): FASB Accounting Standards Codification-Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs" In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-03, "Interest-Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): FASB Accounting Standards Codification-Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs." ASU 2015-03 requires that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability. The objective is to reduce cost and complexity in accounting standards while maintaining the usefulness of information being provided to users of financial statements. The guidance becomes effective in the first quarter of 2016 and requires the Company to apply the new guidance on a retrospective basis upon adoption, but early adoption is permitted for financial statements that have not been previously issued. The Company is currently evaluating the effect of this guidance on its consolidated balance sheets and statements of operations.

# ITEM 2: MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Some of the information in this report contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of and intended to be covered by the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements typically are identified with use of terms such as "may," "might," "will, "should," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "b "estimate," "predict," "potential," "could," "continue" and the negative of these terms and similar words, although some forward-looking statements are expressed differently. Our ability to predict results or the actual effect of future plans or strategies is inherently uncertain. You should be aware that our actual results could differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements due to a number of factors, including, but not limited to: credit risk; changes in the appraised valuation of real estate securing impaired loans; outcomes of litigation and other contingencies; exposure to general and local economic conditions; risks associated with rapid increases or decreases in prevailing interest rates; consolidation within the banking industry; competition from banks and other financial institutions; our ability to attract and retain relationship officers and other key personnel; burdens imposed by federal and state regulation; changes in regulatory requirements; changes in accounting regulation or standards applicable to banks; and other risks discussed under the caption "Risk Factors" of our most recently filed Form 10-K and within this Form 10-Q, all of which could cause the Company's actual results to differ from those set forth in the forward-looking statements.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements, which reflect management's analysis and expectations only as of the date of such statements. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and the Company does not intend, and undertakes no obligation, to publicly revise or update forward-looking statements after the date of this report, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by federal securities law. You should understand that it is not possible to predict or identify all risk factors. Readers should carefully review all disclosures we file from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission which are available on our website at www.enterprisebank.com.

#### Introduction

The following discussion describes the significant changes to the financial condition of the Company that have occurred during the first nine months of 2015 compared to the financial condition as of December 31, 2014. In addition, this discussion summarizes the significant factors affecting the results of operations, liquidity and cash flows of the Company for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, compared to the same periods in 2014. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements included in this report and our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

# **Executive Summary**

Below are highlights of our financial performance for the quarter and year to date period ended September 30, 2015, as compared to the linked quarter ended June 30, 2015, and prior year quarter and year to date period ended September 30, 2014.

(in thousands, except per share data	For the Thre		Ionths endo	ed a	nd At September :	20	For the Nine September 3			20
(iii tilousalius, except per share data	.)September 5 2015	ου,	2015		2014	50,	2015	υ,	2014	50,
EARNINGS	2013		2013		2017		2013		2014	
Total interest income	\$33,180		\$32,352		\$31,036		\$97,683		\$97,369	
Total interest expense	3,174		3,072		3,592		9,352		10,817	
Net interest income	30,006		29,280		27,444		88,331		86,552	
Provision for portfolio loans	599		2,150		66		4,329		2,441	
Provision (provision reversal) for purchase credit impaired loans	(227	)	_		(1,877	)	(3,497	)	957	
Net interest income after provision	20.624		27 120		20.255		97.400		02 154	
for loan losses	29,634		27,130		29,255		87,499		83,154	
Total noninterest income	4,729		5,806		4,452		14,118		11,779	
Total noninterest expense	19,932		19,458		21,121		59,340		62,668	
Income before income tax expense	14,431		13,478		12,586		42,277		32,265	
Income tax expense	4,722		4,762		4,388		14,506		11,059	
Net income	\$9,709		\$8,716		\$8,198		\$27,771		\$21,206	
Dasia aaminaa marahana	\$0.49		\$0.44		\$0.41		\$1.39		\$1.07	
Basic earnings per share			0.43		0.41		1.37		1.07	
Diluted earnings per share	0.48		0.43		0.41		1.37		1.07	
Return on average assets	1.13	%	1.06	%	1.02	%	1.11	%	0.91	%
Return on average common equity	11.38	%	10.56	%	10.62	%	11.24	%	9.54	%
Return on average tangible common	<sup>n</sup> 12.65	%	11.77	%	11.98	%	12.53	%	10.83	%
equity Net interest margin (fully tax										
equivalent)	3.77	%	3.85	%	3.75	%	3.84	%	4.05	%
Efficiency ratio	57.38	%	55.46	%	66.22	%	57.92	%	63.73	%
ASSET QUALITY (1)										
Net charge-offs (recoveries)	\$113		\$672		\$(311	)	\$2,263		\$931	
Nonperforming loans	9,123		17,498		18,212					
Classified assets	62,679		61,722		81,382					
Nonperforming loans to total loans	0.35	%	0.69	%	0.79	%				
Nonperforming assets to total assets	s 0.30	%	0.58	%	0.64	%				
Allowance for loan losses to total	1.24	%	1.25	%	1.25	%				
loans	1,47	70	1.23	70	1.20	70				
Net charge-offs to average loans (annualized)	0.02	%	0.11	%	(0.05	)%	0.12	%	0.06	%

(1) Excludes PCI loans and other assets covered under FDIC loss share agreements, except for their inclusion in total assets.

Below are highlights of the Company's Core performance measures, which we believe are important measures of financial performance, but are non-GAAP measures. Core performance measures include contractual interest on PCI loans, but exclude incremental accretion on these loans, and exclude the Change in the FDIC receivable, gain or loss of other real estate covered under FDIC loss share agreements, and certain other income and expense items the Company believes are not indicative of or useful to measure the Company's operating performance on an ongoing basis. A reconciliation of Core performance measures has been included in this MD&A section under the caption "Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures".

	For the Three	M	onths ende	For the Nine Months ended						
(in thousands)	September 30,		June 30,		September 30,		September 30	,	September 3	30,
(in thousands)	2015		2015		2014	2014			2014	
CORE PERFORMANCE MEASU	RES (1)									
Net interest income	\$27,087		\$26,277		\$24,865		\$78,951		\$72,771	
Provision for portfolio loans	599		2,150		66		4,329		2,441	
Noninterest income	5,939		6,741		5,926		18,519		18,110	
Noninterest expense	19,347		19,030		19,347		57,445		59,199	
Income before income tax expense	13,080		11,838		11,378		35,696		29,241	
Income tax expense	4,204		4,134		3,926		11,985		9,901	
Net income	\$8,876		\$7,704		\$7,452		\$23,711		\$19,340	
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.44		\$0.38		\$0.37		\$1.17		\$0.97	
Return on average assets	1.03	%	0.93	%	0.93	%	0.95	%	0.83	%
Return on average common equity	10.41	%	9.34	%	9.65	%	9.59	%	8.70	%
Return on average tangible commor equity	11.56	%	10.41	%	10.89	%	10.70	%	9.88	%
Net interest margin (fully tax equivalent)	3.41	%	3.46	%	3.41	%	3.44	%	3.42	%
Efficiency ratio	58.58	%	57.64	%	62.83	%	58.94	%	65.14	%

(1) A non-GAAP measure. A reconciliation has been included in this MD&A section under the caption "Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company noted the following trends:

The Company reported net income of \$27.8 million, or \$1.37 per share, for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, compared to \$21.2 million, or \$1.07 per share, for the same period in 2014. The increase in net income over the prior year was primarily due to an increase in reversal of provision for PCI loan loss, an increase in noninterest income, and a decrease in noninterest expenses from lower legal expense on problem loans and expense management.

On a core basis<sup>1</sup>, net income was \$23.7 million, or \$1.17 per share, for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, compared to \$19.3 million, or \$0.97 per share, in the prior year period. The increase was primarily due to increases in earning asset balances, driving growth in core net interest income, combined with a reduction in noninterest expenses and increases in noninterest income from service charges on deposits and other fee income.

Net interest income for the first nine months of 2015 increased \$1.8 million, or 2%, from the prior year period due to strong portfolio loan growth during the year, offset by a decline in accelerations from PCI loans. On a core basis<sup>1</sup>, net interest income increased \$6.2 million, or 8%, when compared to the prior year period due to strong portfolio loan growth and improvements in funding costs during 2014 and 2015.

The Core net interest margin<sup>1</sup>, for the first nine months of 2015, defined as Net interest margin (fully tax equivalent), including contractual interest on PCI loans, but excluding the incremental accretion on these

loans, increased two basis points from the prior year period primarily due to the managed reductions in funding costs combined with an improved earning asset mix.

Core noninterest income<sup>1</sup>, for the first nine months of 2015, which primarily includes the Company's wealth management revenue, service charges and other fees on deposit accounts, sales of other real estate, and state tax brokerage activity, increased 2% compared to the prior year period primarily due to an increase in Service charges on deposit accounts and other fees.

Noninterest expense declined 5% and the Company's efficiency ratio improved to 57.9% from 63.7% when compared to the prior year. Core noninterest expense<sup>1</sup> declined 3% when compared to the prior year, and the Core efficiency ratio<sup>1</sup> improved to 58.9% from 65.1% when compared to the prior year period primarily due to growth in revenue.

### Other highlights:

The Company's Board approved an increase in the Company's quarterly cash dividend to \$0.08 per common share for the fourth quarter of 2015 from \$0.07, payable on December 31, 2015 to shareholders of record as of the close of business on December 15, 2015.

The Company received a \$65 million allocation of New Markets Tax Credits ("NMTC"), which is the fourth allocation of NMTC received in the past five years, for a total of \$183 million.

The Company's Board also authorized the repurchase of up to two million common shares, representing approximately 10% of the Company's currently outstanding shares. Shares may be bought back in open market or privately negotiated transactions over an indeterminate time period based on market and business conditions. The Company had not repurchased any shares pursuant to this publicly announced program as of September 30, 2015.

#### Balance sheet highlights:

Loans – Loans totaled \$2.7 billion at September 30, 2015, including \$83.7 million of PCI loans. Portfolio loans excluding PCI loans increased \$168.2 million, or 7%, from December 31, 2014. Commercial and industrial loans increased \$100.8 million, or 8%, Consumer and other loans increased \$47.7 million, or 76%, Construction loans and Residential real estate loans increased \$11.9 million, or 4%, and Commercial real estate increased \$7.7 million, or 1%. See Item 1, Note 4 – Portfolio Loans for more information.

Deposits – Total deposits at September 30, 2015 were \$2.8 billion, an increase of \$322.5 million, or 13%, from December 31, 2014, partially due to enhanced deposit gathering efforts in both commercial and business banking. Asset quality – Nonperforming loans, including troubled debt restructurings, were \$9.1 million at September 30, 2015, compared to \$22.2 million at December 31, 2014. Nonperforming loans represented 0.35% of portfolio loans at September 30, 2015 versus 0.91% at December 31, 2014. There were no portfolio loans that were over 90 days delinquent and still accruing at September 30, 2015 or December 31, 2014.

Provision for portfolio loan losses was \$4.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, compared to \$2.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. See Item 1, Note 4 – Portfolio Loans, and Provision and Allowance for Loan Losses in this section for more information.

## **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

Net Interest Income

Average Balance Sheet

The following table presents, for the periods indicated, certain information related to our average interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, as well as, the corresponding interest rates earned and paid, all on a tax equivalent basis.

(in thousands)  Average Interest Yield/ Balance Income/Expense Rate  Average Yield/ Balance Income/Expense Rate  Average Interest Yield/ Income/Expense Rate	
Assets	
Interest-earning assets:	
	%
Tax-exempt portfolio loans (2) 39,218 644 6.51 34,012 565 6.59	
Purchase credit impaired loans 85,155 4,167 19.41 115,709 4,280 14.68	
Total loans 2,630,358 30,872 4.66 2,401,486 28,611 4.73	
Taxable investments in debt and equity securities 431,313 2,188 2.01 434,159 2,300 2.10	
Non-taxable investments in debt and equity securities (2) 43,867 483 4.37 43,529 481 4.38	
Short-term investments 95,642 68 0.28 63,896 43 0.27	
Total securities and short-term investments 570,822 2,739 1.90 541,584 2,824 2.07	
Total interest-earning assets 3,201,180 33,611 4.17 2,943,070 31,435 4.24 Noninterest-earning assets:	
Cash and due from banks 49,057 36,167	
Other assets 210,109 247,846	
Allowance for loan losses (43,630) (46,723)	
Total assets \$3,416,716 \$3,180,360	
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	
Interest-bearing liabilities: Interest-bearing transaction accounts \$518,260 \$ 293 0.22 % \$327,113 \$ 163 0.20	%
Money market accounts 1,023,062 822 0.32 809,766 653 0.32	
Savings 92,596 58 0.25 82,955 52 0.25	
Certificates of deposit 500,877 1,543 1.22 580,186 1,741 1.19	
Total interest-bearing deposits 2,134,795 2,716 0.50 1,800,020 2,609 0.58	
Subordinated debentures 56,807 314 2.19 56,807 306 2.14	
Other borrowed funds 203,133 144 0.28 354,637 677 0.76	
Total interest-bearing liabilities 2,394,735 3,174 0.53 2,211,464 3,592 0.64	
Noninterest bearing liabilities:	
Demand deposits 653,450 637,425	
Other liabilities 30,163 25,164	
Total liabilities 3,078,348 2,874,053	
Shareholders' equity 338,368 306,307	

Total liabilities & shareholders' equity	\$3,416,716			\$	3,180,360			
Net interest income		\$ 30,437				\$ 27,843		
Net interest spread			3.64	%			3.60	%
Net interest margin			3.77	%			3.75	%
30								

Average balances include non-accrual loans. Loan fees, net of amortization of deferred loan origination fees and (1)costs, included in interest income are approximately \$0.6 million and \$0.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 respectively.

Non-taxable income is presented on a fully tax-equivalent basis using a 38% tax rate in 2015 and 2014. The tax-equivalent adjustments were \$0.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

	Nine months 2015	ended Septemb	er 30,		2014					
(in thousands)	Average Balance	Interest Income/Expen	Average Yield/ se Rate		Average Balance	Interest Income/Expen	Average Yield/ se Rate	•		
Assets										
Interest-earning assets:										
Taxable portfolio loans (1)	\$2,449,606	\$ 75,560	4.12	%	\$2,185,744	\$ 69,135	4.23	%		
Tax-exempt portfolio loans (2)	38,691	1,896	6.55		34,973	1,776	6.79			
Purchase credit impaired loans	91,464	13,376	19.55		124,481	19,348	20.78			
Total loans	2,579,761	90,832	4.71		2,345,198	90,259	5.15			
Taxable investments in debt and	424,058	6,541	2.06		421,015	6,747	2.14			
equity securities										
Non-taxable investments in debt and equity securities (2)	42,913	1,421	4.43		43,777	1,446	4.42			
Short-term investments	68,926	153	0.30		86,212	146	0.23			
Total securities and short-term		133	0.30		80,212	140	0.23			
investments	535,897	8,115	2.02		551,004	8,339	2.02			
Total interest-earning assets	3,115,658	98,947	4.25		2,896,202	98,598	4.55			
Noninterest-earning assets:	-,,	2			_,_,_,	, ,,,,,,				
Cash and due from banks	48,633				22,903					
Other assets	212,419				257,494					
Allowance for loan losses	(44,280)				(45,718)					
Total assets	\$3,332,430				\$3,130,881					
Liabilities and Shareholders'										
Equity										
Interest-bearing liabilities:										
Interest-bearing transaction	\$503,142	\$ 849	0.23	%	\$257,749	\$ 385	0.20	%		
accounts					•					
Money market accounts	915,989	2,136	0.31		882,496	2,093	0.32			
Savings	86,996	162	0.25		81,519	151	0.25			
Certificates of deposit	522,157	4,728	1.21		602,332	5,248	1.16			
Total interest-bearing deposits	2,028,284	7,875	0.52		1,824,096	7,877	0.58			
Subordinated debentures Other borrowed funds	56,807	924	2.18		58,309	1,016	2.33			
Total interest-bearing liabilities	235,622 2,320,713	553 9,352	0.31 0.54		315,165 2,197,570	1,924 10,817	0.82 0.66			
Noninterest bearing liabilities:	2,320,713	9,332	0.54		2,197,370	10,017	0.00			
Demand deposits	654,721				614,105					
Other liabilities	26,556				22,101					
Total liabilities	3,001,990				2,833,776					
Shareholders' equity	330,440				297,105					
1 -1	,				.,-00					

Total liabilities & shareholders' equity	\$3,332,430		\$3,130,881			
Net interest income	\$ 89,595			\$ 87,781		
Net interest spread		3.71	%		3.89	%
Net interest margin		3.84	%		4.05	%

Average balances include non-accrual loans. Loan fees, net of amortization of deferred loan origination fees and (1)costs, included in interest income are approximately \$1.5 million and \$0.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Non-taxable income is presented on a fully tax-equivalent basis using a 38% tax rate in 2015 and 2014. The (2)tax-equivalent adjustments were \$1.3 million and \$1.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

#### Rate/Volume

The following table sets forth, on a tax-equivalent basis for the periods indicated, a summary of the changes in interest income and interest expense resulting from changes in yield/rates and volume.

	2015 comp	2015 compared to 2014										
	Three mon	ıtŀ	ns ended S	ept	ember 30,		Nine months ended September 30,					
	Increase (d	le	crease) du	e to	)		Increase (decrease) due to					
(in thousands)	Volume(1)	)	Rate(2)		Net		Volume(1) Rate(		Rate(2)		Net	
Interest earned on:												
Taxable portfolio loans	\$2,648		\$(353	)	\$2,295		\$8,174		\$(1,749	)	\$6,425	
Tax-exempt portfolio loans (3)	85		(6	)	79		184		(64	)	120	
Purchase credit impaired loans	(1,294	)	1,181		(113	)	(4,884	)	(1,088	)	(5,972	)
Taxable investments in debt and equity securities	(15	)	(97	)	(112	)	49		(255	)	(206	)
Non-taxable investments in debt and equity securities (3)	4		(2	)	2		(29	)	4		(25	)
Short-term investments	23		2		25		(33	)	40		7	
Total interest-earning assets	\$1,451		\$725		\$2,176		\$3,461		\$(3,112	)	\$349	
Interest paid on:												
Interest-bearing transaction accounts	\$106		\$24		\$130		\$408		\$56		\$464	
Money market accounts	171		(2	)	169		78		(35	)	43	
Savings	6				6		10		1		11	
Certificates of deposit	(243	)	45		(198	)	(720	)	200		(520	)
Subordinated debentures	_		8		8		(27	)	(65	)	(92	)
Borrowed funds	(215	)	(318	)	(533	)	(399	)	(972	)	(1,371	)
Total interest-bearing liabilities	(175	)	(243	)	(418	)	(650	)	(815	)	(1,465	)
Net interest income	\$1,626		\$968		\$2,594		\$4,111		\$(2,297	)	\$1,814	

- (1) Change in volume multiplied by yield/rate of prior period.
- (2) Change in yield/rate multiplied by volume of prior period.

NOTE: The change in interest due to both rate and volume has been allocated to rate and volume changes in proportion to the relationship of the absolute dollar amounts of the change in each.

Net interest income (on a tax equivalent basis) was \$30.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015, compared to \$27.8 million for the same period of 2014, an increase of \$2.6 million, or 9%. Total interest income increased \$2.2 million and total interest expense decreased \$0.4 million. The tax-equivalent net interest rate margin was 3.77% for the third quarter of 2015, compared to 3.85% for the second quarter of 2015, and 3.75% in the third quarter of 2014.

Net interest income (on a tax equivalent basis) was \$89.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, compared to \$87.8 million for the same period of 2014, an increase of \$1.8 million, or 2%. Total interest income increased \$0.3 million and total interest expense decreased \$1.5 million. The tax-equivalent net interest rate margin was 3.84% for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, compared to 4.05% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

Nontaxable income is presented on a fully-tax equivalent basis using the combined statutory federal and state income tax rate in effect for each year.

Interest rates remain at historically low levels and continue to negatively impact loan yields leading to lower net interest margins. As seen in the table above, during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, changes in interest

rates have led to a \$1.8 million, and \$1.1 million reduction in interest income in our portfolio and PCI loans, respectively. Additionally, the run-off of higher yielding PCI loans continue to negatively impact net interest margin leading to a \$4.9 million decrease in interest income due to volume. To partially mitigate lower yields on loans, the Company managed deposit costs lower and decreased other borrowing costs including the prepayment of \$50.0 million of FHLB borrowings in December 2014.

Core net interest margin<sup>1</sup> was 3.44% for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, compared to 3.42% for the prior year period. Core net interest margin<sup>1</sup> increased two basis points from the prior year quarter primarily due to the managed reductions in funding costs combined with an improved earning asset mix. These factors mitigated continued pressure in portfolio loan yields and reductions in PCI loan balances as those balances continue to run-off. Pressure on loan yields and continued reductions in PCI loan balances could lead to a modest decline in core net interest margin in the remaining three months of 2015 and into 2016.

### Purchase Credit Impaired "PCI" Contribution

The following table illustrates the financial contribution of PCI loans and other assets covered under FDIC shared loss agreements for the periods indicated.

	For the Three M	Ionths ended	For the Nine Mo	onths ended
(in thousands)	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2014
Contractual interest income	\$1,248	\$1,701	\$3,996	\$5,567
Accelerated cash flows and other incremental accretion	2,919	2,579	9,380	13,781
Estimated funding cost	(293	) (314	(939)	(1,078)
Total net interest income	3,874	3,966	12,437	18,270
(Provision) benefit for loan losses	227	1,877	3,497	(957)
Gain (loss) on sale of other real estate	31	(45	26	250
Change in FDIC loss share receivable	(1,241	) (2,374	(4,450)	(7,526)
Change in FDIC clawback liability	(298	) (1,028	(760)	(1,060)
Other expenses	(287	) (731	(1,136)	(2,386)
PCI assets income before income tax expense	\$2,306	\$1,665	\$9,614	\$6,591

At September 30, 2015, the remaining accretable yield on the portfolio was estimated to be \$26 million and the non-accretable difference was approximately \$35 million. Absent cash flow accelerations or pool impairment, the Company currently estimates average PCI loan balances to be approximately \$80 million, and income before tax expense on PCI assets will be approximately \$11 million to \$13 million in 2015.

#### Noninterest Income

The following table presents a comparative summary of the major components of noninterest income for the periods indicated.

	Three months ended September 30,						
(in thousands)	2015	2014	Increase (	decrease)			
Wealth management revenue	\$1,773	\$1,754	\$19	1	%		
Service charges on deposit accounts	2,044	1,812	232	13	%		
Other service charges and fee income	871	849	22	3	%		
Sale of other real estate	1	159	(158	) (99	)%		
State tax credit activity, net	321	156	165	106	%		
Miscellaneous income	929	1,196	(267	) (22	)%		
Core noninterest income (1)	5,939	5,926	13	_	%		
Gain (loss) on sale of other real estate cover under FDIC loss share agreements	red 31	(45	) 76	(169	)%		
Change in FDIC loss share receivable	(1,241	) (2,374	) 1,133	(48	)%		
Closing fee		945	(945	) (100	)%		
Total noninterest income	\$4,729	\$4,452	\$277	6	%		

(1) A non-GAAP measure. A reconciliation has been included in this MD&A section under the caption "Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

	Nine months ended September 30,					
(in thousands)	2015	2014	Increase (decre	ase)		
Wealth management revenue	\$5,291	\$5,191	\$100	2	%	
Service charges on deposit accounts	5,898	5,317	581	11	%	
Other service charges and fee income	2,464	2,188	276	13	%	
Sale of other real estate	35	1,264	(1,229	) (97	)%	
State tax credit activity, net	1,069	860	209	24	%	
Miscellaneous income	3,762	3,290	472	14	%	
Core noninterest income (1)	18,519	18,110	409	2	%	
Gain (loss) on sale of other real estate covered under FDIC loss share agreements	26	250	(224	) (90	)%	
Gain on sale of investment securities	23		23			
Change in FDIC loss share receivable	(4,450	) (7,526	3,076	(41	)%	
Closing fee	_	\$945	(945	) (100	)%	
Total noninterest income	\$14,118	\$11,779	\$2,339	20	%	

(1) A non-GAAP measure. A reconciliation has been included in this MD&A section under the caption "Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

Noninterest income increased \$2.3 million, or 20% in the first nine months of 2015 compared to the first nine months of 2014. Core noninterest income<sup>1</sup> grew 2% in the first nine months of 2015 due to an increase in allocation fees from tax credit projects, increases in fees earned from recoveries, gain on sales of mortgages, and swap fee income. Service charges on deposit accounts for the first nine months of 2015 increased 11% compared to the prior year period due to an increase in deposit balances and growth in relationships.

#### Noninterest Expense

The following table presents a comparative summary of the major components of noninterest expense for the periods indicated.

	Three months ended September 30,						
(in thousands)	2015 2014		Increase (	decrease)			
Core expenses (1):							
Employee compensation and benefits - core	\$11,237	\$11,622	\$(385	) (3	)%		
Occupancy - core	1,580	1,655	(75	) (5	)%		
Data processing - core	1,107	978	129	13	%		
FDIC and other insurance	654	710	(56	) (8	)%		
Professional fees - core	772	721	51	7	%		
Loan, legal and other real estate expense - core	567	446	121	27	%		
Other - core	3,430	3,215	215	7	%		
Core noninterest expense (1)	19,347	19,347	_		%		
FDIC clawback	298	1,028	(730	) (71	)%		
Other loss share expenses	287	746	(459	) (62	)%		
Total noninterest expense	\$19,932	\$21,121	\$(1,189	) (6	)%		

(1) A non-GAAP measure. A reconciliation has been included in this MD&A section under the caption "Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

	Nine months ended September 30,						
(in thousands)	2015	2014	Increase (c	decrease)			
Core expenses (1):							
Employee compensation and benefits - core	\$33,517	\$34,609	\$(1,092	) (3	)%		
Occupancy - core	4,845	4,917	(72	) (1	)%		
Data processing - core	3,205	3,098	107	3	%		
FDIC and other insurance	2,046	2,170	(124	) (6	)%		
Professional fees - core	2,582	2,569	13	1	%		
Loan, legal and other real estate expense - core	1,188	2,152	(964	) (45	)%		
Other - core	10,062	9,684	378	4	%		
Core noninterest expense (1)	57,445	59,199	(1,754	) (3	)%		
FDIC clawback	760	1,060	(300	) (28	)%		
Other loss share expenses	1,135	2,409	(1,274	) (53	)%		
Total noninterest expense	\$59,340	\$62,668	\$(3,328	) (5	)%		

(1) A non-GAAP measure. A reconciliation has been included in this MD&A section under the caption "Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

Noninterest expenses were \$59.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, compared to \$62.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. Core noninterest expenses<sup>1</sup>, which exclude certain items and expenses directly related to PCI loans and assets covered under loss share agreements decreased to \$57.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, from \$59.2 million for the prior year period.

The Company's Core efficiency ratio<sup>1</sup> was 58.9% for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, compared to 65.1% for the prior year, and reflects lower legal expenses on problem loans, overall expense management and revenue growth trends. Core efficiency ratio is a non-GAAP measure. A reconciliation of Core efficiency ratio has been

included in this MD&A section under the caption "Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures".

The Company anticipates total noninterest expenses to be between \$19 million and \$21 million per quarter for the remainder of 2015 and throughout 2016.

#### **Income Taxes**

The Company's income tax expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, which includes both federal and state taxes, was \$4.7 million and \$14.5 million, respectively, compared to \$4.4 million and \$11.1 million for the same periods of 2014. The combined federal and state effective income tax rates for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 were 32.7% and 34.3%, respectively, compared to 34.9% and 34.3% for the same periods of 2014, respectively. The decrease in the effective tax rate as compared to the prior year quarter was mainly due to lower state income tax expense, including \$0.3 million related to prior years.

#### Summary Balance Sheet

(in thousands)	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	Increase (deci	rease)	
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$126,890	\$100,696	26,194	26.0	%
Securities available for sale	470,496	400,146	70,350	17.6	%
Securities held to maturity	44,175	45,985	(1,810	)(3.9	)%
Portfolio loans	2,602,156	2,433,916	168,240	6.9	%
Purchase credit impaired loans	83,736	99,103	(15,367	)(15.5	)%
Total assets	3,516,541	3,277,003	239,538	7.3	%
Deposits	2,813,963	2,491,510	322,453	12.9	%
Total liabilities	3,172,978	2,960,762	212,216	7.2	%
Total shareholders' equity	343,563	316,241	27,322	8.6	%

#### Assets

#### Loans by Type

The Company grants commercial, residential, and consumer loans primarily in the St. Louis, Kansas City and Phoenix metropolitan areas. The Company has a diversified loan portfolio, with no particular concentration of credit in any one economic sector; however, a substantial portion of the portfolio is secured by real estate. The ability of the Company's borrowers to honor their contractual obligations is partially dependent upon the local economy and its effect on the real estate market. The following table summarizes the composition of the Company's loan portfolio:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	Increase (de	crease)	
Commercial and industrial	\$1,371,095	\$1,270,259	\$100,836	7.9	%
Commercial real estate - investor owned	424,090	413,026	11,064	2.7	%
Commercial real estate - owner occupied	354,178	357,503	(3,325	)(0.9	)%
Construction and land development	152,979	144,773	8,206	5.7	%
Residential real estate	188,985	185,252	3,733	2.0	%
Consumer and other	110,829	63,103	47,726	75.6	%

Portfolio loans	2,602,156	2,433,916	168,240	6.9	%
Purchase credit impaired loans	83,736	99,103	(15,367	)(15.5	)%
Total loans	\$2,685,892	\$2,533,019	\$152,873	6.0	%
36					

Portfolio loans grew by \$168.2 million to \$2.6 billion at September 30, 2015 when compared to December 31, 2014. PCI loans totaled \$83.7 million at September 30, 2015, a decrease of \$15.4 million, or 16%, from December 31, 2014, primarily as a result of principal paydowns and accelerated loan payoffs.

The following table illustrates loan growth from selected specialized market segments:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	\$ Change	% Change	
Enterprise value lending	245,814	202,468	43,346	21.4	%
Life insurance premium financin	g247,736	220,909	26,827	12.1	%
Tax credits	145,207	129,782	15,425	11.9	%

These specialized market segments are primarily C&I loans and have contributed significantly to the Company's loan growth in the first nine months of 2015. These loans are sourced through relationships developed with private equity funds and estate planning, or through deployment of tax credit allocations, and are not bound geographically by our traditional three markets.

#### Provision and Allowance for Loan Losses

The following table summarizes changes in the allowance for loan losses arising from loans charged off and recoveries on loans previously charged off, by loan category, and additions to the allowance charged to expense.

	Three month 30,	hs e	nded Septem	ber	Nine months ended September 30,			
(in thousands)	2015		2014		2015	,	2014	
Allowance at beginning of period, for portfolio loans	\$31,765		\$28,422		\$30,185		\$27,289	
Loans charged off:	7 7, - 2		, , ·		+,		+ = 1 ,= 22	
Commercial and industrial	(572	)	(215	)	(3,634	)	(1,694	)
Real estate:					,	,		
Commercial			(50	)	(664	)	(724	)
Construction and land development			(600	)	(350	)	(905	)
Residential	(240	)	<del></del>		(1,313	)		
Consumer and other	(9	)			(24	)	(4	)
Total loans charged off	(821	)	(865	)	(5,985	)	(3,327	)
Recoveries of loans previously charged off:	•		•		` .	•		
Commercial and industrial	389		880		1,578		1,221	
Real estate:								
Commercial	84		31		1,540		106	
Construction and land development	125		35		300		759	
Residential	108		230		221		310	
Consumer and other	2		1		83		1	
Total recoveries of loans	708		1,177		3,722		2,397	
Net loan chargeoffs	(113	)	312		(2,263	)	(930	)
Provision for loan losses	599		66		4,329		2,441	
Allowance at end of period, for portfolio loans	\$32,251		\$28,800		\$32,251		\$28,800	
Allowance at beginning of period, for purchase credit impaired loans	\$11,594		\$17,539		\$15,410		\$15,438	
Loans charged off	(10	)	(8	)	(12	)	(171	)
Other	(18	)	(110	)	(562	)	(680	)
Net loan chargeoffs	(28	)	(118	)	(574	)	(851	)
Provision (provision reversal) for loan losses	(227	)	(1,877	)	(3,497	)	957	
Allowance at end of period, for purchase credit impaired loans	\$11,339		\$15,544		\$11,339		\$15,544	
Total allowance at end of period	\$43,590		\$44,344		\$43,590		\$44,344	
Excludes purchase credit impaired loans	<b></b>		<b></b>		<b>A.</b> 10.7 1.7		<b></b>	
Average loans	\$2,540,948		\$2,280,377		\$2,483,488	3	\$2,217,000	)
Total portfolio loans	2,602,156		2,294,905		2,602,156		2,294,905	
Net chargeoffs to average loans (annualized) Allowance for loan losses to total loans	0.02 1.24	%	(0.05 1.25	)%	0.12 1.24	%	0.06 1.25	%

The provision for loan losses on portfolio loans for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was \$4.3 million compared to \$2.4 million for the comparable 2014 period. The provision for loan losses for the nine month period ended September 30, 2015 was primarily to provide for strong loan growth and to provide for changes in charge-off trends.

For PCI loans, the Company remeasures contractual and expected cash flows periodically. When the remeasurement process results in a decrease in expected cash flows, typically due to an increase in expected credit losses, impairment is recorded through provision for loan losses. Similarly, when expected credit losses decrease in the remeasurement process, prior recorded impairment is reversed before the yield is increased prospectively. There was \$3.5 million of provision reversal for loan losses on PCI loans for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, compared to provision of \$1.0 million for the comparable 2014 period.

The allowance for loan losses on portfolio loans was 1.24% of total loans at September 30, 2015 compared to 1.25% at September 30, 2014. Management believes the allowance for loan losses is adequate to absorb inherent losses in the loan portfolio and coverage trends reflect steady improvements in credit quality measures and classified loan levels. The reduction in the ratio of allowance for loan losses to total loans over the prior year period is due to lower levels of nonperforming loans, as well as continued improvement in our loss migration results.

### Nonperforming assets

The following table presents the categories of nonperforming assets and other ratios as of the dates indicated.

(in thousands) Non-accrual loans	September 30, 2015 \$9,123		December 31, 201 \$20,892	4	September 30, 2014 \$16,507	
Loans past due 90 days or more and still accruing			_		345	
interest						
Restructured loans	_		1,352		1,360	
Total nonperforming loans	9,123		22,244		18,212	
Foreclosed property (1)	1,575		1,896		2,261	
Total nonperforming assets (1)	\$10,698		\$24,140		\$20,473	
Excludes assets covered under FDIC loss share (1)						
Total assets	\$3,516,541		\$3,277,003		\$3,209,590	
Total portfolio loans	2,602,156		2,433,916		2,294,905	
Total loans plus foreclosed property	2,603,731		2,435,812		2,297,166	
Nonperforming loans to total loans	0.35	%	0.91	%	0.79	%
Nonperforming assets to total loans plus foreclosed property	0.41		0.99		0.89	
Nonperforming assets to total assets	0.30		0.74		0.64	
Allowance for portfolio loans to nonperforming loans	354	%	136	%	158	%

Excludes purchase credit impaired loans and assets covered under FDIC shared-loss agreements, except for their inclusion in total assets.

#### Nonperforming loans

Nonperforming loans exclude PCI loans that are accounted for on a pool basis, as the pools are considered to be performing. See Item 1, Note 5 – Purchase Credit Impaired Loans for more information on these loans.

Nonperforming loans based on loan type were as follows:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014
Commercial and industrial	\$2,975	\$5,998	\$3,543
Commercial real estate	2,611	6,298	7,055
Construction and land development	2,823	6,866	6,455
Residential real estate	714	3,082	386
Consumer and other	_	_	773
Total	\$9,123	\$22,244	\$18,212

The following table summarizes the changes in nonperforming loans:

	Nine months ended September 30,		
(in thousands)	2015	2014	
Nonperforming loans beginning of period	\$22,244	\$20,840	
Additions to nonaccrual loans	18,854	11,847	
Additions to restructured loans	_	1,522	
Chargeoffs	(6,109	) (3,299	)
Other principal reductions	(24,840	) (7,852	)
Moved to other real estate	(450	) (4,722	)
Moved to performing	(576	) (469	)
Loans past due 90 days or more and still accruing interest	_	345	
Nonperforming loans end of period	\$9,123	\$18,212	

Nonperforming loans at September 30, 2015 decreased by \$9.1 million, or 50%, when compared to September 30, 2014. Other principal reductions of \$24.8 million include \$17.1 million of proceeds from the sale of collateral or business liquidation, \$4.4 million of loans sold to an independent third party, and \$3.3 million of payments.

#### Other real estate

Other real estate at September 30, 2015, was \$8.4 million, compared to \$11.1 million at September 30, 2014. Approximately 81% of total Other real estate, or \$6.8 million, is covered by FDIC shared-loss agreements.

The following table summarizes the changes in Other real estate:

	Nine months ended September 30,		
(in thousands)	2015	2014	
Other real estate beginning of period	\$7,840	\$23,252	
Additions and expenses capitalized to prepare property for sale	6,604	7,468	
Writedowns in value	(299	) (2,310	)
Sales	(5,775	) (17,323	)
Other real estate end of period	\$8,370	\$11,087	

The writedowns in fair value were recorded in Loan legal and other real estate expense based on current market activity shown in the appraisals.

#### Liabilities

Liabilities totaled \$3.2 billion at September 30, 2015, compared to \$3.0 billion at December 31, 2014. Liabilities increased slightly due to a \$322 million increase in total deposits, offset by a decrease of \$69 million in short-term Federal Home Loan Bank advances and a decrease of \$45 million in other borrowings.

September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	Increase (dec	Increase (decrease)	
\$691,758	\$642,930	48,828	7.59	%
529,052	508,941	20,111	3.95	%
1,045,699	755,569	290,130	38.40	%
90,858	78,718	12,140	15.42	%
353,488	377,544	(24,056	) (6.37	)%
103,108	127,808	(24,700	) (19.33	)%
\$2,813,963	\$2,491,510	322,453	12.94	%
84	% 80	%		
25	% 26	%		
	\$691,758 529,052 1,045,699 90,858 353,488 103,108 \$2,813,963	\$691,758 \$642,930 529,052 508,941 1,045,699 755,569 90,858 78,718 353,488 377,544 103,108 127,808 \$2,813,963 \$2,491,510 84 % 80	\$691,758 \$642,930 48,828 529,052 508,941 20,111 1,045,699 755,569 290,130 90,858 78,718 12,140 353,488 377,544 (24,056 103,108 127,808 (24,700 \$2,813,963 \$2,491,510 322,453 84 % 80 %	\$691,758 \$642,930 48,828 7.59  529,052 508,941 20,111 3.95  1,045,699 755,569 290,130 38.40 90,858 78,718 12,140 15.42  353,488 377,544 (24,056 ) (6.37 103,108 127,808 (24,700 ) (19.33 \$2,813,963 \$2,491,510 322,453 12.94

Total deposits at September 30, 2015 were \$2.8 billion, an increase of \$322 million, or 12.9%, from December 31, 2014. The increase in deposits within our money market accounts reflects initiatives to enhance overall deposit levels as well as to improve our funding mix. The composition of our noninterest bearing deposits remained relatively stable at 25% of total deposits at September 30, 2015 compared to December 31, 2014. Growth in balances and the change in composition modestly improved deposit costs during the first nine months of 2015 at 0.39%, as compared to 0.43% for the prior year period.

#### Shareholders' Equity

Shareholders' equity totaled \$344 million at September 30, 2015, an increase of \$27.3 million from December 31, 2014. Significant activity during the nine months ended September 30, 2015:

#### Net income of \$27.8 million.

- Other comprehensive income of \$1.3 million from the change in unrealized gains on investment securities,
- Dividends paid on common stock of \$3.7 million.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

#### Liquidity

The objective of liquidity management is to ensure we have the ability to generate sufficient cash or cash equivalents in a timely and cost-effective manner to meet our commitments as they become due. Typical demands on liquidity are run-off from demand deposits, maturing time deposits which are not renewed, and fundings under credit commitments to customers. Funds are available from a number of sources, such as from the core deposit base and from loans and securities repayments and maturities.

Additionally, liquidity is provided from sales of the securities portfolio, fed fund lines with correspondent banks, the Federal Reserve and the FHLB, the ability to acquire large and brokered deposits, and the ability to sell loan

participations to other banks. These alternatives are an important part of our liquidity plan and provide flexibility and efficient execution of the asset-liability management strategy.

The Bank's Asset-Liability Management Committee oversees our liquidity position, the parameters of which are approved by the Bank's Board of Directors. Our liquidity position is monitored monthly by producing a liquidity report, which measures the amount of liquid versus non-liquid assets and liabilities. Our liquidity management framework includes measurement of several key elements, such as the loan to deposit ratio, a liquidity ratio, and a dependency ratio. The Company's liquidity framework also incorporates contingency planning to assess the nature and volatility of funding sources and to determine alternatives to these sources. While core deposits and loan and investment repayments are principal sources of liquidity, funding diversification is another key element of liquidity management and is achieved by strategically varying depositor types, terms, funding markets, and instruments.

#### Parent Company liquidity

The parent company's liquidity is managed to provide the funds necessary to pay dividends to shareholders, service debt, invest in subsidiaries as necessary, and satisfy other operating requirements. The parent company's primary funding sources to meet its liquidity requirements are dividends and payments from the Bank and proceeds from the issuance of equity (i.e. stock option exercises, stock offerings). Another source of funding for the parent company includes the issuance of subordinated debentures and other debt instruments. The parent company has an unsecured term loan agreement maturing in the fourth quarter with a \$4.7 million balloon payment due on November 6, 2015. The Company expects to refinance or payoff the note with existing parent company cash. Additionally, the Company expects the Bank to pay a dividend to the parent company in the fourth quarter to bolster holding company liquidity. Management believes our current level of cash at the holding company of \$9.0 million will be sufficient to meet all projected cash needs for the remainder of 2015, inclusive of the term note repayment.

As of September 30, 2015, the Company had \$56.8 million of outstanding subordinated debentures as part of eight Trust Preferred Securities Pools. These securities are classified as debt but are included in regulatory capital and the related interest expense is tax-deductible, which makes them an attractive source of funding.

#### Bank liquidity

The Bank has a variety of funding sources available to increase financial flexibility. In addition to amounts currently borrowed, at September 30, 2015, the Bank could borrow an additional \$282.4 million from the FHLB of Des Moines under blanket loan pledges and has an additional \$746.2 million available from the Federal Reserve Bank under a pledged loan agreement. The Bank has unsecured federal funds lines with four correspondent banks totaling \$45.0 million. On December 30, 2013, the Company prepaid \$30.0 million of debt with the Federal Home Loan Bank with a weighted average interest rate of 4.09% and a maturity of three years and incurred a prepayment penalty of \$2.6 million. On December 23, 2014, the Company prepaid an additional \$50.0 million of debt with the Federal Home Loan Bank with a weighted average interest rate of 3.17%, a maturity of three years and incurred a prepayment penalty of \$2.9 million. These transactions have reduced our cost of interest bearing liabilities and continue to help mitigate net interest margin compression.

Investment securities are another important tool to the Bank's liquidity objectives. Of the \$470.5 million of the securities available for sale at September 30, 2015, \$260.0 million was pledged as collateral for deposits of public institutions, treasury, loan notes, and other requirements. The remaining \$210.5 million could be pledged or sold to enhance liquidity, if necessary.

In the normal course of business, the Bank enters into certain forms of off-balance sheet transactions, including unfunded loan commitments and letters of credit. These transactions are managed through the Bank's various risk management processes. Management considers both on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet transactions in its evaluation of the Company's liquidity. The Bank has \$1.2 billion in unused commitments as of September 30, 2015.

While this commitment level would exhaust the majority the Company's current liquidity resources, the nature of these commitments is such that the likelihood of funding them in the aggregate at any one time is low.

### Capital Resources

The Company and the Bank are subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by the Federal banking agencies. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory and possible additional discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on the financial statements. Under capital adequacy guidelines and the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, the Company and its bank affiliate must meet specific capital guidelines that involve quantitative measures of assets, liabilities, and certain off-balance-sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices. The banking affiliate's capital amounts and classification are also subject to qualitative judgments by the regulators about components, risk weightings and other factors.

Quantitative measures established by regulation to ensure capital adequacy require the Company and the Bank to maintain minimum amounts and ratios (set forth in the following table) of total, Tier 1, and Common equity tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets, and of Tier 1 capital to average assets. To be categorized as "well capitalized", banks must maintain minimum total risk-based (10%), Tier 1 risk-based (8%), Common equity tier 1 risk-based (6.5%), and Tier 1 leverage ratios (5%). As of September 30, 2015, and December 31, 2014, the Company and the Bank met all capital adequacy requirements to which they are subject.

The Bank continues to exceed regulatory standards and met the definition of "well-capitalized" (the highest category) at September 30, 2015. Beginning with reporting for the first quarter of 2015, the Company adopted the Regulatory Capital Framework (Basel III). The Company has implemented the necessary processes and procedures to comply with Basel III.

The following table summarizes the Company's various capital ratios at the dates indicated:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2015		December 31, 2014	
Total capital to risk-weighted assets	12.55	%	13.40	%
Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets	11.30	%	12.14	%
Common equity tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets <sup>1</sup>	9.59	%	10.15	%
Leverage ratio (Tier 1 capital to average assets)	10.77	%	10.48	%
Tangible common equity to tangible assets <sup>2</sup>	8.90	%	8.69	%
Tier 1 capital	\$364,594		\$335,220	
Total risk-based capital	404,979		369,867	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Not an applicable regulatory ratio until the quarter ended March 31, 2015

The decline in regulatory ratios at September 30, 2015 represents the impact of an increase in risk weighted assets under the Basel III guidelines. The Company believes the tangible common equity ratio and the common equity tier 1 capital ratio are important measures of capital strength even though they are considered to be non-GAAP measures. The tables further within MD&A reconcile these ratios to U.S. GAAP.

#### Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures:

The Company's accounting and reporting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") in the U.S. and the prevailing practices in the banking industry. However, the Company provides other financial measures, such as Core net interest margin, tangible common equity ratio and common equity tier 1 capital ratio, in this filing that are considered "non-GAAP financial measures." Generally, a non-GAAP financial measure is a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Not a required regulatory capital ratio

numerical measure of a company's financial performance, financial position or cash flows that exclude (or include) amounts included in (or excluded from) the most directly comparable measure calculated and presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

The Company believes these non-GAAP financial measures and ratios, when taken together with the corresponding U.S. GAAP measures and ratios, provide meaningful supplemental information regarding the Company's performance and capital strength. The Company's management uses, and believes investors benefit from referring to, these non-GAAP measures and ratios in assessing the Company's financial and operating results and related trends and when planning and forecasting future periods. However, these non-GAAP measures and ratios should be considered in addition to, and not as a substitute for or preferable to, ratios prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The Company has provided a reconciliation of, where applicable, the most comparable GAAP financial measures and ratios to the non-GAAP financial measures and ratios, or a reconciliation of the non-GAAP calculation of the financial measure. The Company believes the tangible common equity and common equity tier 1 capital ratios are important financial measures of capital strength even though they are considered to be non-GAAP measures and provide useful information about the Company's capital adequacy. The tables below contain reconciliations of these ratios to the most comparable measure under U.S. GAAP.

#### Core Performance Measures

	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,				
(in thousands) CORE PERFORMANCE MEASURES	2015	Ο,	2014		2015		2014	
Net interest income	\$30,006		\$27,444		\$88,331		\$86,552	
Less: Incremental accretion income	2,919		2,579		9,380		13,781	
Core net interest income	27,087		24,865		78,951		72,771	
Total noninterest income	4,729		4,452		14,118		11,779	
Less: Change in FDIC loss share receivable	(1,241	)	(2,374	)	(4,450	)	(7,526	)
Less: Gain (loss) on sale of other real estate covered under FDIC loss share	31		(45	)	26		250	
Less: Gain on sale of investment securities			_		23		_	
Less: Closing fee			945		_		945	
Core noninterest income	5,939		5,926		18,519		18,110	
Total core revenue	33,026		30,791		97,470		90,881	
Provision for portfolio loans	599		66		4,329		2,441	
Total noninterest expense	19,932		21,121		59,340		62,668	
Less: FDIC clawback	298		1,028		760		1,060	
Less: Other loss share expenses	287		746		1,135		2,409	
Core noninterest expense	19,347		19,347		57,445		59,199	
Core income before income tax expense	13,080		11,378		35,696		29,241	
Total income tax expense	4,722		4,388		14,506		11,059	
Less: Income tax expense of PCI assets	518		462		2,521		1,158	
Core income tax expense	4,204		3,926		11,985		9,901	
Core net income	\$8,876		\$7,452		\$23,711		\$19,340	
Core diluted earnings per share	\$0.44		\$0.37		\$1.17		\$0.97	
Core efficiency ratio	58.58	%	62.83	%	58.94	%	65.14	%

Core return on average assets	1.03	% 0.93	% 0.95	% 0.83	%
Core return on average common equity	10.41	% 9.65	% 9.59	% 8.70	%
Core return on average tangible common equity	11.56	% 10.89	% 10.70	% 9.88	%

The Company believes Core net interest margin is an important measure of our financial performance, even though it is a non-GAAP financial measure, because it provides supplemental information by which the evaluate the impact of excess Covered loan accretion on the Company's net interest margin and the Company's operating performance on an ongoing bases, excluding such impact. The table below reconciles Core net interest margin to the most comparable number under U.S. GAAP.

# Net Interest Margin to Core Net Interest Margin

	Three months ended September		Nine months end		ded Septemb	er		
	30,				30,			
(in thousands)	2015		2014		2015		2014	
Net interest income (fully tax equivalent)	\$30,437		\$27,843		\$89,595		\$87,779	
Less: Incremental accretion income	2,919		2,579		9,380		13,781	
Core net interest income (fully tax equivalent)	\$27,518		\$25,264		\$80,215		\$73,998	
Average earning assets	\$3,201,181		\$2,943,070		\$3,115,658		\$2,896,202	
Reported net interest margin (fully tax equivalent)	3.77	%	3.75	%	3.84	%	4.05	%
Core net interest margin (fully tax equivalent)	3.41	%	3.41	%	3.44	%	3.42	%

# Tangible common equity ratio

(in thousands)	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	
Total shareholders' equity	\$343,563	\$316,241	
Less: Goodwill	30,334	30,334	
Less: Intangible assets	3,323	4,164	
Tangible common equity	\$309,906	\$281,743	
Total assets	\$3,516,541	\$3,277,003	
Less: Goodwill	30,334	30,334	
Less: Intangible assets	3,323	4,164	
Tangible assets	\$3,482,884	\$3,242,505	
Tangible common equity to tangible assets	8.90	% 8.69	%

### Common equity tier 1 ratio

(in thousands)	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	
Total shareholders' equity	\$343,563	\$316,241	
Less: Goodwill	30,334	30,334	
Less: Intangible assets, net of deferred tax liabilities <sup>1</sup>	820	4,164	
Less: Unrealized gains	2,973	1,681	
Plus: Qualifying trust preferred securities	55,100	55,100	
Plus: Other	58	58	
Total tier 1 capital	364,594	335,220	
Less: Qualifying trust preferred securities	55,100	55,100	
Less: Other <sup>1</sup>	23	<del></del>	
Common equity tier 1 capital	\$309,471	\$280,120	
Total risk-weighted assets determined in accordance with prescribed regulatory requirements	\$3,227,604	\$2,760,729	
Common equity tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets	9.59	% 10.15	%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Beginning with quarter ended March 31, 2015, the implementation of revised regulatory capital guidelines under Basel III has resulted in differences in these items when compared to prior periods.

### **Critical Accounting Policies**

The impact and any associated risks related to the Company's critical accounting policies on business operations are described throughout "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," where such policies affect our reported and expected financial results. For a detailed description on the application of these and other accounting policies, see the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

### ITEM 3: QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The disclosures set forth in this item are qualified by the section captioned "Safe Harbor Statement Under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995" included in Item 2 – Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of this report and other cautionary statements set forth elsewhere in this report.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Our interest rate sensitivity management seeks to avoid fluctuating interest margins to provide for consistent growth of net interest income through periods of changing interest rates. Interest rate sensitivity varies with different types of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities. We attempt to maintain interest-earning assets, comprised primarily of both loans and investments, and interest-bearing liabilities, comprised primarily of deposits, maturing or repricing in similar time horizons in order to minimize or eliminate any impact from market interest rate changes. In order to measure earnings sensitivity to changing rates, the Company uses an earnings simulation model.

The Company determines the sensitivity of its short-term future earnings to a hypothetical plus or minus 100 to 300 basis point parallel rate shock through the use of simulation modeling. The simulation of earnings includes the modeling of the balance sheet as an ongoing entity. Future business assumptions involving administered rate products, prepayments for future rate-sensitive balances, and the reinvestment of maturing assets and liabilities are included. These items are then modeled to project net interest income based on a hypothetical change in interest rates. The resulting net interest income for the next 12-month period is compared to the net interest income amount calculated using flat rates. This difference represents the Company's earnings sensitivity to a plus or minus 100 basis points parallel rate shock.

The following table summarizes the expected impact of interest rate shocks on net interest income (due to the current level of interest rates, the 200 and 300 basis point downward shock scenarios are not shown):

Rate Shock	Annual % change			
Rate Shock	in net interest income			
+ 300 bp	5.2%			
+ 200 bp	3.3%			
+ 100 bp	1.4%			
- 100 bp	-1.4%			

Interest rate simulations for September 30, 2015, demonstrate that a rising rate environment will have a positive impact on net interest income.

The Company occasionally uses interest rate derivative financial instruments as an asset/liability management tool to hedge mismatches in interest rate exposure indicated by the net interest income simulation described above. At September 30, 2015, the Company had \$23.8 million in notional amount of outstanding interest rate caps, to help manage interest rate risk.

#### ITEM 4: CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

#### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and the Chief Financial Officer (CFO), management has evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-15, as of September 30, 2015. Disclosure controls and procedures include without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by an issuer in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is accumulated and communicated to the issuer's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Based on that evaluation, the CEO and CFO concluded the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2015 to provide reasonable assurance of the achievement of the objectives described above.

# Changes to Internal Controls

There were no changes during the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, those controls.

#### PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1: LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company and its subsidiaries are, from time to time, parties to various legal proceedings arising out of their businesses. Management believes there are no such proceedings pending or threatened against the Company or its subsidiaries which, if determined adversely, would have a material adverse effect on the business, consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows of the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

### ITEM 1A: RISK FACTORS

For information regarding risk factors affecting the Company, please see the cautionary language regarding forward-looking statements in the introduction to Item 2 of Part I of this Report on Form 10-Q, and Part I, Item 1A of our Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. There have been no material changes to the risk factors described in such Annual Report on Form 10-K.

# ITEM 2: UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The following table provides information on repurchases by the Company of its common stock in each month of the quarter ended September 30, 2015.

			Total number of	Maximum number
	Total number	Weighted-average	shares purchased	of shares that may
Period	of shares	price paid per	as part of publicly	yet be purchased
	purchased	share	announces plans or	under the plans or
			programs	programs (a)
July 1, 2015 through July 31, 2015	_	\$ —	_	2,000,000
August 1, 2015 through August 31, 2015			_	2,000,000
September 1, 2015 through September 30,				2,000,000
2015	_	_	_	2,000,000
Total			_	

(a) In May 2015, the Company's board of directors authorized the repurchase of up to two million shares of the Company's common stock. The repurchases may be made in open market or privately negotiated transactions and the repurchase program will remain in effect until fully utilized or until modified, superseded or terminated. The timing and exact amount of common stock repurchases will depend on a number of factors including, among others, market and general economic conditions, economic capital and regulatory capital considerations, alternative uses of capital, the potential impact on our credit ratings, and contractual and regulatory limitations.

#### **ITEM 6: EXHIBITS**

# Exhibit Description No. Registrant hereby agrees to furnish to the Commission, upon request, the instruments defining the rights of holders of each issue of long-term debt of Registrant and its consolidated subsidiaries. Amendment of Executive Employment Agreement dated as of October 29, 2015 by and between Registrant 10.1.1 and Peter F. Benoist. Amendment of Executive Employment Agreement dated as of October 29, 2015 by and between Registrant 10.1.2 and Keene S. Turner. \*12.1 Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges and Preferred Dividends. \*31.1 Chief Executive Officer's Certification required by Rule 13(a)-14(a). \*31.2 Chief Financial Officer's Certification required by Rule 13(a)-14(a). Chief Executive Officer Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to section § 906 of \*\*32.1 the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. Chief Financial Officer Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to section § 906 of \*\*32.2 the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. Pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T, the following financial information from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-O for the period ended September 30, 2015, is formatted in XBRL interactive data files: (i) Consolidated Balance Sheet at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014; (ii) Consolidated Statement of Income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014; (iii) Consolidated Statement

\* Filed herewith

Notes to Financial Statements.

of Comprehensive Income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014; (iv)

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014; (v) Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014; and (vi)

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<sup>\*\*</sup> Furnished herewith. Notwithstanding any incorporation of this Quarterly Statement on Form 10-Q in any other filing by the Registrant, Exhibits furnished herewith and designated with two (\*\*) shall not be deemed incorporated by reference to any other filing unless specifically otherwise set forth herein or therein.

### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Clayton, State of Missouri on the day of October 30, 2015.

# ENTERPRISE FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP

By: /s/ Peter F. Benoist Peter F. Benoist Chief Executive Officer

By: /s/ Keene S. Turner Keene S. Turner Chief Financial Officer