

NATIONAL HOLDINGS CORP
Form 10-Q
February 16, 2016

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarter Ended December 31, 2015

Commission File
Number
001-12629

NATIONAL HOLDINGS CORPORATION
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other
jurisdiction of
incorporation or
organization)

36-4128138

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

410 Park Ave, 14th Floor, New York, NY 10022
(Address including zip code of principal executive offices)
Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (212) 417-8000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "accelerated filer", "large accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act (check one).

Large Accelerated Filer

Accelerated Filer

Non-Accelerated Filer

Smaller Reporting Company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
YES NO

As of February 12, 2016 there were 12,440,035 shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding.

NATIONAL HOLDINGS CORPORATION
FORM 10-Q
QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The following information provides cautionary statements under the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. We identify important factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those projected in forward-looking statements we make in this report or in other documents that reference this report. All statements that express or involve discussions as to: expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, assumptions or future events or performance (often, but not always, identified through the use of words or phrases such as we or our management believes, expects, anticipates or hopes and words or phrases such as will result, are expected to, will continue, is anticipated, estimated, projection and outlook, and words of similar import) are not statements of historical facts and may be forward-looking. These forward-looking statements are based largely on our expectations and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties including, but not limited to, economic, competitive, regulatory, growth strategies, available financing and other factors discussed elsewhere in this report and in the documents filed by us with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Many of these factors are beyond our control. Actual results could differ materially from the forward-looking statements we make in this report or in other documents that reference this report. In light of these risks and uncertainties, there can be no assurance that the results anticipated in the forward-looking information contained in this report or other documents that reference this report will, in fact, occur.

These forward-looking statements involve estimates, assumptions and uncertainties, and, accordingly, actual results could differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements. These uncertainties include, among others, the following: (i) the inability of our broker-dealer operations to operate profitably in the face of intense competition from larger full service and discount brokers; (ii) a general decrease in merger and acquisition activities and our potential inability to receive success fees as a result of transactions not being completed; (iii) increased competition from business development portals; (iv) technological changes; (v) our potential inability to implement our growth strategy through acquisitions or joint ventures; and (vi) our potential inability to secure additional debt or equity financing.

Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which such statement is made, and we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which such statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, except as required by law. New factors emerge from time to time and it is not possible for our management to predict all of such factors, nor can our management assess the impact of each such factor on the business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION
 ITEM I. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NATIONAL HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

	December 31, 2015 (Unaudited)	September 30, 2015
ASSETS		
Cash	\$22,260,000	\$24,642,000
Restricted cash	218,000	218,000
Cash deposits with clearing organizations	1,005,000	1,005,000
Securities owned at fair value	708,000	887,000
Receivables from broker-dealers and clearing organizations	2,742,000	3,078,000
Forgivable loans receivable	1,363,000	1,368,000
Other receivables, net	4,531,000	3,709,000
Prepaid expenses	2,179,000	1,727,000
Fixed assets, net	756,000	712,000
Intangible assets, net	7,138,000	7,331,000
Goodwill	6,531,000	6,531,000
Deferred tax asset, net	11,873,000	11,662,000
Other assets, principally refundable deposits	501,000	512,000
Total Assets	\$61,805,000	\$63,382,000
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Liabilities		
Securities sold, not yet purchased at fair value	\$5,000	\$32,000
Accrued commissions and payroll payable	10,346,000	10,244,000
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	5,496,000	6,602,000
Deferred clearing and marketing credits	1,152,000	1,205,000
Other	46,000	37,000
Total Liabilities	17,045,000	18,120,000
Stockholders' Equity		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized; none outstanding	—	—
Common stock \$0.02 par value, 150,000,000 shares authorized; 12,440,035 and 12,473,968 issued and outstanding at December 31, 2015 and at September 30, 2015, respectively	249,000	249,000
Additional paid-in-capital	80,233,000	80,282,000
Accumulated deficit	(35,737,000)	(35,284,000)
Total National Holdings Corporation Stockholders' Equity	44,745,000	45,247,000
Non-Controlling interest	15,000	15,000
Total Stockholders' Equity	44,760,000	45,262,000

Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$61,805,000	\$63,382,000
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

NATIONAL HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
 (Unaudited)

	Three Month Period Ended December 31,	
	2015	2014
Revenues		
Commissions	\$22,995,000	\$24,416,000
Net dealer inventory gains	2,544,000	3,439,000
Investment banking	6,117,000	5,122,000
Investment advisory	3,660,000	3,825,000
Interest and dividends	918,000	831,000
Transfer fees and clearing services	2,372,000	2,715,000
Tax preparation and accounting	900,000	759,000
Other	116,000	94,000
Total Revenues	39,622,000	41,201,000
Operating Expenses		
Commissions, compensation and fees	34,710,000	35,288,000
Clearing fees	763,000	601,000
Communications	833,000	996,000
Occupancy	935,000	985,000
License and registration	357,000	318,000
Professional fees	799,000	841,000
Interest	1,000	4,000
Depreciation and amortization	300,000	274,000
Other administrative expenses	1,568,000	1,379,000
Total Operating Expenses	40,266,000	40,686,000
(Loss) Income before Income Tax (Benefit) Expense	(644,000	) 515,000
Income tax (benefit) expense	(191,000	) 221,000
Net (Loss) Income	\$(453,000	) \$294,000
Net (loss) income per share - Basic	\$(0.04	) \$0.02
Net (loss) income per share - Diluted	\$(0.04	) \$0.02
Weighted number of shares outstanding - Basic	12,446,064	12,445,479
Weighted number of shares outstanding - Diluted	12,446,064	12,491,610

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

NATIONAL HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
 (Unaudited)
 FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in- Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Non-Controlling Interest	Total Stockholders Equity
	Shares	\$				
Balance, September 30, 2015	12,473,968	\$ 249,000	\$ 80,282,000	\$(35,284,000)	\$ 15,000	\$45,262,000
Stock-based compensation – stock options			37,000			37,000
Stock repurchase	(33,933)		(86,000)			(86,000)
Net loss				(453,000)		(453,000)
Balance, December 31, 2015	12,440,035	\$ 249,000	\$ 80,233,000	\$(35,737,000)	\$ 15,000	\$44,760,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

NATIONAL HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

	Three Month Period Ended December 31,	
	2015	2014
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net (loss) income	\$(453,000)	) \$294,000
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash used in operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization	300,000	274,000
Amortization of forgivable loans to registered representatives	141,000	66,000
Stock-based compensation	37,000	168,000
Provision for doubtful accounts	(31,000)	) 56,000
Amortization of deferred clearing credit	(53,000)	) (26,000)
Increase in fair value of contingent consideration	4,000	—
Deferred tax (benefit) expense	(211,000)	) 172,000
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Restricted cash	—	(125,000)
Securities owned, at fair value	179,000	(360,000)
Receivables from broker-dealers and clearing organizations	336,000	1,578,000
Forgivable loans receivable, net of repayments	(136,000)	) (197,000)
Other receivables, net	(791,000)	) 207,000
Prepaid expenses	(452,000)	) (647,000)
Other assets, principally refundable deposits	11,000	136,000
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	(999,000)	) (4,019,000)
Securities sold, but not yet purchased, at fair value	(27,000)	) (36,000)
Net cash used in operating activities	(2,145,000)	) (2,459,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of fixed assets	(151,000)	) (204,000)
Net cash used in investing activities	(151,000)	) (204,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Repurchase of shares of common stock	(86,000)) —
Net cash used in financing activities	(86,000)) —
NET DECREASE IN CASH	(2,382,000)	) (2,663,000)
CASH BALANCE		
Beginning of the period	24,642,000	24,465,000
End of the period	\$22,260,000	\$21,802,000
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$1,000	\$4,000
Income taxes	\$17,000	\$1,085,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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NATIONAL HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2015
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements of National Holdings Corporation, a Delaware corporation (“National” or the “Company”), have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (“GAAP”) for interim financial statements and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and disclosures required for annual financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The condensed consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2015 and for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 are unaudited. The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the respective fiscal years. The consolidated statement of financial condition at September 30, 2015 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and notes required by GAAP for complete financial statement presentation. The accompanying consolidated financial information should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 for additional disclosures and a description of accounting policies.

In February 2015, the board of directors declared a 1 for 10 reverse stock split of the Company’s common stock. All share and per share information has been restated for the three month period ended December 31, 2014 giving retroactive effect to the reverse stock split.

Certain items in the consolidated statement of operations for the fiscal 2015 period have been reclassified to conform to the presentation in the fiscal 2016 period. Such reclassifications did not have a material impact on the presentation of the overall financial statements.

NOTE 2. ORGANIZATION AND DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

National was organized in 1996 and operates through its wholly-owned subsidiaries which principally provide diverse financial services. Through its broker-dealer and investment advisory subsidiaries, the Company (1) offers full service retail brokerage to retail individual and institutional clients, (2) provides investment banking, merger, acquisition and advisory services to micro, small and mid-cap high growth companies, (3) engages in trading securities, including making markets in micro and small-cap, NASDAQ and other exchange listed stocks and (4) provides liquidity in the United States Treasury marketplace. Broker-dealer subsidiaries consist of National Securities Corporation (“National Securities” or “NSC”) and vFinance Investments, Inc. (“vFinance Investments”) (collectively, the “Broker-Dealer Subsidiaries”). The Broker-Dealer Subsidiaries conduct a national securities brokerage business through their main offices in New York City, Boca Raton, Florida, and Seattle, Washington. The Broker-Dealer subsidiaries are introducing brokers and clear all transactions through clearing organizations, on a fully disclosed basis. The Broker-Dealer Subsidiaries are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) and the Commodities and Futures Trading Commission, and are members of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, the Securities Investor Protection Corporation and the National Futures Association.

The Company’s wholly-owned subsidiary, National Asset Management, Inc., a Washington corporation (“NAM”), is a federally-registered investment adviser providing asset management advisory services to retail clients for a fee based upon a percentage of assets managed.

The Company’s wholly-owned subsidiaries, National Insurance Corporation, a Washington corporation (“National Insurance”), and Prime Financial Services, a Delaware corporation, provide fixed insurance products to their clients,

including life insurance, disability insurance, long term care insurance and fixed annuities.

The Company's wholly-owned subsidiary Gilman Ciocia, Inc., a Delaware corporation("Gilman"), provides tax preparation services to individuals and accounting services to small and midsize companies.

The Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, GC Capital Corporation, a Washington corporation ("GC"), provides licensed mortgage brokerage services in the State of Florida.

NOTE 3. RECEIVABLES FROM BROKER-DEALERS AND CLEARING ORGANIZATIONS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

At December 31, 2015 and September 30, 2015, the receivables of \$2,742,000 and \$3,078,000, respectively, from broker-dealers and clearing organizations represent net amounts due for fees and commissions associated with the Company's retail brokerage business as well as asset based fee revenues associated with the Company's asset management advisory business.

Other receivables, net, at December 31, 2015 and September 30, 2015 of \$4,531,000 and \$3,709,000, respectively, principally represent trailing fees and fees for tax and accounting services and are net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$542,000 and \$573,000, respectively.

NOTE 4. FORGIVABLE LOANS RECEIVABLE

From time to time, the Company's operating subsidiaries may make loans, evidenced by promissory notes, primarily to newly recruited independent financial advisors as an incentive for their affiliation. The notes receivable balance is comprised of unsecured non-interest-bearing and interest-bearing loans (interest ranging up to 9%). These notes have various schedules for repayment or forgiveness based on production or retention requirements being met and mature at various dates through 2020. Forgiveness of loans amounted to \$141,000 and \$66,000 for three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and the related compensation was included in commissions, compensation and fees in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. In the event the advisor's affiliation with the subsidiary terminates, the advisor is required to repay the unamortized balance of any notes payable.

The Company provides an allowance for doubtful accounts on the notes based on historical collection experience and continually evaluates the receivables for collectability and possible write-offs where a loss is deemed probable. As of December 31, 2015 and September 30, 2015, no allowance for doubtful accounts was required.

Forgivable loan activity for the three months ended December 31, 2015 is as follows:

Balance, October 1, 2015	\$ 1,368,000
Advances	136,000
Amortization	(141,000)
Balance, December 31, 2015	\$ 1,363,000

There were no unamortized loans outstanding attributable to registered representatives who ended their affiliation with the Broker-Dealer Subsidiaries prior to the fulfillment of their obligation.

NOTE 5. SECURITIES OWNED AND SECURITIES SOLD, BUT NOT YET PURCHASED AT FAIR VALUE

Classification of securities are as follows:

As of December 31, 2015

Securities owned at fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Corporate stocks	\$44,000	—	—	\$44,000
Municipal bonds	479,000	—	—	479,000
Restricted stock and warrants	—	149,000	36,000	185,000
	\$523,000	\$149,000	\$36,000	\$708,000
Securities sold, not yet purchased at fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Corporate stocks	\$5,000	\$—	\$—	\$5,000

As of September 30, 2015

Securities owned at fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Corporate stocks	\$44,000	—	—	\$44,000
Municipal bonds	638,000	—	—	638,000
Restricted stock	—	205,000	—	205,000
	\$682,000	\$205,000	\$—	\$887,000
Securities sold, but not yet purchased at fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Corporate stocks	\$32,000	—	—	\$32,000

NOTE 6. FIXED ASSETS

Fixed assets as of December 31, 2015 and September 30, 2015 consist of the following:

	December 31, 2015	September 30, 2015	Estimated Useful Lives (In Years)
Equipment	\$679,000	\$539,000	5
Furniture and fixtures	162,000	162,000	5
Leasehold improvements	608,000	598,000	Lesser of useful life or term of lease
Capital leases (primarily composed of computer equipment)	453,000	452,000	5
	1,902,000	1,751,000	
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(1,146,000	) (1,039,000)
Fixed assets – net	\$756,000	\$712,000	

Depreciation and amortization expense associated with fixed assets for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$107,000 and \$77,000, respectively.

NOTE 7 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS

In February 2015, Gilman acquired certain assets of a tax preparation and accounting business that was deemed to be a business acquisition. The consideration for the transaction consisted of contingent consideration payable in cash having a fair value of \$569,000, for which a liability (included in Accounts payable and other liabilities) was recognized based on the estimated acquisition date fair value of the potential earn-out. The earn-out is based on revenue, as defined in the acquisition agreement, during the 48-month period following the closing up to a maximum of \$640,000. The liability was valued using an income-based approach using unobservable inputs (Level 3) and reflects the Company's own assumptions. The liability will be revalued at each Balance Sheet date with changes therein recorded in earnings. During the three months ended December 31, 2015, the estimated fair value of the liability was increased by \$4,000 which was included in other administrative expenses and decreased by a payment of \$27,000 to the seller. The fair value of the acquired assets was allocated to customer relationships, which will be amortized over seven years.

The following table presents intangible assets, principally acquired in the Company's acquisition of Gilman in October 2013, their carrying amount as of December 31, 2015 and their estimated useful lives:

Intangible asset	Fair Value	Accumulated Amortization	Carrying Value	Estimated Useful Life (years)
Customer relationships	\$6,969,000	\$1,485,000	\$5,484,000	7-10

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Non-compete	296,000	296,000	—	2
Brands	1,654,000	—	1,654,000	Indefinite
	\$8,919,000	\$1,781,000	\$7,138,000	

Amortization expense associated with intangible assets for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$193,000 and \$197,000, respectively.

The estimated future amortization expense of the above intangible assets for the next five fiscal years and thereafter is as follows:

Year ending	
September 30,	
2016	\$543,000
2017	721,000
2018	721,000
2019	721,000
2020	721,000
Thereafter	2,057,000
Total	\$5,484,000

NOTE 8. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accounts payable and other accrued expenses as of December 31, 2015 and September 30, 2015 consist of the following:

	December 31,	September 30,
	2015	2015
Legal	\$559,000	\$807,000
Audit	490,000	552,000
Telecommunications	208,000	201,000
Data services	237,000	384,000
Regulatory	605,000	640,000
Settlements	740,000	817,000
Deferred rent	20,000	33,000
Contingent consideration payable	511,000	534,000
Other	2,126,000	2,634,000
Total	\$5,496,000	\$6,602,000

NOTE 9. PER SHARE DATA

Basic net (loss) income per share of common stock attributable to the Company is computed on the basis of the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding. Diluted net income per share is computed on the basis of such weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding plus the dilutive effect of incremental shares of common stock potentially issuable under outstanding options, warrants and unvested restricted stock units utilizing the treasury stock method. A reconciliation of basic and diluted common shares used in the computation of per share data follows:

	Three Month Period Ended	
	December 31,	
	2015	2014
Basic weighted average shares	12,446,064	12,445,479
Effect of dilutive securities:		
Options	—	25,625
Unvested restricted stock units	—	20,506
Diluted weighted-average shares	12,446,064	12,491,610

The following potential common share equivalents are not included in the above diluted computation because to do so would be anti-dilutive:

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	Three Month Periods Ended December 31,	
	2015	2014
Options	1,354,500	1,128,000
Warrants	—	89,676
Total	1,354,500	1,217,676

NOTE 10. OFF BALANCE SHEET RISK AND CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The Company through its subsidiaries is engaged in trading and providing a broad range of securities brokerage and investment services to a diverse group of retail and institutional clientele, as well as corporate finance and investment banking services to corporations and businesses. Counterparties to the Company's business activities include broker-dealers and clearing organizations, banks and other financial institutions. The Clearing brokers are used to process transactions and maintain customer accounts on a fee basis for the Company. Clearing firms extend credit to the Company's clientele secured by cash and securities in the client's account. The Company's exposure to credit risk associated with the non-performance by its customers and counterparties in fulfilling their contractual obligations can be directly impacted by volatile or illiquid trading markets, which may impair the ability of customers and counterparties to satisfy their obligations to the Company. The Company has agreed to indemnify the clearing brokers for losses they incur while extending credit to the Company's clients. It is the Company's policy to review, periodically and as necessary, the credit standing of its customers and counterparties. Amounts due from customers that are considered uncollectible by the clearing broker are charged back to the Company by the clearing broker when such amounts become determinable. Upon notification of a charge back, such amounts, in total or in part, are then either (i) collected from the customers, (ii) charged to the broker initiating the transaction, and/or (iii) charged to operations, based on the particular facts and circumstances.

The Company maintains cash in bank deposits, which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. In the event of a financial institution's insolvency, the recovery of cash may be limited. The Company has not experienced and does not expect to experience losses on such accounts.

A short sale involves the sale of a security that is not owned in the expectation of purchasing the same security (or a security exchangeable into the same security) at a later date at a lower price. A short sale involves the risk of a theoretically unlimited increase in the market price of the security that would result in a theoretically unlimited loss.

NOTE 11. NEW ACCOUNTING GUIDANCE

In July 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU 2013-11, Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists. The update requires the netting of unrecognized tax benefits against a deferred tax asset for the loss or other carryforward that would apply in settlement of the uncertain tax positions. The new guidance was effective for the Company beginning October 1, 2014. The adoption did not have any impact on the Company's financial statements.

In April 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-8, which changes the requirement for reporting discontinued operations. A disposal of a component of an entity or a group of components of an entity is required to be reported in discontinued operations if the disposal represents a strategic shift that has, or will have, a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results. ASU 2014-08, which is to be applied prospectively to all new disposals of components and new classifications as held for sale, will become effective in annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014 and interim periods within those annual periods with early adoption allowed. The Company adopted ASU 2014-08 on October 1, 2015 which did not have any impact on its financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued an accounting standard update on revenue recognition. The new guidance creates a single, principle-based model for revenue recognition and expands and improves disclosures about revenue. The new guidance is effective for the Company beginning October 1, 2018, and must be adopted using either a full retrospective approach for all periods presented in the period of adoption or a modified retrospective approach. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact of this standard on its financial statements.

In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-12, Compensation-Stock Compensation (Topic 718), which requires that a performance target that affects vesting and that could be achieved after the requisite service period be treated as a performance condition. ASU 2014-12 will become effective for the Company beginning after October 1, 2016 and early adoption is permitted. The Company does not anticipate that the adoption of ASU 2014-12 will have a material impact on its financial statements.

NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Leases

The Company leases office space in various states expiring at various dates through August 2025, and as of December 31, 2015, is committed under operating leases for future minimum lease payments as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Rental Expense	Less, Sublease Income	Net
2016	\$2,522,000	\$105,000	\$2,417,000
2017	2,555,000	84,000	2,471,000
2018	1,887,000	—	1,887,000
2019	1,082,000	—	1,082,000
2020	907,000	—	907,000
Thereafter	852,000	—	852,000
	\$9,805,000	\$189,000	\$9,616,000

The total amount of rent payable under the leases is recognized on a straight line basis over the term of the leases. As of December 31, 2015 and September 30, 2015, the Company has recognized deferred rent payable of \$20,000 and

\$33,000, respectively, which is included in “Accounts payable and other liabilities” in the condensed consolidated statements of financial condition. Rental expense under all operating leases for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 was \$956,000 and \$996,000 respectively. Sublease income under all operating subleases for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 was approximately \$36,000 and \$35,000, respectively.

As of December 31, 2015, the Company and its subsidiaries had outstanding two letters of credit, which have been issued in the maximum amount of \$218,000 as security for property leases, and which are collateralized by the restricted cash as reflected in the statements of financial condition.

Litigation and Regulatory Matters

The Company and its subsidiaries are defendants or respondents in various pending and threatened arbitrations, administrative proceedings and lawsuits seeking compensatory damages. Several cases have no stated alleged damages. Claim amounts are infrequently indicative of the actual amounts the Company will be liable for, if any. Further, the Company has a history of collecting amounts awarded in these types of matters from its registered representatives that are still affiliated, as well as from those that are no longer affiliated. Many of these claimants also seek, in addition to compensatory damages, punitive or treble damages, and all seek interest, costs and fees. These matters arise in the normal course of business. The Company intends to vigorously defend itself in these actions, and the ultimate outcome of these matters cannot be determined at this time.

Liabilities for potential losses from complaints, legal actions, government investigations and proceedings are established where management believes that it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. In making these decisions, management bases its judgments on its knowledge of the situations, consultations with legal counsel and its historical experience in resolving similar matters. In many lawsuits, arbitrations and regulatory proceedings, it is not possible to determine whether a liability has been incurred or to estimate the amount of that liability until the matter is close to resolution. However, accruals are reviewed regularly and are adjusted to reflect management's estimates of the impact of developments, rulings, advice of counsel and any other information pertinent to a particular matter. Because of the inherent difficulty in predicting the ultimate outcome of legal and regulatory actions, management cannot predict with certainty the eventual loss or range of loss related to such matters. As of December 31, 2015 and September 30, 2015, the Company accrued approximately \$740,000 and 817,000, respectively. These amounts are included in accounts payable and other accrued expenses in the statements of financial condition. Awards ultimately paid, if any, may be covered by our errors and omissions insurance policy. While the Company will vigorously defend itself in these matters, and will assert insurance coverage and indemnification to the maximum extent possible, there can be no assurance that such matters will not have a material adverse impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows. The Company has included in "Professional fees" litigation and FINRA related expenses of \$573,000 and 489,000 for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

NOTE 13. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

National Securities is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1) ("the Rule"), which, among other things, requires the maintenance of minimum net capital. At December 31, 2015, National Securities had net capital of \$5,808,027 which was \$5,558,027 in excess of its required net capital of \$250,000. National Securities is exempt from the provisions of the SEC's Rule 15c3-3 since it is an introducing broker-dealer that clears all transactions on a fully disclosed basis and promptly transmits all customer funds and securities to clearing brokers.

vFinance Investments is also subject to the Rule, which, among other things, requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2015, vFinance Investments had net capital of \$2,493,789 which was \$1,493,789 in excess of its required net capital of \$1,000,000. vFinance Investments percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 197.5%. vFinance Investments is exempt from the provisions of the SEC's Rule 15c3-3 since it is an introducing broker-dealer that clears all transactions on a fully disclosed basis and promptly transmits all customer funds and securities to clearing brokers.

Advances, dividend payments and other equity withdrawals from its Broker-Dealer Subsidiaries are restricted by the regulations of the SEC, and other regulatory agencies. These regulatory restrictions may limit the amounts that a

subsidiary may dividend or advance to the Company.

NOTE 14. STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

Stock Options

Information with respect to stock option activity during the three months ended December 31, 2015 follows:

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	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price Per Share	Weighted Average Grant- Date Fair Value Per Share	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual term (years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at September 30, 2015	1,370,000	\$6.34	\$1.14	4.12	\$—
Forfeited or expired	(15,500)	\$5.00	\$2.30	8.04	\$—
Outstanding at December 31, 2015	1,354,500	\$6.35	\$1.13	3.67	\$—
Vested and exercisable at December 31, 2015	1,232,500	\$6.44	\$1.03	3.45	\$—

During the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 the Company recognized compensation expense of \$37,000 and \$168,000, respectively, related to stock options (and restricted stock units in 2014), and at December 31, 2015 had approximately \$100,000 of unamortized compensation costs related to non-vested stock options, which will be recognized by 2017.

NOTE 15. SHARE REPURCHASE

In August 2015, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$2 million of the Company's common stock. Share repurchases, if any, will be made using a variety of methods, which may include open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or block trades, or any combination of such methods, in accordance with applicable insider trading and other securities laws and regulations. The Company's Board did not stipulate an expiration date for this repurchase and the purchase decisions are at the discretion of the Company's management. During the three months ended December 31, 2015, the Company repurchased 33,933 common shares at a cost of approximately \$86,000. Since inception, the Company has repurchased 80,576 shares at a total cost of approximately \$231,000. Such shares have been retired.

NOTE 16. INCOME TAXES

The Company files a consolidated federal income tax return and certain combined state and local income tax returns with its subsidiaries. Income tax (benefit) expense for the three-month periods ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 is based on the Company's estimated annual effective tax rate.

At December 31, 2015, the Company had a net deferred tax asset of 11,873,000, principally comprised of net operating loss carryforwards. Management believes that it is more likely than not that its deferred tax assets will be realized and, accordingly, has not provided a valuation allowance against such amount.

NOTE 17. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company has two reportable segments. The brokerage and advisory services segment includes broker-dealer and investment advisory services, the sale of insurance products and licensed mortgage brokerage services provided by the Broker-Dealer Subsidiaries, NAM, National Insurance and GC. The tax and accounting services segment includes tax preparation and accounting services provided by Gilman.

The Corporate pre-tax loss consists of certain expenses that have not been allocated to reportable segments.

Segment information for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 is as follows:

	Brokerage and Advisory Services	Tax and Accounting Services	Corporate	Total
Three Months Ended December 31, 2015				
Revenues	\$38,722,000	\$900,000	\$—	\$39,622,000
Pre-tax income (loss)	1,023,000	(1,158,000)	(509,000)	(a) (644,000)
Assets	40,716,000	2,929,000	18,160,000	(b) 61,805,000
Depreciation and amortization	199,000	45,000	56,000	300,000
Interest	1,000	—	—	1,000
Capital expenditures	106,000	18,000	27,000	151,000
2014				
Revenues	\$40,442,000	\$759,000	\$—	\$41,201,000
Pre-tax income (loss)	1,985,000	(630,000)	(840,000)	(a) 515,000
Assets	36,696,000	6,604,000	20,082,000	(b) 63,382,000
Depreciation and amortization	110,000	7,000	157,000	274,000
Interest	4,000	—	—	4,000
Capital expenditures	204,000	—	—	204,000

(a) Consists of expenses not allocated to reportable segments.

(b) Consists principally of deferred tax asset, intangibles and goodwill.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a safe harbor for forward-looking statements. This Report may contain certain statements of a forward-looking nature relating to future events or future business performance. Any such statements that refer to the Company's estimated or anticipated future results or other non-historical facts are forward-looking and reflect the Company's current perspective of existing trends and information. These statements involve risks and uncertainties that cannot be predicted or quantified and, consequently, actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such risks and uncertainties include, among others, risks and uncertainties detailed in Item 1 above. Any forward-looking statements contained in or incorporated into this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q speak only as of the date of this Report. The Company undertakes no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

OVERVIEW

We are engaged in independent brokerage and advisory services and asset management services, investment banking, equity research and institutional sales and trading, through the Company's principal subsidiaries, National Securities Corporation ("National Securities or "NSC") and vFinance Investments, Inc. ("vFinance Investments") (collectively "Broker-Dealer Subsidiaries"). We are committed to establishing a significant presence in the financial services industry by meeting the varying investment needs of the Company's retail, corporate and institutional clients. Following the Company's merger with Gilman Ciocia, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Gilman"), in October 2013, we also provide tax preparation services through Gilman, which is now a wholly-owned subsidiary. In November 2013, following approval from the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"), National Securities received a transfer of Gilman's Prime Capital Services retail brokers and customer accounts.

Each of the Broker-Dealer Subsidiaries is subject to regulation by, among others, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), the FINRA, the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB") and are members of the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC") and the National Futures Association ("NFA"). In addition, each of the Broker-Dealer Subsidiaries is licensed to conduct its brokerage activities in all 50 states, plus the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands. Gilman is also subject to regulation by, among others, the Internal Revenue Service.

The Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, National Asset Management, Inc., a Washington corporation ("NAM"), is a federally-registered investment adviser providing asset management advisory services to high net worth clients for a fee based upon a percentage of assets managed. In May 2014, the Company completed a transfer to NAM of all the investment advisors and customer assets of Asset & Financial Planning, the registered investment advisor acquired in the Gilman merger.

Gilman provides federal, state and local tax preparation services to individuals, predominantly in the middle and upper income tax brackets and accounting services to small and midsize companies.

As of December 31, 2015, the Company had approximately 1,100 associated personnel serving retail and institutional customers, trading and investment banking clients. In addition to our 31 Company offices located in New York, New Jersey, Florida, Texas, Washington and Illinois branches, the Company has approximately 113 other registered offices, owned and operated by independent owners who maintain all appropriate licenses and are responsible for all office overhead and expenses.

Our registered representatives offer a broad range of investment products and services. These products and services allow us to generate both commissions (from transactions in securities and other investment products) and fee income (for providing investment advisory services, namely managing clients' accounts). The investment products and services offered include but are not limited to stocks, bonds, mutual funds, annuities, insurance, and managed money accounts.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

An excerpt from an 8-K filed by the Company, pertaining to the status of discussions with B. Riley Financial, Inc. and CB Pharma Acquisition Corp. as filed on January 27, 2016 follows:

On December 27, 2015, the exclusivity agreement with B. Riley Financial, Inc. ("Riley") under its letter of intent expired pursuant to its terms. After the end of the exclusivity period, the Company commenced, and is continuing to hold discussions with, CB Pharma Acquisition Corp. ("CB") with respect to its previously reported non-binding proposal to acquire all of the outstanding shares of common stock of the Company. On January 25, 2016, Riley

notified the Company that it was withdrawing its previously reported acquisition offer and is terminating its discussions with the Company due, in part, to the Company's decision not to grant an additional exclusive time period during which definitive agreements could be negotiated. However, Riley stated it may in the future explore a potential acquisition of the Company and engage in discussions with the Board and Management of the Company regarding such a transaction. The Company did not think it was in the best interests of the Company and its Shareholders to extend the exclusivity period with Riley in order that discussions with CB and other potential interested parties with respect to strategic opportunities could be held without any further restrictions.

During the three months ended December 31, 2015, the Company repurchased 33,933 common shares at a cost of approximately \$86,000. Since inception, the Company has repurchased 80,576 shares at a total cost of approximately \$231,000. Such shares have been retired. In August 2015, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$2 million of the Company's common stock. Share repurchases will be made using a variety of methods, which may include open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or block trades, or any combination of such methods, in accordance with applicable insider trading and other securities laws and regulations. The Company's Board did not stipulate an expiration date for this repurchase and the purchase decisions are at the discretion of the Company's management.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three Months Ended December 31, 2015 Compared to Three Months Ended December 31, 2014

Summary

The environment in which we operate remains challenging. The Company's first quarter of fiscal year 2016 resulted in a decrease in revenues and operating expenses of 4% and 1%, respectively, resulting in a decrease in pre-tax margin of approximately 225% versus the same quarter of the prior year. Commissions and trading revenues continued to suffer from market uncertainty, and therefore lighter client activity. Investment Advisory declined on lower market values and therefore lower management fees. Conversely, our Investment Banking and Tax Preparation & Accounting businesses both posted strong first quarters. As previously disclosed, we added to our Investment Banking team during the first quarter of fiscal year 2016 which resulted in the expansion of our industry coverage. We remain encouraged by the continuing recovery of Alternative Investment sales and increasing participation by our registered representatives in insurance product sales.

Operating expenses declined 1% during the first quarter of fiscal year 2016. An increase in settlement expenses compared to the prior year quarter combined with higher transaction costs within certain business segments resulted in a disproportionate decrease in costs versus revenues.

As a result of these factors, the Company reported a net loss of \$453,000 and a net income of \$294,000 for the quarters ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Revenues

	Three Months Ended December 31,		Increase (Decrease)		
	2015	2014	Amount	Percent	
Commissions	\$22,995,000	\$24,416,000	\$(1,421,000)	(6))%
Net dealer inventory gains	2,544,000	3,439,000	(895,000)	(26))
Investment banking	6,117,000	5,122,000	995,000	19	
Investment advisory	3,660,000	3,825,000	(165,000)	(4))
Interest and dividends	918,000	831,000	87,000	10	

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Transfer fees and clearing services	2,372,000	2,715,000	(343,000) (13)
Tax preparation and accounting	900,000	759,000	141,000	19	
Other	116,000	94,000	22,000	23	
Total Revenues	\$39,622,000	\$41,201,000	\$(1,579,000	) (4)%

Total revenues decreased \$1,579,000, or 4%, in the first quarter of fiscal year 2016 to \$39,622,000, from \$41,201,000 in the first quarter of fiscal year 2015. As noted in the summary above and in the preceding table, strength in Investment Banking and

Tax Preparation and Accounting was offset by weaker performance in our Commissions and Net dealer inventory gains businesses. Transfer Fees and Clearing Services are highly correlative with our Commissions business.

Commissions decreased \$1,421,000, or 6%, to \$22,995,000 in the current quarter from \$24,416,000 during the first quarter of fiscal year 2015. Retail commissions decreased as a result of a choppy and volatile market compounded by typical holiday season trade volumes. Issues including steep oil price declines, China's slowing growth concerns, the first Federal reserve interest rate increase in nearly ten years and continued rate increase uncertainty have all contributed to this difficult market and declining sales volumes. Alternative investment product sales in the quarter were the strongest since the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2014.

Net dealer inventory gains, consisting primarily of proprietary trading, market making, and customer trade facilitation, and include activities in equities, municipal and corporate debt and treasury bonds, declined 26% in the current quarter versus the first quarter of fiscal 2015. Revenue decreased \$895,000 to \$2,544,000, from \$3,439,000 during the first quarter of fiscal year 2016. This business continues to suffer from comparisons to fiscal 2015. Volumes and spreads have remained at more traditional levels in fiscal 2016. Trading in treasury securities continued to suffer due to continuing low interest rates and Fed rate hike uncertainty despite the recent increase.

Investment banking fees increased \$995,000, or 19%, to \$6,117,000 in the current quarter from \$5,122,000 during the first quarter of fiscal year 2015. A strong deal pipeline with solid offerings and execution in the current quarter helped surpass what was also a strong first quarter last year.

Investment advisory fees decreased \$165,000, or 4%, to \$3,660,000 in the current quarter from \$3,825,000 in the first quarter of fiscal year 2015. Management remains focused on adding new assets and registered investment advisors to our NAM platform and remain comfortable that our service offering and business model is competitive. Recent market events, however, have had a negative impact on asset values and therefore total assets under management, reducing our billable asset base.

Interest and dividend income increased by \$87,000, or 10%, to \$918,000 in the current quarter from \$831,000 in the first quarter of fiscal year 2015. This increase is primarily attributable to slightly higher customer margin and free cash balances during the quarter.

Transfer fees and clearing services decreased \$343,000, or 13%, to \$2,372,000 in the current quarter from \$2,715,000 in first quarter of fiscal year 2015. This decrease is directly associated with the decline in Commission revenue and is primarily due to fewer retail transactions processed during the period.

Tax preparation and accounting fees increased \$141,000, or 19%, to \$900,000 in the current quarter from \$759,000 in the first quarter of fiscal year 2015. This is primarily due to the acquisition of a tax practice in February 2015, which contributed to revenues in the first fiscal quarter of 2016, but not in the same quarter in the prior year.

Other revenue increased \$22,000, or 23%, to \$116,000 in the current quarter from \$94,000 during the first quarter of fiscal year 2015.

Operating Expenses

In comparison with the 4% decrease in total revenues, operating expenses decreased by \$420,000, or 1%, to \$40,266,000 in the current quarter compared to \$40,686,000 in the same quarter of fiscal year 2015. The decrease in expenses is primarily as a result of the decrease in commissions revenue. However most expense categories declined or immaterially increased versus the prior year quarter, with the exception of other administrative costs which was negatively impacted by higher costs associated with legal settlements in the current fiscal quarter versus the same

quarter last year. Additionally, costs were incurred during the quarter due to the discussions and negotiations in connection with potential transactions with B. Riley Financial, Inc. and CB Pharma Acquisition Corp.

	Three Months Ended December		Increase (Decrease)		
	31, 2015	2014	Amount	Percent	
Commissions, compensation and fees	\$34,710,000	\$35,288,000	\$(578,000)	(2))%
Clearing fees	763,000	601,000	162,000	27	
Communications	833,000	996,000	(163,000)	(16))
Occupancy	935,000	985,000	(50,000)	(5))
License and registration	357,000	318,000	39,000	12	
Professional fees	799,000	841,000	(42,000)	(5))
Interest	1,000	4,000	(3,000)	(75))
Depreciation and amortization	300,000	274,000	26,000	9	
Other administrative expenses	1,568,000	1,379,000	189,000	14	
Total Operating Expenses	\$40,266,000	\$40,686,000	\$(420,000)	(1))%

Commissions, compensation, and fees, which includes expenses based on commission revenue earned, net dealer inventory gains and investment banking revenues, as well as compensation to our non-broker employees, decreased by \$578,000, or 2%, to \$34,710,000 in the current quarter from \$35,288,000 for the first quarter of fiscal year 2015. This decrease is highly attributable to the decrease in revenues. Commission expense also includes the amortization of forgivable loans to registered representatives aggregating \$141,000 and \$66,000 for the first quarter of fiscal years 2016 and 2015, respectively. These amounts fluctuate based upon the amounts of forgivable loans outstanding and the time period for which the registered representatives have agreed to be affiliated with National Securities. Employee compensation also includes the amortization of the fair value associated with stock based compensation of \$37,000 and \$168,000 for the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Clearing fees increased \$162,000, or 27%, to \$763,000 in the current quarter from \$601,000 in the first quarter of fiscal year 2015. This increase is due in part to a rebate we received in the first fiscal quarter of 2015, with no comparable credit in 2016. In addition to this rebate, charge backs to our registered representatives and amortization of deferred clearing credits were lower in the first quarter of fiscal 2016.

Communications expenses decreased by \$163,000, or 16%, to \$833,000 in the current quarter from \$996,000 in the first quarter of fiscal year 2015. This decrease is primarily due to the continued evaluation and renegotiation of the numerous telecommunications contracts.

Occupancy expenses decreased \$50,000, or 5%, to \$935,000 in the current quarter from \$985,000 in the first quarter of fiscal year 2015. This decrease is primarily due to the continuous review and consolidation of offices where appropriate, reducing the cost per square foot and the total square footage of office space rented by the Company.

License and registration expenses increased by \$39,000, or 12%, to \$357,000 in the current quarter from \$318,000 in the first quarter of fiscal 2015. This increase is due to higher fees incurred in the registration of new registered representatives and annual renewal of existing registered representatives during the first fiscal quarter of 2016 as compared to the same quarter last year.

Professional fees decreased by \$42,000, or 5% to \$799,000 in the current quarter from \$841,000 in the first quarter of fiscal year 2015. This decrease is primarily a result of the Company having collected a larger percentage of legal costs associated with arbitrations from its registered representatives in the first fiscal quarter of 2016 as compared to the same quarter last year.

Interest expense decreased by 3,000, or 75%, to \$1,000 in the current quarter from \$4,000 in the first quarter of fiscal year 2015.

Depreciation and amortization expenses increased by \$26,000, or 9% to \$300,000 in the current quarter from \$274,000 in the first quarter of fiscal year 2015.

Other administrative expenses increased \$189,000, or 14%, to \$1,568,000 in the current quarter from \$1,379,000 in the first quarter of fiscal year 2015. This increase is primarily attributable to higher settlements expenses recorded in the current fiscal quarter as compared to the same quarter last year.

NON-G.A.A.P. INFORMATION

Management considers earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, or EBITDA, as adjusted, an important indicator in evaluating our business on a consistent basis across various periods. Due to the significance of non-recurring items, EBITDA, as adjusted, enables our Board of Directors and management to monitor and evaluate our business on a consistent basis. We use EBITDA, as adjusted, as a primary measure, among others, to analyze and evaluate financial and strategic planning decisions regarding future operating investments and potential acquisitions. We believe that EBITDA, as adjusted, eliminates items that are not part of our core operations, such as interest expense and amortization expense associated with intangible assets, or items that do not involve a cash outlay, such as stock-related compensation. EBITDA, as adjusted should be considered in addition to, rather than as a substitute for, pre-tax income, net income and cash flows from operating activities.

For the three months ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, EBITDA, as adjusted, was \$(165,000) and \$1,027,000, respectively. This decrease of \$1,192,000, or 116%, primarily resulted from a decrease in revenues and the resulting lower gross margin.

The following table presents a reconciliation of EBITDA, as adjusted, to net (loss) income as reported in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP:

	Three Months Ended December 31,	
	2015	2014
Net (loss) income, as reported	\$(453,000)	) \$294,000
Interest expense	1,000	4,000
Income tax (benefit) expense	(191,000)	) 221,000
Depreciation	107,000	77,000
Amortization	193,000	197,000
EBITDA	(343,000)	) 793,000
Non-cash compensation expense	37,000	168,000
Forgivable loan amortization	141,000	66,000
EBITDA, as adjusted	\$(165,000)	) \$1,027,000

EBITDA, adjusted for forgivable loan amortization and non-cash compensation expense, is a key metric we use in evaluating our business. EBITDA is considered a non-GAAP financial measure as defined by Regulation G, promulgated by the SEC.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

	Ending Balance at December 31,		Average Balance during first three months of	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Cash	\$22,260,000	\$21,802,000	\$23,451,000	\$23,134,000
Receivables from broker-dealers and clearing organizations	2,742,000	3,407,000	2,910,000	4,196,000
Securities owned	708,000	1,421,000	798,000	1,241,000
Accrued Commissions and payroll payable, accounts payable and accrued expenses	15,842,000	16,846,000	16,344,000	17,155,000

We maintain a reasonably high level of liquidity on our balance sheet. At both, December 31, 2015 and 2014, 42% of our total assets consisted of cash, securities owned and receivables from clearing brokers and other broker-dealers and others. The level of cash used in each asset class is subject to fluctuation based on market volatility, revenue production and trading activity in the marketplace.

National Securities is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1) (the "Rule"), which, among other things, requires the maintenance of minimum net capital. At December 31, 2015, National Securities had net capital of \$5,808,027 which was \$5,558,027 in excess of its required net capital of \$250,000. National Securities is exempt from the provisions of the SEC's Rule 15c3-3 since it is an introducing broker-dealer that clears all transactions on a fully disclosed basis and promptly transmits all customer funds and securities to clearing brokers.

vFinance Investments is also subject to the Rule, which, among other things, requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2015, vFinance Investments had net capital of \$2,493,789 which was \$1,493,789 in excess of its required net capital of \$1,000,000. vFinance Investments percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 197.5%. vFinance Investments is exempt from the provisions of the SEC's Rule 15c3-3 since it is an introducing broker-dealer that clears all transactions on a fully disclosed basis and promptly transmits all customer funds and securities to clearing brokers.

Advances, dividend payments and other equity withdrawals from its Broker-Dealer Subsidiaries are restricted by the regulations of the SEC, and other regulatory agencies. These regulatory restrictions may limit the amounts that a subsidiary may dividend or advance to the Company.

During the first three months of fiscal 2016 and fiscal year 2015, the Broker-Dealer Subsidiaries were in compliance with the rules governing dividend payments and other equity withdrawals.

The Company extends unsecured credit in the normal course of business to its registered representatives. The determination of the appropriate amount of the reserve for uncollectible accounts is based upon a review of the amount of credit extended, the length of time each receivable has been outstanding, and the specific individual registered representatives from whom the receivables are due.

We do not have any material commitments for capital expenditures. We routinely purchase computer equipment and technology to maintain or enhance the productivity of our employees and such capital expenditures amounted to \$151,000 and \$204,000 during the first three months of fiscal 2016 and 2015, respectively.

	Three months ended December 31,	
	2015	2014
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net (loss) income	\$(453,000	) \$294,000
Non-cash adjustments		
Depreciation and amortization	300,000	274,000
Stock based compensation	37,000	168,000
Deferred tax expense	(211,000	) 172,000
Other	61,000	96,000
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Receivables from clearing organizations, broker-dealers and others	336,000	1,578,000
Securities owned, at fair value	179,000	(360,000
Accounts payable and accrued expenses and other liabilities	(999,000	) (4,019,000
Prepaid expenses	(452,000	) (647,000
Other	(943,000	) (15,000
Net cash used in operating activities	(2,145,000	) (2,459,000
Cash flows from investing and financing activities		
Purchase of fixed assets	(151,000	) (204,000
Repurchase of shares of common stock	(86,000) —
Net cash used in investing and financing activities	(237,000	) (204,000
Net decrease in cash	\$(2,382,000	) \$(2,663,000

Three months ended December 31, 2015

The decrease in receivables from clearing organizations, broker-dealers and others at December 31, 2015 as compared to December 31, 2014 is primarily due to the lower revenues in the month of December 2015 as compared to December 2014. These receivables are typically received within 30 days of the close of the month. The increase in forgivable loans in fiscal 2015 as compared 2014 is a result of an increase in loans associated with the engagement of new registered representatives. The decrease in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities at December 31, 2015 as compared to December 31, 2014 is primarily due to the reduction in commissions payable resulting from lower revenues at December 31, 2015 as

compared to December 31, 2014.

Cash used in investing activities during fiscal year 2016 is attributable to cash used to acquire fixed assets, primarily consisting of computer equipment.

Cash used in financing activities during fiscal year 2016 consists of the repurchase of the Company's common stock.

Three months ended December 31, 2014

The decrease in receivables from clearing organizations, broker-dealers and others during the first three months of fiscal 2015 is primarily due to the lower revenue performance in the commissions earned during the last month of a given quarter as compared to the same month of the previous year. These receivables are typically received within 30 days of the close of the month.

The decrease in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities is primarily due to timing differences in payments of commissions and other payables which may vary depending when they are earned during the respective quarters. Additionally, we paid approximately \$1,085,000 in income taxes in December 2014 which were included in accounts payable and accrued expenses and other liabilities.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a material current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Market Risk

The Company's primary market risk arises from the fact that it engages in proprietary trading and makes markets in equity securities. Accordingly, the Company may be required to maintain certain amounts of inventories in order to facilitate customer order flow. The Company may incur losses as a result of price movements in these inventories due to changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates, equity prices and other political factors. The Company is not subject to direct market risk due to changes in foreign exchange rates. However, the Company is subject to market risk as a result of changes in interest rates and equity prices, which are affected by global economic conditions. The Company manages its exposure to market risk by limiting its net long or short positions. Trading and inventory accounts are monitored daily by management and the Company has instituted position limits.

Credit risk represents the amount of accounting loss the Company could incur if counterparties to its proprietary transactions fail to perform and the value of any collateral proves inadequate. Although credit risk relating to various financing activities is reduced by the industry practice of obtaining and maintaining collateral, the Company maintains more stringent requirements to further reduce its exposure. The Company monitors its exposure to counterparty risk on a daily basis by using credit exposure information and monitoring collateral values. The Company maintains a credit committee, which reviews margin requirements for large or concentrated accounts and sets higher requirements or requires a reduction of either the level of margin debt or investment in high-risk securities or, in some cases, requiring the transfer of the account to another broker-dealer.

The Company monitors its market and credit risks daily through internal control procedures designed to identify and evaluate the various risks to which the Company is exposed. There can be no assurance, however, that the Company's risk management procedures and internal controls will prevent losses from occurring as a result of such risks.

The following table shows the quoted market values of marketable securities we owned ("long") and securities we sold but have not yet purchased ("short"), as of December 31, 2015:

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	Securities owned	Securities sold, but not yet purchased
Corporate stocks	\$44,000	\$5,000
Municipal bonds	479,000	—
Restricted stock and warrants	185,000	—
Total	\$708,000	\$5,000

Operational Risk

Operational risk generally refers to the risk of loss resulting from our operations, including, but not limited to, improper or unauthorized execution and processing of transactions, deficiencies in our technology or financial operating systems and inadequacies or breaches in our control processes. We operate in a dynamic market and are reliant on the ability of our employees and systems to process a large number of transactions. These risks are less direct and quantifiable than credit and market risk, but managing them is critical, particularly in a rapidly changing environment with increasing transaction volumes. In the event of a breakdown or improper operation of systems or improper action by employees, we could suffer financial loss, regulatory sanctions and damage to our reputation. Business continuity plans exist for critical systems, and redundancies are built into the systems as deemed appropriate. In order to mitigate and control operational risk, we have developed and continue to enhance specific policies and procedures that are designed to identify and manage operational risk at appropriate levels throughout our organization and within various departments. These control mechanisms attempt to ensure that operational policies and procedures are being followed and that our employees operate within established corporate policies and limits.

Risk Management

We have established various committees of the Board of Directors to manage the risks associated with our business. Our Audit Committee was established for the primary purpose of overseeing (i) the integrity of our unaudited and audited condensed consolidated financial statements, (ii) our compliance with legal and regulatory requirements that may impact our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements or financial operations, (iii) the independent auditor's qualifications and independence and (iv) the performance of our independent auditor and internal audit function.

In addition, we have written policies and procedures that govern the conduct of business by our employees and our relationship with our clients. Our client policies address the extension of credit for client accounts, data and physical security, compliance with industry regulation and codes of ethics to govern employee conduct among other matters.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures.

Disclosure controls and procedures are our controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), are recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act, is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding disclosure.

Based on our evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in the Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) required by the Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(b) or 15d-15(b), our Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this Report, our disclosure controls and procedures were adequate and effective to ensure that material information relating to us and our consolidated subsidiaries would be made known to them by others within those entities.

Changes in internal controls.

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended December 31, 2015, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company and its subsidiaries are defendants or respondents in various pending and threatened arbitrations, administrative proceedings and lawsuits seeking compensatory damages. Several cases have no stated alleged damages. Claim amounts are infrequently indicative of the actual amounts the Company will be liable for, if any. Further, the Company has a history of collecting amounts awarded in these types of matters from its registered representatives that are still affiliated, as well as from those that are no longer affiliated. Many of these claimants also seek, in addition to compensatory damages, punitive or treble damages, and all seek interest, costs and fees. These matters arise in the normal course of business. The Company intends to vigorously defend itself in these actions, and the ultimate outcome of these matters cannot be determined at this time.

Liabilities for potential losses from complaints, legal actions, government investigations and proceedings are established where management believes that it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. In making these decisions, management bases its judgments on its knowledge of the situations, consultations with legal counsel and its historical experience in resolving similar matters. In many lawsuits, arbitrations and regulatory proceedings, it is not possible to determine whether a liability has been incurred or to estimate the amount of that liability until the matter is close to resolution. However, accruals are reviewed regularly and are adjusted to reflect management's estimates of the impact of developments, rulings, advice of counsel and any other information pertinent to a particular matter. Because of the inherent difficulty in predicting the ultimate outcome of legal and regulatory actions, management cannot predict with certainty the eventual loss or range of loss related to such matters. As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company accrued approximately \$740,000 and 817,000, respectively. These amounts are included in accounts payable and other accrued expenses in the statements of financial condition. Awards ultimately paid, if any, may be covered by our errors and omissions insurance policy. While the Company will vigorously defend itself in these matters, and will assert insurance coverage and indemnification to the maximum extent possible, there can be no assurance that such matters will not have a material adverse impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There are no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

In August 2015, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$2 million of the Company's common stock. Share repurchases, if any, will be made using a variety of methods, which may include open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or block trades, or any combination of such methods, in accordance with applicable insider trading and other securities laws and regulations. The Company's Board did not stipulate an expiration date for this repurchase and the purchase decisions are at the discretion of the Company's management.

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid Per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares That May Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
October 1, 2015 - October 31, 2015	33,933	\$2.51	80,576	\$1,769,000

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November 1, 2015 - November 30, 2015	—	\$—	80,576	\$1,769,000
December 1, 2015 - December 31, 2015	—	\$—	80,576	\$1,769,000
Total	33,933	\$2.51	80,576	\$1,769,000

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY

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Not applicable

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

31.1 Principal Executive Officer's Certificate pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

31.2 Principal Financial Officer's Certificate pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

32.1 Principal Executive Officer's Certificate pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

32.2 Principal Financial Officer's Certificate pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

101.INS** XBRL Instance

101.SCH** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema

101.CAL** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation

101.DEF** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition

101.LAB** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels

101.PRE** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation

** XBRL information is furnished and not filed or a part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, is deemed not filed for purposes of section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and otherwise is not subject to liability under these sections.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

NATIONAL HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

February 16, 2016

By: /s/ Robert B. Fagenson
Robert B. Fagenson
Executive Chairman of the Board and Chief
Executive Officer

February 16, 2016

By: /s/ Alan B.
Levin
Alan B. Levin
Chief Financial Officer